18 Pages

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

18 Pages

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE BUTCHERS RENEW THEIR STRIKE WITH REDOUBLED VIGOR; MEN CLAIM THAT PACKERS HAVE VIOLATED THEIR AGREEMENT

CANDIDATES OF THE PROHIBITIONISTS ARE FORMALLY NOTIFIED

Stirring Speech Made By Dr. Swallow, Presidential Nominee.

Says Informed Voters Are Responsible For Liquor Traffic.

Vice Presidential Candidate Also Addresses the Meeting.

Indianapolis, July 22.—Dr. Silas S. Swallow, of Harrisburg, Pa., and Geo. W. Carroll, of Texas, Prohibition candidates for president and vice president of the United States, were formally notified of their nominations today.

A. G. Wolfenbarger, of Lincoln, Neb., chairman of the recent national convention which met here in the same hall that witnessed the notification exercises, delivered the notification address to Dr. Swallow, and Homer L. Castle, of Pittsburg, notified Mr. Carroll. Responses were made by both candidates, and National Chairman Stewart delivered the closing speech. The occasion brought many prominent Prohibitionists of the country here. A meeting of the national committee was held previous to the notification exercises to discuss campaign plans.

Tomlinson hall was comfortably filled when the hour arrived for the exercises to begin. There was an enthusiastic outburst of applause when the two national candidates appeared on the stage, arm in arm, every person in the hall rising and waving handkerchiefs, fans or hats. After prayer, Oliver W. Stewart, chairman of the national committee, who presided, briefly stated the object of the meeting and introduced A. G. Wolfenbarger, of Lincoln, Neb., who delivered the notification address to Dr. Swallow.

Dr. Swallow was greeted with another demonstration when he arose to reply, after being introduced in a few words by Mr. Stewart. Dr. Swallow said:

It is with profound pleasure, and with a corresponding sense of responsibility, that I acknowledge the great honor you have conferred upon me in making me your candidate for the presidency of the United States of America, the highest office in the gift of any people, because the head of the greatest nation of the world now, as in 1776. I regard your nomination, even if assured of defeat, which I am not, a greater honor than a nomination and election from any of the parties subsidized and controlled by the liquor traffic.

It is a principle of common law that the individual may not so use his person, property or liberty as to infringe upon the rights and privileges of others. Or if so using he must without fail indemnify the injured by making good the loss. It is a fact, uncontroverted by all save the parties in interest, that the 250,000 liquor dealers in America, through their business, constantly and seriously infringe upon the rights of all our eighty millions of people, and that they do not indemnify us for the damage inflicted.

For every one dollar they pay into our treasury, municipal, state and national, it costs us in providing for the insane, paupers and the criminals their business produces, $16.50.

But suppose the liquor business could and did indemnify us in the matter of dollars and cents, can it meet the social and moral aspects of the case? Can it unshackle the intellects it has bound and blurred and buried in hopeless idiocy? Can it bring back the dethroned reasons, and give them again their now broken scepters? Can it, in place of the palor of the poison, still paint with the blush of innocence the cheeks of the hundred thousand boys it annually claims to its car of juggernaut? Can it give back the farm, the house, the wife's patrimony, the husband's earnings, the children's bread, the baby's shoes, the old family Bible, squandered or pawned on the altar of an hellenkindled and unquenchable appetite? Alas, it cannot.

Who is responsible? The voters are the real culprits. They are principals in a business in which the liquor dealers are but the agents. The informed voter, and especially the Christian voter, who admits in his church resolutions that no Christian should vote for saloon parties and then does so vote, admits that he is not a christian though professing so to be. Of the fourteen millions of voters nearly five millions are estimated as claiming kinship to the Man of Calvary. One half of these voting for civic righteousness, would neutralize the saloon controlled by two and one half millions of votes, which for twenty or more years has dominated by its menace, the politics, the policies and too largely the law, literature and religion of our great republic, and would bring to us the day of redemption from the reign of bunco, boodle and booze.

We leave it for you to determine which is the more capable, our gentlemanly and highly courteous, but short-haired and stub-nosed agent who stands behind the bar and sells the liquid death, or the professing Christian who votes in the general assembly, in the general conference and in general church, that "no political party not against the saloon should be voted for by Christian men," and then straightway at the general election casts his ballot for just such a party. As one has said, "If this church vote is to be interpreted as a pledge to act like Christians, then such a voter lies in the general conference and sins in the general election."

Our party stands for a country so financially, political and morally clean as to make it an object lesson to be imitated through natural selection, by the effete civilizations of the old world, rather than for a country, whose ideal government must be cannonaded into those whom we would benevolently assimilate.

Homer L. Castle, of Pittsburg, formally notified George W. Carroll of his nomination for vice president. Mr. Carroll was greeted with warm applause. He said:

I recognize in my nomination for the high office of vice president of the United States, by a party openly committed to the destruction of the liquor traffic, root and branch, a very distinguished honor. And in accepting the nomination I also recognize a weighty moral obligation to do all that in me lies to make good in the hearts and consciences of American patriots the principles of our platform, to the end that the hopes of mankind, more and more, centering in our great country, may not perish through the manifold evil influences emanating from the American saloon. The constitution of the United States was ordained for the protection of life and property, to insure equal privileges to all, to secure domestic peace, and make prosperity possible for all the people. This sacred compact, made by all the people, for all the people, should be sacredly kept by all the people. It is in direct conflict with the spirit and clearly stated purposes of the constitution to license a part of the people to carry on a business in its very nature at war, and that constantly on the peace and prosperity of the country. There is scarcely a race riot in the South or a labor riot in the North that the saloon does not appear distinctly outlined in the background. A distinguished state's attorney said: "The saloon is the best place to begin the investigation of crime." The negroes North and South, who shock humanity by their crime against womanhood, are not the sober, industrious negroes, but those having had their moral training in and about the saloon. A great English statesman recently said: "England must throttle the liquor traffic or the liquor traffic would throttle England." The same may truthfully be said of America.

The most tremendous, and by all odds the most dangerous and degrading trust in America today is the liquor trust. It is a conspiracy against the homes, the lives, the peace and the prosperity of all the people in the interest of a licensed class. This class puts its financial interests against all that is best in individual and national life. America led the world and gave new hope to mankind by decreeing a perpetual separation between church and state. The new glory awaiting our nation under the ban of law is framed not in the interest of a class devoted to the tearing down of church, state, home, school and everything good; but in the interest of all that helps civilization.

DAVIS' SMILE.

"A Gleam of Sunshine Bound to Make Votes."

New York, July 22.—Henry Gassoway Davis, vice presidential candidate on the Democratic ticket, who is visiting in New York, is thus described by a Journal reporter.

The principal characteristic of Davis which impressed everybody wherever he went was his smile, which seemed ever ready to break forth like a gleam of sunshine. "That smile of Davis," said wise Jimmie Oliver, "will carry West Virginia, and every state where it is seen."

Davis said yesterday:

"My youthful appearance is often a matter of comment, but I have no rules which are a guide to the fountain of youth. I sleep eight hours daily, eat three good meals of plain food, use very little wine, and never use tobacco in any form. I live in a country which is 2000 feet above the sea, and the air is full of ozone and life-preserving properties.

"I have made it a rule never to worry, keep a clear conscience, and I think with these simple rules anyone with a good constitution ought to live to a good old age.

"I inherited a good constitution and it was strengthened by hard work on the farm in my early life, and to that, with the good habits which I early formed, I attribute the fact that I feel no older today than I did forty years ago. When I go out walking with my secretary he sometimes complains that I set the pace too fast for him, but I sometimes think he only says this to flatter me.

"I have been used to hard work all my life and I am sure I will thrive on campaign work."

FORGOT SHE WAS WEDDED

And Had the Marriage Records Searched.

Columbus, O., July 22.—Maude Logsden, who failed to give her present residence, called at the probate court Monday to learn whether she was married or not. She said that in 1897 a marriage license was issued to herself and Richard Brown, but she could not remember whether she was married or not. As a person in such a condition of mind needed some sort of relief, the clerks hastily laid aside their work and began a search of the marriage records. They found that a marriage license had been issued March 17, 1897, to Richard Brown and Maggie Logsdon, but indorsed across it was, "Revoked, March 24, 1897."

The clerks, thinking that this was the end of it, informed their caller that according to the records she was not married to Brown. She then confided the intelligence that she wanted to marry another, having completely forgotten Brown, and that she did not want to get herself into any trouble.

After she left the court room a further search of the records showed that another marriage license was granted the same couple April 8, of the same year, and the return on that certificate stated that they were married the same day by L. E. Andrews, justice of the peace.

The clerks were rather taken back, after having informed Mrs. Logsden-Brown that she was free to remarry, when they found that she really was married. It is thought that she will probably apply for a license, either here or in some adjoining county, thinking that she is entitled to take another husband. The records in the clerk's office do not show that either party ever secured a divorce from the other in this county.

BRITISH STEAMSHIP RELEASED; ANGLO-RUSSIAN TENSION RELIEVED

Russia Promises That No Similar Incident Shall Occur Again.

The Russian Captain Explains Why the Steamer Was Captured.

Japs Occupy Kiao Tung After a Fierce Battle With Russians.

Washington, July 22.—Spencer Eddy, the American charge d'affaires at St. Petersburg, today cabled the state department that the British embassy there has been officially notified that the steamer Malacca has been released and that in consequence the existing tension has been relieved.

St. Petersburg, July 22.—The Russian reply to the British protest was handed to Ambassador Hardinge this afternoon. Russia agrees that the Malacca shall not be brought before a prize court and undertakes that no similar incident shall occur in the future. As a matter of formality the Malacca's cargo will be examined at Suda bay, island of Crete, in the presence of the British and Russian consuls, the Russian government having ordered her to stop at Suda bay for that purpose.

CAPTAIN EXPLAINS.

Why He Captured the British Steamer Malacca.

St. Petersburg, July 22.—The report of the captain of the St. Petersburg, which has at last reached the admiralty, gives as his reason for summarily making a prize of the steamer Malacca the fact that the British master of the Malacca declined to produce the manifest of his cargo, as required by international law when stopped by a belligerent in time of war.

JAPS OCCUPY KIAO TUNG

After a Severe Battle With Russian Troops.

Tokio, July 2.2—It is reported here that General Kuroki occupied Kiao Tung on July 19 after a severe fight. The place had been fortified by the Russians who defended it stoutly The Japanese forces are said to have 300 men killed or wounded.

RUSSIANS REPULSED

In Severe Engagement North of Mo Tien Pass.

London, July 22.—A dispatch to the Central News from Tokio says there is reason to believe that a severe fight, lasting all day, occurred July 19, at Kaiteu, north of Mo Tien pass.

Another dispatch to the Central News from Tokio says that a telegram from the front announces that the engagement north of Mo Tien pass was precipitated by the Russians, who attacked the Japanese positions at Siohiayen, westward of Kaitou. After severe fighting the Russians were repulsed. The Japanese casualties were over 200. The Russian losses were heavy.

PLANS OF JAPANESE

As Predicted By the Russian Army Organ.

St. Petersburg, July 22.—The army organ evidently believes that the Japanese are preparing for a general advance from the east against the Russian left. The paper estimates the Japanese purpose as follows:

"The probable object of the Japanese advance is to move into the Liao river valley which is north of our position at Zanze pass, in order to occupy a more favorable position in the forward movement of the main army, which is posted along the Mo Tien, Lakho and Ta Pan passes, with a front ten miles to the south of the Saimatza-Liao Yang road. The advantage of the delay consists in the possibility afforded of endangering our communications north of Liao Yang and the flanking of Lieut.-Gen. Count Keller's army in the north."

Regarding the new advantage gained by the Japanese still further north of the Saimatsza-Liao Yang road the army organ considers that the Japanese operations there and the superiority of their forces at Mo Tien pass, as shown in the engagement of July 17, prove that there have been great changes in the numerical composition of the Japanese forces, and adds:

"Undoubtedly the newly formed reserve units have been sent from Japan to strengthen the armies and some of the Japanese forces are being brought north from Siu Yen. It is not improbable that the Japanese intend to make an attempt to occupy Lieut.-Gen. Count Keller's position at Zanze pass, which would render it much more difficult for him to take the offensive. But it is scarcely probable that the Japanese intend with this column to advance upon Liao Yang or Mukden. Such a move would be extremely dangerous without a previous victory on the Liao Yang high road and would call for the deployment of every large force, for which the Saimatsza-Liao Yang road is not suitable."

SITUATION RELIEVED.

Russia Submits Proposition to Great Britain.

Paris, July 22.—It was said at the foreign office at noon that the exchanges of communications going on between London, St. Petersburg and Paris show that the tension of the Anglo-Russian situation has been materially relieved. It now appears that Russia has submitted to the British government a certain proposition, which, if accepted, will serve as the basis for an adjustment. These exchanges have been somewhat informal and are being described as hints, but they are sufficiently clear to indicate Russia's purpose to adjust the question. The outcome now is considered to be hinging on Great Britain's answer. It is understood that the proposition contemplates the release of the Malacca, but the officials say that the previous reports that orders had actually been issued for her release are incorrect. It is further asserted that the prospective adjustment will be confined to the seizure of the Malacca, and will not include the general question of the right of Russia, under the treaty of Paris, to send vessels of the volunter fleet through the Dardanelles. It is considered inopportune to discuss a readjustment of the rights of the powers under the treaty of Paris during a time of war, and therefore, if the question of a readjustment is raised, it probably will go over until the close of the Japanese-Russian war.

CRITICISES JAPS.

Rennenkampff Says They Are Slow and Cautious.

Liao Yang, July 22.—In the course of an interesting interview had with him in the hospital here by an Associated Press correspondent, Gen. Rennenkampff, who was recently wounded while reconnoitering a Japanese position, coolly criticised the Japanese shooting as not up to the mark, and said the Japanese rely upon the quantity rather than the quality of their fire.

The general declared that the Japanese are over slow and cautious. This criticism may be somewhat discounted, however, by the fact that Gen. Rennenkampff himself is one of the boldest and most dashing commanders in the Russian army.

Gen. Rennenkampff paid the highest tribute to the engineering skill of the Japanese. Their fortifications, he said, are marvels of completeness, and are well constructed, located and masked. They freely use field telephones connecting their batteries, and have excellent maps, many of which have been captured, on which ranges are marked.

"The Japanese is a cunning and dangerous foe," said Gen. Rennenkampff, "but he is not awful. He is a slave to system, lacking the necessary dash and willingness to take chances that would make him a most formidable foe."

NEWCHWANG EXCITED.

Newchwang, July 22.—Quite an excitement has been created here by the report that the Japanese are advancing in this direction and are at Tan Ping Shan, which is twelve miles distant. Heavy firing was heard here for a short time not far away. There are few Russian troops now in this place. Nothing had yet been heard from the steamer Hip Sang, and the belief grows that she has struck a mine.

CONSTANT WORRY

Over Noises at a Park Causes Death.

New York, July 22.—The death of Julius Sullwyn, 60 years old, a prominent resident of New Rochelle, was ascribed by his wife and relatives to constant worry over noises at a park and picnic ground opposite his home. Mr. Sullwyn, who was a retired manufacturer, lived in a handsome villa on the Boston post road. Mr. Sullwyn appealed to the authorities to stop baseball games and picnics at Dillon park, saying they were a nuisance, and that the chowds which attended dances at night made so much noise that he could not sleep.

Wednesday night, when there was a cake walk at the park, attended by 500 colored people, Mr. Sullwyn was so irritated that he sat up all night. Yesterday morning at 6 o'clock he dropped dead. The doctors decided that he died of cerebral hemorrhage, brought on by intense mental excitement.

CHAFFEE ON PUGET SOUND.

Port Townsend, Wash., July 22.—Lieut. Gen. Chaffee, chief of staff and commanding the United States army, accompanied by Gen. Humphrey, quartermaster general, and their respective aides, arrived on a tour of inspection of forts in the system of defenses on Puget sound. The party will be elaborately entertained by officers and civilians during a three days' stay here.

TO RECEIVE FRIENDS

Will Be Judge Parker's Occupation For a Few Days.

President Roosevelt Receives Political Visitors at Oyster Bay.

Esopus, N. Y., July 22.—Until after the meeting of the Democratic national committee, which takes place in New York on July 26, Judge Parker's time will be occupied principally in entertaining friends who come on business not of a political character.

An early train today brought, among other visitors, Chairman Frank Campbell of Bath, N. Y., and John M. Carlisle of Watertown, N. Y., of the Democratic state committee. It is said that a discussion of state organization is the purpose of their visit.

Mr. and Mrs. William F. Sheehan will be at Rosemount for luncheon. Judge Parker is expecting his mother at Rosemount within a few days. She plans to come here from her home at Derby, Conn., and remain until late next week, and then go to Cortland, N. Y., near where Judge Parker was born.

Oyster Bay, July 22.—President Roosevelt received several callers today, including William L. Ward, member of the Republican national committee from New York; Charles Francis, ex-United States minister to Greece and editor of the Troy Times; John A. Sleicher, editor of Leslie's Weekly, and president of the Republican National Editorial association.

It is understood to be likely that Mr. Ward will be a member of the executive committee and probably in the temporary absence of Chairman Cortelyou, will be in charge of the national headquarters in New York. Mr. Ward came to Oyster Bay to discuss with the president, the entire campaign situation in New York state.

LITTLE BOY HERO

Sang to Drown His Pain In New York.

New York, July 22.—Johnny Moran, the little "bird singer" of the Long Island race trains, slipped as he was scrambling up the steps to sing his daily song for occupants of the parlor cars as a train slowed up at the East New York station recently, and in the sight of the crowds of other children who gather daily with outspread aprons and open hands for their harvest of pennies, and before the eyes of richly-dressed women and fashionable men, fell beneath the wheels and had his leg and foot crushed almost to a pulp. Women fainted and men turned pale. Children screamed.

Then, when the train was stopped and the little form was dragged from beneath the wheels, a hundred lace-trimmed handkerchiefs were offered as bandages, and soft silk scarfs were spread on the ground to form a pillow for the child. The children crowded about, sobbing.

Women from the train knelt in the dust to minister to the boy, and men sent for a doctor and an ambulance. Then, when the hospital wagon came and the boy was lifted in, he sat up, and, waving his hand bravely and smiling faintly, raised a quavering little voice in the words of one of his familiar little songs, beginning, "Good-by, boys."

When the crowd heard the familiar strains, men and women and children burst into tears and waved back as long as the ambulance was in sight.

The singer and his brother live alone in a single room in Brooklyn. Their only assets are Johnny's beautiful, bird-like voice and Tom's harmonica. Every day, with the hundreds of other children who earn a livelihood from persons who ride to and from the races on the parlor cars, they have gone to the East New York station and scrambled aboard the train. While Johnny sang, Tom played his harmonica and collected the pennies.

CONTINUES OPERATION WITH HOUSE BURNING.

Oakland, Cal., July 22.—While Dr. Emerson was operating on Mrs. B. Robinson at her home, two small children set the premises on fire. To have deserted his patient would have resulted in her death, so the plucky physician completed his work, though the smoke became so blinding that he scarcely could see. When the operation was completed he carried his unconscious patient down a stairway to a place of safety.

THE PORTLAND MINE IS OPERATED BY NEW FORCE.

Victor, Col., July 22.—The Portland mine is operating with a new force of engineers and firemen in place of those arrested by the military authorities, who asserted they had discovered a conspiracy among the men in the mechanical department at the mine to walk out in a body. Ten of the forty men arrested have been ordered by the military board to leave the district and the remainder have been released.

When Men Reported For Work Less Than Half Were Given Places.

Donnelly Has Requested a Sympathetic Strike of Allied Trades.

Packers Deny Any Intention of Violating Agreement With Men.

Chicago, July 22.—The packing house strike was today renewed in Chicago and all other cities. Violation of agreement by the packing house proprietors is assigned as the reason.

The following telegram was sent by President Donnelly to all employes of various packing houses in the different cities affected by the previous strike:

"Order out all the departments again. Companies violated agreement.

"MICHAEL DONNELLY,
"President, International Meat Cutters' and Butchers' Workmen."

Today three thousand cattle butchers reported at the stock yards here for work. Only half of them were given places. Thereupon all refused to work. They reported in a body at their union headquarters. The general order for a renewal of the strike was soon forthcoming.

While the immediate provocation for renewal of the strike was apparently the failure of the packers to take back a larger portion of the strikers who reported for work today, the real cause of the rupture was inferred to be a circular issued yesterday by the packers. The circular purported to explain to the public the agreement entered into with the labor leaders. Seemingly the circular could be taken as implying the agreement did not bind the packers to re-employ all of the men who walked out. The construction the labor leaders had placed upon the agreement was that all should be re-employed within forty-five days.

When the 3000 butchers and their helpers went to the yards here today to take their old places, the general greeting received was:

"We cannot take back more than half the regular force."

Immediately there was a woeful display of chagrin and disappointment. The men held a conference of an impromptu nature and reached an agreement to act as a unit or not at all.

"You must take us all back or none," came the reply of the union men, who saw performing the tasks they had done before numbers of non-union workmen. The packers refused to accede to this, and a committee was sent to see President Donnelly. The latter was quickly in communication with his advisers. Within an hour and a half the decision was reached to reopen the strike. President Donnelly's telegram was accordingly sent to all unions.

The breaking of agreements, as alleged by President Donnelly, on the part of the packers, and the ending of all peace plans on the part of the unions, came as a violent surprise to the public despite the widespread knowledge that the men were far from satisfied with conditions consequent upon the signing of the terms of peace.

The summary action of the strike leaders in ordering a renewal of hostilities was followed within an hour by an announcement that a joint conference at the offices of Armour & Co. had been arranged to take place this afternoon between the packing house proprietors and the labor leaders. The purpose of the conference was stated to be to discuss the alleged unjust discrimination on the part of the packers. The portion of the packers' circular objectionable to the unionists follows:

"In the agreement reached the packers reserve the privilege of retaining in their employ all employes that have been hired while the strike has lasted, thus guaranteeing to these men the fair treatment they deserve, and gaining for the packers one of the most important points for which they contended and for which they stood out so long. The privilege of arbitration within the time limit of forty-five days covers the question of 'discrimination' only, and is in no way intended to guarantee to the striking employes that they will be taken back and given the places now filled by non-union help."

President Donnelly, immediately after calling the men out the second time gave out the following statement relative to his action:

"The packers agreed to replace the men without discrimination. They agreed that the men should report for work and be taken back. Instead of being furnished with checks this morning when the men went back to work they were met by a superintendent or a policeman who picked out certain men and told them to go and get their checks. They told others to go home; that they did not know when they would be needed, or whether they would ever be needed. This was a plain violation of our agreement. I called up Mr. Connors, of Armour & Co., and told him that the agreement was being flagrantly violated; that the men would refuse to go back to work. I did that as soon as the men reported from the yards what was being done. Mr. Connors wanted me to come immediately to see him and show how the agreement was being violated. I told him that there was no chance to do business with him until the other trades had been represented."

Immediately upon hearing that the strike had been renewed telegrams were sent by City Comptroller McGann to recall Mayor Harrison to the city. The mayor had gone on a vacation after the strike had been apparently settled. He left for Marquette, Mich., where he was to take a boat today.

Not since the beginning of the strike had such a degree of activity been observed in the stock yards as today. Long before the whistles blew for the men to enter, the crowds had begun to gather at the various gates. Each avenue was packed with humanity. There were a few cases of personal violence on the part of the strike sympathizers, though the strikers, heeding President Donnelly's advice to avoid trouble, let non-union men pass generally without molestation.

The strikers, when they appeared at the packing houses, carried their tools and overalls, and were in fine humor. When the men found that the packers expected to take back only a small proportion today, the smiles changed to frowns. A committee was quickly appointed and was sent to interview the packing house superintendents.

The committee returned with long faces and reported the situation. Howls of rage went up, and the packers were cursed roundly. Then the great army of strikers turned and filed out of the yards. The new strike apparently places the packers in worse plight than before, for a great number of the non-union men have quit. Many of these non-union workers left last night, fearing to remain and face the returned strikers.

Those who did come back received quiet warnings that there would be trouble.

As an example of the discrimination charged, it was pointed out that Nicolas Gier, president of the joint council and a cattle butcher at Armour's, was passed three times in the examination of those who presented themselves for reinstatement. In consequence of the attitude of the company the men quit there forthwith.

At Swift & Co.'s plant, all the cattle butchers were taken back without question, with the exception of Phillip Murphy, a foreman on the beef killing floor. Murphy was a member of the union until he was made foreman, when, under its rules, he was not eligible. His sympathies remained with the union and when the strike came he walked out with his men. For this he was singled out by the management as objectionable. The Swift employes took action similar to that of the workmen at Armours.

At the Anglo-American plant, Schwarzschild & Sulzbergers and the Hammond plant, it was understood that only a small percentage of the strikers were reinstated. At Morris & Co.'s only three or four men were take nback according to reports received at union headquarters.

Out of fifty girls that waited long in line at Morris & Co., only two were reinstated. The remainder were soon spreading the word about the yards and adding to the excitement, while the lanes and by-ways leading to the gates were congested with a disgusted army of workers plodding away to the indignation meetings or turning their steps homeward to face anew the disheartening features of a struggle which all predicted will be bitterly contested.

"We can fight it out to a finish and will do it," was the significant remark made by Vice President Sterling.

Meanwhile President Donnelly and the packers hurried preparations for a meeting between the opposing forces.

It was freely predicted that both sides would charge bad faith and that a renewal of the fight would follow, beside which the events of the strike to date will appear insignificant.

In quitting work again all men were ordered to finish up whatever they had in hand and clean up so as to avoid any unnecessary loss to the packers.

Abouth he yards the strikers were loud in their denunciation, charging the packers with bad faith in showing discrimination and declaring the packers had no desire for peace and had intentionally forced the issue again for ulterior motives. On the other hand, the packers asserted that they acted entirely within the provisions of the agreement. The packers declared they were duped by the union leaders into permitting non-union "strike breakers" to leave. Both forces proceeded to line-up for what they termed a "real strike."

The charge of bad faith was denied by the packers. Those who could be seen were a unit in declaring: "If anyone has violated the agreement it has not been the packers."

According to estimates 8550 men were directly affected by the clash today. Fully that number of strikers were on hand expecting immediate employment, while others were expecting reinstatement later.

As soon as the strike had been renewed by the packing trades, appeals were made to the numerous allied trades to join in the movement. Much centered on the teamsters. President Golden of that union said he could not call a strike until a special meeting of the men had so voted. He said he would call such a meeting for tonight, and a session of the teamsters' joint council, to ratify a walkout, for tomorrow night. Mr. Golden also began to arrange a conference of the union chiefs who signed Wednesday's memorandum of agreement.

President Donnelly's intention to spread the strike to all affiliated unions was demonstrated by his calling upon the officials of the packing trades central body with a special demand for aid.

The packers hurriedly called a conference at the offices of Swift & Co. to consider the situation. As a result of the meeting, the packers issued this statement:

"Much to our surprise, the men after reporting for work this morning and after getting started in nearly all the houses were ordered out again. We thought the officers of the organization clearly understood that the business had been more or less disrupted during the strike and that some delay would be required to get started up again in anything like full capacity.

"It is the intention of the packers to carry out their agreement in every

(Continued on page 9, first column.)



$2.50 SWEATERS, $1.45—Athletic Jerseys, best worsted—suitable for all kinds of outing—$2.00 and $2.50 grades—to close..... **$1.45**

$1.00 NIGHT GOWNS, 60c—Men's Muslin Night Robes—fancy trimmed, new military collar—75c and $1.00 values for..... **60c**

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MEN'S STETSON AND KNOX SOFT HATS REDUCED—Broken lines of Stetson's and Knox soft Hats—$5.00 quality **$3.90**.....$3.50 quality..... **$2.90**

BURROWS' SOFT AND STIFF HATS—broken lines—$3.50 quality **$2.60**.....$2.50 quality **$1.90**. $2.00 quality **$1.35**.....$1.50 quality..... **90c**

NEGLIGEE SHIRTS—All Summer Shirts, regardless of style, are being offered at **reductions of 20 to 30 per cent.**

MEN'S UNDERWEAR—HALF PRICE—All broken lines, in fancy Lisle, Balbriggan and Mercerized Cotton Underwear at One-half former prices.



A CLEAN-UP IN NECKWEAR—Four-in-hands, Imperials, Ascots and String Ties, formerly valued at 50c to $1.50—Choice for **35c** each, or.....THREE FOR **$1.00**

ALL SUMMER FURNISHINGS REDUCED—All our choice stock of summer wearables selling at reductions of **20 to 35 per cent.**

STRAW HATS—50 dozen Men's Straw Hats, broken lots of this season's best selling style, regular $1.00, $1.50, $2.50 and $3.00 quality to close, your choice..... **50c**

1000 pairs Men's Trousers

and Young Men's Outing Pants—stylish Cheviots and Tweeds perfectly made and usually sold for $3.00 and $3.50—now.... **$1.85**

"THE GOOD CLOTHES STORE."

The Great Eastern Duluth

M. S. BURROWS.

Straw Hats—Half Price!

Free and unrestricted choice of our entire line—all the swell and nobby styles—

Half Price.

Reducing Sale That Means Absolute Clearance Regardless of Price!

Medium and light weight clothing sacrificed—Money to be saved and no time to be spared—Suits for men and young men.

Prices Cut Deeper and Greater Values Than Ever Before!

$30, $28, $25 and $22

MEN'S SUITS

The most artistic creations of the foremost manufacturers in every style of suit approved by the most fashionable dressers.

$15.00

Single and double breasted—tailored to the point of absolute perfection in a variety so diversified that no proper style is absent. Imported and Domestic Woolens—Blues—Blacks and Fancies.



$20, $18, $15 and $12

MEN'S SUITS

Union tailored—finest suits for men and young men. Suits of known quality in both medium and light weight imported and home weaves.

$8.88

All sizes—"Stout"—"Regular" and "Long"—every one can be fitted. Black Thibets, Unfinished Worsteds. Serges, Fancy Worsteds, Scotch Tweeds, Worsted Cheviots for business or dress wear.

Light Colored Top Coats ½ Price

Clearance Sale Men's and Boys' Footwear.



HANAN'S $5 OXFORDS—any pair in the store..... **$3.75**

HANAN AND NETTLETON'S $6 Oxfords at..... **$4.00**

BURROWS' OXFORDS—bench made, $4.50 and $4 values—per pair..... **$3.00**

BURROWS' REGENT OXFORDS—$3.50 values—all styles and all leathers, per pair..... **$2.75**

$3.50 and $4.00 TAN SHOES broken lines—per pair..... **$1.98**

YOUTHS' TAN SHOES—200 pairs—sizes from 10 to 2—$2.50 and $2 values, per pair..... **$1.50**

BOYS' SHOES—worth $3.50 and $3.00—broken lines—your choice per pair..... **$2.00**

M.S. BURROWS

Clearance sale of Boys' Clothing

Half Price.

Russian Suits.
Eton Suits.

BOYS' 2-PIECE SUITS—Broken lines—formerly sold at $3.50, $5, $6.50—all bunched—your choice—

$1.95

Choice of our entire stock of Boys' Straw Hats for **25c**

Former value 50c to $1.50.



Half Price.

Norfolk Suits.
Sailor Suits.

BOYS' 2-PIECE SUITS—Broken lines—Norfolk and Outing styles—sold for $6, $7.50, $10, $12—at

$4.45

Choice of our entire line of Children's Straw Hats for **50c**

Former value $1.00 to $2.50.

BOYS' WASH VESTS—white and fancy—sizes 8 to 20—at.....HALF PRICE

BOYS' LIGHT WOOL JERSEYS—all colors—$1.50 grades for.....$1.15 $1.00 grades for..... **75c**

STAR WAISTS—best materials—$1.00 values to close..... **45c**

BOYS' SHIRTS—also Juvenile Shirts, with two separate collars, 50c value, to close.... **25c**

CHILDREN'S PLAY SUITS—50c grades..... **25c**

BOYS' KNEE PANTS—50c values for..... 25c

BOYS' $1 and $1.50 KNEE PANTS—at..... 50c

BOYS' 15c SWIMMING TIGHTS..... 10c

BOYS' BALBRIGGAN UNDERWEAR—sizes 20, 22 and 24—reg. 50c quality, to close. **25c**

BOYS' PAJAMAS—best madras, new colors—$1.00 values—to close, per suit..... **50c**

BOYS' MERINO UNDERWEAR—odds and ends, 75c value, to close..... **35c**

BOYS' 25c SUSPENDERS—leather ends—to close..... **15c**

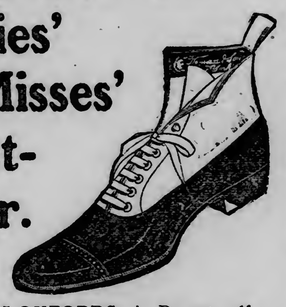
WHITE YACHT CAPS for Boys and Girls—50c grades, each..... **25c**

BOYS' $1.50 JERSEYS..... $1.15

BOYS' $1.50 VESTS, 75c—Choice of all Boys' Wash Vests at.....HALF PRICE

Light Colored Top Coats ½ Price

Clearance Sale Ladies' and Misses' Footwear.



HANAN $5 OXFORDS—in Russet calf, patent colt, vici kid and velour calf, your choice, per pair... **$3.75**

BURROWS' REGENT OXFORDS—$3.50 values—all leathers—your choice, per pair..... **$2.75**

WOMEN'S OXFORDS—$3.00 and $2.50 values, for.. **$1.98**

WOMEN'S $5 SLIPPERS and Oxfords, hand turned—300 pairs—your choice, per pair..... **$3.00**

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S OXFORDS and Slippers at Actual Wholesale Cost.

LADIES' SHOE POLISH—1000 bottles—regular 15c size for..... **5c**

M.S. BURROWS

IN MAINE WOODS

Wily Woodpeckers Torment Skunks Into Smelling Ants Out.

The Bears Are Expert In Tracing Honey Bees.

Patton, Me., July 22.—Greenleaf Davis, the hermit of Mount Katahdin, being now 85 years old and having killed 126 bears, is preparing for publication an account of his long life in the woods, and will have it ready early in the fall. Those who have read his manuscript say that he has learned many things concerning the habits of animals and birds which will be new to naturalists.

The bear-killing hermit asserts that the woodpeckers employ skunks to drive the ants from the hollow fir trees in which the insects burrow. As soon as a woodpecker discovers a skunk strolling in the woods by day the birds call loudly to its companions for help. As soon as half a dozen or more birds assemble they begin to peck at the skunk and make it angry, until it emits its fetid fluid so copiously that the grove is filled with the pungent odor.

The smell is so penetrating that it enters the outside holes leading to the nests of the ants, forcing them to come out for fresh air, when the crafty woodpeckers drop upon the insects and gorge themselves.

In view of the fact that the ants eat away alternate layers of the firwood until the trees die and are blown over by the wind, and firwood being valuable for making pulp and paper, this new device of the woodpeckers will be found very useful in preserving the lives of the trees. Most of them are now destroyed by the ants.

"It took me the greater part of one summer," says Mr. Davis, "to learn that bears were experts in tracking honey bees to the places where honey is stored. Bees are always more busy in June than in any other month, and as bears are thin and unfit to eat at that time I allow them to pass on without trying to kill them. I have often seen bears nosing among fields of clover when the plants were in bloom, but paid small heed to their conduct, thinking they were eating the red flowers for the sake of the honey they contained. But this year I received a very powerful spyglass from a friend in Boston, which lengthened my eyesight so that I was able to make a discovery which was new to me.

"The bears do not eat the clover heads. On the contrary, they visit the fields for the sake of stirring up the honey bees and watching them fly away to their nests. I have seen an old bear spend a week in one field getting a line on the flight of bees so as to be able to concentrate the different angles of flight upon the hollow tree which held the honey. I cannot say how the bears make their calculations. They may use logarithms and trigonometry for aught that I know. But I am very sure they are more expert in lining than a majority of the beehunters.

"The reason why all the bees in the woods are not killed by the bears is that Bruin cannot chop down big trees. I have seen bears climb pines and hemlocks which held honey, and have watched them gnaw at the bark and scratch at the knots for half a day at a time. They often get very angry and will bite and scratch at random in a frenzy of temper over their failure to secure the honey.

"Rotting stubs of dead trees and old trees with seams along their trunks are compelled to yield their contents to the bears in a short time, but healthy trees with hollows that are entered through knot holes are able to resist all attacks. The bears do not give up the quest for honey though without a hard struggle. I have seen more than half a cord of bear chonkings lying at the foot of a big pine. The queen bee should be careful and select a big and healthy tree as a home for her colony."

Mr. Davis also tells of a blue jay's nest that contained the shells of more than 250 eggs, which the jays had stolen from the nests of song birds and taken home for their young to feed on. Hidden in one side of the nest, among twigs and roughage, was a gold watch which a hunter from Worcester, Mass., had lost the previous autumn and had accused his guide of stealing.

The watch had been hung on the limb of a lean-to camp at night, and when the hunter woke in the morning the timepiece was missing. The discovery made by Mr. Davis not only cleared the guide, but proved that blue jays have a passion for bright and shining articles as strong as that possessed by their cousins, the crows.

ANOTHER MYSTERY.

Mysterious Disappearance of Mail Money Package.

Winnipeg, Man., July 22.—Another mysterious mail robbery has been reported to Post Office Inspector McLeod, which bids fair to rival the cases at Regina and Port Arthur. A registered package containing bills to the value of almost $200, sent from Toronto, addressed to the Lumberman's bank, International Falls, Minn., care of Fort Frances post office, is missing. The letter of advice arrived at Fort Frances Saturday, but so far no trace can be found of the package of bills, despite the inquiries which have been made by the postal secret service. The bills were mostly of small denominations, making them hard to trace. Not the slightest clue has been discovered as to what became of the money. Skilled detectives are now working on the case.

GOING TO HONOLULU

To Meet Her Lover and Be Married.

Sioux City, Iowa, July 22.—With a generous trousseau and a ticket for Honolulu, Miss Annie Rouwenhorst of Orange City, Iowa, went through Sioux City yesterday to meet her lover, Stanley C. Livingston, and to wed him at the earliest moment after her arrival at her destination. The young people became sweethearts in Oberlin college, and the wedding was to have taken place this summer at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Rouwenhorst, parents of the young woman, at Orange City, but the illness of the principal of the Kamahameha school at Honolulu, of which Mr. Livingston is vice principal, made it important that the young man should remain. He wrote his fiancee that the wedding must be this summer, as planned, and that he would come for her if she would not come to him. Mr. Livingston's home is in Sidney, Ohio.

PORTLAND MINE CLOSED BY MILITARY AUTHORITIES.

Denver, Col., July 22.—The Portland is closed again in consequence of the action of the military authorities. The mine was giving employment to about 500 men. Squads of soldiers have arrested forty of these, including the entire mechanical force at the three working shafts. This comprised engineers, firemen, master mechanics and skilled men in other departments. The men thus summarily removed from their labors are accused of no crime, the only accusation being that they refused to sacrifice their membership in the Western Federation of Miners and take out Mine Owners' association working cards.

COUNTY ATTORNEY SENT TO AN INSANE ASYLUM.

Brainerd, Minn., July 22.—Considerable surprise was manifested in this city last night when it was made known that County Attorney E. W. Crane had been arraigned before the insanity board and was ordered committed to the insane hospital at Fergus Falls. Mr. Crane is a graduate of the University of Minnesota law school and has lived at Superior, Iron River, Wis., and Minneapolis. He was at one time connected with the Minneapolis papers. He was in Minneapolis visiting his mother and was brought here yesterday afternoon.

The number of times in a year that a man uses The Herald's Want Columns is an idex to his interests and activities.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

AN ASSURED INVESTMENT OIL

One of the great producing factors of wealth in this country is oil. This is evidenced by the ponderous wealth of the Standard Oil Company. In Pennsylvania, many years ago, when oil was discovered, the by-word was "He that strikes oil, strikes riches." It is true today. The Superior Oil, Gas & Refining Company, of Superior, Wisconsin, invites you to

BUY STOCK NOW

In their wonderful Oil Section of Grand County, Colo. Oil is now assured in great quantities, and the opportunity presents itself to every one, who does invest, to make easy money and make it quick, for

BIG RETURNS

are expected. Oil is now noticeable in the water flowing from one of the wells. Every preparation has been made for immediate work in drilling and the surveys and tests have shown conclusively that oil is there in great abundance. For further developing purposes, this company ooffers 32,000 shares of stock for sale. Prices will be advanced on and after Tuesday, July 26th. Never before in the history of any oil discovery was stock offered at such a price with better assurance. Then any amount to suit the purchaser may be had. For further particulars and information, call on or address J. P. Simon, President, Superior, Wisconsin.

SHE TAKES ACID

West Duluth Girl Attempts Suicide In Superior Resort.

Despondent at Parent's Discovery of Life She Was Leading.

Despondent over the fact that her parents had discovered that she was leading a life of shame, Belle Gagnon, whose parents reside in West Duluth, drank carbolic acid in a resort owned by Dell Cline, at 111 Hammond avenue, Superior, about 2:45 o'clock this afternoon, and is not expected to recover from its effects.

The girl went to Superior on July 19 and entered the resort under the name of Edith Miller. Yesterday her parents discovered her whereabouts, and appealed to the chief of police in Superior to compel her to leave the resort. The girl was taken to the Superior police headquarters last evening and spent the night in the women's department. This morning she asked permission to return to the house to get her clothes before going back to her parents in West Duluth.

The desired permission was granted, and, returning to her room in the resort, she drank the contents of a bottle of carbolic acid and laid down on the bed. She was found a few moments later by the landlady of the house, who immediately summoned the police and medical aid. Every effort was made to save her life, but at 3 o'clock this afternoon the prospects were that she would live but a short time.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

Wilson Barrett, the Actor, Dies From an Operation.

London, July 22.—Wilson Barrett, the actor, died this morning. He underwent an operation for cancer July 20, and the doctors thereafter said that after a few weeks' rest Barrett would be all right and able to carry out his intention of producing a new play in September.

New York, July 22.—Charles M. Collins, once prominent on the American stage, is dead at his home after an illness of four months. Collins appeared during his professional career, in the support of many leading actors.

CANNOT BE CHAIRMAN

Gorman Says Nothing Can Arise to Change Decision.

Washington, July 22.—Senator Gorman was in the city today and had his attention called to a statement purporting to have been made by a member of the Democratic national committee, to the effect that there is still a possibility that he might consent to accept the chairmanship.

Mr. Gorman stated he had frankly informed all who had made such a suggestion that it would be impossible for him to undertake the labors incident to that position, and that he now desired to add that no conditions will arise which would induce him to change that determination. He will, however, he said, be very glad to render all the service in his power to those who may be selected to take charge of the campaign, which he fully believes will be crowned with success.

A Breakfast Dainty
Good thick rich Cream
and Grape-Nuts

Get the little book, "The Road to Wellville" in each pkg.

World's Fair exhibit, space 103, Agricultural Building.

CITY BRIEFS.

Bankruptcy papers of W. D. Williams, a Duluth lumber dealer, were filed with the clerk of federal court today. Liabilities are placed at $14,747, and $23,947.65 in unliquidated claims are given as assets.

W. C. Robinson has brought suit in district court to acquire title to lands in section 25-61-16. Among the defendants are Jacob Fuchs and the St. Louis Land company.

The Le Tourneau baseball team will line up against the Christie nine at the Driving park tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Big sale Saturday at Elschen Bros. of carnations and roses. Carnations given away free with ice cream soda.

PERSONAL.

Miss Velna Heimbach, 332 East Fourth street, returned today from spending a vacation in Southern Wisconsin, in the vicinity of Milwaukee.

Miss Blanche Maxwell left the fore part of the week for Los Angeles, Cal.

Mrs. George M. Smith and sister, Miss Laurie M. Brown, are expected home today from a week spent at Deerwood.

John L. Ferguson, assistant general passenger agent of the Northwestern road, who accompanied the naval station committee to this city, will return to Chicago tonight.

J. A. Zugler and family leave tonight for Cleveland.

Robert Kidd leaves this evening for Chicago.

J. A. Kent goes to Detroit tonight.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Wright will leave this evening for Detroit.

Mrs. J. L. Washburn has gone to St. Paul.

Picnic and Dance

At Makowsky's Summer Garden, Sunday, July 24, near Duluth Heights. Flaaten's Orchestra.

AMERICANS ASSASSINATED

Consul Sends Further Information of Mexican Tragedy.

Washington, July 22.—In answer to Acting Secretary of State Loomis, demands for full information respecting the killing of two Americans in Agus Calliente, Mexico, Consul Kaiser at Mazatlan, has telegraphed under last night's date as follows:

"Americans telegraphed that Alleal Torres, nephew of Gen. Torres, while intoxicated, went on business to Way's office and who requested him to return when sober. Torres left and sent his subordinates to arrest Clarence Way and Ed Latimer, but instead of arresting they assassinated them. Governor promises me aid in thorough investigation. Information verified by second dispatch. Investigation in progress. Dispatch in transit."

Acting Secretary Loomis promptly telegraphed the consul to dispatch some responsible person immediately to Aguas Caliente to make a full inquiry and report upon the assassination. The place is remote and there is no consul nearer than Mazatlan.

GOLF PLAYERS HOME.

Had Fine Time at Winona Tournament.

Members of the North Land Golf club who participated in the interstate tournament, have returned from Winona. They are C. D. Thompson, Ward Ames, Jr., E. P. Towne, W. W. Walker, E. P. Alexander and L. J. Hopkins. The men appear to be well satisfied with the results at the meet, under the circumstances, as they were not at the Meadow Brook club links in advance of the opening of the tournament to practice and familiarize themselves with the grounds.

The tournament will be held in Duluth next year and it is expected that the attendance here will be even greater than it was at Winona.

The return of C. D. Thompson will enable the North Land club to wind up the single stick tournament as he is to play H. H. Meyers for the cup.

As soon as possible arrangements will be made for the playing for the Bagley championship, medal score, for both men and women. For men all games in this tournament will be 18 holes and for women will be 9 holes, short course.

BOODLERS SENTENCED.

St. Louis, July 22.—Jerry J. Hannigan and Charles J. Denny were today sentenced by Judge Taylor of the St. Louis circuit court, to serve two years each in the Missouri penitentiary for the confessed participation in bribery deals during their terms as members of the municipal assembly.

FORMER SENATOR VEST DYING.

Sweet Springs, Mo., July 22.—The death of Former United States Senator George G. Vest, who has been dangerously ill at his home here for some time, is momentarily expected. Physicians say there is no possible chance of recovery.

FEAR THE SEVEN WHISTLERS.

In some parts of England peculiar whistling or yelping noises are heard in the air after dusk and early in the morning before daylight during the winter months, says the Boston Transcript. Sometimes, however, the noise is described as beautiful sounds like music, high up in the air, which gradually die away. The general belief is that the "seven whistlers," as they are called, are the foretellers of bad luck, disaster or death to some one in the locality. It is a very ancient suggestion. Both swifts and plovers have been suggested as the "whistlers." It may be noted that plovers are traditionally supposed to contain the souls of those who assisted at the crucifixion and in consequence were doomed to float in the air forever. Really, the "whistlers" are widgeon, or teal, as they flit from their feeding grounds, a passage always made under cover of darkness. In Shropshire the sound is described as remebling that of many larks singing, and the folklore of both Shropshire and Worcestershire says: "They are seven birds, and the six fly about continually together looking for the seventh, and when they find him, the world will come to an end."

Everywhere without exception, the "seven whistlers" are believed to presage ill, but the superstition seems to be more particularly a miners' notion. If they hear the warning voice of the "seven whistlers," birds sent, as they say, by Providence to warn them of impending danger, not a man will descend into the pit until the following day. For example, in September, 1874, the following paragraph went the round of the papers: "On Monday morning large numbers of the miners employed at the Bedworth collieries, in North Warwickshire, giving way to a superstition which has long prevailed among their class, refused to descend into the pits in which they are employed. During Sunday night it was stated that the 'seven whistlers' had been distinctly heard in the neighborhood of Bedworth, and the result was that on the following morning many of the men positively refused to descend into the pits."

Morfa colliery, in South Wales, is notorious for its uncanny traditions. The "seven whistlers" were heard there before a great explosion in the sixties, and before another in 1890, when nearly a hundred miners were entombed. In December, 1895, it was said that they had been heard yet again, whereupon the men struck work, and could not be induced to resume it until the government inspector had made a close examination of the workings and reported all safe. In July, 1902, another instance of a colliery strike, founded upon the same superstition, occurred in England.

Does it pay to advertise in The Herald? Ask B. E. Baker.

DEATHS.

HOOD—The 20-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Hood, of 2906 West Huron street, died this noon, of cholera infantum. Funeral services at the family residence at 2:30 p. m. Sunday.

BUILDING PERMITS.

John Monaghan, brick dwelling on East First street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues east, to cost..$ 3,000

Thomas Adams, frame dwelling on Wicklow street, between Michigan and Pacific avenues, to cost. 700

G. Trevonius, frame dwelling on Second street, between Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth avenues west, to cost..... 2,000

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

Any old skin will do for others. Uwanta satin skin, therefore use only Satin Skin Cream and Satin Skin Complexion Powder. 25c.

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE DAY. Mrs. Gruel, 621 East Seventh street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. Apply 115 Seventh avenue west.

FOUR AND SIX ROOM FLAT, $12 AND $14; with water. Inquire 704 East Second street.

WANTED — MARRIED WOMAN TO live on farm, near Hines' Lumber camp. Man can have opportunity to work in camp. For further information address M. G., Herald.

FOR RENT — 5-ROOM FLAT, HOT AND cold water; bath, bas, electricity and range. 623 West First street.

WANTED — DISHWASHER AND scrub girl; good wages. 2532 West Superior street.

LOST — LADIES' HANDBAG, LAST evening, containing watch, money and other valuables. Finder will be liberally rewarded for return to Herald.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

The Greatest Values of the year tomorrow

The final day of our great July Clearance Sale will be one long to be remembered for unprecedented bargain giving—all sale lines must go tomorrow—These prices will do it:

We want your opinion!

$5 In Gold

For the best article on the subject.

Today our ad appears in a new face—an entirely new series of modern type exclusively for the announcement of the Silberstein & Bondy Company, and in which all future advertisements will appear. We will give the above prize to the writer of the best article on the appearance and utility of the new type; contest open to all. Send answers to Advertising Department, Silberstein & Bondy Company.

The winning article will be published in The Herald, July 29th.

$29.50 TAILORED SUITS $5.75.

But 15 Suits in the lot. The best of the season's styles at a ridiculous figure to clear them out.

$18.50 SILK BLOUSE COATS $5.00.

Only 8 Coats remain. If you want one be on hand early.

FINAL CLEARANCE of WASH SHIRT WAISTS $2.25 TO $4.75 VALUES AT $1.25.

About 20 dozen, all fine Lawn, Linen and Damask Waists. Beautifully tailored, some plain tailored linen waists, others made with pretty lace insertions, all clean and fresh lines. Clearance price, $1.25.

Three large tables devoted to the sale of these waists. Early comers will get the choice of selection.

FINAL MILLINERY CLEARANCE TOMORROW.

$25 AND $35 PATTERN HATS AT $7.50.

$5.00, $6.00 AND $7.00 STREET HATS AT $1.00.

We insist on a clean sweep in our millinery section. These prices will prove the means of accomplishing our purpose. The most stylish effects at a pittance of their cost. A long season ahead to get the benefit of wear.

$1.00 CURL BRIM SAILORS AT 25c.

Only a few left, pretty Cuban braids. Just the thing for the next two months' wear.

$4.25 SAILOR OR RUSSIAN SUITS AT $1.25.

Broken lines, one of a kind in odd Suits and Dresses. About two dozen in the lot, made from fine Chambray and Gingham. Rich summer garments at less than cost of materials.

Final Clearance in Trimmings.

2c yard for all fancy and staple braids and trimmings, worth up to 15c a yard.

10c yard for all braids and trimmings up to 50c a yard.

39c yard for all trimmings and appliques, up to $1.50 a yard.

50c yard for all trimmings, bands and appliques, up to $2.50 the yard.

Tomorrow is the final day of our 25 per cent reduction sale in Corsets and Undermuslins.

Store Open Tomorrow Evening Until 10 O'clock.

CHILDREN'S WASH SUITS AND DRESSES AT HALF PRICE TOMORROW.

We place on sale tomorrow morning our entire line of Wash Suits and Dresses at exactly Half Price. Richly tailored garments in "Peter Thompson" and "Buster Brown" styles. Russian Dresses in Linens and Piques, chic effects in stylish novelty materials. The largest showing of juvenile garments at the head of the lakes to select from.

SERGE RUSSIAN DRESSES AT HALF PRICE.

15 Dresses in all beautiful effects in Rusian styles, made from the finest quality of serge with pretty emblems and devices, etc.

Neckwear Clearance.

35c, 50c and 75c Neckwear at 10c.

TOMORROW.

The final pricing on splendid Summer Neckwear, Silk Stocks, white and colored Collar Tops, pretty Collar and Cuff Sets, choice 10c tomorrow.

50c and 65c Gloves at 25c.

Women's lace Lisle Gloves in grey, mode, black and white, 50c and 65c values, 25c.

Women's black Lisle Gloves, regular 50c quality, tomorrow, 35c a pair.

Veiling Clearance.

Choice of 35c, 50c, 65c and 75c veils tomorrow, 15c a yard.

Parasol Clearance.

Half Price tomorrow all our choicest summer novelties in coaching and outing parasols at just half price.

Belt Clearance.

75c to $1.25 value at 19c.

TOMORROW

The greatest sale of stylish belts this season. Leather belts in all colors, silk, velvet and crochet belts, narrow and wide effects in all styles of buckles, gilt or nickel. Choice of the entire lot 19c.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

TELEGRAPH BY MUSIC.

A New Musical Subtitute For the Morse Alphabet.

"Do, re, mi, fa, sol, la, si, do."

Real music is soon to be heard over the telegraph wires—or, rather, over the "wireless" wires. It will mean something more than a sentiment too. For instance, a curious little tune will spell ruin to a cotton broker; another will carry a message of love to a waiting sweetheart from a fervent swain.

Dots and dashes will have run their race if the system of telegraphy invented by a Catholic priest and patented at Washington on May 10, is only a fraction as successful as experts in telegraphy expect it to be says the Philadelphia North American.

Rev. Father Joseph Murgas is the product of a number of the most famous universities in Europe, a member of the Societe de Electrotechnique of Vienna, set upon the top of a hill in Wilkesbarre, catering openly to the religious wants of his devoted parishioners and secretly to the scientific wants of a world ever demanding improvements.

For his parishioners he has erected a church, parish house and cemetery; for the world he has built a new system of telegraphy which promises to work wonders.

He is a smooth-faced, wide-headed man, with keen eyes.

"I cannot talk much English, except electrical English," he explained, and he started in a clear exposition.

"It is apparent, is it not," he asked, "that the present system of transmitting messages by the Morse alphabet is formed of dots and dashes and intervals? More time is required in sending a dash than a dot—so . . — — —," he illustrated with his pencil. "Now is it not so that if the same dots and dashes and intervals were all translated into sounds which do not require so much time the economy would be considerable?

The interviewer nodded.

"Do, do fa, fa," he hummed, eager to illustrate his point.

"You must understand that the 'do' there represents the dot and the 'fa' represents the dash. The invention is just that. It expresses the dots and dashes by different tones sent rapidly and accurately. The instrument is regulated so that there cannot be more than a shade of difference between the tones.

"Now," he exclaimed, having thrust the point home, "so far I have used only the two tones to represent the dot and the dash, but it is a most simple matter to elaborate any kind of alphabet from them, one tone being used to represent each letter of the alphabet. A series of tones will thus represent ordinary words. Indeed, it will be easy to institute a code by which just one sound could represent an entire phrase.

"In other words, my system is the shorthand of telegraphy," he cried, the idea expressing exactly what he wished to convey.

"As I said, I have as yet used but the two tones to express the dot and dash, and I will illustrate how they are sent. The current direct from the key, and the force of electricity going into them creates vibration. The intensity of this vibration creates a musical note, a sound wave.

"This wave, increased in strength by a battery, is conveyed along a wire, and after passing through two copper balls and onto a highly insulated aerial wire it reaches the top of the fifty-foot pole, and from there is projected into the air a sound wave.

"The waves follow each other with great rapidity, but the tones never become confused when the instruments are properly adjusted.

"At the receiving station the sound wave travels from the top of a pole down a wire to the receiver, where it is caught by a sound wave detector and communicated to a diaphragm. The vibration of this diaphragm produces the same musical note transmitted from the sender and a battery magnifies it, and it is produced for the ear of the operator by an ordinary telephone receiver."

Father Murgas followed this exposition with a technical description of each portion of the instruments and explained how they were operated, illustrating by diagrams and by the instruments themselves.

He is all eagerness and enthusiasm and he is happy, not over the revolution his invention may cause in telegraphy or the fortune it will probably make for him, but because he is now able to demonstrate that the principles he conceived are correct.

Father Murgas has arranged with the company which is to put his invention upon the market for the payment of a considerabe sum as an earnest. He was asked what he proposed doing with the money.

"Oh," he said, "I do not know. There are two things I shall do with it. I shall aid in establishing a sisters' school for teaching the children of the parish, and then I shall use the rest in getting more aparatus in aid of further experiments."

He smiled when asked if he had any more inventions in view. "Yes, there are several," he admitted. "but they are chiefly developments of my musical wireless telegraph system. It is practical as it is, but it is capable of being made much more so. I shall work for the company which takes my patents. I shall make them better."

He shrugged his shoulders, as if it were a question of little importance, when asked the distance his message may be sent. "Across the ocean," he said, and thoughtfully, "it will need a much elevated sending station and more power, that is all. It can go as far as Marconi's and farther. The number of sound waves is infinite, there is no saying where it will stop; it is growing bigger all the time. Where do sound waves stop? There is no end to them."

As Father Murgas says, the system he has invented presents great possibilities. Expert electricians who have seen it and who have witnessed tests deciare it to be remarkable.

AN ACTIVE LIFE.

The Career of Judge Parker's Running Mate.

Henry G. Davis, the Democratic nominee for vice president, is 81 years old, worth $30,000,000, made in coal mines and railroads, took lessons in politics from Henry Clay, was once a Republican, was a Union man during the war, and has had a long and distinguished political career, says the Detroit News.

Once poor, he has known hardships. He is a man of great physical endurance—only recently he took a 144 mile horseback ride. A few weeks ago he was urged to run for governor of West Virginia, it being the hope of the Democratic party leaders in that state that by his personal popularity he would remove the state from the Republican column. At that time it was announced that if Gorman was nominated for the presidency by the Democrats, Davis would be West Virginia's Democratic state ticket.

Arnold Gerstell, Detroit manager of the Davis Colliery Co., of which Candidate Davis is president, gives this story of Mr. Davis' career:

"In his early life he lived on a farm. Later on he became a brakeman on the Baltimore & Ohio road, afterwards a conductor on the same road and still later became station agent at Piedmont, W. Va. His next step up the ladder of financial success was to go into the coal and lumber business along with his brother, Tom, who lives at present a retired bachelor in Keyser, W. Va. This was just previous to the civil war. This was the senator's start in life. Shortly afterwards he and his brother established a retail coal business at Elk Garden, 12 miles above Piedmont, on the Potomac river and they made a lot of money.

"While Mr. Davis was at Elk Garden he discovered 600 acres of coal near by. There was no cover over it and experts declared it to be of no value. But Mr. Davis thought otherwise and bought the property and proceeded to build a railroad from Elk Garden, a distance of twelve miles. He interested some of the most prominent statesmen and politicians in the country in his plan, including Blaine, Gorman, Bayard, Harrison and General Grant.

"The plan panned out better than expected and the syndicate made lots of money. Then Mr. Davis conceived the idea of extending the railroad and the operations into the Canaan wilderness, a most unpromising land, in spite of its name. This wilderness was on the top of the Alleghenys, and to reach one had to go through almost impenetrable groves of laurels. Everybody but the Davis brothers called it suicide and all the illustrious members of the syndicate forsook them, but Davis pushed on.

"The coal they found, after surmounting all sorts of difficulties, was inferior to the famous Georgius Creek coal of Maryland, but Davis competed with the latter successfully. Then he decided to push on to Pittsburg.

"After he had crossed the mountains he found himself confronted with the opposition of the great Baltimore & Ohio railroad, so he was compelled to change his course and go south recrossing the mountains and reaching the headwaters of the Greenbriar river where he connected with the Chesapeake & Ohio road. By this time, both the B. & O. and the C. & O. had passed into the hands of the Pennsylvania railroad. It was then that Mr. Davis became a multimillionaire at one swoop, for he sold out all his possessions to the Gould people, or the Wabash road, for $18,000,000 spot cash, including, of course, the railroad, the West Virginia Central and the name Davis Coal, Coke & Lumber Co.

"No sooner had he done this, than two years ago, or a year after he sold out, Senator Davis paid $2,000,000 in cash for more coal lands and the Charleston, Clendenning & Sutton railway. He has built the town of Elkins, containing 4,000 inhabitants, and has laid the foundation for another town. The northern terminus of the new road, which he calls the Coal & Coke railway, is Bellington, a town north of Elkins, where both Davis and Senator Elkins, the former's son-in-law, live. This road is to be finished in eight months, it being the intention to extend it to Charleston.

"The Davis Colliery Co., has its plant along the line of that road and is a part of the Davis system, owning 140,000 acres of coal lands containing the famous Pittsburg, Freeport and New River coals. When she road is completed Mr. Davis will have an outlet to the C. & O. and the Kanawha & Michigan, which will bring his system into the territory of the Toledo & Ohio Central, and give an outlet by connection with the B. & O. which carries coal east and west.

"Mr. Davis will have pushed the road through the heart of West Virginia a distance of nearly 200 miles. Senator Elkins and Richard Kerens of St. Louis are also interested in this latest venture of Senator Davis.

"The Davis Colliery Co., is operating five large mines in Roaring Creek region of West Virginia, forty miles south of Belington. It has 500 coke ovens, and at Coalton, West Virginia, has a magnificent coal plant which is equipped with modern machinery and appliances. The Davis companies have 5,000 individual cars and employ 5,000 men who are well paid and well housed, in West Virginia alone. Last year $3,000,000 was spent at Roaring Creek in developments."

Mr. Gerstell describes Senator Davis as a quiet, unostentatious and philanthropic man, who gives a great deal for religious purposes and especially to the Presbyterian church at Elkins, of which he is a member. He is described as a man who loves to meet obstacles for the mere pleasure of overcoming them. He is said to be the idol of the people of West Virginia and has considerable influence in Maryland and Virginia.

Senator Davis's son, John T. Davis, is general manager of the Davis Colliery Co., and is said to be a "chip off the old block." The Davis Colliery Co. has branch offices in Minneapolis, Philadelphia, Chicago, St. Louis, Baltimore and Detroit.

Mr. Gerstell said the nominee for vice president, though an octigenerian, is as spry as a man of 50. In fact, not much over a year ago, he rode horseback all the way from Charleston to Elkins, a distance of 14 miles, arriving at his destination as fresh as a lark and tiring out his fellow travelers.

Henry Gassaway Davis was born in Howard county, Md., Nov. 16, 1823. Left an orphan at an early age he worked on a farm until 1843. For fourteen years thereafter he worked for the Baltimore & Ohio railway. At one time he was conductor on the train on which Henry Clay regularly rode into Washington, and became a friend and acquaintance of that statesman, thus acquiring his taste for politics. In 1865 Mr. Davis was a Republican member of the West Virginia house of delegates (lower branch of legislature), and throughout the war an ardent Union sympathizer. In 1871 he was elected to the United States senate as a Democrat, serving until March, 1883, and declining re-election.

Mr. Davis has been a delegate to six national conventions, including the one in New York, 1868, and in Baltimore, 1872. When the delegates to the Pan-American congress were selected Mr. Davis was made one of them, and he is a member of the intercontinental railway commission.

Literary Note.

Atlanta Constitution: "Do you think Jones will make a success in literature?"

"I'm certain of it. He's failed in everything else!"

Every advertiser uses The Herald because it is read by everybody.

DANGER TO PUBLIC

Bijou Theater Packed Daily and Is a Fire Trap.

Building Inspector Has No Jurisdiction Under the Ordinances.

A communication in The Herald a few nights ago called attention to a theater on East Superior street, the Bijou, and represented it as a fire trap. This has stirred up a large number of complaints from people who have been in the place and have observed the conditions that prevail in it.

The place is inadequately equipped with exits. The aisles are narrow permitting of the passage of but one person at a time and should a panic be caused by any accident, the people would be caught like rats in a trap.

The fact that the place is patronized largely by women and children doubles the risk. Should a cry of fire be raised or should any real danger of fire take place there would be a stampede of the children for the entrance, and in the narrow aisle there is little doubt but that many would be suffocated or crushed to death.

The place is crowded almost every afternoon and evening, the crowds extending some times out to the sidewalks. Those who have visited the theater are loudest in their condemnation of the manner in which it is allowed to remain without proper fire protection.

"The Lyceum recently went to heavy expense to remodel its magnificent building just to make it safe in case of accident of this nature," said a local attorney who attended the Bijou last evening for the purpose of investigating the truth of a letter published in The Herald Wednesday night, protesting against the inadequate exits. "But this theater which is clearly a fire trap is allowed to run unmolested, and is crowded daily with women and children. A child's life is in danger from the time it enters the theater until it leaves.

"The building inspector cannot be blamed for the condition of affairs, for the city ordinance regulating places of amusement refers only to those which seat 500 people or over, and this place could not seat more than 250. The ordinace requires halls with a seating capacity of 500 or more to have a certain number of exits, but there is no means of touching the management of this theater under that ordinance. The council would have to amend the ordinance before the building inspector could act in the matter.

"If any person doubts that the place is a fire trap of the worst kind he should watch some evening the time it requires to empty the hall even when the people are coming out in a regular and orderly maner and then try to imagine the scene that would take place if a cry of fire should be raised some afternoon when the long narrow hall is crowded with women carrying babies and little children."

GREATER CLOTHING REDUCTIONS.

M. S. Burrows Again Puts the Knife Into All Departments.

The announcement made by M. S. Burrows in today's Herald that he has grouped all his medium and lightweight clothing into two lots—one lot at $15 and the other at $8.88—will be received with much interest to the many already familiar with the high excellence of the merchandise carried at the Great Eastern. In spite of the splendid response following the sacrifices in all departments of the big store since the present clearance sale began, the assortments of men's, boys' and children's clothing remain vast and practically unbroken, and Mr. Burrows has decided to make still greater reductions in these and all other lines. The prices quoted in today's advertisement are remarkably low when the sterling quality of the goods are taken into consideration. Besides the sensational clothing reductions, there are many extraordinary values offered in men's, women's and boys' fine footwear, and in children's clothing. A careful study of the different items quoted in today's advertisement will be found well worth while. No person who is considering the purchasing of any kind of clothing can afford to ignore a visit to the store.

THOUSAND EXPECTED

Excursion From Grand Forks and Other Towns Well Patronized.

A large excursion from Grand Forks, Crookston and other points West was scheduled to arrive in Duluth at 3:45 p. m. today on the Great Northern, and it was expected that at least 1000 people would be brought in on the train.

The train contained twelve cars and was run as a special, and besides the people from the main line, brought in visitors from the branches on which are located Hallock, Thief River Falls and a number of other thriving towns. The visitors will be taken home on a special train to leave Duluth at 2:30 Sunday afternoon, which will give them practically a full two days' stay in the Zenith City. For the little branch lines where the passengers cannot make the trip in one day the tickets have been arranged to give the holders time to get home the following day.

Contest Case Decided.

Local land office officials today decided the contest case of Fred J. Miller against Edward N. Murtinger, in favor of the defendant. It is recommended that the contest be dismissed and the entry held intact, subject to future compliance with the homestead law.

Murtinger made homestead entry on the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section 35, township 52-14, May 14, 19033. It appears that he had contested a prior entry on this forty and acquired a preference right, which he exercised by making the homestead entry. Miller filed affidavit of contest March 31, 1904, alleging abandonment. The testimony failed to sustain the charges. The defendant is a single man, a clerk in one of Duluth's wholesale houses. It was shown that he had not abandoned the land, that he had visited it frequently, often in company with his mother and younger brother, and that the required improvements had been made on the land.

MEETS REQUIREMENT.

New Gas Engine Does More Than Promised.

The new gas engine and pump ordered by the water and light department has been installed at the normal school station and is now being used to supply water to the Woodland station.

A test made of the new machinery by Manager L. N. Case of the water and light department has demonstrated that the engine and pump are more than up to requirements.

The engine was guaranteed to pump 515 gallons per minute and develop 50-horse power under a brake test.

The test demonstrated a pumping capacity of 613 gallons per minute and a development of 61 1-3 horse power.

The normal station is now equipped with two engines and pumps, the old still being available for use either singly, in case of a break in the new one, or both used together in case of a bad conflagration. If both pumps are worked at once they have a total capacity of about 1200 gallons per minute, developing 111-horse power.

The old tank capacity for the normal system is 27,234 gallons. The new tank now building will give just double that.

Besides pumping water to the Woodland station, the normal school system supplies water for the East End district included east of a line drawn diagonally from the plant to the corner of Twenty-third avenue east and First street.

Eventually the normal system is expected to supply water west of the plant on the hill streets not now reached by the main water system, or where the pressure is not enough, on account of the altitude, to make the present system entirely satisfactory.

It pays to advertise in The Herald. Ask Fred Kugler.

Freimuth's Visitors to the city make this your headquarters. Freimuth's Store open until 10 p. m. Saturday. Freimuth's

We Are Continuing the Great July Clearance

MORE UNUSUAL BARGAINS FOR SATURDAY.

The low-water mark of prices during this sale has caused unusually brisk selling—Saturday finds further reductions on many lines—and new recruits to the sale from various departments. You will profit liberally by attending.

Clearing News From the Cloak Room.

Nowhere throughout the store are the buying opportunities to unusual, so important, as in our spacious Cloak Room. The pressure on prices has reduced them to the lowest ebb.

A SPECIAL SHIRT WAIST CLEARANCE.

DERBY AND ROYAL SHIRT WAISTS are the highest grade of shirt waists made—tomorrow we will put on sale all our $2.00 and $2.25 lawn shirt waists of the above makes, at the price of..... $1.48

AT 75c—all we have left from our great sale of $1.00 white lawn shirt waists will go at the still lower price of..... 75c

CHILDREN'S SUMMER DRESSES—CHILDREN'S WASH SAILOR SUITS — CHILDREN'S WOOL SUITS AND DRESSES—ALL AT QUICK GOING PRICES SATURDAY.

WOMEN'S WASH SKIRTS OF LINEN AND PIQUE—PRETTY WASH SHIRT WAIST SUITS OF LINEN, CHAMBRAY AND DUCK—SHIRT WAIST SUITS OF SILK AND MOHAIR—ALL AT SPECIAL JULY CLEARANCE PRICES THAT MEAN QUICK RIDDANCE.

CLOSING OUT ALL WOOL SUITS—WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S CRAVENETTE COATS—BLACK SILK ETON JACKETS—PONGEE SILK COATS—WOOL DRESS AND WALKING SKIRTS—AT A MERE TRIFLE OF REGULAR PRICES.

More Muslin Underwear Bargains From the Great July Clearance Sale.

GOWNS.

WOMEN'S MUSLIN AND CAMBRIC GOWNS—low and high neck styles—trimmed with hemstitched tucks, embroidery, Torchon lace and ribbon—six different styles to select from—regular $1.00 kinds, for Saturday's clearance sale. 79c

WOMEN'S NIGHT GOWNS—of nainsook, cambric and muslin—square and V shaped neck—tucked and embroidery yoke—numerous styles —regular $1.25 and $1.39 values—choice for Saturday, to close, each..... $1.00

WOMEN'S CAMBRIC NAINSOOK GOWNS—V neck—yoke tucked and featherstitched—trimmed with wide beading and washable ribbon—also round yoke style, of inserting and hemstitching—edged with fine Valenciennes lace—regular $2 and $2.25 gowns, for this clearing sale... $1.75

WOMEN'S NAINSOOK GOWNS—Square and high neck—embroidery yoke—regular $1.50 kind, for Saturday, each..... $1.25

SKIRTS.

WOMEN'S CAMBRIC SKIRTS—with deep ruffle trimmed with cluster of tucks—regular 85c skirts for..... 69c

WOMEN'S CAMBRIC SKIRTS—with ruffle of wide embroidery and neat dust ruffle, regular $1.50 kinds, for this clearance sale—each..... $1.25

WOMEN'S FINE SKIRTS—of cambric with 13-inch flounce and two rows of Torchon inserting, edged with wide lace—regular $2.00 skirts, for to close..... $1.65

DRAWERS AND COVERS.

FINE MUSLIN DRAWERS—with deep flounce—trimmed with hemstitched tucks and feather stitching, deep hem, regular 50c kind, for.... 39c

WOMEN'S UMBRELLA DRAWERS—of muslin and cambric—pretty lawn ruffle—trimmed with cluster of tucks—Valenciennes lace and embroidery—regular $1.00 and $1.25 drawers—for to close—Saturday at..... 75c

MUSLIN CORSET COVERS—full front—trimmed with 4 rows of lace insertion and lace edge around neck, reg. price 45c—Saturday, each. 29c

FULL FRONT AND TIGHT-FITTING CORSETS—several different styles—lace and embroidery trimmed—splendid values at 65c—special for Saturday to close, each..... 45c

Further Reductions in Fine Millinery

For the July Clearance—Two Great Table Lots Saturday at a Trifle of Former Cost.

$8 AND $9 SUIT HATS—Women's and Misses' tailored suit hats, sailors and turbans—mostly hand made—chic, nobby styles, that are all the vogue—bona fide $8 and $9 hats—for Saturday a table lot at $3.98 each. $3.89

$6 AND $7 TAILORED HATS—choice from another table lot of misses' and women's fine tailored hats—practical models that are good for now and early fall wear, dark and medium colorings, mixed braids, $6 and $7 hats, $2.79. $2.79

CHILDREN'S SAILORS REDUCED.

CHILDREN'S SUN BONNETS—of fine percale—in all the pretty colorings—regular 25c bonnets—Clearance price Saturday, each..... 15c

CHILDREN'S SAILORS—of chipped straw—in brown, cardinals and navys—trimmed with satin band and streamers—sold everywhere at 95c—Clearing price each..... 48c

CHILDREN'S CORDED WASH HATS—in pink, pale blue and white—buttoned crown—regular 89c values—for Saturday, your choice to close, each..... 65c

Sale of Men's Hot Weather Underwear—75c Garments for 49c

25 DOZEN SHIRTS AND DRAWERS—In Oxford gray, blue and browns, woven cellular threads—cool, comfortable absorbent underwear—drawers double-seated—never sold for less than 75c—just for a quick clearance, the price for Saturday—per garment..... 49c

MORE 75c AND 50c SHIRTS FOR 35c—Black and white figures, and blue and white stripes, in light and medium colorings—some have two collars and 1 pair of cuffs separate — others cuffs detached, excellent line of materials, regular 50c and 75c shirts, to close, all sizes 35c each, or three for $1.00. 3 for $1

ALSO, A NUMBER of Boys' Shirts — sizes from 12 to 14 yrs —regular price 50c—in this lot for tomorrow's special sale at 35c each, or three for $1.00.

MEN'S 35c FANCY HOSE, 25c—Pretty, fancy lisle Hose, in Oxford grays, tans, browns, blues, in fact all the pretty color combinations—embroidered instep and side clockings —regular 35c hose, for Saturday, per pair..... 25c

MEN'S MUSLIN NIGHT SHIRTS, 49c—of fine quality muslin—embroidered front and around cuffs, all sizes, cheap at 75c—Saturday each..... 49c

Jewelry Bargains for the July Clearance.

PRETTY LINK CUFF BUTTONS—in sterling silver—gold plate and pearl—50c cuff buttons, special Saturday..... 25c

SHIRT WAIST SETS—Pearl, oxidized silver and Dutch gold and turquoise, in the latest novelty designs—3-piece sets—regular 35c values, Saturday's special..... 19c

BELT PINS—in all the novelty designs—of French gray, sterling silver and gun metal, special clearance prices $1.50 to 50c

NEW BODICE SETS—Front and back buckles, of gold plate and gun metal—special 50c value, for Saturday, per set..... 38c

PRETTY SIDE COMBS—in shell and amber—new designs—regular 35c combs—for Saturday, per set..... 25c

50c SIDE COMBS FOR 35c—New shapes, in amber and shell color—regular price 50c—Saturday, per set..... 35c

General Clearance in Leather Goods.

HAND BAGS AND CARRIAGE BAGS—in grays, tans, black, red, green and blue—choice of fully 200—ultra fashionable styles—at exactly—

⅓ Off Regular Prices

CRUSHED LEATHER BELTS—fine soft leather, 3 inches wide, plain black and gold buckle, in black, brown and white leather, regular 75c, Saturday..... 50c

Summer Parasols at July Clearing Prices.

CHILDREN'S PARASOLS—in dainty shades of blue, pink, red and various color combinations—to close Saturday, special values at.....25c and 19c

WOMEN'S WHITE PARASOLS—of pretty white China silk, with natural wood handles, curved—regular $1.50 values, for Saturday's special, each.... $1.19

MORE ELABORATE PARASOLS—in all the new plain and coaching effects, scores of the newest ideas, including the hemstitched and embroidered novelties, all at—

Special July Clearing Prices

A Great Clearance of Underwear and Hosiery.

Sharp reductions all along the line of Summer Underwear and Hosiery, to reduce stock before buyers go East. Bargains these that you must not overlook:

WOMEN'S LISLE COMBINATION SUITS — White lisle—crocheted around neck and arms, silk-taped—low neck—knee length—extra umbrella shaped—Torchon lace trimmed, regular price 75c—Saturday, per suit..... 58c

WOMEN'S COTTON COMBINATION SUITS—in high neck, long sleeves, ankle length or high neck, short sleeves, and knee length—regular price 75c per suit—closing out odd lots Saturday —your choice while they last, per suit..... 35c

WOMEN'S LISLE VESTS—white lisle, Richelieu ribbed, fancy lace yoke and plain crocheted, a regular 50c vest—Saturday, per garment.... 35c

WOMEN'S SWISS RIBBED VESTS—in white, pink, blue, silk mercerized finish—low neck—no sleeves—crocheted and silk taped, regular 35c value—Saturday, your choice each..... 25c

CHILDREN'S BALBRIGGAN UNDERWEAR—in high neck long sleeves—high neck and short sleeves—drawers ankle length—sizes 26 to 32—regular 35c garments, choice Saturday— each..... 25c

WOMEN'S BLACK LISLE HOSE—All-over lace, lace boots and silk stitched with lace—many patterns to choose from—extra spliced heels, double soles—fast black—regular 75c and 85c value—Saturday—per pair..... 50c

WOMEN'S RIBBED COTTON HOSE — double heels and toes—double soles, full fashioned—fast black—very elastic, worth 35c—Saturday —per pair..... 25c

CHILDREN'S LISLE HOSE—Fine ribbed—fashioned feet, double knees—extra spliced heels and fast black—sizes 5 to 9 inclusive—Saturday per pair..... 25c

Big Bargains in the Daylight Basement.

A table lot of odds and ends, in our House Furnishing Department slightly soiled, but not enough to hurt their usefulness.

BUTCHER KNIVES—worth up to 25c, at each.....5c
10c Ice Tongs, each.....5c
10c Clothes Lines, each.....5c
8c Rolling Pins, each.....3c
5c Wooden Spoons, each.....1c
25c Chopping Bowls, oblong.12½c
4c pkg Toilet Paper, each.....1c
15c Scrub Brushes, each.....10c
10c Shoe Daubers, each.....5c
5c Comb Boxes, each.....1c

GO-CARTS and Baby Carriages—large sizes—all at One-third off regular prices.

WATER COOLERS at One-third off regular prices.

REFRIGERATORS and Ice Boxes—all very much reduced in price.

ALL HAMMOCKS—at 25 per cent discount from the regular selling prices.

10c Splashers, each.....5c
18c enameled Pie Tins, each...10c
18c enameled Pudding Pans...10c
18c enameled Wash Basins....10c
18c Ladles, each.....10c

These are snaps that won't last long, so come quick.

ELITE ENAMEL WARE SALE—Our semi-annual sale of the world's best enamel ware, the highest grade goods ever produced—for this sale at a discount from our regular low price of..... 25%

NICKEL-PLATED WARE—Manning Bowman's high-grade nickel-plated coffee pots, tea pots, chafing dishes, French percolators, pudding pans, and bath-room fixtures—all go at a discount from our regular low prices of..... 25%

Toilet Needs.

IDEAL HAIR BRUSHES—The genuine rubber cushion hair brush, the best known brush for keeping the hair in perfect condition—reg. price $1—Saturday. 79c

PRINCESS COMBS—The kind the hair dressers use—do not break the hair or pull it out—rounded teeth—bevel-ed edges—warranted not to warp or split—regular price 89c—Saturday..... 69c

BAILEY'S COMPLEXION BRUSH—Made of pure gum rubber, soft and pliable, will not injure the most tender skin, can be used for headache, neuralgia, rheumatism, etc., regular price 50c—Saturday..... 35c

COLGATE'S VIOLET PERFUMED TALCUM POWDER—purified and borated, regular 25c can—Saturday..... 15c

Children's Shoes.

BABY SHOES—Soft soles—all colors and sizes—regular price 50c—Saturday, per pair..... 25c

BABY WALKING SHOES—laced, patent tip—hand-turned sole—sizes 1 to 5—regular price 65c—Saturday, per pair..... 45c

CHILDREN'S SPRING HEEL SHOES—patent tip, broken lines—sizes 5½ to 8—regular $1.25 shoes, Saturday, per pair..... 75c

CHILDREN'S VICI KID SLIPPERS—spring heel—pretty strap and bow—sizes 8½ to 11—reg. price $1.25—Saturday, per pair.... 75c

FIRST COKE DRAWN

Zenith Furnace Company Takes Out the First Lot.

Will Furnish Gas to the City Within a Day or Two.

The first coke at the Zenith Furnace companie's plant was drawn off yesterday afternoon. So far as can be learned from the company officials the the test was a very satisfactory one in every respect.

No date has been set when the furnace company will turn gas into the city mains but officials of the furnace company claim that it will be within a day or two at the farthest.

It was originally planned to have the gas turned into the mains by July 15, but the delays usually attendant on work of such magnitude as contemplated has caused the plans of the furnace company to become changed.

It is claimed that the successful result of the coke test goes a long way in bringing the time nearer when the city will be supplied with gas from the West Duluth plant.

Every effort is being made toward bringing about that condition at the very earliest opportunity.

It is known that the furnace company could begin immediately th manufacture of gas on the contract with the city, but caution is being observed to have every detail perfected before the company assumes the contract, so there will be no checking of the supply when once the gas is turned into the mains.

NEVEN IS DISCHARGED

Charge Against Easton Waiter Not Technically Sustained.

Ray E. Neven, the young man arrested on a warrant sworn out by Immigration Inspector W. H. Dean Wednesday morning, charging him with bringing women into the United States from a foreign country for the purposes of prostitution, had a hearing this morning before United Sttaes Commissioner Thomas H. Pressnell, and was discharged on motion of Assistant United States Attorney J. M. Dickey.

The motion was made on the grounds that testimony failed to show the girls had been brought by Neven to this country for the purposes stated, and that therefore the man was not liable under the laws governing such importations. There was no doubt as to the character of the girls, Lue Warren, 22 years old, and Alice St. Omers, 18 years of age, or as to the fact that their character was well known to Neven when he agreed to get them to Duluth. He did this, the girls admitted, without compensation on their part other than the pleasure of their company and questionable relations with them.

Had it been proven that Neven, who is only 24 years of age, had brought the women to this country for purposes of prostitution after their arrival here, he would have been liable to imprisonment of from one to five years and a fine of not less than $5000.

Neven was a waiter on the passenger steamer Easton, of the White Line Transportation company, when arrested. The girls were taken on board at Port Arthur. They will be returned to Canada by the White Line people on the next boat leaving for the northern port. At present they are retained in the county jail.

MAKING LIFE PRESERVERS.

A Boom Since the Great Slocum Disaster.

Apparently the disaster to the Gen. Slocum has led to a general overhauling of life preservers all over the country, says the Brooklyn Eagle. Every factory in America is flooded with old preservers that have been sent in for repairs, and the condition of thousands of these makes one wonder if there was a vessel in America possessed of serviceable equipment. Apparently also a good many vessels were supplied with preservers so far gone as to be beyond hope of repair.

The very day after the accident orders began pouring into every manufacturing establishment in the country. Shipments were made in carload lots in many cases, until the accumulated stock was disposed of; and the makers are now running overtime trying to supply the unprecedented demand. As a direct result of the Slocum disaster, the output of life preservers for the present year will probably be three times as great as it has ever been before, showing that a large proportion of the life saving apparatus on American vessels was worthless.

It depends upon the material used, the methods of manufacture and the care taken after they have been placed in service, whether the so-called life preservers are such in fact, or whether they are death warrants. Dead men tell no tales, and for this reason no one will ever know how many have trusted themselves to the life belt, only to find out that instead of buoying them up to safety and the chance of rescue, it was dragging them down to a watery grave. A drowning man clutching at a straw has long been a figure of speech descriptive of utter dispair. Better clutch vainly at a straw than be dragged to the bottom of the sea by an incubus of rotten reeds and canvas.

Three entirely different materials have been authorized by the United States government officials for the manufacture of life preservers, kapok, tule and cork. Of these cork is the oldest, the most common and incomparably the best, and kapok is the most recent and the worst. The opinion of G. D. Armstrong, manager of the Armstrong Cork company, of Pittsburg—the largest manufacturers of life preservers in America—is worth quoting:

"The kapok life preservers," said he, "should be consigned to the bottomless pit where they belong. The use of this material was authorized by the United States authorities only about a year ago, but already it has been placed on hundreds of vessels. It is made of the fibers of the kapok—a species of silk-cotton tree, botanically related to the ordinary cotton plant. It grows in East and West Indies, the Philippines and many other tropical countries. From Ceylon it is exported in large quantities, and most of the kopak life preservers now on the market are made from the Ceylonese fiber. The production of the fiber is one of the infant industries of the Philippines which the government is anxious to encourage and stimulate. It is useful in the manufacture of mattresses, cushions and for similar purposes, as well as in its latest application to the making of life preservers. In appearance the fibers closely resemble raw cotton, excepting for their shiny, glistening character and their comparative lack of flexibility. They are almost impermeable to water and possess very great buoyancy. Apparently these properties alone were considered by the authorities when they authorized the use of this material.

"However, it is as inflammable as gun cotton, and life preservers made of it would spread a fire on shipboard almost as quickly as a train of powder. It is incredible that the authorities were aware of this fact when they legalized its use. It was likely an oversight and they owe it to themselves and to the public to acknowledge the blunder and see that the sale is stopped. Already some scores, or, perhaps hundreds, of vessels on the Atlantic, the Pacific and the gulf coasts and on their inland lakes and rivers are equipped with these dangerous articles. If their continued use is permitted, the disaster to the Gen. Slocum may find many parallels, and is very likely to be eclipsed in horror. The ordinary method of storing the preservers just under the decks, where they can readily be seized in case of emergency, gives every facility for the spread of fire by their means when an inflammable material is used. A blaze starting in the forward part of a vessel would be carried back to the stern through a line of kopak of a flash of lightning by the breeze created by the vessel's motion.

"A fire that might otherwise be easily checked could never be gotten under control should it reach a place where large quantities of these miscalled preservers were stored. Cork will burn readily enough to render it objectionable, could any other material of equal buoyancy be obtained of less combustible qualities; but there can be no possible excuse for substituting a material a hundred times more inflammable. A spark touching it flares up into an uncontrollable blaze almost in an instant. The perils of those who go down to the sea in ships are surely great enough; the horrors of a wreck on the water surely need no aggravation. A fire at sea is the most awful and the most dreaded of the ocean's perils. If these preservers are used the danger will be multiplied ten fold. Let the kapok life preserver therefore be consigned to the limbo of departed nuisances and official mistakes before some great calamity, resulting in unnecessary loss of life and destruction of property, awakens the public to a realization of the fact that official safeguards are sometimes but menaces in disguise. For my own part, I would much rather embark on a vessel that had no life serveer at all than trust opr yseiftm preservers at all than trust myself to one equipped with these made of kapok. It may be all right in the water, but it is an open invitation to destruction by fire.

It pays to advertise in The Herald—ask J. M. Gidding.

MAY CAUSE RISE

Renewal of Packers' Strike Liable to Advance Meat Prices.

Shipments Cannot Be Expected For Some Days —Potatoes Lower.

The renewal of the packers' strike in Chicago will probably cause a sharp rise in the price of meats on the local market. During the cessation of shipments caused by the first strike the stocks of the local branch houses were nearly exhausted and the supply of meat in the city at present is very small. The local branches have filled their orders from stocks on hand for a week or ten days past and when these stocks have been exhausted something in the nature of a meat famine may be expected. Regular shipments from Chicago cannot be counted on for some time to come, as even if the strike were settled in the near future it would require several days for the first shipments to reach Duluth.

Up to the present time only a slight raise in the wholesale prices of meat has taken place on account of the strike. Beef jumped from eight to nine cents per pound, which necessitated a raise in the retail price of about three cents owing to the fact that the wholesalers sell the entire beef at nine cents, whereas the butchers in cutting it up are compelled to discard many portions and sell others at low prices.

By the first of next week the shortage in meat should begin to be felt acutely, and not only will the retail prices commence to soar, but the restaurants will be compelled to raise their prices for meat orders as even at the prevailing prices they claim to be losing money.

* * *

The steady fall in the price of potatoes consoles the housekeepers somewhat for the high prices of meat. The crops in the more northern states such as Iowa and Illinois are coming into the market and the shipments are increasing steadily in size. The price has taken another drop, and has finally gotten under the $1 mark. The tubers are now selling for 60 to 65 cents per bushel.

* * *

The strawberry season is practically over and the only berries now in the market are some of the second picking of the northern Wisconsin and Minnesota crops. Raspberries have taken the place of strawberries and are cheap.

* * *

Canteloupes are becoming daily more plentiful and are now selling for about $2.25 per crate.

* * *

Eggs continue on the rise. The high meat prices and the anticipation of a further rise are responsible for the upward tendency. Eggs are the most available substitute for meat and the demand for them has been heavy since the commencement of the packers' strike. This combined with the fact that the shipments have been a little lighter than ordinary has forced the price up from 16 to 20 cents per dozen.

* * *

Business on Michigan street is reported as fairly brisk. This is the busy season of the year with the commission houses and all of them report fairly active conditions.

LONG STREAK OF HARD LUCK

Accidents, Measles, Smallpox and Death Invade Poor Family.

Lexington, Ky., July 22.—"Bud" Bruce, living on the farm of Mr. Solomon Van Meter, on the Bryan Station pike, has been the victim of a prolonged "streak of ill-luck" that would have brought many men to the verge of desperation.

Bruce came to Lexington from Garrard county and found employment with contractors constructing the Paris & Lexington Interurban railway. While so employed he broke his ankle. This threw him out of a job for several months, and has a wife and large family depended upon his daily labor for a livelihood, they were reduced to dire straits. As soon as he could work at all Mr. J. T. Christian, a poultry dealer, of 72 East Vine street, gave him employment as driver on one of his wagons. The sky was just beginning to clear, when Mrs. Bruce became sick and died, leaving eight children, the youngest an infant.

Following closely upon the death of the wife, the elder son, who had been working in an adjoining county, came home and took sick of smallpox. This necessitated the removal of the entire family to the pesthouse, where they were detained two weeks. After being discharged from the pesthouse they removed to Mr. Van Meter's place, where several of the children broke out with the smallpox. Again they were removed to the pesthouse, where they were compelled to remain for several weeks longer.

Again they were released from the pesthouse and returned to the country. Scarcely had they settled down when the children took the measles, and Tuesday the baby died. Most of the children are now down with the same disease. Without mother and devoid of the means necessary to procure the comforts of life except such as pitying neighbors donate, probably few families were ever in such pitiable plights.

MEDICINE VENDER FOUND DEAD IN BED.

Houghton, Mich., July 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—A. B. Pahl, a patent medicine vendor of Virginia, Minn., was found dead in his room in a Hancock hotel, yesterday morning. Heart failure apparently brought on by excessive heat last Saturday was the cause of death. He was about 56 years old and leaves a wife and family.

West Baden and French Lick, Ind., and Return $23.80.

On July 22 to 25, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to West Baden and French Lick, Ind., at $23.80, for the round trip. Tickets limited to August 11th for return. City Ticket Office, 302 West Superior street.

Another sensational Saturday selling 8 a.m. to 10 p.m.

Visitors to Duluth, tourists and all the strangers within our gates, will do well to come with the crowds of Duluthians tomorrow to this store of the people. Every feature and every advantage of America's largest stores in the largest cities, is found at the Glass Block Store. Prices are as low as anywhere in the country. You are absolutely safe in trading here, where fakes are not tolerated and every sale is guaranteed. As we are closing out all our summer stocks you will have the chance of the year to save money tomorrow.

25c fine laces for 10c.

Saturday we load the bargain counter with all sorts of laces, worth up to 25c a yard. Pointe de Paris, black Chantilly, cream silk laces, cotton galloons in white and cream—the finest lace values likely to be offered this season—choice of the entire lot, per yard..... **10c**

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

25c turnovers for 10c.

In the ladies' neckwear department, Thursday, we offer a big lot of ladies' turnover collars, handsomely embroidered, pretty goods that have been selling for 19c and 25c each—choice of the lot.....3 for 25c.....or each **10c**

MEN'S straw hats to pajamas.



All the summer goods must be sold **NOW.** We can no more tolerate the retention of men's goods than women's goods. They must sell in their season. That accounts for these prices:

STRAW HATS $1.00 hats for.....49c. $2.00 hats for.....75c. $3.00 hats for.....98c.

MEN'S SHIRTS—Finest quality shirts—made of cheviot, Irish weave madras and French Percales, worth $1.75 and $1.50 **$1.19**

MEN'S FANCY HALF HOSE—in Florence silk lisle thread, embroidered balbriggan, black and colored open work, worth 50c, now **25c**

MEN'S SOCKS—fancy hose in all kinds of summer styles—openwork, black and colors—regular 25c goods, now....2 PAIRS FOR **25c**

MEN'S AND BOYS' BATHING TRUNKS—worth 25c—closing out at..... **15c**

MEN'S PAJAMAS—made of summer weight striped and figured madras—also plain white, double-breasted fastened with large pearl buttons—regular price $1.75 and $1.98, now..... **$1.25**

Men's fine mercerized lisle thread shirts and drawers, in blue and white—worth $1.25—for..... **85c**

Men's jersey ribbed summer weight shirts and drawers, in tan, white, black and blue, reg. 50c—at 3 pairs for $1, each **35c**

BOYS' summer wash suits, 75c.



We are closing them out—It's the "last call." Come and see the pretty goods—Light and dark colors, all sorts of styles and fancy trimmings. Suits for boys 3 to 8 years old—Suits worth $1.50 each—Saturday your pick of the lot for..... **75c**

BUSTER WASH SUITS—In these popular belted blouse and knickerbocker styles we have all the light and dark colors in sizes 2 to 7 years and will close out the lot at—per suit..... **$1.00**

TWO-PIECE ALL-WOOL SUITS—worth up to $4.00—sizes 4 to 14 years—good fancy mixtures—suits for big and little boys at much less than half the regular values—come and take your pick of this lot of suits Saturday at..... **$1.69**

OTHER SUITS SLAUGHTERED—Come and see how low we have cut the prices on all our high-class suits for big and little boys. You'll be astonished at the money-savers. You can do better here than at any clothing store in town.

Boys' washable caps, 25c.
Boys' washable waists, 19c.
Boys' washable pants, 25c.
Boys' washable blouses, 25c.
Boys' washable overalls, 25c.
Boys' swimming tights, 10c.
Boys' play suits or rompers, 50c.
Boys' "Buster" ties, 25c.
Boys' "Buster collars, 2 for 25c.
Boys' bow and teck ties, 15c.

A sample line of white and colored shirt waist suits, tomorrow only $2.98

Our stock of washable shirt waist suits was so thoroughly sold out, we were glad to be asked for an offer on the sample line of a leading manufacturer. We offered 40 cents on the dollar and he accepted. There are five dozen suits, hardly two alike, of WHITE LAWN, of colored ginghams and sateens, worth up to $7.50 a suit. All well made with the new plaited skirts, beautiful embroidery trimming effects, wide sleeves, etc. You will be extremely fortunate to get one of these suits at $2.98.

Clearance of ladies' tailored suits in 3 lots

The suits are selling rapidly. All three of the racks are very popular and we are taking our losses without a murmur, for that's our custom at this season of the year.

$7.50 is the price on a rack full of ladies' and misses' fine suits, worth up to $25. Don't sneer at the price. Come and see the actual value.

$12.50 is the price on Rack No. 2, the suits on which are worth up to $45. To wait or delay is to miss a chance of a lifetime.

$16.50 is the price on suits worth up to $57.50, and no such values were ever before offered in Duluth. It's the time to snatch a bargain.

White cashmere shawls.

One small lot of fine white cashmere shawls—a splendid wrap for porch or promenade wear evenings—These shawls are worth $2.75, $3.50 and $4.25; your pick for. **98c**

Children's 85c dresses for 49c.

10 dozen pretty gingham and percale dresses, trimmed with embroidery—ages 2 to 14 years—all colors and styles to choose from. Dresses worth up to 85c each, all included, and your pick of the lot for..... **49c**

$1 girdle corsets 49c.

A fair-sized lot of summer girdle corsets, in white, pink and drab, worth $1.00 each. Also a mixed lot of odds and ends in corsets, of all styles, your pick..... **49c**

$1.25 wrappers 59c.

The clearance sale is enriched by the addition of all our odds and ends in flannelette and percale wrappers—good color, all sizes somewhere in the broken lots—regular prices 98c and $1.25—your pick of this lot at... **59c**

Cleaning up all white shirt waists.

The command has come to close out the shirt waists. It has been a big waist season with us. Sold more waists than ever before and we're not overstocked now, but what we have will be sacrificed in order that none of this season's styles will be carried over.

All the white shirt waists, worth up to $4.50 each, on one table, to be closed out at..... **$2.98**

All the white shirt waists, worth up to $3.50 each, on one table to be closed out at..... **$1.98**

All the white shirt waists, worth up to $2.75 each, on one table to be closed out at..... **$1.49**

All the white shirt waists, worth up to $1.75, on two tables, to be closed out at..... **98c**

One table full of colored gingham and percale shirt waists, worth up to $1.75—all good styles, good patterns and good colors—to be closed out at..... **98c**

Every girls' coat at half price.

Without reserve, every girls' coat and jacket in the house goes on sale Thursday at half regular price. It is the last call. They can go no lower. This includes washable jackets and wool jackets and long coats, of all styles, all colors, for all ages. Genuine Peter Thompsons and Peter Thompson effects also—beginning Saturday, your pick of any coat or jacket at..... **½ price**

PANTON & WHITE CO.

Pick of 30 pattern hats for $3.49.

All the pattern hats in the French pattern room outside the two glass cases, formerly priced from $10.00 to $15.00 each—nothing reserved—black and white included as well as the colors. Just 30 hats in all. These are the cream of the high-class millinery and will not pay for the work alone at the price we put on them Saturday, to close out—any hat of the thirty for..... **$3.49**

$1.98 for all trimmed dress hats outside the pattern room, formerly sold up to $8.50.

$1.39 for all trimmed dress hats outside the pattern room, formerly sold up to $5.00.

White linen and duck hats for ladies and misses—the entire lot, formerly sold up to $3.50—nothing reserved, all go into this grand sale Saturday at only..... **89c**

Children's summer hats, all the white and colored duck, denim and gingham hats, with stitched brims—50c and 75c values—all in one lot at..... 39c

Linen prices way below all others.

The best Irish, Belgian and German linens for the least money. Radical underselling

53c for very heavy bleached table damask, 2 yards wide, warranted pure Irish linen and made to give excellent wear. The same identical thing called an 89c value in the big ads of the little shops.

63c for 72-inch all-linen bleached or unbleached satin damask, called a $1.00 value in the big ads of the little shops. Compare our qualities and prices with any others and you'll find the Glass Block undersells.

93c a yard for 72-inch all pure linen grass bleached German satin damask—called a $1.25 value in big ads of the little shops.

⅝ Napkins to match—**$2.25 a dozen.**

$1.39 a yard for regular $1.75 values in 72-inch double-faced satin damask, all linen, warranted to give satisfaction. No little store could offer equal quality and worth for less than $1.75, even in a "big sale."

$1.75 for $3.25 pattern table cloths, handsome patterns, in satin damask, size 2 yards by 2 yards.

Also the same cloths in size, 2 yards by 3 yards, worth $4.00, for **$2.25.**

$1.39 for 6 napkins, worth $4 a dozen—pure Irish linen, never sold for less than $4 a dozen even at the Glass Block—¾ size.

⅝ size napkins, worth $2.75 doz—**6 for 89c.**

Half price for children's mull hats.

All the silk, chiffon and mull hats for children—white and fancy colors — prettily trimmed with ruffs, rosettes, ribbons and streamers—your pick of any of these pretty summer hats for little girls at exactly..... **½ price**

PANTON & WHITE CO. PANTON & WHITE CO.

Belts and bags.

$1.50 BELTS FOR 50c.—Black and colored leather and silk belts, all the best styles of this season, former prices up to $1.50—all thrown on the big bargain counter to be closed out at..... **50c**

$1.50 BAGS FOR 50c.—Red leather bags, black leather bags, grey and tan leather bags—different sizes, different styles, some with handles, some with chains—the entire assortment of broken lots, just as good and as valuable as ever—former prices up to $1.50—to close out..... **50c**

Underwear.

Ladies' summer cotton vests in black, pink and sky blue, worth 15c each..... **5c**

Ladies' fine quality of Swiss ribbed lisle finish vests, always sold at 20c, now..... **10c**

Ladies' imported Swiss lisle thread vests, very cool, crochet necks and armlets, worth 39c—for..... **25c**

Ladies' summer weight union suits, extra fine quality, perfect fitting, worth $1.00—now..... **49c**

Fancy parasols.

Every fancy colored parasol in the house will go on sale Saturday, without reserve and regardless of former prices or real value. Hemstitched, lace-trimmed and lace ruffled. Some very smart ones in the lot, all at

Half price.

Embroideries.

We are constantly adding new odd lots and new remnants to our big sale of nainsook and Hamburg edges, insertions and flouncings, 2 to 8 inches wide—all the soiled, mussed and broken sets included, at—

5c and 10c yd

Stockings.

Ladies' lisle thread hose, best patterns just in—pink, blue and reds, with black feet, worth 25c—15c a pair, or 2 pair..... **25c**

Ladies' fancy gauze lisle thread hose, Richelieu ribbed and plain, worth 75c and 50c—now per pair..... **25c**

Ladies' fine quality of fast black fine ribbed cotton hose, worth 35c—per pair..... **19c**

Children's cardinal lace open work and plain red cotton, fine quality fast colors, worth 35c—per pair..... **19c**

Summer gloves.

Children's lisle thread gloves in tan, greys and white—regular 25c, per pair..... **19c**

Ladies' lisle thread gloves, imported goods, black and white, greys and mode, per pair.... **25c**

Ladies' Milanese suede gloves, red fitting, all colors and black new goods—75c and **50c**

Black and white lace mitts, extra lengths, worth 50c—at per pair..... **15c**

Is that cheap enough?

PANTON & WHITE CO.

IMPROVING ROADS.

Work Progressing Favorably on County Thoroughfares.

Settlers who make use of the Pike Lake road, on which the county board made improvements this summer, report the highway to be now in excellent condition. The work is said to have been accomplished in a comparatively short time and in an economical manner.

Other county road work is progressing nicely, the weather having been quite favorable for labor. Both Commissioners Neil McInnis and Morcom report good progress. Several appropriations made for roads in Commissioner Morcom's district were inadvertently omitted in the report of the road appropriations made at a recent meeting of the county board.

The appropriations made for Commissioner Kauppi and Commissioner Kugler's road districts are now being spent in improvements and, before the coming winter, it is expected that some of the highways which have been a cause of trouble for some time past will again be put in good condition.

RURAL CARRIERS.

Washington, July 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following rural free delivery carriers have been appointed: Cambridge—Regular, P. Dahlquist; substitute, I. Cerr. Hubbard—Regular, C. H. Reed; substitute, Doon Doane.

NEGRO LEADS

In the Indian Territory Teachers' Examination.

Muskogee, I. T., July 22.—A visit to the office of Superintendent Benedict yesterday revealed the fact that that gentleman is busily engaged cleaning up the matters that have accumulated in his office during his absence in St. Louis.

During the next week Mr. Benedict will begin the selection and appointment of teachers.

Miss Alice Robertson, supervisor of schools for the Creek nation, is busy sending out the grades attended by the various students at the normals held in Muskogee and Ogmulgee.

"The number of students who will pass this year is much smaller than ever before," said Miss Robertson, "and a young colored man made the highest grade of any of the students."

When asked for particulars Miss Robertson gave the young man's name as H. T. Wilson, a graduate of the Kansas normal at Emporia. His grade is 97 4-9, and in four branches of study he is rated at 100 in each.

On Monday Cheesie McIntosh, superintendent for the Creek nation, and Miss Robertson will meet at the office of Superintendent Benedict to examine the school accounts for the last quarter and to issue certificates to those who were successful at the examination.

MONSTER FISH

Broke the Arm of a Wealthy Man.

Jeffersonville, Ind., July 22.—In a struggle with a monster fish, W. L. Crum, of Kentucky, suffered a fracture of the left collar bone and the left upper arm. As a result of his injuries he spent several days in the Clark county poor asylum, although he is amply able to pay his expenses anywhere. Crum is a fruit dealer, and his home is in Kentucky. Ten days ago he went to Fourteen Mile creek, in the eastern part of Clark county, to fish, and had but indifferent success. The finny tribe was shy, and he became careless. He was not giving attention to his lines. Suddenly one of the poles was torn loose from the bank and it was being carried rapidly away, when he succeeded in grasping it. There was a tremendous flounce, the pole slipping from his hand, as he was rendered unconscious for a few minutes. When he recovered he was hardly able to rise to his feet, and found the left arm and side entirely useless. It was two miles to the nearest house, the poor asylum, and to it he finally succeeded in going. Superintendent Allen had his injuries attended to, and gave him every attention possible. Before he departed Crum told who he was and how the mishap befell him. Superintendent Allen had been under the impression that he was harboring an unfortunate tramp.

JULY CLEARANCE SALE

The new store offers you the greatest inducements to do your trading here. An entire new stock—no old goods—the best made clothing in America.

Your choice of our entirie line of light weight suits in fancy worsteds—cassimeres and imported Scotch goods that sold at $25, $22.50, $20.00 and $18 for----- **$13.75**



Your pick of all wool worsteds—cassimeres—tweeds—in plain and fancy effects—all light weight suits that sold at $15.00, $13.50 and $12.00—during this July Clearance sale---------- **$7.98**

MEN'S FINEST PANTS.

Lot 1—Choice of all $10.00, $9, $8, $7 and $6 light weight Pants for ---- **$4.85**

Lot 2.—Choice of all light weight Pants that sold at $4.75, $5.00 and $5.50 at---- **$3.65**

331-333 West Superior Street. **Oak Hall Clothing Co.** Duluth's New Store.

IN WOMAN'S SPHERE

Social, Musical and Art Circles.

Tomorrow morning at ten o'clock the regular children's story hour will be held at the library. This hour is looked forward to by the little ones during the week and the attendance throughout the summer is most encouraging. Tomorrow Miss Ruth Ely, who is in charge of the children's department will speak on the "Summer Outings of the Poor Children." The good done by the fresh air funds which are in existence in the large cities and the beautiful work carried on by Jacob Riis will be spoken of. The subject will be one of interest to the children although the condition from the heat will scarce be realized by the little ones here who have the benefit of the cooling lake breeze the entire summer.

Gives Musicale.

Yesterday afternoon Mrs. William S. Bishop entertained at a delightful musicale at her home 2426 East First street. The affair was a small one, about twenty musicians being the guests. The rooms were prettily decorated in summer flowers, pansies, sweet peas and nasturiums being used. The soloists were Miss Agnes Anderson, Miss Mary Morris and Mrs. C. P. Craig. This is the first time Miss Anderson has been heard in Duluth this summer and her beautiful contralto charmed her Duluth friends anew. Simonds and Mrs. John Millen played the piano numbers.

Gives a Luncheon.

Miss Genevieve Washburn entertained at luncheon yesterday in honor of her guest Miss Eva Brown, of Plainfield, N. J. The appointments of the luncheon table were dainty and beautiful. Covers were laid for:

Misses—
Margarethe Denfeld, Jessie Campbell, Frances Gilbert, Margaret Ryan, Helen Marble, Kathleen Watterworth.

Events of Interest.

This evening the Assembly will entertain at the midsummer ball at the Spalding.

* * *

Tomorrow evening the class of 1902 of the Duluth High school will hold a reunion at Harmonie hall at Lester park. The affair will be in the nature of the informal school spreads and a large number of the class will be in attendance.

Personal Mention.

Miss Ensign and her guest, Mrs. A. A. McLeod, left today for a short outing at Isle Royale.

* * *

Mrs. J. L. Washburn, Miss Genevieve Washburn and their guest, Miss Eva Brown, of Plainville, N. J. left today for a short visit at Minneapolis.

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Miss Adele Cheverette, of 1117 East Second street, left last evening for a visit with friends at Spooner, Wis.

* * *

Mrs. Byron G. Segog and children, of 124 East Third street are visiting at Detroit.

* * *

The wedding of Miss Georgiana C. Swann and William C. St. Mary took place last evening at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William C. Swann at 2529 Huron street. About fifty friends were present at the ceremony which was performed by Rev. I. I. Gorby. The attendants were Miss Mathilda Lang and John St. Mary.

BELIEVE IN BAREFEET.

New York City People Express Their Opinions.

Mrs. Wallach, a New York city teacher, says:

"I see no objection whatever to a child's going to school without his shoes and stockings on. When I taught on the east side fully half of my class were barefooted. None of the school authorities made the slightest trouble about the matter either. There is no reason why little girls should not go barefooted as well as little boys. It's splendidly healthy for both The only material obstacle is our hot city pavements. I have a little nephew being brought up on the barefoot plan. He doesn't mind gravel a bit, but he'll go almost any distance to avoid a hot pavement.

"It really is a sensible fashion of dress to go shoeless. And think what a saving of money it would be to the hard working parents of a large family!"

Dr. Jessie T. Bogle says:

"It certainly is healthful to go with uncovered feet, but, to my mind, city children should at least wear sandals. It is good to harden the feet and to accustom them to different temperatures. Gravel and pebbles rarely hurt a child, and they harden the feet, but in the city where there are so many foreign substances that there is danger of real injury. Country roads are either wet or dusty, and that is pleasant enough to the feet.

"I don't think one need care in the least about a child's appearance or what other persons think, and it seems to me that a child is properly dressed who is neat in the clothing that he otherwise wears."

"I wish all children went barefoot," says Mrs. Emilie D. Martin, a leading member of a mothers' club. "They would be twice as healthy as they are. Why, there are over 3,000,000 pores on the bottom of the feet, and every one of those pores has a nerve that ends in a brushlike bunch of filaments. They keep the pores clean and take up electricity. Now, leather and rubber, especially the latter, are nonconductors and prevent the beneficial electricity from being dispersed through the body.

"Why is it that the children of the poor are so much more hardened as a rule than other boys and girls? Because their feet are in contact with the earth a large part of the year. Think of the Indians and other tribes of natives. They do not have the afflictions that come on the white man, and the reason is because they are in constant contact with the earth and its polar currents."

A LA SIR WALTER.

Columbus Young Man's Gallantry to Young Woman.

Columbus Dispatch: A tall, straight young man and a girl, who looked as though she had just stepped out of a love-story illustration in a magazine, stood together under the canopy in front of a railway station after the train had stopped late Thursday afternoon. They were watching for a car, he idly watching the crowd pick its way over the wet street, she gazing with a little frown at the muddy crossing

"Extry polpers; Extra, mister?" shouted a ragamuffin of a newsboy, holding out an early evening edition to the young man.

"No, kid, I guess not," said he, smiling. Then—"Hold on a minute, son; are you too busy right now to stop and earn a quarter?"

"Sure I ain't; what d'ye t'ink I am?" came the indignant answer.

"Well, then, take ten of your papers, quick, spread 'em out from here to the car tracks. Get busy, now!"

When the car came up he turned to the girl, who hadn't quite comprehended what this was all about, and, with a little gesterue of his head that was not at all displeasing, even if it was a but dramatic, bowed her to the pathway.

"Oh, Dick, you foolish boy!" she exclaimed.

But she blushed and smiled as proudly as ever did a queen on a Raleigh's cloak as she made her way to the car.

"Absurd!" said an angular shopper with spectacles.

"How lovely!" said another pretty young woman.

And "Hully gee!" said the boy.

THE EVENING STORY.

THE HUMILIATION OF JOHN STRONG

By Howard Devine.

(Copyright, 1904, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

It was the trial of John Strong's life that his sister could not or would not keep more capable and sightly maids about the house. In a general way he admitted inwardly and outwardly that Lavina was a most competent and comfortable housekeeper, but in the matter of maids he was peculiarly fastidious—placing the matter nearly as high in grade of importance as keeping the salt cellars filled.

"It positively spoils my appetite, Lavina," announced John Strong, dogmatically, "to have my food served by such dowdy girls."

John was just feeling the oats of his early old-bachelorhood. He was comparatively young as old bachelors go, but having lived at hotels and clubs and restaurants during the brief period between the death of his mother and the widowhood of Lavina—some three or four years—he had acquired the microbe of criticism which develops so readily and rapidly in the bachelor nature and moreover he wanted Lavina to understand thoroughly that he was no longer a kid brother, but had become a thoroughgoing man of the world. In truth John had been glad enough to get back to the spacious and comfortable old home and have his comfort looked after by Lavina, after his years of servitude to landlords, stewards, cooks and other abominations of bachelor life. But ne feared she regarded him still as a sort of small boy and it required some energetic complaint and a great deal of dignity, assumed or real, to maintain his position as a seasoned man of the world.

And Lavina—well Lavina always worshiped John as the King who could do no wrong—but, nevertheless, as the boy who was to be cared for and looked after, and she regarded his criticisms and his airs and graces much as a big Newfoundland dog regards the barking of a diminutive rat-and-tan.

"Which girl is it that offends your esthetic sense, Johnnie?" inquired Lavina, sweetly.

The "Johnnie" settled it. The one thing John Strong could not stand was to be addressed by the pet name of his boyhood.

"All of 'em, all of 'em," he declared warmly. "Take this freak you have now as a dining room girl. In the first place nature never intended she should be seen outside a kitchen or laundry, and in the second place her method of getting herself up is positively disgraceful. She may be clean—but I doubt it—and it is a fact that the way she fixes her hair and dresses herself is a positive disgrace. It spoils my appetite to have her around, to say nothing of the thought that she handles my food."

"Why, I thought Nellie was a particularly neat and tasty girl," replied Lavina, sweetly. "Mrs. Terwilliger-Jones was remarking the other day that she was altogether too pretty a girl to have about a house where there was a young man. She said she would not have her about her house when Robert was home—and I'm sure Nellie dresses very nicely."

John had gone purple during this speech.

"Mrs. Terwilliger-Jones," he shouted. "And so that old gossip is mixing in our affairs and offering advice about how a gentleman should live. I suppose she cannot recover from the low-born associations of the period prior to her marriage to Terwilliger-Jones. I don't wonder Bob prefers to travel than to live in such an atmosphere. Please do not mention her name to me again, Lavina. And as for this girl I insist that she be replaced immediately. Of course, I do not want to interfere with your domestic arrangements, but I positively refuse to eat in the house again so long as she waits on the table. Why, you should see the dainty girls they have to serve at the Mecca and at Bernick's. Pretty as pictures and dressed so daintily as to make it a positive pleasure to receive the dishes at their hands."

"But how is one to get these fairy waitresses?" asked Lavina with a quizzical smile. "I'm sure it's hard enough to get any sort of help."

"Pay 'em, pay 'em," answered John, decisively. "That's how Bernick gets 'em. We do not have to economize, Lavina, how many times have I told you. Do I ever complain at the bills?"

Then John arose and stalked out, nor did he return for several days, telephoning that he would return when the objectionable person had departed.

Some days later Lavina and her friend Mrs. Terwilliger-Jones were downtown shopping one afternoon and decided to stay down for the theater. So they went to Bernick's for dinner. They occupied one of the cosy little boxes or private dining rooms, which lined both sides of the great main dining room, with its palms and rustic and glistening marble and noisy clatter of tongues and dishes.

Presently the tones of a familiar voice struck Lavina's ear. They came from the next room, which was separated only by a low partition. Evidently Brother John was also dining at Bernick's.

"Here, Thompson," send that new girl to wait on me—the pretty little blond who looks so neat. I can't endure a lowdy girl to wait on me." This in John Strong's most dignified and authoritative tones.

"Yes, sir," replied the usher deferentially.

Some moments later John's voice rose again. "Ah, there you are; and prettier than ever. Come, stop your bulshing and look here at what I've brought you."

There was a feminine exclamation of surprise and pleasure and then John's voice again. "Come, now, don't I deserve a kiss? Yes I do. What? Well, if you won't give it to me I'll just have to take it."

There was a slight sound of a scuffle and a smothered scream. Lavina looked very severe and Mrs. Terwilliger-Jones inexpressibly shocked.

Again John's voice. "Well, if you are afraid people will hear, why don't you keep still. Yes, I'll give you my order in a minute. But look here, you're altogether too pretty and dainty a girl to be waiting on a table in a bloody old restaurant. It's too hard work for you. You look all tired out. I'll tell you what. You join me at the X street entrance to the park tomorrow afternoon at five and we'll have a nice little supper and take a boat ride afterwards. What do you say?"

"I don't get off until 9 o'clock," replied a feminine voice.

"Pshaw, that's easy," replied John. "Just tell 'em you're sick and have to lay off. If there's a row I'll fix it with Bernick."

When she heard the sound of the girl's voice Lavina looked puzzled, then she smiled expansively. She whispered to Mrs. Terwilliger-Jones.

A moment later both ladies stood in the doorway of the adjoining room. A most scandalous sight met their eyes. John Strong sat at the table with hair slightly ruffled and holding the hand of a rather pretty little blond girl, who stood by his side blushing profusely. Before them on the table was an open jewel box, containing a handsome ring. Mrs. Terwilliger-Jones raised her lorgnette to her eyes and stared coldly. Lavina volced a quick little giggle and said sweetly:

"Good afternoon, John. I thought it was your voice. Why, Nellie, how do you do? I didn't know you worked here. Do you like it better than in a private family? I must remember it and have you to wait on me when I come here. Why, John, I thought you could not, did not like to have Nellie serve your meals." Then both ladies retired.

John Strong's face was a study. "You don't mean—are you—did you—that it—dem it!"

"Yes," replied Nellie. "Your sister discharged me last week. Didn't you recognize me? Why, I thought you did and that was why——"

But John had reached for his hat and fled incontinently. Nor did he go outside the doors of his club for a week—and he resumed his home relations only upon the most solemn promise on the part of Lavina that the restaurant incident never would be alluded to.

Nor has John ever expressed himself on the servant girl question since.

C. M. Johnston, Middletown—I would not keep house without Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It's a great family medicine; has kept my family well the past ten years. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

Winnipeg and Return $16.70.

July 27, the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to Winnipeg and return, account Winnipeg Fair, good returning August 8th. For tickets and full information call at City Office, 332 West Superior street.

CHARACTER TO THE FRONT.

The keynote of all the addresses that have been made lately at college commencements and at meetings of business men's associations has been the development of character, says the Wall Street Journal. It is remarkable how this word "character" runs through all the recent speeches and papers. It is as if, by common impulse, our intellectual leaders had stopped talking about this or that economic problem, this or that political issue, and this or that means of attaining success in life, and had returned to the development of character as the one solution of all national problems.

Thus, one of the principal speakers before the National Credit Men's association dwells upon the factor of personal character as the basis of all credit. Thus, one of our eminent lawyers, in a long address, urges the necessity of teaching Christian morality—in other words, character—in the higher schools as the foundation of all other instruction. President Finley, of the city college, urges his students not to make wealth and success the sole aim of their endeavor, but to acquire courage and character. The best way, he says, to equalize the inequalities met with in life is to develop character. President Schurman's recent address before Cornell university was along the same line. President Hadley, of Yale, says that as nations acquire wealth and dominion they are in danger of suffering the loss of faith and enthusiasm, and that the chief danger which confronts us comes from this loss of faith and enthusiasm and from the adoption of selfishness as the basis of human conduct. President Harris, of Amherst, speaks much to the same effect. These are only a few of the multitude of addresses and articles which have appeared in the last month, which dwell upon character as the fundamental need of the times.

Why, it may be asked, is this insistence upon a thing which would seem so obvious? It is because these thinkers and leaders believe that in our strenuous efforts to increase the individual and colective wealth of the nation we are losing sight of the basic principles of morality? It would appear so. If they are right, no teaching and no preaching, whether from platform, pulpit, or press, could be more practical than this.

WEAK STOMACH

Hot, sultry weather is especially apt to upset the stomach unless the system is kept constantly toned up and healthy, and digestion assisted, by taking



Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

It is an absolutely pure tonic-stimulant, prescribed exclusively by nearly 10,000 doctors and used in more than 2000 hospitals in all weakening, wasting, run-down conditions of body, brain, nerve and muscle. Absolutely pure and free from fusel oil.

All druggists and grocers, or direct, $1 a bottle. Medical booklet free. Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.

STACK & CO.

107 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Clearance Sale Prices!

Telling reductions—All summer goods and overstocks must be sold. Don't miss this sale. Along both sides and down the middle you'll find scenes of activity that are in evidence only where there is something doing.

8c Amoskeag apron gingham, yd— **5½c**

95c bed spreads, extra good— **65c**

10c percale, 36 inches wide, yd— **6½c**

7c heavy quality cotton toweling, yd— **4½c**

12½c pillow cases, heavy and durable **10c**

25c fancy lawn, batistes and dimities, yd— **10c**

7c batistes and lawns, 30 inch, yd— **3c**

75c table damask, 68 in., unbleached, yd— **50c**

5c Turkish wash rugs, each— **2c**

29c knotted fringe linen towels, each, **19c**

50c fancy white waisting, yd— **25c**

$1.50 fringed bed spread, large size— **$1.19**

22c India linon, fine quality, 32 in., yd— **15c**

7½c shelf oil cloth, scolloped edges, yd **5c**

$1.50 36 in. black taffeta, guaranteed— **$1.19**

7c mosquito netting, all colors— **5c**

12½c fancy twilled cretones— **7c**

6c heavy cream domet, flannel— **4c**

8c ladies' summer sleeveless vests, at **2c**

50c boys' wool pants, all sizes, at **25c**

Ladies' Skirts, Petticoats, Wrappers, Shirt Waists, Kimonas, Etc.



$1.50 Wrappers—odds and ends—Tomorrow... ... ... **75c**

$1.00 Wrappers—odds and ends—Tomorrow... ... ... **49c**

$1.50 values in ruffled satin petticoats—Tomorrow..... **$1.00**

75c Wash Striped Gingham Underskirts—Tomorrow **35c**

$5.00 Champagne - Colored Skirts—Tomorrow..... **$2.98**

$7.50 Silk Petticoats in black only—Tomorrow..... .... **$5.00**

75c Kimonas and Dressing Sacques—Tomorrow..... **39c**

CLEARANCE SALE PRICES



50 dozen Shirt Waists HALF PRICE

The best values ever shown in Duluth. High-grade novelties in waists at prices that will prove a boon to shoppers. The beautiful all-over lace waists that are so popular this season and will be decidedly good for evening wear at half others' prices..

$1.00 Waists at 50c
$1.50 Waists at 75c
$1.98 Waists at $1.00
$3.00 Waists at $1.48
$5.00 Waists at $2.50
$7.50 Waists at $3.75

CLEARANCE SALE PRICES

15c, 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c, $1

Children's Wash Dresses

Upwards of 1000 garments at **Half Price!**



The biggest and best lot of stuff we ever got hold of. All the new fabrics, made in the most approved fashion for children and misses from 1 year to 14-year sizes. Don't bother making them. We can sell you a made-up dress for the price of the findings. The prices start in at—

15c and wind up at **$1**

CLEARANCE SALE PRICES



HOSIERY and UNDERWEAR

At prices the like of which you never saw before. We have three times too many goods, and we must turn them into cash. Hence these prices that are easily understood:

19c LADIES' HOSIERY AT—PER PAIR.....10¢
19c LADIES' LONG-SLEEVE VESTS—AT.....12½¢
35c LADIES' MERCERIZED VESTS.....25¢
15c LADIES' SHORT-SLEEVE VESTS.....10¢
8c LADIES' GAUZE SUMMER VESTS.....3¢
15c MISSES' 1x1 RIBBED BLACK HOSE.....10¢

CLEARANCE SALE PRICES



Lace Curtain Specials

FANCY LAPPET SWISS—36-inch, suitable for curtains and sash windows—12½c quality— **9c**

LACE-STRIPED MADRAS Handsome 45-in cloth, in light and dark shades—per yard— **23c**

WINDOW SHADES—complete with fixtures, good cloth, in dark colors, the 25c kind, for— **19c**

69c NOTTINGHAM Lace Curtains, 2½ yards long—new patterns, per pair..... **38c**

$1.60 NOTTINGHAM Lace Curtains, 3 yards long and good variety of patterns, a pair... **85c**

$1.25 LACE and Ruffled Curtains, 3 yards long and extra width—choice styles, per pair..... **98c**

LACE CURTAINS—big selection in plain and floral centers—per pair..... **$2.50**

$5.00 LACE CURTAINS—choice selection of fine lace curtains, special per yd..... **$3.75**

$7.00 BRUSSELS NET—Arabian and Cable net, splendid value, per pair..... **$4.98**

75c and $1 men's fancy summer shirts— **35c**

35c men's pink, blue summer underwear— **18c**

65c ladies' pure silk net gloves, at— **25c**

10c imported cream torchon laces— **3c**

25c imported point de Paris laces— **5c**

39c values in bags, leather handles, at **25c**

$1.50 silk covered taffeta umbrellas— **98c**

50c ladies' fancy collars, big value— **10c**

25c all silk taffeta ribbons— **5c**

3c Brooks' machine thread, at— **1c**

5c linen thread, Shamrock brand— **2c**

$1.98 ladies' plain black dress skirts, at— **$1.00**

$12.50 ladies' fine voile dress skirts— **$6.98**

$7.50 ladies' all wool walking skirts— **$3.98**

75c and 50c odds and ends corsets and girdles— **25c**

15c quality ladies' black seamless hose— **10c**

5c colored brush binding, a yd— **1c**

50c men's Egyptian cotton underwear **35c**

19c plain and fancy pearl waist sets— **5c**

25c children's and misses mercerized hose— **15c**

Phillips & Co. | Phillips & Co. | Phillips & Co.



$2.50 and $3.00 **$1.98**

Ladies' fine Vici Kid Oxfords, hand turned and belted soles — patent colt Oxfords, made with heavy extension edge or lightweight soles—

All go at one price $1.98.

Cut Prices

Ladies' patent kid and vici kid French heel Oxfords, all $4 and $3.50 grades at—

$2.95

LACE AND BUTTON.



$1.75 & $1.50 grade **98c**



130 pairs Children's Shoes, lace and button, light and or heavy soles; sizes 8½ to 11—every pair just as advertised— **98c**

$1.50 Boys' Canvas Shoes ------- **$1.19**

$1.00 Boys' Canvas Shoes ---------- **75c**

$1.25 Little Gent's Bicycle Shoes--------- **95c**

$1.00 Child's Strap Slippers, kid or patent leather, sizes 5 to 11 ---------- **85c**

$1.25 Little Gent's Shoes, sizes 9 to 13½-- **95c**

Boys' Shoes, the kind that don't wear out— per pair --------- **$1.50**

Phillips & Co. | Phillips & Co.

SIZING UP THE MEN

Ted Sullivan Looking For Material For National League.

None Measure Up to That Standard, O'Leary Coming Nearest.

"Ted" Sullivan, of national baseball fame, is in Duluth today looking over the members of the Duluth and Crookston teams.

Mr. Sullivan has been connected with the baseball business since the time the catcher used to receive the ball with his bare hands, and is one of the best known baseball men in the country.

At present he is employed by three or four of the National league clubs in looking up new players for next season. He makes a tour of the country about this time of the year, watching the different minor league clubs work out, and getting a line on the coming players among them. He attended the game between Duluth and Crookston yesterday.

"None of the players I saw measure quite up to big league standards," he said, in speaking of their work. "There is quite a difference between horses that trot in the 2:40 class and horses in the 2:10 class. The fast ones in the 2:40 class may appear to be the best in the business, but when they measure up with those in the 2:10 class they don't appear to be so very fast. It's the same with baseball players. Some men appear to be phenomenal players in minor league company, but when you get them in the big leagues they are lost.

"O'Leary impressed me as being the only man who was at all likely, and I hardly think he is ready for the big leagues yet. He is a good hitter, a reliable back-stop and a heady player. That is what counts most in fast company. Fast legs will get a man to first base, but that won't bring him home. It takes a head to do that, and headwork is what the managers are looking for these days.

"I did not see Quillan perform. He is laid up with a game leg and did not play yesterday, so I do not know anything about him.

"I was sorry to hear that the attendance in the Northern league was not up to the mark. The crowds, both in the National and the American leagues, have been exceptionally large this season, and neither of the leagues has any complaints to make on that score.

"New York has a phenomenal team this year and was making a runaway race of it in the National league until the past week, when Pittsburg took a couple of games. The New York Americans are also playing good ball, and the science of baseball was never figured down finer than it has been this season."

CHAMBERLAIN'S COLIC, CHOLERA AND DIARRHOEA REMEDY.

This remedy is certain to be needed in almost every home before the summer is over. It can always be depended upon even in the most severe and dangerous cases. It is especially valuable for summer disorders in children. It is pleasant to take and never fails to give prompt relief. Why not buy it now? It may save life. For sale by all druggists.

Boston and Return

ONLY ONE CENT PER MILE FROM CHICAGO, VIA LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Tickets on sale Aug. 12-13-14, with provision for extension of return limit to Sept. 30. Tickets available via all regular routes, including through New York, as well as the St. Lawrence river, Adirondack and White Mt. territory. For full information, call upon or address W. B. Hutter, N. W. P. A., Pioneer Press Bldg., St. Paul, or C. F. Daly, Chief A. G. P. A., Chicago.

AMERICAN WARSHIPS' MOVEMENTS IN EUROPE.

New York, July 22.—The battleships Kearsarge, Alabama, Illinois, Maine, Missouri and Iowa of the American squadron will leave July 24 for Fiume, Gibraltar and then home, says a Herald dispatch from Trieste.

The cruisers Olympia, Baltimore, Cleveland and the tender Mayflower, will leave Trieste on Sunday for Ville Franche for six days' drill, and will then go to Gibraltar for stores and leave for a cruise in the English channel.

WILL BRING KENT'S BODY.

Southampton, July 22.—The American liner St. Paul, which sails from here for New York July 27, will take the body of F. Kent Loomis.

GAMBLING GALORE

El Paso Is the Monte Carlo of the United States.

Texas Town Has Ninety-Four Wide-Open Gambling Houses.

El Paso, Tex., July 22.—Eight hundred miles from any city of a size commensurate with its own, the center of a desert radiating 500 miles in every direction, situated on the boundaries of two states, one territory and two republics, is the Monte Carlo of the United States.

In no city of similar population—in fact, nowhere else in this country save in small Western villages and mining camps—is wide-open gambling permitted as it is in El Paso, Tex., "The Pass" from the uesserts of Western Texas and the sun-scorched valley of Southern New Mexico to the equally barren ranges of yellow mountains and thirsty valleys which form the northern portion of President Diaz's republic. Perhaps in some of the larger cities and at a few of the gayer pleasure resorts more money changes hands under the laws of the god of chance at certain periods, at Last in race track wagering. But the original sport in El Paso is constant, continuous and unchecked.

And this is a state whose laws relative to gambling are more stringent and more rigidly enforced than in any other commonwealth of the Union. But El Paso is only technically a city of its state. It lies 600 miles journey across an arid waste from Texas proper, and is a community in itself.

A glance at the map will demonstrate that it is the most isolated municipality in the United States, and the capital of the "free zone," which extends from Yuma, Ariz., to Eagle Pass, Tex.

Thus situated, El Paso feels free to conduct its business enterprises as its citizens see fit, regardless of the arm of the state law, which would shrivel and lose all of its force if it attempted to stretch across the half a dozen hundred miles of heated plain which separate "The Pass" from the orderly regions of Eastern Texas.

More than $20,000,000 passes over the gambling tables of El Paso every year. This is an average of $80,000 a day, or about $3 daily for every citizen, man, woman or child, as the population of the place is less than 30,000. This amount does not include what is spent in private gambling games. But there is no need of a citizen of El Paso or visitor within its gates to test his luck in private. There are ninety-four wide-open public gambling places within two miles of the customs house.

In the suburbs and just across the Rio Grande at Juarez, Mexico, there are forty-six more houses where gambling is the principal diversion. These 140 resorts conduct open games of poker, roulette, Mexican monte, faro, keno, dice—commonly called craps—and various others. They are open all day and every day, twenty-four hours a day and seven days a week. There is an average of four games in progress continually in each place, or a total of 560 games simultaneously and constantly in operation.

The amount of table gambling in El Paso is sixteen times greater than the total dry goods business, both wholesale and retail. Moreover it is conducted entirely on a cash basis, and none of it in promissory notes or in other lines of trade.

In the gambling houses of the city proper there are 400 employes who operate the various games, and these do not include porters and other attendants. The average salary of the operators of tables and machines is $5 a day, making a total daily expenditure for salaries alone of $2500, almost a million yearly.

One-third of a million is annually expended for rents. With four exceptions these ninety-four gambling houses have bars attached, and the total investment in bar and gambling fixtures aggregates over a million dollars, many times greater than that of any other combined business in the town, except smelting, for El Paso boasts the greatest smelter in the Southwest.

In spite of the great sum of money invested, there are only a few games in El Paso able to stand great losses and continue business. A loss of from $2000 to $10,000 in a single day would cause the vast majority of proprietors to put up their shutters, at least temporarily.

Such an occurrence, however, does not often befall. This business—for it is a business rather than a sport—has been phenomenal from the start, and few games close each year from lack of funds. The six strongest houses carry from $8000 to $20,000 in cas on hand, as well as commensurate deposits in the banks.

The most dangerous man to gambling house interests is the plunger from the cow country or the mining camp. With a year's pay, or perhaps the proceeds of a lucky strike, all in gold in a money-belt or pouch, he comes to town for his periodical "good time"—expressed by himself more picturesquely and also more profanely. He plays heavily, and if luck is with him, soon makes a "killing."

Should he quit with his winnings at this stage of the game the house is out a big sum. But, fortunately for the business man behind the table, this good-hearted fellow is usually a "true sport." He delights in being game, and it is a rare thing for him to ride back to the camp or corral burdened otherwise than by an empty belt and a heavy load of liquid refreshment.

But the occasional visit of men with big rolls could hardly suffice to support the proprietors of 140 establishments in ease and affluence. "How do so many exist, ont to say prosper?" was asked of the bright young city editor of one of the evening papers. He was as mild-mannered as any newspaper man could possibly be, when interrupted in the labors incidental to getting a 2:55 piece of news into a 3 o'clock edition. He looked innocent of all evil, save that which must filter through him on the way from the reportorial pencil to the fresh type of his paper.

"Because everybody gambles," he replied.

"Do you, for instance?"

"Not so much as I should like to," was the calm answer. "My salary does not warrant a try for a killing at present. But I drop in every few days, whenever I have a few dollars loose in my clothes. If I haven't time to play craps or keno I usually put it on the red in a bunch and get quick action. If I win I buy a round of drinks for the boys and take lunch at the Sheldon hotel. The black color drives me straight back to the office until I have more to spare."

That young man has no gambling fever. He is innocent of any passion in the matter. If he were in Columbus, or Albany, or Indianapolis, he would never think of looking for a place where he might put his money on the red. But in El Paso it is as natural for him to do so as to glance through the columns of the opposition paper every evening.

It is in the air. To him it is only taking a business chance. Winning, he eats hearty and treats his friends. Losing, he has contributed his share to the city's greatest industry.

El Paso has no dives or low class resorts of the kind which prevail in the cities of the East and the Middle West, where open gambling is restricted or done away with entirely. There it is as much a legitimate business as any branch of trade or industry.

The houses are on the principal streets of the town and conducted by men thoroughly responsible in business affairs. Unlike most places of gambling conducted secretly and in fear of the law, the resorts are all "on the square," to use the parlance of green-cloth patrons.

The games are guarded and inspected by the authorities and none can be run on other than what they decide to be a legitimate basis. It is a time-honored and accepted institution.

Again, because the gambler is honest in the commercial sense of the term, pays his debts, is liberal in his contributions to churches, charities, and municipal affairs, he moves in a different atmosphere from that which surrounds the table operator elsewhere in the United States.

The history of gambling in El Paso within recent years is marked by few tragedies. There is an occasional suicide, and one in a while a story of a wrecked fortune. But the gambling hall brawls and killings are entirely of the past. It is not now a case of men gambling with one another, inflamed by the passion of greed and avarice, but of patrons playing against the house, which is known to be "on the square."

The trueklery found in the dives common to many of our larger cities, where a player has but to exhibit his money to lose it, is unknown in El Paso. The gambler in the far Southwest asks for nothing but his regular percentage.

Each professional simply uses his theoretical understanding of the game to earn, as he considers it, his living.

The trade of the gamblers is derived from all classes, ranging from millionaire miners and cattlemen to Mexican peons and negro bootblacks.

The tributary territory embraces Western Texas, Southern New Mexico, Eastern Arizona and the states of Chihuahua and Sonora, in Mexico. In winter tourists, healthseekers and travelers help to make trade play brisker. During the height of the bull-fighting season at Juarez, from December to February, about twenty-five additional games are put on across the river. Americans usually obtaining the concessions from the Mexican government and employing native Mexicans to operate the play.

Col. Cy Ryan, who died about a year ago, was a type of the men who have had much to do with the prevention of crusades against gambling. Although he was known throughout the Southwest as "The Prince of Gamblers," he was orderly, public-spirited and progressive. His place, the Astor house, which is still running, was utilized by Pfleneric Remington in one of his frontier drawings of early days, when El Paso was mainly an adobe village, and the Astor was the finest building on the town plat. It is also the scene of one of George Ade's fables.

Like Col. Ryan, nearly all the professional gamblers of El Paso live well and dress well, are quiet in deportment, orderly and sober. They know that a drunken gambler cannot play successfully, and sobriety is exacted of employes as rigidly as in the railway service. They contribute the largest subscriptions to convention and entertainment funds, and by their liberality and invariable decorum make friends even among those who do not patronize their houses.

Under present conditions it will take more than a law on the statute books of Texas to close the doors behind which is operated the leading industry of the capital of the "free zone."

MINNEAPOLIS WANTS HIM

Rev. Carl Solomonson May Go to Ebenezer Church There.

Rev. Carl Solomonson of Duluth, pastor of the First Swedish Lutheran church, at the corner of Second avenue West and Second street, has been called to the pastorate of the Ebenezer Swedish Lutheran church in South Minneapolis. Rev. P. A. Mattson, who has been pastor there has been elected to the presidency of Augustana college in St. Peter.

Rev. Mattson will continue in charge of the parish until September, though going to St. Peter in the middle of August.

Rev. Solomonson is out of the city and will not return until next week, so that nothing can be had from him as to whether he is to leave Duluth or not. The report of the action in Minneapolis says that his name had not been proposed until the evening of the meeting when he was elected to the pastorate.



REV. CARL SOLOMONSON, Duluth Pastor Who May Go to Minneapolis.

BACHELORS BUTTON WINS.

London, July 22.—Bachelors Button, ridden by Maher, the American jockey, won the Liverpool cup of 1200 sovereigns at the Liverpool July meeting today. Foundling was a second and Whistling Crow third.

Dancing every evening, except Sunday, at Oatka beach auditorium.

THE SATISFACTORY STORE.

Yes, We Sell On Easy Payments.



STEWART STEEL RANGES

Lead all others. High warming closet, nickel trimmed. A guarantee with each one.

From $25 Up.



DRESSERS

Of beautiful golden quartered oak, some with swell fronts. Very fancy shaped mirrors, oval and square, worth $17.50, $18.50 and $20.00.



KITCHEN CABINET

And Table, with all conveniences, spice boxes, flour and sugar bins, etc. Made of the best white maple. One like cut worth $8.25.

Choice, $12.98. On Sale at $6.35



Our Best Go-Carts and Baby Carriages at 1-4 Off.

All of our Finest Vehicles cut way below their real value.

Reclining cart, was $24.50; now $18.38.
Reclining cart, was $27.00; now $20.25.
Reclining cart, was $28.50; now $21.38.
Reclining cart, was $29.00; now $21.75.
Reclining cart, was $32.00; now $24.00.
Reclining cart, was $36.50; now $27.38.
Reclining cart, was $38.50; now $28.88.
Baby carriage, was $20; now $15.
Baby carriage, was $21; now $15.75.
Baby carriage, was $25; now $18.75

Send Us Your Mail Orders.



Another lot Iron Cribs, high drop sides, close bars, best white or green enamel. Complete with iron frame spring. Most stores ask $7.00,

$4.85.



Leather Seat Rockers—

Of golden oak or birch mahogany, handsomely finished, with plain spindles. Most stores ask $2.75.

Our price $1.80.



THE "BISSELL"

Good Sweepers for $2.00—

Bissell's cost no more than others, and are by far the best. $2.50 TO $6.50.

Duluth's Largest and Best Housefurnishers.



SOLID OAK ROCKER

With cane seat, braced arms and carved back. Regular price, $1.60. **Special price 95c.**

The F. S. KELLY Furniture Co.

226-228 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minnesota



RESULT OF TOURNAMENT

Final Scores and Percentages Made By Markmen.

Deering, the champion trap shooter of Wisconsin took first place among the amateurs at the open tournament of the Duluth Gun club which was brought to a close yesterday afternoon. Storey, the Duluth marksmen, failed to hold the fast pace he cut out for himself the first day, and fell down yesterday morning, finishing in sixth place among the amateurs.

H. C. Hirschy, of Minneapolis, a professional took first place in the two days' shooting, but his record is not counted in the prize competition. He broke 381 out of a possible 400 birds, making an average of 95.25, compared with Deering's 375, an average of 93.75.

The other professionals with the exception of Budd were outclassed by the amateurs.

The following table shows the totals and the averages of the first thirty-five men and the amateurs are all eligible for the high average prizes, donated by the Duluth club:

	Total shoot.	Average.
*H. C. Hirschy, Minneapolis....	381	95.25
*C. W. Budd, Des Moines, Ia..	376	94
G. W. Deering, Columbia, Wis.	375	93.75
Guptil, Aitkin, Minn	372	93
C. R. Wilkinson, St. Paul.....	372	93
L. A. Parker, Minneapolis.....	372	93
*Adams	371	92.75
C. M. Power, Decatur, Ill.....	371	92.75
T. J. Storey, Duluth.....	370	92.5
Russell Kline, Spirit Lake, Ia..	369	92.25
*Wood Waters, New York.....	368	92
Braun	367	91.75
F. E. Berry, Duluth.....	363	90.75
*Lord	363	90.75
L. R. Fulton, Superior.....	360	90
Cap, Duluth	358	89.50
Gus Evander, Wheaton, Minn..	355	88.75
Biffton, Minneapolis	353	88.25
Frank Jackson, Duluth.....	352	88
Zojeck, Duluth	349	87.25
*B. O. Seymour, Grand Forks..	347	86.75
J. W. Nelson, Duluth.....	347	86.75
*L. P. Reid, Cincinnati, O.....	341	85.25
Bill, Duluth	339	84.75
Moulton, Minneapolis	338	84.50
Thorp, Carlton, Minn.....	338	84.50
Snyder	336	84
*Vietmeyer	332	82.75
Dewey, Fergus Falls, Minn....	322	80.5
Lamoreaux	320	80
E. D. Parmalee, Virginia, Minn	313	78.25
J. B. Sprague, Minneapolis.....	308	78
Williams, Duluth	294	73.5
Bob, Duluth	293	73.25
John Morrow, Duluth	249	62.25

*Professionals.

PHILANTHROPIST

At New Orleans Started Life as Seaman.

New Orleans, July 22.—Capt. Salvatore Pizzati, philanthropist, who recently gave $70,000 towards the construction of a new school for St. Joseph's church, at Tulane avenue and Derbigny street, has given $75,000 to build an industrial school, to be conducted by the Missionary Sisters of the Sacred Heart. The new institution will be built in Esplanade avenue, near the old car barn. An invitation has been sent to Cardinal Sutolli to come here to break the ground for the institution.

The ground on which the building is to be erected is 200 by 700 feet. It extends from Esplanade avenue to Bayou St. John and is especially adapted for the use intended. When finished the institution will cost nearly $100,000, including ground and all improvements.

Salvatore Pizzati has a remarkable history. He was born in Palermo, Sicily, Sept. 2, 1839, coming from a fine old race of patriots and warriors. He was early placed by his parents in the Jesuit college in Palermo, where he spent three years from the age of 19 to 22. This college is conducted under the auspices of the Italian government.

Young Pizzati distinguished himself in this institution, but he had always a longing for the sea. He has four brothers, who were all in one way or another connected with the seafaring life. In 1851 he sailed on an American ship, which brought him to America. He landed in New York, and then enlisted as an ordinary seaman. He served three years in this capacity. In 1856 he became captain of a merchant vessel plying between Philadelphia and Marseilles. Two years later he came to New Orleans and became a member of the S. Oteri company, conducting a shipping business. He now holds many important commercial positions and has large investments in plantations. He has now for the most part retired from business and spends his time mostly on his plantations.

The number of times in a year that a man uses The Herald's Want Columns is an idex to his interests and activities.

A HAND out of the DARK

often comes to our aid when we least expect hope or help.

If you are one of the millions of sufferers from Nervous Debility, and the future seems gloomy and hopeless, this advertisement of

PALMO TABLETS

will seem providential.

This remedy cures the dread disease and all of its symptoms, such as dizziness, failing memory, drains, sleeplessness and varicocele.

It has cured thousands; it will cure you. "Your money back" proves our faith

60 cents a box, 12 for $5. New book, free. The S. H. Feil Co., Cleveland, O.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, 13 West Superior street.

FOR DRUNKARDS

WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 a box. P. P. Barnes, druggist, 332 West Superior st., Duluth.

Duluth **FAMOUS SHOE STORE** Duluth

ADJUSTMENT SALE!

This stock must be closed out immediately. Among other bargains we quote Men's Shoes at practically your own prices.

1654 prs. Women's and Misses' $2 and $3 Shoes go at 98c

300 pairs Men's Rubbers at 9c a pair

W. D. FERGUSON ADJUSTMENT CO.,

115 West Superior Street. **115 West Superior Street.**

AND STILL THEY WIN

White Sox Shaken In Line, But Win Out Easily.

Nolden Has Perfect Control and Crookston Scores But Once.

NORTHERN LEAGUE.

STANDING.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Duluth	56	40	15	.727
Crookston	55	28	27	.509
Grand Forks	55	28	27	.509
Superior	54	24	30	.433
Winnipeg	54	22	32	.407
Fargo	55	22	33	.400

GAMES YESTERDAY.

Duluth, 6; Crookston, 1.
Superior, 4; Grand Forks, 3.

GAMES TODAY.

Grand Forks at Superior (afternoon).
Grand Forks at Duluth (evening).
Fargo at Winnepeg.

The so-called "Remnants" are doing nicely, thank you—very nicely.

It was a queer looking bunch that lined up yesterday afternoon at Athletic park, but they played the kind of ball that wins. Jack Corrigan was brought in from the outfield to hold down a position at short. Quillan was out of the game with a sprained knee and Joe Wilkes was stationed at the third corner. Gehring was playing Corrigan's position in the right field and "Chesty" Cox, who has been signed temporarily by Van Praagh was in center.

"Chesty" has been monkeying with the baseball business again this year and had to come back to Duluth for a visit. He may be given a chance to show what he can do in the box.

Crookston also displayed a battered appearance. Novacek and Miller are in the hospital at Crookston with typhoid fever and Patterson is laid up with a lame back. Symons was playing right field and Martin center, while Thomas, the third member of the pitching staff, was in the box.

"Buck" Noldin was in beautiful form and scattered their five little singles through four innings, two coming in the eighth. Hoffman's lucky home run in the second saved the Woodpeckers from a shut-out. Buck didn't issue a single pass and only thirty-four men faced him in the nine innings, two reaching their bases on errors by Cox and Zink.

Mr. Thomas himself was somewhat of an impervious person, and had he been given any kind of support the tale might have been a different one. No less than seven errors were chalked up against the visitors, and in one inning the White Sox performed the feat of scoring without a hit or a base on balls.

After Shepard had been retired in the first, Corrigan hit safely and went to third on Randall's single. O'Leary's slow hit to second allowed him to score.

In the fourth Zink reached when Carlisle dropped the ball after a hard run. Cox sacrificed him to second. Noldin also tried the martyr act, but Hoffmeister dropped the throw, and the ball went into the grass back of first. While the fielders were searching for it Buck went to third and Zink scored. Wilkes punched out a slow one to Breyette and Buck was caught at the plate by the fast little short stop.

Zink singled in the sixth, and Cox again tried to sacrifice, but was safe on Thomas' fumble. Then little Joe Wilkes distinguished himself by lamming out a long three-bagger to deep center field, scoring the two runners.

The eighth was another comedy of errors. Noldin hit one to Breyette which the latter fielded and threw wild to first. Buck continued his way to second, and Hoffmeister in trying to catch him there threw wild and Buck went to third. Then Joe Wilkes got his base on Carlisle's second error and Gehring brought them both home with a two-bagger.

Crookston had a chance to score in the eighth when Thomas and Breyette hit safely, but Hoffmeister and Schils succumbed to Buck's mysterious curves, and it was all over.

The feature of the game was Zink's running catch of a foul fly in the sixth inning.

Another feature of tae game was the appearance of the only genuine female rooter in captivity. She occupied a free seat in the center of the grand stand yesterday afternoon and gave a splendid exhibition of how ladies should not act at a baseball game, screaming slang phrases at the top of her thin soprano voice and generally making a nuisance of herself to the other occupants of the stand.

The score:

DULUTH.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Shepard, 2b	4	0	0	1	4	0
Corrigan, ss	5	1	1	2	1	0
Randall, lf	4	0	2	3	0	0
O'Leary, c	3	0	0	3	0	0
Zink, 1b	4	2	1	11	0	1
Cox, cf	3	1	0	4	0	0
Nolden, p	4	1	0	0	2	0
Wilkes, 3b	4	1	1	1	1	0
Gehring, rf	3	0	1	2	0	0
Totals	34	6	6	27	8	2

CROOKSTON.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Breyett, ss	4	0	1	2	2	1
Hoffmeister, 1b	4	0	0	9	0	1
Schils, 2b	4	0	1	1	2	0
Carlisle, lf	3	0	0	3	0	2
Hoffman, 3b	4	1	1	3	0	2
Henry, c	4	0	0	1	4	0
Simons, rf	4	0	0	0	0	0
Martin, cf	3	0	0	2	1	0
Thomas, p	3	0	1	0	5	1
Totals	33	1	5	24	12	7

Score by innings:

Duluth	1	0	0	1	0	2	0	2	x	—6
Crookston	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Summary: Earned runs—Duluth, 3; Crookston, 1. Two-base hits—Randall, Gehring. Three-base hit—Wilkes. Home run—Hoffman. Sacrifice hits—O'Leary, Cox. Stolen bases—Randall, Gehring. Bases on balls—Off Thomas, 3. Struck out—By Nolden, 3; by Thomas, 3. Left on bases—Duluth, 9; Crookston, 7. Passed ball—Henry. Hit by pitcher—Carlisle. Attendance, 250. Time, 1:25. Umpire—Criss.

ELEVEN INNINGS.

Superior Wins Out By a Single Score.

Superior took an eleven-inning game from Grand Forks yesterday afternoon by the score of 4 to 3. It was a pitchers' battle between Kilroy and Morton, in which the honors were about evenly divided. The Tigers secured five hits to Superior's four, but Morton allowed two passes while Kilroy did not grant any.

The team experienced another convulsion yesterday afternoon, and did some more lightning change stunts with the line-up. Both Baxter and Freeman tried their hands at first base, Doll was on third and Bennett went back to the outfield.

Superior scored the winning run in the last half of the eleventh. Leach hit a fly to Scharnweber, who fumbled, and the batter was safe. He stole second, went to third on Rogers' out from Dunn to Cole, and scored when Dunn fumbled Bennett's slow grounder.

The score:

GRAND FORKS.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Hanrahan, cf	5	0	0	1	0	0
Scharnweber, ss	5	0	1	1	1	1
Nagel, rf	5	0	1	0	0	0
Cole, 1b	4	0	0	12	2	0
Dunn, 2b	4	0	0	3	3	2
Martin, lf	4	1	1	2	1	0
Hutchinson, 3b	4	1	1	4	0	1
Hess, c	4	0	1	7	0	1
Morton, p	4	1	0	1	2	0
Totals	39	3	5	*31	9	5

SUPERIOR.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Anderson, cf	3	0	1	3	0	0
Baxter, 1b	0	0	0	6	0	0
Freeman, 1b	3	0	0	7	0	0
O'Dea, 2b	5	0	0	1	4	0
Doll, 3b	5	0	1	0	2	1
Leach, rf	4	1	0	3	0	0
Rogers, c	4	1	0	11	0	0
Bennett, lf	5	1	0	1	0	0
Ronson, ss	4	1	1	1	1	0
Kilroy, p	4	0	1	0	3	1
Totals	37	4	4	33	9	2

*One out when winning run was made.

Score by innings:

Superior	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	—4
Grand Forks	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	—3

Summary: Two-base hits—Scharnweber. Bases on errors—Grand Forks, 2; Superior 4. Left on bases—Superior, 8; Grand Forks, 3. Base on balls—Off Morton, 2; Struck out—By Morton, 6; by Kilroy, 10. Time of game, 2 hours. Umpires—Riches and Egan.

Does it pay to advertise in The Herald? Ask H. E. Gooch.

ORINK { The best costs no more than the inferior kinds.
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER Sold in Duluth at the
IDEAL BEER HALL.

THE OTHER LEAGUES.

National League.

STANDING.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
New York	78	57	21	.731
Chicago	77	48	29	.623
Cincinnati	78	46	32	.589
Pittsburg	75	43	32	.573
St. Louis	76	40	36	.526
Brooklyn	83	30	53	.361
Boston	77	25	52	.325
Philadelphia	75	20	55	.255

PHILADELPHIA, 4; ST. LOUIS, 1.

St. Louis, July 22.—Philadelphia won yesterday, 4 to 1. Sparks pitched a fine game and kept St. Louis down to four hits. Attendance, 2800. Score:

	R	H	E
St. Louis	0	0	1
Philadelphia	0	3	0

Batteries—Grady and Nichols; Roth and Sparks. Umpire—Johnstone.

NEW YORK, 4; CHICAGO, 3.

Chicago, July 22.—Chicago gave the leaders yesterdays' game by stupid base-running, three of the locals being caught when it seemed that they had almost a certainty of scoring. Attendance, 11,000. Score:

	R	H	E
Chicago	0	0	0
New York	0	0	3

Batteries—Kling and Weimer; Bowerman, McGinnity and Matheweon. Umpires—O'Day and Emslie.

EVEN BREAK AT CINCINNATI.

Cincinnati, July 22.—Cincinnati and Boston split even in a double-header. A wild throw by Delhanty, together with two hits, gave the locals a victory over Willis in the first game. Fisher was hit harder than Hahn in the second game, but won. Attendance, 4471. Scores:

First game:

	R	H	E
Cincinnati	0	2	0
Boston	0	0	1

Batteries—Schiel and Kellum; Moran and Willis. Umpires—Moran and Carpenter.

Second game:

	R	H	E
Cincinnati	0	0	1
Boston	0	0	0

Batteries—Peitz and Hahn; Needham and Fisher. Umpires—Moran and Carpenter.

American League.

STANDING.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Boston	78	50	28	.641
New York	77	46	31	.597
Chicago	81	48	33	.592
Cleveland	74	42	32	.567
Philadelphia	76	43	33	.566
St. Louis	73	33	40	.452
Detroit	76	32	44	.421
Washington	75	15	60	.200

WASHINGTON, 11; DETROIT, 5.

Washington, July 22.—Washington hit the ball hard and timely yesterday and defeated Detroit 11 to 5. Score:

	R	H	E
Washington	0	1	0
Detroit	0	0	0

Batteries—Kittredge and Jacobsen; Buelow and Mullin. Umpire—Dwyer.

ST. LOUIS, 8; BOSTON, 4.

Boston, July 22.—St. Louis won from Boston yesterday by a score of 8 to 4. Battery errors and poor playing were responsible for most of the runs. Attendance, 3352. Score:

	R	H	E
Boston	0	0	1
St. Louis	1	0	2

Batteries—Siever and Kahoe; Tannehill and Doran. Umpire—Sheridan.

CHICAGO, 5; NEW YORK, 3.

New York, July 22.—Chicago won 5 to 3, the errors of the home team being costly. Attendance, 3508. Score:

	R	H	E
Chicago	0	1	0
New York	0	1	0

Batteries—Sullivan and Owens; Kleinow and Griffith. Umpire—Connolly.

CLEVELAND, 14; PHILADELPHIA, 8.

Philadelphia, July 22.—The visitors won as they pleased yesterday, knocking Henley out of the box in four innings. Attendance, 6390. Score:

	R	H	E
Cleveland	1	2	0
Philadelphia	0	6	1

Batteries—Bemis and Donahue; Noonan, Powers and Bruce. Umpires—King and O'Laughlin.

American Association.

STANDING.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
St. Paul	87	57	30	.608
Columbus	84	51	33	.607
Louisville	86	49	37	.570
Milwaukee	83	47	36	.567
Minneapolis	86	43	43	.500
Indianapolis	87	42	45	.483
Kansas City	83	30	53	.361
Toledo	87	25	62	.287

INDIANAPOLIS, 6; ST. PAUL, 1.

St. Paul, July 22.—With the score tied, Indianapolis filled the bases by using the bunting game in the seventh inning. Heydon's double started the scoring, the visitors accumulating three runs in the seventh inning and two in the next. Marcan made a sensational catch of Martin's long drive over second base in the fifth inning. Heydon's fingers were badly split in the eighth inning and Berry took his place. Attendance, 1150. Score:

	R	H	E
St. Paul	0	0	0
Indianapolis	0	0	0

Batteries—Pierce and Corbett; Berry, Heydon and Phillips. Umpire—Bausewine.

MINNEAPOLIS, 2; TOLEDO, 1.

Minneapolis, July 22.—Minneapolis took the last game of the series from Toledo yesterday. Deering pitched the first inning for the visitors, but was wild, and Reisling was substituted. Errors lost the game for Toledo. Score:

	R	H	E
Minneapolis	0	1	0
Toledo	1	0	0

Batteries — Starnagle and Morgan; Brown, Deering and Reisling. Umpire—Holliday.

MILWAUKEE, 2; COLUMBUS, 0.

Milwaukee, July 22.—In a pitchers' battle between Dougherty and Olmstead, Milwaukee defeated Columbus by a score of 2 to 0. Score:

	R	H	E
Milwaukee	0	1	0
Columbus	0	0	0

Batteries—Slattery and Dougherty; Simon and Olmstead. Umpire—Klem.

TALK ON PHILIPPINES.

Lieutenant O'Flaherty to Lecture In Duluth.

Lieut. Edward O'Flaherty, a veteran of the Spanish-American and Philippine wars, who has lectured in many cities on the life and customs of the Filipinos, has been engaged to deliver his illustrated lecture entitled "The Philippines Up to Date" at the Pilgrim Congregational church this evening. Lieut. O'Flaherty was desperately wounded in front of his platoon on the crest of San Juan hill, Cuba, July 1, 1898, and two years later emerged with much distinction from the war in the Philippines.

During his service in the East Lieut. O'Flaherty was the protege of Gen. Henry W. Lawton and with the Twenty-seventh United States volunteers, which he helped to organize, his first night on shore was



spent in the trenches near Manila, where he helped repel a sharp attack of the insurgents. He was in numerous engagements in Luzon. Finally he succumbed to typhoid fever and was invalided home. Since recovering he has been lecturing and has won success.

Lieut. O'Flaherty's lectures are said to be of much interest and are illustrated by original colored stereopticon views and expensive moving pictures. Many of the illustrations to be used were taken in the islands by him, those depicting scenes on the firing line being especially interesting. The series of motion pictures include busy streets in Manila, scenes in the public schools, troops in battle, Aguinaldo's "navy" and tribal life among the uncivilized natives.

The proceeds of the lecture will go toward raising a mortgage of $2000 on the Bethel Home.

Following are the patronesses for the lecture: Mesdames Bishop, Ames, Troyer, Mars, Williams, Fryberger, Morris, Barnard, Simonds, Agatin, Gilbert, White, Washburn, Billson, Cleland, Hoopes, Wright, Mullin, Bradley, Lutes, Patton, Smith, Bunker, Dow, Norton, Watterworth, Bohannon, Scott, Buck, Franz, Powell, Cole, Barnes, Winton, Williamson, Jr., Hepworth, Crassweller, and Clark.

'Phone your wants, small advertisements of all kinds sent by telephone to The Herald receive prompt and careful attention. Ask central for 324, either 'phone.

WILL STAY AT HOME

Duluth Will Not Leave Again Except For Superior Games.

Rearranged Schedule Contemplates Closing of Season Aug. 15.

August 15 will see the close of the Northern league season, according to the revised schedule which was drawn up at the meeting of the Northern league managers held at Grand Forks yesterday. Duluth will not leave home again during the season except to cross the bay for a series of games with Superior.

Winnipeg will also remain at home except for the last three games of the season which will be played at Grand Forks. In spite of the fact that the Canadians are the tail-enders, the attendance at the games in Winnepeg has exceeded that in any city in the league. The team has been well supported at home, and if it had received similar support away from home would not have lost money this year.

The new schedule will go into effect Monday, when Duluth will go to Superior for three games. The following is a copy of the schedule:

AT DULUTH.

Superior, July 28, 29, 30, 31.
Grand Forks, August 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7.
Crookston, August 8, 9, 10.
Superior, August 13, 14.

AT WINNIPEG.

Fargo, July 25, 26, 27.
Grand Forks, July 28, 29, 30, August 1.
Superior, August 2, 3, 4.
Crookston, August 5, 6.
Fargo, August 8, 9, 10.

AT SUPERIOR.

Duluth, July 25, 26, 27.
Grand Forks, August 8, 9, 10.
Duluth, August 11, 12.

AT GRAND FORKS.

Crookston, July 25, 26, 27.
Winnipeg, August 12, 13, 14.

AT FARGO.

Crookston, July 28, 29, 30, 31.
Superior, August 5, 6, 7.
Crookston, August 11, 12, 13, 14.

AT CROOKSTON.

Fargo, August 1, 2, 3.

"If the attendance at the games picks up between now and August 15," said Manager Van Praagh this morning, "the regular season may be finished out, and the games continued until Sept. 1, but at the present rate the teams will all be disbanded after August 15.

"All of the managers agreed to cut down their salary list to below the $1200 mark and play only ten men during the remainder of the season."

Plans for the benefit to be given the Duluth team tonight are complete. The game will be pulled off at 6:30 p. m. in order to allow the excursionists coming in from Grand Forks to attend. Shaw will pitch for Duluth and the fans hope to see the grand stand and bleachers well filled.

NEW BOOKS IN LIBRARY

Some of Those Added During the Present Month.

New books added to the public library of Duluth during July were as follows:

PHILOSOPHY, RELIGION AND SOCIOLOGY.

Adler, "Voice of America on Kishineff."
Fraezr, "Totemism."
Jackson, "Mary Reed, Missionary to the Lepers."
King, "School Interests and Duties."
Kingsley, "The Heroes; or, Greek Fairy Tales."

SCIENCE AND ARTS.

Chase, "The Art of Pattern Making."
Doran, "Table Traits with Something on Them."
Hopkins, "Home Mechanics for Amateurs."
Leeds, "Acetylene, the Principles of Its Generation and Use."
Mathews, "Field Book of Wild Birds and Their Music."
Parola, "Camp Cookery; How to Live in Camp."
Pasco, "Canoe and Camp Cookery."
Provost, "How to Illustrate for Newspapers."
Sawyel, "How to Interpret Pictures."
Skinner, "Little Gardens; How to Beautify City Yards."
Stevens, "The Cooper Handbook."
Ward, "Colour Harmony and Contrast."

LITERATURE AND POETRY.

Drake, "Noontide Leisure."
Jeffries, "An English Village."
Pertwee, "Reciter's Treasury of Verse."
Strong, "All the Year Round; a Nature Reader."
Tennyson, "In Memoriam."
Tileston—"Book of Heroic Ballads."

HISTORY, BIOGRAPHY AND TRAVEL

Bailey, "Early Mass, Marriages Prior to 1800."
Casgrain, "P. A. de Gaspe et Francis Parkman."
Casgrain, "Le Tableau de la Riviere."
Conn, "Japanese Life, Love and Legend."
Eylert, "Charakter-zuge des konigs von Preussen Friedrich Wilhelm III."
Harbottle, "Dictionary of Historical Alusions."
Heath, "Memoirs."
Horridge, "Lives of Great Italians."
Kobbe, "Famous Actors and Actresses."
Knollys, "Sketches of Life in Japan."
Loring, "Confederate Soldier in Egypt."
Maspero, "History of Egypt," vol. 10-12.
Munroe, "Adventures of an Army Nurse in Two Wars."
Poschinger, "Life of the Emperor Frederick."
Schierbrand, "Russia, Her Strength and Her Weakness."
Thaxter, "An Island Garden."

FICTION.

About, "Man With the Broken Ear."
About, "The Notary's Nose."
Alcott, "The Candy Country;" "A Christmas Dream;" "The Doll's Journey;" "A Hole In the Wall;" "Little Button Rose;" "Marjorie's Three Gifts;" "May Flowers;" "Mountain-Laurel and Maidenhair;" "Pansies and Water Lilies;" "Poppies and Wheat."
Baldwin, "A Popular Girl."
Barr, "The Woman Wins."
Bingham, "The Philadelphians as Seen by a New York Woman."
Boothby, "My Strangest Case."
Brady, "The Corner in Coffee."
Bridgmen, "Book of Days for Little Ones."
Bridgmen, "Book of Shops."
Clark, "Boy Life In the United States Navy."
Clark, "How Dexter Paid His Way."
Conrad, "Typhoon."
Creelman, "Eagle Blood."
Cronise, "Uncle Rabbit, Mr. Spider and the Other Beer."
Dahn, "Captive of the Roman Eagles."
Daudet, "The Nabob."
Davidson, "A Rosary."
Diaz, "William Henry and His Friends."
Diaz, "The William Henry Letters."
Dix, "Life, Treason and Death of James Blount, of Brecknlow."
Dunn, "Liza' Wife."
Francis, "Dalrymple."
Goodwin, "Flint, His Faults, His Friendships and His Fortune."
Hale, "My Friend the Boss."
Hutten, "Violett."
Ingelow, "The Golden Opportunity."
Jacobs, "The Lady of the Barge."
Jerrold, "Book of the Zoo."
Jerrold, "Farm Book for Little Ones."
Johnston, "Asa Holmes."
Koenig, "Tourville."
Lanf, "Story of the Golden Fleece."
Lynde, "The Grafters."
Maartens, "Dorothea."
Mitchell, "Villa Claudia."
Murfree "The Frontiersmen."
Murray, "Cones for the Camp Fire."
Orcutt, "Robert Caveller."
Oxenham, "Flowers of the Dust."
Phillips, "Her Serene Highness."
Richards, "Chop-chin and the Golden Dragon;" "The Golden-Breated Kootoo;" "Sundown Songs."
Rydberg, "Singialla."
Seawell, "Papa Bouchard."
Slosson, "Aunt Abbey's Neighbors."
Spielmann, "Littledom Castle."
Stephens, "The Bright Face of Danger."
Storer, "The Mystery of the Sea."
Suthpen, "The Gates of Chance."
Tileton, "The Children's Hour."
Wilkins, "The Givers."
Woolsey, "Curly Locks;" "Little Bo-Peep;" "A Little Knight of Labor;" "Little Tommy Tucker;" "Two Girls;" "Uncle and Aunt."

LOOKING FOR THE METEOR.

Kenyon, Minn., July 22.—Efforts are being made to locate the meteor which is supposed to have fallen in the rough timbered tract north of this place. The topography of the country, however, renders the search difficult. From the sound which the falling body made and its apparent proximity it is judged that its location is not far away. The explosion which was plainly heard, leads some to presume that it was a bursting fireball.

HAWLEY IS IN CONTROL

Of Des Moines & Fort Dodge Railroad and Chosen President.

New York, July 22.—Edwin Hawley and his friends, have, says the Herald, been put in control of the Des Moines & Fort Dodge railroad, which formerly was dominated by a group of Wall street capitalists known as the Hooley-Stow syndicate. Representatives of this syndicate, who owned the road, prior to the failure of Edwin Hooley & Co. and W. L. Stow & Co., and who acquired it again after Hooley & Stow had settled with their creditors, resigned and the following new directors were elected: Edwin Hawley, F. H. Davis, L. F. Day, H. E. Huntington, George Crocker and L. C. Weir.

The new board elected the following officers: President, Edwin Hawley; vice president, L. F. Day; treasurer, F. H. Davis; secretary, W. S. Crandell.

Edwin Hawley also is president of the Minneapolis & St. Louis and Iowa Central railroads.

Upon the termination of the lease of the Des Moines & Fort Dodge to the Rock Island it is expected that the road will be operated in connection with the Hawley system.

BYER WILL ACT AS ARBITER FOR BUTCHERS.

Kansas City, July 22.—George Byer, of Kansas City, has been asked to act as the butchers' member of the arbitration committee, to which the points in dispute in the packing house strike will be submitted, and has consented to serve. Mr. Byer was the first president of the Meat Cutters' union.

FLATIRON BLEW UP.

Mrs. Nelson Threw It In Time to Save Herself.

Minneapolis, July 22.—While Mrs. A. Nelson, 1701 Madison street northeast, was ironing yesterday morning, her self-heating gasoline flat iron exploded, throwing the burning fluid around the room.

Mrs. Nelson had seen that something was wrong, and threw the iron from her and it exploded in mid-air with a loud report. Pieces of the iron were driven into the wall, but Mrs. Nelson was not struck. The burning gasoline set fire to the house, but the fire department easily extinguished it.

Stop Over In Chicago on St. Louis Fair Ticket.

No extra charge to go via Chicago and ten days' stop will be given in Chicago both going and returning, if desired, on all St. Louis fair tickets, via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. Five daily trains to Chicago, 8:30 a. m., 4:00 p. m., 7:20 p. m. (The Fast Mail), 8:35 p. m. (Pioneer Limited) and 10:00 p. m. Each has a good connection for St. Louis and Eastern points. Write us for world's fair rates. W. B. Dixon, N. W. Agt., 365 Robert street, St. Paul. Minn.

Iron River and Brule and Return.

Saturdays and Sundays the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to Brule and Iron River, Wis., and return at one fare for the round trip; good returning the following Monday. For full information and tickets, call at City office, 332 West Superior street.

It pays to advertise in The Herald. Ask Bayha & Co.

Have your head massaged
HAVE YOUR FACE MASSAGED
With Mardorf's Massage Machine
—newest thing in town.
Geo. J. Mardorf, St. Louis Hotel Barber Shop.

$3 to $5 White Lawn Waists tomorrow Half Price

We have placed on special sale for tomorrow all our remaining White Lawn Waists—dainty, cool and splendidly made—at exactly half price. An elegant assortment, including some stunning styles, not one worth less than $3.00, many selling regularly at $4.00 and $5.00. See window display.

20 West Superior Street. Gray's Specialty Store for Women.

BEEF STRIKE ON AGAIN

(Continued from page 1.)

particular, and if any house has given cause for grievance, the same can be, and any future grievance will be, readily adjusted."

Although 2000 non-union "strike breakers" quit the stock yards last night after peace had been agreed upon it is estimated that 3000 remained at the various plants today together with 3300 of the strikers who were not aware for some hours the walkout had been given official endorsement by the union.

In anticipation of favorable conditions at the yards today, commission men kept the wires busy yesterday notifying patrons to ship stock. Receipts today were 8000 cattle, 23,000 hogs and 8000 sheep.

Pursuance to the commission men's instructions, heavy shipments are supposed to be en route. Buying was active early in the day, but ceased when it became known the struggle was renewed. Brokers then began a wild rush to the telegraph offices to flood the country with warnings to stop the expected influx of stock.

In addition to explaining today that President Donnelly was believed to have understood the situation when the agreement was signed, the packers made it plain that when they went into joint conference with the strike leaders, the packers intended to stand firmly on the ground occupied.

President Donnelly meanwhile announced that at a conference of the allied trades, he would ask that a sympathetic strike be declared comprehending every trades unionist employed at the stock yards.

"I shall demand that all go out with the butchers," said President Donnelly, "and we will make the packers realize before they get through that they have gone too far. The men feel that they have been skinned and dried. We will win as surely as there is a God."

The first rioting of the day came when a man, Frank Miller, was set upon by a crowd of strike sympathizers. They beat him so badly that at the Englewood union hospital, where he was taken, it was said that he had little chance of recovery. Miller was set upon in front of Armour & Co.'s plant and after he had been kicked almost to death, he was found by pedestrians who sent for a physician. It was found that Miller's skull was fractured and his jaw broken.

SURPRISE AT KANSAS CITY

Over President Donnelly's Order Calling Men Out.

Kansas City, July 22.—President Donnelly's order to the packing house employes to renew the strike came as a surprise to both the packers and the men. Although practically all of the several thousand men who went out originally, appeared at the different plants here ready to work, only a limited number were taken back. Each company employed only a sufficient number of the strikers to make up a complete force. No especial promises were made by the packers to those not taken in and a strong feeling of resentment developed. All the plants were soon supplied and apparently running in full blast.

Practically all of the strike breakers were retained. At Fowler's plant there was a large crowd gathered at the gates. The management let in only a few at a time, deliberately selectd thos who had been least demonstrative during the strike.

In the Armourdale district there was trouble when the men learned that all were not to be taken back. The strikers became angry. The feeling of hatred against the packers grew in force and for a time threatened to break out in a riot. A party of strike breakers entering one of the plants were attacked by a number of strikers. A general fist fight ensued and a number of the non-union men were beaten.

TIED UP AT EAST ST. LOUIS.

East St. Louis, Ill., July 22.—In response to the order from President Donnelly of the Butchers and Meat Cutters' union, the 4500 men employed in the packing houses here, the majority of whom had applied for work and had been assigned to their old departments, have again gone out on strike and the packing houses are practically tied up.

BASE BALL

TONIGHT 6:30, TOMORROW 4 P. M.
GRAND FORKS VS. DULUTH.

TALE OF WOE

Related By Senator Scott of West Virginia.

Washington, July 22.—Senator Scott, of West Virginia, called on Chairman Cortelyou and told him of his fears that his colleague and his colleague's father-in-law will turn that state over to the Democrats this fall and thereby invoice his (Scott's) retirement from the Senate at the end of his present term.

It is a sad tale from the Scott point of view. The rich corporations, many of which are using his money, are dissatisfied with the nomination of W. M. O. Dawson for governor. Scott himself wanted C. F. Teter, who was backed by both the Pennsylvania and the Baltimore & Ohio railroads. Dawson has radical ideas about taxation, and therefore, Scott would naturally be opposed to his election, but he dare not follow his inclinations lest thereby he make certain the election of a Democratic legislature.

But he has a very well defined notion that Senator Elkins is prepared to knife not only Dawson, but also the legislative ticket, thereby assuring two things that are pleasing to him—namely, the elimination of the fussy Mr. Scott and the casting of the electoral vote for his father-in-law, Henry G. Davis, for vice president. The fact that the votes will also be cast against President Roosevelt will not make Elkins feel bad—a fact which Cortelyou knows as well as Scott.

NEARLY STRANGLED.

La Crosse Man Who Swallowed His False Teeth.

La Crosse, Wis., July 22.—The mysterious illness of George Bauer, who for several days has been unconscious and at the point of death from strangulation, has been cleared up. It was caused by his swallowing his false teeth.

Bauer was taken violently ill and became unconscious before being able to tell the family anything about his sickness. Wednesday his son noticed for the first time that a plate and several false teeth were missing and immediately communicated the fact to the physician. Bauer will now probably recover if the teeth can be reached with surgival instruments.

It pays to advertise in The Herald. Ask Max Wirth.

SALE OF CAR WORKS IS NEGOTIATING

Thomas Lowry Making Deal But Represents Other Interests.

Real Parties Not Known —Four Hundred Lots With It.

The entire car works property at West Duluth is about to pass into the hands of Thomas Lowry of Minneapolis.

Not only this but the entire holdings of land in West Duluth of the Metropolitan Life Insurance company, which owns the car works property, are also to be purchased by Mr. Lowry. These include about four hundred lots in the Third division of West Duluth.

The deal has now progressed to the stage where practically all that stands between it and consummation is a possible defect of title which might develop upon the examination of the abstractse. As the title has run the gauntlet of the attorneys of the life insurance company which acquired it upon a mortgage, it is not surmised that anything faulty will be found in it.

The purpose for which the plant is being purchased is not known and it is understood that Mr. Lowry, while making the deal, is representing other interests and is not the real party in interest. A short time ago he made a visit to the plant being accompanied by other men and they made a thorough inspection of it. Some belief has arisen among the few who have heard of the deal that it may be intended for railroad interests, Mr. Lowry being the head of the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste Marie road and in that way closely identified with Canadian Pacific interests. However, this is only surmise.

A portion of the plant is at present occupied by the American Lumber company. Its lease has expired and it has been anxious to renew it, having in contemplation a substantial enlargement of its business, but it has been unable to get more than a three months' extension and that will not warrent anything more than a continuance of work along the present lines.

The fact that the American company could not get an extension such as it wished became known some time ago and led to a report that the Marshall-Wells company was about to purchase the plant to use in connection with the manufacture of by-products from the Zenith Furnace company's coke ovens. This report was incorrect. Neither the Marshall-Wells company nor the enithZ Furnace company is concerned in the deal which Mr. Lowry has under way.

That something is contemplated which will be of a conspicuous character in the use of the plant is believed. It is surmised that he use to which the plant will be put will be something that will give value to the property around it, or the 400 lots owned by the company would not have been purchased, too. There is the possibility, of course, that the company would not sell the plant portion without the lots, and that they had to be taken to get the property desired.

The car works property includes in the grounds covered by the buildings and yards and the dock frontage immediately connected with it, about 160 acres. There are a number of buildings. One is occupied by the rolling mills, having two trains of rolls, boilers, gas producers, etc., with a scrap shed adjoining. Then there is a foundry building, 60 by 400 feet in size, a main building, 100 by 600 feet, containing woodworking machinery in one portion and a machine shop in another, and a blacksmith shop, 75 by 150 feet. There is engine capacity of from 1000 to 1200 horse-power, and eleven boilers.

Altogether it is a large and well-fitted plant. In the early '90s it was engaged in turning out railroad cars, and was doing a large business.

The American Lumber company is at present occupying from one-third to one-half of the plant.

WEST DULUTH

Final arrangements for the elaborate dedicatory ceremonies at the new St. James Catholic church, Sunday afternoon, are now perfected, and details of the program have been decided upon. Invitations have bene extended to all the priests in the city to be in attendance, and all the Catholic societies in both Duluth and Superior have been invited to participate in the procession, which will occur before the services at the church, and it is confidently expected that they will be on hand. The result will be that fully 2000 people will take part in the parade.

Bishop James McGolrick will conduct the services and preach the sermon, while Rev. John Feehely, rector of the parish, will act as general director of affairs. Rev. J. W. Smiers will be celebrant, Rev. Leo Laskowski subdeacon, and Very Rev. Corbett master of ceremonies. Exercises at the church will begin about 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

The procession will form at the corner of Forty-ninth avenue west and Grand, starting west on Grand avenue at 2:30 o'clock sharp. Proceeding west on Grand to Central avenue, the procession will turn south and march to Main street, then west on Main to Fifty-seventh avenue west, next turning north and marching up Fifty-seventh to the church building, 721-31 Fifty-seventh. Schooley's band of thirty pieces will furnish the music.

The West Duluth societies, St. James court, No. 614, C. O. F.; Division No. 4, A. O. H.; L. O. A. H. and W. C. O. F., will meet at Gilley's hall at 2 p. m. and from there march to the corner of Forty-ninth avenue and Grand. Duluth and Superior societies will probably arrive in chartered cars.

Refreshments will be furnished by the women of St. James' Altar society.

ACTOR, NOW PASTOR.

Rev. W. B. Ayers Takes Asbury Church Pulpit.

The appointment of Rev. William Bingham Ayers as pastor of the Asbury M. E. church has been officially announced and the new minister will occupy the pulpit at the West Duluth church for the first time next Sunday, both morning and evening.

Mr. Ayers, who comes here from Salt Lake City, Utah, where he has been in charge of a church, has had a varied career. He was born in England. In 1886 his family came to the United States. At an early age the boy ran away from home, and from that time on has looked out for himself. He first worked at different positions in a packing house, finally determining to get an education, which he did, entirely through his own efforts, entering the University of Minnesota. Ill health compelled him to leave the institution before graduation. Later he took up theatrical work, and for ten years followed this profession almost steadily, and with considerable success. He played with several stock companies, and appeared in repertoire with the Metropolitan Stock company in this city last summer, becoming acquainted during that time with Miss Meta Eyforth, daughter of B. Eyforth, teller of the First National bank. A few months later he married Miss Eyforth.

Rev. Ayers says that preachers and actors have come to realize that they are laboring for a common purpose, although employing widely different means.

"I have worked several years as a minister and several years as an actor, but the stage never deterred me from leading a Christian life, nor did my preaching prevent my being a success on the stage," said the minister yesterday.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Dr. A. F. Huntoon and son Harry, of Fifty-third avenue west, have returned from Los Angeles, Cal. The doctor is greatly improved in health.

W. A. Anderson, a Minneapolis grain dealer, is in the city on business. He expects to return to the Twin Cities Sunday.

The Royal Neighbors will give a dance at Great Eastern hall, Friday night. Tickets 25 cents each or 50 cents per couple. Ice cream and cake will be served. Come and have a good time.

The 5-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Norman Day, Fifty-first avenue west, died last night. Interment will be at Cloquet Saturday morning.

Gus Laundry, of Fifty-first avenue west, is suffering from the effects of a broken arm, the result of a fall on the steps in front of his house.

Mineral has been discovered on the claim of Andrew Solberg, Sixty-first avenue west, in Oregon, and Mr. Solberg has received several tempting cash offers for the property. One of the best is said to be for $40,000.

Thomas Gatron is ill at his home on Fifty-first avenue west.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Summersett left last evening for Canada.

Steamer Mary Mann, Zenith park, picnic, Sunday. Round trip, 10 cents.

I. Chabot, Fifty-fifth avenue west, was a departure last night for Montreal, Quebec, St. Anne and points in New York. He expects to be absent about three weeks.

Ice cream and dairy products, wholesale or retail. Murray Bros.

Joseph Miller had his hand badly crushed yesterday while engaged in loading lumber onto one of the boats.

William Chesney and S. Anderson returned this morning from a successful fishing trip to Fond du Lac.

The C. E. of the Presbyterian church will hold a dime lawn social at the home of Charles Towner, 6205 Wadena street, tonight. Refreshments served. All welcome.

Charles Eaton, of Main street, has returned from a camping trip up the St. Louis river.

Ernest Coughlin is back from an extended fishing trip to points in the northern section of the state.

J. J. Lauermann, 411 Fifty-eighth avenue west, returned this morning from a trip through the West.

The West Duluth baseball team has not yet arranged a game for Sunday. It is thought likely that a contest will be pulled off with one of the city league teams. For a time there was talk of playing Two Harbors, but arrangements for the game were not comoleted.

The Royal Neighbors will give a dance at Great Eastern hall tonight. Tickets, 25 cents or 60 cents per couple. Ice cream and cake will be served. Come and have a good time.

Patterson, undertaker. 'Phone 3070.

Colorado and Utah Excursions

On sale daily until Sept. 30, excursion tickets via "The North-Western Line" to Denver, Colorado Springs, at $30.65, and to Salt Lake, Utah, at $42.00. Tickets bear return limit October 31. City Ticket Office, 302 West Superior street.

NEARING THE END.

Only a few days more to make a record in one of the lowest price sales of Men's and Boys' Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes ever made in Duluth.

THE PRICES ARE MOVING THE GOODS.

Men's Suits Worth $7 to $28.00,
$2.75 to $14.75

2000 Pairs of Men's Pants Worth $1.50 to $7.00,
99c to $3.48.

Any $1.00 Soft Shirt in the House for—
59 Cents.

All our Stock of Boots and Shoes Worth $1.50 to $6,
99c to $3.48.

EXTRA SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY.

10 dozen 10-4 and 8-4 Damask Table Covers..... 59c
Any $2 Hat, Crushers, Pashas, Fedoras, and Derbys.. 98c
Any 10c and 15c wash tie, Lawn, Madras and Oxford.. 2c
The price on the ticket is the price that takes the GOODS.

THE VAN GUARD CLOTHING CO.,
407 West Superior Street.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Martin Secures Embargo on United States Military Bonds.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Deadwood—Congressman Martin recently took up the subject of United States military bands with the secretary of war, with the result that hereafter military bands will not be permitted in any part of the United States to take part in celebrations or entertainments when the price is cut down less than that of the local bands.

Robert Burns broke jail in this city and he has not been found. He is one of the most notorious horse thieves in the West.

Isaac Tultonen, a Finlander, fell down the Ellison shaft, a distance of 1200 feet, and was instantly killed. He had no relatives in the United States.

Hot Springs—About the middle of August the Black Hills companies of the state militia will hold their encampment here. The governor and several other state officers have expressed their intention of being present. S. H. Elrod, Republican candidate for governor, will also be present. Adjt. Gen. Conklin is arranging the details for the encampment.

The Democrats of the Seventh judicial circuit have nominated Judge Levi McGee to succeed himself as judge of this circuit. S. E. Wilson, of this place, is his Republican opponent. The district is Republican by a safe majority, and this being a presidential year, it is thought Wilson will be elected, though party lines have not been strictly drawn in judicial campaigns.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—Judge Pollock has granted a divorce to Robert C. Kook, a well-known cigar salesman. Mr. Kook was a former resident of Minneapolis, and represents a Minneapolis house. His territory was such that he was compelled to make this city his headquarters. He purchased a home here, but Mrs. Kook declined to leave Minneapolis, and the action was begun.

L. A. Simon, government architect, is here looking over the government building to see what changes will be made in the structure. It is entirely too small to accommodate the officials, and $30,000 for improvements was appropriated by congress.

The paid fire department is now in force, with J. W. Sutherland, chief; Edward Mining, assistant; Harry Stewart, engineer; Harry Walker, steamer driver; Charles Nelson, driver of hook and ladder truck; William White, driver of the hose carriage; V. G. Williams, Harry Hamilton, Edward Pomeroy and C. T. Murphy as pipemen. Five other firemen will be named later.

E. A. Aplin, employed by a local plumbing estabishment, was arrested here on the charge of stealing a valuabe grip from the depot at Breckenridge.

Hold-up artists are getting busy in Fargo and there were four cases reported. In three of the cases watches were secured, and in another a sum of money. The work seems to have been done by three men in each case.

Valley City—The enrollment for the summer school of the state normal school is not yet complete. The present attendance is about 200 from all parts of the state, and the indications are that fifty others will be enrolled before the close of the week.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Marquette Furnacemen Strike and Business Is Almost Suspended.

Marquette—The big North Marquette furnace of the Pioneer Iron company is now almost deserted, the casting of iron having been suspended pending a settlement of labor troubles which came to a climax in strike of kiln packers and coal forkers. The kiln packers want more men for the present work and the coal forkers more money. The company declares it is impossible with the present state of the iron market to accede to their demands and the shut down is a pause to determine what may best be done. It is possible there may be an indefinite suspension. There are large stocks of pig iron at the furnace on which practically no drain has been made for many weeks past.

A. Z. Withee, formerly a postal clerk, pleaded guilty to stealing money from letters.

James Reynolds and John Anderson, ex-convicts, were convicted of robbing the postoffice at Bay Mills, and were each given five years in the Detroit house of correction.

William House, convicted of counterfeiting was sentenced to two years.

St. Ignace—This notorious person, commended by the few and denounced by the many, has visited death upon some twenty or thirty canines at St. Ignace the past few days. His identity is not likely to be disclosed any more than upon former occasions. It was the good dogs, and not the homeless ones, as a rule, that picked up the dope.

Bessemer—Frank O'Malley, a guide at Lake Gogebic, arrived in Bessemer recently, suffering from blood poison in his hand, supposed to have been caused by having one of his fingers torn by the teeth of a pickerel. He went to the Gogebic hospital and is undergoing treatment there. However, it will probably be several weeks before he can use his hand again.

Escanaba—Within a few feet of several compalons with whom he had been bathing, William Butler, sixteen years old, was drowned in the Reiss Coal company's dock slip at Escanaba. The boy could not swim and stepped off into the channel. Before help could reach him he sunk in twenty feet of water. His body was recovered by divers after a search of two hours.

Sault Ste Marie—The sale of the Trans-St. Mary's Traction company was set for Monday to satisfy judgments against the company obtained in the circuit court by the Soo Hardware company and others. The company, however, succeeded in getting a restraining order from the court postponing the sale indefinitely. It is likely that matters in connection with the street railway will be settled to the satisfaction of all concerned in the very near future, as there is prospects of the Lake Superior company taking hold of it.

MAN ABSENT TWENTY YEARS

Asks Son For a Direction and Recognition Follows.

Kokomo, Ind., July 22.—Even as Rip Van Winkle returned to the village of Falling Water after his sleep of twenty years Wilkin Younkin came back last week to Russiaville, after an absence of precisely a score of years.

He left the little town abruptly one morning in June, 1884. To his wife he remarked that he would be back in a few days. From that time until he appeared in the village last week no kinsman or acquaintance had seen or heard aught from him.

For years it was supposed that he was dead, and the older residents of Russiaville were greatly surprised to hear that Wilkin Younkin had returned.

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Instantly the younger man suspected that the stranger was his father. A few questions hurriedly put and hurriedly answered made it clear to both that they were father and son. The past was gone over by the two and Wilkin Younkin spent the night with the son whom he had last seen as a lad of 6 years.

Wilkin Younkin and the mother of Timothy Younkin were divorced about a year before Younkin disappeared, and he had married another woman in the village. The first Mrs. Younkin married several years ago and now resides in Illinois. The whereabouts of the second wife is not known, she having disappeared from Russiaville several years ago.

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Original illustrations in color. Appropriate motion pictures.

Tickets $1, Children 25c.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

$3 to $5 White Lawn Waists tomorrow Half Price

We have placed on special sale for tomorrow all our remaining White Lawn Waists—dainty, cool and splendidly made—at exactly half price. An elegant assortment, including some stunning styles, not one worth less than $3.00, many selling regularly at $4.00 and $5.00. See window display.

20 West Superior Street. Gray's Specialty Store for Women.

BEEF STRIKE ON AGAIN

(Continued from page 1.)

particular, and if any house has given cause for grievance, the same can be, and any future grievance will be, readily adjusted."

Although 2000 non-union "strike breakers" quit the stock yards last night after peace had been agreed upon it is estimated that 3000 remained at the various plants today together with 3500 of the strikers who were not aware for some hours the walkout had been given official endorsement by the union.

In anticipation of favorable conditions at the yards today, commission men kept the wires busy yesterday notifying patrons to ship stock. Receipts today were 8000 cattle, 23,000 hogs and 5000 sheep.

Pursuance to the commission men's instructions, heavy shipments are supposed to be en route. Buying was active early in the day, but ceased when it became known the struggle was renewed. Brokers then began a wild rush to the telegraph offices to flood the country with warnings to stop the expected influx of stock.

In addition to explaining today that President Donnelly was believed to have understood the situation when the agreement was signed, the packers made it plain that when they went into joint conference with the strike leaders, the packers intended to stand firmly on the ground occupied.

President Donnelly meanwhile announced that at a conference of the allied trades, he would ask that a sympathetic strike be declared comprehending every trades unionist employed at the stock yards.

"I shall demand that all go out with the butchers," said President Donnelly, "and we will make the packers realize before they get through that they have gone too far. The men feel that they have been skinned and dried. We will win as surely as there is a God."

The first rioting of the day came when a man, Frank Miller, was set upon by a crowd of strike sympathizers. They beat him so badly that at the Englewood union hospital, where he was taken, it was said that he had little chance of recovery. Miller was set upon in front of Armour & Co.'s plant and after he had been kicked almost to death, he was found by pedestrians who sent for a physician. It was found that Miller's skull was fractured and his jaw broken.

SURPRISE AT KANSAS CITY

Over President Donnelly's Order Calling Men Out.

Kansas City, July 22.—President Donnelly's order to the packing house employes to renew the strike came as a surprise to both the packers and the men. Although practically all of the several thousand men who went out originally, appeared at the different plants here ready to work, only a limited number were taken back. Each company employed only a sufficient number of the strikers to make up a complete force. No especial promises were made by the packers to those not taken in and a strong feeling of resentment developed. All the plants were soon supplied and apparently running in full blast.

Practically all of the strike breakers were retained. At Fowler's plant there was a large crowd gathered at the gates, the management let in only a few at a time, deliberately selecting thos who had been least demonstrative during the strike.

In the Armourdale district there was trouble when the men learned that all were not to be taken back. The strikers became angry. The feeling of hatred against the packers grew in force and for a time threatened to break out in a riot. A party of strike breakers entering one of the plants were attacked by a number of strikers. A general fist fight ensued and a number of the non-union men were beaten.

TIED UP AT EAST ST. LOUIS.

East St. Louis, Ill., July 22.—In response to the order from President Donnelly of the Butchers and Meat Cutters' union, the 4500 men employed in the packing houses here, the majority of whom had applied for work and had been assigned to their old departments, have again gone out on strike and the packing houses are practically tied up.

BASE BALL

TONIGHT 6:30, TOMORROW 4 P. M.

GRAND FORKS VS. DULUTH.

TALE OF WOE

Related By Senator Scott of West Virginia.

Washington, July 22.—Senator Scott, of West Virginia, called on Chairman Cortelyou and told him of his fears that his colleague and his colleague's father-in-law will turn that state over to the Democrats this fall and thereby involve his (Scott's) retirement from the Senate at the end of his present term.

It is a sad tale from the Scott point of view. The rich corporations, many of which are using his money, are dissatisfied with the nomination of W. M. O. Dawson for governor. Scott himself wanted C. F. Teter, who was backed by both the Pennsylvania and the Baltimore & Ohio railroads. Dawson has radical ideas about taxation, and therefore, Scott would naturally be opposed to his election, but he dare not follow his inclinations lest thereby he make certain the election of a Democratic legislature.

But he has a very well defined notion that Senator Elkins is prepared to knife not only Dawson, but also the legislative ticket, thereby assuring two things that are pleasing to him—namely, the elimination of the fussy Mr. Scott and the casting of the electoral vote for his father-in-law, Henry G. Davis, for vice president. The fact that the votes will also be cast against President Roosevelt will not make Elkins feel bad—a fact which Cortelyou knows as well as Scott.

NEARLY STRANGLED.

La Crosse Man Who Swallowed His False Teeth.

La Crosse, Wis., July 22.—The mysterious illness of George Bauer, who for several days lies been unconscious and at the point of death from strangulation, has been cleared up. It was caused by his swallowing his false teeth.

Bauer was taken violently ill and became unconscious before being able to tell the family anything about his sickness. Wednesday his son noticed for the first time that a plate and several false teeth were missing and immediately communicated the fact to the physician. Bauer will now probably recover if the teeth can be reached with surgival instruments.

It pays to advertise in The Herald. Ask Max Wirth.

SALE OF CAR WORKS IS NEGOTIATING

Thomas Lowry Making Deal But Represents Other Interests.

Real Parties Not Known —Four Hundred Lots With It.

The entire car works property at West Duluth is about to pass into the hands of Thomas Lowry of Minneapolis.

Not only this but the entire holdings of land in West Duluth of the Metropolitan Life Insurance company, which owns the car works property, are also to be purchased by Mr. Lowry. These include about four hundred lots in the Third division of West Duluth.

The deal has now progressed to the stage where practically all that stands between it and consummation is a possible defect of title which might develop upon the examination of the abstractse. As the title has run the gauntlet of the attorneys of the life insurance company which acquired it upon a mortgage, it is not surmised that anything faulty will be found in it.

The purpose for which the plant is being purchased is not known and it is understood that Mr. Lowry, while making the deal, is representing other interests and is not the real party in interest. A short time ago he made a visit to the plant being accompanied by other men and they made a thorough inspection of it. Some belief has arisen among the few who have heard of the deal that it may be intended for railroad interests, Mr. Lowry being the head of the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste Marie road and in that way closely identified with Canadian Pacific interests. However, this is only surmise.

A portion of the plant is at present occupied by the American Lumber company. Its lease has expired and it has been anxious to renew it, having in contemplation a substantial enlargement of its business, but it has been unable to get more than a three months' extension and that will not warrent anything more than a continuance of work along the present lines.

The fact that the American company could not get an extension such as it wished became known some time ago and led to a report that the Marshall-Wells company was about to purchase the plant to use in connection with the manufacture of by-products from the Zenith Furnace company's coke ovens. This report was incorrect. Neither the Marshall-Wells company nor the enithZ Furnace company is concerned in the deal which Mr. Lowry has under way.

That something is contemplated which will be of a conspicuous character in the use of the plant is believed. It is surmised that he use to which the plant will be put will be something that will give value to the property around it, or the 400 lots owned by the company would not have been purchased, too. There is the possibility, of course, that the company would not sell the plant portion without the lots, and that they had to be taken to get the property desired.

The car works property includes in the grounds covered by the buildings and yards and the dock frontage immediately connected with it, about 160 acres. There are a number of buildings. One is occupied by the rolling mills, having two trains of rolls, boilers, gas producers, etc., with a scrap shed adjoining. Then there is a foundry building, 60 by 400 feet in size, a main building, 160 by 600 feet, containing woodworking machinery in one portion and a machine shop in another, and a blacksmith shop, 75 by 150 feet. There is engine capacity of from 1000 to 1200 horse-power, and eleven boilers.

Altogether it is a large and well-fitted plant. In the early '90s it was engaged in turning four railroad cars, and was doing a large business.

The American Lumber company is at present occupying from one-third to one-half of the plant.

WEST DULUTH

Final arrangements for the elaborate dedicatory ceremonies at the new St. James Catholic church, Sunday afternoon, are now perfected, and details of the program have been decided upon. Invitations have bene extended to all the priests in the city to be in attendance, and all the Catholic societies in both Duluth and Superior have been invited to participate in the procession, which will occur before the services at the church, and it is confidently expected that they will be on hand. The result will be that fully 2000 people will take part in the parade.

Bishop James McGolrick will conduct the services and preach the sermon, while Rev. John Feehely, rector of the parish, will act as general director of affairs. Rev. J. W. Sniers will be celebrant, Rev. Leo Laskowski subdeacon, and Very Rev. Corbett master of ceremonies. Exercises at the church will begin about 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

The procession will form at the corner of Forty-ninth avenue west and Grand, starting west on Grand avenue at 2:30 o'clock sharp. Proceeding west on Grand to Central avenue, the procession will turn south and march to Main street, then west on Main to Fifty-seventh avenue west, next turning north and marching up Fifty-seventh to the church building, 721-31 Fifty-seventh. Schooley's band of thirty pieces will furnish the music.

The West Duluth societies, St. James court, No. 614, C. O. F.; Division No. 4, A. O. H.; L. O. A. H. and W. C. O. F., will meet at Gilley's hall at 2 p. m. and from there march to the corner of Forty-ninth avenue and Grand, Duluth and Superior societies will probably arrive in chartered cars.

Refreshments will be furnished by the women of St. James' Altar society.

ACTOR, NOW PASTOR.

Rev. W. B. Ayers Takes Asbury Church Pulpit.

The appointment of Rev. William Bingham Ayers as pastor of the Asbury M. E. church has been officially announced and the new minister will occupy the pulpit at the West Duluth church for the first time next Sunday, both morning and evening.

Mr. Ayers, who comes here from Salt Lake City, Utah, where he has been in charge of a church, has had a varied career. He was born in England. In 1886 his family came to the United States. At an early age the boy ran away from home, and from that time on has looked out for himself. He first worked at different positions in a packing house, finally determining to get an education, which he did, entirely through his own efforts, entering the University of Minnesota. Ill health compelled him to leave the institution before graduation. Later he took up theatrical work, and for ten years followed this profession almost steadily, and with considerable success. He played with several stock companies, and appeared in repertoire with the Metropolitan Stock company in this city last summer, becoming acquainted during that time with Miss Meta Eyforth, daughter of B. Eyforth, teller of the First National bank. A few months later he married Miss Eyforth.

Rev. Ayers says that preachers and actors have come to realize that they are laboring for a common purpose, although employing widely different means.

"I have worked several years as a minister and several years as an actor, but the stage never deterred me from leading a Christian life, nor did my preaching prevent my being a success on the stage," said the minister yesterday.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Dr. A. F. Huntoon and son Harry, of Fifty-third avenue west, have returned from Los Angeles, Cal. The doctor is greatly improved in health.

W. A. Anderson, a Minneapolis grain dealer, is in the city on business. He expects to return to the Twin Cities Sunday.

The Royal Neighbors will give a dance at Great Eastern hall, Friday night. Tickets 25 cents each or 50 cents per couple. Ice cream and cake will be served. Come and have a good time.

The 5-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Norman Day, Fifty-first avenue west, died last night. Interment will be at Cloquet Saturday morning.

Gus Laundry, of Fifty-first avenue west, is suffering from the effects of a broken arm, the result of a fall on the steps in front of his house.

Mineral has been discovered on the claim of Andrew Solberg, Sixty-first avenue west, in Oregon, and Mr. Solberg has received several tempting cash offers for the property. One of the best is said to be for $40,000.

Thomas Gatron is ill at his home on Fifty-first avenue west.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Summersett left last evening for Canada.

Steamer Mary Mann, Zenith park, picnic, Sunday. Round trip, 10 cents.

I. Chabot, Fifty-fifth avenue west, was a departure last night for Montreal, Quebec, St. Anne and points in New York. He expects to be absent about three weeks.

Ice cream and dairy products, wholesale or retail. Murray Bros.

Joseph Miller had his hand badly crushed yesterday while engaged in loading lumber onto one of the boats.

William Chesney and S. Anderson returned this morning from a successful fishing trip to Fond du Lac.

The C. E. of the Presbyterian church will hold a dime lawn social at the home of Charles Towner, 6205 Wadena street, tonight. Refreshments served. All welcome.

Charles Eaton, of Main street, has returned from a camping trip up the St. Louis river.

Ernest Coughlin is back from an extended fishing trip to points in the northern section of the state.

J. J. Lauermann, 411 Fifty-eighth avenue west, returned this morning from a trip through the West.

The West Duluth baseball team has not yet arranged a game for Sunday. It is thought likely that a contest will be pulled off with one of the city league teams. For a time there was talk of playing Two Harbors, but arrangements for the game were not completed.

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Patterson, undertaker. 'Phone 3070.

Colorado and Utah Excursions

On sale daily until Sept. 30, excursion tickets via "The North-Western Line" to Denver, Colorado Springs, at $30.65, and to Salt Lake, Utah, at $42.00. Tickets bear return limit October 31. City Ticket Office, 302 West Superior street.

NEARING THE END.

Only a few days more to make a record in one of the lowest price sales of Men's and Boys' Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes ever made in Duluth.

THE PRICES ARE MOVING THE GOODS.

Men's Suits Worth $7 to $28.00,

$2.75 to $14.75

Any $1.00 Soft Shirt in the House for—

59 Cents.

2000 Pairs of Men's Pants Worth $1.50 to $7.00,

99c to $3.48.

All our Stock of Boots and Shoes Worth $1.50 to $6,

99c to $3.48.

EXTRA SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY.

10 dozen 10-4 and 8-4 Damask Table Covers..... 59c
Any $2 Hat, Crushers, Pashas, Fedoras, and Derbys.. 98c
Any 10c and 15c wash tie, Lawn, Madras and Oxford.. 2c
The price on the ticket is the price that takes the GOODS.

THE VAN GUARD CLOTHING CO.,

407 West Superior Street.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Martin Secures Embargo on United States Military Bonds.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Deadwood—Congressman Martin recently took up the subject of United States military bands with the secretary of war, with the result that hereafter military bands will not be permitted in any part of the United States to take part in celebrations or entertainments when the price is cut down less than that of the local bands.

Robert Burns broke jail in this city and he has not been found. He is one of the most notorious horse thieves in the West.

Isaac Tuttonen, a Finlander, fell down the Ellison shaft, a distance of 1200 feet, and was instantly killed. He had no relatives in the United States.

Hot Springs—About the middle of August the Black Hills companies of the state militia will hold their encampment here. The governor and several other state officers have expressed their intention of being present. S. H. Elrod, Republican candidate for governor, will also be present. Adjt. Gen. Conklin is arranging the details for the encampment.

The Democrats of the Seventh judicial circuit have nominated Judge Levi McGee to succeed himself as judge of this circuit. S. E. Wilson, of this place, is his Republican opponent. The district is Republican by a safe majority, and this being a presidential year, it is thought Wilson will be elected, though party lines have not been strictly drawn in judicial campaigns.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—Judge Pollock has granted a divorce to Robert C. Kook, a well-known cigar salesman. Mr. Kook was a former resident of Minneapolis, and represents a Minneapolis house. His territory was such that he was compelled to make this city his headquarters. He purchased a home here, but Mrs. Kook declined to leave Minneapolis, and the action was begun.

L. A. Simon, government architect, is here looking over the government building to see what changes will be made in the structure. It is entirely too small to accommodate the officials, and $80,000 for improvements was appropriated by congress.

The paid fire department is now in force, with J. W. Sutherland, chief; Edward Mining, assistant; Harry Stewart, engineer; Harry Walker, steamer driver; Charles Nelson, driver of hook and ladder truck; William White, driver of the hose carriage; V. G. Williams, Harry Hamilton, Edward Pomeroy and C. T. Murphy as pipemen. Five other firemen will be named later.

E. A. Aplin, employed by a local plumbing establishment, was arrested here on the charge of stealing a valuabe grip from the depot at Breckenridge.

Hold-up artists are getting busy in Fargo and there were four cases reported. In three of the cases watches were secured, and in another a sum of money. The work seems to have been done by three men in each case.

Valley City—The enrollment for the summer school of the state normal school is not yet complete. The present attendance is about 200 from all parts of the state, and the indications are that fifty others will be enrolled before the close of the week.

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Funeral Director and Embalmer.



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DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Marquette Furnacemen Strike and Business Is Almost Suspended.

Marquette—The big North Marquette furnace of the Pioneer Iron company is now almost deserted, the casting of iron having been suspended pending a settlement of labor troubles which came to a climax in strike of kiln packers and coal forkers. The kiln packers want more men for the present work and the coal forkers more money. The company declares it is impossible with the present state of the iron market to accede to their demands and the shut down is a pause to determine what may best be done. It is possible there may be an indefinite suspension. There are large stocks of pig iron at the furnace on which practically no drain has been made for many weeks past.

A. Z. Withee, formerly a postal clerk, pleaded guilty to stealing money from letters.

James Reynolds and John Anderson, ex-convicts, were convicted of robbing the postoffice at Bay Mills, and were each given five years in the Detroit house of correction.

William House, convicted of counterfeiting was sentenced to two years.

St. Ignace—This notorious person, commended by the few and denounced by the many, has visited death upon some twenty or thirty canines at St. Ignace the past few days. His identity is not likely to be disclosed any more than upon former occasions. It was the good dogs, and not the homeless ones, as a rule, that picked up the dope.

Bessemer—Frank O'Malley, a guide at Lake Gogebic, arrived in Bessemer recently, suffering from blood poison in his hand, supposed to have been caused by having one of his fingers torn by the teeth of a pickerel. He went to the Gogebic hospital and is undergoing treatment there. However, it will probably be several weeks before he can use his hand again.

Escanaba—Within a few feet of several compalons with whom he had been bathing, William Butler, sixteen years old, was drowned in the Reiss Coal company's dock slip at Escanaba. The boy could not swim and stepped off into the channel. Before help could reach him he sunk in twenty feet of water. His body was recovered by divers after a search of two hours.

Sault Ste Marie—The sale of the Trans-St. Mary's Traction company was set for Monday to satisfy judgments against the company obtained in the circuit court by the Soo Hardware company and others. The company, however, succeeded in getting a restraining order from the court postponing the sale indefinitely. It is likely that matters in connection with the street railway will be settled to the satisfaction of all concerned in the very near future, as there is prospects of the Lake Superior company taking hold of it.

MAN ABSENT TWENTY YEARS

Asks Son For a Direction and Recognition Follows.

Kokomo, Ind., July 22.—Even as Rip Van Winkle returned to the village of Falling Water after his sleep of twenty years Wilkin Younkin came back last week to Russlaville, after an absence of precisely a score of years.

He left the little town abruptly one morning in June, 1884. To his wife he remarked that he would be back in a few days. From that time until he appeared in the village last week no kinsman or acquaintance had seen or heard aught from him.

For years it was supposed that he was dead, and the older residents of Russlaville were greatly surprised to hear that Wilkin Younkin had returned.

The first person to whom Younkin disclosed his identity was his son, Timothy Younkin, who conducts a poolroom in the village. The senior Younkin dropped into the place to inquire the way to the Henry Oiler farm. Timothy Younkin directed him and asked whether he proposed to make a visit there. The old man replied that he was looking for a sister whom he expected to find there and remarked that his name was Wilkin Younkin.

Instantly the younger man suspected that the stranger was his father. A few questions hurriedly put and hurriedly answered made it clear to both that they were father and son. The past was gone over by the two and Wilkin Younkin spent the night with the son whom he had last seen as a lad of 6 years.

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Hatters and Furnishers,
304 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

AFFAIRS OF CITY

Commercial Club Committee Considers Several Matters of Interest.

Fire Tug Question Brought Up—Webster School Grounds.

Fifteen members of the public affairs committee were present at the meeting at the Commercial club. The meeting was brief and there was not much important business handled. Chairman T. W. Hugo announced the resignation of P. S. Anneke as treasurer, and W. B. Silvey was chosen to take up the duties.

Herbert Warren, general manager of the street railway company, reported that the observation car had been installed and carried some passengers on the only trip yet run, and that it was hoped to carry more. He announced that the car was to be run whenever Secretary H. V. Eva of the Commercial club would request it.

Bishop James McGolrick reported on the subject of the Webster school that the park board had planted some trees and flowers and that the school was satisfied for the present. The children and teachers were much pleased at the improvement and had named one of the trees for J. L. Washburn, of the committee, who had been instrumental in securing benefits for the school at different times.

Mr. Washburn spoke of the additional property that is wanted for the school, saying that the only desirable piece has been disposed of. It would have cost $12,000. Other property adjoining is occupied with brick buildings, which the owner has said he is willing to move away and sell the property for whatever it is worth. There are five lots and to spend about $6500 for them is more than can be afforded by the school board. He said the school would eventually be crowded out by industrial settlement of the district, which made the getting of more ground an uncertain endeavor. But securing more land at this time is impossible from a school board standpoint.

Mr. Silvey reported that the council committee was looking after the city garbage, and E. L. Miller, on the matter of conventions, reported progress, saying that the hardware men would meet in February, and that the state golf and pharmaceutical conventions were expected for next year.

Chairman Hugo called attention to the matter of discrimination of railroads against local men in freight rates, and said that if the information of various cases could be collated and centralized, he believed some good could be accomplished in this direction. It was possible, though, that people talking on the subject said more than they meant.

The finance committee reported through George H. Crosby that a large part of the $15,000 planned to raise was arranged for, and Mr. Hugo outlined some of the work done by the assistance of the fund, including entertainment of the real estate men from the Twin Cities, the Good Templars, the clock for the steamer Duluth and other things.

H. Johnson, commodore of the Duluth Yacht club, spoke in behalf of that organization for an appropriation for the committee. He reverted to the splurge made in yachting in the early '90s, which met with a check by an accident. He believed the recent regatta with Superior had helped friendly relations between the two cities, and said Superior yachtsmen were to be here July 30, and that it was to be hoped to have some of the White Bear club peope from St. Paul. A cup was intended for a trophy, one that would remain in Duluth, and the various plans of the yachtsmen had put them to a good deal of expense. The wealthy element of people was largely lacking in the local organization, he said, whereas the St. Paul people had given $5000 to the White Bear club to build boats. In Duluth six new yachts were built last winter, and as many more were expected to be built the coming winter. When the club went to Superior it took 150 peope, and he had written to the Superior sailors that if they did not bring twice as many here on July 30 it would be a disappointment.

Mr. Silvey said he had been present at the Superior event and saw the enthusiasm at that time and favored giving some money to the work. The boat club here is flourishing and doing good for the town—has won races and lost some—and is a permanent source of social activity. He said further that he did not own a yacht and did not sail one but wished to see the movement advance for the general good.

Mr. Hugo suggested that if the Commercial club paid for the cup it should be called the Commercial club cup, while Mr. Washburn said that "the members of the organization who risked their lives in the glorious sport ought to be allowed to name the cup for their own outfit." He said this under the impression that a certain sum would be given towards expenses, rather than that the Commercial club would purchase the cup.

It was finaly moved by Mr. Washburn that the cup be purchased by the Commercial club and this was generally favored. Mr. Johnson thanked the committee for the favor.

The question of a fire tug for the city was raised by Chairman Hugo, who said that $80,000 is more than the city could afford to pay for one. L. W. Powell thought this a high price, and said that pumps could be bought for $15,000 or $20,000 which would throw a great deal of water, and the difference looked too large to pay for a boat to carry them.

Mr. Hugo said insurance men do not encourage the fire tug proposition and Mr. Washburn explained that the insurance men wanted larger pipes along the streets which front near the bay, that they have agreed with the water and light people on the needs in this respect along the bay front. Mr. Hugo cited the case of an elevator that put in two expensive mains at its own expense and got no concession from the insurance companies in rates.

A. H. Comstock suggested that the need is for a tug that could act as a ferry and patrol the harbor front in such capacity. There have been no serious losses in the last eight or nine years and the fire the other day was so rapid that the men in the house had to jump for their lives, so he believed a fire tug would have been of very little avail in that case. Mr. Silvey moved the appointment by the chairman of three members to act as a committee to investigate the matter, and W. B. Silvey, L. W. Powell and Frank Crassweller were appointed.

Mr. Hugo questioned whether it was not in the province of the industrial subcommittee to look after outgoing industries as well as those possible to be secured for Duluth, and referred to the intended removal of the American Lumber company and the Hurd refrigerator plant.

As to the former concern Mr. Washburn said that efforts along the line toward getting another site for the lumber company might be of some benefit but that it would be impossible to bring together the owners of the present site and the lumber company. The matter was referred to the subcommittee.

Streets of the West End were reported by J. J. Moe to be in a deplorable condition and he said West Superior street in some places is practically impassable, and thought the city ought to pay paving out of present funds or get the owners of abutting property to pave it. It is impossible to drive from Eighth avenue west to Twenty-fifth avenue west without losing a part of the load.

Mr. Silvey said that he knew the street from Eighth to Fifteenth is not fit for any vehicle to pass over. Mr. Hugo suggested action before the next meeting of the charter committee. J. L. Washburn, J. J. Moe and Judge Page Morris were appointed to take up the question.

Secrtary Eva reporetd that the Fifth avenue dock has been repaired and the light at the foot of the street arranged so as to give better service and L. A. Barnes spoke felicitating the committee on the lighting of the government canal piers, which he said are properly illuminated and are a promenade for some of the best people in the city.

The meeting then adjourned, there being no more business offered.

MINISTER'S WINE.

"I always think," said a reverend guest, "that a certain quantity of good wine does a man no harm after a good dinner. "Oh, no, sir," replied mine host, "it is the uncertain quantity that does the mischief." No amount of pillsbury's vitos could injure one, because it is nothing but the best part of pure wheat.

ROBBED BY EMPLOYES.

Roadmaster and Section Man Accused By Milwaukee Road.

Milwaukee, July 22.—Through the arrest of two of its Milwaukee employes this week, the St. Paul road and the Milwaukee police department have disclosed a plot to systematically rob the road. The two men were arraigned in the district court, waived preliminary examination and were bound over to the municipal court for trial under $700 bonds.

Frederick W. Buffmire, roadmaster within the city limits, and Frank Radis, a section hand working in the city, are the accused men. Both are charged with forgery and passing of a time certificate entitling "William Henning" to $41.25 for work rendered. The road believes that this robbery has been going on for more than a year and that over $1000 has been lost by it.

The sky looks bluer, the sun shines brighter, a feeling of youth and strength creeps over the soul after taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

TO REPORT ON GOODNOW.

Assistant Secretary Pierce Completing Investigation.

Washington, July 22.—Herbert H. D. Pierce, third assistant secretary of state, has just returned from China, where he made an investigation into the long standing charges against Consul General John Goodnow at Shanghai.

Mr. Pierce will not talk about the report that he will make to Secretary Hay, but from other sources it is learned that the charges were of such a nature that before Mr. Pierce completes his report he will have to secure statements from several parties in New York, some in San Francisco and others, concerning their dealings with Goodnow in an official way. It is intimated that eventually the case will go to President Roosevelt for action. Goodnow's removal is insisted upon by a number of business men of Shanghai.

In answer to the charges of favoritism and bias in making decisions in his capacity as a judge, Goodnow alleges that because he would not favor the complainants they set about to defeat his administration and have him recalled.

A DALY SCHOLARSHIP.

New York, July 22.—A scholarship in the Columbia university school of mines has been established in memory of the late Marcus Daly, of Montana, by his daughter, Mrs. James W. Gerard, of this city. It is to be awarded on a competitive basis. The recipient is to receive $1000 per annum. The scholarship is open only to those who have worked in the Montana mines or to their descendants.

BRITISH CRUISER SAILS.

Alexandria, July 22.—The British cruiser Venus, which arrived here yesterday, sailed today. Her destination was not given.

THE SAMBIA IS SAFE.

Hamburg, July 22.—The Hamburg-American line steamer Sambia passed Perim, at the southern entrance of the Red sea, yesterday evening, thus disproving the report of her capture by a vessel of the Russian volunteer fleet.

GOOD FOR NOTHING BUT THE EYES.



SUTHERLAND'S EAGLE EYE SALVE

IS A SPEEDY AND HARMLESS CURE FOR

Granulated Lids, Scrofulous Sore Eyes, Sties, Dimness of Vision and All Kinds of Sore Eyes.

If it don't do all we claim take it back and get your money.

25-Cent Tubes. Sold by All Druggists.

MANUFACTURED BY

The E. E. Sutherland Medicine Co., PADUCAH, KENTUCKY.

J. M. GIDDING & CO "The Style Store." SUPERIOR STREET AND FIRST AVENUE WEST. "The Style Store." J. M. GIDDING & CO.

Clean Shelves—Room—and a New Dollar is what we want now in Preference to the Summer Things in the Store.

That's why the Riddance Sale offers such extraordinary advantages to buyers at this time—Dollars are doing double, and in many cases, triple duty. Note the many savings throughout the store on beautiful and seasonable things!

Several Hundred Pieces of Women's Neckwear go into the "Riddance Sale" Tomorrow.

The season's best and most popular styles—Stocks—Ties—Turnovers—Midget Four-in-Hands and novelties of many kinds at an average of HALF AND LESS.

50c and 75c Neckwear at 25c.

$1 Neckwear at 50c $1.50 Neckwear at 75c

On special tables in the right aisle—pick out those you want and buy as many as you please.

$9.75 and $12.50 for $21 to $37.50 Tailored Suits.
$25 and $27.50 for $52.50 and $62,50 Beautiful Silk-lined Voile Tailored Suits.
$1.00 for $1.25 and $1.50 White Shirt Waists.
$1.50 for $2.25 and $2.50 White Shirt Waists.
$2.00 for $3.50 and $3.00 White Shirt Waists.
$6.75 for $17.50 Taffeta Silk Coats.
$9.75 for $25.00 Taffeta Silk Coats.
$12.50 for $27.50 and $29.50 Covert Coats.
$9.75 for $22.50 and $25.00 Covert Coats.

Girls' dresses and suits of linen, mohair and other summer materials.

"Peter Thompson" and Russian styles, in white, tan, light blue, navy, cream and novelty mixtures—sizes from 8 to 16.

$18.00 Thompson and Russian Suits, $12.00.
$12.00 Thompson and Russian Suits, $7.50.
$7.00 Thompson and Russian Suits, $4.50.
$15.00 Thompson and Russian Suits, $9.00.
$10.00 Thompson and Russian Suits, $6.50.
$5.00 Thompson and Russian Suits, $3.25.

Little Tots' Dresses—Russian, Spencer and Suspender styles and Buster Brown styles—the prettiest styles ever shown in the city—of chambray, Scotch Madras, Pique, White Duck, Linen and other materials— sizes 1 to 6 years of age—at one-third off regular prices.

Women's $3.50 Wash Petticoats $2.25.
Women's $2.25 and $2.50 ones at $1.75.

FINE UNDERMUSLINS IN THE SALE.

Some of the finest gowns, drawers, corset covers, chemise and sets, including the French hand-made, reduced from—$12.50 to $10.00; from $11.50 to $8.50; from $9.00 to $6.50; from $.000 and $5.00 to $3.75.

50c Corset Covers at 25¢.
75c Corset Covers at 50¢.
50c Cambric Drawers at 25¢.
75c and $1.00 Drawers at 50¢.
75c Gowns at 50¢; $1.15 Gowns at 85¢.

KIMONAS AND DRESSING SACQUES.

$1.75 Dressing Sacques at $1.25
$2.00 Kimonas at $1.50.
$1.00 Kimonas at 75¢.

HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR.

35c lace-trimmed Vests at 25¢.
75c Lisle Vests at 50¢.
Extra special Lisle Vests—two for 25¢.
Black and Tan Novelty Hose at 25¢.
75c Novelty Hose at 50¢.

Black and Colored Umbrellas in the Sale.

$1.50 Serge Umbrellas, $1; $2.25 ones, $1.50; $3 Umbrellas, $2.00; $5.00 ones, $3.75.

STREET BAGS—New Autumn styles—

At "Riddance" Prices—We told you why—the makers are keeping their force busy during the dull weeks of summer, and made us special prices if we would have them come along now. This is why $2.50 and $3 Bags are $1.50; $3.50 and $4.00 Bags, $2.50; $6.50 and $7.50 Bags, $4.50.

SUMMER SKIRTS—in the Riddance—

Beautiful mixtures, in Scotch and English Homespuns—beautifully tailored—Just a few of the $7.50 kinds at $3.75 are left, and some of the $9.50 kinds at $4.75. Some new numbers are here at $5.50 and $6.50.

$12.50 and $13.50 MOHAIR SKIRTS, $7.50.

Take your choice of about six good styles—plain and fancy—all splendidly tailored.

NEW PLEATED SKIRTS—Advance styles—

And they're taking so well that we've already had to send in reorders. Of fine Panama cloth, black, navy and brown—a skirt that can't be equalled in the city at any price—$10.00 value at $7.50. $15.00 value at $12.50.

32 and 38-GORED AND PLEATED SKIRTS—

Of Panama cloth and French Cheviots—box pleated Taffeta Skirts—box pleated French Voile Skirts—all in the new Board Walk length—cream, champagne, white, navy, black and brown—$7.50 to $22.50.

NEW TOURIST COATS—$12.50—4 shares—

..ew box pleated "Tourist" Coats, light tan, olive tan and light and dark gray—$25 and $27.50.

Traveling Coats, of Waterproof Mohair—$12.50.

A new Autumn Model, in Cravenette Coats, tan, $13.50.

SILK COATS FOR TRAVELING—

Silk Coats for traveling, 3-quarter or full length—$10.00, $12.50, $15 and $17.50—That were $20 to $40.

Our Finest Waists In the Riddance Sale.

If we didn't want to live up to our policy of making each season take care of itself, or in other words, to clean up each season's stocks at no matter what loss—you'd never get a waist-buying opportunity like this. About thirty exclusive French hand made waists get the riddance ticket tomorrow—

Mostly white—a few colors—light blue and champagne—of Louisine, Peau de Ceine—Crepe de Chine—all over lace and Batistes.

The riddance prices we've put upon them are low enough to induce the most careful to buy—In most cases a full half is clipped off.

Also in the "Riddance"—$3.75 for $7.50 Waists; $2.50 for $5.00 Waists.

Tan, Champagne, light blue, navy, black—and white—of Peau de Soie, Crepe de Chine, Taffeta and some China Silk.

J M Gidding & Co WOMENS OUTFITTERS

"THE STYLE STORE."

CRAZED BY DRINK

Mike Conway Terrorizes Alger-Smith Logging Camp.

Sheriff Nelson Forced to Shoot Him—Is Recovering.

Crazed with drink, armed with a double-bitted ax, Mike Conway, a woodsman well known through the logging camps north of Two Harbors, instituted a reign of terror at Alger, Smith & Co.'s camp, No. 4, the first of the week and was finally shot in the breast by Sheriff Nelson of Lake county as he was entering the town of Two Harbors.

Camp No. 4 is located at what is known as the "gravel pit," at the crossing of the old Drummond branch logging road with the Alger-Smith road.

Monday night Conway, who had been spending some time at Two Harbors, entered the camp in an intoxicated condition and put up for the night. Nothing was thought of his condition other than he would probably be sobered up the next morning.

While Walter Brodie, of Two Harbors, watchman at the camp, was starting the fires Tuesday morning, he poured some kerosene over the wood and touched a match. The sudden blaze seemed to infuriate Conway, who sprang out of the tent with a roar like a wild beast. He seized a double-bitted ax standing near and started for Brodie, who fled for a place of safety.

Conway stood his ground in front of the tent, swinging the big ax about his head as if it were a feather, threatening to kill the first man he could reach. The camp has several dogs, and one of these, a pup, ran up to Conway and began to play at his feet. One sweep of the ax nearly decapitated the animal, whose owner was so angered that he was with difficulty restrained from getting a rifle and killing Conway.

The noise aroused a teamster by the name of Tucker, who came out of his tent and seeing Conway in a belligerent attitude, picked up a rock and demanded that the ax be returned immediately to its place. Conway's answer was, "You, will, will you?" and with that he started toward Tucker. The latter was partially dressed and barefoot, but he lost no time in putting a safe distance between himself and the ax.

Under the direction of Foreman Byce various maneuvers were attempted to get in the rear of Conway and overpower him in a sudden rush, but he is pictured as being almost like a wild beast in his actions and as nimble as a cat. The men at the camp did not relish an encounter at close quarters, and kept at a safe distance.

Finally Conway started up the railroad track toward Two Harbors and Foreman Byce, leaving several men to guard the camp, with instructions to shoot Conway only as a last resort, hurried to the nearest telephone and informed Sheriff Nelson, of Lake county, that an insane man was headed toward Two Harbors.

Sheriff Nelson and Deputy Sheriff Christenson started down the track of the Duluth & Iron Range road and met Conway in a cut not far out of Two Harbors. They asked him to give up his weapon, but he defied the officers and hurled the ax at Christenson. His rush toward them was met with a bullet from Sheriff Nelson's gun, which struck the crazed man in the breast. Even with the wound Conway grappled with the officers and was overpowering them when the loss of blood from his wound weakened him and they were able to tie him down.

Conway was taken to the hospital at Two Harbors and given treatment by Dr. Budd. Yesterday it was reported that his condition is much better and he has excellent chances for recovery.

Conway is a man of good appearance, weighing about 180 pounds and of splendid physique. He is said to be peaceable when in his right mind. The loss of blood is said to have had the effect of clearing his mind, and to one of the men who visited him at the hospital, yesterday, he expressed deep regret over his escapade being pleased to learn that he had harmed nobody.

One peculiar thing about his condition is that he distinctly remembers running amuck at the camp, and says he fully intended to kill the officers when they stopped him. Conway said he threw the ax at Deputy Christenson with the intention of killing or maiming him, when he intended to grapple with the sheriff, get his gun and shoot both the officers. He is now thankful that the sheriff stopped his mad course, even though he had to resort to a dose of lead.

JEFFERSONIAN SIMPLICITY.

From an address of Robert B. Roosevelt before the Thirteen club, of New York: "The days of Jeffersonian simplicity are over. I have a sympathy with them. Not alone in politics, but in temperament. A Democrat, I have preferred plain ways, the cheap coat, the man in the cheap coat if he is a better and brighter man, than the man in the dear coat. I like to walk on my two independent feet rather than be cramped in the grind and imposing carriage with two men on the box. I would not even care to change my plain old-fashioned residence for the most gorgeous modern palace facing the Central Park or crowning Riverside drive.

"But I am far from quarreling with the man who thinks and feels otherwise, and sometimes I have had doubts about the sincerity of the simplicity of which we have heard so much. Was there not a little too much in the riding up to the Capitol, hitching the horse to a post and stepping in to the court room to take the oath of office? Is there any special virtue or superiority in wearing old clothes?

Perhaps our people have grown in dignity; possibly this dignity may verge on pomposity; but would our citizens approve if the chief magistrate of this great and powerful nation were today to so disregard the ordinary proprieties and amenities as to follow these examples? It seems like sacrilege, but his enemies accused this great man—Thomas Jefferson—for great he was beyond question—of being something too much of a mere politician in setting his ways so conspicuously against the elegancies of Hamilton, his chief opponent, who came over here with all the French finicky nicetiles and properties of his mother's race.

There is no reason for not giving him credit for sincerity. The world moves and has kept on moving. Riches accumulate and manners change. The stage coach has given way to the railroad car, the slow-going sailing ship to the splatial steamboat, and the horse and wabon to the automobile. And the world now travels in the railroad car, the steamer, and the automobile whenever it can. Our ancestors would have done so if they could.

Simplicity in itself appeals to some natures; for instance, simple life at home. The great leader of New York society, Ward McAllster, the unquestioned arbiter in the most difficult role that man can fill, that pertaining to fashionable life, said that admission to the ranks of the sacred Four Hundred was determined by one fact—could the applicant seat thirty guests at dinner? Persons who are fond of simplicity would say that thirty people at dinner constitute a rabble or mass meeting, or what is known as a public "banquet," instead of a peaceful, secred, perfect, private function. But as cuh home palaces grow grander and grander thirty covers will be a trivial affair, and the variest simplicity of at least one hundred required for admission to the holy of holies.

I read of two French candidates for the position of deputy in their national assembly. One went from place to place in the country addressing his constituents and explaining the need which the nation had of his services, and when he got through his addresses he turned his pockets inside out, saying, in that striking French way, "Behold, I have nothing. The candidate goes to his constituents with nothing in his pockets, everything in heart and mind. I can trust you to give me what I need and to supply my wants, but I am going farther. There they may not know me so well nor be as generous as you."

Thereupon a collection was taken up for him, and he made rapid progress in his canvass. It even looked as though simplicity was going to win, until one day his rival was seen riding into town on the top of a load of manure.

"This," he exclaimed, "I love; I love the smell of it. I love to see it. Is is the food of the earth. It supplies life to us all. Without it where would you and I, my dear constituents, be?"

My French paper, my authority for these anecdotes, tells me that this last candidate won, that his simplicity was of a more positive and taking kind.

"This is the money age. "In all thy getting, get money." I saw a notice in the papers of a bank whose officers dismissed an employe who married on a salary of less than $1000 a year. They feared to trust him if he gave himself to the perils of marriage. In the days of simplicity a salary of $1000 was above the average of salaries, and the happiest years of a man's life were those of self-sacrifice crowned by the love that is all of heaven and most of God.

It is said Americans worship dollars. American dollars are worshiped everywhere, and far more abroad than at home. They make an open path for the newest of the new, right into the very heart of of the highest realms of English aristocracy, and to the feet of the very throne itself. They buy the possessors of the most sacred titles all over Europe when one of our rich girls takes a fancy to be called a duchess or a princess.

In literature, who that ever had the pleasure of entering into the sacred and blessed precincts of darling Bohemia can ever forget it? There was simplicity, the simplicity of intellect, the equality of man and man, the concert of mind with mind. It, too, has passed away, and now the Scribes and Pharisees of the press and the pen think only of salary and accumulating fortunes. The simplicity of the days when few had a dollar, and no one cared whether he had it or not, have passed on. Can anybody say this is altogether bad? Can we have any better test than the power to accumulate, any better government than the wise self-interest of wealth? What do you propose to substitute—individual manhood? But when that manhood can be purchased at $2 a man—the regulation price—what respect does it deserve?

Personally I do not like the change. I prefer the old-fashioned way; but I am not weak enough or childlike enough to suppose that the world is going to pause on account of my prejudices or going to stop getting rich because you and I, my hearers, don't know how, or being extravagant because we have not the means. In combinations of capital, in private life and public methods, it is the day of expansion.

So in art; a picture will bring $50,000 because the painter has an unequaled reputation—only too often worked up for him by his picture dealer. In the days of simplicity $100 was a liberal sum to pay for a portrait by the best artists; today he demands $10,000. Whether the portrait is any better than its predecessors I must leave to those who pay for it to say. But all this is as far from simplicity as a modern tailor-made gown is from the lovely calico costumes which we used to admire on our beautiful grandmothers.

And nothing shows the universal brotherhood of man so conspicuous as in the circus. There every boy was the social equal of every other boy. Boyhood is the democracy of the world, and in the arena of the school and the playground there is no social distinction. There the leader is chosen for his merits. When the boys gathered on the bare wooden benches and ate the universal peanut, after they had paid their 25 cents admission, they roared their admiration for the antics of one motely-colored clown, admired the one queen of the ring in gauze skirts and dirty tights as she wabbled on the back of a live rocking horse and leaped with hesitation through paper hoops. They perhaps climbed to a seat on the broad back of a gentle elephant and were happy. But now there are classes and masses. The former pay $2.50 admission and sit in reserved boxes and cushioned chairs; the latter are driven away up into the topmost gallery, while all, high and humble, grand and lowly, gaze wearily, confusedly and without enthusiasm at hundreds of huge elephants marching by, at three rings going all at once and at trapeze performers filling the entire hall to the roof.

What would Jeffersonian simplicity say to a $5 box at a circus and a billion-dollar congress of the United States? Would it not raise its hands aloft in horror and, with a cry like that of the Greek ghosts in Homer, fly to the land of the departed spirits and be seen no more? I am afraid that only one mortuary motto can be placed over its respected remains, and all that can be said in closing is: "Hic jacet! Requiescat in Pace!"

PLUCKY MRS. BRADLEY.

In a Bay City carriage sat a small child whose father was about to take a seat beside it, when, in mounting, his foot slipped and he was thrown between the wheels, says the Detroit Tribune. But he was a plucky parent and hung to the reins until he had been twice run over. On the porch of her home stood Mrs. L. M. R. Bradley, attired for afternoon calls. She had paused a moment to be sure that her hat was on plumb, when the runaway attracted her notice. Did she hold up her hands in holy horror, let out a helpless scream and faint? She did nothing of the sort. She was not that kind of a Mrs. Bradley. There was a sound of rustling skirts, a patter of hustling feet and presently the lady, dresed for afternoon calls had taken position in the path of the horse and was bidding her time in silence. She was a woman, but her motto was: "Deeds, Not Words." On came the flying rig and the lady in afternoon dress crouched and braced as for some supreme effort. Was she actually going to spring upon the animal and seize it by the bit? That was what she was actually going to do. That was what she actually did do. There was a flutter of feminine attire, a swish of "angel wings," and the lady in afternoon dress had looped the gap and landed fairly on the neck of the horse, caught it by the bit and bore its head to the ground. The runaway stopped then and there, the child was saved and brave Mrs. Bradley, brushing her dust-covered afternoon skirt, once more had leisure to find whether her hat was on straight, before making her evening calls. That was the kind of a Mrs. Bradley she was.

It pays to advertise in The Herald. Ask Max Wirth.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Boar Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VIEWING SITES FOR NAVAL STATION

Board of Inquiry Appointed By President Is In Duluth.

Spends Day Looking Over the City and Locations Available.

On private car No. 400 of the Chicago & Northwestern line, which was attached to the Northern Pacific train from Ashland arriving in Duluth last evening at 7:10 o'clock, came the naval board of inquiry which is considering the various sites on the great lakes offered for a naval training station.

The board consists of Captain William H. Reeder, chairman; William M. Bradley, of Portland, Me., and H. M. Waite, of Lexington, Ky. The latter gentlemen are not public figures, one being a banker and the other a lawyer, and were selected for service on the board by President Roosevelt, for the reason that it was believed the choice of men from widely separated points of the United States and who were not in any way personally interested or concerned in the site would give a more unbiased judgement. The committee was accompanied by John L. Ferguson, assistant general passenger agent of the Chicago & Northwestern road, and R. Moses, secretary of the committee. After the inspection is completed at the head of the lakes the committee will go to Sault Ste. Marie on the government revenue cutter Tuscarora.

The committee stopped last night at the Spalding and this morning were taken on a carriage ride over the boulevard, accompanied by Senator Moses E. Clapp and his son, Harvey S. Clapp, of St. Paul; President W. A. McGonagle, of the Commercial club; T. W. Hugo, chairman of the public affairs committee of the club; A. H. Comstock, W. E. Richardson, and George M. Smith, general agent of the Omaha.

After the boulevard drive, with which the visitors were greatly pleased, they were driven to the foot of Sixth avenue where the government yacht Vidette, Captain E. R. Brown, lay.. J. H. Darling, principal assistant government engineer at this port, had tendered the craft for the use of the committee in making the trip to the various sites offered, and a large number of specially invited guests went along with the committee.

It had been intended to start the yacht with the party at 11 a. m. but owing to delays the committee did not reach the wharf until about 11:30, and as soon as they could board the vessel she cast off and steamed out into the lake. It was expected that the greater part of the afternoon would be consumed in looking over the three pieces of ground suggested for the site, which are those on Minnesota Point, Wisconsin Point and Clough or Big Island. These sites were fully described in The Herald of Monday last.

Among the guests who went along on the boat trip were, besides those who were on the carriage drive, the following: Mayor Charles N. O'Hare, James Bardon, George P. Knowles, J. T. Murphy, E. G. Buxton, Henry S. Butler, Louis Haunitch and M. S. Bright, of Superior; Captain David A. Hall and Lieut. W. B. E. Jacobs, of the revenue cutter Tuscarora; Mayor M. B. Cullum, Col. C. H. Graves, Captain Ray T. Lewis, John H. Darling, principal assistant government engineer, J. I. Owen, chief clerk of the government engineer's office, Capt. Alexander McDougall and Secretary H. V. Eva, of the Commercial club. All told the company numbered about two score and the larder was well stocked against the approach of the noon appetite.

There being no women in the party Senator Clapp felt encouraged to order the steward to serve some of the biggest and best onions on board, which the steward promised to do. When asked for whom the onions were intended the senator laughed heartily but would not tell.

A lot of printed information was taken along by Mr. Darling, as well as maps for the convenience of any who wished to look at them. Mr. Darling has done some figuring on the cost of adapting the sites offered in case any one of them should be selected. The Oatka site on Minnesota point would have the necessary half mile frontage required by the government, and the present land area is 10 acres. The area from the lake shore to the harbor line is 112 acres. The cost of the land, based on the estimated price two years ago, when the data was compiled by the Duluth-Superior committees, would be, for the 18 acres, $21,600; while filling out to the harbor line to a height of four feet above low water, 1,400,000 yards, at 7 cents, would be $98,000. In case of each site Mr. Darling has estimated the cost of a bulkhead 1000 feet in length, with a timber crib, for wharfage, at $27 per foot. This would be $27,000, a total of $146,600.

Wisconsin point would have the half mile water frontage and the land area now is 69 acres. The area from the lake shore to the harbor line would be 103 acres. The 69 acres at $600 per acre would be $41,400 and filling to harbor line to a point four feet above low water would require 700,000 yards of filling at 7 cents per yard, or $49,000. The bulkhead would be $27,000, a total of $117,400.

At Big Island the report of two years ago placed the acreage at 526.67, while Mr. Darling figures the area to the shore line as 424 acres, and the area to the harbor line, or acreage, which could be made by filling to the present territory, 493 acres. However, in the ase of the island there is more than enough shore line acreage for government requirements, under either of the estimates of present area.

The Minnesota Point site, which is the first one mentioned above, has the advantage of a central location and a greater water area directly in front of it than the Wisconsin site, which is expected to offset the greater expenditure necessary to make it of the requisite acreage.

The committee that was here two years ago favored the Big island site as the most naturally adapted and ample of the three. At that time, however, the committee examined a number of sites at other cities, as is the case this trip, and on its return to the East reported in favor of Racine. The higher authorities, however, rejected the report, making it necessary to have the investigation conducted again.

On Dec. 13, 1900, Secretary W. H. Moody of the navy prepared a report on the matter, which was joined to an exposition of the needs in the case, prepared by H. C. Taylor, rear admiral of the navy; C. McR. Winslow, lieutenant commander, and H. H. Rousseau, civil engineer of the navy. In this matter the following particulars were set forth as necessary to be met in any prospective site:

"The amount of land available must be sufficient for all purposes and should not be less than 100 acres. The population within the immediate vicinity (from which a large percentage of the recruits will be drawn), should be large, which would enable the station to recruit as well as to train the men. There should be a city in the neighborhood large enough to afford amusements to the boys and men when given leave of absence. The land should be high and dry, partially wooded, fertile and healthful, with absence of swamp and reasonably free from mosquitoes. The water front should not be less than one-half mile. The site should be preferably on an island close to shore, or on a peninsula, easily isolated. The cost should not be prohibitieve. Extensive grading should not be required to secure level ground for drill and recreation purposes. Water of good quality should be available in large quantity. There should be a bathing beach. The land should not be crosed by railroads or public highways. There should be convenient railroad facilities for both freight and passengers. There should be a good natural and artificial harbor convenient for both barge and small vessels, having not less than 18 feet of water and easy of egress and ingress. The harbor or channel should be self maintained and should not require continued dredging. There should be facilities for target practice. The site should not be in a manufacturing district."

Captain Reeder, who is the only naval officer on the present committee, and who heads it, has been on waiting orders at Washington since last fall, taking such assignments as are made for him from time to time. During the Spanish-American war he was in command of the training ship St. Mary, at New York.

WILL CUT VALUES

Board of Equalization Will Reduce West Duluth Valuations.

Will Embody All of Its Decisions In One Resolution.

The board of equalization is likely to take action in the form of a resolution abating the assessed valuation on a number of pieces of West Duluth property, whose owners are represented by Richardson & Day. The figures fixed by the assessor were too high, according to the representations made to the board, and a committee, comprised of Commissioners Morcom, Kauppi and McInnis, on invitation of the agents, visited the ground, viewed the property and made recommendations for a reduction. The report, which was received and filed, pending a resolution, was in part as follows:

"In West Duluth, Sixth division, we have examined all of the lots in the division complained of, also all the lots in Hunter's & Markell's Grassy Point addition, Oneota, Hazelwood Park and the eighty acres in the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section 14-49-15.

"The latter, in our opinion, should not be valued at more than $60 per acre at the highest.

"The reduction in per cent asked for by the complainants in West Duluth, Sixth division, Grassy Point and Hazelwood Park, we recommend should be granted."

The committee was discharged from further consideration of the matter.

This year the board is taking a somewhat different course than formerly in the disposition of the complaints brought before it. As the different requests are taken up and discussed, intimation is made as to what action the board intends to take, and those petitions which are to be granted will all be embodied under one resolution, when the board finishes its work, instead of a resolution in each case, as has been customary. This method, it is claimed, will facilitate the work of the board very much.

G. A. Klein, the jeweler, sent in a communication protesting against a $1630 raise in his assessed valuation. The matter was discussed at some length, the board being strongly inclined to the opinion that Mr. Klein is not yet assessed enough. The sentiment of the talk indicated that no change looking toward a reduction will be made.

Other protests against assessed valuations were made in writing this morning by the following:

W. J. Bates, on cutover land in section 4-61-14; Myers Bros., on land in section 35-50-15 and sections 2, 11 and 14-19-15; Edward Lynch, on lands in 60-14, 61-14 and 61-13; Leonard Thomasson, on lands in section 28-51-13; Adams Security company, on lands in 58-15 and 58-20.

S. Erickson, a farmer from the town of Independence, objected to hs personal property valuation.

An adjournment was taken until 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Monday the hearing for the owners of logging railways in St. Louis county will be held before the board and it is expected that the session will be rather an interesting one.

BUT ONE DAY MORE FOR REGISTRATION.

Bonesteel, S. D., July 22.—A large crowd was in line today to register for a "free farm," and indications pointed to a passing of the 1000 mark before the day closed. An attemnt was made by two men to disarm a policeman in front of the business place of Elmer Lotz. The latter was standing in the doorway of store and immediately went to the officer's aid, whereupon the two men fled. Tomorrow is the last day of registration and it is expected large crowds will be in line.

HAS PUMPS ON HAND

Tug Company Could Quickly Fit Tugs For Fire Fighting.

Willing to Make Agreement on Same Line as Formerly.

G. H. Vroman, local manager of the Union Towing & Wrecking company, says that the concern which he represents stands ready at any time to fit out one or more of its best and most powerful tugs with complete fire fighting apparatus, and to place such tugs at the disposition of the city in time of emergency, for a moderate rental. This plan was followed several years ago in Duluth, and many business men are now of the opinion that renting the boats from the tug company is the most practical answer to the fire tug question.

At the meeting of the public affairs committee last evening, Chairman Hugo said that $80,000 is more than the city can afford to pay for one of the fire fighters, and this seems to be the prevailing sentiment. It is claimed that the Union Towing & Wrecking tugs, properly equipped, would be in every way as effective as one purchased by the council especially for fire fighting purposes. The company now has on hand several pumps of a powerful type, which new would probably cost from $15,000 to $20,000. They are ready to be placed on the boats at any time. All that is lacking is the proper hose, and this of course could be obtained. The towing company has no hose other than that adapted for use in fighting a blaze on the tugs themselves.

The stream thrown by a fire tug has tremendous power, and it is claimed that one in operation at the recent Omaha warehouse fire would have checked the progress of the blaze to a considerable extent. It has became clearly evident at last week's fire that hydrant facilities for protection of the dock property are wholly inadequate. When hose was attached to the hydrants at the foot of Sixth, Seventh and Eighth avenues west the streams did not reach the tops of sheds 25 feet high.

Manager L. N. Case of the water and light department, stated after the fire that there are only six-inch pipes at Sixth, Seventh and Eighth avenues west and Railroad street, and that when more than one hose is attached at a time the water pressure is exhausted.

The committee appointed by the public affairs committee last night to investigate the matter will undoubtedly give the proposition of the towing company consideration, and find out just what the merits of the plan would be. Those who have looked into the matter appear to be of the opinion that making arrangements with the company, provided suitable terms can be made, is the most reasonable way out of the difficulty.

VERDICT IS UPHELD

Duluth Electric Company Must Pay Mrs. Gilbert $5000.

Supreme Court Holds That Corriveau's Sentence Must Stand.

St. Paul, July 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—About twenty opinions were handed down by the supreme court today.

The case of Christena Gilbert, administratrix of the estate of Samuel V. Gilbert, against the Duluth General Electric company, was affirmed. It seems Gilbert was killed in his own house while turning on a current of electricity into a light and at the same time holding on to an iron pipe with the other. High voltage of current escaping from a defective wire which was crossed with another entering the home of the deceased caused death. The court holds that a man is not supposed to know when wires are defective outside of his house and that therefore the deceased was not guilty of contributary negligence. The award of the lower court was $5000.

Another St. Louis county case was that of Mark W. Kline vs. the Minnesota Iron company. It was a personal injury case and the lower court was reversed.

In the case of the state against Louis Corriveau, from Lake county, who was convicted of murder in the first degree and sentenced to be executed and whose sentence was commuted to life imprisonment by the pardon board, the supreme court holds that Corriveau's present life sentence will stand.

The court upholds the local smoke ordinance. In a decision handed down by Justice Lovely, in the case of the city of St. Paul vs. Knut Naughbor. The ruling of the lower court is affirmed.

The state law known as the peddlers' law is upheld in a decision in a Hennepin county case brought under a Minneapolis ordinance. The court holds that a yearly fee of $125 is not excessive and that a man cannot peddle the produce of his own farm if a city ordinance forbids it.

The Armory law is upheld in the case of the state on relation of R. Corriston, who mandamussed Joshua Rogers to compel him to issue bonds for the building of an armory. The court holds that the law is good.

THE HIBERNIANS

Settle Down to Convention Work at St. Louis.

St. Louis, July 22.—The first real work of the convention of the Ancient Order of Hibernians was begun today, when the reports of committees, appointed at previous sessions, were received.

The principal report was that of the committee on resolutions, which reported in favor of a national home for members of the order, and denounced the caricaturing of the Irish race upon the stage and in the funny sections of the newspapers.

The resolutions were lengthy and embraced reports upon a number of matters especially interesting to the convention.

Gray-Tallant Co | Gray-Tallant Co | Gray-Tallant Co

Cleaning Up Summer Wear

Suit Section on the Second Floor.

VISITORS TO THE CITY

Are cordially invited to wander through our three floors of splendid up-to-date merchandise. A great mid-summer sale is now in progress—hundreds of the season's prettiest and most desirable goods in every department of the store are reduced for quick selling. Probably you will want to make your trip to Duluth one of profit as well as pleasure.

Mid-Summer Clearance.

117-119 West Superior St.

WHEN this midsummer clearance is over our suit room will be free of summer garments and ready for an active fall campaign, so we are accepting a loss willingly now on warm weather suits, skirts and waists. Lucky indeed is the woman who still has summer garments to buy.

THESE WASH SUITS join the clearance— $10.00 suits are now selling at $5.00 and $5.00 suits are reduced to $3.50.

SILK SHIRT WAIST SUITS that were formely $30.00, principally in champagne colors—at exactly half tomorrow.

$1.98 WASH SUITS in natural linen and the new shades of blue—while they last, go at 98c.

ELEGANT LACE WAISTS—rich, stylish and charming —two different groups — $15.00 waists at $7.50— $10.00 waists at $5.00.

THE SPECIAL PURCHASE OF LAWN WAISTS has been selling fast—if the quantity had not been large there would have been none to tempt you tomorrow. Choose from $1.00 waists at 50c—from $1.50 waists at 75c—from $1.75 and $2.00 waists at $1.00.



Excellent Summer Shoe Values.

THE greatest values for the least money is the rule of our shoe department—in many instances a saving of 25 per cent.

WOMEN'S $2.50 OXFORDS—Patent tips, fine vici kid tops and turned soles—five different styles of the $2.50 qualities—smart, fashionable shapes—at ____ **$1.98**

WOMEN'S $1.50 STRAP SLIPPERS — Patent leathers and kid—new styles and fresh new goods —$1.25 and $1.50 are our regular prices— Saturday special ____ **98c**

WOMEN'S FINE KID SHOES—Flexible soles—up-to-date in every way—the best selling moderate priced shoes in our stock— at only ____ **$1.98**

BAREFOOT SANDALS for boys and girls. If you wish a happy surprise for a child take a pair home—sizes 8 to 2— at only $1.00 to ____ **75c**

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S OXFORDS— neatly reduced in price tomorrow—several of the season's best styles tomorrow at from $1.50 to ____ **$1.00**

WOMEN'S $1.75 KID SHOES—heavy or light soles, solid throughout, comfortable lasts—our regular $1.50 and $1.75 grades— tomorrow ____ **$1.39**

60c TENNIS SLIPPERS for boys and girls, all sizes—the qualities that are sold at many other stores for 55c and 60c. Buy here for—only ____ **45c**

THE MOST ECONOMICAL SHOE that you can buy is the Belmar Shoe—lasts longest, and has the prettiest shapes of any shoe made—a $3.50 shoe at ____ **$3.00**

Men's Bargains.

CORLISS & COON COLLARS —A conspicuous example of the savings in our Men's department is the selling of all the newest and best shapes of Corliss & Coon's standard collars, priced the world over at 15c each, or 2 for 25c—at ____ **10c**

$1.50 NEGLIGEE SHIRTS for summer wear—the latest patterns in dots, stripes and figures with attached or detached cuffs, some with open work fronts— the "Stag" brand is a guarantee of the quality and fit— our regular $1.25 and $1.50 shirts on sale Saturday at ____ **97c**

The Clearance of Fancy Parasols at Half Price begins Tomorrow.

Just at a time when the sun is most glaring and a parasol the most welcome we have cut the price of a large number of very stylish fancy colored parasols exactly in two. Some are in plain colors, some stripes, dots and checks, with colored borders and faggot stitched and ruffled tops. You can select a parasol tomorrow and have practically the full summer's use of it, yet it will cost you but **one-half the summer price.**

Clearing Wash Fabrics.

ONE of the chief features of this great house cleaning is the offering of thousands of yards of beautiful wash fabrics at a saving of from one quarter to one half and more.

SCORES OF PATTERNS of printed lawns, batistes, papillons, etc., in desirable shades and dainty designs that early in the season were priced at 25c are marked for quick and positive disposal at ____ **9½c**

RED SEAL GINGHAMS—new 1904 designs, sold in every store today at 12½c a yard. The enthusiasm of our wash goods buyer led to an overstock this spring. To reduce the quantity we make them ____ **9½c**

Gloves, Hose, Underwear.

TO clean up many reduced lines of summer underwear, hosiery and gloves, we've priced them with a view to make them sell on sight tomorrow. Every item is worth coming for.

LACE LISLE HOSE—double sole and heel with lace boot or all over lace effect, fast color—in such demand that they sell everywhere at 35c and 25c—special price for tomorrow— a pair ____ **19c**

ELBOW-LENGTH GLOVES and mitts in fancy lace patterns, silk embroidered backs — $1.00, 75c and 50c values—all placed in one lot Saturday—choose the very finest at— only ____ **39c**

$1.25 UNION SUITS—fine ribbed mercerized cotton or lisle thread, low neck, no sleeves, knee length, fancy trimmed neck and arms, white, pink and sky blue—a splendid quality (selling at $1.25 and $1, tomorrow **69c**

BOYS' SHIRTS AND DRAWERS—fine Balbriggan, in a medium weight, sizes 24 to 34—regular 50c garments—the quality which exacting mothers demand for their boys—all that remains on sale tomorrow at ____ **39c**

MEDIUM WEIGHT SUITING—An attractive cloth in white and gray grounds with small black figures. This offering ought to interest every woman who is looking for summer suit materials—10c values ____ **12½c**

EMBROIDERED DOTTED SWISS—neat effects in light blue, black and green polka dots. The price of this fancy dotted Swiss regularly is 30c—Tomorrow we reduce it below wholesale cost ____ **19c**

Linen Qualities Are Positively Not Matched in Duluth at Our Prices.

Inferior linens never take the place of quality at this store in order to make a newspaper comparison—nor are you urged to purchase linens by exaggeration and preposterous claims. Hundreds of yards of linens have been sold this week on the merit of values alone. Every yard on which we have placed the Erin brand bears the guarantee of this store that no better values in Irish linen are to be had—the quality sells the linen—the label guarantees the quality.

Reliable qualities of Irish, Scotch, German and Belgian Linens are not equalled at these prices.

89c HEAVY BLEACHED TABLE DAMASK—Two yards wide—linens advertised as the identical thing at other stores are slazy and thin in comparison—our quality ____ **59c**

$1.25 CERMAN TWILLED TABLE LINEN—Warranted grass bleached—no other store in Duluth carries this grade of linen—it is confined exclusively to the Gray-Tallant Company. Has not an equal at— only ____ **$1.00**

$1.25 BLEACHED TABLE DAMASK—72 inches wide—sale price ____ **83c**

$1.25 SNOW WHITE, HEAVY SATIN DAMASK hemstitched lunch cloths 36x36 ____ **75c**

$1.00 CREAM OR HALF BLEACHED SATIN TABLE DAMASK—The linens advertised by other stores as the same are shown by comparison not to be a whit better than our 59c linens. This superior grade ____ **68c**

$2.50 SNOW WHITE DOUBLE SATIN TABLE DAMASK—The best quality of the celebrated Erin brand linens—heavy, soft and pliable—in the choicest designs of the season—special sale price tomorrow, per yard ____ **$1.89**

$1.60 HEAVY BLEACHED SCOTCH AND BELGIAN linens, 72 inches wide ____ **$1.08**

$1.59 BLEACHED CREAM ⅝ SIZE NAPKINS—Real Irish Linen ____ **$1.19**

A Soulful Yearn.

Puck: "I wish," said the Hon. Thomas Rott, politician, "that one's creditors would form the habit of seeking him in the coy and elusive fashion that the average office employs in seeking the man."

Disgusting.

Louisville Courier-Journal: The lynching at Eupora, Miss., was as disgusting as it was horrible. The mob that encouraged a 16-year-old girl to assist in the hanging wronged her hardly less than the creature who outraged her.

'Phone your wants, small advertisements of all kinds sent by telephone to The Herald receive prompt and careful attention. Ask central for 324, either 'phone.

For a want in your home or in your business, try a Herald want ad.

HOPES TO FLY

Michigan Inventor With an Airship That Is Nearly Complete.

After the Reward of $100,000 at St. Louis World's Fair.

Kalkaska, Mich., July 22.—For nearly a year W. C. Freeman of Kalkaska, stirred by the offer of a reward of $100,000 for the speediest dirigible airship to be shown at the St. Louis exposition, has spent his time in a little red shop on the outskirts of the town working away with half a dozen assistants on a machine which he believes will win the prize. Six weeks more will see it finished and ready for trial.

The invention is an airship driven by wings and propelled by steam. Cutting entirely away from Langley and his inclined planes, and from Santos-Dumont and his balloons, the Kalkaska man has hit upon what he believes is a new principle; and so confident is he of success that he is risking his whole fortune and will risk his life on the result.

A visitor to the Freeman shop is likely first to be impressed by the secrecy which shrouds every movement of the inventor and his assistants in the shop. All doors are locked and the windows fitted with shutters, and rarely does a man gain entrance who has no business there.

At the far end of the shop raised on blocks and supported by frames, rests a little squat, cigar-shaped structure with two long arms. Rising from the joints to a height of six feet are two vertical steel shafts. Other vertical shafts are set midway between the ends of the arms and the squat body. These four shafts, when the machine is completed, are to carry the horizontal wings, and each shaft will be driven by an engine built into the arm on which it rests.

The wings themselves are like windmill blades, set horizontally instead of vertically and divided into series above the other on the vertical shaft six blades in a series and four series on the shaft, each blade in a series being parallel with the others.

"You notice those blades," says the inventor, "six feet long and a foot wide at the end, made of white basswood and sheathed in Crescent steel? You see that the sides of those blades are inclined upward, but if you look closer you will also see that the inclination is not the same along the entire width of the blade. Right there lies the difference between the wings of my machince and the wings of those built by the other inventors who failed.

"I'll tell you why. You know how a billiard ball rebounds from the cushion? On the exact angle at which it struck, of course. And given an absence of friction, every other substance will act on the same angle when it strikes a second substance which resists it.

"Now take a plane, inclined at an angle of 10 degrees, and divide the width of the blade into, say, four sections. As that blade is whirled swiftly through the air on the vertical shafting the inclination of the blade drives the air under it. The current of air, scientifically speaking, is horizontal, and when the air molecules strike the upper quarter section of that blade they are deflected downward and away from the remainder of the blade in exact proportion to the angle at which they strike.

"Lower air molecules, coming in a line to strike the second section of the blade, meet the deflected particles from the upper current and are themselves deflected, hardly striking the blade at all, while molecules on a line with the third and fourth sections of the blade are turned far from their course by opposing molecules and all their power is lost.

"The result is that while a vacuum is created on the upper side of the blade which tends to lift the latter, a second vacuum is formed on the under side as well, which partly nullifies the first and renders the blade worthless for lifting purposes.

"I spent a great many hours on that problem, but I think I have solved it by changing the inclination of my blade. The first quarter of its width is inclined four degrees from the horizontal, the second five degrees, the third seven degrees and the last fourteen degrees. My blade in its motion horizontally, through its peculiar inclination, follows those deflected air molecules downward and its full force is exerted at every point. Hence there will be no vacuum on the under side of the blade, and the entire power of the vacuum above will be utilized in lifting.

"To show the power I can get, last year I built a model one-seventeenth the size of the present machine. That model I hoisted to a pair of scales and I found that it had a lifting power of 138 pounds. In other words, when the model was running the weight on the scales was just 138 pounds less than when the machine stood still. Figuring from this I believe that my airship, when completed, will have a lifting power of nearly 2000 pounds, including its own weight.

"The rules of the St. Louis competition specify merely that the machine shall be dirigible and be able to carry one man. Its own weight will be less than 900 pounds when everything is done, and even with myself and a stock of supplies on board the weight will not be more than 1200."

"But suppose your machine will raise itself and you, how about its equilibrium?" the inventor was asked. "And how will you produce a forward motion as well?"

"Equilibrium will be automatic," answered the enthusiast. "Each of these four wings will be driven by an independent engine geared to the wing shaft. Power will be produced by steam, and an automatic arrangement will cut off power from any one of those wings the moment one side of the machine drops lower than the other.

"For instance, if the right hand arm for some reason falls lower than the left, power in the left wings will be automatically reduced and more power turned into the right hand engines, thus lowering the left and raising the right until the machine is again on an even keel.

"A propeller isn't needed for speed on this machine. The ends of those wings will travel at the rate of two miles a minute, and they will not only give me a lifting power of 1700 feet a minute, but a forward speed of fifty miles an hour as well."

The engines, which the inventor has built himself, are marvelous little compound affairs of brass and steel, so small that you could almost slip one of them in a side pocket. Each is capable of developing five horse-power, and with three cylinders set at the corners of an equilateral triangle there is no dead center possible. There are two boilers of Crescent steel, each of six horse-power capacity. The airship, when completed, will be 48 feet over all, the end wings 10 feet in diameter, and the others 12 and the cigar-shaped car nearly 16 feet long, 3 feet in diameter and 4 feet high. The framework is of white basswood.

Whether the inventor's theories will stand the test of trial remains to be seen. His purpose is to give the machine private and public trials here, and then, if it works satisfactorily, to attempt an aerial journey to St. Louis. One thing certain is that he has no doubt of his own success.

"Why, I've had this idea in my head for forty years," he said. "Of course my machine will fly."

He is now nearly 74. He looks 60, but he is capable of doing as much work in a day as the majority of his employes of 20 and 30. He has been a patron of the patent office all his life and employs 300 men in the manufacture of wooden ware novelties. At the Chicago World's fair he won a gold medal for having produced one of the forty inventions which, in the opinion of the fair committee, had worked the greatest revolution in mechanical methods in recent years. His invention was a machine for cutting potato mashers and wooden spoons. In his factory it does in ten hours the work which required one man a month to do before. Naturally, the inventor is well-to-do. "I've put about $4000 into my airship thus far," he said, "and I'm just well started."

Piles Can Be Cured

By Internal Treatment

Without the Aid of Narcotics or the Knife

You who suffer with piles know what a glorious boon it would be to you to be absolutely and painlessly cured. You know from actual experience that salves, ointments and other local applications do not cure. You may get relief, but you keep on suffering.

There is a cause for every human ill. Remove the cause and you cure the complaint. Piles have two distinct causes: First, congestion of the liver; second, constipation resulting from poor digestion.

Dr. Perrin's Pile Specific

The Internal Remedy

absolutely removes these causes by increasing the flow of digestive juices in the stomach, and relieving the congestion of the liver. It is a tonic for the entire bowel system and helps each particular member of this system to work easily and naturally.

You simply take a teaspoonful of this positive, internal remedy three times a day before each meal. It is pleasant to the taste and absolutely free from opium, cocaine or other narcotics. It is not a palliative or temporary remedy; it produces a positive, radical and lasting cure.

Dr. Perrin's Pile Specific is sold under an

Absolute Guarantee

to cure any case of blind, bleeding, itching or internal piles, no matter how chronic or aggravated it may be. Out of over 10,000 cases there are only three on record where a positive cure has not been made.

Dr. Perrin's Pile Specific can be procured of any reliable druggist under an iron-clad agreement to refund your money should you take two $1.00 bottles of the remedy without receiving positive benefit.

Dr. Perrin Medical Co., Helena, Montana.

Twice Larger Than Before.

The possibilities of how big a trained animal show may be has been absolutely designated by the consolidation of Gentry Bros.' famous shows for this traveling season. For almost two score years Gentry Bros.' several shows have been traveling as distinct exhibitions. This season the shows have been consolidated and will exhibit all their numerous attractions under one canvas for a single admission. During the many years that success has greeted Gentry Bros. exhibitions they have kept a carefully compiled list of the cities and towns where their various shows were the most liberally patronized. This city has proven to be one of their banner towns, consequently, in laying out the itinerary for the consolidated shows a date of exhibition has been ordered to our city and the little folks can prepare for a holiday on that date when Gentry Bros.' famous shows united will exhibit at Third avenue east and First street, Wednesday and Thursday, July 27 and 28.

Asks Legal Separation.

Eva Ellstrom seeks through the medium of district court to secure an order that will sever the marriage ties between herself and Henry Ellstrom. In her complaint filed yesterday Mrs. Ellstrom claims they were married in Superior, in November, 1898, and have one child, now in her custody. She alleges that her husband is unreasonably jealous and has treated her with harshness, at one time threatening to harm their child. She says she was compelled on two occasions to go to her parents for protection.

Mrs. Ellstrom asks for an absolute decree, custody of the child and permission to assume her maiden name of Eva Evans.

NIGHT WAS HER TERROR.

"I would cough nearly all night long," writes Mrs. Chas. Applegate, of Alexandria, Ind., "and could hardly get any sleep. I had consumption so bad that if I walked a block I would cough frightfully and spit blood, but, when all other medicines failed, three $1.00 bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery wholly cured me and I gained 58 pounds." It's absolutely guaranteed to cure Coughs, Colds, La Grippe, Bronchitis and all Throat and Lung Troubles. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free at all drug stores.

RUSSIAN ENDS HIS LIFE.

Bombay, July 22.—P. C. Boudanovsky, first secretary of the Russian legation at Pekin, has committed suicide on a railroad train between Madras and Calcutta.

Choice of any Wilson Bros.' regular $1.50 Shirts Go Saturday only at

90 cents

All Boys' Summer Clothing Exactly Half Price. $1.00 Value for Every 50c You Pay. Medium and Heavy Weight All Wool **Half Price**

$1.75 Any light colored Fedora or Panturist Hat in our store, regular prices $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50—on sale Saturday at..... **$1.75**

The Final Cut in Men's Fine Clothing.

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Fine Suits and Overcoats—Ely Meyer Fine Suits and Overcoats—the best hand tailored ready-to-wear clothing in America—First choice—

$14.75

Values from $20.00 to $35.00.

Second choice of entire stock of Men's Suits and Overcoats—Woodhull, Goodale and Bull, Kohn Brothers and several other makes of best Union Label Clothing—

$9.75

Values from $12.00 to $18.00.

KENNEY & ANKER

409-411 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

SOCIALISM BAD

And Catholics Cannot Be Socialists, Says Archbishop Messmer.

Church Must Fight With All Its Resources and Energies.

Milwaukee, July 22.—An unmistakable attitude against socialism and so-called social democracy was the keynote of the chief sermon delivered by Archbishop Messmer in connection with the second annual convention of the Wisconsin Federation of Catholic societies.

"The time has come when the Catholic church must raise up its voice and denounce socialism in no uncertain terms," said Archbishop Messmer, after reading from the pulpit the resolution adopted by the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor at Green Bay last week on the seperation of the church and labor. "The church has received a distinct challenge and must act.

"But I want to distinguish clearly between the labor union and the socialistic movement.

"The encyclical issued by Pope Leo XIII., in 1891, clearly defines the attiunion. etaoin nnuo yywo ehLbea oin tude of the church on the trades union. He approved of it and went into history to point out the benefits which had accrued from the system of guilds and trade organizations which had existed in past centuries and been productive of much good, not only to the nations in which they had been organized but to the church throughout the states which were then Catholic. This settled for all time the attitude of the church no matter what atempt is made to represent it and its relations to the organization of the working man.

"A man's religion is not a private matter to be considered aside from his daily calling, as the socialist represents. Nothing is more vital to his life, or all the teachings of aphostles and the centuries of the life of the church are in vain. This issue is a most vital one, and on the identity of the individual's labor and his religion depends the perpetuity of religion, order and government. The fate and happiness of the masses is dependent on it. The result of socialism would primarily be the cutting of this bond, and this the church must fight with all its resources and energies.

"I have only words of commendation for the American Federation of Labor and the work of those excellent men, Samuel Gompers and John Mitchell, who have done great work for the laboring man, not only in aiding and protecting him in his interests, but in fighting the socialistic tendency. For the American Labor union the same can not be said. Its leaning is distinctly socialistic, and for that it can not be censured too harshly. The labor union is being hoodwinked by the socialists with their apparently beneficial measures and institutions, which they say are for the uplifting of the laborer. The Socialist realizes there is no hope for him unless he can advance his cause through and over the worker.

"The American agitator seeks to convey the impression that there is a distinct dieffrence between himself and the rabid European advocate, with his radical ideas on property and law. The difference is only in method. The American is craftier, and accordingly, the most dangerous He has masked himself with a number of advocated measures which all must admit are sound and for the good of the country and labor, but under it all is evil. There is great danger in it to the church, the state, morality, the family, the marriage relation and property ownership The private ownership of property is supported by the gospel, apostolic teaching, and the rules of the church, and is a divine ordination not to be changed by the hand of man.

"The most insiduous feature of socialism is the distribution of tracts and printed matter, even to expensive volumes, among the people of the land, especially the masses, a measure which is misleading and hypocrisy of the worst kind. While the representations made there are apparently safe and sound, I maintain that they differ radically from the teachings of religion and the Catholic faith in the following important particulars:

"1.—That the church and occupation must be separated.

"2.—That the state shall be deprived of authority.

"3.—That children are the economic wards of the state and must be educated through it and not through the parents.

"4.—That marriage should depend on individual selection and last only as long as affection continues, making of it other than a divinely ordained realization for life.

"5.—That private ownership of property should be dispensed with.

"A man cannot be a Catholic and a Socialist, that is plain from the articles which I have just specified. Consequently the fight is on and will be continued as long as the church is a power in the history of the future, as it has been in the past. The hour has come when the step against Socialism must begin, the challenge has been made and the church must consider the means for throwing its resources into the struggle against an evil which threatens all of the institutions which it supports."

NO PITY SHOWN.

"For years fate was after me continuously," writes F. A. Gulledge, Verbena, Ala. "I had a terrible case of Piles causing 24 tumors. When all failed Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured me. Equally good for Burns and all aches and pains. Oly 25c at all drug stores.

UNDERWOOD'S CREW MUTINIES

At Railroad Methods Introduced on the Ocean Wave.

New York, July 22.—Railroading is one thing and seafaring is quite another, as President Frederick D. Underwood of the Erie railroad has now come to know, at the cost of much comfort and $300 cash.

His yacht, the Alice, was riding at her anchor off the Atlantic Yacht club in Gravesend bay, when a heavy parcel was brought aboard in the ship's gig.

"Wot's this 'ere?" asked Bo's'n George Kennken.

"The time clock, you lubber," replied Capt. Wendeleken.

"And wot for a time clock, if I might make so bold as for to inquire?" demanded the boatswain with elaborate and biting sarcasm.

"So's to ring up your time, you swab," said Capt. Wendeleken. "Mr. Underwood's been and drawn up a set of twenty-five rules we all got to follow on this here ship, and the fust one is: Every member of the crew must punch the time clock at every hour and half hour while he is on watch. Every time you fail to punch you're docked a day's pay."

"The Gehenne, you say!" roared the bo'swain. "Man an' boy I've followed the sea for forty years. I've been in lime juicers, an' coastwise, an' in the navy, an' in the China trade, but this ere's the fust time I ever see a bloomin' railroader workin' off his worn-out skiddoos on board a ship. 'Tain't nacher'l, cap; 'tain't nacher'l."

George Kennken went for'ard wagging his head. Down in the foc's'l he found Charley Saunders and all the other men on watch. They had a long and earnest consultation.

The time clock was set up on a stanchion abaft the samson post, all ready to be punched, but not one member of the crew would touch it.

"Up on the beach with you, you measly mutineers!" roared the captain when he found all of the sailors of the same turn of mind. "Get your dunnage and climb out o' here or I'll make this ship a floating—Get out!"

All hands got out. But they went to the officers of the Seamen's Legal Aid society and consulted the attorneys, and sent word to Mr. Underwood that they'd trouble him for a full month's pay.

Mr. Underwood saw a great light when the society sent a typewritten opinion showing the demands of the sailors to be just, and sent his check for $300—a month's pay for each of the twelve sailors. He now has a crew of good, time-locking A. B.'s.

THE STAGE.

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

METROPOLITAN—Clara Mathes', company in "Running for Congress."
LYCEUM—"Fabio Romani."

"A ROYAL SPY."

"A Royal Spy" was played at the Metropolitan last night to an audience which was not as large as the performance warranted. Miss Mathes played the Countess Loraine and this fine character was given a sympathetic interpretation. All the parts were in capable hands. The specialties were especially pleasing. The Gardner children are changing their turn with every performance and these clever youngsters are well worth going to see. Tonight Miss Mathes will present "Running for Congress," a comedy drama, and at the matinee tomorrow Nell Gwynne will be the bill.

BRUTALLY TORTURED.

A case came to light that for persistent and unmerciful torture has perhaps never been equaled. Joe Golobick of Colusa, Calif, writes. "For 15 years I endured insufferable pain from Rheumatism and nothing relieved me though I tried everything known. I came across Electric Bitters and it's the greatest medicine on earth for that trouble. A few bottles of it completely relieved and cured me." Just as good for Liver and Kidney troubles and general debility. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by all druggists.

For a want in your home or in your business, try a Herald want ad.

HI! THERE!

Look at These Saturday

SHOE SPECIALS.



Men's Oxfords—Men's $4.00 and $5.00 Oxfords in Vici, Patent Kid and Velour Calf—not Old Stock, but Good, Seasonable Low Shoes—Your Choice for only..... **$2.98**

Ladies' Oxfords—Here are the very latest styles and the best sellers, every pair up-to-date. Made in button or lace, welted soles—in all the black leathers. Regular $3.50 and $4 at **$2.98**

Ladies' Welt Oxfords—This lot is our regular $3.00 welts in vici kid, bluchers and straight lace. Also a French heel turn, just the thing for a nice light dancing shoe—at only..... **$2.48**

Men's Canvas Shoes—Men's Genuine welt sewed Canvas Shoes and Oxfords, the very best quality $2.50 values—at only..... **$1.75**

Little Gents' Shoes—These are Kangaroo Calf, McKay sewed shoes. A shoe usually sold at $1.25, we make a leader of them—at only..... **98c**

Boys' Canvas Shoes—Cool summer shoes for the boys on their vacation, for the camp, or around home—sizes 11 to 2 at 79c—2½ to 6—at **89c**

Misses' Slippers—Here's an opportunity to get a bargain in slippers for the little girls. Colonials and strap sandals in vici kid, very dressy values up to $1.50—only..... **79c**

Odd Size Oxfords—Ladies' odd size Oxfords in black and tan, turned soles, worth from $1.50 to $3.00—while they last—at only..... **69c**



The Sign of the Electric Shoe,

"WIELAND'S,"

123 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

OUR Big Clothing Discount Sale

Continues to offer exceptional inducements in high-grade, seasonable Suits for MEN, BOYS and CHILDREN.

Men's Light-Colored SUMMER SUITS at—

HALF PRICE,

And a slashing discount on all our Men's dark-colored Suits, and Boys' and Children's Clothing. A splendid selection to Choose from.

C. W. ERICSON, The Clothier, 219 W. Sup. Street.

Dominion Exhibition,

WINNIPEG, MANITOBA,

JULY 26 TO AUGUST 6.

THE BEST EXPOSITION OF THE AGRICULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL RESOURCES OF CANADA EVER MADE.

An aggregation of attractions never before presented at an Exhibition of this kind.

Ample accommodation for visitors.

Low Railroad Rates from all United States points.

Particulars given by

Canadian Government Agents or Nearest Ticket Agent

THE WOMEN CLERKS

In Chicago Have Various Schemes to Double Their Salaries.

Dispose of Slightly Worn Garments For Society Women.

Chcago, July 22.—The Inter-Ocean says: "I cannot permit you to transact your private business over the counters of this store," said the superintendent of a State street dry goods house to a clerk who had been engaged in earnest conversation with an elegantly attired woman.

"The lady asked to look at some laces," replied the saleswoman pertily.

"I understand all about it. Don't let this occur again," responded the superintendent in so sharp a tone that it caused the rebuked subordinate to drop her eyes and blush deeply. She silently replaced the box of lace on the shelves and walked to the other end of the counter.

"That girl is more intent on building up a trade of her own than in serving the interests of her employer," explained the superintendent. "If I did not keep a close watch over them some of our clerks would devote half of their time during business hours to their own personal transactions.

"It is not generally known, but a large portion of the women who are employed in the retail stores of Chicago are engaged in some other work. There are insurance agents, clothes brokers, agents for mining stock, real estate agents on commission, drummers for music teachers, book sellers and I don't know what all. Their position in the store gives them a much wider acquaintance than would be possible for them otherwise.

"Clothes brokerage seems to be the favorite business among the clerks, and they make good money at it. That woman with whom the clerk was having such an earnest conversation, was trying to sell to the saleswoman an elegant wrap which she wore last season."

"Do you mean to say that elegantly dressed woman was in need of money?"

"Not at all. That is not the point. You understand there are hundreds of women in Chicago who hold responsible positions in society by virtue of their ingenuity in keeping up the appearance of being thoroughly up-to-date in dress. Their ingenuity makes up for their lack of ready cash. Take, for example, the wife of a man whose income is $5000 a year. The wife has managed to secure a foothold in what is commonly called 'good society,' and she finds that her husband's purse will not permit her to indulge in the extravagances in dress which are practiced by her wealthier acquaintances. She is bound to retain her foothold in society, however, and to do this she must not appear shabby in attire, nor must she fail to keep up with the changes of fashion. How can she manage it? Many women solve this problem by running in debt, but not so of the class of women of which I speak.

"The ingenious women hunt up these female brokers in the large downtown stores and invoke their aid. Suppose it is late in the fall and a woman wants a handsome wrap. She has been prudent during the summer and saved money enough to buy a handsome garment. When she selects the garment she wishes she pays cash for it. The winter passes with its pleasant social events, and the expensive wrap does good service. At Easter she goes to church with a captivating and stylish new suit. 'Where did you get the money to buy such a nice spring suit?' asks her husband. 'I sold my winter wrap,' replies his wife, cheerily. 'Where in mischief do you sell your clothes?' asks the husband. "To saleswomen in the dry goods houses.'

"There you have the whole thing in a nutshell. The ingenious woman manages to keep pace with the fashionable changes of the season in matters of dress for about one-third of what it costs her wealthier friends. To be sure her stock of wearing apparel is not nearly so large, but it is always stylish and attractive.

"Most of the clerks who engage in these outside lines, though not all of them, are heads of departments and they get very good pay to start with. As soon as they save from $75 to $100 they begin to operate in the clothes brokerage. Of course the other lines such as insurance, real estate and so on require no capital to commence on. Human credulity is their stock in trade.

Some of these women make from $1000 to $1200 each year by this outside work. Then besides this, they have their regular salary from the firm employing them as clerks. The system of doing this outside work certainly should be abolished, but as you readily can see it is a complicated problem to solve.

CURED OF CHRONIC DIARRHOEA AFTER TEN YEARS OF SUFFERING.

"I wish to say a few words in praise of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," says Mrs. Mattie Burge, of Martinsville, VVa. "I suffered from chronic diarrhoe for ten years and during that time tried various medicines without obtaining any permanent relief. Last summer one of my children was taken with cholera morbus, and I procured a bottle of this remedy. Only two doses were required to give her entire relief. I then decided to try the medicine myself, and did not use all of one bottle before I was well and I have never since been troubled with that complaint. One cannot say too much in favor of that wonderful medicine." This remedy is for sale by all druggists.

St. Paul, Minneapolis and Return $5.75.

July 22, 23, 25, 26 and 27, the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to St. Paul and Minneapolis and return at $5.75, for round trip. Tickets good returning up to and including August 2nd. Three trains each way. For full information and tickets call at City Office, 332 West Superior street.

St. Louis, Mo. and Return $16.25.

On July 11th and 25th "The North-Western Line" will sell "Coach" excursion tickets to St. Louis, Mo., at $16.25 for the round trip. Tickets bearing return limit of 7 days from date of sale. City Ticket Office, 392 West Superior street.

GIVES ALL TO DOWIE.

Daughters of Rich Man Forced to Work.

Des Moines, Iowa, July 22.—E. M. Ellingson, a wealthy commission merchant of this city, and one of the most influential residents of the state, has left for Zion City for the purpose of completing arrangements to transfer all his wealth and his palatial home in this city to John Alexander Dowie. Believing that he has a call from above to make this sacrifice he has agreed to live in Zion City on the amount which Dowie shall stipulate for his use during the remainder of his life.

His beautiful daughters, Josephine and Elizabeth, leaders in society, have been cast upon their own resources for a living. Their departure from the social circle was most dramatic. They called a small party of friends to their handsome home after the departure of their parents and announced that because of being reduced to a small allowance they would have to resign their standing in society and discontinue their studies, in Drake University. They have secured positions as stenographers.

The home which they must leave is one of the handsomest in the city, and magnificently furnished. It is said it will be ordered sold by Dowie. Mr. and Mrs. Ellingson take with them four children who are resigned to the movement.

SCROFULA



Swollen glands, tumors, white swelling, sores, pustular or scaly skin eruptions, flabby muscles, brittle bones, weak digestion, emaciated, illy-nourished bodies, are some of the well-known earmarks of Scrofula. Scrofula is inherited. Parents too closely related by the ties of blood, or tainted with consumption or blood poison, may look for signs of Scrofula in their children. The middle-aged often have it, but children are the chief sufferers. Scrofula breaks down the vital forces, and the blood becomes so weak and poor that it does not nourish the body. The remedy in all scrofulous affections must be one that purifies the diseased blood, builds up the weak digestion, increases the appetite and gives new energy and strength to all life's forces. No medicine has won so much fame as a blood purifier as S. S. S., and its tonic effects upon the system are not equaled by any other remedy. It makes the weak, tainted blood rich and strong, and drives out of the circulation all tubercular deposits and morbid matter that cause the glandular swelling, sores, abscesses, tumors and other horrible symptoms that make Scrofula so dreaded and dangerous.

Cleveland, Ohio, August 11, 1903.

I inherited Scrofula from my parents, and this means, of course, weak, impure blood and a run-down, debilitated condition of the system. I have been under treatment of physicians for quite a period at different times, but their treatment did not do me anything like the good S. S. S. did last winter when I took it. It promotes appetite and digestion, gives strength and energy, builds up the general health in every way, and in addition to being an excellent blood purifier, it adds to its success as a remedy for Scrofula. It did more for me than any thing I have used, and with pleasure I commend it.

MRS. LOUISE COHEN.

122 Brownell St.

SSS

Write us fully about your case. Medical advice will cost you nothing.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

OFFICER'S LIFE

Placed In Peril While In Search of a Suicide.

The Intrepid Life Saver Makes Very Modest Report.

New York, July 22.—Peter Wolffe, the janitor at No. 448 West Forty-seventh street, ran into the West Forty-seventh street police station laboring under much excitement.

"I want an officer—quick!" he said. "My friend Martin Heitzman, a baker out of a job, has been living in my place while my wife was on a visit to Germany. She's coming nome now, so he must find aother place. Just now I came home, but there's so much gas I dare not go in."

The sergeant sent Patrolman Michael F. Walsh with Wolffe. In front of No. 448 they found four or five hundred men and women blockading the street, for the smell of illuminating gas was acrid and almost overpowering, even at that distance from Wolffe's apartment, in the basement.

The policeman led the way down the eight steps. Wolffe helped him break in the locked door. The gas that gushed out as the door swung open nearly knocked them down, but Walsh is a swarthy, curly-haired giant, with much of the look and build of Jim Jeffries, and he strode on in front. He heard a crash behind him but did not know what had happened until he turned and asked Wolffe to show him the way to the room where he supposed his friend Heitzman was. Then, getting no reply, Walsh began groping in the dark. Suddenly he stumbled over the prostrate body of Wolffe, who had been stricken unconscious by the gas.

Eight jets were turned on. Walsh picked up Wolffe, threw him over his shoulder and started for the door. Before he could stagger that far the deadly gas overcame him. Very slowly the big policeman tottered to his knees, then fell from under his burden. He had barely enough consciousness left to crawl to the basement doorway and up the steps to the sidewalk.

Revived by a few breaths of fresh air, Policeman Walsh went back to the basement hallway, picked up Wolffe and carried him to the street. The big fellow's knees were wobbling and his back was bent like that of an old man, but he managed to run to a telephone and call for an ambulance from Roosevelt hospital. The crowd cheered him wildly.

When Dr. Peabody arrived with the ambulance the big policeman was sitting on the curbstone beside the unconscious janitor. Men in the crowd had taken off the big fellow's helmet and coat and were fanning him. His face was purple and he seemed very weak; but a few words Dr. Peabody uttered roused him like magic.

"I thought there was another man in there," said the doctor.

Instantly Walsh was up on his trembly legs, making his way into the basement. He searched two rooms full of stifling gas-fumes, then dropped to his knees and crawled out on all fours. Revived by the fresh air, he went in again searched another room, dropped to the floor and crawled out. Once more this maneuvre was repeated in vain.

On the fourth trip Walsh got into the dining room where he was barely able to discern Heitzman sitting on a box with a tube from a gas jet between his teeth.

"I was groggy then, all right," said Walsh, "but I just remembered what the firemen used to tell me when I was a boy playing around the firehouse—drop to the floor when there's gas or smoke in the room. So I dropped on all fours and pulled Heitzman out, and had to let go of him and gat some air, but went back after him and brought him out and again fell exhausted. I was revived by Dr. Peabody, who said the suicide had been dead four hours."

SPIRITS

Found Out the Combination of a Safe.

Washington, July 22.—After resisting all the skill of two experts connected with the treasury department, a small safe belonging to Col. J. Eldridge Smith, an inventor who died recently, has finally been opened, and now the only question is whether it was opened in answer to Mrs. Smith's prayers or thorough information coming direct from Col. Smith to S. Clark Swett, a spiritualistic medium.

Mrs. Smith scouts the idea of spiritualism, but Mr. Swett, under whose manipulations the safe door swung open, says it was nothing else. The little safe contained all the valuable papers belonging to Col. Smith and he was the only one who knew the combination. The experts worked at it for a day or two and then gave it up as a bad job and advised Mrs. Smith to have the door taken off. Then Mr. Swett, who is a model maker and had been employed by Col. Smith, said that he would try. Mr. Swett is an enthusiastic spiritualist. Meanwhile Mrs. Smith, who is a devout Christian, was praying daily that the safe might be opened and save her further worry and expense.

Swett has about 25 "spirit guides." One of his guides, he says, is an Indian girl, and she is the one who he states saw Col. Smith in the other world, got from him the combination and transmitted it, thus enabling the safe to be opened. He tells the story as follows:

"I conceived the idea that I would open that safe. I got that impression last Sunday night and asked my spirit guides to help me. I went to the safe about 9 o'clock Monday morning and touched the combination lock, as I sat down before it. Instantly I realized that some invincible power had assumed dominion over my hand.

"The muscles and nerves of my hand and wrist and arm tingled with the unknown manifestation, and I had an involuntary impulse to turn the knob of the lock. Approaching that the spirits were working through me, I surrendered my will to their control. The disk stopped directly and I had an impulse to reverse it. This I did, and again my hand, impelled by the spirit guide, moved in the opposite direction and stopped. Then the door slowly opened half its full swing."

CIVIL WAR ROMANCE

Is Ended By the Death of Mrs. Nadine Turchin.

Wife of the General Dies Alone and In Poverty.

Chicago, July 22.—The announcement of the death of Mrs. Nadine Turchin at her home at Radom, Ill., closes the last chapter of a pathetic romance. It began more than fifty years ago, on the battlefields of the Crimean war, reached half way around the globe, to be continued in the American civil war at Bowling Green, Chattanooga, Chickamauga, Missionary Ridge, and the march with Sherman to Atlanta and then to the sea, and finally closed in a wretched hovel in a little Illinois town.

Mrs. Nadine Turchin was the wife of Brig. Gen. John B. Turchin, an officer who won distinction as a brave leader in the civil war. She accompanied her husband through the entire war, riding on horseback through rain, sunshine, or dust and smoke of battle over mountains or through the woods of Tennessee and Georgia, during the memorable campaign of Tullahoma, Chickamauga, and Chattanooga, speaking a kind word of encouragement now and then to a tired and weary soldier, cheering him up to renewed exertions in his weary march.

John B. Turchin was born in Russia. He was of a favored class, was well educated, passed to the military schools, and was graduated as an engineer. In the Crimean war he won a coloneley and high honors. In 1856 he was given a year's leave of absence and came to the United States with a young wife.

Mme. Turchin was the daughter of an aristocratic family and had been well educated. The two young people liked the United States and concluded to remain here.

Col. Turchin attempted to resign his position in the Russian army, but in reply received notice that he had been declared absent without leave, and that the estates and records of himself and wife had been confiscated by the government.

At the breaking out of the civil war the Russian colonel was an engineer in charge of construction of the Illinois Central railroad. The construction gangs were at Mattoon when Lincoln's first call for troops echoed through the country. Turchin resigned his position with the railroad company and enlisted for service with the Illinois volunteers. He was commissioned colonel of the Nineteenth Illinois regiment, and he and his men, having only muskets for armament, were detailed to guard duty at Palmyra, Mo.

Here Turchin clashed with the war department. He levied on the country around him for supplies, taking rations, horses, and equipment, and issuing vouchers. His regiment broke up the confederate enlistments, but Gen. Pope preferred charges against Col. Turchin. Gen. Fremont talked with Col. Turchin and tore up Gen. Pope's charges.

Mrs. Turchin was with her husband. She went with him to Pilot Knob, Mo., then into Kentucky, and she had started with the regiment for Washington when the train went through a bridge that had been wrecked near Vincennes on Sept. 17, 1861. Twenty-seven men were killed and 106 were injured in this accident, and as the good angel of the calamity, Mrs. Turchin tore up all but the dress she wore making bandages for the wounded.

Instead of going to Washington the regiment went to Elizabethtown, Ky., and Gen. Buell made Col. Turchin the chief officer to Gen. Mitchell. Turchin captured Bowling Green and planned and carried out the raid, capturing the Memphis and Charleston railroad from Decatur to Bridgeport.

As a brigadier general under Buell, Turchin's troops had poor rations and were ordered to forage. Buell had Turchin and his colonels courtmartialed, and while the trial was pending Gen. Turchin, at Huntsville, received a telegram from Mr. Watson, assistant secretary of war:

"We are advised that Gen. Buell, instead of guarding his communications, is courtmartialing good loyal officers, and I thought it unadvisable to send a brigadier general commission to Huntsville, but have sent it to Chicago."

After Gen. Turchin's death this telegram was found among his effects. But on Aug. 19, 1862, he was "dishonorably discharged." His commission as brigadier general had taken effect on July 17, 1862, but acceptance was not filed until Sept. 1, 1862. Coming north, Chicago gave the cashiered soldier a demonstration, and afterward Turchin served with Rosecrans and Garfield, organizing military divisions and fighting at Chattanooga, Chickamauga, Missionary Ridge, and in nearly every battle of the Atlanta campaign. Finally, just before the close of the war, he had to leave the army on account of illness.

For a while he and his wife lived in Kenwood. He was immigration agent for the Illinois Central railway, and as such one of his greatest efforts was in founding a colony of Polanders at Radom, Ill. Soon afterward he moved to Radom, and several years ago he and his aged wife were in actual want.

In their distress the general applied for a pension, but the "dishonorable discharge" of the department stood against him. Finally Senator J. B. Foraker, who was in Gen. Turchin's brigade, took up the pension matter, and by special act the pension was granted in January, 1901. Before this aid came the old man had been forced to earn a living by playing the violin in public. On April 9, 1901, however, he was adjudged insane, and on June 18 he died. The Grand Army post at Nashville, Ill., had charge of the funeral, and Southern Illinois comrades, with the Nineteenth Illinois club of Chicago, raised money for the burial.

Widowed and in need, Mrs. Turchin spent her last money to prove her love and loyalty to the memory of her husband. Then J. L. Davenport, acting commissioner of pensions, refused to pay the general's pension to Mrs. Turchin because proofs of their marriage could not be produced. It was through Col. L. Krughoff, of Nashville, Ill., that this money finally was drawn from the pension department, and when application was made for a pension for the widow the "dishonorable discharge" again was in the way. Under date of Aug. 28, 1901, H. Clay Evans, commissioner of pensions, wrote to Mrs. Turchin:

"Your above dated claim for pension under the date of June 27, 1900, is rejected on the ground of no title, the soldier not having received an honorable discharge from all enlistments for service during the war of the rebellion."

Grand Army men took up the cause of the widow, and when the corrected record, done by act of congress, was forced upon the attention of the pension bureau, the department asked for proof of marriage to Gen. Turchin. Mrs. Turchin, old and troubled, had forgotten dates. Affidavits of soldiers would not do. Russian records had been destroyed. Witnesses to the ceremony were scattered or dead.

The department had won when Senator Foraker, after writing a letter inclosing $100 to Mrs. Turchin, wrote a letter to the commissioner of pensions in her behalf. In it he said:

"Mrs. Turchin, the present applicant, accompanied Gen. Turchin on his campaign. I knew her as his wife, and every man who belonged to the brigade admired her as much as they admired the general. She was with him constantly in the field, shared with him all the privations of the camp and all the dangers of the battle. She ought to have a pension for her personal services, but surely there ought not to be any question about granting her a pension as the widow of Gen. Turchin. I account it a shameful disgrace that this poor old woman, the widow of such a gallant and heroic soldier as was Gen. Turchin, should be allowed through technical quibbling and higgling to suffer on, day after day, at the point of starvation."

The pension commissioner, however, was obdurate, and Senator Foraker induced the senate to pass a bill granting Mrs. Turchin a pension of $50 a month.

Mrs. Turchins' last days were spent in a homely little cottage of two rooms at Random, Ill. Her house was built of up and down boards, with batten strips, and had a lean-to. Mrs. Turchin lived in the two front rooms and kept her cow and pigs in the lean-to. There was a bell outside, by which she could summon aid if she needed help.

In this humble cottage Mrs. Turchin lived alone and in poverty in the last years of her life. At times she would have been in want had it not been for the assistance given her by the men who fought under Gen. Turchin's command.

Gen. Turchin is buried in the national cemetery at Mound City, Ill. The last dollar Mrs. Turchin possessed before her poverty became known to her friends went for the purchase of a headstone to mark his last resting place. She will be buried beside him.

SCHLITZ The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous.

Duluth Branch, 35 E. Railroad St. 'Phone—Zenith 358.

Chickering and Fischer

PIANOS.

HOWARD, FARWELL & CO.,

Hunter Block, 29 West Superior St.

W. J. Allen, Local Manager.

FLOAN LEVEROOS & CO.

225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST. DULUTH

MEN'S FINE CLOTHING

HOT WEATHER SPECIALS!

Shirt Sale.

Wilson Bros. $1.50 and $2.00 Shirts.... **95c**

Wilson Bros. $2.50 Shirts **$1.35**

Men's $13.50 and $15 Suits, **$9.75**

Men's Shoes.

$3.50 and $4 Shoes and Oxfords, Patent Colt and Vici Kid... **$2.85**

Men's $18 and $20 Suits, **$13.75**

MILLIONAIRE MISER'S LIFE

Secrets to Be Brought Out In a Will Contest.

Chicago, July 22.—Through a legal action just begun here to set aside the will of George T. Cline, who built up a fortune of $4,500,000 in real estate, it is expected that the stories of many remarkable romances will be told in interesting detail. Cline was a miser whose sole extravagance in late years was in gratifying every wish of the young women who attended him in old age.

Nicholas O. Cline of Frederick, Md., is the plaintiff in the action. For two months before his death last year Cline suffered greatly, and the plaintiff alleges that part of this time he was under the influence of opiates. It is alleged further that George E. Cline of Los Angeles, Cal., and Aquila R. Yeakle of Frederick, Md., nephews of the millionaire, and Edwin A. Warfield, of Chicago, attended Mr. Cline in the Mercy hospital, and that they caused him to sign a will giving them absolute control of the entire estate for an indifinite time and without bond.

Cline was born in Maryland of poor parents, and when a youth went to Chicago in quest of fortune. He drifted into the real estate business, and bought and sold property throughout the middle west. When fortune really came, in the early twenties, he wedded a pretty southern girl. For a few weeks he lavished money upon her, and then he brought her to a cheap and poorly furnished apartment over his dingy real estate office in a Dearborn street tenement building. Against her protests he continued in his penurious ways, and finally wearying of him the woman obtained a divorce. She went to Michigan where she married a prosperous business man, and and now she is a grandmother. Her home is known to the woman who now professes to be her successor as the wife of the eccentric old man.

Before Cline developed a fondness for the company of many young women he cultivated a hobby of collecting Stradivarius violins. He was a gifted musician, and oftimes he arose in the deep hours of the night and walked the floor until long after daybreak drawing melody from the strings of his beloved instrument. Cline built a false bottom to his bed, and here he kept about a dozen splendid violins with tender care.

But when old age began to creep on him he gradually lost interest in his fiddles. He grew in the habit of starving out on romantic conquests, developing a deep desire for the company of young women of the working class. On one of his excursions he fell in with Lottie Binder, an expert milliner, employed in a large millinery store in State street. He became her suitor, and it is now said that when with her he forgot his devotion to gold. He hid from her, however, the fact of his immense wealth, going only so far in a practical way as to establish her in the millinery business.

It became whispered that an engagement existed between them, and as the months slipped past the friends of the couple grew in expectancy of the wedding day. It was announced at length that the wedding would take place as soon as Miss Binder would provide her trousseau. The young woman's mother made inquiries from time to time as to the date fixed for the ceremony, and then one day she learned unexpectedly that the aged lover had eloped with her daughter months before, and that they had been married in an Indiana town. It was said that the marriage had been kept secret to fit the plans of the bridegroom.

Now it is alleged by her friends that subsequently relatives of Cline came to Chicago and took him from his bride.

WEST END BARGAIN GUIDE

The following dealers are leaders in their respective lines, selling only the best merchandise at prices often lower than the up-town stores.

Build up the West End by patronizing them.

Department Store.
Johnson & Moe, 2102-8 W. Superior st.

Jewelry and Watchmaking.
T. A. Pinto, 2004 W. Superior street.
M. N. Berg, 2003 W. Superior street.
O. G. Hulberg, 1925 W. Superior st.

Knitting Mills.
Nelson Bros., 2103 W. Superior street.

Painting and Paper Hanging.
T. H. Hedeen, 2013 West First street.

Paints and Wall Paper.
A. Andren, 1827 W. Superior street.

Teas and Coffees.
Sundby Tea Co., 1825 W. Superior st.
Minnesota Tea Co., 1906 W. Superior st.

Installment House Furnishings.
R. R. Forward & Co., 21st Avenue W.

Hardware and Tinshop.
Leonard's Hdw. Store, New 'Phone 424

Druggists.
Lion Drug Store, 2002 W. Superior st.
A. J. Landgren, 1627 W. Superior st.

Crockery and Housefurnishings.
N. O. Nelson, 2017-19 W. Superior st.

Flour and Feed.
Helmer Jentoft, 2014-16 W. First st.

Furniture and Stoves.
C. Lavick, 2021 West Superior street.

Clothing, Shoes and Furnishings.
Chas. Mork & Co., 1930 W. Superior st.



MOVING and STORAGE

The Old Reliable

Duluth Van Co.,

210 West Superior St. Phones 492.

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DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
'Phones: Counting Room, 324; Editorial Rooms, 1126

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Six months (in advance)	2.60
One year (in advance)	5.00

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DULUTH WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
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Three months	.25

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

TO SUBSCRIBERS:
It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both old and new addresses.

DULUTH'S THE PLACE.

As in the past, Duluth again stands with outstretched hands to welcome the Democrats of the state should they decide to hold their nominating convention in this city, while the doors of hospitality are thrown wide open. If reason rules, there is ground for the belief that Duluth will be selected. Every man who attended the recent state convention here is a living, breathing argument in favor of Duluth as a convention city. The extra distance traveled by some of the delegates from the southern portions of the state is more than offset by the conveniences and comforts found in Duluth after they reach here.

If there was good reason for bringing a convention here in June, there is greater reason for bringing one here in August. It is during this month particularly that all other sections of the state, the ranges alone excluded, swelter with excessive heat. Here the days are tempered with invigorating breezes off the lake, while the nights are cool and comfortable.

It had been generally conceded that because Duluth secured one of the Democratic state conventions this year the other would go to one of the Twin Cities, but the delightful experience of the delegates who attended the convention here in June, compared with the utter misery of those who sweat and sweltered at the recent Republican convention in St. Paul, has had a great influence upon the minds of many members of the Democratic state central committee and as a result there is a chance of landing the convention for Duluth.

The Commercial club and other public bodies will, no doubt, take immediate steps to secure the convention, if possible. As before remarked, if good, sound horse sense rules the committee, it ought not to be a hard matter to land it.

ORIGIN OF CONSUMPTION.

Dr. J. N. B. Bailey, of Eveleth, Minn., is the possessor of a theory regarding the origin of consumption and other diseases which is not generally entertained, but which finds many believers in the civilized world today, and the number is constantly increasing. From an article recently written by Dr. Bailey, for a daily paper, the following paragraphs are taken:

"That consumption—tuberculosis—is contagious in the ordinary sense of the word, I most emphatically deny. Contagion (infection) which is considered to be the cause of this and other diseases, can not possibly be the primary cause of any disease whatever, since it is evident that some one person must have had this disease at first without contagion before he could possibly communicate it to another. The opinion is prevalent that married people will contract the disease, one from another, but I disclaim such an opinion; it is rarely the case that husband and wife die of tuberculosis. The first case of consumption, or any other disease, could not possibly, under any circumstances, have been one of contagion. Matter in the truest sense of the word is not the cause of anything; germs or bacilli can not possibly be the cause of tuberculosis. The disease exists not because of the bacilli, but the bacilli exist there because of the disease. It is a positive fact that the true cause of tuberculosis (consumption) lies not in the material realm of being; we must look for the real cause of this disease in the mind. For all diseases (tuberculosis included) are not mental or psychical before they become physical. The subjective mind (psychos) controls and governs every function of the physical body. Tuberculosis, like every other disease, is generated, developed and perpetuated by wrong habits of living, caused by wrong habits of thinking.

"Should these views of the direct or primary cause of tuberculosis be sustained, the question of contagion, or rather non-contagion, in a short time will no longer be disputed and then the possibility of conveying the disease from one person to another in any way whatever will be looked upon only as a medical superstition. When such a definite conclusion has been reached we will then be in a position to study rationally the important problem of prevention and treatment."

Whether certain diseases are contagious or not, and they appear to be, Dr. Bailey is probably correct in his contention that the germs themselves are not either the cause of the disease or the contagion. It must be true that perfectly healthy people take millions of these germs into their systems at different times without any ill effects.

People are prone to jump at conclusions too quickly—physicians included. Possibly Dr. Bailey did not take sufficient time to investigate thoroughly before arriving at some of his decisions. But the germ theory of disease is of comparatively recent birth. As soon as it was found that certain diseases were invariably accompanied by certain germs, a large majority of medical men at once arrived at the conclusion that germs were the cause of all diseases and that all that was necessary to abolish disease from the earth was to find a means of destroying the germs. Experience ought to have demonstrated to many of them by this time that this theory is a mistake.

Men who receive their education from some colleges, or certain books, and medical men especially, are too prone to conclude that they have learned all that is worth knowing. They conclude that what they have been told, or what they have read from recognized authorities, is so whether it is so or not. They tell their patients that certain things are impossible when the patient knows of his own experience that they are not only possible but have actually occurred. They think they know a great deal that they do not know.

While Dr. Bailey's theory regarding germs is plausible and reasonable, it would be interesting to have him explain why infants, who think neither right nor wrong, are subject to practically all the diseases of adults and that many of them sicken and die although they are born of healthy parents, who, apparently, live right and think right.

Certain it is that right thinking has much to do with right living and that right living has much to do with promoting good health. And yet if people would follow all the advice offered by the different faddists, with regard to food, dress, shelter, baths, etc., he would either die or go crazy before he could give each theory a trial. The best plan is for each individual to study himself and live as experience teaches him is best in his individual case. To be constantly thinking and worrying about the state of one's health is a disease in itself which is almost certain to be followed by others.

BEAUTIFUL BUT FALSE.

"Why should we pay any price which the conspirators of the stockyards may have the greed to exact, or very much care if our supply of beef should be curtailed?" asks the Boston Globe. "Before us stretch our gardens, rich in vegetables, and at our back lies nature's free and inexhaustible storehouse of brain-building and body-sustaining food, the ocean.

"This is a field of production which no slaughter-house Napoleon can corner, and which any capitalist with a hook and line, a clam spade, or a lobster trap, is at liberty to enter and operate. No Baer possesses this mine of wealth by 'right divine.' Neither strikes nor lockouts vex the sea, for on its broad bosom labor and capital dwell in their primeval harmony and share the profits of their joint enterprise."

This sounds very beautiful, but it is not so. Before us stretch our gardens rich in vegetables, but "our" gardens belong to somebody else as the most of us have something else to do besides raising vegetables even if we owned the necessary land to raise them on. Between these gardens and the consumer stands the grasping greed of railroads and trusts, which add more than 100 per cent for the transportation and handling.

At our back lie the great lakes and the ocean, but the fishing grounds are too far away from most of us. We cannot all be fishermen, neither can we all be vegetable raisers. And between "nature's free and inexhaustible storehouse" and the consumer stands another trust, as completely controlling the fishing industry as the beef product is controlled by the "conspirators of the stockyards."

It is easy enough to talk about the American citizen's independence from trust exactions, but there is no article of necessity that mankind uses, from the cradle to the grave, upon which there is no trust tax levied.

FOLK TRIUMPHANT.

It is an encouraging sign that Joseph Folk was unanimously chosen by the Democratic party in Missouri as its nominee for governor. Although the corrupt Democratic machine, which has been intrenched in the state capitol for years, exerted every possible effort to encompass his defeat, the people rallied to his support and Folk was triumphant.

The result is encouraging to every lover of clean and decent government. It shows that the people are ever ready to support an honest and incorruptible man for office. No matter what motives impelled Attorney Folk to inaugurate his campaign against the legislative bribers and bribe takers, he pushed the prosecution with intelligence and vigor and stood out boldly and bravely against all attempts at bribery or bulldozing on the part of the state house ring.

It is true that but few of the men he convicted are yet in jail, but a couple of them have already commenced serving their terms and after the courts of the state read the election returns, the chances are that a way will be found to place the big boodlers and the big criminals behind the bars.

The experience of Missouri, as well as other states, has demonstrated that to place the government in the hands of one set of men for a long period of years is to invite corruption and thievery. The Democrats of Missouri are to be congratulated that they have decided to reform their own vicious machine before the independent voters took it into their heads to turn the state over to the Republican party.

THE FIELD SURVEY

Agitation of the negro question in the South will simply make it more difficult for Democrats of the North to carry certain doubtful states that they hope to carry this fall. Able as he is, John Sharp Williams was too dull to see this obvious fact.

* * *

To fuse or not to fuse is the question among Populists and Democrats of Nebraska. The Omaha World-Herald is a strong advocate for fusion. While it admits that there is no chance of carrying the state for the Democratic national ticket, the paper hopes to carry the state and legislative tickets through fusion. The Populist leaders, however, are not inclined to fuse. They rather expect a defeat anyway and think they may as well take it as an independent organization.

* * *

Rev. Edward Kelly, a Catholic priest of Chicago, after a visit to the Philippines, says that the friars have learned from actual experience that the average life of a white man in those islands is only ten years.

* * *

Since the nomination of Folk, in Missouri, the stock of honest politicians has gone up several points.

* * *

Even the staid gold advocate, the Louisville Courier-Journal, admits that it once advocated bimetallism, but excuses itself on the ground that the man who wrote the articles in favor of bimetallism is now dead, and that Marse Henry did not know as much then as he does now.

* * *

It is, perhaps, true that the laborers gained nothing in the packing house strike. But the combine did gain something. It cleaned up its storage stock at advanced prices and beat down the price of cattle. It wins both ways. The theory that capital never gains anything by a strike ought to be revised.

* * *

Duluth has three points of superiority as a convention city over any other city in the state—the best climate, the best health accommodations, the best hall.

* * *

Again 500 men working in the Portland mine in Colorado have been deprived of their right to work and earn their bread because some of them refuse to surrender their membership in the Western Federation of Miners. They are accused of no crime. How much longer will the people of Colorado tolerate such anarchy?

IF YOU DO NOT KNOW, YOU OUGHT TO KNOW:

That there are 2,800,000 acres of bog land in Ireland.

* * *

That the population of Italy is 274 per square mile, of Germany 251 and of France 196.

* * *

That the first American savings bank was opened in 1778 in Philadelphia, the first Sabbath school was instituted in 1787. Vulcanized rubber was first made in 1849 by Goodyear and wheat was first exported from the United States in 1750.

* * *

That there is an authentic record of a girl 4 years old who successfully passed an examination for literary honors at the Hong Kong university.

* * *

That the greatest known depth in the Atlantic is eight and three-quarters miles. Near Newfoundland soundings have been made to the depth of 27,480 feet. The average depth of the Pacific between California and Japan is about 12,000 feet and Chili and Australia 15,000 feet.

* * *

That our exports for the ten months ending with April were: Agricultural products, $778,572,000; manufactures, $371,712,000; products of mining, $36,595,000; forestry products, $56,867,000; products of fisheries, $8,155,000; miscellaneous, $5,000,000, or $1,250,000,000 worth. In 1894 they reached $754,000,000. Our imports during the same period of ten months were: Food and live animals, $193,679,000; crude articles for use in domestic industries, $267,000,000; articles wholly or partially manufactured for use in manufacturing, $114,000,000; articles manufactured ready for consumption, $142,000,000; luxuries, etc., $111,000,000, or in exact figures, $829,025,237. During the same period of 1894 the total reached was $546,398,183.

* * *

That the most ancient Christian manuscripts in existence are the three great codices of the entire Scriptures—the Vatican, the Alexandrine and the Sinaitic codex. They were written, it is generally conceded, in the fourth century. The Vatican codex has been for centuries in the Vatican library and is the most precious of the three.

* * *

That the Soo canals were used last season by 14,027 steamers, 3569 sailing and 1000 unregistered vessels.

* * *

That we draw most of our corks from Spain and Portugal.

* * *

That the most remarkable gem deposits in the world are on the island of Ceylon. Ceylon is noted for its pearls.

* * *

That Munich holds the record as a beer drinking community. A quart and a half per day is the average per inhabitant.

* * *

That Great Britain has eleven universities with 430 professors and 22,0000 students.

* * *

That Hume estimated that 200,000,000,000 individuals have been born and died since time was on our planet.

* * *

That we know that the climate of the Southern polar region is much more severe than of the corresponding regions of the North. There are human beings within the Arctic circle who live with some degree of comfort, while at a corresponding degree of latitude in the South it is one dreary, uninhabited waste.

* * *

That in the Congo Free State, ruled over by King Leopold, of Belgium, there is a population of 16,500,000, of which but 2000 are Europeans. The state is governed from the central government at Brussels, and from a local government at Boma, the capital of the state.

* * *

That it is the politeness of the Japanese people that goes so far toward the general spirit of contentment that prevails in that country. It is difficult to distinguish between employer and employe as far as conduct is concerned, each vieing with the other as to who will be the most considerate. This politeness results in general kindness and it seems to settle all problems between man and man.

* * *

That if one could take a block of Bessemer steel four feet square and transfer it to the center of the earth, it would become a little cube of barely nine inches. The pressure at that depth would have compressed the steel to those dimensions.

* * *

That there are 6000 miles of railway in Greater London and London's railways carry 360,000,000 people a year, while 116,000 people cross London bridge every day.

* * *

That we Americans smoked 7,000,000,000 cigars last year, and 2,500,000,000 cigarettes; add that to $150,000,000 tha goes up in more serious fires every year and note that smoke comes high in the United States.

That of Russia's 140,000,000 people, 128,000,000 may be termed illiterate in the fullest meaning of the word.

HOTEL GOSSIP

"Not long ago I had a queer experience with a traveling friend of mine who is of a speculative turn of mind," said a drummer at the McKay the other day. "He and I were talking over the stock market and the prospects for gamblers and naturally drifted on the question of steel stocks and concerns that are allied with them. One of the stocks mentioned was Pressed Steel Car stock. That company, when prosperous, uses a good deal of steel product and at the time we were considering it the market was dull as a result of quiet business.

"My man said he owned some of the stock and wanted to know candidly what I thought of it. He said it was rather low 66½ and was anxious to make up his mind whether it would be up before it would go down. I told him that my experience in stock gambling was very limited, but from what I had observed of the market in the past I had noticed that presidential years were usually hard on stocks. I meant from spring to fall of course, and not after election. I concluded that the stock would go down before it went up.

"Well, you know a man convinced against his will is of the same opinion still, according to the adage. That may not exactly apply, but a man who wants a stock to go up very badly hates to believe it will go down and resists the thought as far as he can. Kind of a case of wish being the father to the thought. So he hemmed and hawed about it and finally said he would bet against it going down. I said I had not gone into the argument for a wager, but he was getting sort of blustery about it so I finally said I would bet him fifty dollars that it would go down five points within the next ninety days, before it would go up five points. He was agreeable and said 'You're on.'

"So we made a memoranda of the bet. There was a third man present and we all three put the bet and the date and conditions down in our note book. A couple of days afterward I met him and he was a little excited. He wanted to tell me that the stock had been 68 the other day and not 66½. He had looked in the paper just after we had separated and had seen the price.

"I told him I had not looked at the paper, but had taken his word that the price was 66½, as he had said. It did not make any difference to me, but he seemed to be afraid if the stock had been 1½ points higher than he thought it had been, that it would be just that much harder for it to get up five more points. It was plain that he wanted to get out of the bet, and when I told him I was willing to stay on or off, he said he preferred to have the bet declared off, owing to the 'misunderstanding.' He said he was afraid it might lead to disputes. I was agreeable, so the bet was declared off and we notified our witnesses in writing to that effect.

"It was two months ago that the bet was made, ninety days to be the limit, which would have brought it well up into August. Last time I looked at the stock quotations the stock was 75, as it had climbed almost steadily from the time we made the bet. I was rather glad my friend had hedged, as it saved me just fifty good hard earned simoleons. I'm not as much of a prophet as I might be, either."

• • •

D. E. Cuppernull, the Virginia editor, is a St. Louis guest.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Walter M. Walker, of Des Moines, are St. Louis arrivals.

• • •

Mrs. J. E. MacDonnell, of Anaconda, Mont., is registered at the McKay.

• • •

Ernest T. Haggott, of Prescott, Ariz., who was at the Spalding yesterday, is a brother of Warren A. Haggott, lieutenant governor of Colorado.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Hawkins, of Mt. Iron, were Spalding arrivals yesterday.

• • •

Miss Edna Fletcher, of Cloquet, is registered at the McKay.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Laittes, of Aitkin, are at the McKay.

• • •

Miss Louisa Williams is registered at the McKay from Upson.

• • •

At the Spalding: Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Earp, Oil City, Pa.; John J. Datton, Milwaukee; A. W. Clark, Green Bay; H. S. Paterson, Winnipeg; A. Dallager, Carl Schmidt, St. Paul; R. W. Dickey, Donald C. Barker, A. S. Cappelen, Andrew Rankin, C. A. Quist, L. E. Parker, Minneapolis; L. A. Simonson, Washburn, Wis.; George F. Sahln, Oshkosh; William Hoffmann, St. Paul; M. L. Hurley, Ashland; J. A. Hynes, George B. Permiy, Minneapolis; Will S. Taylor, Appleton.

• • •

At the St. Louis: M. F. Boehning, G. P. Creglow, E. O. Burheim, R. P. Baker, Minneapolis; David Graham, Hibbing; R. O. Winekler, Ashland; K. Neutson, Isle Royale; M. F. Birmingham, J. W. Griggs, M. W. Castner, A. Schneider, J. M. Dickey, H. H. Anderson, E. P. Hickey, St. Paul; J. B. Connors, Hibbing; George M. Ripley, Iron River; Matt Thorne, Bemidji; John G. Fraser, Grand Rapids; Olaf C. Olsen, Grantsburg, Wis.; O. Braun, Ashland; L. W. Wilson, Virginia; P. H. Marlon, Miss M. Hand, Ashawa; A. C. Hand and wife, Dubuque; John Devan, H. W. Cable, Two Harbors; Miss Nora Craig, Princeton; F. B. Myers, Biwabik; William Wood, Brainerd; A. B. Coates, Virginia; J. W. S. Shudewold, Minneapolis.

• • •

At the McKay: R. W. Drichen, R. E. Samson, St. Paul; Theodore Holly, Mahmedi; N. W. Privet, Granite Falls; P. W. Stern, Ely; C. F. Blankush, Scanlon; J. E. Goodman, Rice's Point; J. C. Garey, Saginaw.

The Biggest Stick.

New York World: Secretary Morton, the Nebraska railroad man who is going into the cabinet to tell our sailors how to run their shops, announces that "the navy of the United States should be the most formidable in existence." This means, of course, that we must spend enough to bankrupt England, for she will never consent to take second place at sea as long as she has a penny left within reach of the tax-gatherer. Perhaps a billion dollars a year for five years might do it.

England regards the first navy in the world as a necessity of her imperial existence. Such a navy would be nothing more than a luxury for us. We have not a scattered empire, washed by every sea on the globe. We do not depend upon supplies brought across the sea, as England does. We could live if not a ship ever entered our ports.

If the Roosevelt administration proposes to enter upon a game of beggar-my-neighbor with Great Britain it may as well drop its claims to the guardianship of the gold standard. Under such conditions the gold reserve would last just about two months.

The Doctor's Orders.

Have you let your whiskers grow?
Shave 'em off;
They are full of germs, you know,
Shave 'em off!

Chase the microbes out of where
They are nesting in the hair,
Give your face a little air,
Shave 'em off.
—Chicago Record-Herald.

The Sad Reality.

Pittsburg Telegraph: Some women seem to labor under the idea that all that hobby does at the office is to sit in the full blast of an electric fan with his feet on the top of his desk, and toy with soft drinks brought him by the office boy, ever and anon winking at his stenographer or exchanging high class repartee with the girl at Central. Very, very different is the reality, as all women who have been in business know; and that is why business women often make the best wives.

The Jap's Fatal Mistake.

Judge: The Japanese officer was being court-martialed.

"If you have any excuse to offer for allowing your command to be captured," said the general, "I will hear it now."

The man on trial shook his head gloomily. "I have none, sir," he replied. "It was my own fault entirely. We had captured a Russian spy, and before we started to retreat from our dangerous position I asked him to tell me his given name. Ere he had finished the enemy surrounded us."

TWENTY YEARS AGO IN DULUTH

Taken From the Columns of The Herald of This Date, 1884.

***Robert Hanna of South Duluth is in Duluth today.

***J. R. Spencer of Two Harbors was in the city yesterday.

***O. C. Hartman went to Port Arthur today for a brief vacation.

***Fred Barrows and his sister, Ellen, went to Moose Lake this morning to visit with their grandparents.

***William Bassett went down the north shore yesterday on some business connected with pine lands.

***George Holland went down the north shore last night after his logs.

***Charles Kugler burst a vein in his right leg and the serivces of a surgeon were required.

***A. E. Townsend defeated M. P. Finucan in a go-as-you-please race at Dramatic Temple last night for $50. The boys' race contested by Albert Kolstead, Will Oppel and Frank Schultz, was won by the first. Schultz, the smallest of the lot, undoubtedly would have won the race if it had been for ten miles as his style of running was far superior to that of his opponents.

***Billy Gill, George Baker, John Morrison and Christ. Farrell left for their claims this morning.

***The old Kincardine is having new upper works built. She is also having some repairs made to her boiler.

***Clarence H. Foster is acting as village recorder during the absence of Recorder Budden in Minneapolis.

***The Marquis de Mores' new slaughter house near Graff, Murray & Robbins' mill will be completed Saturday.

***Gen. O. M. Poe, A. McKenzie and Charles J. Allen, the engineers who are going to locate the Northern Pacific bridge across the St. Louis river, are in the city today.

***The Morrison is having an outside cabin built. She is also receiving general repairs on her upper works.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), July 22.—Storm areas overlie the far Northwest, Southwest and Eastern districts. Showers fell over the central valleys, the upper lake region and Eastern states. It is cooler over the Red River and lower Missouri valleys and Western Lake Superior, and warmer in the far Northwest. In the lake region there is increasing cloudiness, with fresh northerly winds.

Following were the maximum temperatures recorded during the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	92	Medicine Hat	92
Atlanta	88	Memphis	84
Bradford	74	Miles City	90
Bismarck	74	Milwaukee	74
Boston	84	Minnedosa	68
Buffalo	72	Modena	88
Calgary	50	Montgomery	92
Charleston	94	Moorhead	72
Chicago	74	New Orleans	90
Cincinnati	88	New York	86
Davenport	82	Norfolk	90
Denver	80	Northfield	70
Detroit	80	North Platte	80
Dodge City	86	Oklahoma	82
Duluth	72	Omaha	76
Edmonton	84	Phoenix	88
El Paso	98	Pittsburg	78
Escanaba	68	Portland	94
Galveston	86	Qu Appelle	74
Green Bay	78	Rapid City	80
Havre	92	San Francisco	60
Helena	88	Santa Fe	76
Houghton	68	Shreveport	90
Huron	84	Spokane	98
Jacksonville	102	St. Louis	84
Kamloops	96	St. Paul	78
Kansas City	80	S. Ste. Marie	70
Knoxville	84	Swift Current	82
La Crosse	78	Washington	88
Lander	82	Williston	88
Los Angeles	86	Winnemucca	94
Marquette	64	Winnipeg	70

Forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Saturday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Partly cloudy tonight and Saturday, with possibly occasional showers; slightly warmer Saturday; fresh and brisk northerly to easterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, July 22.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Saturday: Wisconsin—Generally fair tonight and Saturday; warmer in west portion Saturday.

Minnesota—Fair tonight and probably Saturday; slightly warmer Saturday and in west portion tonight.

The Dakotas—Fair tonight and Saturday; warmer Saturday.

Upper Lakes—Fresh and probably northwest to west winds; partly cloudy tonight and Saturday.

THE JOSHERS.

Puck: Lawyer—Then, too, there will be the courtcrier's fee.

Fair Litigant (breach of promise)—Oh, I shall do my own crying. I should never think of trusting anybody else to do that. Goodness, no!

Boston Transcript: Mrs. Cantor—I can't understand why Mr. Steener invariably leaves the room when I go to the piano. He told me he was very fond of music.

Mr. Cantor—And doesn't his conduct prove it, my dear?

Washington Star: "I guess I'll have to send my boy to college," said Mr. Jiggs. "He seems to be of a very studious disposition."

"Yes. Unless I get him interested in athletics or amateur theatricals, I'm afraid he'll turn out to be a regular bookworm."

Life: Mrs. Lakeside—Oh, yes; some of those narrow exclusive Eastern people say that Chicago isn't cultivated.

Mr. Lakeside—H'mph! All the city is except the south part, and that's too marshy. The land ain't worth cultivating.

Washington Star: "Would you marry a man because he was rich?" asked the romantic girl.

"No," answered Miss Cayenne, "but I might refuse to marry one because he wasn't."

Philadelphia Ledger: Hicks—I do try to be polite, but I seem to be forever forgetting my manners.

Wicks—What's the matter now?

Hicks—I just gave a woman my seat in the street car and forgot to thank her for taking it.

Philadelphia Press: "How on earth did you ever get a messenger boy to deliver your note and bring back the answer so quick?"

"I took his dime novel away from him and held it as security."

New Yorker: Bride—George, dear, when we reach our destination let us try to avoid giving the impression that we are newly married.

George—All right, Maud; you can carry this suit case.

NAMES AND THE P. O. D.

New York Sun: It will pain all true sons of Father Knickerbocker to learn that the post office department has been obliged to discontinue the mail service at New York. To be sure, it is not the New York of the Great White Alley whose postal facilities have been cut off, but a town of somewhat smaller size, in the state of Iowa. However, its residents are New Yorkers, and that any who bear that proud title should be deprived of a government service must strike sorrow in the hearts of all. It has also been the unhappiness of the people of Rock Branch, in the same commonwealth, to lose their post office, and the records have been transferred to Correctionville. Ominous name! Let us hope the records are straight.

In Michigan the department has amended the name Sault de Ste. Marie into Sault Sainte Marie, and it has established the offices of Racy and Rescue. In Minnesota that noble office known for years as Proctorknott has been shorn of its final syllable, and the famous orator is known only by his Christian name upon the mailing lists now. Skog is a new name in Minnesota, and a good one. In Mississippi Chunkeys Station has been transformed into Chunky. In Oregon Needy has been stricken from the list, and in Pennsylvania Arcadia has been established. In the Keystone state, too, Day has been added to the stations where postmasters are employed in money order business. There, also Big Pond and Big Bend have been wiped out, as have Cross Roads, Dewdrop, Goodwill Hill, Husband, Library and Magic. In the Philippines Masbate has been discontinued. Equality has been established in South Carolina and a new Bunker Hill has arisen in Tennessee. Doeville has also sprouted in Tennessee, and there the much-sought John may have his home. Sugar Tree is the name of a new office in the same state, and near it, on the list, is Tulu.

In Texas Hawley has been transformed into Blessing, and an Arp has appeared, doubtless a modest tribute to the humorous gentleman of that pseudonym. Virginia has a new Dot, a Pilot and a School, but has lost a Cool Well and a Dell. Washington boasts a Bow, but no Wow. Ole Elhan has changed to Clealum, and Fulton has bloomed into Kosmos.

Correspondents who have hitherto addressed foreign letters to Beulah, Llandyssil, must now use larger envelopes and write it Beulah, Newcastle Emlyn, Carmarthenshire. Likewise, Llwyndafydd, New Quay, Cardiganshire. Why has West Liss, Hants, been complicated into West Liss, East Liss, Hants? And why has Tygersfontein, Cape Colony, been "erased from the list?" Does the change of Victoria West Road to Hutchinson indicate a disloyal tendency in the colony? The post office department is always busy changing names, establishing, discontinuing, moving offices, reforming their spelling, and generally keeping them in order. For light summer reading try the "United States Official Postal Guide," whose yellow covers appropriately hint at its interestingf contents. Published at Washington monthly, Henry C. Payne, editor; price $2 a year, including large January guide.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: A man with a big red automobile is almost as stuck up as a woman with a new hat.

When a woman finds a pocketbook it is terrible hard for her to understand why it did not belong to her originally.

There is nothing makes a woman more indignant with a man than for him to be able to worry about business when the baby has a new tooth.

When you are taking a girl home at night it is very intelligent of her to cross over to the dark side of the street without your saying anything about it.

Chapter Two.

They are laying longer sidings,
And the spikes they use are new;
They are planning larger platforms,
A palatial station, too;
And the trains that by it flew
Do not do so any more—
For Esopus now has something
That it never had before.

They are stringing extra wires
For the telegraph and 'phone;
They are hitching up to livery
Every sorrel, bay and roan;
E'en a stranger would have known,
If the line of rigs he saw,
That Esopus harbored something
That it never held before.

But you do not need to go there
To be sure that this is so;
There are methods quite as certain—
Our advice is, don't you go.
Read the papers; they will show,
Ere you throw them on the floor,
That Esopus now has something
That it never had before.
—ARTHUR H. FOLWELL in the New York Sun.

City-Owned Street Cars.

New York World: The report of the tramways committee of the Nottingham (England) council shows that during the year ending March 31 last the roads earned a net profit of 10 per cent (amounting to $65,000). This will be applied to a reduction of city taxes. The electric street car service having now been operated by the city for over three years with a handsome profit each year, and with satisfaction to the people using it, Consul Mahin pronounces the undertaking a success.

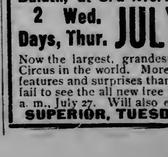
A rare feature of this city operation of surface cars of interest to New York is the diminished accident list. During the year the total number of miles traveled by the cars was 2,612,000. Yet in all this great distance traveled, largely through business thoroughfares, of which some are very narrow, not one person was killed by being run over, knocked down or collided with. Of forty-six pedestrians who were knocked down by or fell in front of a car, all were either thrown clear of the car or picked up on the life-guard without suffering serious injury. Twenty collisions occurred between cars and cyclists, while three cyclists fell from their machines immediately in front of moving cars and were picked up on the life-guards unhurt.

One death and injuries—some very trifling—to 367 persons resulted from attempts to board or leave moving cars.

AMUSEMENTS.

METROPOLITAN
TONIGHT
"A Race for Congress."
Saturday Matinee:
"NELL GWYNNE."
Saturday Evening:
"A WIFE'S MISTAKE."

LYCEUM THEATER.
Last Time TONIGHT
"FABIO ROMANI" or "THE VENDETTA."
The ever-popular BIOGRAPH—all new views
Next Week "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde"
Evenings—10c, 25c, 35c and 50c.
Saturday Matinee and Night, July 23.
A mingling of the minutest marvels Richards & Pringle's Famous GEORGIA MINSTRELS. 28th annual tour.



GENTRY BROS.' Famous Shows
will exhibit in
Duluth, at 3rd Ave. E. and 1st St.,
2 Wed. Days, Thur. JULY 27-28
Now the largest, grandest and best Animal Circus in the world. More new, unique, novel features and surprises than ever before. Don't fail to see the all new free street parade at 10 a. m., July 27. Will also exhibit in SUPERIOR, TUESDAY, JULY 26.

The Best News in The Herald This Evening

Your Free and Unrestricted Choice of Any Spring or Summer Suit in the House for

$25 Suits for
$22 Suits for
$20 Suits for
$14

Silk-lined Blue Serges, handsome double and single-breasted black Unfinished Worsteds, imported fancy Cheviots and Worsteds that earlier in the season sold at and are actually worth today $25, $22 and $20—while many have been sold, some of the best lines are complete, but our rule is never to carry one season's clothing over to another. There it is, so to convert the balance of our spring and summer Suits quickly into cash, take your pick of each and every

$25, $22, $20 Suits for FOURTEEN DOLLARS

A Great Opportunity to Buy Extra Trousers—Choice of over 200 Pairs of $3.50, $4.00 and $5.00 Trousers for $2.95

Wilson Bros. $1.50 Negligee Shirts—the kind the rest are making such a fuss over—sell at our Furnishing Goods counter for 75c

Panama and Straw Hats Reduced!

The BIG DULUTH WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

$10 Panama Hats Reduced to $7.50
$7.50 Pan. Hats Reduced to $5.00

The BIG DULUTH WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

VIEWS OF BRYAN

Former Leader Outlines Plan For Changes For Democracy.

He Strongly Urges State Ownership For All Public Utilities.

Lincoln, Neb., July 22.—W. J. Bryan's plan for the reformation of the Democracy was given publicity yesterday. In it Mr. Bryan favors radical changes, but advocates the election of Judge Parker for president as a good beginning. He declares for state ownership of railroads, government control of telegraphs, abolishment of the private monopoly, favors an income tax and election of federal judges by the people. Mr. Bryan says in part:

"My selection as standard bearer of the Democratic party in 1896 and again in 1900 made me the nominal leader of that party, and as such I did not feel at liberty to engraft new doctrines upon the party creed. I contented myself with the defense of the policies which were embodied in the platform.

"Now that the leadership devolves upon another I bear only the responsibility that each citizen must bear; namely, the responsibility for my own opinions, my utterances and my conduct. I am free to undertake a work which until now I have avoided, namely, the work of organizing the radical and progressive element in the Democratic party.

"The money question is for the present in abeyance. The production has lessened the strain upon the dollar, and while bimetallism is as sound in theory as it ever was, the necessity for it is not so apparent. But while the people cannot be brought at this time to consider the various phases of the money question, they can be brought to consider certain other questions with which the Democratic party must deal. I therefore refused to take a position upon the question of government ownership of railroads; first, because I had not until recently studied the subject; and second, because the question had not been reached.

"Recent events have convinced me that the time is now ripe for the presentation of this question. Consolidation after consolidation has taken place until a few men now control the railroad traffic of the country, and defy both the legislative and active power of the nation. I invite the Democrats, therefore, to consider a plan for the government ownership and operation of the railroads.

"The plan usually suggested is for the purchase of these roads by the federal government. This plan, it seems to me, is more objectionable than a plan which involves the ownership and operation of these roads by the several states. To put the railroads in the hands of the federal government would mean an enormous centralization of power. It would give to the federal government a largely increased influence over the citizen and the citizens' affairs, and such centralization is not at all necessary.

"The several states can own and operate the railroads within their borders just as effectually as it can be done by the federal government, and if it is done by the states, the objection based upon the fear of centralization is entirely answered. A board composed of representatives from the various states could deal with interstate traffic just as freight and passenger boards now deal with the joint traffic of the various lines. If the federal government had the railroads to build there would be a constant warring between different sections to secure a fair share of the new building and development, but where this is left to the state, the people in each state can decide what railroads they desire to build or to buy.

"While the Democratic party in the nation is advocating the government ownership of railroads, the Democratic party in the cities should upon the same theory espouse the cause of municipal ownership of municipal franchises.

"We have also reached a time when the postoffice department should embrace a telegraph system as well as mail system. The telegraph lines do not reach as many people as the railroads do, and while the abuses to private ownership have not been so open and notorious, yet there is no reason why this nation should not do what other nations are doing in this respect.

"The private monopoly must be destroyed. The Democratic platform adopted at Kansas City declared private monopoly to be indefensible and intolerable.

"The Democratic party has in two campaigns stood for an income tax. The plank was omitted this year because the men in control of the party thought it would jeopardize success in the Eastern states. This objection may have weight when appeal is made to a particular section and to the wealthy men of that section, but it cannot have weight when the party goes forth, as it must ultimately do, to appeal to the masses.

"The contest above outlined must be made whether the party wins in November or not. A single election is but an incident in the life of a party. For more than a century the Democratic party has stood forth as the representative of certain great ideas. Jefferson founded it, Jackson defended it, and even Cleveland could not destroy it.

"If Mr. Parker is elected, his administration, will rid us of imperialism and of the threat of a race issue, and give us a greater freedom in the taking up of economic questions."

Hairlessness is born of carelessness. Don't be careless with your hair. Use Ayer's Hair Vigor cares for it well, or it will leave you. the hair, makes it stay with you, and restores color. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

THE STATE OF TRADE

Shown By Reports to the International Mercantile Agency.

New York, July 22.—Reports received this week from special agents of the International Mercantile Agency at the leading centers of accumulation and distribution in the country, show very little change in conditions from those previously stated. Actual trade is dull, a normal situation for this season of the year. The outlook for fall and winter business is better in some sections, notably the south and southwest, than it has been for a long while. Calmer judgment than obtained in the beginning has reduced the estimates of loss by flood to 30,000,000 bushels of winter wheat for the four states most affected. One reliable trade journal has issued a bulletin which points to a total yield of this cereal of 610,000,000 bushels, and an exportable surplus of nearly 145,000,000 bushels. These are facts that have helped to dislodge some of the discouraging sentiments of the recent past.

The strike of the packing house employes assumed larger proportions than were first believed possible. However, there has been no suffering from the advance in the price of meats. It has always been believed that eventually there would be a peaceful adjustment by arbitration and that the disturbance would pass away as quickly as it developed. This sentiment was borne out by Wednesday's action. Probably a more important matter, is the threatening attitude of the Fall River operatives toward the reduction of 12½ per cent in wages, which becomes effective next Monday. This may spread throughout New England and unsettle business in that section.

The best commercial reports come from the west and southwest, or from the very regions where the greatest disturbance to business poise might be expected to exist.

With the prospect of average cereal crops and an early and large cotton crop the southwest is beginning to discount some of the expected enrichment of that part of the country.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

John Elcliff, aged 17, was drowned in the Wisconsin river at Rhinelander, Thursday night while bathing. The body has been recovered.

The date for the meeting of the grand lodge of Elks next year at Buffalo was fixed for July 10. Only minor changes in the ritual were made to simplify the work. Twenty-five Elks from various lodges were expelled.

Former Senator George G. Vest, of Wisconsin, is in a critical condition, and his closest friends say there is but little hope of his recovery. His mind is clear, but his strength is failing rapidly each day.

In reply to interrogations of the committee of public safety, Mayor Williams has replied that he would close all gambling in Memphis and close saloons after midnight.

Three youths were killed Thursday night by a Chicago and Alton passenger train which crashed into a wagon in which they were riding at Kansas City.

Russell Harding, vice president and general manager of the Missouri Pacific system, was elected president of the Pere Marquette railroad at a meeting of the directors Thursday.

ANOTHER GOES

Duluth Y. M. C. A. Workers In Demand In Other Fields.

Paul J. Gilbert the Latest —Will Make an Evangelistic Tour.

The Duluth Y. M. C. A. appears to be coming prominently into the field as a training school for young men for higher positions all over the world in association work. Among the first to leave the Zenith City for a more responsible position in this line was B. A. Shuman, chosen for the very important office of secretary of the international committee for Argentine and Uruguay, South America.

Shortly after this Swan Erickson, a member of the local association and an old resident of Duluth, left for Mobile, Alabama, to become secretary of one of the most influential associations, with one of the finest buildings, in the country.

And now comes Paul J. Gilbert, who for the past three years has been connected with the local association as assistant secretary and director of the religious and educational work. He has just resigned to make an evangelistic tour with Fred B. Smith in England, Scotland and Ireland. Mr. Gilbert expects to sail about Oct. 1. He will direct the musical end of the evangelistic work, being a musician of merit and possessing a fine tenor voice. The work of the men will be directly under the supervision of the international association committee.

Mr. Smith is one of the foremost evangelists of the country, and is to make a tour of the world, taking about a year, but Mr Gilbert will probably not accompany him on the entire trip. Before coming to Duluth Mr. Gilbert was associated for several years with Rev. Mountain, a noted evangelist, conducting the musical features of the work, so that he has had experience along these lines.

Mr. Shuman is meeting with gratifying success in his foreign work, and Mr. Erickson has been so successful in the Southern field that his work has been brought to the attention of the international committee, resulting, it is understood, in an offer to become secretary of one of the larger of the associations in Japan. Mr. Erickson still has this offer under consideration, and has not yet decided whether to accept or not. He has been in the city during the past week visiting at the home of his parents, but left for Mobile last night.

From the fact that three men have been chosen from the Duluth association for important foreign work it would appear that the higher officers find Northermers more energetic and successful in their work than people from other districts. It has been stated that today the association in Duluth is enjoying the most successful period in its history, commanding the full confidence of the people and the growing interest of the young men of the community.

SOUTH DAKOTA IS LAUNCHED

New Cruiser Christened By Miss Herreid, Daughter of Governor.

San Francisco, July 22.—The armored cruiser South Dakota was successfully launched from her cradle at the Union Iron works at 6:40 last night. The ceremony attending the launching was simple, Bishop W. N. Nichols, of the Episcopal diocese of California offered a short prayer and then Miss Grace Herreid, daughter of the governor of South Dakota, pressed a button that released the hull of the youngest American cruiser.

As the vessel began to move Miss Herreid swung a bottle of champagne against the boat and bestowed the designated name. Governor Herreid, of South Dakota and party and a number of naval officers and distinguished citizens witnessed the launching.

The armored cruiser South Dakota is a sister ship of the California, which was launched three months ago at the yards of the Union Iron works. The coal capacity of the bunkers admits of a radius of operations considerably greater than that of any war vessel now in the navy. The South Dakota is a type of six authorized by congress at the same time. Besides the California, there are now being constructed in eastern ship yards the Colorado, West Virginia, Pennsylvania and Maryland.

The South Dakota will be fitted up as a flagship and will require a complement of officers and men numbering 829 in all.

The cost of the vessel will be approximately $5,000,000 including her armament.

WHY LEAVE TOWN IN SUMMER?

Park Point is an ideal summer resort. Cars now run to

Oatka Grove

Tables, pure cold water from fountain furnished free to picnic parties. Lake and Bay beaches.

ATTRACTIONS OATKA BEACH:

Best Sunday Afternoon Band Concerts.

Dancing in Auditorium Every Evening.

Free String Orchestra Every Afternoon.

Bring your children—let them play in the sand and make them strong.

All Cars Transfer to Our Store.

We Refund Car Fare. Ask For It.

Johnson & Moe
THE West End Big Department Store
"Right in the Low Rent District."

7 Minutes From Down Town.

10 Minutes From West Duluth.

Many Good Things for Tomorrow!

Thrifty buyers can never make a mistake in purchasing from any department of this store. We feel confident that only the best values possible for desirable merchandise are at all times represented. But for tomorrow's shoppers there are special buying opportunities that no housewife can afford to overlook. The clearing of many lines means a big saving to all who participate in these very special inducements:

JULY CLEARANCE SALE OF SILKS.

29c for choice line of "Kaiki" Jap Wash Silks for Waists, etc., worth 50c—A choice bargain at the July Clearance price 29c.

50c for a choice line of fancy novelty silk and plain colored black Taffeta Silk—Our regular 75c and 88c kind — July Clearance price for your choice...50c.

JULY CLEARANCE SALE OF WHITE LAWN WAISTS.

95c for a beautiful Lawn Waist daintily trimmed with lace and embroidery; regular price $1.25; July Clearance price..95c.

49c for Ladies' Colored Shirt Waists, made of pretty Lawns and Dimities, regular price 65c and 75c—July Clearance price.....49c.

$2.98 JAP SILK WAISTS AT $1.98.

A beautiful line of White Silk Waists, very dainty styles—worth $2.98—July Clearance price..... **$1.98**

JULY CLEARANCE SALE OF WASH GOODS.

7½c for Zephyr and Ginghams and fine Dimities in fancy patterns for shirt waists, regular price 10c and 12½c—July Clearance price .....7½c.

12½c for choice line of Wash Fabrics, in Lawns and Dimities, fine Zephyrs and Madras—regular price 19c—July Clearance price .....12½c.

JULY CLEARANCE SALE OF DRESS GOODS.

49c for 40-inch all-wool Novelty suitings, in beautiful mixtures and mannish cloth patterns for suits and skirts—big value at 68c—July Clearance price 49c.

65c for Jamestown 40-in. Worsted Dress Goods in black and colors, very choice styles, regular price 75c and 88c—July Clearance price.....65c.

Unusual Sale of Undermuslins.

Tomorrow we offer a large and select assortment of the celebrated "Queen" Undermuslins, consisting of Corset Covers, Drawers, Gowns and Skirts, regular prices 88c to $1.25—your choice during our July Clearance sale—per garment..... **59c**

A CLEAN-UP SALE OF JAP STRAW MATTINGS.

16½c for Jap Straw Mattings, assorted patterns, regular price 25c — tomorrow's clean-up price, a yard....16½c.

(About 10 short pieces to pick from. It's a good time to buy this cool summer floor covering at a big saving.)

$2.50 Axminster Rugs at $1.48.

One lot of Axminster or Velvet Rugs, Oriental patterns—regular price $2.50—for tomorrow, a saving of nearly half at the clearance price.... **$1.48**

JULY CLEARANCE SALE IN OUR BOYS' DEPARTMENT.

Boys' Blouse Waists—Waists made of colored wash goods, cheap at 29c—July clearance price..... **23c**

Boys' Fontleroy Waists—made in dark and light percales; choice styles; 35c to 40c values; July Clearance price.... **32c**

Boys' White Lawn Waists—prettily trimmed with embroidery—50c kinds—July Clearance price..... **43c**

TREMENDOUS CLEARANCE SALE OF MEN'S AND BOYS' STRAW HATS AT 10 CENTS EACH.

These are hats that sold regularly at 19c, 25c, 35c and 50c—your pick now of this special lot, for..... **10c**

In the Basement Bazar—A Tremendous Clean-up Sale of Dinner and Chinaware.

Broken sets and odd pieces to be closed out tomorrow at about one-fourth their regular value.

25c for large covered dishes, gold decorations, regular price $1.25—only a few—to close.....25c.

15c for choice of large Pitchers, Gravy Boats and covered Sugars, regular price 50c—to close at .....15c.

10c for gold-decorated Dinner Plates and Bone dishes, worth 25c—to close at .....10c.

5c for choice of Tea Plates, Breakfast Plates, Pickle Dishes, Fruit Saucers, worth 15c—to close, at.....5c.

1c for Individual Butter Dishes, worth 3c, tomorrow's clean-up price — each .....1c.

FIRE AT WILLMAR.

Implement House on Erickson's Farm Is Destroyed.

Willmar, Minn., July 22.—The farm implement house of G. A. Erickson was totally destroyed by fire yesterday morning. The total loss, $12,000. Loss on building, $2000, insured for $1000; machinery and binder twine and feed mill business in connection, $10,000; insured for only $4300. The feed mill business was conducted by Erickson & Co. The fire is supposed to be incendiary. A large quantity of hay was stored in the building together with 7000 pounds of twine. An earlier fire destroyed the barn of Mrs. Westley Burr. Loss small. Three cattle, the property of the Willmar Provision company, were rescued from the flames. This fire is thought to have been incendiary also.

Case For State Board.

Information of insanity has been filed in probate court against Hilma Praski, a young Finlander woman of Virginia. The information is furnished by Maria Hakkila and was forwarded to probate court by the municipal judge at Virginia. The woman was brought to Duluth today and will have a hearing tomorrow, when Judge Middlecoff is expected back from a north shore trip. She will have her case brought before the state board of control, if the information is found true. Having resided in the county only a few weeks it will be necessary for an order from the board of control to send her to a state institution.

An alleged insane man will be brought from Hibbing tomorrow for examination.

DECLARES FOR PARKER

New York Herald Expresses Confidence In Democratic Nominee.

New York, July 22.—The New York Herald this morning declares itself in favor of the election of Judge Alton B. Parker for president in an editorial which expresses confidence in the Democratic nominee because of the gold telegram, and questions Roosevelt's judgment and self-control.

GIVES LIFE FOR ANOTHER.

Sebastopol, July 22.—Captain Glotoff, commander of a torpedo boat destroyer anchored in the roadstead here, jumped overboard during a storm today to save a man whose boat had been swamped. Glotoff succeeded in bringing the man to the side of the destroyer and he was taken aboard but the captain himself sank exhausted and was drowned.

WILL BE A CONVENIENCE.

New Postal Regulation That Will Be Appreciated.

According to a letter received yesterday by Postmaster Fisher of the Duluth office, a new regulation governing the mailing of catalogues and price lists, which passed at the last congress, will go into effect in the very near future. Under the regulation, when wholesale firms send more than 2000 catalogues by the same mail it will not be necessary to affix a stamp to every copy, as required at present. This will mean a great saving of time and expense to a number of the large local firms. When more than 2000 copies are sent the sender will be charged at the rate of 1 cent for two ounces. A less number will be charged for at the old rate.

PANAMA HATS

Cleaned, bleached, reblocked and retrimmed by our Expert Bleacher equal to new. We guarantee absolute satisfactory work.

C. VOLLAND, Hat Factory, 14 First Ave. E.

WHEAT HAS SLUMP

Prices Fall Off About a Cent In All Markets.

Foreign Markets Not So Strong—Flax Is Firm.

Duluth Board of Trade, July 22.—Wheat was lower today. Receipts were liberal and the demand not so good. The news from England was of a less alarming character, and the bullish sentiment in the markets there was less aggressive. Liverpool closed ⅛d lower to ⅛d higher and August wheat in London closed 1⅛d higher. The cash demand in the Duluth market was less brisk, a small amount being worked for Eastern shipment.

In the Duluth market the July option closed 1c lower and September ¾-⅞c lower; in Chicago July and September were both 1c lower; in Minneapolis July was unchanged and September 1-⅛c lower, and in New York July was ¼c lower and September ⅝c lower.

Car receipts at Duluth were 87 against 13 last year, and at Minneapolis 81 against 168 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 168 against 116 last year. Chicago received 33 against 60 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 413,884 bus, last year 571,500 bus. Shipments 261,700 bus, last year 149,300 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 60,000 bus.

Argentine shipments of wheat this week were 1,840,000 bus, against 1,032,000 bus last week and 1,504,000 bus last year.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ¼d higher. September corn in the Chicago market closed ⅜d lower. September oats closed ⅜c lower. Primary receipts of corn were 304,400 bushels, last year, 329,700 bushels. Shipments 253,500 bushels; last year, 514,300 bushels. Clearances were 55,000 bushels. The Argentine shipments of corn this week were 2,567,000 bushels.

In the Duluth market trading was fairly active in the September option. It opened 3c lower at 88¾c, sold at 88¾c a few minutes later, fell to 88⅜c at 10:10, rallied to 88⅝c at 10:40 and then again reacted to 88⅜c at 11:14. This decline continued to 88c at 12:30 and after that it rallied somewhat and closed at 88¾-¼c, a loss from yesterday of ¾-⅞c. The July closed 1c lower at $1.00½.

Cash offerings were light and prices continued on an unchanged basis.

Flax was fairly active in September and October. The firmer was up ½c at one time and closed ¼c higher at $1.22¾. October closed unchanged at the same price as September. July lost ¾c closing at $1.21½. December advanced 3c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 northern, 99½c; No. 2 northern, 95½c; on track, No. 1 northern, $1.00½; No. 2 northern, 96½c. March—No. 1, 82¾c; No. 2, 82c; July, $1.00½; September, 88⅜-¼c; December, 85c. Flax, to arrive, $1.21¾; on track, $1.21¾; July, $1.21¾; September, $1.22¾; October, $1.22¾; November, $1.22¾; December, $1.21¾. Oats, on track, 38c; to arrive, 35c. Rye, on track, 65c; to arrive, 65c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 87; last year, 13; oats, 2; flax, 34; last year, 14.

Receipts—Wheat, 42,844; oats, 8849; barley 5988; flax, 22,691.

Shipments—Flax, 5696.

CASH SALES FRIDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 4 cars	$1.01¾
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	1.01
No. 1 northern, 3 cars	1.00
Macaroni wheat, 2 cars No. 2	82
Rejected wheat, 1 car	93½
No. 2 spring, 2 cars	93½
Oats, 1 car No. 3 white	38
Flax, 4 cars	1.21½
Flax, 6 cars	1.21¾

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Favorable Weather and Cables Reduce Wheat Prices.

Chicago, July 22.—Lower cables and more favorable weather than anticipated caused weakness in wheat today, there being considerable liquidation with only a moderate demand. September opened ½@⅝c to ⅝@⅞c lower at 88¼c to 88¼c. On the decline a number of pit traders took advantage to cover short sales. The result was a momentary upturn of prices, September advancing to 88½@88c. The slight bulge was followed by a reaction that carried September down to 86¾c. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 201 cars, against 231 cars last week and 176 cars a year ago.

The weakness became more pronounced as the session advanced, the chief depressing influence being prospects of greatly increased receipts of new wheat. A number of bearish crop reports added to the selling pressure. On the decline September sold off to 87¼c. The close was weak with September off 1c at 87⅞@⅞c.

Liberal receipts and weakness of wheat had a depressing influence on the corn market, the sentiment in the pit being rather bearish. Offerings, however, were not large and this fact was mainly responsible for the comparative steadiness of prices. September opened a shade to ⅛@¼c lower at 49⅝@49¾c, and held within the opening range. Local receipts were 242 cars, with nine of contract grade.

Partly in sympathy with wheat and partly as a result of liberal estimated receipts for tomorrow additional weakness developed, September declining to 49¼c. Final quotations on September were down ⅝c at 49⅜@⅝c.

There was selling of oats by longs as a result of the weakness of wheat and prices were at a slight decline from yesterday's closing figures. September opening ¼@¾c lower at 33⅞@33¾c, sold up to 33⅝c, and then reacted to 33⅜@34c. Local receipts were 81 cars.

Heavy receipts of hogs and lower prices at the yards caused weakness in provisions. Trading was dull owing to a resumption of the stock yards strike. September pork opened 7½@10c lower, at $12.72½@12.75, sold at $12.80 and reacted to $12.77½. Lard was down 2½c at $6.92½. Ribs were off 5c at $7.50.

Close: Wheat—July, 94⅝c; old, 95¾c; September, 87¾@87⅝c; old, 89⅜@¼; December, 87c; May, 88¾c. Corn—July, 49¼c; September, 48⅝@49c; December, 45⅝c; May, 44⅜@45c. Oats—July, 35⅝c; September, 33⅛c; December, 32½@33c; May, 34⅝c. Pork—July, $12.70; September, $12.77½c; October, $12.77½. Lard—July, $6.80; September, $6.90; October, $6.95. Ribs—July, $7.32½; September, $7.47½; October, $7.50. Rye—July, 75c; September, 59@60c. Flax—Cash northwestern, $1.22; southwestern, $1.17½; July, $1.17½. Timothy—July, $2.95; September, $3.10. Clover—July, $11.25. Barley—Cash, 50@53c. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 98@100c; 2 red, 97@100c; 2 hard, 94@96c; 3 hard, 90@94c; 1 northern, $1.02; 2 northern, $1.02; 3 northern, 98c; 3 spring, 95c. Corn—No. 2, 49¾@50c; 3, 49½@50c. Oats—No. 2, 37½c; 3, 36½c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, July 22.—Close: Wheat—97½c; Sept. 87¾@⅞c; Dec. 85⅝c; on track, 1 hard, $1.00; 2 northern, 96½@97c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, July 22.—Wheat—Spot nominal; futures quiet; July, 6s 7¾d; September, 6s 9d; December, 6s 9¼d. Corn—Spot quiet; American mixed new, 4s 4½d; ditto old, 4s 5½d; futures steady; July nominal; September nominal.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, July 22.—Close: Wheat—July, $1.01½; September, 92½c; December, 90⅞c. Corn—July, 55½c; September, 54⅝c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
July—				
Open	....$1.01¼	97½	95¾	.....
High	....1.00¾	97½	94½	.....
Low	....1.00¾	97½	94⅝	$1.01⅝A
Close	....1.00½B	97½	95⅜	1.01¾
Close 21st	1.01½	97½	95⅜	1.01¾
Sept.—				
Open	.....88⅝A	88⅝-¾	88⅛@⅜	92¼-⅜
High	.....88¾	88⅝-¾	88⅝-½	92⅜
Low	88	87½-⅝	87½-⅝	91⅜
Close	.....88⅛-¼B	87¾-⅞	87¾-⅞	92⅛A
Close 21st	..89	88⅞	89¾-⅞	92¾

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. Sept.	Corn. Sept.	Pork. Sept.
Open	.....33½@33⅜	49⅜@49⅝	$12.70@12.75
High	.....33¾	49¾	12.80
Low	.....33⅜	49⅛	12.70
Close	.....33⅛	49⅜-½	12.77

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The market is about a cent lower. There was rather more pacific political news from Europe and scattered showers through the West and Southwest. Receipts were again liberal and the demand not so good and cash prices in the Southwest markets 1 to 2 cents lower. The war news had as usual, driven out the short interest to a great extent. There was some scattered liquidation throughout the day. Snow's report was considered bearish, although he estimates the crop from 600 to 625 million, which is not very much for him. Late cables confirm a serious chortage in the French crop, but with the large surplus they carried over last year it seems veby doubtful if they will need to import much, if any wheat. We still look for an uncertain and fluctuating market. The large cash premiums will, we think, continue to bring the wheat from farmers' hands and some depreciation in cash prices would seem probable. This may temporarily depress the September and December wheat, although we doubt if the cash level reaches the basis of those futures for some time to come. Inclined to think we would still operate on the long side, but for the present buy on sharp breaks for moderate profits.

Corn—Favorable weather through the corn belt and weakness in other grains were the causes. It is, however, the same scalping market without tendency apparently that we have had for weeks past. The trade is confined mostly to professional operations and on the whole on a small scale. Reports concerning the growing crop are on the whole most satisfactory and the crop is making good progress. There are, of course, sections where the condition is backward and a little uneven, but it looks like a fairly average condition.

Oats—Rather better weather and the weakness in wheat caused the marekt to decline ¼c to ½c. Covering of shorts yesterday also was rather free. There is as yet very little movement of new oats and the cash situation is very quiet. The market is had improvement enough of late so that we would not advise buying except on reactions; but on sharp breaks still feel that September and December oats won't hurt to buy.

Provisions—The market is about 5c lower all around. The strike was resumed at the yards this morning, the men refusing to work with certain non-union butchers employed. This throws the whole matter open again and leaves the market in the condition of the past week. It is dull, with no disposition to do anything pending the settlement of the strike.

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Modern Miller: The weather most of the week has been favorable for harvesting of winter wheat, and the work has progressed satisfactorily in most sections, as interruption by showers were slight and of little consequence. In the western part of the winter wheat belt, where the greater damage was reported as a result of the heavy rains early in July, latest advices indicate that the loss is much less than reported. Yields in the Ohio valley are disappointing.

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Snow's report: The long-delayed wheat harvest is completed. Threshing is again under way everywhere and scattered advices from the wet district in the Missouri valley indicate a rather better yield at the machine than expected. Spring wheat conditions continue favorable, the effect of a little too much rain in the Red River valley being offset by the benefit of good showers further West. At present a reasonable expectation is a wheat crop of 600,000,000 to 625,000,000 bus. High temperatures have caused rapid development of corn.

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Edwards, Wood & Co.: Wheat—Active and very sensitive and inclined to be easily affected by crop and foreign news. The extreme price ranges today were wide enough to allow scalping profits, and as we suggested this is about the best that can be looked for until something definite develops to form a basis for moving prices either way from the present level, which, for the moment is about right. Foreign news was very quiet and markets closed without important change. Millers, while claiming more encouraging inquiries from abroad for flour, are shipping less flour than they manufacture. The question of what is the real truth regarding the size of the French crop is disturbing the trade not a little and estimates of the decrease of 20 to 25 per cent would make the crop the smallest since 1887. With all the news we expect an active market and likely to broaden quickly. It may be well to anticipate a little further decline should weather conditions hold favorable, but on any further quick breaks would consider purchases in order again.

Flax—Prices were steady. There was little new for the trade to consider outside of the continued good demand for offerings, and the belief that scattered holdings have been pretty much all realized on. Continued cool weather over the Northwest has started up talk of early frost but at this time we think fear from that source is unwarranted.

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B. E. Baker's Chicago letter: Wheat—Without the support of further adverse crop or political advices, yesterday's advance was not maintained. Holders seemed quite willing to realize as opportunity offered, taking their cue from the crop estimates, the increased movement of new wheat to this market, better weather and reported larger yields in the Southwest than anticipated. European markets varied from firm to some higher, consols shaded up at the close. The market acted rather firm on the decline. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 72 cars.

Corn—The general tendency of the corn market was toward a lower level. The September continues erratic. The July was in demand at the opening and jumped to a premium over the September, but worked back to a discount before the close.

Oats—Lost ground all day. Crop advices sugest that another week or ten days of good weather will make a large crop a certainty. Half the crop is harvested in Nebraska and the quality is said to be the best in four or five years. A free movement may be expected from that state after August 1. In Iowa cutting will be general by the first of next week. There was one car of oats in today which graded No. 4. The cash market was steady with a rather better inquiry for arrivals. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 95 cars.

• • •

Ben Bryan, Chicago: Wheat continues to be a hesitating market. The political news has a more pacific tone. There is further showery weather throughout the west and southwest but no heavy rains are reported in the sections where wheat is being harvested or moved. This has imparted an easier tone to the market. Primary receipts of wheat are enormous and so far this morning the tendency of cash prices is lower. The movement has scarcely gone far enough yet to demonstrate very closely as to where the cash situation will finally land. There seems to be a fair milling demand but nothing on a large scale and a good deal of the present movement, particularly the poorer grades of wheat, are going to store. The latter has got quite a back an export basis. Threshing returns quite generally confirm previous estimates of damage, but notwithstanding this we are disposed to expect a free movement of wheat for the immediate future, induced by the very great cash premiums. The market has been fed on pretty stiff stimulants lately in the way of war news and rains and its action rather indicates a need of a continuation of the stimulant. We are looking for any low prices on wheat. We think it is only a question of how much temporary depression the present movement and the finding of its legitimate level by the new wheat will make in the September and December. We are still of the view that we would operate on the long side, buying on sharp breaks for moderate profits at least.

A letter from Grand Forks, N. D., says: "The outlook is much better in the counties outside of Red River Valley proper than in the valley. This is due largely to an exceedingly wet spring. The season continued an exceedingly wet one, and late sown crops have not caught up much, so that we are today fully as much behind as when the seeding was done. In the Red River valley there is probably not over one-third of the wheat headed. In the western counties it is substantially all headed. We figure here that it takes from 30 to 35 days from heading to the harvest."

• • •

Commercial West says: The Northwest has been favored with safe temperatures for small grain. Wheat is from one-fourth to three-fourths filled as far north as the south line of North Dakota. In all sections the crop is late, and no cutting will be done in July. It will be a big, late, before harvest is general south of North Dakota and in that state the harvest is likely to extend into September. These dates are two weeks to a month late for the Northwest. Barley and oat harvest commenced this week in South Dakota, the latter only moderately.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, July 22, 1904:

STATIONS—	State of weather	Minimum	Maximum	Rainfall, inches and hundredths.
Alexandria	Clear	78	52	T
Campbell	Clear	74	46	.0
Crookston	Clear	70	44	.0
Detroit City	Clear	70	46	.0
Grand Meadows	Pt cldy	80	50	T
Minneapolis	Pt cldy	78	56	T
Montevideo	Clear	80	50	.0
New Ulm	Clear	80	52	.06
Park Rapids	Clear	70	50	.0
Winnebago City	Clear	82	52	.08
Worthington	Clear	80	50	.0
Larimore	Clear	72	42	.0
Lisbon	Clear	78	44	.0
Pembina	Clear	74	42	.0
Aberdeen	Clear	84	46	.0
Millbank	Clear	84	48	.0
Mitchell	Clear	82	46	.0
Redfield	Clear	84	44	.0
Bismarck	Clear	74	48	.0
Duluth	Clear	72	51	T
Huron	Clear	84	46	.34
La Crosse	Clear	78	56	.02
Moorhead	Cloudy	72	48	.0
Pierre	Clear	86	54	.0
St. Paul	Clear	78	56	.04
Winnipeg	Clear	70	44	.14

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall.
••For twenty-four hours ending 8 a. m
•For yesterday.
NOTE.—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

REMARKS.

Scattered showers fell over all districts.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster, Weather Bureau.

It pays to advertise in The Herald. Ask Bayha & Co.

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THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.	
Creamery, prints	19
Dairies, fancy	14 @ 16
Packing stock	10½@ 11
EGGS.	
Fresh	20
CHEESE.	
Twins, full cream	10 @ 11
Twins, full cream, old	8
Full cream, young America	11 @ 11½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½
Limberger, full cream, cheese	12½
Primost	7
HONEY.	
New fancy, white clover	15
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Goldenrod	14
Dark honey	14
Buckwheat, dark	14
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	12½
Ohio, per lb	10
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	2 15 @ 2 25
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 20
Brown beans, fancy, bus	2 25
NUTS.	
Filberts, per lb	12
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16
Cocoanuts	50
Brazils, per lb	12
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8
Almonds	16
Mixed nuts	12
FRUITS.	
Strawberries	2 00 @ 3 00
California peaches, per box	1 00
California plums, per box	1 50 @ 1 00
California apricots, per box	1 75
Pineapples	4 50 @ 4 75
Canteloupes, per crate	2 25 @ 2 50
Smyrna figs	1 00 @ 1 85
Bananas	2 00 @ 2 50
Lemons, per box	4 00 @ 4 50
Lemons, per box	3 25 @ 4 00
Dates, Fard, per box	1 25
Sugar walnut dates	1 10
California oranges	4 00 @ 4 50
VEGETABLES.	
Lettuce, bushel	35
Green Onions	15
Pie plant, cwt	1 25
Spinach, bushel	45
Green beets, doz	25
Minn. wax beans, box	90 @ 1 00
Tomatoes, crate	75 @ 85
Potatoes, bushel	60 @ 65
Green peas, bushel	90 @ 1 00
Mushrooms	60
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	2 50
Turnips	1 25
Cabbage, crate	1 75 @ 2 00
Best cucumbers, doz	35
POP CORN.	
Choice, per lb	3½
Rice corn, shelled	6
LIVE POULTRY.	
Spring chickens	25
Hens	14
Ducks	15
Turkeys	12½@ 13
Geese	12
MEATS.	
Beef	9½
Mutton	8½
Lard	7½
Pork loins	11
Veal	8
CIDER.	
Common juice, half bbl	3 75
Fruit juice	6 50
Duffy cider	3 25

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, July 22.—Butter steady; creameries 13@17c; dairies, 12@15c. Eggs steady; at mark, cases included, 14½@15½c. Cheese steady; daisies, 8@9c; twins, 7¾@8c; young Americas, 8@9c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, July 22.—Butter steady, unchanged; receipts 4482. Cheese quiet, unchanged; receipts 4016. Eggs quiet, unchanged; receipts 8192.

ADVICE TO SWIMMERS.

"Now that the swimming season is under way," said Capt. Tom Riley, the veteran Coney Island life saver, in New York the other day, "it may not be a bad idea to give a few pointers to the average bather that may come in useful to him some time or other.

"The first piece of advice I would give is: Don't go far from shore.

"Every muscle is used when a man is swimming, many of them that are never brought into play in any other way. This is the main reason why so many fellows get into trouble every year.

"They feel good and strong, and when they get into the water they swim until they get tired. Then when they try to swim back again their strength plays out, and if help isn't near by they get rattled. The next day the newspapers have another account of 'An Expert Swimmer Drowned.'

"Getting rattled is another thing to guard against. Nine times out of ten this has more to do with people getting into trouble than anything else. Whatever you do or wherever you are, keep cool—keep your nerve. A man can stay afloat a long time if he won't get rattled, no matter what's the matter with him.

"Don't be afraid of cramps is another thing that all swimmers should remember. There has been so much said and written about cramps that people are scared to death when they feel a little cramp coming on in a toe or hand. Then they lose their nerve altogether and give up, where by being cool they could have made their way to shore in safety.

"Cramps are brought on by swimming. So when you feel one coming on, stop using the leg or arm where it is located. If you turn over on your back and float a cramp a chance to go away, but even if it doesn't it won't prevent you from swimming slowly and getting to shore.

"Most people think a cramp spreads gradually until it goes all over the body from a little cramp in the toe. This isn't so. It is always confined to the leg or arm where it starts. This is proved by the fact that it goes away when you quit using the leg or arm.

"Whenever you hear cramp stories someone is sure to mention stomach cramps. They are supposed to be the most dangerous kind. You hear where people are doubled up like a jack-knife and then sink like a stone. Now, as a matter of fact, in all my experience I never had a stomach cramp or saw a person with one.

"If they ever happen they have kept out of my sight. And I don't believe there is such a thing. This is another fairy story that has been told until everybody believes it. So that when a fellow is swimming gets a little pain in the stomach he at once imagines he has stomach cramps, and that he's a goner, and will at once yell for help or do something foolish.

"It's nearly always the poor swimmer who gets in trouble, for he is the one to take the greatest chances. Good swimmers always travel in pairs, so they can aid one another in case of trouble. You often see the head of one of these poor swimmers bobbing about away off shore, although we try our best to keep them in, and when one of them gets into trouble he is usually so far out that he is gone before we can get at him."

Independent Scandinavian Workingmen's Association —Grand Lodge Meeting, Menomonie, Wis., July 26-30.

For the above convention, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets Duluth to Menomonie and return at $2.50. Tickets on sale July 26th, for morning train only, good returning the evening of same day. All who desire to avail themselves of this exceedingly low rate, please call at City Ticket office, 302 West Superior street, where arrangements may be made. G. M. SMITH, Gen'l Agent.

Louisiana Purchase Exposition, St. Louis, Mo.

The Northern Pacific railway (Duluth Short-Line) have on sale tickets to St. Louis and return, as follows:

Good returning 16 days, $24.40.
Good returning sixty days, $27.10
Good returning Dec. 15th, $32.50.

Four trains daily, including Lake Superior limited. Tickets good either via Chicago or St. Paul. For full information and tickets, call at City Ticket office, 332 West Superior street.

ERRATIC MARKET

Stocks Recovered Sharply From Thursday's Decline But Reacted.

Aggressive Buying of Leading Shares—Closing Firm.

New York, July 22.—Opening prices in the market were a fraction up from last night, helped by the better sentiment in the London market over the international outlook. Gains reached ½ in Union Pacific, Missouri Pacific, Baltimore & Ohio and Ontario & Western. Transactions were on a moderate scale.

All the operations in the stock market were characterized by considerable irregularities on a reduced volume of business. Opening prices were improved slightly, in sympathy with a gain of a point in Brooklyn Transit. Subsequently the market reacted to about yesterday's close or slightly below in spots. This was followed by a feeble rally, in which United States Steel preferred recovered to 62¼. Gains of a point were made by General Electric, 1½ by Snuff preferred and 2 by Evansville & Terre Haut. Metropolitan Securities lost 1¼ and Biscuit 1½.

Prices rallied with some spirit during the second hour, but a dull and heavy tone succeeded. United States Steel preferred and Southern Pacific rose ⅞ and Missouri Pacific 1. Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie gained 1½. Eric second preferred fell ⅞ and Colorado & Southern first preferred 1¾. Bonds were firm at noon.

Offerings of stocks dwindled after 12 o'clock and the bull traders bid the market up. Union Pacific, Southern Pacific and United States Steel preferred sold a trifle higher than in the morning, but the general market made no perceptible progress. Colorado Fuel advanced 1⅛ and Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie 1¼.

The strength of United States Steel preferred created some demand for other metal stocks and Tennessee Coal, Railway Steel preferred, Copper and Anaconda improved a point. Among the railroad stocks St. Paul, Union Pacific and Kansas & Texas preferred extended their gains to a point each. Business was practically at a standstill at times. Virginia-Carolina Chemical showed some animation of a rising level and rose 1⅞ and the preferred 1.

The very moderate following attracted by the advances prompted realizing by room traders. Reactions of ¾ to 1 resulted in Union Pacific, Missouri Pacific, St. Paul, United States Steel preferred and Brooklyn Transit. There were losses of about a point in Northwest and North Pacific. Manhattan Beach rose 3½. There was a fractional recovery in the general list and the close was about steady, but very dull.

Quotations furnished by H. E. Gooch & Co., 103-105 Palladio Bldg.

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison	79⅜	78⅝	79
do pfd	97	96½	97
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	52½	51⅝	52
Baltimore & Ohio	85¼	84¾	85⅛
Canadian Pacific	124½	124	124½
Chicago & Alton	39⅞	39⅜	39⅞
Chicago Great Western	14¾	14½	14½
Colorado Southern	14½	14½	14½
Delaware & Hudson	161½	161	161
Erie	25⅞	25½	25½
do 1st pfd	62¾	62¾	62¾
do 2nd pfd	38¾	38½	38⅝
Illinois Central	137¼	137¼	137¼
Louisville & Nashville	117¾	116½	117⅛
Soo	73	70½	72½
do pfd	128	127½	128
Metropolitan Traction	116½	116	116⅞
Mexican Central	9¼	9⅛	9⅛
M., K. & T.	18¾	18⅛	18⅛
do pfd	41⅞	40¼	41⅜
Missouri Pacific	94⅞	93¾	94⅛
Northern Securities	104	103⅜	103¾
New York Central	119¾	119	119⅛
Norfolk & Western	62⅝	61⅞	62⅜
Northwestern	180¼	179	179
Ontario & Western	31	30⅝	30⅝
Pennsylvania Railway	121¾	120¾	121
Rock Island	23⅜	22⅞	23
do pfd	66	65⅝	66
Reading	54½	53¾	53⅞
Southern Railway	24½	24¼	24⅜
Southern Pacific	51⅝	50⅞	51⅞
St. Paul	148¾	147⅞	148
Texas Pacific	25⅞	25⅝	25⅞
Union Pacific	97⅞	96⅝	97⅛
do pfd	94¾	94	94⅜
Wabash, pfd	26⅜	25⅞	26⅛
Western Central	18¼	18⅛	18⅜
Anaconda	75	75	75
Amalgamated Copper	52¾	51¾	52¼
American Ice	7⅝	7½	7⅝
do pfd	29½	28⅝	29⅛
American Locomotive	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞
American Car	18¼	18¼	18¼
American Sugar	129⅝	129⅛	129⅝
American Smelt	57¾	57¼	57¼
Colorado Fuel	35½	34⅛	35⅛
General Electric	162½	162	162
People's Gas	100¼	100¼	100¾
Republic Iron & Steel	7¾	7⅜	7½
do pfd	42¾	42¾	42¾
Tennessee Coal & Iron	41⅜	40½	41⅜
United States Leather	7¼	7¼	7¼
United States Steel	12⅝	11⅞	12¼
do pfd	62	61⅜	62½
Western Union	88¼	88¼	88¼

STOCK GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: Everybody is talking conservatively and looking for a reaction in the market, except the man who owns the stocks. The market continues to hold its own. It is a little quieter today, but there's no weakness anywhere, and there is strength in spots. Little less uneasiness over the European situation. There seems to be something doing in Colorado Fuel, Tennessee Coal and Republic Iron and Steel. The coincidences may mean something. The steel issues are also well bought. We see no reason to change our position on the market. Our advice is buy stocks on the reactions, if we get any, and if we do not, buy them anyhow.

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Edwards, Wood & Co.: A gradual lower tendency was again displayed by the leading shares in the Wall street security market, and while trading was large, interest seemed confined to comparatively few issues. Union Pacific and Atchison were the big features in the rail list. The former was thought to be heavily supported by Harriman interests. Among the industrials, Sugar and Copper led in activity. Brooklyn Rapid Transit and Metropolitan were realized on to a considerable extent and lost nearly a point, while in the list of coasters, the C. & I. gained as much on good investment buying that has up to this time been a little late in taking hold of this property. Money rates were unchanged, call loans were in small demand at ¾ to 1¼ per cent, time rates 2 to 3½ and 4 per cent for the moment the market may continue nervous and realizing may depress prices a little further, but the trade still maintains a good absorbing power, and as the effect of a possible European war scare passes away, its disappearance will add new and fresh stimulus. Many are waiting for some important reaction, but we see little to make one and feel that good stocks can be bought safely again on any further recessions.

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Evans to Paine, Webber & Co.: Selling by people who have been underneath this market for long has undoubtedly been taking place lately. They are now trying to get out of stocks bought at much lower prices. While they are doing this they will make every effort to keep the market strong and will probably be successful in this. I therfore do not look for any serious decline at the prescnt time but I believe that almost every day some stocks will be rushed up with a view of facilitating sales in the rest of the list, and I believe on all such bulges should be sold.

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Dick Bros. to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market has been erratic today. It recovered sharply from yesterday's decline, there being aggressive buying of leading shares by those interests which have recently been aggressive on the bull side. In the afternoon, however, the buying slackened and stocks dropped back from their high prices. The closing, however, was firm.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street.

Stocks—	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	52⅛	52⅜
Adventure	8½c	1.00
Atlantic	9	9½
Allouez	8⅝	8⅞
Arcadian	85c	1.00
Elm River	2⅛	2¼
Bingham	26½	26⅝
Copper Range	53⅜	56½
Centennial	24¾	25¼
Calumet and Hecla	465	470
Calumet and Arizona		97
Calumet and Pittsburg	28½	30
L. S. and Pittsburg	30⅜	31
Isle Royale	11¼	11⅜
Mass	4½	5
Mohawk	43½	44
Mayflower	50	1.00
Mercur Con	21	23
National		1
Old Colony	75c	1.00
Old Dominion	13¼	14¼
Osceola	62½	63
Phoenix	1¼	1½
Parrott	24½	25
Quincy	85	87
Rhode Island	75c	90c
Santa Fe	1¾	2
Franklin	7½	8
Shannon	6	6¼
Tamarack	88	90
Trinity	7¾	8
Tennessee Copper	28	31
Utah	33⅜	33½
U. S. Mining	23⅜	23
U. S. Oil	11	11⅜
Victoria	3⅛	3¼
Wolverine	75	76
Wyandot	65c	75c
Winona	7¾	8½
Daly West	16½	17
Greene Cons	15½	15¾
Calumet and Elsbee		4
Calumet and Cochise		6
Pittsburg and Duluth		31
Union Land	2¼	2¾
Higgins		1

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The reaction which started yesterday did not bring in the expected volume of selling orders and prices recovered sharply this morning. London was a considerable buyer of American stocks apparently too much preparation was made for a reaction and there is probably a considerable new short interest around this level. A lot of the traders are again working for a reaction. If they get prices off a little more, we think stocks should be bought. The declaration of $5 per share by the Boston & Montana and the filing of a third heavy suit against Heinze within a week makes a great many people think that Amalgamated will soon be more active. The coppers are also acting splendidly. When they run off there is almost no increase in the selling and they recover very easily. We think the outlook favors a renewal of activity and higher prices for all the good coppers.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, July 22.—The cotton market opened weak at a decline of 12 points on the old and of 6@13 points on the new crop months under liquidation based on lower Liverpool cables and continued favorable crop accounts. Shorts seemed more confident than for some days past, owing to a belief that the technical position of the market had been considerably altered by the recent covering, and with cables continuing prices here increased the declines during the first hour to a net loss of about 15@17 points on the more active months. Trading was more active than recently, with New Orleans and Europe leading sellers.

Spot cotton closed quiet, 10 points lower; middling uplands, 10.90; middling gulf, 11.15; sales, 372 bales. Futures closed barely steady; July, 10.42; August, 10.35; September, 9.84; October, 9.61; November, 9.55; December, 9.59; January, 9.62; February, 9.63; March, 9.65.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, July 22.—Close: Money on call very easy at

DULUTH CONSIGNMENT CO.

Special Bargains Tomorrow on Men's and Boys' Hats, Neckwear, Overshirts, Shoes, Etc.

We have closed out from local merchants over $1000 worth of good merchandise at a very low price and tomorrow we are going to dispose of it all. We are positive we can close this entire stock out tomorrow at the prices we quote here:

NEGLIGEE SHIRTS—10 doz men's fine negligee shirts, worth 50c and 75c—the biggest bargain ever before offered, at..... **10c**

STRAW HATS—50 dozen Men's and Boys' straw Hats, worth up to 50c each—tomorrow, your choice of any in the lot for..... **10c**

SILK NECKWEAR—100 dozen of ladies' and men's silk neckwear, in good condition, no damage of any kind—regular price 25c—tomorrow, we give you a choice of the lot for. **7c**

CLUB TIES—for men and boys—in fine patterns—10c value, at..... **2c**

BOYS' OVERSHIRTS—20 dozen of boys' laundered overshirts, shirt waists and blouses, made of the very best materials, sold at 75c—your choice for..... **19c**

MEN'S AND BOYS' CAPS—35c values for..... **10c**

CHILDREN'S STOCKINGS—per pair..... **6c**

FANCY SUMMER VESTS for Ladies—each..... **9c**

LADIES' PETTICOATS—fancy flannel, lace bottom, worth $1.00—at..... **49c**

MEN'S SUMMER UNDERWEAR—one lot in fancy blue—per garment..... **17c**

LADIES' UNDERSKIRTS—black sateen—four ruffles—each..... **69c**

MEN'S FAST BLACK SOX—15c value for..... **7c**

FANCY TABLE COVERS—worth $1.25—tomorrow—your choice for..... **49c**

CHILDREN'S SUMMER UNDERWEAR—sold everywhere at 10c—tomorrow..... **2c**

VELVET—200 yards, good quality—to close out, per yard..... **9c**

MEN'S CALFSKIN SHOES—100 pairs—in all sizes, to close out, per pair..... **99c**

MISSES' SHOES—very best make—vici kid extension sole—sizes 12 to 2—a shoe that you pay $1.75 elsewhere—tomorrow any pair in the lot at..... **$1.14**

BOYS' SHOES—sizes 9 to 13½—a very good shoe for $1.50—at..... **98c**

DULUTH CONSIGNMENT CO.

17 and 19 East Superior Street.

FROG A JOKER.

His Development Is Series of Natural Surprises.

It is nowhere on record that the allegation, "the funniest thing's a frog," has ever been denied, although there is no evidence that the man who made it really knew how funny a frog actually is, says a Pennsylvania correspondent of the Buffalo Express. The observer noticed, of course, that a frog is so built that all the neck it has is the top of its head. He couldn't have failed to observe, either, that the frog's mouth begins where its shoulders leave off. If the appreciative observer didn't note the fact that when the frog sits down it is apt, if it doesn't watch out, to poke its eye out with its big toe, he failed to take in one of the frog's neatest bits of humor. And when it dawned upon him, as dawn upon him it must have, that the frog wears the drum of its ears on the outside of its head, the drum being fastened to the gable end of the frog's upper jaw, he was naturally satisfied that no further evidence was necessary.

He should have gone back to the time when the frog was but an atom, cruising along the border of some marshy pond, where the muskrat burrows among the bogs and the wild flag waves its lances to the passing breeze. He should have sought out that glutinous molecule. He never would have believed that one day that inert globule would be humped up on a log snapping at flies and voleing basso profundo serenades to the stilly night. But that is just what the globule is there for.

The frog's idea of fun is to do a number of interesting lightning changes. Its masterpiece as a molecular comedian, and its best act in that line of business, is to transform itself into the living likeness of a mulberry. It is while making this display of itself that the creature is preparing for one of its drollest surprises, and it next appears in the lively and grotesque character of a fish that has a mouth with rows of teeth in it like a sheepshead's; two other mouths, each like a sucker's; the tail of an eel; nostrils three times as big as any of its mouths; a pair of gills that branch from its head like the antlers of a deer, the heart of a fish, and the digestive organs of the grasshopper. All three of the frog's mouths are at the bottom if its chin, the one equipped with teeth being in the middle of the row.

In due time there are other changes in the bill. First, the frog in its character of pollywog calls in the antler-like gills and stows them away inside of its head somewhere. Then it springs a couple of legs on the spectator. They sprout out from each side of the frog's body, just aft of the spot where the gills soaked in, and the one who has no idea yet how funny the frog can be will more than likely exclaim: "Hi! There's his forelegs!"

That is evidently just what the frog wants the observer to think, for it adds to the surprise it has in store for him when it suddenly sprouts another pair of legs, and the observer finds that, although the first ones had their roots close behind the pollywog's ears, they were, nevertheless, its hing legs, and the new legs pop out in front of them and are, of course, themselves the forelegs. This joke of the frog is so good that froggy adds still another change to its make-up, so that it can itself enjoy the joke. This is the metamorphosis of the three mouths into one mouth, that reaches clear across the pollywog's face, and the wiggler looks up and smiles an expansive smile.

During all the time that the frog masquerades as a pollywog it gorges itself on a vegetable diet; and if it had been scooped out of the water and kept out a few minutes death would have claimed it for its own. But when the frog has exhibited its leg show to its satisfaction, it trades off its gills for a pair of lungs, changes its fish heart for the heart of a reptile, discards its grasshopper internal arrangement for a set of digesters of the carnivorous order, hauls itself out of the water on to a log or upon the shore among the rushes and cocks its bulging eye at the observer in a rollicking way, plainly informing him thereby that it would be pleased to know what he thinks of it now as a full-blown lizard.

The frog hasn't a thing with it now that it started in with as a pollywog, except its tail. It hasn't been long a landlubber, though, before it begins to hump its back, and to develop further the mouth that is to become the great attraction of its features as a finished frog. While its mouth is encroaching on the space between its nose and its shoulders, and the hump on its back looms up higher and higher on the horizon, the frog is not unmindful of its tail. Whether it draws that in and stores it under the hump to grace the hump the more stable prominence, or what he does with it, the observer will fail to learn.

This performance is a genuine case of "now you see it and now you don't." Nobody knows where the frog's tail goes during this little exhibition of magic, except the frog that owns it, unless the theory of 'Squire Bundy of Cambridge Springs, the sage of the French Creek country, is correct. His theory is that the occultation of the frog's tail is the result of a scientific twist the frog gives it at the moment it rises to vault and Kerchunk.

The scientific twist, this Bundian theory declares, hurls the tail forward. It sails over the frog's head like a comet. As the frog leaps it opens its mouth and gathers in the flying tail. The tail takes root in the frog's mouth, and becomes a faithful and serviceable tongue ever afterward. This is a startling theory, but no one need believe anything that is told him about the frog.

If the observer had felt for the frog's teeth where other creatures have theirs, he wouldn't have found even a gum. The frog has a fine set of teeth, though, but it wears them on its palate. Looking further for fun in the inner depths of the frog, the observer would have been let into the knowledge that is its one of the frog's whims to breathe by swallowing air and fetching it up again, as the cow manipulates her cud, instead of drawing it into the lungs and ejecting it as common conventional respirating creatures do. The observer would have found, moreover, that the frog is such a devil-may-care sort of chap that he carries his idea of a joke even unto his vitals, so that if a person is so disposed, he can bereave the frog of its lungs, thinking to end its career there and then, but the frog laughs in its sleeve, so to speak, and keeps right on living. The frog has its skin made so that it can be breathed through in cases of emergency, and such a trifling thing as the losing of a pair of lungs doesn't worry it a bit. When the frog was a merry pollywog it would have been its death to keep it long above water. When it has abandoned everything pertaining to embryonic days, the frog will die if it is kept long beneath water.

Juicy and Tender

Our Meats, We Mean.

You can be sure the quality is best. You run no risk of getting old and tough meats and poultry.

JUICY, TENDER STEAKS AND ROASTS ARE OUR PRIDE.

Prices of Just a few:

Boiling Beef.....5c to 10c
Pot Roast .....10c to 12½c
Pork Shoulders.....10c
Hamburger Steak 12½c
Pork Sausage... .....10c

Let us prove our statements.

Anderson Bros.,

814 East Fourth St.

Goods Delivered Everywhere.

THE PLACE TO BUY GOOD—

TEAS AND COFFEES

The value is all in the goods. We give away no tickets or so-called premiums, but a trial order makes a steady customer of those who appreciate high quality.

FOR TOMORROW:

Regular 27c Java and Mocha Coffee—per lb..... **22c**

Regular 40c O. G. Java and Mocha Coffee—per lb..... **33c**

Our best 60c grade Japan, English Breakfast, Young Hyson and Gunpowder Teas, tomorrow—per lb..... **45c**

Malcomson Tea Store,

G. F. Amboro, Mgr., 119 W. Sup. St.

GASSER'S MARKET

Always Reliable.

The strike is settled, and we are quick to reduce our prices on healthy meats.

Pork Shoulders, per lb....10c
Pork Butts, per lb.....11c
Pork Loins, whole, per lb..13c
Spare Ribs, 3 lbs.....25c
Pot Roast, per lb..10 and 12½c
Boiling Beef, per lb.....5c
Leg Mutton, per lb.....15c
Lamb Stew, lb 6c and.....10c
Hams, per lb.....14c
Leg Lamb, per lb.....18c
Picnic Hams, per lb.....11c
Hens, per lb.....16c

Stop Over In Chicago on St. Louis Fair Ticket.

No extra charge to go via Chicago and ten days' stop will be given in Chicago both going and returning, if desired, on all St. Louis fair tickets, via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. Five daily trains to Chicago, 8:30 a. m., 4:00 p. m., 7:20 p. m. (The Fast Mail), 8:35 p. m. (Pioneer Limited) and 10:00 p. m. Each has a good connection for St. Louis and Eastern points. Write us for world's fair rates. W. B. Dixon, N. W. Agt., 365 Robert street, St. Paul, Minn.

Iron River and Brule and Return.

Saturdays and Sundays the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to Brule and Iron River, Wis., and return at one fare for the round trip; good returning the following Monday. For full information and tickets, call at City office, 332 West Superior street.

Herald "want ads" beat a kingdom—they get a horse.

The First Avenue Grocery,

J. H. O'LEARY & CO.,
17 FIRST AVENUE WEST.
Old 1258—PHONES—1069 New

PROMPT DELIVERIES.

Shipping orders promptly attended to. "The best in the market at the lowest possible prices" is what you get here always.

Lots of goods for little money here tomorrow.

Green Peas, 3 qts for.....10c
Wax Beans, 3 qts for.....10c
Green Beans, 3 qts for 10c
Rocky Ford Melons....5c, 8c and 10c

GREEN CORN,
RED RASPBERRIES,
BLUEBERRIES,
STRAWBERRIES,
Here in abundance tomorrow at prices that are right.

10 bars Good Soap.....25c
Coffee—"Royal Club", in 3-lb cans—a regular 40c Coffee—tomorrow, per can..... .....81c
Have you ever tried our "Mikado" brand Japan Tea, at.....30c
It's a clean saving of 20c a lb to you—try it tomorrow.
Honey, pure white clover, a comb 12½c
Bananas.....10c, 15c and 20c
Celery, 4 bunches.....10c

HAMS AND BACON.

Agents for Hormel's Hams and Bacon—best in the world.

Hams per lb.....14c
Bacon, per lb.....15c
Shoulder Hams, per lb.....11c

We cannot guarantee these prices after tomorrow.

BUTTER.

Agents for I. X. L. Butter—unsurpassed in quality and flavor, sold here in 1-lb, 3-lb, 5-lb and 10-lb lots. Try it tomorrow.

Our ability to handle large lots of goods, with our reduced expenses, makes it possible for us to save you money on groceries. Try us tomorrow.

LOW MEAT PRICES

for Saturday at the Independent

MEAT MARKET.

411 East 4th St.

A. Anderson the proprietor has just received a load of young steers and heifers. Prices that cannot be equaled.

Round Steak 12½c
Sirloin Steak 14c
Porterhouse.....15c
Rib Roast 10c
Pot Roast 8c
Boiling Beef.....5c
Whole Pork Loins..14c
Chicken a14c
Spring Chicken ...22c
Pork Sausage, 3 lbs 25c
Bologna, 3 lbs 25c

A. ANDERSON,

411 East 4th Street.

DAINTY LUNCHES!

We make a specialty of quick picnic lunches. Let us save you the inconvenience of getting them up yourselves.

Tomorrow's Specials.

LAYER CAKES—choice home-made—each..... **25c**
DELICIOUS ORANGE and Caramel cuts—per dozen..... **25c**
BEST spiced and fruit cuts—per doz..... **10c**
TEA and Butter Rolls—3 dozen for..... **25c**
COOKIES—home-made—mixed—3 dozen for.... **25c**
OUR CREAM PUFFS, Lady Locks and Apple Turnovers are equal to the best and only—per dozen..... **25c**
LUNCHES AND ICE CREAM AT ALL HOURS.

Deliveries to all parts of the city.

The Bon-Ton
Bakery & Candy Kitchen,
JOS. SCHOBER, Prop.
25 W. Superior St.,
Zenith 'Phone 1166.

St. Paul, Minneapolis and Return $5.75.

July 22, 23, 25, 26 and 27, the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to St. Paul and Minneapolis and return at $5.75, for round trip. Tickets good returning up to and including August 2nd. Three trains each way. For full information and tickets call at City office, 332 West Superior street.

D. O'Leary's Cash Grocery,

15 E. Superior St.

Shipping Orders Receive Prompt Attention

Both 'Phones 199.

Prompt delivery everywhere.

Saturday's Cut Prices:

Direct shipment of choice Strawberries from the Bayfield farms—our prices always the lowest.

Bananas, per doz----10c, 15c, 20c
Oranges, per doz ----------15c
Peaches, per basket----------25c
Plums, per basket----------35c
Tomatoes, per basket --------20c
Gem Melons-------5c, 10c and 15c
Watermelons, each----------25c
Spinach, per peck----------10c
Cauliflower, each------5c and 10c
Radishes, per bunch ----------1c
Lettuce, per bunch----------2c
Green Onions, per bunch--------1c
New Potatoes, Sat'day only, bu 60c
5-lb jars Butter, each --------85c
Sugar-cured Hams, per lb -----12c
Bacon, per lb ----------13c
Apples, per half bush basket --65c
Cucumbers----------2 for 5c
New Carrots, 2 bunches for ----5c
New Beets, 2 bunches for------5c
Wax Beans, crisp, fresh, 3 qts 10c
Duluth-grown Peas, peck -----25c
Honey in the comb, each ------10c
Full Cream Cheese, per lb -----10c

We take pride in our Cheese Department—we have the most complete line and the cleanest display in the city.

Crackers, by the box, per lb----6c
10c pkg Saleratus----------5c
12 bars Soap----------25c
Strawberries, by the case, at special low prices.

LAKESIDE DELIVERY DAILY.

The Same as in Grandfather's Time.

The whiskies and other liquors we sell are made of the same materials, manufactured the same way, aged and "ripened" the same way as the drinks our grandfathers drank, liked and lived to a good old age in drinking. That's why we ask you to buy our whiskies and other liquors.



Manhattan Wine House,

15 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.
Zenith 'Phone 661. Long Distance 1000.

J. A. JEFFREY,

Groceries and Country Produce,
1136-1142 W. Michigan St.

Saturday's Special Sale

Butter, our best creamery, per lb 22c
Butter, a good creamery, per lb..... ... . 20c
Butter, Dairy grades, per lb ... ...16 and 18c

A trial of our Butter will convince you of its superior quality.

Lard, Swift Silver Leaf, 3 lbs for 25c
Potatoes, per bus..... 75c
Tomatoes, fancy Illinois ..stock, per basket..... 25c
Blueberries, per qt box.... 10c
Gooseberries, per qt box.. 10c
Watermelons, large size... 30c
Rockyford Gem Melons, each... ... . 10c
New Beets, 3 bunches.... 5c
Green Onions, 4 bunches.. 5c
Wax Beans, 3 qts for..... 10c
Green Peas, 3 qts..... 10c
3 heads Lettuce..... .
1 Cucumber..... ....
3 bunches of Onions..... .

ALL FOR 10c

And everything that's good to eat. We aim to have better store each week, and point the way to better things in good products, and save you money, too. .....

Zenith, 153. Bell, 1003-K.

RATHBUN'S

29 East Superior Street.
Telephone 656. SIMONCLARK, Manager.

SATURDAY SPECIALS

In high grade table food at popular prices.

Duluth grown vegetables—fresh and crisp from Duluth farmers.

Sweet Peas per peck.....25c
Wax and Green Beans per peck 25c
Large heads Cauliflower, each 10c
Spinach per peck 10c
Beet Greens per peck 10c
Fancy large Lettuce, 3 for 5c
Large white Celery, 4 for.....10c
Fancy round Radish, 4 for 5c
Fancy table Onions, 4 for 5c
Asparagus per bunch 10c
Acme Tomatoes, per basket ..20c
Large Watermelons, each 30c
Rocky Ford Melons
Duluth Strawberries
Deerwood Raspberries, Blueberries, Cherries, oGoseberris, Currants, in abundanc.
Bartlett ePars, per dozen 25c
Success Brand Java and Mocha Coffee gives universal satisfaction—3-lb can for.....85c

Best quality of New Potatoes—per bushel—

65 cents.

New Grass Dairy Butter, in 3 and 5-lb jars—per lb

16 cents.

Best Quality Creamery Butter, per pound—

20 cents.

Corn, Peas and Tomatoes, standard quality, 3 cans—

25 cents.

White Clover Honey, full pound ages—2 for

25 cents.

Large Heads Cabbage each—

5 cents

Sweet Juicy Oranges, small size 20c per dozen.
Medium size 30c per dozen.
Large size 40c per dozen.
Lemons per dozen 20c
Reach Plums ,original package 40c per basket.
Repacked basket 30c.
Duluth Strawberries per quart 15c
Special on fancy Bananas—2 doz 25c
Fancy large Cucumbers, 4 for..10c
Potatoes are still going down. Our price tomorrow, Saturday, will be the lowest in the city.
6-lb boxes Gloss Starch 35c

RATHBUN'S

THE IXL BRAND

The butter which now leads them all in quality, is no higher in price, and must soon be the most popular butter on the market.

Try it and Be Convinced.



VIKING

LEADS THEM ALL. Viking Flour stands for the highest in the art of milling products. Perfect machinery, skilled milling and **best quality wheat** makes it sweet, pure and strong. It is a prize winner everywhere.

GRONSETH & OLSEN

401 and 403 East Fourth Street.

First Quality Meat Specials:

Come where the quality is the highest and the prices always down to rock bottom.

No. 1 Ham, half or whole, per lb... 13c
No. 1 Bacon, per lb.....14c
California Ham, per lb.....11c
Corn Beef, per lb.....10c, 8c, 6c
Boiling Beef, per lb 5c
Pot Roast, per lb..... 12½c and 10c
Bologna, per lb.....10c
Minced Cooked Ham, by the piece 12½c

POULTRY IN ABUNDANCE.

Hamburger Steak, per lb 10c
Pork Sausage, per lb.....10c
Spare Ribs, per lb.....10c

T. W. McAuley & Co

14 WEST FIRST ST.

Good Things To Eat.

Will have on sale for Saturday only—strictly fresh.

Home made doughnut, per dozen **10c**
Milk Rolls, per dozen **10c**
Fresh Cookies, per dozen **10c**
The best of Jelly Rolls, per cut ..... **5 and 10c**

WE ALSO MAKE A GENUINE VIENNA BREAD—5 CENTS PER LOAF

Special attention given to orders for parties and weddings.

Our dinners and luncheon are excellent.

VIENNA,

207 West Superior Street

Both phones, 310.

PRIMUS BRAND BUTTER

THE HEIGHT OF PERFECTION.

This now famous brand of butter is made by us in our own sanitary creamery and is handled by all leading grocers who deliver it to the consumer fresh and sweet. Churned every day by—

The BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL CO.

Both 'Phones, 352.
16 West First Street,
13 East Superior Street.

Primus Brand is never higher in price than other best brands of butter. Ask for it!

COMMANDER

Flour Makes the Best Bread.

This is not mere talk, it is a provable claim. A bag of Commander Flour will convince every one in your household, including the cook, that Commander is the brand of flour to continue buying. Made by

GREGORY, COOK & CO., Duluth, Minn.

The Herald has the circulation. Of this fact there is no doubt. Not only has it the circulation, but it has the circulation that counts. Try The Herald's want columns and get the best and quickest results.



$8 **$8** **No extra charge for PAINLESS EXTRACTING.**

Gold crowns (22k) $7.00
Gold Fillings up from..... **$1.50**
Porcelain Crowns, $5.00
Alloy Fillings, up from..... **75c**

We have the largest dental practice in Duluth because we give you the best and guarantee our work.

JOHNSON & KAAKE, Dentists, Zenith 'phone 168. Bell 'phone 1389-M.

Mesaba Block—409 West Superior Street.

Ten people will see a placard of "To Let" on your house to about every Ten Hundred

who will read your "To Let" ad. in The Herald. Which way is the wisest—the "Placard way" or The Herald "Want Ad. way?"

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.

$2200 Buys 200 foot corner on Fourth street—street and avenue improved—central—a snap either for improvement or speculation.

$1000 Buys 80 acres best farming land in the county on fine road close to city, and very easy to put under cultivation—this offering is worthy of investigation.

$225 Buys lot in Portland division—Eleventh avenue east and Seventh street.

$650 Six-room house — one-quarter cash, balance easy terms, 6 per cent. Duluth Heights.

$750 Five-room cottage, graded street; lot and half of ground; ¼ cash, balance easy terms.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.
Mortgage Loans—Fire Insurance.
220 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

LITTLE & NOLTE DULUTH, MINN. **BONDS and LOANS**

$7500 for beautiful home in East End; all modern and complete in every detail.

$1100 for a snug little home near Portland Square.

$500 for choice lot on East Third street; good neighborhood.

Money on hand to loan.
EXCHANGE BUILDING.
COOLEY & UNDERHILL Exchange Bldg

Money on Hand
To Loan on Real Estate.
In sums of $1000 to $5000
A. C. VOLK & CO. 202-203 Palladio Bldg.

RAILROAD AND STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

WHITE LINE TRANSPORTATION CO.
Isle Royale Route.

Fast freight and passenger service. Steamers leave Duluth Sundays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4:00 p. m., for Two Harbors, Grand Marias, Isle Royale and Port Arthur, direct. Mondays and Thursdays at 9:30 a. m. for Port Arthur and all intermediate north shore and Isle Royale ports, Sundays and Wednesdays at 9:00 a. m. for Port Wing, Bayfield, Ashland, Ontonagon, Hancock-Houghton and all intermediate south shore ports. Sundays at 4:00 p. m for Hancock and Houghton via Washington Harbor (Isle Royale). Freight and Ticket office, Singer's Dock, Lake avenue south.

THE GREAT NORTHERN.

Leave		Arrive
† 6:20 a.m	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	† 9:25 p.m
* 3:45 p.m		* 2:00 p.m
*11:15 p.m		* 6:10 a.m
* 8:45 a.m	Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast,	* 6:30 p.m
* 8:15 p.m		* 7:10 a.m
† 2:20 p.m	Swan River, Hibbing, Virginia, St. Cloud, Wilmar and Soo City	*12:20 p.m
† 6:20 a.m		† 9:25 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday
Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. †Ex. Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:40 a.m	St. Paul. Minneapolis	†3:20 p.m
*4:00 p.m	Twilight Limited	*9:45 p.m
*5:30 p.m	Chicago, Milwaukee	*10:45 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Appleton	*10:45 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac.	*10:45 a.m
*5:30 p.m	FAST MAIL	*10:45 a.m

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Leave		Arrive
* 4:00 p.m	Ashland and East	*11:15 a.m
† 8:00 a.m	Ashland and East	† 7:10 p.m
* 7:30 p.m	Minn. and Dakota Express	* 7:55 a.m
* 2:40 a.m	North Coast Limited	* 4:55 p.m

Leave	"Duluth Short Line."	Arrive
* 9:00 a.m	ST. PAUL	* 6:30 a.m
† 1:55 p.m		† 2:10 p.m
*11:10 p.m	MINNEAPOLIS	* 7:00 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 432 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44
All trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

*6:20 p.m. Lv. North Country Mail Ar. *3:55 a.m
All Points East.
†7:45 a.m. Lv. LOCAL Ar. †9:35 p.m
Marquette and Copper Country.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY

P. M.	A. M.	STATIONS	A. M.	P. M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar	10:30	3:40
4:05	7:55	Lv. 57th Av. W. Lv	10:15	3:25
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Ar. Ir'n J'nct'n Lv	8:01	1:13
----	10:40	Ar. Mt'n. Iron. Lv	----	12:20
6:07	10:35	Ar. Virginia Lv	6:55	12:50
6:33	10:29	Ar. Eveleth Lv	7:42	12:57
----	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv	----	12:34
----	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv	----	12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar. Hibbing Lv	7:15	12:27

Daily except Sunday.

Morning train from Duluth makes direct connection at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry. for Ashawa and points north of Virginia.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M	P.M.	STATIONS	M.	P. M
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar	12:00	7:25
11:25	7:05	Ar. Virginia Lv	8:10	3:30
11:30	7:10	Ar. Eveleth Lv	8:00	3:30
11:55	7:45	Ar. Ely Lv	7:33	3:00
A.M.	P.M.	Daily, except Sundays.	A.M.	P. M

EVERETT HOUSE, Union Square, New York.

Thoroughly equipped and in complete order; location most central and convenient to all places of interest.
EUROPEAN PLAN—POPULAR PRICES
YOUR PATRONAGE IS SOLICITED.
B. L. M. BATES, Proprietor.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

LAND! LAND!

For sale in section 13-51-14, sections 15-21 and 22, township 51, range 13. This soil is of the very best—comparatively free from stones and on some of it the timber will pay for the land—sold in 10-20-40 and 80 acre tracts to suit on reasonable payments. Handy to street car and on good county roads. Price from $15 to $25 per acre. Cheaper land farther away.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
105-6-7-8 Providence Building.

$1350 Good house on Sixth street, near Third avenue east.

$2500 6-room house, water, sewer, bath. Second street, East End.

$1050 6-room house, city water, West Duluth, near Fire Hall.

$2650 6-room modern house, 50 feet, London Road—easy terms.

ECKSTEIN & EBY,
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans,
300 Exchange building. Zenith 'phone 335.

ONEOTA LOTS.

100 lots in Oneota, Hazelwood, and Wheeler's Bryant addition for sale.

$250 to $600.

BERT N. WHEELER,
411 BURROWS BLOCK.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

NINE ROOM HOUSE, 213 WEST FIFTH street, all modern conveniences, $25 per month. Inquire C. F. Ellison, Fitzsimmons-Derrig company.

HOUSE OF SEVEN ROOMS; CITY water; perfect condition; 25th avenue west; fronting Lincoln park. T. G. Vaughan, 400 Lonsdale building.

SIX ROOM COTTAGE TO LET FOR summer season at Pike lake. Fine location D. W. Scott, room 10, Mesaba block.

FOR RENT—BOARDING HOUSE CLOSE to the blast furnace. 306 56 South, West Duluth.

FOR RENT — 9-ROOM HOUSE, 323 West Third street; modern conveniences. R. T. Lewis. 202 Lonsdale bldg.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE IN Park Terrace, $50. Myers Bros., 205 Lyceum building.

PARK POINT — SEVEN-ROOM COTTAGE; perfect condition 710 Torrey building. Zenith 'phone 403.

FOR RENT—HOUSES AND COTTAGES, Park Point, for season or year. W. F. Leggett, 506 Burrows building. Zenith 'phone 862.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE city. G. H. Crosby, 106 Providence building. 'Phone 24.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—SUITE OF TWO ROOMS, furnished, for light housekeeping. 19 First avenue west.

THREE FURNISHED ROOMS FOR housekeeping; conveniences. 833 West First street.

TWO ROOMS FOR RENT, WITH OR without board. 18 Fourth avenue east.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping. 310 West Fourth street.

ROOMS FOR RENT—16 MASON FLATS.

FOR RENT — MODERN FURNISHED rooms; single or en suite; central; on car line. 11 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, 628 West Third street.

FURNISHED ROOM, ELECTRIC light, bath, central, $6.00 per month. 456 Mesaba avenue

FOR RENT — ELEVEN FURNISHED rooms; steam heat, gas, electric light. Suitable for keping boarders. Apply 1502 London road.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, 117 West First street.

ROOMS FOR RENT AT 217 SECOND avenue east.

ROOMS FOR RENT, 524 LAKE AVENUE north.

FURNISHED ROOMS, 207 W. Second St.

FOR RENT — OFFICES. MESABA building. Julius D. Howard & Co

A Few Great Northern Rates.

July 22, 23, 25, 26 and 27, St. Paul or Minneapolis and return, $5.75. Return limit August 2.

July 27th, Winnipeg, Man., and return, $16.70, return limit August 8th.

August 5th, 7th, 9th and 11th, Devils Lake, N. D., and return, $16.00, return limit August 31st.

Aug. 11th, 12th and 13th, G. A. R. meeting, Boston, Mass., and reutrn, $31.30, via direct routes; $34.25 via New York and steamer; $35.00, via New York and rail. Rturn limit Aug. 20th. Limit extended to Sept. 30, on payment of fifty cents.

St. Louis World's Fair rates: July 25, seven day tickets, $16.25; daily, sixteen day tickets, $24.40; sixty day tickets, $27.10; season tickets, $32.50.

The ticket office is at 432 West Superior street, Spalding hotel corner.

A Fisherman's Tale.

The "big feilows" are biting. Pike, bass and the gamey muscalonge. The lakes of Northern Minnesota on the Great Northern railway are full of them. Very low railroad rates can now be had.

Grand Rapids, week end rate, $2.95; season, $3.90.

Cass Lake, week end $4.55; season, $6.05.

Bemidji, week end $5; season, $6.35. Call at the ticket office, 432 West Superior street, for 1904 Hunting and Fishing Guide. It's free.

Milwaukee Wis., and Return, $11.80.

On July 27 and 28, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to Milwaukee and return at $11.90. Tickets good for return August 1. City Ticket Office, 302 West Superior street, Lonsdale building.

Does it pay to advertise in The Herald? Ask H. E. Gooch.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

LAUNCHES FOR RENT.
LAUNCHES FOR RENT.
Open and covered. Duluth Gas Engine works, two blocks below ferry landing, Minnesota Point.

FOR SALE, VERY CHEAP—GOOD PAYing retaurant, immediately. E 19, Herald.

$25 RECLINING GO-CART, NEARLY AS good as new, for sale, $7. Call 117 Fourth avenue east.

FOR SALE—WHITE ENAMELED child's bed with brass trimmings and drop sides, cheap. Call forenoons. 119½ East Fourth street.

FOR SALE—CHICAGO TICKETS, $10.00. daily. Hauslaib's ticket office, 502½ West Superior street.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—ZENITH RANGE; good as new; good cooker. 1615 East Superior street.

MUSIC AND MUSICAL MERCHANDISE —Edison's phonograph, band and orchestra instruments, pianos, organs. Haakonsen & Westgaard, Duluth's leading music store.

PATENTS OBTAINED FOR INVENTors. J. T. Watson, specialist, Palladio building.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

MAN OF 28, HAS FOUR YEARS' EXperience in clothing and dry goods, can furnish best of reference; would like any kind of inside work for low salary. D 55, Herald.

YOUNG MAN WITH TWO YEARS' EXperience as stenographer desires position; best of references. D 36, Herald.

YOUNG MAN, UNIVERSITY GRADUate, wants position as assistant bookkeeper; wages no object. Address D 85, Herald.

YOUNG MAN, GRADUATE OF HIGH school and business college, wants position as stenographer; also understands bookkeeping. Can furnish best of references. Reasonable salary. D 73, Herald.

WANTED—BY AGED MAN, POSITION as watchman for large wholesale or retail house. Thoroughly reliable, references given. Patrick Molone, 240½ West First street.

POSITION WANTED BY MAN AND wife to work on farm or city; understands all work. D 35, Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—PLACE AS HOUSEKEEPER by woman with small child. Address Mrs. B., Herald office.

SWEDISH GIRL WANTS PLACE TO DO housework. 813 Park place.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY ATTENDing Duluth university, a place to work morning and evening and Saturday for room and board. Apply at once at the college.

WOULD LIKE PLAIN SEWING TO DO at home. Address Miss A. C. Hanson, 319 East Fifth street.

WANTED—HOUSE WORK OF ANY kind by young woman. Finn. Good cook. Call or write 312 West Fifth street.

WANTED—POSITION TO CARE FOR children at my home. 220 Central avenue. West Duluth.

FOR SALE—COWS.

S. M. KANER WILL ARRIVE WITH A carload of fresh milch cows Tuesday, July 26. Some Jerseys among them. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith 'phone 1387.

L. POLINSKY HAS JUST ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows. Stock yards, No. 1124 East Sixth street.

FOR SALE — CARLOAD OF FRESH milk cows, will arrive July 22 at Evan Johnson's, 2608 West Helm street.

FOR SALE—HOUSES.

FOR SALE CHEAP — THREE ROOM cottage, Thirty-second avenue east and Superior. Address E 45, Herald.

FOR SALE—SIX-ROOM HOUSE, WITH graded lot. $1100. 915 East Sixth street.

FOR SALE—18-ROOM LODGING HOUSE. E 49, Herald.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE.

FOR SALE—GOOD COUCH, IRON BED and folding bed at a bargain. 224 Second avenue west.

FOR SALE—AT ONCE, COMPLETE household furniture; rugs, piano, etc. 11 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—BOARDING house outfit. Duluth Van and Storage company, 210 West Superior street.

FOR SALE, VERY CHEAP—TWO BEDsteads with springs and mattresses; also one marble topped washstand. 1732 East Third street.

ELECTRICIANS.

Birthmarks, hair, moles, warts removed by electricity. Miss Jonr, room 25, Columbus block. Pupil, Mrs. Pierce.

FURNITURE PACKED.
FURNITURE PACKED.

Also fine china, cut glass, bric-a-brac, mirrors, etc. We furnish only first-class men and guarantee their work. Material of all kinds furnished. Call us up "either 'phone" 492, and we will send man to talk it over with you.

DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.,
210 West Superior street.

Deerwood and Return.

The Northern Pacific railway now have on sale tickets to Deerwood and return.

Going Friday and Saturday, returning Monday, $2.85.

Going any day, returning 30 days, $3.80.

Family 25-ride books, good for season, $25.00.

For tickets and full information, call at City Ticket office, 332 West Superior street.

Northern Pacific Ry. Reduced Rates.

Daily to Sept. 30th, Denver, Colorado Springs; good returning Oct. 31, $30.65.

Daily to Sept. 30, Salt Lake City, Ogden; good returning Oct. 31, $42.

Daily to Sept. 30, Deadwood and Lead, S. D.; good returning Oct. 31, $30.15. For tickets and full information, call at City office, 332 West Superior street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; small family. Mrs. John Crosby, 2608 East Superior street.

GIRLS CAN FIND GOOD PLACES AND good wages at Mrs. Somer's Employment office, 17 Second avenue east.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES and for general house work can always find places at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 215 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Seibold.

WANTED AT ONCE—COMPETENT cook. 2001 East First street.

WANTED — COOK AND GIRL FOR general housework; good wages. 2532 West Superior street.

WANTED—TEN LADIES TO CANVASS for educational proposition. Call suite 9, Phoenix block. E. M. Newfield, manager.

WANTED—SMALL GIRL TO TAKE care of child. Address 8 West Michigan street. B. F. Hitchcock.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 316 East Second street.

COOK AND HOUSEMAID WANTED AT 2215 East Superior street. F. A. Brewer.

WANTED—LADY AND GENTLEMAN canvassers for best proposition out. Call at once, suite 9, Phoenix block. E. M. Newfield, manager.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 205 W. Third street.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE. (Continued.)

WANTED IMMEDIATELY — COMPETent girl for general housework; small family. 1424 East Second street.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. 714 East First street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL house work. Mrs. E. H. Eddy, 1601 East Second street.

DRESSMAKING.

NEW DRESSMAKING PARLORS IN rooms formerly occupied by Miss Sticka, room 6, Metropolitan block.

DRUNKENNESS CURED.

A GUARANTEED CURE AT DR. REIland's, 707 Palladio.

MUSIC CONSERVATORY.

FLAATEN'S, McDONNELL BLOCK, 124 West Superior street.

DI MARCO'S ORCHESTRA.

Music furnished for all occasions. Old 'phone 1319-R. Res. 476 Mesaba avenue.

ARCHITECT.

Young & Nystrom, 504-9 Manhattan Bldg.

MEDICAL.

FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. R. G. RAYmond's Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; relief in three to five days. We have never known of a single failure. Mail orders promptly filled. Price $2. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy Co., room 69, 84 Adams St., Chicago, Ill.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith 'phone, 660; residence, 1218.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

PLANTING AND PRUNING BY EXpert nurseryman. Northern grown Stock guaranteed. Henry Cleveland, 211 East Superior street.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 403-404 TOREY BLDG.

E. AUGERMEIER, 219 FIRST AVE. E.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BOAT BUSINESS—CASS LAKE—FOR sale; terms easy; exclusive rights; well equipped boats. Williams, Box 399, Duluth.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—Over Suffel's. HUMES.

HATS—106 W. Superior St Miss Swenson.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 31 West Superior street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MONEY TO LOAN.

DO YOU NEED MONEY?
DO YOU NEED MONEY?

We make loans on hosres, wagons, furniture and pianos, etc. Any amount required. Also to salaried people without security. Lowest rates. Confidential treatment. Call and investigate our methods.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Bldg.
Bell 'phone 759-R. Zenith 'phone 936.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.
We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, endorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, furs, etc., and all goods of value from $1 to $1000. We hold all goods one year, even if interest is not paid. The only recognized reputable pawnbroker. Established 1887. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

SALARY AND CHATTEL LOANS. Cosmopolitan Co. 301 Palladio bldg. Zenith 761.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill. 207 Exchange bldg.

REMEMBER

To get your copy in early for the want page of the

SATURDAY HERALD

Everybody reads The Herald want ads and if your ad does not appear, you certainly cannot expect to get results.

BOARD OFFERED.

WANTED — TWO TO ROOM AND board at Lakeside, on car line. 'Phone 1035 K.

ROOM AND BOARD FOR TWO IN PRIvate family. 319 West Fourth street.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED room. 1902 West First street.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD, PLEASANT surroundings, at 329 W. Second street.

BOARDERS WANTED — GENTLEMEN preferred; private boarding house. 214 Fourth avenue west.

FURNISHED ROOMS, AND BOARD. Also table board. 218 West Third street.

WANTED — DAY BOARDERS, AT 521 West Second street.

ROOM AND BOARD FOR TWO IN PRIvate family. 319 West Fourth street.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED rooms, 122 East First street.

FOR SALE—HORSES.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, MIDway Horse Market, St. Paul, have the largest assortment of horses in the entire Northwest. Auction every Wednesday, 2 o'clock, private sales daily, part time given, if desired.

FOR SALE—16 WESTERN HORSES, TO close them out cheap; weight 1000 to 1500 pounds; some are broke. L. Mark, Elliott Packing company, Thirty-eighth avenue west and Railroad street, on car line.

HORSES FOR SALE—DRAFT, DRIVing horses and general purpose. L. Hammel company.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—$2.50 GOLD PIECE, USED AS charm. Finder will return to 417 East Fourth street and receive reward.

LOST—TUESDAY, TAN AND WHITE shepard bitch. Finder leave address. J. P., care of Herald and receive reward.

LOST OR STOLEN—AN IRISH WATER spaniel dog (female); will give $5 reward if returned to 217 East Superior street.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

PAPERHANGING

FOR PAINTING, PAPERING AND hardwood finishing etc., call on Andrew Ringsred. Store 103 West Fourth street. Old 'phone 513 M.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—PRACtical dyers and French dye cleaners; first-class work guaranteed. 6 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

STENOGRAPHER.

STELLA M. PEACHEY, 307 FIRST NAtional Bank building.

MOULDINGS.

Picture and Plate Rails—DECKER'S.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—, FOR U. S. ARMY—ABLEbodied, unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

A 1 ALL-AROUND PORTRAIT ARTIST, hand or air, brush work in india ink, water color and pastel, with a responsible party. Address P. Malin, 327 Howard street, Detroit, Mich.

WANTED—THREE GAUGE LUMBER pilers, two good edgermen and one mill foreman. Apply 316 Lyceum building, Edward Hines Lumber company.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO LEARN barber trade. 1004 West Superior street.

WANTED AT ONCE—TWO EXPERienced solicitors. Salary and commission. W. M. Prindle & Co., No. 3 Lonsdale building, Duluth.

WANTED—Parties to burn Lackawanna Koal. 210 W. Sup. St. Tel. 1291.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FLAT, NEWly papered. City water. 610 Garfield avenue. Inquire of Dr. J. M. Robinson, 7 West Superior street.

FOUR-ROOM FLAT, DESIRABLE LOcation. 216 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—SMALL, STEAM-HEATED flat, furnished or unfurnished. 315 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FLAT, $13 per month. Myers Bros., 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FLAT, 310½ West Fifth street; modern. Inquire of Bridgeman & Russell, 16 West First street.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FLAT, CENtral, bath, gas and electricity; water free; no children; $25. Sherwood, Torrey building.

FOR RENT — MODERN SIX-ROOM flat, No. 2 Lafayette flats. A. E. Gilbert.

FOR RENT—SMALL FLAT IN WEST End; all conveniences. N. J. Upham, 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—STORES.

FOR RENT—LARGE STORE, 116 WEST First street. Apply N. J. Upham Co., 400 Burrows Building.

FOR RENT—ONE LARGE IRON-ROOF building, suitable for storage purposes, between Sixth and Seventh avenues west, on Railroad street. Inquire 214 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM, 25x70, NO. 1612 West Superior street. Apply Eckstein & Eby, 300 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—STORE, 109 WEST SUPERior street. For particulars call at the office of George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT—THE FINE BRICK STORE room 118 and 120 West Fourth street, with well-lighted basements, formerly occupied by Crescent bakery. W. C. Sherwood & Co., Torrey building.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—GOOD DRIVING horse. J. A. Murray, Smithville. Call about 6 p. m.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—FROM 5 TO 6 unfurnished rooms, from $15 to $20. Address F 84, Herald.

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PERSONAL.

J.P. Those suffering from weaknesses which sap the pleasures of life should take Juven Pills. One box will tell a story of marvelous results. This medicine has more rejuvenating, vitalizing force than has ever been offered. Sent post-paid in plain package only on receipt of this adv. and $1.
Made by its originators C. I. Hood Co., proprietors Hood's Sarsaparilla, Lowell, Mass

SPIRITUALIST MEETING SUNDAY, June 24, 8 p. m., at Victor hall, corner of Grand and 56th avenue west. Test given from the platform by Mrs. Gurli Gunnerson.

NOTICE!
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, TO ALL interested parties, that I will not be responsible for any goods bought by the firm of Nelson & Peterson, if the order is not signed by me.
PETER PETERSON.

MIDDLE AGED MAN WOULD LIKE TO become acquainted with young lady or widow about twenty-five or thirty-five; view matrimony; no joshers need apply. Address C 49 Herald.

BERRY'S MERCANTILE AGENCY wants your collecting business. Main office 325 Manhattan building, Duluth, Minn.

OPTICIANS.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LIcensed optometrist; 12 years' experience. 5 West Superior street, Duluth.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAM BETTS, PALMIST (OF CHIcago). 109 E. Superior street. Full reading 25 cents.

MADAME ROSCOE, CLAIRVOYANT, 1314 Ogden avenue, Superior.

ASHES REMOVED.

J. J. MAHER. BOTH 'PHONES, 43.

PIANO TUNING.

F. G. BINGHAM, 17 EAST THIRD ST. Leave orders with Haakenson & Westgaard, music dealers. Both phones.

FOR RENT—BOATS.

ALL KINDS OF BOATS FOR SALE OR rent. Special rates of rental to camping parties by the week or month. Two first-class launches for rent. Zenith Boat House, 620 South Sixty-third avenue west, West Duluth.

WEST DULUTH BOAT HOUSE. ALL kinds of row and sail boats for rent. 6118 Waseca street, Sixty-first avenue west.

COAST SHIPMENTS.

REDUCED FREIGHT RATES TO PAcific coast points, on household goods or emigrant movables. For particulars address the Boyd Transfer and Storage Co., Minneapolis, or call on our local agents, the Duluth Van and Storage Co.

MASSAGE.

MISS BACON, Phoenix blk., 4th Ave. W.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

UMBRELLAS MADE TO ORDER.

A. Gingold sells umbrellas for $1 and up and repairs them for one year free. Repairing and recovering on short notice. Work guaranteed, 209 W. Sup. St., 2nd floor.

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MRS. MARY INMAN, 231 West Second St.

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FARM LANDS NEAR DULUTH in tracts of 40 acres or more, for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum bldg., Duluth, Minn.

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MRS. HANSEN, GRADUATE MIDwife; female complaints. 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone, 1225.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. DUluth Trunk factory, 220 W. Superior St.

HAIRDRESSING.

Shampooing, Hair Dressing, Manicuring, hair work. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting Aug. 1, 1904. Work, 3rd degree. Stanley R. Holden, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting July 25, 1904. Hugh R. Burgo, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary. Visiting brethren are welcome.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, July 23, 1904, at 8 p. m. Work, M. M. P. M. M. E. M. Royal Arch. William McGonagle, acting H. P.; W. T. Ten Brook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave August 2. Work—General business. John T. Black, commander; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.
DULUTH TENT NO. 1 MEETS EVERY Wednesdty evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Edward Thompson, Com., 12 E. Fifth St. J. B. Gelineau, R. K., third floor, Hunter block. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS. ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. Thos. J. McKeon, G. S.; W. P. Wellbanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.
FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, meets in Hunter hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. C. H. Johnson, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder. O. J. Murvold, financier, 8 East Seventh street.

A. O. U. W.
DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. John Newman, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier, A. E. Blake, recorder. Special business. Members requested to be present.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 55, meets every Tuesday evening 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street. J. H. Davis, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

GRANT LODGE, K. OF P. No. 3 (colored) meets first and third Thursday every month at Kalamazoo hall. J. Taylor, C. C.; D. H. Saunders, K. of R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Sunday beginning July 24, at 8 o'clock at Eagle hall, Foltz building, 116 West Superior street. Steve F. Parker, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, room 10, Hayes block. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street for rental of hall.

M. W. A.
IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, meets at Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. F. Wiberg, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

I. O. F.
COURT COMMERCE, NO. 2283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evenings, at 8 o'clock at Kalamazoo hall. Next meeting Aug. 5, 1904. Business of importance. R. J. Pickard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

CLAN 'STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C.—meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m., in Folz hall, West Superior street. George F. McKenzie, chief; Malcolm Macdonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, 10 Mason Flats. Next meeting July 20.

ROYAL LEAGUE.
ZENITH COUNCIL.—NO. 161, Royal League, meets in Elks' hall, first and third Monday evenings at 8 o'clock. G. L. Hargraves, archon; L. P. Murray, scribe, 1524 East Fourth street.

20 Pages

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

Section 1. Pages 1 to 12.

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, JULY 23, 1904. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

SPECIAL POLICEMEN SERIOUSLY SHOT BY THUGS AT BONESTEEL

One of Victims a Wealthy Young Man Who Joined Force For Fun.

Vigilance Committee Rounding Up Objectionable Characters.

Bonesteel, S. D., July 23.—After an extremely quiet day and night, a serious shooting affray took place about 4 o'clock this morning. Sylvester C. Harrison, of Wichita, Kan., and a man named Stanbrough, whose address cannot be learned, two special policemen, were shot by a gang of thugs in front of a saloon. Harrison was shot in the forehead, and at first it was thought his wound would prove fatal. Later it was said he was resting easily and it is now hoped he will recover. Stanbroughs wound was in the leg and will not result seriously. Harrison who is about 24 years of age, arrived here last night with a friend who claims that the young man is in good financial circumstances. Being a lover of excitement, he at once joined the police force, and had been on duty but a short time when he was shot. The men who did the shooting ran around back of the saloon and made good their escape in the darkness, and have not yet been apprehended. A vigilance committee was at once formed and began rounding up the objectionable characters of the town. The station house is full, and arrests are being made every few minutes. It is reported that a pitched battle occurred at a sod shanty a mile east of town, in which a dozen or fifteen shots were exchanged, but the details are not yet obtainable.

Information of a definite character is hard to secure. All sorts of rumors, however, are current. The saloon where the shooting occurred this morning was the scene of another affray a night or so ago, and it has been closed by the authorities.

AMERICANS DEFEAT OXFORD-CAMBRIDGE

Yale-Harvard Win Six of Nine Events In International Games.

London, July 23.—Yale and Harvard were the victors in the international games held today at the Queen's club, West Kensington. They defeated Oxford and Cambridge in six out of nine events before an immense crowd, which never lost interest even in such a tedious contest as the hammer throwing. A mast was placed on one side of the field, from which flew American and British flags as the victory went from one side to the other. It finally floated the stars and stripes as an official notification of the success of the blue and crimson.

The weather suited the Americans splendidly, being intensely warm, and the clouds covering the heavens occasionally letting fall a light sprinkle of rain. C. N. Jackson, steward for Oxford and Cambridge, sincerely congratulated the Americans. He said:

"While I anticipated the Americans would win, I did not believe it would be by six to three. Our men in the high jump and quarter-mile were not up to practice form. I do not believe we shall

(Continued on page 7, first column.)

NEWFOUNDLAND WILL INSIST ON RECIPROCITY WITH THE U. S.

In Case Senate Fails to Ratify Hay-Bond Treaty, Newfoundland May Put Into Effect Differential Tariffs to U. S. Disadvantage.

London, July 23.—Sir Robert Bond, premier of Newfoundland, sailed for home today on the steamer Buenos Ayrean from Liverpool, after having settled up Newfoundland's share in the Anglo-French treaty.

Interviewed by the Associated Press on the subject of the Hay-Bond treaty, which is awaiting ratification by the senate, the premier said:

"I have been unable to give the British government any hope that the treaty to which it is in support will be ratified by the United States. Newfoundland is and has been anxious to secure reciprocity upon a mutually advantageous basis with our great, friendly neighbor. To secure that end I have made every effort consistent with the dignity and interest of the colony. More than this, Newfoundland has given American fishermen, during fourteen years, rights which it has power to withhold. It has been a matter of comment in connection with Joseph Chamberlain's campaign that Newfoundland gives America greater privileges than the mother country.

"The next move in the matter must be on the part of America. In the untoward event of our failing to secure any measure of reciprocity, it may become necessary—although I hope it never will—to put into execution those differentiating tariffs which the other British colonies have enacted against foreign countries. The adoption of our 33⅓ per cent preferential tariff in favor of British manufactured goods would turn the whole of our business with the United States over to Canada. Newfoundland has not so far adopted this preferential tariff because it was thought that sooner or later the United States—both from the viewpoint of self-interest and in return for a material sign of genuine friendship, would enact the reciprocal agreement.

"It would be absurd for me to say this as in any sense threatening a tariff war."

ONE MAN DEAD, TWO INJURED IN ROW OVER WOMAN IN NEW YORK

New York, July 23.—One man is dead, another may die, and a third man has a slight bullet wound as a result of a row over a woman in Third avenue, early today. Herman Miller, who is under arrest, according to the police, has confessed that he shot the men to avenge an insult to his woman companion, Mary Whalen, who is held by the police as a witness. The dead man is John Martin, a driver. The names of the wounded are Dennis Healy, a blacksmith, and Frank O'Brien, a printer. Healy's condition is serious. In a statement made to the police after his arrest, Miller said the woman told him that four men had insulted her and struck her over the head with a beer can. He then went out to avenge her, and finding the four men, he "pumped them full of lead."

He is said to have told the police.

Martin, who was shot in the abdomen, died soon after reaching the hospital.

The fourth man, Kempsey, escaped without injury, although his hat was pierced by a bullet.

CAT IMPRISONED FOR TWO YEARS

New York, July 23.—After nearly two years' imprisonment between brick walls, four stories high and only a little more than three inches apart, a cat has been rescued by means of a lariat. The feline dropped into the crevice when it was only a few weeks' old, and has been there ever since, fed and cared for, by families residing in the building.

The prison which it occupied so long is between two buildings in East Fourth street. The crevice is closed, front and back, and even closed partly on the top by the tin roofing. Efforts which the kitten made again and again during the early days of its imprisonment to climb up the slippery walls, only to fall back, were watched with sympathy by the neighbors, and they became divided into two factions—those who thought that the cat ought to be killed and relieved of its misery, and those who held that while there was life there was hope. The latter fed the cat and gave it water by means of a long string. Discontented neighbors many times threw in chunks of poisoned liver, but the animal never touched it. Meanwhile the cat grew, and every effort was made to release it, but without success. A few days ago the story became generally known, and came to the notice of an ex-cowboy, who, with an old lariat, soon dragged the cat from its prison, thus removing a source of much worry to the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

FRUITLESS CONFERENCE WITH THE PACKERS; STRIKERS DISCUSS SYMPATHETIC STRIKE

The Strikers Present New Demands Which Are Rejected By Packers.

Men Insist That Butchers Be Taken Back In Forty-Eight Hours.

Employers Willing to Fulfill Old Agreement With Strikers.

Chicago, July 23.—A fruitless conference was held today between the strike leaders and representatives of the packers at the offices of Swift & Co. The meeting broke up in a disagreement after a short session and President Donnelly's followers adjourned to the headquarters of the American Federation of Labor to discuss a sympathetic strike.

An ultimatum was delivered by the strikers soon after negotiations began. It was as follows:

"On account of the discrimination shown by the packers and their violation of the agreement of last Wednesday all stock yards employes on a strike shall be reinstated within ten days. Those who take the initiative in reopening activities, such as the butchers, those who kill, are to be reinstated within forty-eight hours."

This was refused by representatives of the packers, who in turn asserted they were willing to adhere to the old contract and that they had named Samuel McLain as an arbitrator, according to the terms of that agreement. In the reply to the ultimatum of the strikers, the employers also asserted they stood ready to remedy any errors or mistakes made in efforts to fulfill the old cantract.

The union men announced that they were firm in the determination that the old agreement was made null and void by the alleged discrimination shown yesterday.

After the breaking up of the conference, Thomas I. Kidd of the American Federation of Labor, who was practically the spokesman of the labor leaders, said:

"There will be no more conferences unless they are arranged for later. The packers said they would stick to the first agreement. The strikers said that the agreement had been rendered void by the discrimination of yesterday and that a new agreement must be made. This new agreement provided for the taking back of the butchers within forty-eight hours and of the other men within ten days. The packers would not agree to this and peace is in sight."

AN ABROGRATION

Of First Agreement Claimed By Strikers.

Chicago, Puly 23.—The labor leaders went into today's joint conference with the packers, prepared to submit an entirely new basis for a settlement of the stock yard's strike. The labor representatives apparently considered the former agreement abrogated by the action of the packers yesterday. Their new demands call for the immediate reinstatement of killing gangs and meat butchers in a body.

The action of the packers, which it was contended amounted to abrogation of Wednesday's agreement for a settlement, consisted in alleged discrimination against the men in the matter of re-employment. The new compact sought provides not only for the reinstatement of the killing gangs and the meat butchers in a body, but also specifically took up demands of the unskilled men.

Those present today were members of sub-committees appointed at yesterday's joint conference to report a basis of agreement to the full membership of the conference. They were:

For the packers: Thomas Connors, representing Armour & Co.; Thomas Wilson, representing Nelson, Morris & Co.; Louis F. Swift, for Swift & Co.; Edward Tilden, for Libby, McNeil & Libby; Samuel McLean, for the National Packing company; J. E. Maurer, of Schwarzschild & Sulzberger; Edward Cudahy, for Cudahy & Co.

For the unions: Thomas I. Kidd, American Federation of Labor; William Sterling, Butchers' union; George F. Golden, Packing House Teamsters; Joseph Morton, Stationary Firemen; William G. Schardt, Chicago Federation of Labor; Michael Donnelly, Butchers' union.

In response to telegrams telling of a renewal of the strike, Mayor Harrison arrived in Marquette, Mich., from Huron Mountain today, but he was too late to connect with a train for Chicago. He talked over the long distance telephone with Corporation Counsel Tolman, and decided to remain in Marquette for news from the strike. Unless the strike were settled before night the mayor announced an intention to terminate his vacation and take a train that would bring him into Chicago tomorrow morning.

President Golden of the stock yards' teamsters, announced a delay in one portion of the sympathetic strike program. He said that the teamsters had been caled together to act today on a sympathetic strike, but owing to the delay in settlement negotiations, the meeting was postponed until tomorrow.

The plants of Armour & Co., Nelson Morris & Co. and Swift & Co. were reported as being operated in nearly all departments today with large forces, including many women and men who refused to join the strikers. These three plants were reported as keeping their killing departments in full operation, but were buying neither cattle, sheep nor hogs, and it was expected would stop killing in accordance with a plan announced yesterday, as soon as animals now on hand are disposed of.

The plants of Schwarzschild & Sulzberger and the National Packing company were said to be tied up in all departments, except the shipping.

Trouble occurred at Forty-third and Ashland avenue today when six girls attempted to enter the yards to go to work. A mob of strikers tried to prevent the girls from entering. The police were summoned, dispersed the crowd and escorted th girls through the gates.

A Lake Shore train carried twenty-five Italians and negroes into the yards amid the jeers of the strikers. Ten policemen guarded the Italians and negroes and no violence occurred.

SYMPATHETIC STRIKE

Certain Unless Adjustment of Dispute Is Made.

Chicago, July 23.—Upon the construction of the words "without discrimination," as used in the arbitration agreement between the packers and the union leaders to designate the manner in which strikers should be re-employed, depends the settlement of the conflict which was renewed yesterday, when the butcher workmen wnt on a second strike. An attempt to settle the strike was made yesterday afternoon without success, and another joint conference was scheduled for today.

Different opinions were expressed by the labor men as to the outcome of negotiations for the settlement of the reawakened struggle. The packers declined to give their views on the prospect of peace.

Should no adjustment of the trouble be reached in the meetings, a sympathetic strike of the other trades employed in the packing industry practically is certain. It was arranged for before the agreement was signed which terminated the original strike and the plans have not been changed.

President W. G. Schardt, of the Chicago federation of labor, said the problem confronting the labor representatives was not to persuade the other workers to go out in support of the butchers, but to induce them to remain at their tasks until called on.

Following yesterday's determination to shut down the killing departments until a sufficient number of non-union men can be procured to operate the plants without imperiling the industry, not one of the big stock yards packers employed new men today, though there were many applicants. The colored men, who were dismissed just after the settlement of the strike cannot all be re-employed at present, as many of them, who are members of the Eighth regiment, Illinois National Guard, are now in annual encampment at Springfield.

Not since the strike began were so many idle men observed in the streets as today and cases of minor disorder were numerous. At West Forty-sixth street and Gross avenue several hundred women joined the men in an attack upon a crowd of non-union workers who were on their way to the yards gate. Sticks and stones were thrown. The non-union men escaped with slight bruises by taking to flight. There were no arrests.

QUIET AT SOUTH ST. PAUL.

Packers Have Nearly a Full Force at Work.

St. Paul, July 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Strike conditons at the South St. Paul packing plant of Swift & Co. were very quiet today. There were a few idle workmen here and there about the outside of the yards, but no picket line was visible, and all persons were allowed to go into the yards unmolested. Manager Bangs of Swift & Co. said that he had nearly a full force of men.

"None of the men who remained after the strike order came yesterday have deserted us. In fact some who did go out yesterday returned today. Although live stock shipments were light, we have enough stock on hand to run the plant a couple of days."

UNIONS WILL VOTE

On the Question of Calling a Sympathetic Strike.

Kansas City, July 23.—Allied trades' unions will vote tonight on the question of calling a sympathetic strike to aid the packing house employes. There are more than 1000 men in these unions in the Kansas City plants. A few have already gone out.

C. W. Armour said today that he did not think it would be necessary to shut down if a sympathetic strike comes. They have, he says, a sufficient number of non-union machinists, engineers and oilers to run the plant. At Swift and Fowlers similar statements are made.

At all the plants, it is asserted, more business is being done than before the strike. Killing at the Cudahy and Schwarzschild & Sulzberger plants has been suspended temporarily, awaiting developments.

Additional police were sent to the packing house districts today.

TENSE AT ST. JOSEPH.

St. Joseph, Mo., July 23.—Fifty special policemen were sworn in today to preserve order in the packing house district. Nearly twenty deputies are on duty there. The plants are being operated aboutt he same as during the first period of the strike. The situation is tense and every precaution is being taken by the packers and the authorities to protect life and property.

RUSSIAN FLEET SEIZES THE STEAMSHIP SCANDIA OF THE HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE

Prize Crew Put Aboard and the Vessel Goes Through Suez Canal.

Two British Ships Captured---Excitement In Maritime Circles.

Scandia's Owners Say There Is No Contraband Aboard the Boat.

Suez, July 23.—The Hamburg-American liner Scandia seized by the Russians in the Red sea has just arrived here. She flies the Russian naval flag, is commanded by a Russian naval officer and is manned by a naval crew. She will enter the canal. Her destination is not known.

The Scandia belongs to the East Indian service of the Hamburg-American line.

Later.—The steamer Scandia, in charge of a Russian prize crew, has entered the canal.

Port Said, July 23.—The Peninsular & Oriental company's steamer Ceylon, homeward bound from Yokohama and Penang, has arrived here. She reports that the cruiser St. Petersburg, of the Russian volunteer squadron, signaled her July 18, when twenty hours from Suez, asking her where she was from and where she was bound, after which the Ceylon was allowed to proceed. The St. Petrsburg at that time was convoying a German merchant ship.

The vessel which the St. Petersburg was convoying possibly was the German steamer Scandia, referred to in a dispatch from Suez early this morning as then having just arrived at Suez, flying the Russian naval flag, commanded by a Russian naval officer and manned by a naval crew. The Scandia hails from Hamburg and passed Gibraltar, July 5, on her way to China.

Hamburg, July 23.—The officials of the Hamburg-American line declare that the seizure of their steamer Scandia by the Russians is inexplicable as her manifests shows she did not carry any kind of war material for Japan. The company has asked the foreign office to take up the matter and secure a nexplanation. The company has made the following statement:

"The capture of the Scandia appears to be inexplicable. Her manifests show that no war material in any form for Japan was on board. The Hamburg-American company at the beginning of the war instructed its representatives to make it their special duty not to accept contraband for transmission.

"The Hamburg-American company has asked the foreign office to initiate the steps necessary to clearup this disagreeable incident."

The Hamburg-American line steamer Scandia has aboard a consignment of ammunition, a portion of which, it is asserted, was to have been landed at Singapore for transportation to the German government stations in the South sea. The other portion was billed to Shanghai for the Chinese government. The presentation of a complaint at Port Said is difficult owing to the fact that the German consul there also represents Russia.

GERMANY ASSURED

Of No Repetition of Prinz Heinrich Incident.

St. Petersburg, July 23.—The Russian government has given formal assurances to Germany that there will be no repetition of the Prinz Heinrich incident. Whether this includes a definite notification that the converted volunteer fleet of steamers now in the Red sea will cease stopping neutral vessels is not yet clear, although it is believed it does.

The German embassy to this hour has received no instructions from Germany regarding the reported seizure of the German steamer Scandia.

Red sea, and in view of the assurances given to the German government, can scarcely credit the report. It is pointed out, however, that the Scandia may have been captured by the St. Petersburg before the orders of the Russian government were received.

Great Britain formally raised the question of the war status of the St. Petersburg, July 20, and was formally assured that orders had been issued to prevent the Red sea cruisers from seizing any more British ships.

FIVE THOUSAND JAPS

Hold Sigow Pass Against the Russian Army.

Sintzintin, Seventy Miles East of Mukden, Manchuria, July 23.—According to reports from Chinese sources, Sigow pass, ten miles northwest of Saimatsza, is held by more than 5000 Japanese infantry and artillery. It is believed that this column has engaged the Russian force proceeding from Saimatsza, westward. The Japanese are moving up their reserves to reinforce the Sigow pass column, which is expected to push forward upon the arrival of the reinforcements.

Heavy cannonading was heard July 18. Reports to the effect that 20,000 Japanese have appeared at Huai Yen, forty miles to the southeast, are believed to be inventions spread by the Japanese, with the aid of the Chinese.

WILL NOTIFY POWERS

Of Conversion of Volunteer Fleet Into Warships.

St. Petersburg, July 23.—While not admitting the illegality of the Russian action in converting vessels of the volunteer fleet into warships after they had reached the Red sea, it is probable, in view of the fact that neutral ships did not receive previous notice, that Russia, in order to remove the shadow of a cloud upon their right to fly the war flag, will formally notify the powers of their conversion into warships, thus putting all neutrals upon their guard.

In the meantime all the ships seized will be released unless the captains refuse to show their manifests, in which event the procedure in the case of the Malacca probably will be followed.

Germany had not made any protest against the seisure of the Scandia up to 4 o'clock this afternoon.

TWO MORE BRITISH SHIPS TAKEN.

London, July 23—Count Benckendorff, the Russian ambassador, has received official notification from St. Petersburg reporting the capture of two more British ships in the Red sea, and instructions from his government to notify Great Britain that the same procedure will be followed as in the case of the Malacca, namely, the vessels will be taken to a neutral port for examination by the consuls of the two nations concerned.

A dispatch from Suez confirms the report regarding the Hamburg-American steamer Scandia.

EXPRESS MESSENGER KILLED IN WRECK.

Kansas City, July 23.—Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe passenger train No. 6, eastbound from Colorado, was partially derailed five miles west of Kinsley, Kas., today, while running at a high rate of speed. Express Messenger Sewall of Kansas City was killed. Several other perosns were seriously injured.

Dropping of a brake beam on the mail car caused that car, express car, and a smoker to go into the ditch. The other cars remained upright.

RUSSIAN EXHIBIT ARRIVES.

St. Louis, July 23.—The exhibits collected through the efforts of an official Russian commission of merchants, manufacturers, artists and educators, have reached the city and the work of installing them at the World's fair will be expedited.

CALLED TO KING CHRISTIAN.

Copenhagen, July 23.—Professor Schou, body surgeon to King Christian, was summoned this morning to Schwerin, where the king is staying. Professor Schou left before noon.

RURAL DELIVERY.

Washington, July 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Rural free delivery route No. 1 will be established on Sept. 1 at Zimmerman, Sherburn county, Minn., with one carrier.

TO RESUME IN FULL.

Pittsburg, July 23.—Arrangements are being made for the resumption on double turn next week of the extensive steel plant of Jones & Laughlins. The mills have been running at about 65 per cent of the normal capacity, but orders have come in recently that the officials of the company believe warrant a resumption in full. Between 3500 and 4000 men will be affected beneficially by the change. Some of these have been working on short time and others were idle altogether.

KNOCKED CARRIE DOWN.

Elizabethtown, Ky., July 23.—Carrie Nation's career was temporarily, but violently interrupted last night when A. R. Neighbors, a saloonkeeper, struck her twice with a chair, knocking her down and producing a scalp wound. The assault occurred at Neighbor's saloon after Mrs. Nation berated Neighbors.

BISHOP AND PRIESTS KILLED.

Shanghai, July 23.—A report comes from Ichang to the effect that a rumor is current there that the French bishop, a priest and two converts have been killed, another priest taken prisoner and three chapels burned at Sichuan, near Alngan Fu. Two hundred troops have been dispatched for the scene of the outrage.

ACCEPT SCHWAB'S RESIGNATION.

New York, July 23.—The directors of the American Steel Foundries company have accepted the resignation of Charles M. Schwab, who recently disposed of his stock in the company.

ON AUGUST TENTH

Judge Parker Will Receive Notification of His Nomination.

Desires to Have the Ceremonies Conducted With Simplicity.

Esopus, N. Y., July 23.—Judge Parker has fixed Aug. 10 as the date for the ceremonies notifying him of his nomination by the Democratic national convention as a candidate for the presidency.

Judge Parker reached his decision concerning the date in a long consultation with William F. Sheehan yesterday, and a telegram was at once sent Champ Clark, of Missouri, chairman of the committee named by the Democratic convention to notify the nominee for president.

Representative Clark is expected to call a meeting of his committee, probably to be held in New York, and he may also come to Rosemount to talk over the arrangements with Judge Parker, although no plan for such a conference has yet been made.

The program for the ceremonies at Rosemount on Aug 10 will follow precedents laid down for similar events. It is known that Judge Parker is particularly impressed with the simplicity of the ceremonies which took place on the occasion of President Lincoln's second nomination, and also when Judge Thurman was informed of his nomination for vice president. The speeches both times were marked because of their brevity.

It is not expected that Judge Parker will talk at length, nor that he will discuss intimately any of the campaign issues, but will leave this to the letter of acceptance, which will be issued a week or so later.

A letter giving great satisfaction at Rosemount has been received by Judge Parker from Carl Schurz, who says in part:

"Not as a party man, but as an independent, I feel bound to express to you my sincere respect. The principles and opinions you are known to hold as to the currency, imperialism, the tariff and the civil service strongly commend themselves to men of my way of thinking. But, if as an independent I was ever doubting for what candidate my duty commanded me to vote, your action on the terms of your nomination has completely solved that doubt."

A pair of Tennessee twins are to bear names of members of the Democratic candidate's family. Homer Parker, of Taxon, Tenn., who believes himself to be distantly related to Judge Parker, in announcing the birth of twins, has written to Rosemount as follows:

"My Very Dear Sir—Myself and wife have twins, born to us on the 19th, a boy and a girl. The boy's name is Alton B. Parker. Please give us the name of your wife or daughter, as we want to christen the girl the same. Thanking you in advance, I remain, respectfully, and probably a distant relative,

"HOMER PARKER."

Bedford Springs, Pa., July 23.—Hon. Henry G. Davis, Democratic candidate for vice president, has decided to have the notification at White Sulphur Springs, W. Va. The date has not yet been fixed, but it will be about the middle of August.

WOULD LIMIT LIABILITY

Knickerbocker Steamboat Company Appeals to the District Court.

New York, July 23.—An action in admiralty was commenced in the United States district court by the Knickerbocker Steamboat company which asks the court to limit its liability for the losses, damages and injuries claimed by a score or more plaintiffs in actions brought against the company as a result of the General Slocum disaster. The contingent liability of vessels in such cases is limited by the United States revised statutes, to the value of the vessel after the wreck, provided she was in a seaworthy condition when she started on the voyage. The company claims that the value of the Slocum after the disaster did not exceed $5,000 and that they should not be held liable beyond that amount. The claimants against the company, however, contend that the General Slocum was in anything but a seaworthy condition at the time she put out on her ill-fated trip. Suits have already been filed against the Knickerbocker company, as owners, for damages aggregating more than $230,000.

HOW TO FIND OUT.

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-feur hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains the linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it, or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

WHAT TO DO.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following the use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes.

You may have a sample bottle of Swamp Root, the great kidney remedy, and a book that tells all about it, both sent absolutely free by mail. Address, Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing be sure to mention that you read this generous offer in the Duluth Evening Herald. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

THE STREET RAILWAY.

Why Could Not City Successfully Operate Line?

To the Editor of The Herald:

I have been very much interested in the articles which have appeared in the papers of the city rgarding the attitude of the street railway company.

I was especially interested in the remarks of Alderman Moore before the council on Monday night. Many have questioned somewhat the advisability of municipal ownership—but after having ar opportunity of observing the successful operation of the gas and water plant of this city, they have changed their minds on the subject.

If the city can operate a $2,000,000 proposition with phenomenal success, and at the same time repeatedly reduce prices to the public, it can operate a street car system costing $200,000 or $300,000, and would undobutedly make a 3-cent fare within a few years. The operation of the gas and water plant requires executive ability—but more than this, it requires technical and professional skill of the highest order. The operation of street car lines, with electric power furnished, requires only executive ability.

If the Duluth-Superior Traction company, with its over-capitalization, and well watered preferred stock and bonds, with its narrow, unprogressive policy, with its utter disregard for the rights of the traveling public, can make the enormous profits shown by its sworn statements, then the city of Duluth itself could build lines, and after cutting fares to 3 cents, make a fair interest on the money invested.

CITIZEN.

Duluth, July 22.

The Company Defended.

To the Editor of The Herald:

I am as anxious as anybody to see the street railway service of our city improved, but I am public-spirited enough to want to see it improved in such a way as to do the greatest good to the greatest number of people. In short, to borrow a phrase recently used in roasting the management for failure to carry on July 4 a volume of business nearly four times the normal daily travel, the greatest bulk of that travel being condensed into a few hours of the day, (a thing which no street railway company on earth could do), I want the company to "run the cars so as to get the most nickels from the public, regardless of anything else." If they do that successfully they will give us the best possible service; for if they get all the nickels they can, they carry all the passengers they can, and if they carry all the passengers they can, they are giving us the best service they can.

In 1899, when the company was reorganized they had, in round numbers, $200,000 in cash which was to be used for the purpose of improving their lines and equipments. And there is no shadow of a doubt but the improvements were needed. Then they raised the sum of $500,000 by increasing their bonded indebtedness to the limit. This was all spent in improvements. In addition to this they have spent practically all of the surplus earnings of the past three years, amounting to about $200,000 on further improvements, making a total of $900,000 which the company has spent in improving their property, $650,000 of this amount being spent in Duluth, and the remaining $250,000 in Superior. This has left them with only a safe balance to carry them through a possible period of depression. They tell me that their intentions are to put every cent of their surplus earnings for many years to come into improvements and extensions, and as all the men in control of the company are excelent business men, who are engaged in the business of building up a street railway system that will be a good dividend-paying proposition when Duluth grows sufficiently in population to enable the company to earn dividends that will, in the end, pay the men who have had the faith and the grit to keep things going when the company was losing money or barely paying its running expenses.

We have already had our street railway system in the hands of a receiver, and we all know what our experience was then, and we have no desire to have it repeated. It would indeed be a very convenient thing to have a car line on every street, with cars running at half minute intervals, but how long would such a system last?

So, instead of foolishly kicking for impossible things, let us turn our attention to a little intelligent kicking for something the company can grant without endangering its existence as a sound business institution or courting the appointment of another receiver.

Let us kick for the reestablishment of the old Lakeside service to Eighth avenue west, in order to avoid the bunching of cars incident to the long run from Lakeside to West Duluth.

Let us kick for an adequate service to Lester Park.

Let us kick for a daily service that doesn't get all balled up just when we are anxious to get down to business in the morning or home for dinner at night. Let us kick for extensions that will benefit the most people and not the most real estate.

DAVID HENRY DAY.

Duluth, July 23.

WHAT ARE THEY?

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. A new remedy for stomach troubles, biliousness, and constipation, and a good one. Price 25 cents. For sale by all druggists.

VIEWS OF DULUTH

Lieut. O'Flaherty Will Use Them In Lectures Next Winter.

"I intend to remain in Duluth this summer," said Lieut. Edward O'Flaherty, who delivered a travel lecture on "The Philippines Up-to-Date" at the Pilgrim Congregational church last evening.

"During the time I am here I shall collect several hundred views of Duluth and use them in my illustrated lectures over the country this coming winter. Duluth, I believe, offers a greater field for that sort of thing than any other city in this country, and I am surprised that the idea has not been taken up by others long before this time.

"The natural scenery in and about this city is unsurpassed by any other city in which I have been, and I intend to get a collection of views for lantern slides that will be of great interest to the people before whom I shall appear in the coming winter season.

"Duluth, its big industries, its wonderful and interesting topography, its harbor, Minnesota Point, the St. Louis river valley, the numerous parks, and many other places which have interested me, will be thrown up on a screen, in colored views, and will be seen by a large number of people who have never heard of the city, and others who may, perhaps, have heard of it, but who have never had an opportunity of learning much about the city.

"I believe that the only thing which has kept the city from becoming the Chataqua of America, the summer resort of the west as well as of the South and East, is the fact that it has not been well enough advertised.

"Situated as Duluth is at the head of this great body of fresh water, and with its magnificent scenery, for it is magnificent in every sense of the word, there is no reason in the world why it should not become one of the most celebrated summer cities on this continent.

"You people here in Duluth do not seem to realize what you have here, and it seems to be the lot of the outsiders who come here to discover for themselves what an interesting city this country has at the end of its great inland sea.

"I have been here long enough to gather some idea of the tremendous commerce of the Duluth harbor, and the growing importance of the city in the commercial world, and shall remain here longer to gather a considerable fund of information to go with the pictures.

"I have under contemplation the preparation of an illustrated lecture on Duluth, a subject which I fully believe can be made a feature for an evening's entertainment.

"There is no reason why, in years to come, Duluth should not be the chosen point for regattas, both national an international, and a favorite convention city. With the splendid harbor facilities and the immense expanse of Lake Superior Duluth should be the scene of a great naval exposition. Of course the international treaty now prevents the presence of warships on the great lakes, but that treaty is, or should be made obsolete and Canada and the United States should be permitted in the future years to maneuver their warships on the lakes.

"After Duluth is better known in its own country, it should have an exposition, an international affair participated in by the United States and Canada."

Lieut. O'Flaherty also suggests the moving picture idea in connection with some of his views of Duluth.

He has secured himself, a large number of views already and expresses regret that he could not have been here in the spring months to get views of the parks and ravines when the streams were at their highest. There are a number of such views in the city, however, and he expects to be able to secure some of these for use.

The lecture given by Lieut. O'Flaherty, last evening, illustrated by colored steroptican views and moving pictures, was a most entertaining affair, Pilgrim Congregational church being well filled. The lecture was a benefit for the Bethel Rescue home and netted a nice sum of money for that purpose.

Lieut. O'Flaherty's pictures were taken by himself during the campaign in the Phillipines, a fact which made actual battle scenes even more interesting.

Commencing with a short history of the discovery of the Philippine islands in 1521, by the Portugese, the naming of the islands Philip II, of Spain. He touched upon the 7750 mile ocean ride from San Francisco and followed up with a description illustrated by colored views.

His talk gave a good idea in a general way of the islands, its people, resources, and industries. Pictures were shown of the style of architecture employed in buildings, the primitive way of tilling the lands, gathering the rice crop, characteristic views of people in the various tribes.

A number of views showed Manilla, the harbor strewn with the wrecks of Spanish warships, the old churches, the city wall, bridges, public buildings, palaces and plazas.

Lieut. O'Flaherty also treated of the campaign, which ended in the crushing of the insurrection and exhibited a unique collection of views of American and Filipino troops in the field.

The moving picture showing one of General Lawton's engagements was especially interesting.

Splendid colored portraits of ex-President McKinley, Admiral Dewey and General Lawton came in for marks of appreciation.

POLITICS AND POLITICIANS

Bates and Armstead Still the Only Candidates For Republican Nomination For Sheriff—George V. Burgess May Be Democratic Nominee.

Local politics the past week were much like the kettle taken off the fire, as they appeared to have simply ceased to boil. The politicians seemed to have declared themselves on vacations and were doing no work to speak of as far as could be learned, although William J. Bates, candidate for sheriff, can probably be named as an exception to the ones who were taking a rest. He and John Armstead are the only two candidates for the office of sheriff who have yet announced themselves and the chances are that they will keep the field to themselves. Mr. Bates evidently believes that it is a good thing to see everybody he can whether his opponent is working or not, and has been making a very lively canvass, despite the warm weather.

George V. Burgess, of the Burgess Electric company, has been mentioned as a possible nominee on the Democratic ticket. While Roland D. Haven was mentioned frequently at one time as a possible Republican candidate, it has been said lately that he feels the race is going to be pretty well established between Messrs. Armstead and Bates and does not care to enter. There has been considerable talk as to the probability of organized labor making a strong fight against Mr. Armstead, who has had encounters with that element. On this subject the Labor World in the last issue says:

"It looks as if organized labor will lay down and make no fight on Mr. Armstead. It is reasoned this way: Mr. Armstead made a fight against organized labor in an honest and fearless manner. Mr. Bates has been a patron of his boycotted laundry ever since the strike was declared. It is another case of 'heads I win, tails you lose.' Possibly after the primaries a new candidate will appear who can be supported by organized labor with perfect consistency."

* * *

Senator Moses E. Clapp, who was here yesterday, said he would probably not make a genuine political visit to the Zenith City until October, when he would come and talk politics to the people.

* * *

As yet, P. E. Dowling, editor of the Eveleth Star, who represented the Forty-ninth district in the legislature last session, has not made known his intentions as to the coming campaign. While he is believed to be a candidate and is said to have been making a rapid and thorough canvass up to tals time, this activity is said to be preliminary to an announcement. Of course, Mr. Dowling, not yet having announced his candidacy, might determine not to run, and make no announcement, but it is expected to be known soon just what he expects to do, either "officially or unofficially."

The fact that George Mallory, deputy United States marshal, has filed for the nomination for representative from Mr. Dowling's district, and that John Saari, the Eveleth merchant, has declared his intention of filing, make conditions in the Forty-ninth look rather interesting at this time. Mr. Dowling would have plenty of opposition if he were to go into the campaign against both these gentlemen. Mr. Mallory served two terms in the legislature and is said to "know the ropes" pretty well. Mr. Saari is a very strong man in his district, having a marked following among the foreign element as well as the American-born, while Mr. Dowling is well known as an editor and has a good share of popuarity.

In case of Mr. Mallory being elected, it would probably be necessary for him to resign as deputy United States marshal to be able to perform the duties of the legislative office. However, he can readily tell from his present position whether he will be the successful candidate, and whether it will be necessary for him to relinquish the deputyship.

* * *

S. W. Hill, the Sixth ward groceryman, who is being groomed by the grocers for representative from the Fiftieth district in opposition to Capt. Ray T. Lewis, is said to be lining up a rather good following, although for him to beat the captain he will undoubtedly have to be up early and stay late. The grocers had been anxious to get A. H. Donald to run, but he would not do so, and is occasionally being mentioned for the county commissionership in opposition to Charles Kauppi.

The grocers are anxious for a garnishee bill, as indicated in The Herald two weeks ago, and their contention is that the labor element was largely instrumental in the defeat of their purpose in the legislature. The idea that the laboring people ought to stand by the grocers owing to credit extended by that class of dealers is said to have no weight at all against the belief among the laboring people that they are made to bear the brunt of the blame for bad accounts, when the most of these are made by professional people. The grocers themselves admit that the most of their bad accounts are not owing to dilatory settlements from the working people, but from the people who "ride high" but cannot pay their honest debts.

* * *

M. C. Palmer, register of deeds, has as yet been openly opposed by no one for re-election, at least no contestant has declared himself. It is Mr. Palmer's first term, and the second term precedent is expected to hold in his case, although there has been some talk of a second candidate for the position. Most of this is said to have proceeded from Scandinavians who would like to see one of their own nationality placed in the office. The friends of Mr. Palmer say that if the Scandinavians want a man to have an office they should pick upon some one of the other offices that are being filled by second term men. Any opposition to Mr. Palmer, too, would be considered by many a direct slap at the ranges which have at present no other representation in the county office list.

* * *

Senator E. B. Hawkins, chairman of the county Republican committee, who returned to Duluth last week, has not yet announced the personnel of the new county committee, and will not until the county ticket for the fall election is made up. The county candidates are always supposed to have a hand in the selection of the committee to run their campaign, and while the authority to nominate the committee was delegated to Senator Hawkins by the last county convention, he will, it is believed, follow the customary course, and give the candidates the opportunity of making known their preferences before he makes up the committee.

* * *

Neil McInnis, of Eveleth, who is one of the county commissioners, is greatly pleased at the filing of Edward M. Patterson, of the first district, for reelection to the board of commissioners, and said to a reporter for The Herald:

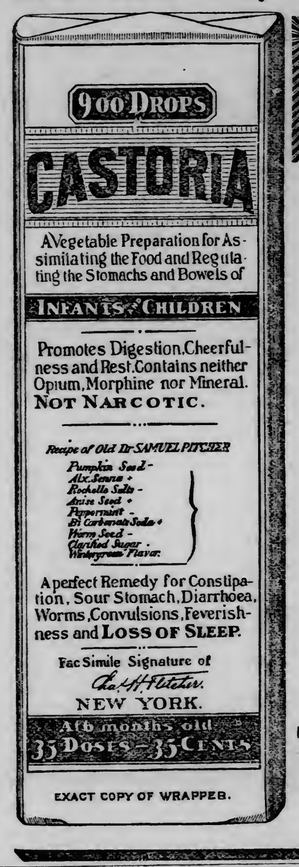
"I am much pleased to see by your paper of last evening that Commissioner Patterson has filed for re-election. Mr. Patterson is unquestionably a most careful and useful member of the county board, and to the country members of the board Mr. Patterson has always shown himself ready and willing to lend a helping hand in their efforts to open up the farming lands of St. Louis county. In the locating of new roads, no matter how difficult to get at, Mr. Patterson can always be counted on to be on hand to examine and place such highways as the most suitable lines so as to accomodate the most settlers. There should not be a single vote cast against Mr. Patterson for the above mentioned office."

McInnis himself has a favorable record on the county board, and has served his district for several years, and one point that counts in his favor with his constituents is that he is always willing to say a good word for his friends.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

THIS is the caution applied to the public announcement of Castoria that has been manufactured under the supervision of Chas. H. Fletcher for over 30 years—the genuine Castoria. We respectfully call the attention of fathers and mothers when purchasing Castoria to see that the wrapper bears his signature in black. When the wrapper is removed the same signature appears on both sides of the bottle in red. Parents who have used Castoria for their little ones in the past years need no warning against counterfeits and imitations, but our present duty is to call the attention of the younger generation to the great danger of introducing into their families spurious medicines.

It is to be regretted that there are people who are now engaged in the nefarious business of putting up and selling all sorts of substitutes, or what should more properly be termed conterfeits, for medicinal preparations not only for adults, but worse yet, for children's medicines. It therefore devolves on the mother to scrutinize closely what she gives her child. Adults can do that for themselves but the child has to rely on the mother's watchfulness.



CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY ST, NEW YORK CITY.

THE GOSSIP OF GOTHAM

Shark Forgot to Browbeat When Shapely Brunette Was So Coy—Arrival of Negro, the Alleged Husband, Assured Him He Was Caught By the "Badger" Game.

New York, July 23.—It is not so long since District Attorney Jerome and his assistants were pounding the salary and chattel loan sharps that these miscreants have recovered from their alarm, and resumed the screw-press practices that brought about the crusade. They've kept carefully under cover of late, and if they've resorted to the scandalously lawless treatment of debtors that they indulged in prior to the official campaign, they've managed to conceal their offenses. That they have, at least in large degree, avoided illegal practices is a reasonable belief, especially as it is noticeable of many of these lenders that they have branched out into more dignified lines than loaning on chattels or on wages or salary yet to be earned. One of these chaps, a chattel loan screw, named Friedland, who escaped attention from the district attorney, nevertheless took up immediately after the crusade began the general manner of real estate loan brokers. Whether he really did much of any business in this line is questionable, but he offered to attend to it, and thereby secured a visit from Mrs. Ellis—Mrs. Victor F. Ellis, if you please.

A STUNNING BRUNETTE.

Mrs. Ellis was a pronounced brunette, richly gowned, rather prone to finger rings, with heavy settings, but tastefully gotten up on the whole, and with a love of an ankle—this expression is the loan broker's. She talked around the bush a bit, the loan shark permitting this that he might the better size up his prospective victim. By the time he concluded that she was unaccustomed to business affairs, and so should be an easy mark, she had arrived at an explanation of her errand. In perhaps one-fiftieth of her words it was this: The year previous she had built a house in the Bronx, securing most of the capital from a building loan concern. She already had wearied of the monthly payments that method of borrowing involved, and desired to secure a mortgage loan in the regular way with which to take up the other indebtedness.

The loan shark was not cordial to this proposition. This was by intent and according to the soundest of precedent in his business, but he had looked his shapely visitor over thoroughly, had recalled the previously made mental note of that love of an ankle, and he thinks that he may not have to put into his response quite as much of the frigid indifference as is his wont. Coming to pointed inquiries as to business details, it proved that the caller had not fetched her contract and receipts. Nothing could be done until he had seen that they were as represented, and the loan man would at that point have ended the interview had it not been for the suggestion of her personal intrest in him that lay in her remark that surely he wouldn't suspect her of deceiving willfully, or of trying to outwit him.

To this he made some pleasant retort and again urged her to return at her convenience with her papers, when she suggested that probably there wasn't enough in the business for him to repay him for calling on her at her home.

Now there wasn't, not but that he intended charging a round commission for securing the loan, but that it wasn't at all his way of doing business. Accustomed to bully and browbeat his debtors, with frankest brutality if the case seemed to him to warrant it, he had through long practice become insistent that his clients meet him at his office. If he went to them it was for the purpose of resorting to the last extreme measure. But something about this shapely brunette's manner of suggesting that he pay her a call made him pause. It would be much pleasanter so for her, and she'd try, as in turn, to make it pleasant for him, she added, noting likely that he wavered. Again there was a faint accent suggestive of other than business interest. It decided the broker, and in the end it was agreed that he should call. It may be taken as significant of his zest that he agreed to drop up that evening, and he now confesses that he looked on the proposed visit as an opportunity for killing two birds with one stone—that he would secure a satisfactory commission and make a winning with the brunette. Over which thought he congratulated himself that he was a very devil of a fellow.

LIKE A CONQUERING HERO.

So it was with some of the self-satisfaction of a conqueror that after dinner he got into his glad clothes and took the eight-mile trip between his home and the new dwelling of the fair customer. The first few minutes of their interview were marked by an accentuation of that personal interest she had evinced earlier in the day, and it was only the stern promptings of the grasping lender that led him to begin business details. At that he was apologetic, remarkably so for him, adding to his suggestion to the woman that she show him the papers, that a good maxim was, business first and pleasure afterward. To this the brunette rejoined that she had liked better to attend first to pleasure and then to let business come along at any old time. She said this with such fetching coyness and such a reddening of her dark skin that the loan shark hesitated and was lost—that is, he agreed quite to her order of business, and the commercial details were sidetracked.

Not long afterward, when the loan broker felt that it would be almost a shame to talk business that trip at all, there was heard a heavy step on the stairs. Mrs. Ellis had stated that they were qute alone in the house, and she was mightily disturbed at those sounds. Friedland suggested that it might be that one of the servants she had mentioned was returning, but that didn't still her commotion. Then there came a pounding on the door of the room to which they had retired, and a demand in masculine tones for admission. Then the woman burst out in apparently overwhelming alarm that it was her husband's voice, that she was undone, what should she do, and a lot more that was meant to simulate the hysterical.

IT WAS BAD ACTING.

Likely it was pretty bad acting, but it served well enough to deceive Friedland. Not but what he knew full well the sort of game he was up against. He wasn't unfamiliar with the expression "badger game," but he was a new actor in it, and it included in his case one feature he had never heard of. That was not the woman's evident excitement, her pretense of alarm over what the newcomer might do to her or her pleadings with her victim to beware the angry husband, and to be sure and accede to his every wish lest he do villainous violence to them both. No, all that was familiar trimming for an old game, but the new issue was the "husband." He was a stalwart negro, black as coal, and with features that would have proclaimed his race if his color had not. And he addressed the woman familiarly as "wench," made feint of charging that her infidelity was due to her desiring to pretend that she was white, and taunted Friedland with coveting the speaker's "black baby." It was all designed to put it up to the victim that he was mixed up with a negress, and it is small wonder that the woman's earlier pretenses seemed to him to be genuine. By the time he had tumbled to the situation she had become frankly an ally of the newcomer, and it was plainly a partnership for the purpose of extortion.

THEY GOT THE MONEY.

And it worked, experienced as was the victim in his own hard ways of business. But the precious pair had looked their prospective good thing up, and had learned two things—one, that he was accustomed to carry about with him more ready cash than most men care to keep in their pockets, and two, that he had a family from the older members of which he had such expectations that he would be slow to let them know he had been mixed in such an affair as his call upon the "brunette." The man of the two miscreants too, impressed him as one who was quite equal to any desperate move, even to taking life, if small reward seemed sure. So in the end the loan broker gave up $250, and not for a month did he get over feeling that that was the best thing for him to have done. Then his greed overcame him and he made complaint to the police in the hope of recovering his cash. But he was too late, for the precious couple had skipped and their neat house in the Bronx Borough of the greater city was in the hands of the owner from whom they had hired it on month-to-month terms.

A MANICURIST'S WOE.

Three months ago the local press recorded the marriage of a middle-aged merchant of real and large means to the manager of a local manicure establishment. The bride's beauty and goodness, and the groom's wealth and idolizing fondness were discussed minutely. Incidentally the establishment from which the bride was taken received free advertising fit to put its proprietor on easy street, for there's lots of business to be had in this line. "parlors" abound throughout the shopping districts, signs of the calling appear in the windows of many barber shops and are not lacking in residence neighborhoods, where most of the manicurist's custom consists of attending to patrons at their homes. At first glance the occupation would seem to offer a fine opportunity to women to branch out in business for themselves, but this is true in a much more limited degree than appears on the surface. Women conduct most of the establishments, and so far as the signs and literature of the shops go have proprietory rights, but in a big majority of cases the woman in charge is only a manager, paid or favored only a little more than the other women of the place, and at most with no greater gamble in the business than lies in a wee percentage of its profits. The real proprietor will be some grasping hustler who backs and conducts under cover from two to a half dozen or more such places.

A GREEDY LOT.

Those who started early in this field made good profits, and the consequence was that the trade quickly fell into the New York way of entirely separate establishments under one ownership. Those proprietors are a greedy lot. It won't do to condemn all to the deserts of the one responsible for the following happenings, but as a rule the young women manicurists are looked on merely as so much machinery of the business. This sample of proprietorship runs five or six places from the largest of the lot, where, besides, the gentle art of chiropody is practiced by presumable artists of either sex. One of his lesser places—they may not be styled branches, since his ownership is not confessed to customers—had its sensation, almost as engrossing to the four or five other women of the shop as was the fine marriage of the other manicure girl to her mates. The second sensation was due, too, to the securing of a ready-money man by one of the manicure girls.

She was pretty and fond of pleasure; he was of quotable family connection and good looking, if a bit boyish for his way of life. But there was no heralding of her leaving the shop for a home of his providing, not so much as a marriage notice. It was a left-handed arrangement. His promises that it should become otherwise in time were rendered futile by the domination in his affairs of his elders, purse-proud people, hard and unfeeling if this side of the story is believable.

DESERTED IN TWO YEARS.

On the other hand, it is sure that for two years after the young man's step was discovered by his people, with consequent commands that he give up the idea of taking such a woman for his wife, the couple maintained their alliance. Then the young fellow threw the woman over altogether, the people providing for her and their infant enough to keep them from actual starvation, but not sufficient to furnish reasonable comforts.

In such circumstances the woman waited on her former employer and begged that she might be permitted to return to his staff. She bore herself like one who had learned repentance from suffering, and knowing that her history was familiar to some of the women in his places, she confessed its later details under his questioning. Finally she secured a position with the understanding so definite that she believed it to rest on his promise, that nothing she had told him should be disclosed to anyone. But to this man of affairs the case presented a business opportunity not to be neglected. The briskness of the blonde in charge of the particular shop to which this woman was assigned explained perhaps, the large proportion of its customers being men, but only talebearing could accout for the fact that in a month these customers all seemed acquainted with the "new girl's" history. From those who in consequence of this knowledge sought her professional attention she suffered such misbehavior that she was compelled to give up her position, after complaining vainly to both her blonde superior and her employer.

THREW BOUQUETS AT HIMSELF.

One customer who knew the real backing of the shop was bold enough to chide the proprietor for his course. The response was not denial, but justification. The business of that particular shop was unprofitable, the backer claimed, and something had to be done else he would have been compelled to close it and leave all its girls, except possibly the blonde, out of employment. And as for the unfortunate "new girl," he could not see that sympathy was her due. She had made her bed, let her lie in it, was his comment, and he turned to throwing bouquets at himself for his shrewdness in so hiring the shop in question that he could relinquish it at short notice any time. Such shrewdness is certainly a mighty factor in the profits of these multiple enterprises. Their rent account is the biggest unescapable expense, and in some of the lines of business conducted in this fashion, say the lunchroom enterprises, comptition is such that success depends more than any other one feature on the ability to judge shrewdly of the comparative values of rentals.

"WIRE AT MY EXPENSE."

"Wire at my expense if any one in Indianapolis keeps Father John's Medicine. It has done me worlds of good and I need more of it at once. (Signed) J. P. Tulley, Hotel Iroquois." A copy of this message from a traveling man will be sent on application together with other letters from those who recommend Father John's Medicine as a tonic and body builder in the spring. No weakening stimulants. Builds up the body and makes strength at the same time it cures colds and all throat and lung troubles. Not a "cough syrup" or balsam, but the prescription of an eminent specialist. Fifty years in use. Guaranteed. Father John's Medicine is for sale by all druggists; the L. W. Leithhead Drug Co., wholesale distributors.

MONEY--DEPOSITS--INTEREST

3% Interest Paid on Savings Accounts and Certificates of Deposit

TRANSACTS A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Duluth Savings Bank,

218 W. Superior St. Open Saturday Evenings from 6 to 8.

Low Coughs At first a high cough, all in your throat. You neglected it. Now it is down deep in your chest. That means a low cough, a lung cough. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral heals the torn membranes.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cured
To Stay
Cured



The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

What the afflicted man wants is not a temporary relief, but a permanent cure.

The beneficial effects of my treatment are as lasting as life—I cure to stay cured.

When once a patient is rescued by me from the ravages of disease or weakness peculiar to his sex, he is never again bothered with his former trouble.

I do not treat all diseases, but I treat men —MEN ONLY— and cure them to stay cured.

Varicocele.

Under my treatment, which includes no cutting or pain, this insidious disease rapidly disappears.

Pain disappears almost instantly.

The pools of stagnant blood are driven from the dilated veins and all soreness and swelling quickly subside.

Every indication of Varicocele soon vanishes and in its stead come the pride, the power and the pleasure of perfect health and restored manhood.

Stricture.

My cure for Stricture is safe, painless and bloodless, and, therefore, free from surgery in any form.

It is the only cure that should ever be used, and the only one recommended by the legions of men who have been restored by it.

It dissolves the Stricture completely and removes every obstruction from the urinary passage, allays all inflammation, stops every discharge, reduces the prostate gland when enlarged, cleanses and heals the bladder and kidneys when irritated or congested, invigorates the organs and restores health and soundness to every part of the body affected by the disease.

Contagious Blood Poison.

My special form of treatment for specific or contagious blood poison is practically the result of my life work, and is endorsed by the best physicians of this and foreign countries.

It contains no dangerous drugs or injurious medicine of any kind.

It goes to the very bottom of the disease and forces out every particle of impurity.

Soon every sign and symptom disappear completely and forever.

The blood, the tissue, the flesh, the bones and the whole system are cleansed, purified and restored to perfect health and the patient prepared anew for the duties and pleasures of life.

Nervo-Sexual Debility.

My cure for weak men does not stimulate temporarily, but restores permanently.

It soon drives away all those distressing symptoms which so constantly remind one of his former folly.

It stops every drain of vigor and builds up the muscular and nervous system, purifies and enriches the blood, cleanses and heals the bladder and kidneys and invigorates the liver, revives the spirits, brightens the intellect, and, above and beyond all, restores the wasted power of manhood.

Reflex Diseases.

Many ailments are reflex, originating from other diseases.

For instance, manly weakness sometimes comes from Varicocele or Stricture, innumerable blood and bone diseases often result from blood poison taint in the system or physical or mental decline frequently follow loss of manhood.

In treating diseases of any kind I always cure the effect as well as the cause.

We charge nothing for private counsel, and give to each patient a LEGAL CONTRACT to hold for our promises. Is it not worth your while to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes of men?

If you cannot call at our offices, write your symptoms fully. Our home treatment by correspondence is always successful.

REFERENCES—Best Banks and Leading Business Men of This City

CONSULTATION FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 2 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association,

No. 1 West Superior Street, Corner Lake Ave., Duluth, Minn.

SERVICES FOR SUNDAY IN DULUTH CHURCHES

Rev. Roy Bergen, Guild of Chicago, Who Has Been Filling Pulpit of Pilgrim Church, to Hold His Final Services—Baptism at First Methodist Church In Morning.

At Pilgrim Congregational church, Rev. Roy Bergen Guild, of Chicago, will preach in the morning on "Facts About the Tongue." In the evening a stereopticon lecture on "Constantinople" will be given This will be he last Sunday that Rev. Guild will fill the pulpit, Dr. Milne, the pastor, returning next week.

* * *

At the First Methodist church, Rev. S. P. Long, the pastor, will preach at 10:30 a. m., taking "The Church, Her Strength and Beauty" as a subject. At the conclusion of the sermon new members will be received into the congregation At 10 o'clock in the morning the pastor will administer the rite of baptism in the lecture room. At 8 p. m. Rev. W. F. Trosh will deliver the sermon. The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Voluntary—"Adagio" (fifth sonata).. .....Gullmant
Duet—"A Love Divine".....Brewer
Mrs. Woodward and Miss Bradshaw
Offertory—Interlude.....Bolly
Solo—"Come Unto Him".....Gounod
Miss Bradshaw.
Postlude—Tocata in E.....Bartlett

EVENING.

Voluntary—"Serenade".. ....Gounod
Solo—"The Publican" ....Mallly
Duet..... .....Schnecker
Mrs. Woodward and Miss Bradshaw.
Solo—"Jesus, Lover of My Soul"....
.....Brackett
Mrs. Woodward.
Postlude—"Festival March"..... ..Gonsin
Mrs. Wingate is the organist.

* * *

Rev. T. H Cleland will preach at the First Presbyterian church, morning and evening. The morning subject will be "The Vase of Spikenard" and the evening theme, "The Reserved Silences of Scripture." The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ—Prelude..... .....Wily
Anthem—"The Woods and Every Sweet Smelling Tree"..... .....West
Response—"Pray, Tho' the Gate of Mercy"..... .....
Solo—"These Are They Holy City"..... .....Gaul
Mrs. Percy A. Gough.
Postlude..... .....Gounod

EVENING.

Organ—Pastorale..... .....Smart
Anthem—"The Soft Sabath Calm"..... .....Barnby-Shelley
Quartet—"In Thee, O Lord".....Greig
Offertory..... .....
Solo..... .....
Paul Gilbert.

Thec hoir consists of: Soprano, Mrs. Percy A Gough; tenor, Paul Gilbert; alto, Miss E Cannon; bass, Philip Gordon Brown; organist and choir director, Mrs. Margaret McLean.

* * *

At the First Christian church, corner of Fourth street and Fifth avenue west, Rev. J. K. Shellenberger, the pastor, will preach at 10:30 on the subject "God's Eternal Purpose." Sunday school will meet at 12 m. and Christian Endeavor at 7 p. m. Sermon at 8 p. m. will be on the subject "The Meaning of My Tears"

* * *

Owing to the removal of the First Church of Christ to the new location, the regular service will be held in the Unitarian church, corner Eighth avenue east and First street, at 10:45 a. m., on the subject, "Love." Sunday school will meet at the close of the service.

* * *

At St. John's Episcopal church, Lakeside, Rev. H. S. Webster, pastor, services will be as follows: Sunday school, 10 a. m.; morning prayer and service 11 a. m.; evening prayer and sermon 8 p. m. Morning topic "The Marriage at Cana." Evening topic, "Called to Be Saints."

* * *

At Trinity Mission, Episcopal, Twentieth avenue east and Superior street, there will be holy communion, 8 a. m. Sunday school 3 p. m., evening prayer and sermon 4:15 p. m. Rev. Herbert S. Webster.

* * *

At the Glen Avon Presbyterian church the morning service will be at 10:30 o'clock. "Emmanuel" will be th esubject of the pastor's sermon. Miss Olga Hille, of Minneapolis, will sing at this service "O, Divine Redeemer" and "Just for Today." The Sunday school will meet at 12 m. A. J. Frantz, superintendent. The Christian Endeavor society will meet at 7 p. m. The evening service will be at 7:45 o'clock. Rev. R. Ames Monigomery, the pastor, will preach at both the morning and evening service.

* * *

At the Bethel, Lake avenue, Sunday school will meet at 3 p. m. and Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45. The service at 7:45 will be conducted by T. S. Thompson. Mrs. Williams will sing. Monday evening Bible study will be conducted by the Rev. J. T. Moody. Mrs. Asher will sing. Tuesday and Friday evenings the meetings will be conducted in the Finnish language.

* * *

At the Bethel branch, 508 West Superior street, Sunday school will meet at 3 p. m. L. A. Marvin, superintendent. Evangelistic service at 7:45 will be conducted by the Rev. J. T. Moody. Mrs. Asher will sing. Monday evening the meeting will be in charge of the members of the Swedish Baptist church and on Tuesday evening by the members of the Hope church. Gospel meetings are held every night.

* * *

At the "People's Cathedral, Under the Blue Canopy of Heaven," Superior street and Second avenue west. Mr. Asher will speak at 8:30 and the Rev. J. T. Moody at 9 p. m. Mrs. Asher will sing at both services. The platform will be lighted by electric lights.

* * *

At the Star of Hope mission, 622 West Superior street, meetings are held every evening at 8 o'clock, conducted by Mr. and Mrs. John Callahan. Sunday services will be as follows: 3 o'clock consecration meeting; 7:30 praying band will meet for half hour of prayer; 8 o'clock song and prayer service. At 8:30 John Callahan will speak. There will be special music.

* * *

At St. Luke's Episcopal church, Nineteenth avenue west and First street, there will be morning service and sermon at 10:30 o'clock and Sunday school at 12. The subject of the sermon will be "Bearing One's Burden." Rev. Roderick J. Mooney, rector.

* * *

At the Holy Apostles' Episcopal church, Fifty-seventh avenue west and Elinor street, Sunday school will be at 4:30 p. m. and evening prayer and sermon at 7:45. Rev. Roderick J. Mooney, rector.

* * *

The services at the Lester Park Methodist Episcopal church, Rev. Charles Fox Davis, pastor, will be as follows: "Morning, "Some Things that King Progress Cannot Improve;" evening. "The Drama of Job," the sixth in the series.

* * *

At Lakeside Presbyterian church there will be an evening service, with sermon by Rev. J. A. McGaughey, of Lewiston, Ill.

* * *

Services will be held at Grace M. E. church in the morning by Rev. E. K. Copper and in the evening by Phil Bevis.

* * *

Services will be held at the Second Presbyterian church at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m. The subjects of the sermons will be "The Characteristics of the First Christian Century" and "The Deul no Biblical History." There will be preaching at Hazelwood at 3 p. m. on the subject, "Words Fitly Spoken." Sunday school will be held at 2 p. m. and young people's meeting at the church at 7 o'clock.

* * *

At the Oneota Methodist Episcopal church, corner Forty-sixth avenue west and Halifax street, Professor F. A. Springer, of Washington, D. C., will preach at 11 a. m. The Sunday school will meet at 10 a. m. and the Epworth league at 7 o'clock. The pastor, Rev. E. K. Copper, will preach at 7:45, taking for his subject "The Value of Education, Christian and Secular," it being the annual sermon on education.

* * *

At the First Swedish Baptist church, Nineteenth avenue west and First street, Rev. John Lindgren will preach in the morning at 11 o'clock and Rev. A. Edstam, the pastor, will preach at 8 o'clock in the evening, the seventh sermon in a series on the Book of Jonah. Sunday school will meet at 10 o'clock. Prayer meeting will be held Thursday evening.

* * *

At the Hope church of the Evangelical association, corner Fifth street and Sixth avenue east, Sunday school will be held at 10 a. m. and morning service at 11 o'clock. In the evening at 8 o'clock, the service will be conducted in the English language by Rev. C. A. Testch, the pastor.

* * *

At Bethesday Norwegian Lutheran church, corner Sixth avenue east and Fifth street, Rev. O. M. O. Wee, the pastor, will conduct services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Norwegian Sunday school will meet at 9 a. m. and English Sunday school at noon.

* * *

At the First Norwegian Lutheran church, corner of First avenue east and Third street, there will be regular services at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m. Rev. P. A. Dietrichson will preach at both services. The choir will sing in the evening.

* * *

Services will be held at the Norwegian Lutheran church, corner of Gosnold and Fifty-seventh avenue west. Sunday morning, by Rev. J. E. Ingebrightson, on the subject "Gospel on the Eighth Sunday of Trinity."

* * *

Services will be held in the Norwegian-Danish M. E. church, corner of Twenty-first avenue west and First street, tomorrow at 10:30 in the morning when there will be preaching by Rev. H. K. Madsen, pastor, and the Lord's supper. At 7:45 there will be the Lord's supper and preaching by Rev. H. C. Munson, presiding elder of the Red River valley district. Sunday school at 12 m. and Epworth league meeting at 7 o'clock.

* * *

Rev. R. A. Montgomery, retiring pastor of Glen Avon Presbyterian church, who has accepted a pastorate in Xenia, O., will deliver a farewell address to the Y. M. C. A. at the association hall tomorrow afternoon, at 3 o'clock. All young men are invited. Rev. Mr. Montgomery has been one of the popular speakers before the association during his residence here and his departure is generally regretted.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Notes of Interest to Its Members.

Another excursion is being arranged by the Christian young people and this time the Endeavorers will act as hosts and hostesses. Thursday evening, August 2, an excursion will be given on the steamer America. All the proceeds of this excursion will go to the fund for the great state convention of Endeavorers to be held in Duluth September 30 to October 3, this year. Refreshments will be served and tickets may be secured from any of the members.

The regular monthly business meeting of the Union was held last week at the home of Miss Chambers, the following being present: Misses Austin, Dasseett, Chambers, Geisen, Schaller, Nelson, Maxwell and Blackmarr, and Messrs Brown, Downy, Daviel, Callan, William Callan, Wells, Kindy, Crompton and Higgins. Routine business was taken up after which an enjoyable social hour was spent.

During the month of August the Program committee is planning on having a beach social and a lawn party.

SECULAR SHOTS AT PULPIT.

Minneapolis Times: One of our respected clergymen says Christians cannot belong to either of the big parties. Surely some of the 15,000,000 men who will cast their ballots this fall are Christians.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: Dr. Dowie is reported to have said that he considers that it will be more to his credit to go to hades and fight the proprietor than to accept eternal happiness. Are any objections heard?

Brooklyn Eagle: The thief who robbed the wife of Bishop Potter of $50,000 worth of jewels was, possibly, a missionary in disguise, who wanted to convince the clergy that worldliness in attire is not so excellent as contributions for loading the heathen with trousers.

Springfield Republican: The privilege given the Young Men's Christian association to send missionaries with the Japanese army is a matter of much significance. As the result of the efforts of our American body permission has been obtained from the general staff of the army to send out five Americans, six Japanese and one of the American association secretaries in Japan, to go even to the front. The American missionaries will be supported by their boards, and funds received will support the Japanese and provide equipment. There will be association tents erected at camps in Japan and Korea, which will be headquarters for social and religious work, but there will also be hospital and field visitation. This puts the Christian association on somewhat the same level as the Red Cross society. It is a singular development of the receptivity of Western ideas, and the tendency to religious freedom which have characterized the revivification of Japan.

C. M. Johnston, Middletown—I would not keep house without Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It's a great family medicine; has kept my family well the past ten years. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

THREE KILLED IN TRAIN WRECK.

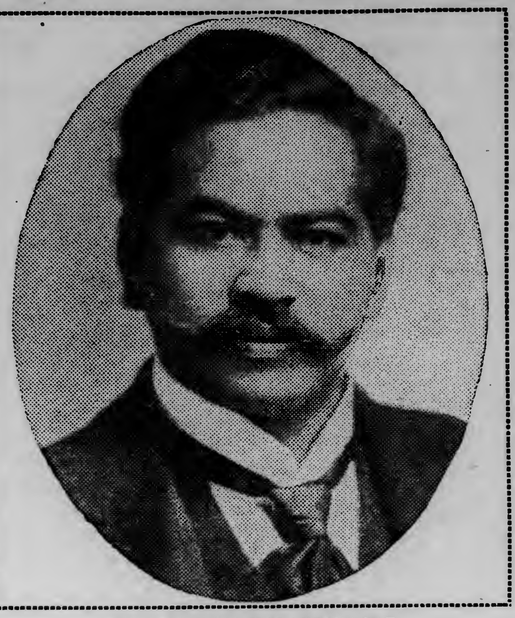
Greensboro, N. C., July 23.—Train No. 9, on the Southern railway, yesterday afternoon, near Franklin, Va., while running about thirty miles an hour, struck a car door, which was lying on the track, across both rails, derailing the engine and tender. C. E. Hall, engineer; W. A. Milloway, fireman, and Ed McClannahan, a flagman, riding on the engine, were killed. Baggageman George Burke was slightly injured. No passengers were hurt. The car door had been dropped from the preceding local freight.

The only high grade Baking Powder made at a moderate price.

Calumet Baking Powder

A PRINCE ENDORSES PE-RU-NA

For Summer Colds, Coughs and All Catarrhal Ailments.



PRINCE JONAH KALANIANAOLE.

Prince Jonah Kalanianaole, Delegate in Congress from Hawaii, in a recent letter to The Peruna Medicine Co., says:

"I can cheerfully recommend your Peruna as a very effective remedy for coughs, colds and catarrhal trouble."

PRINCE JONAH KALANIANAOLE.

The Cause of Consumption Often a Common Cold.

Nine cases of consumption out of ten occur in this way:

A person catches cold. The cold is not properly cured, and they quickly catch another one. This cold is dilly-dallied with by no treatment, or some treatment that is ineffectual, and the cold continues.

Then they catch another cold and begin to cough. Then they take cough syrups, but they do no good.

By and by they get tired of taking medicine and give up in despair. Their cold continues and their cough grows worse. Then they apply to a doctor and only to find that they are in the first stages of consumption.

At any time during the progress of the catarrh, from the first onset of the cold to its final settlement in the lungs, Peruna can be relied upon to check the progress of the catarrh. Sometimes after a diagnosis of consumption has been made by competent physicians, Peruna has permanently cured. We have testimonials from many people who have been given up to die of consumption, who claim to have been cured by Peruna.

We do not recommend Peruna as a consumption cure, but we do claim that it will prevent consumption if taken before the disease is thoroughly established. It is only the cases of incipient consumption that they are confident that Peruna will cure.

The Great Test of a Medicine Is the Result Obtained.

The Source of Catarrh Must Be Reached If It Is Cured—Pe-ru-na Cures.

Catarrh is simply a flabby condition of the mucous membrane. This flabbiness has been brought about by exposure to cold, which finally depresses the nerves supplying the mucous membrane.

Peruna operates immediately to strengthen these nerves and give tone to the mucous membrane. There is no other internal catarrh remedy that has proven effective in all cases.

The most distinguished men of the United States have no hesitation in lending their influence to assist in letting the people know of the virtues of Peruna. Nearly one-half the people are in some degree affected by catarrh. Therefore it is almost a national curse, and it is of national import that the people should know of Peruna.

Pe-ru-na Cannot Be Imitated.

Some things may be successfully imitated, but Peruna cannot be. Everyone purchasing Peruna should look out for imitations. Examine each package carefully. If you have ever used Peruna or if you have ever tasted it, you are not in the slightest danger of being misled by these imitations, but all those beginning the use of Peruna should beware.

Beware of imitations. Believe no one who tells you that he has a remedy that is making the same cures that Peruna is making.

If you have any doubt as to the genuineness of the bottle of Peruna you are using, write to Dr. Hartman, and the fraud, if there be any, will soon be detected.

A Presidential Candidate on the Populist Ticket Endorses Pe-ru-na.

Hon. John B. Weaver, of Colfax, Iowa, a candidate for the presidency on the Populist ticket, writes from the National hotel, Washington, D. C., as follows:

"I can unhesitatingly recommend your remedy, Peruna, for coughs, colds and catarrh. I am satisfied that it will do all you claim for it."—John B. Weaver.

A cold is the beginning of catarrh. It may cause catarrh of any of the internal organs—the head, throat, lungs and stomach. A remedy that will cure a cold, then, would cure all these different effects of cold. Peruna is such a remedy. We have letters from all over the United States attesting to this fact. The poor and rich alike use and recommend it.

Peruna cures catarrh wherever located. Peruna is not a guess nor an experiment—it is an absolute scientific certainty.

We have on file many thousand testimonials like the ones given. We can only give our readers a slight glimpse of the vast array of unsolicited endorsements we are receiving every month. No other physician in the world has received such a volume of enthusiastic and grateful letters of thanks as Dr. Hartman for Peruna.

MURDERER ARRESTED

Virginia Officers Think They Have Sheriff Harris' Slayer.

Jonesville, Va., July 23.—Sheriff P. M. Ball, of this county, yesterday arrested and lodged in jail, at this place, William Bell Wilson, alias William Anderson, who is charged with murdering the sheriff at Falls Creek, Wis., some months ago. Sheriff Ball had seen Wilson in the county and suspected him owing to his peculiar conduct When he received a letter later from the Wisconsin authorities giving a description of Wilson and stating that there was an $800 reward for his capture, he was prompt to act. Wilson is held for the Wisconsin officials.

Milwaukee, July 23.—William Bell Wilson, alias Wm. Anderson, who was arrested at Jonesville, Va., yesterday, is believed to be the man who, it is alleged, shot and killed Sheriff Harry Harris, of St. Croix county, on the night of June 18, on an eastbound train near Falls Creek, Wis., thirteen miles from Eau Claire. Wilson, or Anderson, was wanted on a charge of robbery. Sheriff Harris located his man in the smoking car. As the sheriff attempted his capture, Wilson, or Anderson, whipped out a revolver and fired three shots in rapid succession, killing Sheriff Harris. The desperado then pulled the bell rope and when the train slowed down made his escape. Posses, accompanied by bloodhounds, went in all directions and several suspects were rounded up, but none proved to be the right man. Finally a militia company from Eau Claire started out to attempt his capture, but the desperado got away.

Harris' slayer is de cribed as being five feet ten inches in height; 150 pounds, fair complexion, light brown hair, rather small hands and carries his head forward. He is a little stoop shouldered and walks with a swaggering gait. His age is about 24 years. He is also said to be wanted in Montana for murder.

FATALLY SCALDED.

Girl Threw a Coffee Pot at Him.

Bluefield, W. Va., July 23.—W. H. Reed, of Kimball, it is alleged, got drunk and went to a neighbor's house, where Miss Lizzie Dillens was employed. He insulted her, she claims, and she bade him leave, whereupon he went outside the building and threw a hatchet through the window. The young woman grabbed a coffee pot off the stove, which was full of boiling coffee, and threw it at him. It landed squarely on his chest. As it fell to the ground the spout caught in the band of his pants and the entire contents poured out on him. He is in a critical condition and, it is thought, will die. He is a married man and has one child.

EIGHTY-YEAR-OLD MAN

Always Very Economical But Now a Spendthrift.

Washingon, Ind., July 23.—Suit has been filed in the circuit court here to have Lawrence Meehan declared insane and have a guardian appointed to manage his estate. Meehan is 80 years old and very wealthy. He is a bachelor and had been very economical until a few weeks since, when he began taking girls buggy riding, bought them hammocks and lavished his wealth upon them. He bought a tent from a Cincinnati firm, ordered 50 snakes from a Florida dealer and made other peculiar purchases.

DEATH OF WOODSMAN

Who Took Carbolic Acid, Thinking It Whisky.

Deer River, Minn., July 23.—Believing that a bottle which he picked up in a vacant shack, forty miles north of this place, contained whisky, William Walker, a woodsman, drained it to the dregs. The contents of the vial was carbolic acid and he died almost immediately.

Walker, together with Hugh McDonald, a companion, had traveled through the woods all day and arriving at the deserted cabin late in the evening they decided to camp for the night. McDonald went to gather some wood and Walker started to explore the hut. He found the bottle under a bunk in one corner and the contents so closely resembled whisky that he drank it without question.

When McDonald returned, he found Walker sitting beside the hut, in great agony. In response to inquiries, the woodsmen pointed to the empty bottle, lying on the floor. On removing the cork and placing the vial to his nose, McDonald recognized the odor of the acid and he made vain endeavors to save his companion's life.

Walker was 40 years old. His brother, Orlando Walker, lives in Grand Rapids. He has a sister in Big Rapids, Mich., where his body will be taken. His mother and another sister reside in Knoxville, Tenn.

The sky looks bluer, the sun shines brighter, a feeling of youth and strength creeps over the soul after taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

A RARE CHANCE FOR WORKINGMEN

The Union and Zenith Building and Loan Associations have just revalued their house and lot properties and now offer the same at new prices on the old easy terms.

Nearly $100,000 worth of properties have been sold to about 100 parties, of whom we have a list to refer you, some of whom you may know, and we are satisfied that any of these buyers will assure you of being able to purchase of the associations at a fair figure and the best terms offered by any one.

Most of the properties are at West Duluth.

Apply for prices and terms at office, No. 400 Torrey Building.

STEAM YACHT CATCHES FIRE

Narrow Escape From Awful Catastrophe on Lake Ontario.

Clayton, N. Y., July 23.—The team yacht Castanet, of the Visgor line, returning from Kingston, Ont., yesterday afternoon with a load of 150 excursionists, caught fire in midstream, and only by the most fortuate circumstances was an awful accident averted.

The yacht was four miles from Kingston, and half a mile from shore, a stiff breeze blowing, and the passengers were enjoying the ride, when suddenly a sheet of flame shot up through the hatchways. The passengers at once ran to the ends of the boat. The flames swept up to the canvas awnings, and in a moment these were ablaze. While the passengers were huddled forward and aft the engineer and fireman made their way through the flames from the engine room. The crew, after distributing life preservers to the passengers, began to fight the blaze.

Capt. Barney Nunn headed the Castanet toward the shore, and was followed by the steam yacht Nokomis, belonging to W. H. Nichols, of New York, which was a mile away when the blaze burst out. The burning boat was beached on Cedar island, and in a moment the Nokomis was run behind her. The passengers were transferred without the loss of a life and the fire was extinguished by the united efforts of both crews. Engineer Charles Wood and his son, Raymond Wood, the fireman, were both badly burned.

DIETZ DISPUTE TO BE SETTLED BY A MASON.

Hayward, Wis., July 23.—In the dispute between the Chippewa Lumber and Boom company and John Dietz it has been decided to submit all differences to the grand master of the Masonic lodge of Wisconsin for settlement.

Dietz claimed that the property on which the dam across the Chippewa river was built belonged to him, and that he had a right to hold up the logs of the Chippewa Lumber and Boom company until the company paid toll. He barricaded himself in his home and was prepared to defend himself against all corners, even the officers of the law, with a shotgun.

Poses tried in vain to arrest him, and even the aid of the national guardsmen was unsuccessfully invoked.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The annual report of the Calumet & Hecla Mining company for the year ended April 30, which was issued Friday, shows the surplus of funds $6,583,039 against $6,557,023 last year. During the year 76,626,290 pounds of copper were produced.

The steamer Henry Hanley has arrived at St. Louis from Nashville, Tenn., flying two flags, the stars and stripes and the Confederate flag. Before leaving Nashville a Confederate flag was brought on board, and Miss Nannie Hanley, daughter of one of the steamer's owners, hoisted the flag, which is placed just below the American flag. Miss Hanley's father was a Confederate officer.

H. Eichelberger and Joseph Masterson, who are in charge of the New York branch of the Cutters' and Butchers' union, were in conference late Friday with members of the firm of Schwarzschild & Sulzberger and secured from them assurances that from now on only union men would be employed by them.

John Covell, an old resident of White Bear, Minn., fell from a load of hay at White Bear beach Friday and was instantly killed. He was hauling hay with his grandson. The horses started and Mr. Covell lost his balance and was thrown to the ground, striking on his head.

Nearly all the members of "Larry" Summerfield's band of "sure-thing gamblers" were arrested Friday while trying to get $200 from a detective sergeant, who represented himself as anxious to make a winning by receiving inside information of the winners at the Brighton track before the news reached the pool rooms.

At the inquest into the suicide of E. T. Washburn, the Buffalo grain broker, who is supposed to have killed his wife and daughter, it was intimated that Washburn did not commit the double murder and suicide. Some of his money which he drew from the bank before the tragedy cannot be accounted for.

The bodies of Thomas Johnson and Thomas Sampson, young men of the Indian village near Tobloo Bay, Mich., were found Friday in four feet of water under a bridge at Bay City. There were some loose planks in the bridge, but this would hardly account for the double drowning, as the water would scarcely be above the men's hips. There is no evidence of either foul play or of drunkenness.

EXCURSION

TO

Two Harbors,

SUNDAY, JULY 24.

Steamer America leaves Booth's dock at 10 a. m. and **Str. Moore** 2 p. m. Returning leave Two Harbors 5 p. m.

Music by MASTRY'S BAND.

Fare 50c Round Trip.

COMING FESTIVAL

Of the Northwest Saengerbund at Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, July 23.—With the twenty-first saengerfest of the Saengerbund of the Northwest less than two weeks off, Milwaukeeans, and especially the promoters of the big festival, find no reason to abandon the feeling of gratification induced by previous indications as to the success of the great event. Everything during the past few days has tended rather toward encouraging than discouraging the outlook, and with the committees still laboring overtime, despite the almost record breaking hot weather, the prospects are better than ever for the belief that the coming musical festival will be the banner event in the history of the bund.

The action of the railroads of the Western Passenger association in conceding a fare plus 50 cents for the round trip to Milwaukee from all points within the six states in which branches of the saengerbund exist has had an immediate effect in a second large demand for season tickets for the five grand concerts of the festival. This second rush for tickets has been more largely from outside the state while the first movement in the same direction was largely local. The single admission tickets have now been on sale for some time and the receipts from the sale of both these and the season tickets indicate a record-breaking attendance such as could only be accomodated in the huge Exposition hall where the saengerfest concerts are to be held. Though it is said the hotels are already experiencing difficulty accomodating those who have sent in applications for rooms, the proper committees have made arrangements to take good care of the overflow so that there will, it is claimed, be no complaint from those who fail to secure hotel accomodations.

The proclamation of Mayor Rose of this city making formal announcement of the saengerfest, was issued July 15. It predicts that the coming festival will be the most elaborate musical event ever held in Milwaukee. After a reference to the famous soloists, world renowned musical director and immense choruses which will participate in the concerts the mayor calls upon all public spirited men to come to the aid of the saengerfest association in making the coming festival without a parallel in the musical history not only of Milwaukee but of Wisconsin and the whole Northwest. The call of the mayor has not been needed in the past to stir the citizens of this city to their utmost in the entertainment of the city's guests, and that visitors will have nothing but praise for their treatment here is a foregone conclusion.

Rheumatism

What is the use of telling the rheumatic that he feels as if his joints were being dislocated?

He knows that his sufferings are very much like the tortures of the rack.

***What he wants to know* is what will permanently cure his disease.**

That, according to thousands of grateful testimonials, is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

It promptly neutralizes the acid in the blood on which the disease depends, completely eliminates it, and strengthens the system against its return. Try Hood's.

THE STAGE.

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

METROPOLITAN—Clara Mathes company in "A Wife's Mistake."
LYCEUM—"Fabio Romani."

COMMING ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Next week, Elliott-Courtenay company in "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde."

"DR. JEKYLL AND MR. HYDE."

The coming week's attraction at the Lyceum theater will be a dramatization of Robert Louis Stevenson's novel, "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde," which has never been given in this city by a stock company. The story of the book has been effectively arranged for the stage, and the production is to be under the stage direction of George Berry, who has the advantage of being a member of Richard Mansfield's company at the time of the play's original production. The dual role of Jekyll and Hyde, originated in America by Richard Mansfield, will be played by that polished actor, Richardson Cotton. In his characterization of this part in Chicago recently a critic said: "Mr. Cotton's transitions from one character to the other were artistically planned and accomplished with great skill, winning the most spontaneous applause from the auditors."

Miss Eulalia Bennett will assume the role of Gladys, and the balance of the cast will be capable.

The Biograph still remains a popular feature, and the following pictures will be presented: "Alphonse and Gaston Dance a Few Steps," "Miles Canon, One of the Perilous Passages to the Klondike, Alaska," "An English Trip to the South End," "An Impartial Lover," "The Infernal Caldron." The engagement is for five nights and Wednesday matinee. Among the future announcements of the company is an elaborate production of A. Conan Doyle's famous detective story, "The Sign of the Four," or "Sherlock Holmes," as played with great success by William Gillette.

CLARA MATHES COMPANY.

Clara Mathes will close a two-weeks' successful engagement at the Metropolitan tonight, when she will play "A Wife's Mistake," one of the funniest plays ever put on the boards. All the specialties will be new.

Dr. Mitchell

Proves His Ability To Cure All Disease Without the Aid of Drugs or the Surgeon's Knife.

People Are Going Hundreds of Miles To See Him.

Many people living in Duluth and West Superior and all over this Northwest will remember the wonderful attraction at Ottumwa, Iowa, some years ago, by the phenomenal cures made by Paul Castos. They were simply astonishing and there are thuosands living today who were cured by him then. So great was the reputation of this man that people came to him from every section of the United States, Canada and Europe. Ottumwa received world-wide advertising and one new hotel after another was erected to take care of the patients. It gave the town a new impetus in every way. Property advanced, everything advanced and every train brought hundreds of people. They came on crutches, stretchers and with walking canes and left them in Ottumwa. The town became famous within two years. History repeats itself. The wide spreading reputation of Dr. Mitchell, of Duluth, is fast making that town famous. People are coming from far and near. People afflicted with all the ailments that flesh is heir to, have crowded the two large reception rooms of the great magnetic healer. Such powers of healing were never heard of, and people grow wild with enthusiasm. Animal electricity is born in the doctor and he conveys this power to the sick with marvelous results, and his cures reach beyond the most fertile imagination. There is no word in the English language vocabulary that will describe the marvels of his cures. Then to think, without pain, no cutting, splints, casts or braces. All done with his magnetic healing power. Places it beyond ready and cheerful belief, but it is true, true as gospel. You can go and see for yourself. His offices are crowded and more coming. He may be consulted at 17 East Superior street. Office hours, Sunday, 11 to 12 m. 'Phone, 371-A.

AITKIN

Aitkin, Minn., July 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. O. M. Sunday, of Minneapolis, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Herman Moork.

Miss Harper, with her brother, Harry, and sister, Helen, returned Monday from a three-months' visit in Iowa and St. Paul.

Miss Knox, of Grand Rapids, is a guest of the family of G. W. Knox.

Miss Matcie Huston, of Minneapolis, is visiting her sister, Mrs. E. H. Krelwitz.

Mrs. C. T. Newman was very pleasantly surprised by a company of ladies at her home Wednesday evening, in honor of her birthday.

At the annual school meeting held Saturday night, Judge Williams and B. R. Hussman were elected on the board.

Rev. and Mrs. Wilson, of New Brunswick, arrived last week to visit Mrs. Wilson's brothers, W. B. and J. N. Marr.

Slowrt Sandberg of Malmo returned last week from St. Paul, accompanied by his friend, Robert Irvine.

Mrs. H. J. Peterson entertained a wheeling party last Wednesday afternoon after which refreshments were served at her home.

A team of horses belonging to J. C. Hurn ran off the Pine Knoll ferry last Monday and were drowned in the Mississippi. The horses were frightened by a hunting dog. Mr. Hurn was thrown into the river and kicked by the team and barely escaped drowning.

Andrew Nelson, aged sixteen, received a severe flesh wound in the calf of his left leg last week by coming in contact with the blade of a wheel scraper, which had struck a stone and bounded upward unexpectedly.

Miss Goddick gave a delightful lawn party Wednesday afternoon at the home of her sister, Mrs. Cliff.

Elola Newman entertained a large company of hir little friends Monday afternoon at her home, the occasion being her birthday..

Samuel S. Luther died at his home here Monday afternoon after several months illness from heart and kidney trouble. He was born in Ridgeway, Pa., Oct. 16, 1847, and had been a resident of Aitkin for nearly five years. He had served the county as deputy county auditor and register of deeds and later was elected county auditor for six successive terms, ending six years ago. He is survived by a wife, son Elmer and three daughters, Elizabeth, Myrtle and Mildred and brother, E. J. Luther, all of Aitkin, and three sisters and a brother in Ridgeway, Pa.

The body of James Carrigan, who was drowned off the steamer Irene early last week, was found by some men in a boat.

Hiram F. Wood, who had a homestead in the town of Hebron, accidentally shot himself last Wednesday at the home of William Bain near the White Elk ranch. Bain was engaged in building a log barn when Wood arrived, carrying a rifle, and the latter climbed to the top of the structure to rest. While descending, the hammer of the gun struck one of the logs and the weapon was discharged, the ball entering just below the left eye and lodging in the back of the head, causing instant death.

Marion Marmon and Mrs. Lydia Marmon, of Attica, were married at the Methodist parsonage last Saturday by Rev. W. Fletcher.

THE FEDERAL COURT.

Adjournment Is Taken to Monday Morning.

Federal court was not in session this afternoon. With the case of Herman Lafitte against Thomas Bailey, sheriff of Beltrami county and M. D. Stoner, on trial, an adjournment was taken to Monday morning.

The arguments in the case of J. R. Greenless against the Dalbo Warehouse company were finished yesterday afternoon, and at 5 o'clock, after being out a short time, the jury returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiff, awarding judgment for $2500. Greenless claimed that the company had broken a contract with him by failing to deliver a consignment of twenty carloads of potatoes at Princeton before a specified date.

The Lafitte case was tried at the last term and now comes up on a motion for new trial, which was granted last spring. Lafitte sued Bailey, as sheriff, for attaching his property on an account by Stoner to be due him from Lafitte. The case will probably not be finished before next Tuesday morning, perhaps later.

First National Bank Savings Department open from 6 to 8 Saturday evenings. Entrance on Third avenue or through from Superior street.

GREATEST OF ALL

Really Stupendous Event of Baseball Season Next Wednesday.

Duluth and Superior Cops Will Then Thresh It Out.

The great event has come at last. It is due Wednesday afternoon if the weather remains fine. It will be the unparalleled attraction of the season. It is positively for one afternoon only, and those that miss it will probably never have an opportunity to witness its like again. It will be a magnificent symposium of the science of baseball. It is the game between the Duluth and Superior "cops."

The Duluth cops are trained to a hair. There is not a man on the team who can't do his 100 yards in 15 seconds if he gets a running start and a favorable wind.

"Meet the Coppers and die" has become the saying of the amateur baseball teams of the city. Seven times have they come out with the spoils of victory, and but once have they bowed in the dust before an opposing nine. Their record is second only to that of The Herald team which has yet to lose a game. (It hasn't played one.)

Never in the long and glorious annals of the Duluth police department has such an aggregation of stars been gotten together. They are one grand collection of scientific sluggers, a combination of fast and furious fielders, and their headwork is the marvel of their opponents.

This is the nine that is billed to slaughter the Bugville cops on the afternoon of Wednesday, July 27, in the year of grace 1904, the eventful afternoon that is destined to go down into history as the date on which the population at the head of the lakes was stirred to its depths by the sounds of warring strife. For two glorious hours the battle will wage and if there be enough left of the victors they will be proclaimed the undisputed champions of the police circles at the head of the lakes.

The Duluth team will be severely crippled by the loss of Chief Troyer. By his magnificent work with the indicator in his position of umpire, he has been largely instrumental in the seven victories accredited to the team, and he narrowly missed pulling the one defeat out of the fire by going into the umpire's box in the ninth inning.

The Superior cops, however, absolutely refuse to play under any circumstances if the Duluth chief of police is allowed to even enter the grounds. They are willing to allow him to witness the game from the little box on the right fence, but say he must not descend from that perch or in any way molest the players either by coaching or rooting. They claim he is a ringer, having once seen the Indianapolis team perform when he lived down in Posey county, Indiana, and they bar him for this cause.

But the Duluth team was game. When Superior refused to allow Chief Troyer to umpire the Duluth cops offered to pay without an umpire and let the best man win, the victors to bury the conquered, but Superior objected, and a board of referees will probably be chosen.

The slaughter will commence at 2 o'clock or shortly after, and the gate receipts will be used to help along the suffering medical profession and undertakers at the head of the lakes.

Gold Coinage Record Broken.

The gold coinage at the Philadelphia mint a few weeks ago averaged nearly $2,000,000 per day, which record has never been cugalled by the mints of any other nation nor by any in our own country. The record of cures of stomach, liver and kidney ills made by the famous Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is also without an equal, either at home or abroad. For over 50 years it has been used with great satisfaction in thousands of homes and has also been freely prescribed by physicians everywhere. It is a specific remedy for poor appetite, insomnia, belching, indigestion, dyspepsia, biliousness, malaria, fever and ague, as well as for all female disorders, and has often cured when other remedies have failed. We urge you to try a bottle and test it for yourself.

Announcement.

On and after July 18th, Edison standard size, gold moulded records will be sold at 35c each. Edison phonographs and supplies for all talking machines.

B. F. HATHAWAY, Agent.
202 Alworth Building.

Another Candidate.

Another Republican has appeared to compete for the nomination of county commissioner from the Fifth district. E. B. Engren, a well-known farmer of Pike Lake, or the town of Canosia, is the new candidate. He visited the county auditor's office this morning and paid the required filing fee.

Commissioner Charles Kauppi, of West Duluth, who already holds the office in his district, is a candidate for renomination. Andrew Miles, of West Duluth, is also a candidate for commissionership honors on the Republican ticket.

Steele Gets Contract.

Hugh Steele, of this city, has been awarded the government contract for the furnishing and placing of about 7000 tons of riprap on the government dike at Grand Marais, Mich. The dike forms part of the harbor protection at that place.

Two bids were made for the work, Powell & Mitchell, of Marquette, being Mr. Steele's competitor. The amount available for the work is $15,000, and the sum proposed to be expended is $14,000. The bids were as follows: Hugh Steele, $14,975 with trestle, $13,580 without trestle; Powell & Mitchell, $16,440 with trestle, $14,000 without trestle.

Why Not

Enjoy a pleasant moonlight ride on the lake and bay around the horn on steamer Newsboy tonight?

THE **IXL** BRAND

The butter which now leads them all in quality, is no higher in price, and must soon be the most popular butter on the market.

Try it and Be Convinced.

COURT ON WHEELS

Will Start for Range Towns Monday, Opening at Tower.

Five Days to Be Put In at Different Towns.

"The court on wheels," will start the first of the coming week on a trip to the range towns for the purpose of making new citizens.

The court will be comprised this year of Judge Homer Dibell, J. P. Johnson, clerk of court; Alexander Hamilton, U. G. Holloway, deputy clerks of court; W. J. Bates, deputy sheriff.

The first range town visited will be Tower, where court will be in session Monday at 1:30 o'clock and those who are entitled to second papers will be made full-fledged citizens. The court will meet at Ely at 7:30 p. m. of the same day and at Biwabik, Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Tuesday evening a session will be held at Eveleth.

Wednesday morning an opportunity will be given prospective citizens at Virginia, and in the afternoon at Chisholm. The court will sit at Hibbing next Thursday in the morning and Friday morning at Floodwood.

Under the laws persons applying for final papers, or second papers, as they are usually termed, will be required to present a certified copy of their first papers and the testimony of two witnesses, who have known the applicant for fully five years last past.

Applicants must have resided for five years within the United States and for one year last past within this state. Two years must have elapsed since the issue of first papers.

Persons who came to this country before they reached the age of 18 years will be entitled to receive their second papers on making proof of that fact and further proving that they have resided continuously within the United States for five years and in this state for one year last past, together with proof of good character. The good character proof is required in all cases.

Where possible the court will be held in the city or village hall. If there is none, some other public place will be provided.

"The court on wheels" visits the range towns every two years. The plan means a great saving to the intending citizens and results in the turning over to the county treasurer of several hundred dollars in fees.

CHOICE FIRST MORTGAGE
LOANS FOR SALE
VARIOUS AMOUNTS.
W. M. PRINDLE & CO
Lonsdale Building.

WILL PLAY TWO GAMES

Fans Will See Double-Header Against Crookston Sunday.

The Duluth and Crookston teams will paly a double-header tomorrow afternoon.

Two games will be played at Athletic park in the afternoon for the one price of admission. The first game will be called at 3 o'clock sharp. An intermission of but a few minutes will take place and the second game will follow. It will give the fans an opportunity to see about three hours of continuous baseball for one admittance fee.

Crookston has proved to be the hardest team for Duluth to beat this year, and with the Duluth team weakened by the loss of four men, the Woodpeckers should give the future pennant winners a hard rub. With fine weather the double-header between the two leaders should bring out a record breaking crowd.

The two teams are playing this afternoon. It is Noldin's turn to pitch today and Shaw and Gehring should be the two Duluth twirlers tomorrow.

Picnic and Dance

At Makowsky's Summer Garden, Sunday, July 24, near Duluth Heights. Flaaten's Orchestra.

WILL REPEAT WATER SPORTS

On Saturday, July 30, the Duluth boat club plans to give another racing matinee. This is to be the same day that the yachting enthusiasts will have their contest with Superior opponents, but the fact that the latter will race at 3 o'clock and the club people will have their event at 3:45 p. m. is believed will give everybody a chance to see both events.

The rowing races will include 4-oared barges, double skulls, canoe races, canoe jousting and swimming races. In the evening the Gitchinadji club from Superior will be guests of the Duluth boat club at an informal dance at the boat house. Supper will be served at the club house by the yachting members who have kindly invited all members of the boat club and their ladies to partake and to remain for the evening hop. The officers of the boat club hope for a large attendance and President Julius H. Barnes, in his letter to members says:

"We wish especially to ask your encouragement on these races. The presence of our members and their friends is a stimulent to the contestants and we have now a sufficient number of good oarsmen in our club to make these events thoroughly enjoyable. Every effort will be made to avoid any delays. The events will start promptly and be carried out in the true spirit of amateur sport. Our club varanda is an excellent point from which to see the entire course with the finish just in front. The ball room is cool and attractive for an impromptu dance, and we can guarantee a shady, breezy spot on the warmest day."

TEARING UP STREETS

Water and Light Commissioners Explain Situation to Mayor.

Manner of Doing Repair Work and Extensions Outlined.

The excavations that have been made in the public streets for repairs of the pipes in the water system and for water extensions have been the occasion of criticism, to a greater or less extent, by various people, who, it is claimed, have not fully understood the character of the emergencies under which the water and light department has labored.

An explanation of the work of the department, its manner of doing the repair and extension work, as outlined in a letter from Manager L. N. Case to Mayor Cullum, in answer to some inquiries directed by the latter, will prove of interest to the general public as well as the mayor.

The letter, which is furnished through the courtesy of Mayor Cullum and with the consent of Mr. Case, is as follows:

"The board of water and light commissioners, desiring that you may have a full knowledge of its method of excavating in the public streets, and that you may thoroughly understand the peculiar character and volume of the emergencies that have required such action during the past very severe winter and spring, instructs me to submit to you the following statement:

"Owing to the late arrival of pipe last year, many of its extensions, particularly that of the gas feeder main to West Duluth, were delayed so that considerable of the back filling had to be made with frozen earth. This required a more than usual heaping up of the earth over the trenches, and their being left in that condition until late in the present season, and until the frost had left the earth free to settle. Each of these trenches was subsequently cared for at the earliest possible moment. Had the superfluous earth been removed at the time of backfilling, it would have had to have been returned later on, and at a considerabel additional expense. This, in the minds of your commissioners, would merit for more the criticisms of the public than the course it pursues.

"During the winter three water mains were frozen, and several breaks occurred at other points; over 150 service extensions were also frozen, all of which previous to April 1 (at which time the board's electric apparatus was completed) required the digging up of the streets, with the frost from five to nine feet deep. The back-filling to all of these excavations was necessarily with frozen earth, after the pipes had been properly protected by a layer of manure.

"In adltion to this, we have made over 150 service extensions from the mains to the premises of consumers, almost all of them new, and nearly all since April 1.

"The back-filling of all excavations in streets paved with cut stone, brick, asphalt and tar macadam, are made with such material as is required by the board of public works, usually sand and gravel, and the said board is authorized by the board of water and light commissioners to resurface the same at the proper time, and send bills to this department for the expense thereof.

"Excavations in streets not paved as above, are filled with the earth taken therefrom, heaped up and left to settle. Applications for permits to make excavations are always filed with the board of public works, with whom we have this arrangement; then if this work is left an unreasonable length of time, in any way becomes dangerous to travel, that board notifies this office in writing and the matter is immediately attended to.

"In all contract work for the extension of water and gas mains, contractors are required to present the board with a certificate from the board of public works, that the resurfacing is satisfactory to that board before the final payment is made them.

"The resurfacing over excavations in paved streets, notwithstanding the utmost care be used in back-filling, should be delayed some little time, as for instance immediately the subsequent settling of the back-filling would require the work to be done over again.

"These excavations, particularly those in Superior street, have been so protected by planking, or otherwise, either by this board, or the board of public works, so as not to seriously impede travel, or in any way imperil it.

"It is not only expensive to the department, but as annoying to your commissioners as it is to other citizens, to be obliged to tear up our pavements; and I am instructed to assure you that every care will be used to reduce this annoyance to a minimum. I am also instructed to say that the public should understand that this is a growing city, and that a large amount of work must be done in the streets on account of this growth, as well as the necessity of replacing with good the poor and destructible material used in the past, and that neither the board of water and light commissioners, nor the board of public works can reverse the operations of nature in the settling of these trenches."

CITY BRIEFS.

Have your hair shampood by Margaret Kelly, specialist over Suffel's.

A membership in the Duluth Board of Trade this morning sold at $1500, the highest price ever paid.

The Norwegian-Danish M. E. church at Twenty-first avenue west and First street, has been entirely repaired and renovated so that it is now almost a new place. It has been painted and papered, some fine panel work put in and put in first-class condition. Services are again being held there. The parsonage has also been given repairs.

After a hearing in special term of district court, this morning, Judge Dibell issued an injuctional order, on petition of James H. James restraining M. W. McDonald from receiving or paying any royalties on mining properties until the action brought by Mr. James against Mr. McDonald, and now pending in district court, is settled and disposed of. The suit is one involving a claim relative to an alleged contract to sell certain mining properties in this county.

The board of equalization met at the court house this morning, but as there was no quorum present, no business was transacted and an adjournment was taken until Monday morning.

The ladies of the Eastern Star will give their annual picnic at Fond du Lac next Wednesday, going on the steamer Newsboy.

A large number of the excursionists who came in yesterday from Grand Forks and other points on the Great Northern road took the traction company's observation car on a tour this morning and saw the city from the various locations of vantage on the local trolley system. Many of them went to the ball game or the theater this afternoon, while others took boat rides on the bay. They return home tomorrow afternoon by special train.

Monday it is expected that the new observation car contracted for by the Duluth & Iron Range railroad will be shipped from Chicago by the manufacturer, F. M. Hicks.

Mrs. Percy S. Anneke, who for two weeks has been very ill, her life being despaired of much of the time, is slightly better today.

Mrs. Sarah Braner and Mrs. A. J. Wasgatt and son Arthur, of Winnebago City, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Owens, of Park Point. Mrs. Braner is Mrs. Owens' mother and Mrs. Wasgatt her sister.

Mrs. M. Hackett and Mrs. A. Gallinger, of Oshkosh, Wis., and Mrs. A. J. Stoos, of Joliet, Ill., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Hackett at the St. James Hotel.

The Misses Bertha and Vesta Randall, of 1717 West Piedmont street, are taking in the exposition at St. Louis. They will visit in Michigan before returning.

SCHLITZ The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous.

Duluth Branch, 35 E. Railroad St. 'Phone—Zenith 358.




The Point

we wish you to remember when starting out to purchase—

Furniture, Carpets, Rugs, Lace Curtains, Portieres, Stoves and Ranges—

Is an ounce of investigation is worth a pound of cheap argument. You no doubt are aware of the fact that we are about to move into our NEW STORE THE COMING MONTH, and that we are disposing of our entire line at a big sacrifice. Discounts that will astonish you—nothing reserved—everything must be sold. We have an enormous big stock of all classes of goods to select from. This is the greatest opportunity of a lifetime to get high class furniture at astonishing low prices.

Remember, Our Big Removal Sale Is Now Going On!

BAYHA & Co

News Tribune Building.

Our new store will be 2nd Ave. W. & 1st St.

PERSONAL.

E. H. Haggott leaves this evening for Chicago.

J. Davis goes today to Anaconda.

Mr. and Mrs. A. McPhee have gone to St. Paul.

P. L. Johnson went today to Elk River.

J. Curry went to St. Paul today.

J. L. Washburn leaves tonight for Winnipeg.

Mrs. Louis Griggs has gone to Ashland.

Miss G. Ellis went to Minneapolis today.

W. H. Turrish leaves tonight for Spokane.

Mrs. C. J. Carlson goes tonight to North Branch and Mrs. F. J. Carlson goes to Minneapolis.

Michael C. Holahan goes to St. Paul tonight.

W. R. Stoughton, editor of the Valley View, of East Grand Forks, Minn., is among the excursionists in Duluth yesterday and today.

Mrs. O. R. Lippitt, of 918 East Fifth street, is entertaining Mrs. John Shippam, of Minneapolis.

Mrs. F. E. McWayne, of Marinette, Wis., is visiting her sister, Mrs. E. P. Arsneau, of 1210 East Second street.

Capt. Charles L. Potter, government engineer for the Lake Superior district, returned this morning from a several days' visit at his old home in Maine.

Mrs. D. V. Pearson is visiting friends at Detroit and Bay City.

Miss Gertrude Gonska and Miss Hertha Heinrich left Wednesday for Allenstein, Germany, where they will study music for two years under the best teachers in Germany.

A. P. Stewart, who for about six years has been boookkeeper in the auditor's office of the Duluth & Iron Range road, has resigned to accept a position in St. Paul, his former home. Mr. and Mrs. Stewart went to St. Paul today.

TREAT FOR THE UNFORTUNATE

Orphan Children to Be Entertained By Gentry Bros.

What promises to be one of the happiest days in the lives of the orphans and crippled children of Duluth will be their visit to the Gentry Brothers' famous dog and pony show, for the parentless youngsters have been invited to be the guests of the generous showmen at the matinee to be given on next Thuresday afternoon. The business representative visited the city last evening and completed arrangements whereby the inmates of the Children's Home, the St. James Orphanage, and the destitute and other children such as are reached through the medium of the Humane society, may enjoy their first entertainment under canvas, and see hundreds of funny actor-dogs, ponies, elephants and monkeys go through their many funny stunts. The little unfortunates will be chaperoned by attendants from the various institutions and will be carefully seated and looked after in the big tents, by uniformed employees of the show.

The guests will also be asked to remain and see the after-show, on "Monkey theater," where they will see monckey comedians, baboon bicycle riders, aerialists, rope walkers, acrobats, the whole to conclude with the side-splitting one-act comedy, entitled: "Fun in a Barber Shop," where monkeys actually shave, shampoo and cut one another's hair. They will see "Monkavolo," the demon baboon in his mad dash around the centrifugal icop.

After the "monkey theater" the menagerie tents will be cleared and turned over to the invited ones, each of whom will be treated to a ride on a pony, elephant or dromedary.

Bishop McGolrick is elated over the prospect of a gala day for the children under his charge and promises to lead some fifty of them to the doors of the great animal college, while Mrs. S. R. Holden, president of the Children's Home, is delighted over the generous offer of the Gentrys and promises fifty more from that institution.

And the orphans will not have to walk to the show grounds either, for the street railway company, upon learning of the Gentry Brothers' kind invitation, comes forward with car tickets for the children and their attendants.

On Wednesday morning next, at half past ten, the four-footed actors, riding in or drawing cushioned chariots of red and gold, and all dressed up in the height of animal fashion, will come down town in a grand street parade. Needless to say the thoroughfare will be thronged with parents and children who have had a weary wait for the greatest family of animal actors the world has yet seen. Two performances will be given each day, Wednesday and Thursday, at 2 and 8 p. m. In case of rain people need not remain at home for the Gentry tents are waxed and parafined, and the interior is as dry as it would be under their own roofs.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

August Scott and Christina Anderson, of Lake county.

Frank Kelsey, of Lincoln, Neb., and Meta Stevenson.

John Sand, of Carlton county, and Harmon S. Anderson.

BIRTHS.

PETERSON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Peterson, of 1011 East Ninth street, June 20.

QUADERER—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Quaderer, of 2008 West Superior street, July 21.

DE WITT—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. James J. De Witt, of 2807 West Third street, July 21.

JOHNSON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred N. Johnson, of 1824 West Second street, July 15.

LUKEM—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Barney Lukem, of 2228 West Superior street, July 14.

GOYTDAHL—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Hans Goytdahl, of 1802 West Fourth street, July 16.

BROWN—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Brown, of 119 East Fifth street, July 17.

McBRIDE—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. W. J. McBride, of 717 East Fourth street, July 17.

GRANLUND—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Swan Granlund, of 2231 West Eleventh street, July 18.

SKAG—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Carl Skag, of 2116 West Fifth street July 20.

DEATHS.

DAY—Joseph, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Day, died July 21 of cholera infantum, at the home of his parents, 214 Twenty-eighth avenue west.

LARGEST STOCK OF MONUMENTS IN the city. P. N. Peterson Granite Co., Masonic Temple bldg., 203 E. Superior St.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

Baby's skin never chafes when harmless Satin Skin Cream is applied. It looks so good, baby wants to eat it. Cost 25c.

FOR RENT—THREE VERY NICE large, steam-heated rooms, bath, closet and reception hall, on second floor, over Chamberlain & Taylor's book store, 323 West Superior street. Desirable home for two young men. Inquire of John Megins, room 3.

WANTED—THREE TAILORS AND pressers. Rose Dye Works, 20 Third avenue west.

FOR RENT—FOUR NICE ROOMS, with convenience. 407 East First St.

WANTED—500 RAILROAD AND woodsmen laborers wanted for different points; good wages and good companies in Montana, Dakota, Minnesota and Wisconsin. Twenty-five men for steel gang $1.75 day. Western Employment Co., 502½ West Superior street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED WAREhouseman. Apply in person to J. W. Kreltter, Proctor, Minn.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS WITH electric light. Mrs. Ecker, 16 East Superior street.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL FOR restaurant. 525 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—FIFTY SHARES ALASKA Central at $7.25. D 92, Herald.

WANTED TO BUY — SECOND-HAND Singer sewing machine; must be cheap. Give description. D 91, Herald.

WANTED—BUTCHERS AND HANDY knife men to work in Chicago packing house. Inquire local office Armour Packing Co.

THE GARBAGE QUESTION SOLVED

The Domestic Garbage Burner company, of Kalamazoo, Michigan, will sell you a garbage burner that attaches to your kitchen range or cook stove, which will burn your potato parings, melon rinds, bones, sweepings, and refuse of all kinds, without odor or expense.

The device for gas or gasoline stoves has a water tank or warming oven attachment if desired and can be operated for LESS THAN ONE CENT A DAY.

Positively the greatest invention of the age.

Prices from $5.00 to $12.00 complete, depending on style.

Trial of 30 days given free.

Send for booklet and descriptive matter.

DOMESTIC GARBAGE BURNER CO.,
Kalamazoo, Michigan, U. S. A.

Baby Mine

Every mother feels a great dread of the pain and danger attendant upon the most critical period of her life. Becoming a mother should be a source of joy to all, but the suffering and danger incident to the ordeal makes its anticipation one of misery. **Mother's Friend** is the only remedy which relieves women of the great pain and danger of maternity; this hour which is dreaded as woman's severest trial is not only made painless, but all the danger is avoided by its use. Those who use this remedy are no longer despondent or gloomy; nervousness, nausea and other distressing conditions are overcome, the system is made ready for the coming event, and the serious accidents so common to the critical hour are obviated by the use of Mother's Friend. "It is worth its weight in gold," says many who have used it. $1.00 per bottle at drug stores. Book containing valuable information of interest to all women, will be sent to any address free upon application to

Mother's Friend

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

TREASURE AT JUDGE PARKER'S DOOR

That Is, It Was There Once, Till Old Scratch Himself Interfered — It Was Capt. Kidd's.

Kingston, N. Y., July 23.—Sitting upon the broad veranda of Rosemount, the beholder can see directly off to the southeast of Judge Alton B. Parker's home a long strip of green foliage and a rocky eminence rising directly from the bosom of the Hudson river. The piece of land is about half a mile long and probably one hundred feet in its greatest width.

It lies in the center of the Hudson river off Esopus and is, in fact, called Esopus Island. It is within the corporate limits of Ulster county and the jurisdiction of the town of Esopus. It is composed mostly of trap and sandstone rock. On the south end there is a cleft forming a landing place on a sandy beach where it is safe for boats to ride, while on the northern end of the island there is a formation shaped like a mackerel's tail, giving the island the appearance of a huge fish lying on the top of the water. Legend says that the island in early days was known from its peculiar formation as Fish Island.

The sides rise precipituously from water fully one hundred feet deep on both sides, and there is no place where a boat could land. The surface is covered with stunted oaks and a lone pie tree that has been on the island as long as the oldest inhabitant can remember. Near the north end is a smooth greensward, around which the great stones standing on edge form battlements and give the place the appearance of a fort. On the eastern edge of this green and level place stands the stunted pine, known far and wide as Capt. Kidd's tree.

Of late years there have been no more thrilling doings on the island than the slaughtering of myriads of clams brought from Barnegat for numberless clambakes and the occasional tapping of a keg of beer. But in times gone by the history of the island was more thrilling. When buccaneering was openly practised by the English and Dutch settlers against the rich cities of the hated Spanish hidalgos of the Antilles, Esopus Island was reputed to be one of the havens of Capt. Kidd and one of the many reputed hiding places of his treasure.

After the Revolutionary War, when the country was settling down to the pursuits of peace, a man dressed in the garb of a sailor stopped at the farm of one Abram Freer, some six miles from the Hudson river, and asked for rest and refreshment. He said he had walked from New Haven in Connecticut, where he had left his ship, just in from a voyage to the South seas.

He was invited to partake of the homely fare of the farm, but before partaking he informed the farmer that he had no money to pay for his entertainment, as he was penniless. He offered in payment an old Spanish silver watch which the farmer refused.

"The stranger within these gates," said the farmer, as the story goes, "shall never depart hungering as long as Brom Freer has a crust to divide with him."

That was all till after supper. Then, said the sailor, viewing his host thoughtfully:

"Did you ever hear of a Yankee schoolmaster in these parts who went by the name of Alexander Ingram?"

The farmer had not known of such a schoolmaster, though his curiosity was aroused by the question, as it had been already by the watch.

"If I can find him," said the sailor, "I would not thank King George to be my grandfather. With his help I could find a spot where Capt. Kidd has hidden treasures that would make me richer than the king of Spain."

The eyes of Farmer Freer grew wide at this and, naturally, he wanted to know more. The sailor said that the farmer seemed to be an honest man, and if he would help him find the old schoolmaster or some one who understood the secrets of the witch hazel divining rod and could work one, he would divide with him a part of the fabulous treasure when it was secured.

Now, the farmer knew the working of the mineral rod and said so. He had once found a lead mine in the hills of Esopus by its use. Then the sailor consented to tell his story in detail.

"My name," said he, "is John Wentworth, and I was born in New Bedford, in the colony in Massachusetts. I have followed the sea from childhood, first on a fishing vessel, later on a whaler; and since the war I have been on deep sea voyages all over the world. I have just returned from a voyage to Penang on the New Bedford ship Lady Percy, which is now discharging at New Haven.

"So much you know of me. On our outward bound voyage two years ago we had an old Spanish sailor aboard who was disliked by the crew. Rumor had it that he had been a pirate and had sailed with Capt. Kidd, and none of the crew would have anything to do with him. He was very old. One day when I spoke to him, he told me he was born in Cadiz and his name was Fernando Perez.

"Old Gernando was taken sick and lay in the bay all alone. I took pity on the old man and one day I went to the sick bay and asked if I could do anything for him. His eyes filled with tears and he asked me to go to the scuttle butt and bring him a drink of water. I did so, and after he had drunk it he said:

"Jack, you are the only person on this ship who has ever given me a kind word and I'm going to tell you something. I am over 100 years old, and God has prolonged my life until not one person in whose veins my blood runs is alive. I came from a noble family in Spain, and once had a beautiful wife and children, but I committed a crime and then I became a pirate. I sailed many years with Capt. Kidd and was one of his lieutenants, and when he sailed into the harbor of Cadiz and sank eight Spanish ships, it was to kidnap my wife and children at my request that he did it. My life, no doubt, has been prolonged to punish me for my crimes.

"Now I'm going to die and go to my reward. I have a paper here which I intended to keep on my person and allow it to be cast into the sea with me, but you have been kind to me and I give it to you. If you ever reach that part of the world again, observe the directions and you will find money enough to make you richer than the king of Spain."

The sailor handed to Farmer Freer a paper worn and stained with age. This, as the legend runs, was how it read:

"In the Name of the Powers of Darkness and Capt. Kidd. Amen.

"On Fish island, in the Hudson river, Dutch colony of New Netherlands, eighty-five miles from New Amsterdam, off the settlement or plantations of Esopus, lie six pots of Spanish gold and silver coin, jewels and precious stones and jewelry of great value, to the amount of over 1,000,000 doubloons. Each pot has an iron cover clamped on it to protect the contents from decay.

"In one of the pots is an agreement, written in the blood of the six men who buried the treasures. This agreement states that the treasures belong equally to the six persons who buried it, and that it is never to be digged up during the life of the six persons unless all are present and assist. And in case any of the six should die, the agreement holds good with the survivors. The last survivor, in case he shall not have the chance to reclaim the treasure himself during his lifetime, may reveal its hiding place to such person or persons as he may think proper, and they shall become its owners. And in the paper hidden in the pot, the powers of darkness, the Evil One, that is Satan, the Devil, has been invoked to keep guard over this money and visit with swift and sudden vengeance any one of the six who shall violate this agreement.

"The treasures were buried at the hour of midnight, and only at the hour of midnight can they be reclaimed. During the reclamation not one syllable or word must be spoken from the time the first spadeful of earth is turned, until a handful of money is taken out of one of the pots. This condition was imposed to prevent any unauthorized person getting possession of the money by accident.

"I am the last survivor of the six who buried this money, and I leave the great secret of this fabulous wealth to one who has been kind to me when the gates of eternity were opening to let me pass through. Intercede for me, Mary, Mother of Our Lord, that God be merciful to my soul. If he to whom I leave this great secret would obtain the prize he can do so by following these directions:

"Go to the south end of Fish island, where it is cleft like the jaws of a fish, and where good anchorage can be had for a boat. From high water mark run due north one quarter of a mile by the compass and you will find a natural stone wall, in which sets a stone with six horns, running due east and west. Measure from this another fifteen rods north by east and you will come to a stunted pine tree. From this pine tree throw a circle of 100 feet due west. Square this circle and use the mineral rod to find the four iron pots that cover the corners of an eight-foot square. Dig here and five feet below the surface you will strike a flat stone, and underneath this stone you will find the six pots of money and jewels spoken of.

"FERNANDO PEREZ."

The sailor then told the farmer that the strange old silver watch which had aroused his curiosity was given to him the night the old sailor died, and was buried at sea.

After the reading of the document, the farmer was silent for a moment. Then, as the story goes, he declared he didn't believe a word of it, but there was no harm in trying. He finally agreed that they should try to recover the money on the following Monday, it being then Friday, a day unpropitious to begin a new enterprise.

On Monday morning the sailor and the farmer, accompanied by a hired man, rowed away for Fish island. In the boat were mattocks, spades and witch hazel rods forked at the end. Following the directions on this paper they landed in the little bay formed by the fish's jaws, on the southern extremity of the island. The quarter of a mile due north was measured and the stone with six horns was found.

Fifteen rods north by east was measured and the line came to the stunted pine tree, still known as Capt. Kidd's tree. The circle of 100 feet was struck and squared and the mineral rod was manipulated by the farmer. At four corners of what, when measured, proved to be a square of eight feet, the mineral rod pulled and twisted so the farmer could hardly hold it. These points were staked and the trio returned to their boat to wait for midnight.

Precisely at the hour of midnight they began to dig. As a precaution to silence so they would not speak while digging, they had securely gagged themselves.

But after they started digging the wind began to blow in a frightful gale. The rain began to fall in torrents and the thunder to crash and peal as if heaven and earth were coming together. The very demons of the bottomless lake of fire and brimstone seemed to have been loosed as the lightning filled the air with a never-ceasing sheet of flame. The powers of darkness were no doubt trying to scare off the money diggers.

The money diggers kept on. Soon they began to uncover a flat stone. They finally raised this and by the use of a wand which each tried they felt underneath six hard objects, which must have been the six pots of money. Then they got a stick under the lid and heard the money jingling.

Just as they heard this jingle, horrible shapes began to circle around the pit and fill the air with frightful shrieks and howls, snapping at the diggers like famished wolves. When they were about to set the stone on edge the hired man dodged what he later said was a thunderbolt. The stone slipped and he went down on his knees supporting the slab.

At that moment the shapes that had been circling about the pit disappeared and a man came up and asked if they did not want a lift. The hired man, who had taken out his gag, spoke.

That moment the huge stone flew out of the pit like a shingle tossed by the wind, carrying the three money diggers with it. They picked themselves up, ran for their boat and jumped in, rowed hastily out on the river.

While they were digging and when they were thrown out of the pit the rain had been falling in torrents, a tornado was blowing, and thunder was crashing and lightning flashing with terrific violence, but as they rowed out on the Hudson they were surprised to observe a cloudless sky, a bright and pacid moon shining and the surface of the river without a ripple.

Then they came to the conclusion that the stranger who came to the edge of the pit could have been none other than Satan himself. They went home, but the next day returned to the island and visited the scene of their labors of the night before. They found their tools scarred and burned as if they had been in a forge and the flat stone lying full forty feet from the edge of the pit. In the bottom of the pit were six round holes badly stained with iron rust where the pots of money had been.

Since that day there has hardly been a foot of earth on Esopus Island that has not been turned over by adventurous money hunters who had hoped to find a fortune in Capt. Kidd's buried treasure. There is no chronicle extant of any one having found any, but maybe, since it lies almost at the yard door of the Democratic candidate for the presidency of the United States, and Judge Parker is notoriously lucky he might, if he would go digging, have a better chance.



POLICEMAN RUNS AMUCK

Guardian of Peace of Scanlon Smashes Several Windows.

Scanlon, Minn., July 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—One of the guardians of the peace of Scanlon, Joseph Derner, succumbed to the wine when it was red early this morning and started in on a regular Carrie Nation crusade against the windows of the thriving little village. Charles Turner's saloon was the first place to receive his attention. The big windows in front of the building were demolished and then Derner journeyed to A. Wuval's residence, where he smashed several other panes of glass. He was finally taken into custody by one of the other members of the force and confined in the jail at Carlton.

Complete Housefurnishers. **French & Bassett** DULUTH, MINN. Cor. 1st Street and 3d Ave. W.

The Big Housefurnishing Store, The Store of Big Values and Little Prices—the Place to Buy

Furniture, Carpets, Draperies, Housefurnishings and Stoves.

Where everything is newest and best—where you are afforded prompt and courteous treatment. Where the constant aim of all concerned is "PLANNING TO PLEASE THE PEOPLE."

Center Tables $1.15.

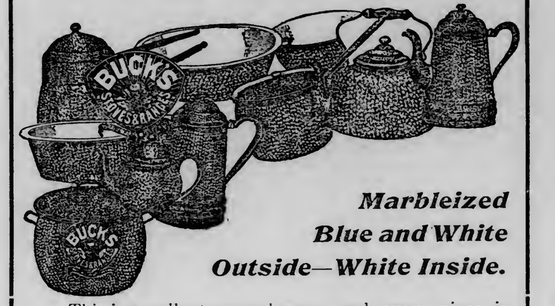


These are heavy solid Oak Center Tables—golden finish—have extra heavy turned legs—and shelf below. Top is 24x24 inches with moulded rim—the sort priced at $2.50 in the ordinary store.

Porch Furniture "Old Hickory" and

other very desirable makes in these seasonable goods. A large variety of Rockers — Chairs — Settees — Swings, etc., in the natural woods, and in green and red. Prices are one of their strongest attractions.

Big Values in Enameled Ware.



Marbleized Blue and White Outside—White Inside.

This is excellent enamel ware, and every piece is guaranteed. There is an easy saving on this lot of 50 per cent. You'll be sorry, indeed, if you miss taking advantage of such offerings.

The goods are not inferior grades, but well worth double the money.

Tea Pots

1½-quart size	18c
2-quart size	28c
3-quart size	38c

Coffee Pots

1½-quart size	18c
2-quart size	28c
3-quart size	38c

Tea Kettles

No. 7 only	58c
No. 8 only	68c
No. 9 only	78c
10-quart Water Pails	48c
12-quart Water Pails	58c

Chiffonier $4.75



Made of solid oak — in golden finish—have five large roomy drawers—neat shaped and swell top—neat, brass trimmings. An excellent Chiffonier and would be considered cheap in other stores at double the money.

Buy now—Pay later.

Try our "Easy Payment Plan;" it is here for your convenience and use—use it freely. Terms will be arranged to meet your convenience on any amount of goods you may wish to purchase.

Open a Charge Account With Us!

Let Us Serve You Often. We Will Serve You Well.

THE LABOR WORLD

Meeting of the Federated Trades Assembly Was Uneventful.

Labor Day Picnic Likely to Be at Zenith Park.

Duluth trades and labor unions will meet the coming week as follows:

Stone masons, Monday evening in Axa building, 302 West Superior street.

Tug firemen and linemen, Monday evening in the Hunter block.

Plasterers, Monday evening in Kalamazoo block.

Butchers, Tuesday evening in Kalamazoo block.

Machinists, Tuesday evening in Ajax building.

Sheet metal workers, Tuesday evening in Kalamazoo block.

Steamfitters, Tuesday evening in Hunter block.

Cooks and waiters, Tuesday evening in Kalamazoo block.

Stationary firemen, Tuesday evening in Manhattan building, room 504.

Painters, decorators and paperhangers, Tuesday evening in Kalamazoo block.

Carpenters, Tuesday evening in Kalamazoo block.

Plumbers, Thursday evening at room 60, Lyceum building.

Builders' Laborers' union, Thursday evening at 221 West Superior street.

• • •

The regular meeting of the Federated Trades' assembly in Kalamazoo hall last night was an uneventful one, and no business of more than ordinary importance was transacted. A brief discussion as to the respective merits of different sites for the holding of the Labor day picnic bid fair to become heated, but it was nipped in the bud by President Pereault, who informed the delegates that all such discussion before the assembly at this time would be useless and count for nothing, for the matter rested entirely with the joint Labor day committee from the assembly and Building Trades' council for decision.

• • •

Unions reported on the condition of trade as follows: Bakers and confectioners, fair; barbers, fair; butchers, fair; carpenters, fair; cigarmakers, dull; iron molders, dull; leather workers, fair; machinists, dull; printers, fair; painters, decorators and paperhangers, dull; tinners, fair.

• • •

Several newly elected delegates to the assembly from different unions about the city handed in their credentials and were obligated, as follows: Edward G. Wright, freight handlers; Paul Bolleau, Hilbert Jeronimus, Louis Burnam, sheet metal workers; James Plant, barber; Frank Boreen, Joseph Pringle, S. S. McDonald, machinists; Charles J. Thoma, carpenters.

• • •

A communication from Rochester, New York, was read. It was to the effect that it had been wrongly reported that the trouble between the clothing manufacturers and employees of that place had been settled, and stated that the strike and boycott were still in existence.

• • •

Edward Schubisky and Mr. Morton resigned as members of the Labor day committee, because of the fact that they were to be absent from the city, and President Pereault appointed Joseph Shartel, a cigar maker, and S. S. McDonald, machinist, to fill the vacancies.

• • •

The committee at a previous meeting to confer with the Schulze Bros. company regarding the difficulty existing between them and their employes reported that nothing had been accomplished thus far in the way of a settlement. They said that only six of the original twelve strikers now remained in the city, and further stated that the wage scale offered by the firm was satisfactory to all concerned, but that the strikers were holding out for minor concessions, which the employers claimed had been granted by shops in no other cities. Mr. Schulze, they said, had expressed his willingness to meet with another committee from the Leather Workers' union. A special meeting of the union will be held next week, and this matter will be taken up. Mr. Schulze prefers that the committee be made up entirely of strikers, while none of them was on the first grievence committee calling on him.

• • •

President Henry Pereault read a comprehensive report as to what occurred at the recent convention of the Minnesita State Federation of Labor at New Ulm. The report was signed by the five delegates to the convention from the Duluth Federated Trades assembly.

• • •

President Pereault announced the following standing committees:

Organization—J. A. Baron, T. G. Freshney, Joseph Shartel, S. S. McDonald and J. Baker.

City council—A. V. Johnson, Stans Smith and E. Nelson.

Publication and lecture—George Skinner, William Elliott, A. Northfield.

• • •

Present indications point very favorably to Zenith park as a place for holding the Labor day picnic. Some committee members object to this spot, however, on the ground that the grounds are too far from the center of the city, and too difficult to reach, because of the shallow water surrounding the island on which the park is situated.

• • •

W. C. Walsh, first vice grand master of the Railway Switchmen's union, will address an open meeting in Sloan's hall, corner Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, Sunday evening. Mr. Walsh resides in Buffalo.

• • •

The Superior Trades and Labor assembly elected the following officers at its last meeting: President, Jacob Weir; vice president, F. J. Adams; secretary, R. B. Grant; treasurer, Jospeh Buckley; sergeant, Nelson During.

• • •

J. W. Richardson began work last Wednesday morning soliciting advertisements for the Labor day program.

• • •

G. Sims, delegate from the Longshoremen's union, local No. 12, to the convention of the national order at Milwaukee, has returned to Duluth. He says the meeting was a successful one in all particulars.

• • •

The butchers have decided to hold their annual picnic at Zenith park on Sunday, Aug. 7.

• • •

Henry Pereault, president of the Duluth Federated Trades assembly, has been invited to deliver the Labor day oration at Brainerd. Mr. Pereault is as yet undecided on the matter, and cannot state just now whether or not the invitation will be accepted. Other business may interfere. The Duluth labor leader is known as an eloquent speaker, thoroughly posted on subjects of interest to organized labor, and his addresses are always of the sort that hold the undivided and earnest attention of his audience.

HEALTH FOR A QUARTER

A Box of Tiny Spheres Which Produce a Rapid Gain In Health and Strength.

A Safe, Reliable Laxative That Does Not Irritate Any Organ.

One of the most important things for everybody to learn is that constipation causes more than half the sickness of men and women; and it can all be prevented. Beecham's Pills cure constipation and its consequences.

They do not purge, but under their use the liver and bowels gradually resume their normal functions.

Beecham's Pills cure Bilious and Nervous Disorders, Indigestion, Dull Headache, Colic, Cramps, Backache, Heaviness, Nightmare, Hot and Throbbing Head, Coldness of Hands and Feet, and Female Ailments. They cost only a quarter a box, but they are worth their weight in gold.

EXCURSION TONIGHT

Schooley's Young Men's Band will give excursions every Wednesday and Saturday nights on the steamer Mabel Bradshaw, leave Singer's dock, foot Lake avenue, 8:30 p. m. Tickets 25 cents.

ACID CAUSED HER DEATH

Belle Gagnon's Effort to Suicide Proves to Be Successful.

Belle Gagnon, the 16-year-old Duluth girl who drank carbolic acid yesterday afternoon in a Superior resort, died shortly after 3 o'clock.

The keeper of the house, Belle Kline, has been arrested by the police, it being claimed that she allowed the girl, who was under 17 years of age, to go back to the house after she knew her age. The woman claims that she was ignorant of the girl's age and that she did not know the girl had been allowed to return to get her clothes, which was the excuse she gave the police officers.

The girls parents reside at 1415 West Michigan street, instead of West Duluth as stated in The Herald last evening.

Partnership Dissolved.

By order of Judge Dibell, filed yesterday afternoon, the contracting firm of King & Steele, of this city, is dissolved. The court orders that Hugh F. Steele, who instituted action against his partner George R. King for an accounting of the partnership affairs, is entitled to $169.18 out of the funds turned over to the clerk of district court by the receiver, W. P. Lardner. The net assets from the settlement of the firm's affairs, and sale of property, were $594.81.

FRANK GRAM IS AT ELY

Missing Salt Lake City Man Is Known to Be There.

Through the story published in The Herald concerning the disappearance of Frank Gram, he has been located at Ely.

Gram has not communicated with his employers since June 20, and as he had a considerable sum of money in his possession and more due him from the firm, it was feared he had met with foul play or a serious accident. He has been seen during the past few days in Ely, however, and while he could not be found last evening to be interviewed by a Herald correspondent in regard to the cause of his failure to communicate with his employers, he is known to be in Ely, alive and in good health.

Chief Troyer, who was asked to search for the missing man by his employers in Salt Lake City, will answer giving the present address of the man.

DIVORCE SOUGHT.

Mrs. Lena Smith Makes Charges Against Husband.

Mrs. Lena Smith has instituted an action for divorce from John Smith, in district court. The grounds for the petition are alleged to be excessive use of intoxicating liquors and cruel treatment. She desires an absolute divorce and permission to resume her maiden name.

The complaint states that they were married in Waukesha, Wis., in 1893, and have no children. Mrs. Smith has two children by a former marriage.

Mrs. Smith claims that her husband abused her so that one time she left him, and went to her parents, but they were afterward reunited until he assaulted her and threatened to leave her and marry a woman acquaintance on the range. She claims Smith is a mechanic and earns good wages.

PERRY WINS KING'S PRIZE.

Bisley, England, July 23.—Private Perry, Canada, won the King's prize with a score of 321 points.

And the **Puddings** made from **Grape-Nuts** are delicious, besides one gets the sure rebuilding result of that famous food.

"There's a Reason."

World's Fair Exhibit, Space 103, Agricultural Building.

THE EVENING HERALD
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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

TO SUBSCRIBERS:
It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both old and new addresses.

WHAT AILS DULUTH?

Is the Duluth building inspection department satisfied to trail along in the rear of the procession, or is the city too poor to keep itself in the forefront of progress?

This question is suggested by a letter just received from the secretary of the International Society of State and Municipal Building Commissioners and Inspectors, wherein the statement is made that the building inspector of Duluth has not only failed to become a member of this organization, but has not even thought it worth while to take any interest in the matter.

Some time ago The Herald gave an outline of the organization and purposes of the society in these columns. The society was organized as an educational aid to the state and municipal officers in charge of building, and as part of a propaganda for better construction and the lessening of the really sinful fire losses in our cities. The building inspectors of some municipalities have not yet joined this society, though they have received several most cordial invitations so to do; some represent cities too niggardly to appropriate the money for the membership fee and the necessary traveling expenses incurred in sending them to meetings, etc.; others enjoy so short a tenure of office they deem it not worth while to join now, and still others there may even be, who do not take enough interest in their cities' welfare to aid in any such movement.

To which class does Duluth belong? Of this city the secretary writes: "The building inspector, city engineer, fire marshal, or whoever is charged with the care and supervision of the buildings and with the enforcement of the building laws of your city, has not yet become a member of this society, nor, as far as we know officially, shown the slightest interest in the concerted movement being made toward the improvement of existing conditions."

Considering the sickening loss of life every year caused by inadequate and faulty building ordinances and inspection it would seem as though the city government would be glad of an opportunity to co-operate in a movement so vitally affecting the public welfare. Instead of being an unwilling laggard in the rear, Duluth should be a leader in this movement. The building inspectors of both St. Paul and Minneapolis are members and officers of the society.

The Herald's local columns yesterday called attention to a theater in this city which is very unsafe. It is claimed that under the existing fire ordinance no change can be enforced at this place because it is not arranged to seat 500 persons or more. If that is so it is time the ordinance was remodeled.

For some time the society above named has been working on a model ordinance for building inspection, and the municipal government of the city of Cleveland has given its endorsement by making this ordinance a law. If the Duluth city council considers the city too poor to pay the cost of taking part in the deliberations of this society, it might at least interest itself in its work and endeavor to profit by what is learned.

There should be no more Iroquois theater horrors in this country nor any similar holocausts that could be prevented by intelligent building inspection. With the warnings already given, if there are such affairs in the future the officers of the cities in which they occur will be morally responsible for the loss of life. They ought to be made legally responsible as well.

POOR TIME TO STRIKE.

Whenever it is suggested that strikes are often instigated by the officers of corporations, for the purposes of throwing upon the shoulders of the laboring men the blame for closing down of factories during dull business seasons and for the gaining of other financial advantages there are always people ready to pooh-hooh the idea.

Yet there can be little doubt in the minds of observing people that such is the fact. The Brooklyn Eagle, which never could be accused of partiality toward organized labor, brings this testimony:

"The annual strike is on among the cloak makers of New York. This is the time of year to look for it. Trade falls off, and it is strongly suspected that the heads of the wholesale houses call the walking delegate into their presence, salve his itching palm with a few hundred dollars and tell him to order out their employes. This is cheaper than paying them to make what is not likely to be sold."

The statement has been made that there would have been no strike of lake captains and mates last spring but for the fact that the vessel men desired to tie up their boats for a time so as to hold up lake freight rates, and could not think of any better plan than to have it appear that the tie-up was caused by a strike of the captains and pilots.

It is also apparent that a strike was a welcome thing to the meat combine at this time. Business was dull and a surplus was accumulating. In order to work it off in regular way it would be necessary to reduce prices. Rather than do this they began laying off men and curtailing employment so much that the employes could not make both ends meet. A strike naturally followed and as a result the packers are enabled to work off their surplus stock at higher prices on account of the scare occasioned by the strike and also to reduce the prices they must pay for cattle, hogs and sheep. Furthermore, they had reason to believe that as a result of a strike they would be able to run in a lot of non-union strike-breakers and thus beat down the wages of the union men. They appear to have accomplished the purpose. After agreeing to reinstate the strikers pending arbitration, when the men returned to work they found that less than half of them were needed and consequently declared the strike on again.

It is reasonable to presume that they will lose. Union labor is very silly to do its striking at a time when business is dull and idle men are numerous.

KRUGER'S WORDS COME TRUE.

The absolute failure of the British government's administration in South Africa is emphasized by William T. Stead, the eminent English editor, in a paper written for the Saturday Evening Post. Mr. Stead lays the entire blame upon the shoulders of Lord Milner, the British high commissioner. He knows Milner well because he was engaged for years as his associate in the editorial department of the Pall Mall Gazette.

Milner is rather German than English. He was born in Germany of a German father and Irish mother, absorbed German ideas and is socialistic in his sympathies. But he finished his education in England, and through his editorial conection with the Pall Mall Gazette became interested in politics, which finally landed him in South Africa.

Stead says he warned Milner when he went to South Africa by all means not to provoke a war with the Boers. But that is just exactly what he did do. Why? Let Stead tell it:

"He had willed war, and he had the war that he willed. But why did he will war? The real inner thought of Lord Milner, as expressed by him in a journalistic memorandum circulated among his friends before the war, was somewhat as follows: 'In South Africa we stand at the parting of the ways. We have to choose (1) between seeing South Africa develop under conditions which will repeat there the armed anarchy of Europe, in which rival states will each maintain armed forces behind frontiers grinning with cannon, or (2) taking such steps as will secure the creation of a South Africa federated like the United States, within whose boundaries there will be no hostile frontiers, no menacing military armaments. After the Jameson raid the Transvaal has armed. It is no use discussing whether the raid did or did not justify them in arming. As a matter of history they have armed. What must we do? We can maintain our position either by adopting a policy of competitive armaments, or we can, by a hard, swift blow, disarm the Transvaal, and so pave the way for a South African federation free from the scourge of militarism.'"

His ideals were high, you say? Perhaps yes. But can a man of high ideals provoke a bloody war as he did, and sacrifice thousands of lives and millions of treasure and then lose the advantage gained by methods of administration that practically nullify the effects of the war? Lord Milner is either a monster or an incapable. How he provoked the war bears witness to the absolute cold-blooded cruelty of his nature. Mr. Stead says:

"The psychological moment had come. The press was to be tuned. The colonial secretary had to be squeezed. Public opinion had to be manipulated. Public meetings were to be called to listen to the woes of the uitlanders. Emissaries were dispatched to the colonies to arouse patriotism by harrowing accounts of indignities heaped by the Boers upon their British fellow-subjects. In short, Lord Milner, with his lieutenants in the press and on the platform, carried on a campaign throughout the empire in favor of war which was crowned with brilliant success. At the same time he not less adriotly inflamed the suspicions and irritated the prejudices of the Boers so as to render it easy for him to make a diplomatic settlement impossible."

And this is the kind of man our American imperialists howled themselves hoarse over. The fact is that he was using the British nation as a cats paw to establish the United States of South Africa. If he had left the Boers alone they would have accomplished the same object. But Milner was in a hurry and he wanted his empire without Dutch domination. He has established his empire, but he has not yet rid himself of Boer domination. Paul Kruger's belief that his cause would yet triumph in South Africa is yet to be substantiated, but the chances are that it will be. Already the colonies are overburdened with debt, millions of pounds have been spent in unprofitable colonization schemes and Milner's educational projects have driven the Boers to forsake the state schools and establish private schools of their own, where their children will not be denationalized.

"The fact is that Lord Milner is butting his head against a stone wall," says Mr. Stead. "The Dutch may be led; they can never be driven. So far, the net result of his Anglicizing experiments, from the war downward, has been to kindle to white heat the passion of Dutch national feeling. A new high commissioner may do something with them. Lord Milner, alike from his record and from his character, is doomed to hopeless failure."

If the British flag is kept flying in South Africa it must be as a result of undoing all the work already accomplished. The task is evidently too great for the decaying British empire. It is a case of the survival of the fittest. In South Africa the Boers are the most fit.

THE FIELD SURVEY

Uncle Joe Cannon has a big surprise up his sleeve for President Roosevelt. He is soon going to notify the latter that he has been nominated for president. Since Judge Parker, through his famous telegram, has already recognized the fact that he has been nominated by the Democrats, the surprise of his notification will not be so startling.

* * *

Not a single case of lockjaw so far reported in Duluth this year as a result of the Fourth of July celebration, and only one severe accident on that day, is indeed a splendid record. The city ordinance prohibiting the sale of dynamite canes, toy pistols and cannon crackers had much to do with bringing about this happy result. Duluth has provided for a sane observance of Independence day.

* * *

The biggest tree in the Yosemite valley is dying and there appears to be no way to prevent it. It is known as Grizzly King and is over 264 feet high, having a circumference of 91 feet at its base. It is now 18 feet out of plum and an attempt will be made to hold it up with cables and props. How silly. This is a world of changes. All things in nature must die. The idea of propping up a decaying tree is like mummifying the human body. It can do no good.

* * *

Only kindly words are spoken of the late Samuel M. Jones, the "Golden Rule" mayor of Toledo. Everywhere his genuine worth and sterling purpose are recognized. The New York World, for example, says of him: "Samuel M. Jones belonged to that school of earnest, honest, impractical reformers of which the late Governor Pingree of Michigan was the most conspicuous example." As The Herald has previously remarked, to some minds anything that it proposed by an earnest and honest man is impractical. Governor Pingree's reforms and "Golden Rule" Jones' reforms were very practical, as has already been demonstrated.

* * *

Ion Perdicaris, the "American citizen" who is now engaged as Raisuli's advance agent and promoter, gives his chief another boost in his campaign for the governorship of a large portion of Morocco territory. As an example of strenuous strenuosity, Bandit Raisuli is entitled to the admiration and support of our own illustrious executive. Raisuli does things. Roosevelt ought to send over another fleet. This time, though, instead of the demand "Perdicaris alive or Raisuli dead," Secretary Hay should write a note like this: "Raisuli governor and Perdicaris secretary of state."

* * *

More than 100 of the Porto Rican teachers who recently came to this country to attend summer school and learn American methods, have been made ill by eating hash made from tainted meat, no doubt fixed up with preservatives after it had rotted in the market. The people of Duluth run similar risks every day of their lives. The state food laws are such that the butcher can snap his fingers in the face of the inspector.

TALKS WITH THE STATE PRESS.

Speaking of the evident purpose of the people of Two Harbors to annex themselves to Duluth, the News of that place says:

The Herald adds insult to injury. Its insinuation that the people of Two Harbors go to Duluth to trade or even so desire, is a base slander. Can The Herald cite an instance where any one of our people have been so disloyal to home interests as to turn their money into the coffers of Duluth houses? Our people are emphatically home traders, and the fact that they are even compelled to go through Duluth when they have business beyond, gives them great concern. Isn't it a fact that the coaches on the Duluth & Iron Range trains between here and Duluth are practically empty, and that the management of the road is compelled to put on a chair car to induce them to make the trip, even on passes!

* * *

"Max Axelwax is building a large building on his farm fifteen miles from town, which will be equipped with hardwood floors," says the Beaver Bay Advocate. It is presumed that Max Axelwax'll wax 'em.

* * *

WILL SEE PA FIRST.

Beaver Bay Advocate: Professor Gray will visit his former pupil, Miss Lizzie Hangartner, who is a nurse at the Bellevue hospital, New York, after his visit to Pa.

* * *

How cemeteries could be put to good use is thus suggested by the Princeton Union:

Duluth is getting to be so healthy that very few seem to be dying up there. They will soon be using the cemeteries for parks. Great city that.

* * *

If further evidence were needed of the beneficent effects of the circus, the following from the Wadena Pioneer-Journal will supply the need:

Probably the largest amount of business ever done in one day was done here circus day. The local business men report the largest day's sales they have ever made. There was more money left in the city by visitors than was taken out by the show. It was pay day for the show people and they made many purchases themselves. The saloons took in a large amount of money and averaged about $200 each on the sales. The numerous stands took in large amounts of money. The deposits at the banks the next day showed up great and were perhaps the largest they have been for some time.

After stating that in its belief the circus not only breaks the monotony of farm life and fills the people with hope and joy, but prevents many from becoming insane through monotony and hard work, the Fergus Falls Free Press says:

We can see no need of a license whatever. The circus is a great attraction and should be let in free.

Now what have those aldermen got to say who wanted to raise the license fee in Duluth?

IF YOU DO NOT KNOW, YOU OUGHT TO KNOW:

That unless something unforeseen happens we will have 13,000,000 bales of cotton this season, 2,000,000 more than the banner year of '97 yielded. August is a trying month; however. Sully's crash brought cotton down from 17 to 11 cents, but at that rate—$450,000,000—the country is even better off than had the boom kept up. The demand for cotton would have been lighter.

* * *

That it is expected that our corn crop will equal 2,537,000,000 bushels this year.

* * *

That all the returns are in for the Fourth of July and there were 25 killed and 1384 people wounded as part of our festive commemoration of the Declaration of Independence. In Chicago there were 115 alarms of fire that day, 14 more than last year, but the dead and wounded list shows a very marked falling off from former years. There is even hope of the foolish and dangerous practices sacred to that date falling into innocuous desuetude.

* * *

That 9,000,000 acres of public lands in Nebraska, Wyoming and South Dakota have just been opened. That about winds up the opening of Federal lands in this country. Incidentally, it may not be amiss to mention the fact that 99,000 homeseekers have gone from the United States into Canada, where there are still millions upon millions of available public lands and all sorts of governmental inducements offered to people to settle.

HOTEL GOSSIP

S. W. Wall, of San Francisco, who was in the city the past week, paid his first visit to Duluth in seven years and found many changes, as the city has improved a great deal since the last time he stopped here in 1897. Mr. Wall is a cousin of F. Howard Rogers, of the Oliver Iron Mining company, and has been all over the world.

For a number of years he has been a special correspondent of the Morning Call, San Francisco, and the past session of congress was stationed in the national capital as congressional correspondent of the paper. Mr. Wall made his trip around the world with George Francis Train, the peculiar philanthropist, who died some time ago. This trip was made by the two men in the interest of the city of Tacoma, Wash., to advertise the town, which was growing at a lively rate at that time, which was about fifteen years ago. It was intended by the two men to make the tour in sixty days and thus break all previous records, but the itinerary was scheduled a little too closely for them to achieve it. However, they did get back to Tacoma in 67 days, just seven days more than they had expected to consume.

Mr. Wall speaks in the highest terms of the late Mr. Train, and says that while he was undoubtedly an eccentric man, he was as steadfast a friend as any man could be. It was not everybody who knew how best to get along with him, but if Mr. Train was friendly to any man, he could not do too much for him.

* * *

"Did you see that man looking over the register?" asked the clerk at the McKay.

"You didn't? Well, you should have seen him, for it was mighty interesting. He came in here yesterday, and this morning he cannot find his room without looking for the number on the register. You don't need to think that he has had more than he should, for he was sober yesterday when he come in and he is sober again this morning, so I judge he has been sober all the time. But he cannot remember the number of his room.

"Some people's memories, you know, are just about the length of some reporters' pencils, and it's always a wonder to me that some people think to eat their meals or put their clothes on when they get out of bed, judging from the way they act now and then. Take that man, for instance, and you might say he was very forgetful, but he is not a circumstance to some we have here occasionally. It reminds me of the story an old hotel clerk told me once.

"It was of a married couple that came to a hotel and took a room. In the morning following their arrival the husband went out and the hotel people had not known of his departure until his wife came to the office and wanted to know if he had been seen. He had told her he was going out for a while and would be back. She wanted to know how long he would be away and he said not longer than fifteen minutes. When she applied at the office, she said he had been gone over two hours. Time wore on and she grew pretty nearly frantic and no sign of her husband. They notified the police to pacify her but the clerks though he might have stayed too long in some saloon, but thought it would be well to notify the police to pacify the wife.

"In the afternoon the husband walked into the office and wanted to know where his wife was. He was told she was looking for him. He said it was mighty funny, because he had been in his room for over four hours, he said. He had gone out and when he returned he had found his wife gone, laid down for a nap and overslept himself. It was found that when he had come back to the hotel he had gone into the wrong room. He had forgotten the number of his room."

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Frank and child, of St. Paul, are at the Spalding.

* * *

Jean Talboys, of Eveleth, is a St. Louis arrival.

* * *

Among the guests at the McKay are Mr. and Mrs. Conway, of Blackduck.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Deming and child, of Minneapolis, are Spalding guests.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. M. T. Savage, of Virginia, are at the St. Louis.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Clark and daughters, Helen and Charlotte, of Hudson, are among the Spalding's recent comers.

* * *

Miss Maud Trembly and Mrs. Runnells, of Argyle, are at the McKay.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. O. W. Erickson, of Cloquet, are St. Louis guests.

* * *

At the McKay are Mr. and Mrs. W. Wright, of Hibbing.

* * *

Mrs. S. W. Campbell, of Hudson, are at the St. Louis.

* * *

Mrs. James Semple, of Langdon, is stopping at the Spalding.

* * *

Among the guests at the McKay are Mr. and Mrs. O. Halvorsette, of Stephens.

* * *

At the Spalding are Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Heeson, of Tecumseh.

* * *

Kennedy people in Duluth at present include Mr. and Mrs. A. Andrews, at the St. Louis.

* * *

C. H. McLellan and S. I. Kimball, of Washington, D. C., who were in Duluth yesterday, are connected with the lighthouse service, Mr. McLellan as general superintendent and Mr. Kimball as inspector. They stopped in Duluth only for a day, and their departure was for Seattle, where they go to inspect the government lighthouses on the Pacific coast. Mr. McLellan is an old time friend of Captain Ray T. Lewis, of this city. They were boys together and attended the same school in New England two decades since.

* * *

At the St. Louis: C. R. Woods, Chisholm; G. H. Singleton, Aitkin; J. E. St. George, Two Harbors; W. Wearne, Hibbing; Odric Leclaire, Two Harbors; D. J. Henry, Minneapolis; F. B. Rossom, Virginia; J. W. Madden, Dedham; Louis G. Jenks, Virginia; Adolph Heubek, Voss, N. D.; A. E. Shipley, Virginia; E. P. Hamre, Manuel, N. D.; M. E. Brinkman, Bemidji; Scott Riddell, Oscar and Theodore Nelson, Hallock; S. M. Nelson, Kennedy; E. A. Ingeman, Flat Rock; Leona Neveux, Grand Rapids; C. J. Reynolds, Grand Forks; F. A. McHugh, Cobasset; C. W. Forrest, Grand Rapids; Etta Greenberg, Grand Forks; O. H. Halvorson, B. F. Munroe, Crookston; John Hemin, Michigan, N. D.; H. B. Allen, Cloquet; M. Trewhella, Hibbing; L. R. Larson Erskine; G. C. Monroe, Crookston; C. A. Remington, Hibbing; M. E. Carson, Bemidji; H. W. Cable, Two Harbors; W. M. O'Neil, Washburn; T. J. Connor, St. Paul; John A. Healy, Hibbing; Frank Benoit, Crookston; S. W. Tredway, Montevideo; W. J. Leland, Oshkosh; O. E. Erickson, Ely; A. E. Rydell, St. Paul.

At the Spalding: D. O. Anderson, Virginia; F. D. McAnulty, C. R. Kellerman, G. H. Warren, F. W. Cappelen, Andrew Rinker, E. G. Everett, Minneapolis; William, Annie and Jennie Nelson, E. H. Nyhus, C. F. Magnusson, St. Paul; William McLaughlin, Fergus Falls; Charles A. Robbeskl, Philip J. Zek, Thief River Falls; C. F. Slee, Warren; Oscar Fredricks, Crookston; E. Y. Chilton, Harvard Lake; George T. Salem, Oshkosh; O. B. Osborn, Beloit; F. W. Hellman, Naperville, Ill.; A. W. Clark, Green Bay.

At the McKay: W. G. Spence, Spring Valley; C. F. Maxfield, La Crosse; W. W. Rogers, J. L. Hart, Minneapolis; G. C. Kensal, F. A. Hillis, J. E. Allen, St. Paul; L. Ulstrup, Kennedy; J. E. Morehouse, Grand Forks; Ole Berg, Grand Rapids; George Clarkson, Bemidji; Louis Westman, Warren; Charles Roemer, Cass Lake; O. H. Camp, Dugdale; E. C. Jackson, Sundahl; W. N. Privet, Grand Falls; Theodore Holly, Mahlomesi, John E. Crawford, Grand Rapids; W. M. Ross, Bemidji; J. B. Ries, Shakopee.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Cleanliness is next to godliness, but it is a long way from the bathtub to church.

A small cradle that is rocked by the hand contains the force that rules the world.

A small boy has an idea that in the Inquisition the chief instrument of torture was the tooth brush.

An ugly girl inherits a lot of good looks when a rich relative dies and leaves her some money.

It is much more impudent to ask a girl for a kiss than to apologize for doing it without asking.

TWENTY YEARS AGO IN DULUTH

Taken From the Columns of The Herald of This Date, 1884.

***D. B. Searle, of New York, is at the St. Louis.

***Charles E. Porter has been up to Vermilion for the past four days.

***Miss May Randall, of Chicago, is visiting her sister, Mrs. H. R. Armstrong, of Rice's Point.

***Louis Quinn, an engineer connected with the Duluth & Winnipeg road, has returned to the city.

***Mrs. George Haman and Miss Minnie Haman, of Two Harbors, are in town.

***Mrs. M. J. Miller started East yesterday to visit friends and relatives at Dansville, N. Y.

***Regular trains between Two Harbors and Tower will begin running on the Iron Range road in about two weeks. The road has made contracts with the Wilson line of steamers for carrying ore to Ohio points.

***A picnic party, headed for Fond du Lac, went on to Thomson instead, on account of the rain, took possession of a section of the planing mill and had a good time.

***M. P. Finucan challenges A. E. Townsend for a 100-yard race next Saturday evening for $50 a side.

***A meeting of the chamber of commerce was called by M. A. Hays, secretary, for July 23 to arrange for entertainment of the Minnesota Editorial association, which will be here on July 30.

***A new restaurant has been started at Rice's Point in the old Keystone saloon building. The proprietors are from Michigan.

***Superior street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues east, is being graded with beach gravel.

***The new school at Rice's Point is ready for the painters. S. M. Pelton, the contractor, says the building will be completed by Aug. 15.

***There was a dance at Brousseau's on Minnesota Point last night.

***An excellent portrait in oil of Hon. J. D. Ray is being framed at La Vaque's preparatory to being placed on exhibition by the artist, J. W. Trassler.

***A gentleman from Fargo, J. J. Wiggins, has leased a part of Woodbridge & Pinther's store and unpacked a stock of organs and pianos.

***Paddy Doran's son, Johnnie, was down town today for the first time since his leg was broken, seven weeks ago.

***Billy Duncan has resumed his duties at the Bay View house, but will only go Democratic in November.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), July 23.—Very warm weather prevailed the past day or so in the far Northwest, especially in Alberta. Showers fell in the Middle Rockies, the extreme Southwest, and most states east of the Mississippi, heavy at Detroit, Mich., and at Abilene, Texas. In the lake region the winds are variable, but mostly northerly with partly cloudy weather.

Following were the maximum temperatures recorded during the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	88	Memphis	86
Atlanta	84	Miles City	92
Bismarck	74	Milwaukee	70
Boston	74	Minnedosa	72
Buffalo	76	Modena	88
Calgary	94	Montgomery	90
Charleston	88	Moorhead	72
Chicago	72	New Orleans	80
Cincinnati	84	New York	76
Davenport	80	Norfolk	82
Denver	80	Northfield	74
Detroit	72	North Platte	82
Dodge City	80	Oklahoma	78
Duluth	62	Omaha	76
El Paso	88	Phoenix	100
Escanaba	68	Pittsburg	78
Galveston	86	Port Arthur	68
Green Bay	68	Portland	74
Havre	100	Qu'Appele	84
Helena	90	San Francisco	72
Houghton	66	Santa Fe	70
Huron	74	Shreveport	90
Jacksonville	86	Spokane	92
Kamloops	88	St. Louis	82
Kansas City	82	St. Paul	72
Knoxville	80	Sault Ste. Marie	78
La Crosse	74	Swift Current	94
Lander	84	Washington	72
Los Angeles	82	Williston	88
Marquette	68	Winnemucca	92
Medicine Hat	102	Winnipeg	72

Forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Sunday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy tonight and Sunday. Slightly warmer. Fresh and possibly brisk northeasterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, July 23.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Sunday: Wisconsin—Fair with warmer in west and continued cool in east portions tonight. Sunday fair and warmer.

Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Sunday. Rising temperature.

North Dakota and South Dakota—Fair tonight and Sunday with rising temperature.

Upper Lakes—Fresh northerly winds becoming southeasterly on Superior by Sunday evening. Generally fair.

DOMESTIC PLEASANTRIES.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "What a homely shirt!"

"Yes, my wife picked it out."

"Why, man, haven't you any taste yourself?"

"Not for a quarrel with my wife."

Philadelphia Press: "I'm surprised that Miss Passay should accept the attentions of Mr. Gayman. He's so awfully fast."

"Yes, but he'll have to be mighty fast, indeed, to get away from her."

New York Times: "I never supposed Diggsley would marry a homely woman. He used to be so crazy over the pretty girls."

"Then you are acquainted with his wife?"

"No, I never saw her, but I hear other women always referring to her as being 'so good and sweet.'"

Washington Star: "Why is moonlight so conducive to romance?" said the sentimental young man.

"Well," answered the practical girl, "for one thing, when you are using moonlight you aren't interrupted by remembrances of parental worry about gas and electric light bills."

Chicago Tribune: "There!" exclaimed Rev. Mr. Gasaway, as he finished writing his sermon, "I flatter myself that very few preachers could beat that bit of eloquence."

"What's your text, dear?" asked his wife.

"'Let nothing be done through vainglory.'"

The Ruling Passion.

Kansas City Star: A young woman reporter for the Monroe City News got married recently and kept the wedding a secret for a week. Then, it is said, she needed news and printed the story.

SCHOOLS.

ST. JOHN'S
MILITARY ACADEMY
THE AMERICAN RUGBY.
DELAFIELD, WIS.
Prepares for College and for Business
For Catalogues, etc., address
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The University School
We have no overworked teachers. Small classes not only afford teachers opportunity to keep in close touch with their pupils and so naturally to supply their individual needs, but they mean time enough to check up supplementary work carefully, and return it for needed correction. If interested, apply to ALBERT HEPPERT, Principal.

SATURDAY NIGHT TALK

The Secert Enthusiasm.

"I don't want to stay on this earth after I have outlived my enthusiasms," said a bright, ambitious young woman the other day. Let us hope that life will deal kindly with her, and that her pluck and courage will be sufficiently abundant to satisfy this desire. But the cold fact is that multitudes of persons have outgrown their enthusiasms, if they ever had any. They have lost their relish for life. They have become routine men an women. Even that disagreeable adjective blase fits some of them. And yet sometimes you find living in the same house with them, working in the same office, men and women whose hearts are not extinct craters in which repose the cinders and ashes of former hopes and desires. For them every day is a new beginning; life to them is no treadmill, even though they are chained to routine. Expectancy, eagerness, ardor are written in the lines of their faces.

What is the secret of this perpetual enthusiasm. One cannot easily withstand the enthusiasm of a crowd. Even unresponsive natures are stirred by a great political convention hurrahing for its candidate, or by a splendid mass meeting in the interests of some great reform or missionary enterprise, or by a jolly college reunion. But such exciting occasions came but infrequently, and if we depend on them only our store of enthusiasm will speedily run out and from the pinnacle of our temporary emotional unlit we shall be plunged into the abyss of the reaction which always follows moments surcharged with unusual feeling.

We may avoid such an unfortunate outcome by having a definite and worthy object in life. If you really want to do something, to acquire proficiency in music or art, to be the best housekeeper on the street, to succeed in business or in a profession, to write a book, to become an authority on some subject, to lift the tone of politics in your district, to straighten some crooked path, to remove the stumbling stones that impede your neighbor's advance, to bring an influence to bear upon one other life that shall keep it true, pure and aspiring—why, then you have a reason for being enthusiastic, for you have something worth while to live for and that constantly renews one's interest in life. The main trouble with our unenthusiastic friends is that they are drifting along from day to day with no strong central purpose to animate and inspire them.

But enthusiasm depends also upon leadership. We are so dull that the best that is in us is drawn out when some person, living or dead, by the nobility of his character or the glory of his achievements, or by both, lays hold on our imagination and our affection, kindles within us a desire to be like him and knits our hearts to him in bonds of a deep, undying attachment. The hero-worshipper in us dies hard, and when it is dead our capacity for enthusiasm usually dies also. There are many leaders of thought and action available out of the ranks of the heroes and heroines of this and of past centuries. Some one or two each of us must choose, and no one is to dictate as to which comes nearest the individual ideal, but

"I know of a land that is sunk in shame,
Of hearts that faint and tire;
And I know of a name, a name, a name,
Can set this land on fire."

And the enthusiasm that lasts must have, as the make-up of the word shows, something of the divine in it. Enthusiasm really means to be inspired or "possessed by a God." One may find it hard to be enthusiastic over himself, in view of the limitations of one's knowledge and strength and one's numerous shortcomings and misdeeds, but if we are children of the highest, then the divine nature is surging to and fro in our veins, though we often fail to realize the splendid fact. To be linked with God is to have a share in His vitality. His exuberance of being, and out of this fellowship must come an enthusiasm great and enduring enough to buoy one up amid all the tempests, to speed us onward despite every obstacle. Only let us respect this divine nature and guard it from every influence that would contaminate and destroy it.

THE PARSON.

An Invidious Comparison.

Boston Pilot: All brave men fighting for a cause deemed righteous are equal; that is Col. Higinson's self-evident truth promulgated in 1904, less than forty years after the close of the civil war. Those who deny that the Christian ideal steadily advances are referred to the pages of "The Man Without a Country." Col Higginson, as an abolitionist before the war, risked more than the author of that superb story; he fought during the war with the menace of ignominous death hanging over him; he has been the black man's unflinching and energetic friend since the war ended; he has been no coward in the civic contests of the later days; his title to the name of patriot is unimpeachable; nevertheless he would give the Confederate graduate of Harvard a tablet of remembrance in that Memorial hall built to keep green the memory of the cause for which the northern graduates laid down their lives. Forty years ago no words were strong enough to express the horrors of the eternal punishment invoked for the Confederate.

Oil Stock for Sale!

An Assured Investment of Great Profit.

READ THIS WONDERFUL OFFER!

In Grand County, Colorado, is a basin, that is a natural oil field. The geological surveys and practical tests all have verified this. The cropping out of oil from the surface and oil standing on the water of the wells, still further confirmed this fact. While boring, the oil lubricated the drill, and there is oil there in great abundance. Sure! The Superior Oil, Gas & Refining Company, of Superior, Wisconsin, own a large tract of land in this basin, and now have the power drill on the ground ready to commence boring in earnest. To further facilitate the development they offer 32,000 shares of stock for sale. Price will be advanced after Tuesday, July 26, of all the stock unsold. The purchaser can buy in any quantity desired. Mr. J. P. Simon, of Superior, Wisconsin, is the president. Mr. Simon is widely and very favorably known to the people at the head of the lakes as a successful and conservative business man. If you will call upon him or write him, he will show you the reports by the surveyors and geologists, and a plat of the section of the country, and give you the fullest information. This is certainly an assured investment of big profits.

AMERICANS DEFEAT OXFORD-CAMBRIDGE

(Continued from page 1.)

go over next year, though the matter will be considered."

Among the distinguished spectators were Ambassador Choate and his family, Secretary White and Mrs. White and others of the American embassy.

The keen interest of the English people in the international sports between Harvard-Yale and Oxford-Cambridge was shown by the early hour at which the throngs of spectators began to arrive at the Queens club grounds, West Kensington. Before 3 o'clock the stands began to fill and by 3:25, when a pistol shot warned the participators in the first event to get ready the stands had been crowded for a long time and masses of spectators had gathered behind the ropes.

At 3:27 the men appeared for the 100 yard dash, R. W. Barclay in the light blue of Cambridge, Chapman in the dark blue of Oxford, W. A. Schick, Jr., in the crimson of Harvard and D. J. Torry in the dark blue of Yale.

The runners made the marks amidst the breathless attention of the spectators who had greeted them with applause when they first appeared. The men started at 3:32 p. m.

Schick won the 100-yard dash, with Barclay second. Time 9 4-5 seconds.

There was considerable applause when the result was known, but the crowd waited for the time to be announced. Slowly the British flag was hauled down from the pole leaving the American flag flying.

Barclay got away first, but Schick caught him after thirty yards, passed him and held the lead to the end.

Schick's time, 9 4-5 seconds, equalled his previous record for the same distance.

At 3:37, the one mile race began with Welsh and H. W. Gregson both Englishmen in the lead. Gregson increased his speed at the half mile and won C. C. H. Hamilton, Oxford, was second, Welsh third. F. L. Olcott and Hill, both of Yale, came in last. Time 4 minutes 2 1-5 seconds.

Holding, Cambridge, won the half-mile run. E. J. Dives, Harvard, won the quarter-mile run. R. W. Barclay, Cambridge, was second. Time, 49 4-5 seconds.

Shevlin, of Yale, won the hammer throwing. E. T. Glass, of Yale, was second.

E. J. Clap, of Yale, won the hurdle event. Bird, of Harvard, was second. Clapp's time was 15 4-5 seconds.

L. P. Sheffield, of Yale, won the long jump.

Godby, of Oxford, won the two-mile run. Time, 9 minutes 50 seconds.

Recital on Wednesday.

A recital will be given by a number of Prof. A. F. Lundholm's pupils assisted by R. Prytz, baritone, and the Orpheus Singing Society, next Wednesday evening at the Sweedish Lutheran Bethany church corner Twenty-third avenue and West Third street. The program will be as follows:

Piano duet—"Wedding Reception." ..... A. S. Sweet
Bertha Melander, Edna, Bergquist.
Piano solo—"Rubezahl" ..... H. Necke
Louise Neumann.
Organ solo—"Polonaise" ..... C. Heins
Emelia Mattson.
Piano solo—"Blumenlied" ..... G. Lange
Edith Dahl.
Piano solo—"Beautiful Evening Star" ..... Holst
Guy Scribener.
Piano duet—"Evening Song" ..... Blake
Frida Hokanson and Ellen Carlson.
Piano solo—"Rondo" ..... Lanyon
Lillie Peterson.
Pipe organ solo—(a) "Fanfare" ..... Lemmers
(b) "Offertoire" ..... Deplanty
A. F. Lundholm.
Piano solo—"Pantalion and Mother Hubbard (schot.) ... Zimmermann
Elsie Johnson.
Piano solo—"Old Folks at Home" .. C. Kunkel
Florence Nelson.
Piano solo—"Sunset" (nocturna) ..... E. M. Read
Victoria Anderson.
Song— ..... Selected
Orpheus Singing society.
Piano solo—"Elfen Reigen" ..C. Heins
Mary Edstrom.
Organ solo—"Dance Des Aborigenes" ..... C. L. Pierce
Nannie Lilyman.
Piano solo—"Moonlight on the Hudson" ..... Wilson
Ella Johnson.
Vocal solo—Hamlet's soliloquy—"To Be or Not To Be" ..... D. Buck
R. Prytz.
Piano solo—"Alpine Rose" ....G. Smith
Kate Teter.
Piano solo—"Promanade" L. Ringuett
Alma Lundquist.
Piano duet—"Overture" .....K. Bela
Florence Nelson and Ella Johnson.
Piano solo—"Mazurka" ..... W. Fink
Elsie Thorwall.
Piano solo—"Woodland Echoes" .... Wyman
Emma Olson.
Piano solo—"Loved Adored" ..... Engleman
Carl Riska.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE

Is a sure cure for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrimulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Poisoned Wounds, all sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Cures also Cuts, Burns, Boils, Felons, Carbuncles, Abscesses. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c. J. F. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

WEST DULUTH

The report in yesterday's edition of The Herald to the effect that Thomas Lowry, acting for outside parties, is negotiating for the purchase of the car works property and other Metropolitan Life Insurance company holdings in West Duluth, and that the deal is nearly consummated, brought joy to the hearts of West Duluthians, and considerable speculation is rife on the streets today regarding what disposition is to be made of the plant and surrounding grounds.

Although it is through this transaction that West Duluth may lose the American Lumber company, now occupying part of the car works, residents of this end of the city feel that the deal will probably mean many times as much to the city as would the retention of the lumber concern. The people naturally very much regret to see the lumber company, which employs about 100 men, leaving the city, but in view of existing conditions do not feel as bad as they might if the indications pointed to an entire abandonment of the car works property for more than a short time.

ANSWERS COMPLAINT.

Union Match Company Responds to Suit.

An answer to the petition of the Diamond Match company, charging the Union Match company, of West Duluth, with infringment on a box filling machine, was filed with the clerk of federal courts yesterday. The answer denies the allegations of the foreign concern, and claims that the patents under which the suit is brought, are subsequent to eighteen English and five German patents for the same machinery and parts of the machine which it is claimed the local concern has been using by infringement.

The allegations that the Union company has injured the other firm by using the machinery in question is denied. This is the second infringement case brought by the same company against the local concern. The former complaint covered a match-making machine and asked for a writ of injunction against the local company, but Judge Page Morris denied the writ of injunction, deciding in favor of the Duluth company. The present case is an equity proceeding. It will probably be placed on the docket of the January term.

SPECIAL SERVICES.

The Norwegian-Danish M. E. Church to Hold Them.

Norwegian-Danish Methodist services are to be held in West Duluth this evening, tomorrow and the first half of next week. Rev. F. F. Tralstad, will preach this evening at 8 o'clock and tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock at Olson & Kauppi's hall and in the afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Fairmount school. At 8 o'clock, Rev. H. K. Madson will preach at the hall. Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday evenings at 8 o'clock services will be held near the Fairmount school if weather will permit and if not in Olson & Kauppi's hall. Rev. H. Smeland, Rev. C. Scheveind and Rev. H. K. Madson will preach at all services.

* * *

At the Holy Apostles' Episcopal church, Fifty-seventh avenue west and Elinor street, Sunday school will meet at 4:30 p. m., and evening prayer and sermon will be at 7:45 p. m. Rev. Roderick J. Mooney is the rector.

* * *

At the Oneota Methodist Episcopal church, corner Forty-sixth avenue west and Halifax stret, Prof. F. A. Springer, of Washington, D. C., will preach at 11 a. m. Sunday school will meet at 10 a. m. and the Epworth league at 7 o'clock. The pastor, Rev. E. K. Copper, will preach at 7:45 p. m., taking for his subject: "The Value of Education, Christian and Secular," it being the second sermon on education.

* * *

Rev. W. J. Lowrie, the pastor, will preach at the Westminster Presbyterian church tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock, taking "The Prepared Church" as a subject.

* * *

At Plymouth Congregational church, Mr. Moody, of the eBthel, will preach in the morning. The only evening service wil be the Y. P. S. C. E. meeting at 7 o'clock.

* * *

There will be the usual services at the West Duluth Baptist church tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m., conducted by the Pastor, Rev. Arthur J. Hoag. Sunday school will meet at noon and the B. Y. P. U. at 7 o'clock in the evening.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Isaac Naxon, Fifty-first avenue west and Ramsey street, leaves tonight for an extended eastern trip. He will visit at Boston, New York and Canadian points.

C. L. Goodall of Barnum is in West Duluth on business today.

Miss Beda Carlson is in the city from Minneapolis ,visiting at the home of her parents on Forty-eighth avenue west.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Carpenter and children, of McIntosn, Minn., are guests at teh home of Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Hanchett, corner of Fifty-seventh avenue west and Elinor street.

Mrs. Abner Boyd is seriously ill at her home on Fifty-eighth avenue west.

Rev. Arthur J. Hoag, pastor of the West Duluth Baptist church, has returnedp from the St. Louis exposition. He wil conduct thel usual services at the aBptist church tomorrow.

Mr .and Mrs. E. B. Babou drove in from Barnum this morning.

A party was held last evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Kindrey on Norton avenue.

Steamer Mary Mann, Zenith park, picnic, Sunday. Round trip, 10 cents.

Ice cream and dairy products, wholesale or retail. Murray Bros.

A testimonial concert to Misses Eva Sawyer and Effie Brotherton will be given at Great Eastern hall on the evening of Tuesday, Aug. 9.

George Coleman and family are today removing from 314 Fifty-fourth avenue west to a new flat on First street, in Duluth, which Mr. Coleman has just erected.

Proctor has purchased a road grader. It was delivered yesterday.

Tomorrow is the date set for the dedication of the new St. James Catholic church, on Fifty-seventh avenue west. Exercises will begin at the church at 3 o'clock, and preceding that there will be a procession through the main streets of West Duluth. Provided the weather is nice there will probably be about 2000 Catholic society members from Duluth and Superior in line.

Mrs. Harry Olman and son, Charles, of Two Harbors, were in the city yesterday, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Harriet.

Carl Hagen, Sixtieth avenue west, is visiting with his brother Charles at Two Harbors.

Miss Jessie Hopkins left last evening for Milwaukee, Wis., for a visit with friends.

The West Duluth Commercial club held a meeting last evening but no business of interest to the public was transacted. Few matters of any nature whatever were up for consideration.

A lawn social was given last evening by the Christian Endeavor society of the Presbyterian church, at the home of Charles Towner, 6205 Wadena street. The affair was quite largely attended.

The Sunday school picnic of the Westminister Presbyterian church will be held next Tuesday afternoon at Lester Park.

Patterson, undertaker. 'Phone 3070.

SAFEGUARD THE CHILDREN.

Notwithstanding all that is done by boards of health and charitably inclined persons, the death rate among small children is very high during the hot weather of the summer months in the large cities. There is not probably one case of bowel complaint in a hundred, however, that could not be cured by the timely use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Mr. Frank Riggs, of Franklinville, N. Y., in speaking of this remedy, said: "I have found it expedient to have a supply of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy on hand. It has been a family safeguard, and while especially beneficial to children, it is equally good in adult cases. I recommend it cheerfully and without reservation." For sale by all druggists.

MOONLIGHT EXCURSION

On Steamer Mabel Bradshaw, under the auspices of the Good Templars tonight. Boat leaves Singer's dock at 8:30 sharp. Good music. Tickets, 25 cents.

GERMAN EXHIBIT DEDICATED.

St. Louis, July 23.—The German exhibit in the palace of machinery was formally dedicated today. Invitations were issued to the leading engineers and officials of the exposition company. Mr. Froelich, delegate of the German Engineering society, delivered a lecture explaining the technical details at the exhibit.

QUEEN RECEIVES BOOTH.

London, July 23.—Gen. Booth, commander-in-chief of the Salvation Army, was received in audience by Queen Alexandra at Buckingham palace today. The queen was most cordial, and talked with him for more than half an hour.

REA BROS.' CASCARIN,

The Mild Liquid Laxative for Both Adults and Children.

All mothers know the difficulty in trying to make children take medicine. It is a black day for the little ones when their stomach is out of order and they have to take those nasty remedies which stick in the throat and leave a bad taste in the mouth all day long, for when these medicines are taken into the little one's stomach they gripe terribly and cause much annoyance. A friend told me what Cascarin had done for her children, and I have tried it to my satisfaction. I can honestly say that Cascarin has no equal. It is a pleasure in taking and after taking. My advice to mothers is to keep Cascarin, as I do, always on hand. It solves the problem of treating children's ailments and will save you a great deal of anxiety as well as worry many a time."

No need of your going to a doctor and paying big doctor bills when you can be cured by the best prescription that the world has ever known. There is only one genuine Cascarin. It is a liquid laxative and pleasant to the taste and does not interfere with the most delicate stomach. At all leading druggists, one size, 50 cents.

RESULT OF FALL

Clara Palmer-Hyde Sues Chicago for $35,000 Damages.

Claims Serious Injuries from Fall on Sidewalk There.

According to the report of a Chicago paper, Clara Palmer Hyde, formerly of this city, has brought damage action against the owners of the Schiller building, in Chicago, for $35,000, for injuries claimed to have been received because of a fall over an iron plate in the sidewalk in front of the building.

She is well known in this city, where she was prominent in musical circles for several years.

The Chicago Examiner, in referring to her accident and suit, says:

"Unable to play her violin because her arm has been permanently injured through accidentally falling in front of the Schiller building, Miss Clara Palmer-Hyde, well known in musical circles of Chicago and Europe, has begun suit for $35,000 against the coroporation controlling the structure and the city of Chicago.

"The young woman is in St. Louis where she will live with her father, who recently installeede eae telephone system in Porto Rico.

"Miss Hyde was living in Chicago last May when the accident occurred. Accompanied by her maid, she was passing the Schiller building one afternoon when she stumbled and fell over the corner of an iron plate in the sidewalk. Besides sustaining internal injuries, the bone in her arm was shattered.

"For that reason she has been compelled to discontinue her musical studies. She has studied under some of the leading professors of Europe."

PICNIC AT MOOSE LAKE.

Odd Fellows Will Gather There on August 4.

Moose Lake has been decided upon as the place where the annual picnic of the I. O. O. F. The picnic will be held on Aug. 4 and all of the lodges in both Duluth and Superior will attend.

The Northern Pacific railway will provide special coaches for the picnickers, and it is reported that between 1500 and 2000 will attend.

Barnum, Two Harbors, Virginia, Ashland, Washburne and other surrounding towns will also be represented at the picnic. A number of special attractions will be provided, such as a program of sports and a ball game between the Moose Lake team and a nine picked from the Duluth and Superior Odd Fellows.

The Odd Fellows' Picnic association will have charge of the event. The officers of the asociation are as follows: George Emerick, Northern lodge, Superior, chairman; Robert Haven, Zenith City lodge vice cvhairman; John Clark, Superior, secretary; T. J St. Germain, Duluth, treasurer.

BIG ISLAND BEST SITE

Naval Committee Says That But Nothing More Than That.

Its investigation here was finished by the naval station committee yesterday and it left this morning on the revenue cutter Tuscarora for Sault Ste Marie. Captain W. H. Reeder, U. S. N.; W. M. Bradley, of Portland, Me.; and H. M. Waite, of Lexington, Ky., a grandson of Former Chief Justice Waite, of the United States supreme court, compose the committee.

Accompanied by a large party of citizens of Superior and Duluth, the committee went on the government yacht Vidette to the three sites offered at the head of the lakes. At Minnesota Point, Capt. Reeder, Mr. Waite, Capt. Alex. McDougall and J. H. Darling went ashore, Mr. Darling and J. H. Owen, as government representatives at this point, acting as guides on the trip. The position and advantage of the Wisconsin Point site were also noted, and at Big Island, the entire party landed.

After viewing the three sites Capt. Reeder said the committee was not in a position to express itself on the fitness of the sites, but would review all its information on locations after reaching Washington and then make a report. He said none of the sites were impossible and that the Big Island site offered greater natural advantages than the others.

In one estimate on population made in connection with the proposed site it is shown that one sixth of the area of the United States and one-third of the population are contained by the states of Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky, Illinois, Wisconsin, Michigan, Iowa, and Minnesota. The center of population of this area is 60 miles south and a little west of Chicago.

It is supposed that this is one reason why the committee which looked at sites two years ago chose Racine, which is close to this center.

Of the status above named New York and Pennsylvania are on the great lakes, but are properly seaboard states, as New York is on the Atlantic ocean border, and Philadelphia has commerce, connecting by river.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Lynch Pleads Guilty at Marquette of Smuggling Chinamen.

Marquette—Accused of smuggling Chinamen across the border at so much per Chinaman, John Lynch pleaded guilty when arraigned in the United States court. He will be sentenced later. Lynch was arrested at the Sault and is said to have formerly been engaged in similar operations on Lake Erie.

Menominee—J. C. McArthur, who is at present operating a newspaper in Terre Haute, Ind., proposes to move his plant to Menominee and start a daily paper, provided the Menominee merchants will guarantee him enough business to warrant him in doing so. The paper will be Democratic in politics.

Menominee and Marinette were visited by a storm of Green Bay flies Thursday night. They came in perfect clouds and settled on all buildings and walks. Several business houses had their doors open when the pest came, and before the owners were aware the stores were filled with the insects, and they were swept out into the street in shovelfuls. All the sidewalks were covered with their dead bodies Friday morning. These flies live only twelve hours, and the first rays of the morning's sun killed them off, but their traces were left thickly in all directions.

Manistique—According to the state census, just taken, Manistique now has a population of 3,696. This is a gain of 11½ per cent since the previous census. The increase at the Sault was 8½ per cent.

Norway—A contract for constructing the missing link in the Granite Bluff and Randville highway has been awarded by the board of road commissioners of Dickinson county to Gustave Predeen, of Norway. His bid for the work was $5375. There were four bidders. This is the first important work undertaken by the commissioners. The road to be constructed is about three miles in length and will open up a fine hardwood country.

Saulte Ste. Marie—Hubert H. Waterbury, residing at 312 Spruce street west, at the Sault, committed suicide by drowning himself in the power canal near the south end of the Fort street bridge. Despondency, resulting from protracted illness, is the supposed cause of the deed. The body was recovered about 100 feet below the place where he struck the water. Waterbury was married, leaves a wife and one child, and held a responsible position in the freight office at the transfer station.

For a want in your home or in your business, try a Herald want ad.



DULUTH SEWING MACHINE REPAIR SHOP,

No. 1 W. Superior St—Basement.

Don't dispose of your sewing machine until you have seen me. We have made Repairing a life study.

Call 'Phone 1066 R.

UMBRELLAS ALSO REPAIRED

THE FAIR

PEDERSON BROS. Corner Tower and Broadway

SUPERIOR, WISCONSIN

SALE DAY, TUESDAY, JULY 26

UNDERWEAR for Men, Women and Children—this is a new sample line just received and came when most wanted—some very fine goods in this lot—fine Balbriggan, lisle thread and gauze garments, in one big lot—your choice on Tuesday for..... **15c**

DRESS GOODS—Fine crepe, etamine, serge and Henrietta cloth; the soft, clingy kind; they come in blue, gray, purple, green, old rose, navy, brown, cream—they are slightly soiled and are worth 25c, 30c and 35c a yard—Tuesday's sale for, per yard..... **15c**

NECKWEAR—25 dozen ladies' fine neckwear, embracing all the good things of this season's styles in neck novelties; they are worth 25c, 35c and 50c each, sale price only... **10c**

SHIRT WAISTS—A beautiful line of ladies' waists, this year's newest and best styles made of the newest materials; this is a splendid offering as they will be sold at..... **HALF PRICE**

PARASOLS—For ladies and children—parasols and rain and shine umbrellas—this is a sample line of fine goods. Umbrellas come in black and fancy changeable colors; values run up to $5.00 each—for Tuesday's sale, your choice for..... **$1.25**

CHILDREN'S PARASOLS—Fine silk parasols for the little folks—beautiful line of colors—worth from $1 to $1.50 each—for this sale the price only..... **29c**

DOILIES—Fine stamped doilies, tidies and splashers—made of fine white cloth and mercerized stitched—these are worth from 25c to 50c each—on Tuesday they will be only **10c**

SPATCHEL WORK—and fine cut-out goods—fine lace tidies and scarfs; this is an exceptionally fine line and worth from 75c to $1.50 each—on Tuesday the will be only.... **50c**

WASH GOODS—A lot of lawns, dimities and mulls in fancy stripes, dots and figures, the regular price is 10c a yard—for Tuesday's sale they will be, per yard..... **5c**

CORSET WAISTS—A big lot of ladies' corsets and corset waists, among them the Nazareth waist—these are worth from $1 to $1.50 each—a job lot for sale Tuesday at..... **25c**

BED SPREADS—A fine line of sample bed spreads in Marseilles and honeycomb, the values run up to $2.00 each—for Tuesday's sale, they will be..... **$1.00**

DRAPERY SCRIM—An elegant line of fancy stripe drapery goods, just the thing for bedroom or cottage curtains, 40 inches wide, and worth 25c a yard, sale price..... **10c**

PILLOW TOPS—A new lot of fancy cushion covers or pillow tops, assorted designs and colorings; this is a special good line, worth 25c each, sale price..... **10c**

VEILINGS—100 pieces of new veilings and netting—black, colored and white; this is a very fine line of silk veiling, worth 25c a yard—sale price..... **8c**

LACE CAPS—About five dozen children's fancy lace caps—this is a manufacturer's sample line and are yorth from 75c to $1.50 each—sale price only..... **19c**

ORNAMENTS—Fancy tassels, braided frogs and other ornaments in black, white and colors—the regular worth of these is 25c, 35c and 50c—sale price Tuesday only..... **5c**

DRESS GOODS REMNANTS—Our remnant department of fine waistings is an attractive place for careful buvers of dress goods, because you can buy fine suitings there at less than one-quarter you would have to pay for regular goods; they come in black and colored, and in ½ and ¾-yard lengths; the price is, per piece, only..... **15c**

SILK GLOVES—A lovely line of ladies' fine silk gloves—a big lot to select from—you will have no trouble to pick out a pair of silk or taffeta gloves to suit you—they are worth 50c a pair—special price..... **10c**

HENRIETTA CLOTH—A big lot of colored cotton Henrietta cloth—36 inches wide—slightly damaged—colors are gray, old rose, navy, brown and blue—the regular price is 20c a yard—sale price only..... **10c**

SUN BONNETS—A big line of fancy percale sun bonnets for ladies and children. Why injure your complexion when you can protect it so cheaply? See our window display on Broadway—they are worth 25c and 35c—sale price only..... **15c**

WASH SKIRTS—Closing out prices on all our wash skirts; there are not many, but they are good ones and some excellent values are given—come in white, gray and natural color linen—at ..... $3.50, $2.25 and **$1.50**

TRIMMING BRAIDS—Thousands of yards of fancy trimmings in gilts, silvers, silk and fancy worsted braids that are worth from 15c to 50c a yard; the price Tuesday only..... **5c**

FANCY BRAIDS—Hundreds of pieces of fancy trimming braids in all colors and all kinds—worth up to 10c a yard—will be sold on Tuesday for..... **1c**

SOUTACHE BRAID—Fancy colored braids 24 and 36 yards in a piece and you may have the whole piece for just..... **2c**

COTTON FLANNELS—Extra heavy white cotton flannels; these are sample pieces and are in 1¼-yard lengths, worth 25c a yard—the piece on Tuesday will be only..... **10c**

CAMBRIC LININGS—The best quality of black and colored cambric linings—they come in lengths from 2 to 10 yards in a piece and will be sold on Tuesday for a yard... **3c**

CALICOES—light, dark and medium colors, worth 7c a yard—they come in remnant pieces and will be sold for, per yard..... **3c**

REMNANTS OF CURTAINS—Corners and ends of Nottingham lace curtains, just the thing for making sash curtains and will be sold on Tuesday for..... **10c**

MEN'S SHIRTS—A lot of men's fancy dress shirts with soft and starch bosoms, also fine white dress shirts, worth 75c and $1.00 each—sale price..... **35c**

CAPS—for ladies and children, white jockey and yachting caps, also a lot of tam caps in fancy straws and canvas goods, choice at **15c**

BINDINGS—Hundreds of yards of dress bindings in black and colors, brush, velveteen, corduroy and cord edge bindings, worth from 5c to 8c a yard, sale price..... **2c**

VEILS—Fine silk veils, all colors, with chenille dots—this kind of a veil sells for 75c anywhere else, but for this sale you take your choice for..... **25c**

WASH VEILS—A regular 25c cream white wash veil, made ready to wear and washes just like new—they will be on sale Tuesday for..... **10c**

LACE CURTAINS—A new lot of long lace curtains, not pairs, but single curtains, 3½ yards long and good width; you may need just a single long curtain, if so, the price on Tuesday will be only..... **30c**

MILLINERY—5 doz very fine lace hats and straw hats, all trimmed ready to wear; these are children's hats and worth from $1.00 to $3 each; for Tuesday's sale only..... **59c**

STRAW TAMS—Five dozen children's fancy straw tams; a splendid cap for the boy or the girl—the real worth of these is 50c and 75c each—sale price only..... **29c**

WAIST SETS—Hundreds of fancy waist sets in rolled plate, worth from 15c to 25c a set—your choice on Tuesday for..... **5c**

STICK PINS—More of those fancy pins in rolled plate, many new and novel designs, worth from 10c to 25c each; sale price Tuesday. **1c**

CAR FARE PAID ONE WAY ON EVERY $2.50 PURCHASE. BOTH WAYS ON EVERY $5.00 PURCHASE.

TWO BLOCKS CAN BE USED

Tar Macadam Pavement Laid from Sixteenth to Eighteenth.

The strip of pavement on the north side of Superior street between Sixteenth and Eighteenth avenues east will be completed this evening, and Contractor McDonnell requests the people to make use of it tomorrow and test its qualities.

While the work has been somewhat delayed, there has been nothing but the highest praise of the quality of the work done. It has been subjected to the most rigid inspection, each property-owner along the street appointing himself a committee of one to investigate the process of construction in front of his own property, and up to the present time nothing but bouquets have been hurled at the contractor and the city engineer in regard to the kind of work that has been done.

The contractor hopes to make faster progress as soon as the mixing plant gets in better working order.

An 800 Pound Baby.

Probably the smallest of the largest of beasts is the juvenile member of the herd of performing elephants with Gentry Bros.' famous shows united. This fine pachyderm has been in this country but a few months, yet his education is nearly completed. His part of the program puts to shame his older and bigger companions, and on account of his size he is able to perform several acts which have never been attempted to elephant trainers before.

The "little fellow" in question is but one of the many features presented since the consolidation of Gentry Bros.' famous shows. They will exhibit at Third avenue east and First street, Wednesday and Thursday, July 27 and 28.

Only $13.00 to St. Louis and Return

From St. Paul, via the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad. Tickets on sale July 11 and 25th, with return limit of seven days, exclusive of date of sale, good in chair cars and coaches. This is your chance to take in the World's Fair at an extremely low rate. Two through trains daily, carrying dining cars, through coaches, etc. All trains pass in full view of Exposition Buildings and stop at main entrance to grounds. Call on agents for particulars, or address A. B. Cutts, G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

St. Louis, Mo. and Return $16.25.

On July 11th and 25th "The North-Western Line" will sell "Coach" excursion tickets to St. Louis, Mo., at $16.25 for the round trip. Tickets bearing return limit of 7 days from date of sale. City Ticket Office, 302 West Superior street.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH!

We make the finest in the city. Guaranteed to fit you no matter who has failed.

BEST SET OF TEETH

$8.00



Gold Crowns..... $7.00
Porcelain Crowns..... $5.00
Gold Bridge Work, per tooth..... $7.00

Examination and estimates free. No extra charge for painless extraction when best plates are ordered.

DULUTH DENTAL PARLORS,

3 W. Superior Street.

VOTING ON PLACE

Democratic Committeemen Making Their Choice.

Minneapolis Is Generally Expected to Get the Convention.

Where the next state Democratic convention is to be held is now being determined by mail, the executive committee of the state central committee having been notified of the offers which have been made by the cities of Minneapolis and St. Paul. It is believed that Minneapolis, which has made a better offer than St. Paul, will land the desired meeting.

Duluth appears in this case to have little prospect of the convention, for the reason that the local Democrats did not make much of an effort to get it when the state central committee had its dinner and meeting at the Duluth Commercial club the night before the convention of June 22 in this city. It is believed in some quarters that the Zenith City could have had the second convention if it had gone strongly enough after it at that time, but the fact that all the local people were busy with a convention on their hands at the time gave them too much to think and act about to undertake the matter of a second one.

At any rate it was the sense of the meeting that the next convention, the one to nominate a state ticket, be held in one of the Twin Cities, and to wait until the offers of these two cities were heard before determining which one to give the convention. The decision being left in the hands of the executive committee, the member of which from this district is Bert Fesler.

Minneapolis has offered Exposition hall, agrees to have it in readiness for the convention Aug. 30, which will be a Tuesday, and will in addition contribute $100 toward the expense of the meeting. St. Paul has offered to furnish a hall, but just what one is not said, and has not offered any money for the event. Between the two offers the executive committee will probably accept t ehone which has the most inducements attached, which is that of Minneapolis. The vote is being taken by correspondence with Chairman H. L. Buck, of Winona, and is expected to result in an announcement next week.

LOWRY DEAL FOR CAR WORKS

Minneapolis Paper Says It Is Connected With Minneapolis Deal.

The Minneapolis Journal credits the deal Thomas Lowry is making for the purchase of the car works at West Duluth as part of a deal which is being made in that city for the Guaranty building.

The Metropolitan Life Insurance company is negotiating for the purchase of the big Minneapolis block and, according to the Journal, the car works in West Duluth is to be part of the consideration for it.

Whether this is true or not is not open to confirmation here, but in any event it is not supposed that Mr. Lowry or the interests he represents are taking over the Duluth property without having some use to make of it. They would hardly be exchanging a revenue-producing property in a city like Minneapolis for some property in Duluth which they expected to continue to lie idle.

Another fact that is pointed out is that even though they might not at this moment have any plan made for its use, the chances for putting the plant to some purpose would be infinitely greater under their ownership than that of the life insurance company. The latter cannot go into the business of promoting industries and was forced practically to wait for a chance to sell the property. The new interests, however can go after enterprises to occupy the works and make use of the property, not being hampered by such restrictions as surround a life insurance company.

IS HIGHLY PRAISED.

Mankato Speaks Warmly of Rev. J. K. Shellenberger.

Of Rev. J. K. Shellenberger, who has come to Duluth from Mankato, to take the pastorate of the First Christian church of this city, one of the papers in Mankato says: "We can ill afford to lose such a man and citizen. During his stay in our city he has carved out for himself a large place in Mankato circles and especially among the thinking men of the city."

The people of Mr. Shellenberger's church are naturally pleased that their pastor comes with such warm words from the place of his former labors. He was not unknown to them when they selected him for a call, however, for he had spoken here, holding a very successful seris of meetings here in 1901. The impression he then made was so strong that, upon the resignation of Rev. Mr. Sine, he was immediately extended a call.

Congressman Bede Here.

Congressman J. Adam Bede was in the city last night and today and stayed at the St. Louis. He has been to Lake Chetek, where he addressed the Chautauqua and was on his way home to Pine City. He says the Republicans in his section will open the campaign early in September with a monster barbecue, and have addresses by Candidate Robert C. Dunn, Senators Nelson and Clapp and Mr. Bede. He believes the Democrats will spend a good deal of money in the eastern campaign. Mr. Bede will attend the West Duluth Republican club banquet here August 25, and will attend the Finnish national convention at Hibbing next week.

$500 WILL BUY

INTEREST IN

money-making, incorporated industrial, comprising FOUR products in wide and constant demand, and market ready made. Special bargain to investors. Write today for printed matter, giving particulars. Address

E. W. R., CHARLESTON, Kanawha Co., West Virginia.

NEW COAL GAS

Will Be Turned Into Feeder Main Sunday Morning.

Will Be Supplied to City Some Time During the Day.

Tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock the Zenith Furnace company will commence supplying gas to the city of Duluth. At that hour the gas will be turned into the gas feeder main at the coke ovens in West Duluth, and from that time the gas used by the city will come from the plant of the furnace company. It will take some time to drive the air out of the pipes. There are about 11,000 cubic feet of air in the gas feeder main, and this will have to be forced out before the gas can reach the system of pipes. This work may occupy two hours and it may occupy eight or ten.

The air, moreover, may not all be forced out at once, and the gas may flow irregularly for a few hours after the pipes are connected. It might be thin and it is just possible that sufficient air may be left in the mains to cause the gas to puff out at times. This trouble will not continue long, however.

As soon as the gas commences to flow evenly the trouble will be stopped, but Manager Case desires to warn the people that some temporary thinness in the gas may be experienced.

Str. Newsboy

Excursions to Fond du Lac. Leaves foot Fifth avenue west 9 a. m. and 2 p. m. Return at 1:45 and 8:20. 50 cents round trip. Moonlight excursion on lake at 8:30, returning at 10:30. Tickets, 25 cents.

MARRIED AT MOORHEAD.

Young People Well Known Here Are Wedded.

Announcement is made in the recent issue of a Moorhead, Minn., paper of the marriage in that city, Wednesday of last week, of Miss Minnie Malloy, daughter of Judge and Mrs. John Malloy, to John M. Roth, of Portland, Ore. The marriage took place in St. Joseph's church, Rev. Father Augustine officiating.

Both the bride and groom are well known in this city, where Mrs. Roth taught in the public schools. Mr. Roth was for several years a resident of Duluth, being for some time connected with the North American Telegraph office. For several years previous to his leaving the city, about the middle of January last, he was assistant to Fred H. White, purchasing agent for the United Steel corporation's interests here. The account of the wedding is as follows:

"Professor Charles Simmons presided at the organ, and as the sweet strains of the 'Bridal Chorus,' from 'Lohengrin' floated through the sacred edifice, the bridal party took up its march to the altar. Miss Olive Sullivan served as bridesmaid and John Malloy, Jr., as best man. The party was met at the altar by Father Augustine, who pronounced the words which made the young couple man and wife. After the marriage ceremony mass was celebrated, at the conclusion of which the bridal party left the church and repaired to the home of the bride's parents, where a reception to intimate friends was held. Frank Malloy and Edward Simonitsch acted as ushers.

"The wedding gifts were numerous and beautiful and their number testifies to the esteem in which the bride is held in Moorhead.

"The bride is a graduate of the normal, of the class of '99, and for the past two years has taught in the city schools of Duluth. She is deservedly popular among a wide circle of acquaintances. Mr. Roth is one of Portland's successful young business men."

BASEBALL

DULUTH vs. CROOKSTON.

TWO GAMES TOMORROW.

Commence at 3 p. m. 1 admission to both games.

WILL DRAW PLANS.

John R. DeWaard to Prepare Them For Poorhouse.

The board of county poor commissioners has accepted the sketch submitted by Architect John De Waard, for the proposed county poorhouse and has instructed Mr. De Waard to draw up the plans for the building.

The site for the new structure has already been selected at the poor farm and it is expected that the poorhouse will be erected some time next year when the levy is available. It is understood that the commissioners have practically decided on concrete blocks for the building material. The poorhouse will cost in the neighborhood of $40,000.

MILL OPERATIVES TO STRIKE MONDAY.

Fall River, Mass., July 23.—The cotton manufacturers today unanimously voted to refuse the request for a postponement for two weeks of the cut down of 12 1-2 per cent in wages. This means that the operatives will strike Monday morning.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

Milwaukee, July 23.—A Daily News special from Sheboygan, Wis., says: George B. Mattoon, aged 57 years, prominent chair manufacturer of this city, died in Chicago today. He had been ailing some time from liver trouble. Mr. Mattoon was well known throughout the Northwest.

London, July 23.—Sir John Simon, K. C. B., former president of the Royal College of Surgeons and of the Royal society, is dead. He was born in 1816.

GERMANS ANGRY

Over Seizure of the Scandia By Russian Vessels.

Will Act as Soon as Authentic Information Is Received.

Berlin, July 23.—The foreign office is without information of the seizure of the Scandia, the only thing received up to the present time being a telegram from the Hamburg-American company stating the facts and appealing for assistance. The foreign office thereupon cabled to the German consul at Port Said for an authentic version of the capture, and is awaiting his answer before making representations at St. Petersburg. The officials discuss the case with an evident attempt to keep cool, but they betray deep-seated indignation at Russia's course. Germany has no warships in the Red sea, and the question of sending vessels there has not yet been considered, but officials plainly intimate that this question must arise unless Russia speedily orders the captains of her volunteer fleet steamers to cease molesting German ships. The officials refer to the energetic language of the German press as fully justifiable. The seizure of the Scandia is regarded as being so excessively unreasonable that the government officials try to assume that the captain of the Russian ship exceeded his instructions and that Russia will make speedy amends.

RUSSIANS FORCED TO RETIRE.

St. Petersburg, July 23.—Gen. Kuropatkin reports in a dispatch to the emperor that a detachment of Russian troops commanded by Col. Ostrolsky drove back the Japanese advance guard, the Russians fell back on Siaosyr. One man was killed and thirteen wounded. The Japanese suffered considerable losses.

JAPS REPULSED.

Liao Yang, July 23.—Two Japanese divisions have tried to break through Lieut-Gen. Count Keilers left, but Gen. Herschelman with the aid of reinforcements hurriedly sent forward, made a successful stand. Details of the engagement are not yet known.

The Japanese have left only two divisions at Kai Chou. These are strongly entrenched and on the defensive. Other Japanese troops, formerly at Kai Chou, were embarked on transports for the vicinity of Port Arthur. The capture of that stronghold has become a vital question for the Japanese. They have been able hitherto to adopt the offensive, but they realize that Gen. Kuropatkin himself will be prepared soon to take the offensive and foresee that they must have a strong naval base. Port Arthur is the key to all Japanese operations.

Jedda, Arabia, July 23.—While here, the captain of the St. Petersburg telegraphed to the Rusian admiralty for orders, but sailed without waiting a reply, leaving the pilot to bring the reply to a rendezvous agreed upon at sea.

Tokio, July 23.—The Vladivostok squadron was seen at noon yesterday, Friday, eighty miles off Hokchi province. The fleet was going south.

Ta Tche Klao, Friday—Rain has been falling in torrents here for two days and movements of both Russian and Japanese sides have been suspended. The real rainy season seems to have set in. In the eastward, matters also are quiet.

MOONLIGHT EXCURSION

On Steamer Newsboy tonight. Leave foot of Fifth avenue west at 8:30. Music on board. Both phones. Tickets, 25 cents.

BOB FITZSIMMONS AND O'BRIEN COME TOGETHER.

Philadelphia, July 23.—After having been prevented by the mayor in their first attempt to come together, Bob Fitzsimmons and Jack O'Brien succeeded in their second endeavor this afternoon. The bout which was scheduled for six rounds, took place on the National league baseball grounds. The men entered the ring at 5 o'clock and there was probably not five pounds difference in their weights. Both were in the pink of condition.

A large squad of policemen was on hand to stop the fight if there was any sign of brutality.

ORT WELLS WINS BRIGHTON DERBY.

Brighton Beach, July 23.—The Brighton derby, value $10,000, one mile and a half: Ort Wells, 9 to 10 and 1 to 2, first; Knight Errant, even place, second; Bobadil, third. Time, 2:32 3-5. Broomstick finished second but was disqualified.

Enjoy

Yourself tomorrow at Fond du Lac by a scenic ride up the St. Louis on steamer Newsboy.

2 BAND CONCERTS Sunday Afternoon and Evening at Lincoln Park by the Young Men's Band.

Deerwood and Return.

The Northern Pacific railway now have on sale tickets to Deerwood and return.

Going Friday and Saturday, returning Monday, $2.85.

Going any day, returning 30 days, $3.80.

Family 25-ride books, good for season, $25.00.

For tickets and full information, call at City Ticket office, 332 West Superior street.

Stop Over In Chicago on St. Louis Fair Ticket.

No extra charge to go via Chicago and ten days' stop will be given in Chicago both going and returning, if desired, on all St. Louis fair tickets, via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. Five daily trains to Chicago, 8:30 a. m., 4:00 p. m., 7:20 p. m. (The Fast Mail), 8:35 p. m. (Pioneer Limited) and 10:00 p. m. Each has a good connection for St. Louis and Eastern points. Write us for world's fair rates. W. B. Dixon, N. W. Agt., 365 Robert street, St. Paul, Minn.

STRIKERS RETURN

Four Hundred Go Back to Work in Armour Plant.

Believed There Will Be a General Break on Monday.

Chicago, July 23.—President W. G. Schardt, of the Federation of Labor, announced this afternoon that there would be a general strike at the yards Monday unless an agreement was reached before that time.

"Get just as big a non-union force as can possibly be obtained and have the men ready for full resumption of work Monday morning."

This was in substance the telephone message received by the superintendent of every plant at the stockyards immediately after the joint conference in Swift & Co.'s office had been declared a failure. At once the superintendents began the task set out for them and began hiring men in hundreds.

News of the failure of the conference threw a chill over the strikers at the yards and scores of them were reported to have declared that it meant they must go back to the companies and ask for work independently of their unions.

The strikers gathered in great groups and talked of nothing but the latest failure to reach a peace basis. Many of them declared that if their leaders did not force a sympathetic strike, the unions would take the fight into their own hands and bring about a sympathetic walk-out that would tie-up the yards and the railroads leading thither.

As soon as Chief of Police O'Neil heard of the peace conference breaking up today in a disagreement, he sent imperative instructions to the inspectors of police in the southern part of the city to call in all policemen on general duty and to the various stations in the neighborhood of the yards.

While more trouble apparently was brewing for the packers on account of the failure to reach an agreement, word came from a member of the great stock yards firms that four hundred strikers had returned to work in the Armour plant, 300 in the Morris plant and a large number in the Swift plant. This was taken by the packers to mean that the men were tired of being out of work and that Monday would see a general break in the strikers' ranks.

The meeting of labor leaders following the failure of the peace conference with the packers decided not to recede from the demands outlined. After the meeting a formal communication was sent to the packers reiterating the demands and giving notice that unless granted a spread of the strike involving additional employes in the packing house industry would follow.

Arrival of new renforcements of strike breakers at the packing houses started soon after the failure of today's peace conference. Armour & Co. brought 150 colored men into the stock yards on the Lake Shore railway. Another crowd of colored men came in a little later for Swift & Co., and still another for Nelson Morris & Co. It was predicted that by Monday morning 3,000 men will have been imported including members of the eight regiment Illinois national guard (colored) who left after the former declaration of peace and went to Springfield, Ill., for the regiment's annual encampment.

WORKING IN NEW YORK.

None of Returned Union Men Called Out.

New York, July 23.—None of the members of the Amalgamated Association of Beef Cutters and Butchers' Workmen of America in this city, who returned to work when the strike was called off, had been called out today and all the packing houses here were running with practically a full force of workmen. General Organizer Eichelberger, of the association said that if the conference now on in Chicago does not reach some agreement today it will be necessary to order men to leave their work, although many of them do not desire to do so. He hoped, however, that this would not be necessary, as many packers here had lived up to their agreement and appeared to be willing to do so. At any rate he said, the men will not be called out again before tomorrow.

BIG DANCE AT LINCOLN PARK THIS EVENING.

Tickets 25c. Ladies Free.

HOUSE OF HOO HOO REBUILT.

World's Fair Grounds, St. Louis, July 23.—The house of Hoo Hoo, which was partially destroyed by fire one month ago and immediately rebuilt, was rededicated today.

First National Bank Savings Department open from 6 to 8 Saturday evenings. Entrance on Third avenue or through from Superior street.

Winnipeg and Return $16.70.

July 27, the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to Winnipeg and return, account Winnipeg Fair, good returning August 8th. For tickets and full information call at City Office, 332 West Superior street.

Iron River and Brule and Return.

Saturdays and Sundays the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to Brule and Iron River, Wis., and return at one fare for the round trip; good returning the following Monday. For full information and tickets, call at City office, 332 West Superior street.

St. Paul, Minneapolis and Return $5.75.

July 22, 23, 25, 26 and 27, the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to St. Paul and Minneapolis and return at $5.75, for round trip. Tickets good returning up to and including August 2nd. Three trains each way. For full information and tickets call at City Office, 332 West Superior street.

West Baden and French Lick, Ind., and Return $23.80.

On July 22 to 25, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to West Baden and French Lick, Ind., at $23.80, for the round trip. Tickets limited to August 11th for return. City Ticket Office, 302 West Superior street.

Colorado and Utah Excursions

On sale daily until Sept. 30, excursion tickets via "The North-Western Line" to Denver, Colorado Springs, at $30.65, and to Salt Lake, Utah, at $42.00. Tickets bear return limit October 31. City Ticket Office, 302 West Superior street.

UNIONISM BROKEN

Strike Has Practically Disrupted Union at South St. Paul.

The Packing Plant Running With Nearly Full Crews.

St. Paul, July 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—The power of unionism in South St. Paul is broken.

Today's situation, interpreted by the packing and commission interests, leads to this conclusion. Gen. M. D. Flower, president of the Union Stock yards, said today:

"It looks very much to me as if the strike had broken the back of the Butchers' union. The strike is apparently crushed by its own weight."

A second interpretation of the situation, one accepted by many of the union men, is that great dissatisfaction exists among the members of the union because of the second strike order, and that a revolt against President Michael Donnelly's authority has occurred. These are facts concerning the developments of the day:

Between 500 and 600 union men are at work in the plants of Swift & Co.

The entire force left the plant last night and returned to work again this morning without molestation or incident.

But 200 to 250 men have obeyed the second strike order. The beef butchering crews are intact almost to a man.

The plant, although under strike, is operating practically at full capacity, and is amply able to care for all the South St. Paul receipts without the aid of the men who are out. Many of the men who were on strike last week, are working today.

Strike headquarters are practically deserted by union men of influence. President Willis and Business Agent Stephens could not be found today.

The picket system is disorganized. Few men are on duty and there is no longer an effective patrol system. Cohesion of the union forces is practically at an end.

A stranger in South St. Paul could have found nothing today to idicate that a strike is in progress.

At noon today Swift & Co. ordered all their traveling men back on the road, indicating that the officials have come to the conclusion that it is again possible to maintain a normal output.

WOMAN AFTER OFFICE.

Wants to Be County Superintendent of Schools.

Faribault, Minn., July 23.—Miss Alice J. Mott, daughter of Hon. R. A. Mott, of this city, and one of the brightest literary women of Faribault, has filed for the office of county superintendent of schools. This is the first time in the history of Rice county a woman's name will appear on the ticket at the primary election. Miss Bott is an honored graduate of St. Mary's hall, of this city, and she has attended the universities of Minnesota, Iowa and Yale. She has taught for sixteen years, and for seven seasons was one of the principal instructors at the state summer school held at the University of Minnesota. Miss Mott's friends are confident of her success in the coming election.

AFTER ALGER'S SEAT.

William C. McMillan Wants to Go to Senate.

Detroit, Mich., July 23.—William C. McMillan confirms the report that he desires to fill his late father's seat in the United States senate. He announces that he will try to succeed Senator Alger in 1907. McMillan asserts that when the road was left clear for Alger in 1902, the latter agreed to step out at the end of his term.

Alger has hitherto refused to make known his intentions, but it is said that his friends are at work among prospective members of the next two state legislatures to fix up fences for his re-election. McMillan has the support of the machine built up by his father.

THE WINDOW SMASHER,

Mrs. Ricks Is Heard From In Montana.

Big Timber, Mont., July 23.—Mrs. Mary Ricks, a woman tramp who achieved considerable notoriety in Wisconsin and Minnesota as a smasher of glass windows, floated into Big Timber after being driven out of Miles City. The officers here were no sooner apprised of Mrs. Ricks' landing here than the county commissioners were routed out and required to purchase a ticket for the woman to Bozeman, to which place the police officers saw her off. The woman, while ordinarily harmless, has a mania for smashing plate glass windows. She hails from Madison, Wis.

MUSICAL COMEDY

Has Been Composed By a La Crosse Clergyman.

La Crosse, Wis., July 23.—Rev. C. N. Moller, pastor of Christ Episcopal church, the fashionable church of La Crosse, has written a musical comedy entitled "Girl Wanted."

The music was written by Prof. Packman, organist of the church. The libretto is the work of the pastor. It is a portrayal of the difficulties of a society woman in securing servents just before a formal society affair. Songs of Wisconsin cities are a feature of the comedy, which also abounds in local hits. It will be presented here Aug. 4 by local talent for the benefit of the church.

Milwaukee Wis., and Return, $11.80.

On July 27 and 28, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to Milwaukee and return at $11.90. Tickets good for return August 1. City Ticket Office, 302 West Superior street, Lonsdale building.

The number of times in a year that a man uses The Herald's Want Columns is an idex to his interests and activities.

RATE FOR G. A. R.

State Department Commander Announces $25.-75 from Twin Cities.

Belief That Rate May Get Down as Low as $20.

Harrison White, of Luverne, department commander of the Minnesota G. A. R., has issued an official curcular announcing the rate to Boston on account of the thirtieth annual annual encampment August 15 to 20. This rate is $25.75 from the Twin Cities and the commander says the official headquarters train will leave Minneapolis August 13 at 9 a. m. and St. Paul at 9:35 a. m. to run via the Chicago & Northwestern, the Michigan Central, the New York Central and the Boston and Albany. A stop of three hours will be made at Niagara Falls and the train will be due in Boston at 7 a. m. Monday. The parade will be the following morning.

Standard sleeper berths will be $7.50 and tourist berths $3.75. This is supposed to be one way, although the circular does not say, and it is assumed by some that the veterans will use regular trains returning. Those who wish to go with the official party can communicate with Orton S. Clark, assistant adjutant general at G. A. R. headquarters, 514 Boston block, Minneapolis.

The above rate is expected to be beaten before the railroads get through, however, and the probability is that a lower rate will be in effect from Duluth. The Western Passenger association representatives at their meeting at Chicago yesterday authorized a one fare round trip rate to Chicago to be added to the rate east of there for the encampment, but the Wisconsin Central, by the use of a rate of $8 for the round trip from St. Paul to Chicago in addition to the Nickel Plate's $17.75, makes the $25.75 quoted in Commander White's circular.

As the Wisconsin Central has announced the rate, and the Northwestern has undoubtedly agreed to contract for the transportation of the veterans at the rate named by Commander White, it is going to be interesting to see just how soon the various roads openly lower their rate.

The one fare for the round trip rate will no doubt make the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic feel like using one fare for the round trip the same as the Western passenger association roads. The South Shore got out a circular under date of May 24 giving $25 as the first-class one way rate to Boston and it is safe to assume that this rate will be made by it. The other lines from here to Boston have been meeting this one way rate with conscientious regularity and there seems to be no reason why they should not meet it in this case for the round trip. This will incite the South Shore, in all likelihood, to cut off another slice and make the rate $22 or $23. Agent Mart Adson would not give any information on the subject this morning, but indicated that the road would be prepared to meet competition.

A well known passenger official of another road said he expected to see a flat round trip rate of $20.

Special to Menomenie.

Next Saturday night at midnight the Omaha will run a special train to Menomenie, Wis., account of the Independent Scandinavian Workingmen's association annual picnic, at a rate of $3.50 from Duluth, and lower rates from some other points along the line. The train will be due in Menomenie at 8:30 a. m., the return to be made starting at 9:15 p. m. A special program is promised at Menomenie, including various performances band concerts, speeches and a ball game.

TERRIBLE SUFFERING

Experienced By Half Starved Crew on Italian Bark.

New York, July 23.—A pitiable story of suffering and death at sea, of a ship without a navigating officer and with a half-starved crew, who had neither food nor water when help came to them, was brought here today by the officers of the Hamburg-American line steamer Tenedos, which arrived from the Levant.

When the Tenedos was north of the Madeira islands on July 8, she sighted a sailing vessel, showing signals of distress and a short time later came up with the Italian bark San Pietro bound from Montevideo for Genoa with a cargo of guano. When an officer from the steamer was sent on board the bark a most deplorable condition was found to exist.

A half-starved, thoroughly exhausted crew stood helplessly about the deck. The captain had died and had been buried at sea and the mate, the only other person on the ship with any knowledge of navigation, was lying at the point of death in the cabin. The store of provisions had been completely exhausted.

Hope had been nearly abandoned when the Tenedos hove in sight. After the sick mate had been attended by the Tenedos' surgeon, a plentiful supply of provisions and water was put on board the distressed bark, and the steamer's first officer and an able seaman were detailed to assist in taking her to her destination.

TOOMEY HAS CEASED

To Be Private Secretary to President Hill.

St. Paul, July 23.—William C. Toomey is no longer private secretary to President J. J. Hill of the Great Northern railroad.

Mr. Toomey, it is reported, was informed by Mr. Hill that his services would no longer be needed, and, after this conference, which was held on the yacht of the railroad magnate near New York, Mr. Tolmey resigned.

The retiring secretary has been employed in handling Mr. Hill's private business, outside of railroad affairs, for the past six years.

Recently Mr. Toomey and his wife agreed to disagree, and it is stated that he was to commence proceedings for a divorce. All sorts of rumors have been afloat as to the charges to be made by the plaintiff, but as yet the papers have not been filed in the courts.

Mrs. Toomey, it is understood, announced a determination to fight the case and sought the advice of an attorney, who was instructed to draw a cross-bill in the suit. She also, it is said, had disclosures to make regarding the suit, and, taking both sides of the case together, the charges and counter-charges were decidedly sensational.

It is stated that this state of affairs reached the ears of Mr. Hill.

J. J. Toomey, a brother of the retiring secretary, has been appointed to fill the vacancy.

It pays to advertise in The Herald. Ask Max Wirth.

NEW SCHEDULE IS ADOPTED

Future Rates of Insurance of Knights of Maccabees.

Detroit, July 23.—The supreme tent, Knights of the Maccabees of the World, today adopted the new schedule of rates recommended by the committee on laws at Wednesday's session. Whole life insurance will hereafter be furnished new members at rates ranging from 85 cents per $1000 of insurance at the age of 18 to $2.75 at the age of 50. Present members may rerate themselves to the new rate for whole life protection, or may continue their insurance in force at present rates until the age of 55, after which they must pay at the rate of $3 per month. After the rate question had been disposed of, officers were elected as follows:

Past supreme commander, D. D. Aitken, Flint, Mich.; supreme commander, D. P. Marks, Port Huron; supreme lieutenant commander, F. Bowser, Butler, Pa.; supreme record keeper, L. E. Sizler, Akron, O.

METEORITE FOUND

Imbedded in the Earth in Goodhue County.

Kenyon, Minn., July 23.—The meteorite was found by a searching party in the heavy timber strips on the farm of J. A. Talle, four and a half miles northeast of Kenyon, this morning. It is of a dark blue color, with highly ribboned black lines, and redish brown spots. It appears solidly imbedded, with about five-sixths of its bulk in the ground. It is estimated to weigh between 7000 and 9000 pounds.

Small trees were ground into pulp and limbs of large oaks broken like matches by its descent. The indications are that there was intense heat for hours after its fall. It was cold when found, the earth being baked into the solidity of pottery from eight to fifteen yards surrounding. A test by Professor Ranos, of the Kenyon high school, one of the searching party, discloses that there is metal in it. The farmer owning the land refuses a liberal offer

A BIG PROBLEM

If Cortelyou Tries to Settle Wisconsin Split.

Madison, Wis., July 23.—If Chairman Cortelyou, of the Republican national committee intends to invite the chairman of the stalwart and La Follette state central committees of Wisconsin to confer with him for the purpose of trying to adjust the differences between the two factions of the party in this state, he is contemplating one of the biggest problems that will confront him during the present campaign.

It is understood the La Follette state ticket will not be withdrawn even if the state supreme court decides the stalwart ticket to be the regular one of the Republican party.

Chairman Connor, of the La Follette faction, declares that the fight is to be to a finish, and that outside suggestion or interference will not avert the struggle. Chairman Goldin, of the stalwarts, says he will appeal to the supreme court for a ruling on the question of regulation of the two tickets as soon as possible. If the stalwarts win, their ticket will be placed on the official ballot as the regular Republican one. If they lose, the ticket will be withdrawn.

BUSINESS MEN

Form $20,000 Pool to Help the Needy.

New York, July 23.—Twenty New York business men have pooled $20,000 in a bureau that is to listen to the hard-luck stories and lend money to the victims without security. Only those who are poor and honest need apply. Grafters will be turned away. The purpose is to save the valuable time of business men who are now pestered with hard-luck stories.

The intent is to loan money at 6 per cent interest in small sums to all eligible applicants without security on one hand and, on the other, to furnish work and a home to all eligible applicants who really wish to work.

The officers of the association are A. W. Woodbury, president; M. D. Bullion, treasurer; N. L. Northrup, secretary; R. E. Woodman, director.

Under the rules of this association the members agree not to donate an applicant more than 25 cents. If the man wants more than that amount, he is given a card and sent to the hard-luck bureau. To borrow money from the loan department, the only requisite, aside from proving an actual need of the money and evincing an honest intention to repay it, is an acquaintance with one of the score of business men inthecombination.

Applicants for work also, will be referred to the bureau, which may decide to send them to a colony near Caldwell, N. J.

'Phone your wants, small advertisements of all kinds sent by telephone to The Herald receive prompt and careful attention. Ask central for 324, either 'phone.

MINISTER SERIOUSLY BITTEN BY SAVAGE DOG.

Minneapolis, July 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Rev. O. E. Haaheim, of Astoria, Oregon, who is visiting his father-in-law, E. Kaaro, in this city, was bitten by a dog today. Mr. Haaheim rode his bicycle up to the curb, and as he dismounted, a brown pointer dog jumped from under a buggy standing near, seized him by the arm. Rev. Haaheim's left arm was badly lacerated by the brute's teeth, as it was some moments before he could free himself.

Rev. Haaheim was taken in care by a physician.

The dog went back under the wagon, where it was noticed he had slipped his muzle.

From evidence of froth about the animal's mouth he is thought to be suffering from rabies.

The Herald has the circulation. Of this fact there is no doubt. Not only has it the circulation, but it has the circulation that counts. Try The Herald's want columns and get the best and quickest results.

CONTRACT WORK—

Bids will be received at this office up to August the 8th, at 8 o'clock p. m. of that day, for the laying of 1950 feet 6-inch pipe, including hydrant connections, as follows: Four 6-inch T's, 3 6-inch valves, 4 hydrants, 3 6-inch crosses; also 412 feet of 4-inch pipe 1 T, and 1 4-inch hydrant. All of the above pipe must be of standard strength, and must be laid an average depth of 7 feet and 8 inches. Bids must include furnishing of all material for contract, and same must be completed by September the 15th, 1904.

J. S. GOLE,
Village Recorder,
Grand Rapids, Minnesota.

Smart Mid-summer Modes



A-PLEATED-DESIGN.



THE-NEW-FIGURE.



FOR-TOWN.



FOR-COUNTRY-WEAR.



PARISIAN-TAILORMADE.

By Our Special Correspondent,
MIRIAM SPIER.

Day by day now, as the season advances, come new styles, new materials, until it seems as though the clothes question were of paramount importance, for the consultations on the subject of dress are endless, and the attention of womankind in general is centered on the one absorbing topic. There are many reasons why this should be. Clothes are much more involved and intricate than ever before, and there are so many new fads and fancies that it really requires serious thought to plan out a satisfactory wardrobe.

Skirts are most puzzling; the shape, design, trimmings and, above all, the length, must be most carefully considered. One rule is that all walking skirts shall be short; the next ultimatum—for all Fashion's rules are in the nature of an ultimatum—is to the effect that skirts must be long, as the short skirt is so extremely unbecoming. At this season of the year, when so many different styles of gowns must be made up, there must be a frock to wear for a day's shopping, for traveling, for yachting, etc. In veiling, a short gown is not effective, and yet veiling gowns are necessary. And so it goes, until the problem seems almost unsolvable. But, after all, a safe rule is to have skirts or gowns intended for walking, traveling or shopping made short, and for afternoon gowns long demitrain or with long, sweeping train.

Flounced skirts are immensely fashionable and bid fair to be more popular, and it is extraordinary how many different styles of flounces there are—so narrow they are more in the nature of ruffles put on in gathered or pleated effect or quite scant, so arranged that one flounce falls over the other or that there is a wide space between, and so on indefinitely. Trimmed skirts are essential, according to the latest dictates. One of the newest models has bias bands of the material put on full at one side and in loops and bands; between these bands are narrow fringed ruchings of the same shade as the material, while the skirt itself is gathered into the waistband at the sides and back.

Fringed ruchings of taffeta and chiffon trim lightweight cloths and veiling gowns, put on, as just described, between the flat band of other trimmings or on the edge of the flounces and of the color of the material or black. In the new colored and figured veilings this is a most effective trimming and bids fair to become a fad, as it is comparatively inexpensive and so possible for the great majority. Box pleatings are also one of the new fashions, and even the stiff old-fashioned pleatings in satin ribbon are attempted; it is too early to say they are accepted as a new style.

Coats and skirts costumes are said not to be so fashionable as waists and skirts with separate coat or wrap, and yet no well-gowned woman would for a moment think she could go through the season without a cloth coat and skirt costume. More and more fashionable is it becoming to have all cloth gowns made up elaborately with embroidered flounces, with silk velvet, satin or fancy braid trimming, so the original idea of the tailor-made gown seems to have been entirely lost sight of.

It seems passing strange in view of the fact that country life is supremely fashionable at the moment and when, in order to enjoy country life, simple and appropriate clothes are a necessity that there should be this craze for such elaborate styles.

Conservative tailors have a different story to tell, of orders received for the plainest tailor gowns made on the regulation plan of years, with coats and skirts to match and with little or no trimming, the smartest of the gowns secured by the perfection of cut and fit and by the material chosen. This summer there are all statements to the contrary, any number of smart gowns being made of cheviots, serges, Oxfords, mixtures and materials that will stand the hardest kind of wear, the skirt in side pleats or seven gored, with decided flare on with attached flounce and a medium length half-fitting coat. No trimming except the turndown collar and cuffs.

Fancy waists worn with these gowns are most attractive and are made in silk, crepe de chine and chiffon. The white batiste or fine India linon waists look exceedingly smart with the solid colors, but with the mixed cheviots a more effective contrast is obtained with the brighter colors. Elaborate lace, silk and fine Persian lawn are extremely pretty. The heavily embroidered and richly trimmed muslins and linens do not look bad.

The cloth costumes are so varied in styles and color that it would seem necessary to provide three or four in order to have always the appropriate one to wear for each occasion. Smooth cloths are more fashionable than usual for this time of the year, and are made in elaborate designs or after exceedingly plain ones. The long coat is rarely seen with light colors, and instead is a blouse coat with belt and the fronts made to hang over the belt in front, if a long-waisted effect is desired. Broad pleats in the skirts are arranged novel fashion for those women who have not taken kindly to the flounce skirts, and the gathered, shirred and even puffed skirts have yielded to common sense and can now be made in the height of fashion without so many countless yards materials.

The soft cloth looks well made up in such designs as gives lengths to the figure and at the same time show the beauty of the material. They also look well in more elaborate styles, such as the gathered and shirred effects at the side and back. Bands of velvet ribbon edging the flounces, or in graduated widths around the foot of the skirts, is a favorite style of trimming, but cannot be said to be only suitable with cloth; in fact, it is used on taffeta or veiling even oftener. Braiding and braid are both fashionable this season, and are used on all materials, when used on cloth the best are gained, when the pattern is unobtrusive and the braiding must be well done the fancy braids are all effective, but as with the braiding the rule should be that there is not much used, the style of jacket permit the use of fancy braid in straight bands down the front, around the neck and as a finish to the sleeves, and often there will not be any more used on the entire gowns, the skirt being left plain.

Women who had hoped for the arrival of a simpler and less extravagant fashion in feminine dress as a natural reversion from the ornate and elaborate modes of the last few years will find their hopes turned to ashes by the introduction of the directoire styles. They will have to wait, at least, for the fickle goddess who presides over apparel to tire of this last whim before their hopes find fruition. The directoire modes are more dignified and less frivolous than are those of the 1830 period, which are just settling back into history, but they are far from economical.

Rich materials, fine laces, exquisite needlework, and, above all, the handling of an artist in cut and finish, are required to carry them out. Take Louis XV. coat for example. At its best it is a thing suited only to the most elaborate wear, being of sumptuous materials richly embroidered and bedight with real lace and jeweled buttons. Only in this guise is the long basqued affair, with its distinctive waistcoast, big lapels, pocket flaps and cuffs, jabots and sleeve ruffs reminiscent of the age which gave it its title.

Such a garment, accompanied by a skirt of the same material beautifully trimmed to complete the skirt, is the acme of elegance at this moment and is being seen daily at fashionable gatherings. It will be left to the fall and winter to produce this first characteristic of the accepted mode in transformation suited to commercial production. Toilets like the one suggested are, as a rule, kept in one tone, the hat and its plumes matching the self-trimmed skirt and the coat.

Colors this year are taking very prosaic names. Among the most fashionable are tobacco and dead leaf brown, onion, gooseberry green, raspberry and strawberry pink, mustard yellow, etc. Yellow in various shades is very much used as an accessory hue, and so, too, are bright dark greens and blues, champagne tints and a medley of rose hue. Shaded materials and trimmings are very much used.

Very gradually the fashionable silhouette has changed, until the clinging, drooping modes of a year ago, milady's sleeves and skirts, stand out as if gently inflated. Over and again it is said that shoulders are long, but they no longer droop as they did. Breadth has been taken on. This is accomplished in many ways. Sleeves now are fullest just above the elbow, and at the point is found the greatest width. But the upper part of the sleeve is undergoing a transformation. It is becoming full from low shoulder to elbow. There is one exception to this rule, the directoire costume. Here the sleeve is more or less close-fitting its entire length, ending in a deep, wide cuff, from which droops a frill of lace.

The shoulder and skirt are the centers about which all the new modes are revolving. As to the shoulder, nothing must interfere with its outline, and this mandate extends also to the neck. The summary extinction of the pelerine and cape collars continues to be heralded, but they are conspicuous on some of the smartest creations from the best-known designers. The pelerine, to be sure, has assumed a shawl-like air and the cape collar is a cape pure and simple, or is merged into deep stitched yokes or sleeve capes. The incoming directoire modes, whose arrival no one is disputing, are bringing with them lapels, waist coats, deep girdles and shoulders not a whit less sloping than in 1830 models, but with an added breadth and bouffantry.

The majority of the smartest imported tailor-mades have full skirts full clear to the girdle. A large number of such toilets are without the sign of a gore, the volume being plaited or shirred according to the whim of its maker. Take such a skirt, cut it with two inches on the floor in front and at the sides, and you have this summer's masterpiece of the Parisian couturiere, a garment made without a thought of the exigencies of pedal movements.

As to shapes in hats, there are as many as there are milliners to make them. It is one of those seasons when the demarcation between the fashionable and the unfashionable is very vague, and when anything that is becoming, picturesque or suitable "goes." Smart tailor hats are trimmed with straw buckles, straw buttons, straw cabachous, straw bows and often have their brims outlined with straw bands made up of many-hued straws braided together. There are even the straw flowers, and something that is supposed to look like a straw feather.

The chic turban continues to hold its popularity. A stylish hat in the turban shape, intended for dressy tailored costumes, was made of champagne straw of a very coarse weave, with golden brown satin taffeta ribbon and a shaded breast, in which the tan or beige tones were carried out, forming the trimming. The edge of the rolled brim was finished with a fold of the satin ribbon, and the ribbon was brought over the belt side of the brim in soft folds, against which the shaded breast was disposed; a square buckle of the straw braid concealed the end of the breast. This idea could be carried out effectively with green satin ribbin in a bright emerald shade, and a shaded green breast instead of the brown. Green, by the way, is one of the season's features in the millinery world; green plums and paradise aigrettes being much favored, especially as trimming for a champagne colored straw, or a golden brown or black.

Swell Fads and Fabrics.

For swell functions the double-width shot taffetas and the messaline silks are the most popular fabrics, and as the season grows older these cloths will steadily increase in favor, and dresses made entirely of these materials will be very fashionable. The latest sleeve is very much wider; the newest shape clings to the arm until just below the elbow, when it swells out sharply, being caught in again at the wrist with a wide, tight cuff. Tucked yoke blouses are in great demand in both London and Paris, but this style is only suitable for the softer fabrics, such as india linon and muslin, crepe de chine or the thinner foulard silks. The tucker is usually made of gathered chiffon or figured mousseline de soie, the body part being cut all in one and fastens at the back.

The blouses which are intended for afternoon or evening functions of some pretention are properly made with a tight-fitting foundation. The latest mode blouse where muslins or the grass lawns are used has a decided tendency toward fulness in front, with a ruching up the center seam, and should be tacked on to the tight-fitting yoked foundation. The full sleeve also calls for a ruched appearance on the upper seam and is mounted on a tight-fitting lining. The skirt for a double-width silk is now made in five pieces, with the entire fulness caught at the waistband. In the back the widths should be cut extra wide, so as to cause the back skirt to fall in rich, broad folds, which should be accentuated at the back closing plait.

The Wide Sleeve.

The increasing size of sleeves from the elbows downward has not only grown into a perplexity for the dressmakers, but has even troubled the manufacturers who have now produced the more fashionable fabrics for summer wear in wide widths so as to permit these voluminous sleeves to be cut all in one piece. This is especially true in muslins and the summer silks. The most fashionable fabrics now as shown by the demands in the swell Parisian and London shops are the fine quality soft goods, such an linon de soie, collennes and crepe de chine. These goods when made up require only a lace trimming, as they are made with so many frills and ruchings of the materials themselves that other trimmings are discouraged.

The Eton Jacket and Bolero.

Eton-shaped jackets and short-waisted boleros left open in front are very fashionable just now, and as all the newest blouses are made of the thinnest possible material an out of door jacket is really necessary. In these jackets the collar is always separate, and the sleeve is made all in one piece. The latest fad of cutting a side piece all in one with the front is a great advantage, as it makes the jacket more suitable, and if a double-width soft fabric is used, as eollenne or chiffon velvet, the jacket can even be made without shoulder seams. Liberty silks or wide, soft taffetas are ideal fabrics for such jackets and have been adopted by the most exclusive costumers of both London and Paris.

Description of Above Models.

A Parisian Tailor Made.

There is hardly a shade of red which cannot be said to be more or less popular in Paris at present, and in the new chiffon cloths with their exquisite finish these colorings take on an added luster. Somewhat on the shade of the jacqueminot red is the semi-tailored gown of the picture, in which a little velvet, some oriental embroidery, lace and braid are all called upon for decorative design. The short coat sags all around over the boned girdle of velvet and braid. The sleeve is plain in the upper portion, puffy about the elbow, dropping into a deep flaring cuff, edged with embroidery and having a lace wrist ruffle. The skirt is cleverly built in three sections, mounted upon a moneybank taffeta foundation, the upper portion, which extends to below the knee, cleverly draped in tablier fashion across the front. The finishing flounces are each machine stitched and piped with velvet, and a shallow band of princess haircloth is inserted in the hem of the drop skirt to afford the new contour to the skirt.

Defining the New Figure.

There is quite a change in the fashionable silhouette when the newer modes are employed. The round waist of the 1830 period and of the later Directoire styles give a very different outline to the figure. This is charmingly shown in the gown illustrated. The fashionable bolero is arranged over a fitted waistcoat of oriental embroideries in soft, faded colorings, which tone in well with the delicate almond green tint of the cloth. A broad tressed novelty braid in a deeper tone with a glint of gold showing through it outlines the bolero, and serves to define the fancy pancis upon the skirt. The hip yoke is cut with long rounded tabs, a second series of panels appearing beneath, with kilted portions deftly inserted. The length clears the ground, just barely touching in the back. The torpedo turban repeats the tender almond green tints of the gown, and little knots of velvet Jacqueminot roses in the faded tints reposed at either side.

A Pleated Design.

An extremely graceful design is the one pictured and one which will lend itself to almost any figure with equally good effect. Inserted fan pleats are the leading motif, and these are used liberally. The short coat is fitted in the back, the pleats forming a postillon, while the fronts, with the pleats inserted below the bust line are left to hang free. The skirt is gored with slot seams, the pleats inserted under an inset of gold gauze with little velvet buttons. The sleeve is large, and a little cape effect is gained in the deep cap which heads the full puff.

For Country Wear.

Tweeds have ever been the choice of the clever dresser for country and outdoor wear, and the mannish mixtures in these, while not exactly inexpensive, inevitably prove the best in the long run. They look and wear well, hold their shape under even the roughest wear, and, best of all, are decidedly fashionable. The loose or semi-fitting coat is the newest fashion, and those of Norfolk cut are very flattering to slender figures. A very dark brown tweed is thickly flecked with white in the illustration. The coat is loose, with Norfolk straps, cut bias, passing over the shoulder. The sleeve is of the plain tailor pattern, and the velvet collar softens the severity of the design. The skirt is gored, with a single box pleat overlaid on each gore and stitched down to the knee. The skirt is unlined and finished with a brown velveteen binding, which effectually protects the smart black shiny shoe from rubbing.

The Town Tailor-Made.

Rather a novel effect is shown in this severely plain tailor-made in a dark hunter's green. Both cut and coloring are somewhat out of the ordinary, and a very piquant touch is given in the collar of black velvet. The coat comes to just over the curve of the hips, has fitted back, with quite a little spring in each seam below the waistline. The fronts are semi-fitting, with a single dart, and fasten after the fashion of a four-button cutaway. The skirt is in 13 gores, with inverted pleats in each gore, and is built to clear the ground all around, a tailored binding finishing the hem. Patch pockets appear on the coat and give a very jaunty effect indeed.

The Tailor-Made Turban.

The closely fitting turbans are, if anything, even more popular than in the early spring. They fit in so well with the shirtwaist suit and the generally less formal style of summer dress that their success is not at all to be wondered at. The smart little model pictured is in fancy straw of a medium green tint, the brim composed of the straw arranged in upstanding loops. The shape fits closely to the head in the back and projects slightly in the front, a shallow bandeau in the headpiece affording the necessary lift. A bunch of shaded velvet roses are posed at the left side, the long stems looped, and velvet foliage is carried all around the brim, with strands of the stems falling in the back.

DECLINE IN WHEAT

Market Started Lower and Closed With One Cent Loss.

Flax Trading Was Quiet and Market Considerably Stronger.

Duluth Board of Trade, July 23.—With the weather generally favorable and foreign markets easier, owing to the subsidence of the political feeling over there, the wheat market today was dull and lower. Prices opened off and sagged lower. Liverpool was 7/8@1d lower, London unchanged to 7/8d lower and Paris 1¼@1½c higher.

The Duluth market closed 1½c lower for July and 5/8-3/4c for September, Chicago 1c lower for July and 7/8-1c for September, Minneapolis 1½c lower for July and 5/8-3/4c for September, and New York 1½c lower for July and 1⅜c for September.

Broomhall estimates world's shipments to be reported Monday at 8,000,000, a figure somewhat larger than those of the past two weeks but still considerably below the requirements.

Stocks of wheat at Duluth are estimated to show a decrease of from 75,000 to 100,000 bushels this week, and flax is expected to be practically unchanged.

Car receipts at Duluth were 115 against 11 last year, and at Minneapolis 98 against 107 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 113 against 118 last year. Chicago received 57 cars.

Primary receipts of wheat were 520,400 bushels, last year 584,000 bushels. Shipments 274,900 bushels, last year 204,100 bushels.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ¼d lower. September corn in the Chicago market closed ⅝c lower. September oats closed ⅛-¼c lower. Primary receipts of corn were 366,700 bus, last year 376,700 bus. Shipments 355,200 bus, last year 319,300 bus.

In the Duluth market there was scarcely any trading in July, which closed 1½c lower at 99c. The September option opened ⅜-½c lower at 87⅝c, sold at 87⅛c at 10:43, fell to 87¼c at 10:46 and then rallied to 87⅝c at 10:35. It again fell to 87⅛c at 11:05 and had another rally to 87⅜c at 11:55. It reacted again, however, and closed at 87⅛c. This was a loss of 5/8-¾c. The December option closed 1c lower.

Cash offerings were light and prices continued on the same basis as yesterday.

Flax was quiet and considerably stronger. July and October closed ¾c higher and September 5c higher. November was up 1⅛c and December ¾c.

Rye was marked off 5c.

Following were the closing prices on the Duluth board:

Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 northern, 98c; No. 2 northern, 94c; on track, No. 1 northern, 99c; No. 2 northern, 95c; Macaroni, No. 1, 82c; No. 2, 81½c; July, 99c; September, 87⅝c; December, 84c. Flax, to arrive, $1.22½; on track, $1.22½; July, $1.22½; September, $1.23⅜; October, $1.23½; November, $1.23; December, $1.23. Oats, on track, 28c; to arrive, 35c; September, 32c. Rye, on track, 66c; to arrive, 66c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 115; last year, 11; oats, 6; barley, 2; flax, 17; last year, 17.

Receipts—Wheat, 49,485; oats, 1465; barley, 1561; rye, 369; flax, 18,689.

Shipments—Wheat, 128,100; oats, 5960; barley, 5952; flax, 38,220.

CASH SALES SATURDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 1 car, choice..$1.01
No. 1 northern, 5 cars 1.00
No. 1 northern, 5000 bus., to arrive.. 99
No. 2 northern, part car..... 95
No. 2 northern, 1 car 96
No. 2 northern, part car..... 96
No. 3 spring, 1 car 94
No. 3 spring, 2 cars 93
No grade, part car 85
Rejected, 1 car 93½
Macaroni wheat, 2 cars No. 2..... 81½
Oats, part car 37½
Barley, part car 33
Flax, 1000 bus 1.22½
Flax, 1 car 1.22½
Flax, 1 car 1.22¼

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Realizing Sales on Dull Market Causes Weakness.

Chicago, July 23.—Realizing sales on a dull market caused weakness in wheat today the September option showing a loss of over a cent from last night's closing quotations. The selling was brought out by a decline of a penny at Liverpool and by favorable weather throughout the greater part of the United States. The arrival of 46 cars of new wheat out of 57 cars received today had much to do with the weakness. The opening on September was 5/8@⅞c to 1@1⅛c lower at 88⅞c to 87⅝c. The price soon settled at 86-⅞c. Duluth, Minneapolis and Chicago reported receipts of 270 cars, against 223 cars last week and 246 cars a year ago.

Liberal offerings of cash wheat at a decline of 2c from yesterday's prices had an important bearing on the weakness of speculative trading. The low point on September was reached at 86⅝@⅞c, and the close was at 87⅛c, a net loss of 1@1⅛c.

There was an easier tone in corn, but the market exhibited no great weakness. The selling was in sympathy with the break in wheat and was of a local character. The fact that receipts were less than anticipated had a strengthening influence. September opened 1/8@¼c to ⅜c lower at 49⅛@¼c to 49¼c and sold off to 49c. Local receipts were 284 cars with 24 of contract grade.

The market held steady the remainder of the session, September closing with a loss of ⅜c at 49@¼c.

Weakness of wheat had a depressing effect on the oats market, but there was no important selling and prices showed only a small loss. The market received moderate support from bull leaders. September opened ⅛c to ¼c lower at 32⅞c to 33c and eased off to 32¾@⅞c. Local receipts were 74 cars.

Owing to the strike at the stock yards there was almost nothing doing in provisions. Prices were steady at last night's closing quotations.

Close: Wheat—July, 95¾c; old, 94⅞c; September, 86⅞c; old, 88¾c; December, 86¼@⅜c; May, 83⅝c. Corn—July, 48⅞c; September, 49@¼c; December, 45⅜c; May, 44⅝@⅝c. Oats—July, 29⅜c; September, 32⅝@33c; December 33¼c; May, 34¾@⅞c. Pork—July, $12.75; September, 12.82½; October, $12.82½. Lard—July, $6.85; September, $6.92½@6.95; October, $7.00. Ribs—July, $7.37½; September $7.32½; October, $7.35. Rye—July, 76c; September, 58c. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, $1.22½; Southwestern, $1.17½; September, $1.18. Timothy—July, $3.00; September, $3.12½. Clover—July, $11.25. Barley—Cash, 30@35c. Cash wheat—2 red, 96@$1.00; 3 red, 90@96c; 2 hard, 91@93c; 3 hard, 88@91c; 1 northern, $1.02; 2 northern, 98½@99; 3 spring, 93@95c. Corn—2, 49½c; 3, 49¼c. Oats—2, 30½@37c; 3, 30c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago,	New York.
July—				
Open	....	....	93⅛-¾	....
High	98⅛	94	....	....
Low	97	92	....	....
Close	.99	97A	93⅝	1.00A
Close 22nd	1.00½	97½	94⅝	1.01½
Sept—				
Open	.87⅝B	87¼-⅜	86⅞-7⅛	91⅜-½
High	.87⅞	87⅜	87¼	91⅞-½
Low	.87⅜	86⅞	86⅝-¾	90⅝
Close	.87⅝B	87⅜A	86⅞	91B
Close 22nd	.88⅛-¼	87¾-⅞	87¾-⅞	92⅛

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. Sept.	Corn. Sept.	Pork. Sept.
Open	32⅝@33	49¼@49½-¼	$12.77
High	.33	49¼	12.82
Low	32¾	48⅞-49	12.77
Close	32⅞-33	49-⅛	12.82

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, July 23.—Wheat—Spot nominal; futures quiet; July, 6s 6⅞d; September, 6s 8d; December, 6s 8¾d. Corn—Spot quiet; American mixed new, 4s 4½d; American mixed old, 4s 5¼d; futures quiet; July nominal; September, 4s 2¾d.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, July 23.—Close: Wheat—July, $1.00; September, 91c; December, 89⅞@90c. Corn—July, 55¼c; September, 54¼c; December, 51⅝c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, July 23.—Close: Wheat—July, 97c; September, 87⅛c; December, 84¾@⅞c; on track, 1 hard, 99½c; 1 northern, 98½c; 2 northern, 95¼@96½c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Minneapolis: The Market Record thinks there is a possibility of a 200,000,000 bus crop in the spring wheat states and says a yield of 16 bushels per acre, if it be allowed, that there are 15,000,000 acres, would produce 240,000,000 bus of wheat. The government, however, has reduced the acreage in these states to 13,000,000 acres, a figure below the reports of the census of 1899, and because of the vast areas opened up, there is a strong probability of a mistake. But even reducing the acreage to 13,000,000 acres, the yield will be above 200,000,000 bus on a basis of 15 bus to the acre.

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Edwards, Wood & Co.: Wheat—The market for wheat averaged ¾ to ⅞ lower today. Trading was moderately active, but nervous. Owing to the more favorable weather both Northwest and Southwest, the wheat situation is thought to have improved some during the week. Receipts Southwest were about equal to a year ago, and threshing returns show yields of 15 to 28 bushels, but badly damaged in quality. The Market Record's statement, as based on reports from Minnesota and the Dakotas, figures a yield of 200,000,000 bus of spring wheat and with most favorable conditions to the harvest might reach 240,000,000 bus. While the market is acting none too strong, it might be well to remember that there has been considerable liquidation during the last week, that the spring wheat crop is very late and might be seriously delayed before maturing. Our visible supply is down near the 12,000,000 bus mark, fith the outlook favoring a further reduction during this month and next. In all events, we should get a contraction of this week's active markets, and on weak places now think purchases will prove right for a turn.

Corn dropped a little today in sympathy with wheat and oats but the market could not be called weak, an dwe would not be surprised to see a higher market directly. Receipts were only fair with the sample market strong and general improvement in shipping orders. Crop reports continue mixed, at best the stand is very uneven. The big holders of contract corn are standing firm and are in a position to help prices, if necessary. We are friendly to the new crop months and think best opportunities will be found on the long side, on recessions.

The oats market was slow. Spreaders were said to be buying September oats against sales of September corn at about 16 cents difference. New business was light. A few cars of new oats were received at Chicago, tested from 25 to 28 pounds to the measured bushel, and brought 40 per cent. We do not expect a big rush of receipts and yet present car lots should be doubled, and still under over a year ago. September around this level is selling a reasonably low price.

Flax was active and succeeded in establishing prices for Duluth September and October at $1.23½, a new high mark. With stocks of both flax raw and manufactured products, strongly held by manufacture and the acute of the Northwest not over half of last year, with the season two weeks late, we can not expect big additions to receipts for some time. In other exporting counties the yields promise to be likewise reduced because of drouth, and altogether prospects are regarded as good for prices going very much higher.

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Broomhall: World's shipments of wheat so far, from receipts would indicate a total movement for the week of 10,000,000 bus., against 7,225,000 bus. for the same week a year ago. Should the movement be as large as expected, the decrease on passage will be small and there will be a little left over from European requirements, which are figured at 9,000,000 bus. per week. For this week America contributes 1,250,000 bus. of wheat and flour.

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Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—Fine weather everywhere, lower cables, more pacific political news and large receipts are the causes of lower market. There was some speculative buying toward the close on the rumor that further ships had been taken by the Russian volunteer fleet, but as this is explained by the fact that instructions from the Russian government had not yet reached them, it has no special significance. Cash markets here and in the southwest are all sharply lower. There has been a moderate demand from mills for best grades of wheat, but the exceeds the demand. There is a pause in speculative buying and the speculative interest is generally small. While we are not advancing the short side of wheat very strongly on the September and December, yet we are inclined to think that the free movement will further extinguish cash premiums.

Corn—Same dull market and small volume of speculative trade and operations confined largely to scalping trade. Crop advices are generally favorable, the movement from first hands is fair and there is nothing very urgent about the cash demand. The market does not, however, develop much selling pressure on account of the large concentrated holdings.

Oats—The weakness in wheat and fine weather made some selling pressure, but it comes mainly from the bear interests. Some movement of new oats is noticeable and of course it will increase the coming week. There is still a large short interest in December and September, and we are still of the view that these options are heavily discounted, and the sellers are liable to come to grief.

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B. E. Baker's Chicago Grain Letter: Wheat—Weakness at the opening was largely the result of the break in price at Liverpool, the strange part of which was that the decline there was caused by the reports sent from this side regarding Snow's estimate of a crop of 600,000,000 to 625,000,000 bus. We furnished the weak opening that made the weapon that made the decline. More pacific outlook of the European political situation, had of course its influence, although cash offerings of a threatening kind were still being received, but perhaps the chief reason for the heaviness was the better weather and freer movement of new wheat. Cash wheat should naturally suffer some reduction of its big premium and while the effect of that is under way September may be temporarily affected. On any further reaction Monday or Tuesday on the movement in the Southwest, we advise purchases. The wheat is wanted all right. It's only a question of getting the first run placed when all the bull arguments will re-commence again with renewed vigor. Estimates Monday, 85 cars.

Corn—The corn market was easier but proved to be rather stubborn on the decline. September appeared to be anchored at 49c. Trade was light and at moderately lower prices. Local receipts were 284 cars, twenty-four of them contract. Clearances turned out fifteen cars and 51,000 contract corn. Estimated for Monday, 307 cars.

Oats—The drift of the oats market was in the general direction. They were a trifle easier. Weather news favorable for harvesting of what was ripe and filling out of wheat was approaching maturity. Country advices on those points were in the main favorable. Local receipts were seventy-four cars. Shipments from Chicago were 193,00 bushels. Estimated for Monday, 113 cars.

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Minneapolis: The Times makes the following report on flax in the issue of today: "From the best figures obtainable, the Northwest will raise only about half a crop of flax this fall. These facts being known to the crushers they have for the past two or three weeks been taking all offerings of flax, both cash and futures and have advanced the price about 15 cents per bushel in that time, with good prospects of its going very much higher."

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, July 23, 1904:

STATIONS	State of weather.	*Minimum.	*Maximum.	Rainfall, inches and hundredths.
Alexandria	Cloudy	78	52	.0
Campbell	Clear	72	42	.0
Crookston	Clear	70	46	.0
Detroit City	Clear	72	48	.0
Grand Meadows	Clear	76	46	.0
Minneapolis	Clear	74	54	.0
Montevideo	Clear	74	48	.0
New Ulm	Clear	74	48	.0
Park Radips	Clear	68	46	.0
Winnebago City	Clear	72	46	.0
Worthington	Clear	72	50	.0
Devils Lake	Clear	70	48	.0
Langdon	Clear	70	44	.0
Larimore	Clear	74	46	.0
Lisbon	Clear	74	46	.0
Pembina	Clear	76	40	.0
Aberdeen	Clear	76	40	.0
Milbank	Clear	78	40	.0
Mitchell	Clear	76	42	.0
Redfield	Clear	74	52	.0
Bismarck	Clear	74	52	.0
Duluth	Clear	62	46	.0
Huron	Clear	74	44	.0
La Cresse	Clear	74	50	.0
Moorhead	Clear	72	48	.0
Pierre	Clear	80	56	.0
St. Paul	Clear	72	54	.0
Winnipeg	Clear	72	52	.0

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall.
**For twenty-four hours ending 8 a. m
*For yesterday.

NOTE.—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

REMARKS.

Showers fell over Ohio valley states.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster, Weather Bureau.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that the market continued dull. There does not seem to be any demand for horses. Supplies large. Prices held the low quotation. Values:

Drafters, extra	$170@200
Drafters, choice	150@170
Drafters, common to good	120@150
Farm mares, extra	130@145
Farm mares, choice	115@130
Farm mares, common to good	80@115

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, July 23.—Cattle receipts, 400; nominal; good to prime steers, $5.40@6.35; poor to medium, $4.50@5.35; stockers and feeders, $2.00@4.00; cows, $1.50@4.50; heifers, $2.00@5.50; canners, $1.50@2.60; bulls, $2.00@4.10; calves, $2.50@6.75; Texas fed steers, $3.00@4.75. Hogs receipts, 6000; very slow and lower; receipt for Monday, 20,000; mixed and butchers, $5.10@5.35; good to choice heavy, $5.15@5.35; rough heavy, $4.90@5.10; light, $5.10@5.30; bulk of sales, $5.15@5.30. Sheep receipts, 2000; sheep and lambs, slow; good to choice wethers, $4.00@4.25; fair to choice mixed, $3.00@4.00; native lambs, $4.00@7.50; Western sheep, $3.85@4.75.

Herald "want ads" beat a kingdom—they get a horse.

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DULLNESS RULED

In the Stock Market and Closing Was Irregular.

Iron and Steel Stocks Showed the Most Strength.

New York, July 23.—Gains of ⅛ were the almost invariable rule amongst the prominent speculative stocks on the opening quotations. The market was sluggish and dull. A rise of ¼ in Brooklyn Transit was the only movement like a feature in the market.

Speculative interest centered in the iron and steel stocks. Colorado Fuel showed the most activity and strength, advancing 1½. Small gains were made by United States Steel, Republic Steel Car and Tennessee Coal stocks. Steel Foundry preferred improved 4½. Dealings were purely nominal in the standard stocks, but they advanced gradually for a time, St. Paul, Pennsylvania and Louisville & Nashville rising from ½ to ¾. At 11 o'clock the market was easing off.

The iron and steel stocks were the only features. United States Steel preferred got up 7/8, Colorado Fuel 2⅜ and Tennessee Coal 1¾. There was a decline in Rock Island, United Railway of 2⅞ and Wheeling & Lake Erie first preferred 1¼. The bank statement was without effect on the market. The closing was dull and irregular.

Quotations furnished by H. E. Gooch & Co., 103-105 Palladio Bldg.

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison	79¼	79	79¼
do pfd	97⅝	96⅝	97⅝
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	52⅜	52⅜	52½
Baltimore & Ohio	85¼	85⅛	85⅛
Canadian Pacific	124½	124¼	124¼
Chicago & Alton	39⅜	39¼	39⅜
Chicago Great Western	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜
Colorado Southern	14½	14½	14½
Delaware & Hudson	161	160½	161
Erie	25⅜	25⅝	25⅜
do 1st pfd	62⅜	62½	62½
Louisville & Nashville	117⅞	117½	117⅝
Soo	73½	73	73½
Metropolitan Traction	116¼	116¼	116¼
Mexican Central	9½	9⅜	9½
M. K. & T., pfd	41⅝	41¼	41¼
Missouri Pacific	94⅝	94¼	94½
Northern Securities	104	103⅞	104
Norfolk & Western	62¼	62¼	62¼
Ontario & Western	31	30⅞	31
Pennsylvania Railway	121½	121	121⅜
Rock Island	23⅜	23	23
do pfd	66¼	66¼	66¼
Reading	54⅜	53¾	53¾
Southern Railway	24½	24⅛	24⅜
do pfd	89	89	89
Southern Pacific	51½	51⅛	51¼
St. Paul	148⅝	148⅛	148⅝
Texas Pacific	25⅜	25⅛	25⅜
Union Pacific	97⅜	97	97¼
do pfd	94	94	94
Wabash	17¼	17¼	17¼
do pfd	36⅜	36⅜	36⅜
American Car	19	18⅝	19
Amalgamated Copper	52½	52¼	52½
American Locomotive	22½	22	23⅜
American Sugar	129¼	129¼	129½
American Smelt	57½	57	57
Colorado Fuel & Iron	37⅞	35½	37⅜
New York Cons. Gas	195	195	195
People's Gas	100⅝	100½	100⅝
Republic Iron & Steel	8	7⅞	8
do pfd	44¾	44½	44¾
Tennessee Coal & Iron	42¾	41⅝	43¼
United States Leather	7¼	7¼	7¼
United States Steel	12½	12¼	12½
do pfd	63⅜	62⅝	63¼
Western Union	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛

Total sales 146,600 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market continues strong. Activity is lacking the past day or two, but whatever offerings there are find a ready market, and the tendency is still an advancing one. There is still a big waiting list on would-be investors, hoping for reactions, which do not come. With such bank statements as today's noting in every item an increase of idle money, with crop prospects favorable, with no prospect of any accumulation of grain to draw upon the banks, with nothing in the political situation to disturn confidence, everything indicating an expanding confidence and an increase in the general manufacturing business of the country, we do not see much to bring about this hoped for reaction. Four weeks ago we said the train was moving and that a lot of would-be passengers would likely get left. They are getting left all right. We still advise purchases of stocks.

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Edwards, Wood & Co.: The market was rather weak early on profit taking and continued over from the day before, but in initial declines placed the market in a healthy position and the big interests which have been back of the advance for several weeks now took advantage of this and the stronger London markets for consols and Americans has brought about an important rally which appeared to be getting headway at the close.

With the "Red sea incident" about closed and the country making the most of the good weather which will undoubtedly increase the size of the corn and possibly the wheat crop, new investment buying at this time will have great weight. Naturally these facts have an important bearing on the railroads whose tonnage depends so largely on the surplus crops of the agricultural sections and on the theory that earnings are to continue strong was the advance of todays base. Rather when large earnings are so plainly evident as at present the entire list advances without the use of money or muscle. During the last market, Steel led the industrials, the coalers, Soo common was among the few lowered rail stocks that scored an advance of more than was expected. This issue sold from 70 to 73, closing at 72¾. For the future we hear many good authorities speak well of Southern Pacific, Baltimore & Ohio, and Missouri Pacific and Copper, yet any of the good securities are in our opinion cheap and may be bought safely on little set-backs.

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Randolph to Paine, Webber & Co.: The announcement that the presidents of the different subsidiary companies of the Steel corporation were in session in Pittsburg and that their estimates showed that earnings for the quarter would be over $20,000,000, which is in excess of any estimates yet made, caused quite heavy buying of the Steel stocks today, under which they advanced to the highest prices reached on this movement. The rest of the list has been apathetic but has shown a fair degree of strength. In the early dealings the tendency has been for the market to advance. On the publication of the bank statement traders took profits causing fractional reactions, but there was no weakness apparent anywhere. The close was dull and steady.

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Evans to Paine, Webber & Co.: There is no doubt but that the people who have been mainly responsible for the advance in this market have been trying to sell stocks during the last few days. So far they do not seem to have been very successful and yesterday especially it was a poor market to sell stocks in. Of course they do not force the market and support it as soon as it shows signs of weakening appreciably and they will continue to do this while endeavoring to liquidate. Especial advances are apt to take place in different stocks in order to facilitate selling elsewhere but I do not believe that the entire list will reach any higher level than it has already. I believe in selling stocks on all strong spots.

• • •

Dick Brothers to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market has been very dull, but quite firm today with Steel preferred again the strongest feature. The better foreign situation was an influence. The bank statement was favorable, but was not much considered. Pittsburg advices telling of improvement accompanied the buying of Steel preferred which was rather heavy. Railroad stocks made small gains. The closing was firm.

Stocks Bonds
INGALSBE & HEALY
PALLADIO BUILDING.
UNITED MEXICAN STOCKS

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street.

Stocks—	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	52¼	52½
Adventure	87½c	1.00
Atlantic	9	9½
Allouez	8¼	8⅞
Arcadian	....	85
Elm River	2⅛	2⅜
Bingham	26½	27
Copper Range	57⅛	57½
Centennial	24¾	25¼
Calumet and Hecla	465	470
Calumet and Arizona	....	97
Calumet and Pittsburg	29	30
Isle Royale	11¼	11½
Mass	4½	5
Michigan	4½	5
Mohawk	43¼	43¾
Mayflower	50c	1.00
North Lake Con	21	23
National	....	1
Old Colony	87½c	1.00
Old Dominion	13½	14¼
Osceola	62½	63
Phoenix	....	1¾
Parrott	25½	25
Quincy	85	87
Rhode Island	75c	80c
Santa Fe	1¾	2
Franklin	....	7½
Shannon	6⅛	6¼
Tamarack	87	90
Trinity	1¾	7⅞
Tennessee Copper	28	29
Utah	33¼	33⅝
U. S. Mining	23	23⅜
U. S. Oil	10½	11
Victoria	3⅜	3¼
Wolverine	75	76
Wyandot	65c	75c
Winona	7¼	8¼
Daly West	16	16½
Greene Cons	15⅜	15¾
Calumet and Bisbee	....	4
Calumet and Cochise	....	6
Pittsburg and Duluth	....	3½
Union Land	2	2½
Higgins	....	1

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The bank statement, a most excellent one. The Steel stocks continued the leaders today, being bought heavily on reports of improvement in the Steel trade. The market closed in excellent shape and the tone is more favorable to continued activity and strength. Coppers were all firm. We think coppers will do better the coming week.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, July 23.—The cotton market opened steady at a decline of 10 points on the old crop and of 16@9 points on the new crop months, in response to lower Liverpool cables than expected, further talk of short time at Manchaster, and the Fall River situation in connection with generally favorable crop reports. But shorts showed a disposition to cover at the decline, there was some sign of support from recent bulls, and the market following the call ruled moderately active and firmer on covering, with the old crop nearly closing and the new crop working about 8 to 11 points net higher. After the first wave of covering, trading became less active and the market lost part of the gain, but remained generally steady in tone.

Futures closed firm; July, 10.32; August, 10.31; September, 9.89; October, 9.70; November, 9.63; December, 9.66; January, 9.70; February, 9.71; March, 9.73. Spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 10.90; middling gulf, 11.15. Sales 313 bales.

BANK STATEMENT.

New York, July 23.—The statement of averages of the clearing house banks of this city for the week shows: Loans, $1,099,849,200, increase $12,330,500; deposits, $1,201,443,200, increase $22,273,800; circulation, $30,232,600, decrease $23,600; legal tenders, $85,015,000, increase $968,200; specie, $265,955,400, increase $10,656,500; reserve, $350,970,400, increase $11,614,700; reserve required, $300,360,800, increase $5,568,450; surplus, $50,609,600, increase $6,046,250. United States deposits, $56,445,400, increase $6,051,275.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, July 23.—Close: Money on call nominally 2 per cent. Time loans, easy; sixty days 2 per cent; ninety days 2½; six months 2¼@3½. Prime mercantile paper, 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers bills at $4.87.30@4.87.40 for demand and at $4.84.65@4.84.75 for sixty days' bills; posted rates, $4.85½@4.86 and $4.88; commercial bills, $4.84@½. Bar silver, 58c; Mexican dollars, 45½c. Government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, steady.

Louisiana Purchase Exposition, St. Louis, Mo.

The Northern Pacific railway (Duluth Short-Line) have on sale tickets to St. Louis and return, as follows:

Good returning 16 days, $24.40.
Good returning sixty days, $27.10
Good returning Dec. 15th, $32.50.

Four trains daily, including Lake Superior limited. Tickets good either via Chicago or St. Paul. For full information and tickets, call at City Ticket office, 332 West Superior street.

Brule and Return $1.05.

On Sundays, the Northern Pacific will sell tickets to Brule and return at $1.05. Train leaves 8 a. m., returning arrives 7:10 p. m. Don't miss this opportunity to land the big trout. For full particulars and tickets, call at City Ticket office, No. 332 West Superior street.

A Fisherman's Tale.

The "big fellows" are biting. Pike, bass and the gamey mascalonge. The lakes of Northern Minnesota on the Great Northern railway are full of them. Very low railroad rates can now be had.

Grand Rapids, week end rate, $2.95; season, $3.90.

Cass Lake, week end $4.55; season, $6.05.

Bemidji, week end $5; season, $6.35.

Call at the ticket office, 432 West Superior street, for 1904 Hunting and Fishing Guide. It's free.

A Fe mGreat Northern Rates.

July 22, 23, 25, 26 and 27, St. Paul or Minneapolis and return, $5.75. Return limit August 2.

July 27th, Winnipeg, Man., and return, $16.70, return limit August 8th.

August 5th, 7th, 9th and 11th, Devils Lake, N. D., and return, $16.00, return limit August 31st.

Aug. 11th, 12th and 13th, G. A. R. meeting, Boston, Mass., and return, $31.30, via direct routes; $34.25 via New York and steamer; $35.00, via New York and rail. Return limit Aug. 20th. Limit extended to Sept. 30, on payment of fifty cents.

St. Louis World's Fair rates: July 25, seven day tickets, $16.25; daily, sixteen day tickets, $24.40; sixty day tickets, $27.10; season tickets, $32.50.

The ticket office is at 432 West Superior street, Spalding hotel corner.

MARINE NEWS

REPAIRING TUGS

Work of Rebuilding Two Burned Recently Is Begun.

Inman and Excelsior Are the Two—Abbott Abandoned.

The work of rebuilding and repairing the tugs B. B. Inman and Excelsior, of the Union Towing and Wrecking company, which were very badly burned in the Omaha warehouse fire last week, was started yesterday. The Excelsior, the worst damaged of the two, will be rebuilt by contract with the Duluth Dock and Dredge company, while the work on the Inman is being done by men directly in the employ of the towing company.

It is thought the Inman will be in condition fit for use in two or three weeks, but the Excelsior will not be finished for probably six weeks. She was burned almost to the waters' edge, and her machinery came out of the fire little more than scrap iron. The Inman's machinery, deck, deck house and hull were also greatly damaged, but she escaped with less injury than did the other boat. The hull of neither appears to have been injured below the water line.

It is understood that no attempt will be made to place the Abbott in commission again. This tug, the oldest and least valuable of the three, was compleely destroyed by the fire, and still lies in the lime kiln slip, where she sank on the day of the blaze, July 15.

The Inman was the most valuable af the unfortunate tugs. She was built in 1895 at Port Huron, Mich., and was of 89 gross tons burden. Her length measures 87 feet, beam 19 feet and Depth 11 feet.

The Excelsior came second in value. She was built in 1892 at Buffalo, was of 73 gross tons burden and measured 72 feet long, 19 feet beam and 10 feet deep.

The Abbott was launched at Buffalo in 1889. She was of 56 gross tons burden, measured 65 feet long, 17 feet at beam and 9 feet in depth.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, July 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Flagg and consort, Nimick, 10 Friday night; Fairbairn and consort, 10:10; Weston and barges, 12:10 Saturday morning; Tempest No. 2 and barge, D. McGregor, Alegheny, Yakima and consort, 3:40; Lumberman and barges, 5; Westmount and consorts, 5:30; Algonquin, 6; Housebout, Lagonda, 6:20; Shialoa, 6:40; James, 7; Roman, Manda, 7:30. Down: Holmes, Isabella Boyce and consort, 9:20 Friday night; Russia (arrived), 11:20; Neepawah, 1 Saturday morning; Emma Thompson and consort, 1:10; Imperial, 1:30; C. H. Green and consorts, 1:30; Masaba and whaleback, 2:40; Veronica and consort, 4:20; Toltec and consort, 5:30; Corona and whaleback, 6:20; Fisk and consort, 6:50; Kitchen (sailed), 7; Sophie (sailed), 7:15; Schull, 7:30.

Later—Up: Hill, 8:10; Wells, Fayette Brown, 9:15; Street and consorts, 9:40; Minneapolis (arrived), 10:15; Drew and barges, 10:40. Down: Sonoma, 9:30; Saxona, 9:30; Northern Light, 10; Merrimac, 10:15; Steel King, 10:30; Plummer, 10:40.

Up yesterday: Progress, 12; Clemson, 2:15 p. m.; Iron Chief and consort, Dalton, 3; Pope, 3:15; Harvard, Malta, 4:40; John Owen, England, 6:20; Nicholas, New Orleans, 7; Saginaw and consort, 8. Down: Caledonia, Northwest, Pine Lake, 11:40; Erie, Dayforth, Bethlehem, 12; Mary Elphicke, Tionesta, 2; Utica, 3; Wolf, 3:31; an Hise and whaleback, 4; Thomson and whaleback, 4:40; Reed, 6:20; Spencer, 8.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, July 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Masaba, Holley, 12:30 Saturday morning; Sahara, Colgate Hoyt, 1; Iroquois, (steel), 3; Waldo, 4; North Wind, 7:30; Hesper, Frontenac, 7:40; Saxon, Russell, 8:30; Cormorant, Helvetia, 9; Carnegie, 10:30; Shrigley, Pawnee, 11. Down: Matsafa, Manila, Stone, Francis Hinton, Oak Leaf, 10 Friday night; Gates, 11; Victory, Sagamore, 12; Corsica and whaleback, J. T. Hutchinson, Richardson, 1:40 Saturday morning; Chisholm, Peck, 3; Maritana, Whitworth, 3:

If You Want to Buy a Home You Will Find it on This Page

REAL ESTATE DEPT.

If You Want an Investment Study the Columns of This Page....

LIKE FINDING MONEY!

You are paying $10 rent—maybe a good deal more.

WHY?

That same money will pay for a fine NEW 5-room cottage of your own in the West End near car line. Will be completed in ten days. The world will look a mighty sight more cheerful to you when you have moved into your own home, and you are saving every dollar of your rent money.

5%—MONEY TO LOAN—5%

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.

Real Estate, Loans, Insurance. 216 W. Superior Street.

BURRELL & HARMON,

No. 3 So. First Ave. E., BOTH PHONES.

FURNACE HEATING EXPERTS.

Agents for Strictly First-class Furnaces.

ROOFING WORK—all kinds—Cornice and Skylights, Steel Ceilings.

Tin and Sheet Iron Work of all kinds.

LOTS ON PARK POINT.

Lot on Minnesota Avenue----$200
Lot on St. Louis Avenue----$200
Lot on Minnesota Avenue----$500
Lot on Lake Avenue ----$400
GEO. R. LAYBOURN, 14 Phoenix Blk.

LITTLE & NOLTE UNDER AM. EX. BANK. ESTABLISHED 1883.

BARGAINS FOR ALL.

$2500 for beautiful home in Glen Avon, near car line—large lot, home well built, eight rooms, and cost much more than we ask. Non-resident and must sell. Terms very easy. 89-1.

$2100 for eight-room house and 50 foot lot in good location. Furnace heat, hardwood floors, excellent repair. 60-1.

$3900 for beautiful modern home in East End, right in the center of the best new residence portion. Upper corner, all conveniences. 92-1.

$2500 buys a comfortable home in East End, half block from Superior street car line, seven rooms, electric light, water, sewer, closet, frost-proof cellar, all in pink of condition, immediate possession. 16-16.

$4000 for elegant home in Lakeside and upper corner, full lake view, nine rooms, water, sewer, bath, electric light, mantel and grate, full stone basement, hot water heat, good barn and carriage house, shade trees and shrubbery all complete. 76-16.

HOUSES and offices to rent. Building lots in all parts of the city.

WE MAKE REAL ESTATE LOANS THAT MAKE SATISFIED CUSTOMERS.

It will pay you to investigate our methods before borrowing.

R. M. NEWPORT 302 Lonsdale Bldg. F. I. Salter, Agent

$5400 for 3 houses and 50x140 foot lot on the upper side of Fourth street in the heart of the business district. Investment nets 13 per cent; $2400 cash balance in 5 years or more at 6 per cent. Lot alone worth $4500. For sale exclusively by

R. B. Knox & Co

Real Estate, Fire Insurance, Burglary, Accident and Health Insurance, Loans and Rentals.

FOR RENT.

11 West Second street, 9-room house, bath, furnace, location pleasant and very convenient to business part of city.

Mendenhall & Hoopes,
208 First Nat. Bank Bldg.

$4000 Takes 7-room, modern house, fifty-foot lot, on East Second
$4500 Takes 50 feet and 7-room house on Third street in center of city. A bargain!
$3000 Takes 7-room modern house on East Third street.

A. G. VOLK & CO. 202-203 Palladio Bldg.

Auction Sale of Lots and Acres.

By direction of owners, I will offer at public sale to highest bidder in pieces as wanted, at room 10, Mesaba block, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., July 27, 1904, the following property:

Lot 20, block 135, West Duluth Fifth Division, on Grand avenue near 59th.

Fractional lots 29-30-31-32, block 20, Hunter's Grassy Point Add.

Making 4 Full Lots on Sixty-fifth Ave.

Fractional lots 1-2-3-4, block 9, Hunter's Grassy Point Add., Second Division.

Lots 9, 10, block 55, Kimberly & Stryker's addition, a block west of Longfellow school.

Lots 3, 4, 5, block 4, Dodge's addition.

Lots 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, block 5, Dodge's addition.

Lots 15, 16, block 16, Harrington's addition, SW. corner Oneota street and 38th avenue.

Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, block 3, Harrington's addition, corner on 39th avenue between street car lines.

Lots 2, 3, 6, 7, 10, 11, block 24, Oakland Park addition.

Lots 7, 8, 11, 12, block 26, Oakland Park addition.

Und. ½ of sw¼ of nw¼, section 4-48-16, cornering with Thomson townsite. Other half may also be had. Terms, one-fourth cash, balance in 30 days. Abstracts furnished. Special warranty deed given.

Cut this out and look them up.

D. W. SCOTT,

10 Mesaba Block.

NEW HOUSES

ON MONTHLY PAYMENT PLAN. A neat well built cottage with five (5) good size rooms, vestibule, closets, pantry and wood shed with lot 40x140, centrally located in West End for $1000. $200 cash and balance $10 per month. Will be completed in six weeks.

$300 Cash and $15 a month will buy a six room house and lot 37½x100 on Tenth avenue west, corner Fourth street. Will be ready for occupancy in four weeks. Why live in an old house and pay high rent when you can buy a new house with the same money you are paying out for rent? Own your own home and be independent.

5% Money to Loan 5%

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.
216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

West Duluth Properties

No. 222 south 59th avenue. Ten room house and 25 foot lot. Near street car line, blast furnace and car works $850
No. 613 57th avenue. Six room house with city water, price.... $950
No. 220 51st avenue. Large house occupied by two families, rents for $44. Can sell on easy terms— price $1050
Eight room house and six fifty foot lots in Oneota—near street car line, church and school—price $2100
only

N. J. UPHAM CO
400 BURROWS BUILDING.

BUY HOMES NOW—

WHILE THEY ARE CHEAP.

$1200 Nice 5-room cottage; city water; street improved; two blocks from street car; West End.
$1400 New 7-room house on graded street; water and sewer in street. One block from street car; West End.
$1400 8-rooms almost new; city water; lot 50x140 feet; easy terms; near 39th avenue west.
$1750 7-rooms; city water; fine condition, fronting Lincoln Park.

T. G. VAUGHAN,
400 LONSDALE BUILDING.
Telephone 789.

WHY NOT

Buy a home when you can do so at the least cost? There has not been a time within the last five years when I have had any such bargains in homes, as I am now offering. Present conditions will not last long. I confidently predict an active real estate market before the close of the present year. Let me show you what I have to offer.

R. M. NEWPORT,
F. I. SALTER, Agent. 302 Lonsdale Bldg.

SANTA FE

I have secured the last block of Santa Fe LIEU SCRIP.

H. W. COFFIN,
Manhattan Building.

ONLY SMALL SALES DURING THIS WEEK

Real Estate Market Not Active and Dealing Has Been In Smaller Properties—Some New Flats and Other Buildings Projected and Building Generally Shows Signs of Activity.

The week in local realty circles started off with a stronger inquiry, but the latter part of the week has been marked by quietness. Sales for the week have not been particularly numerous, and mostly representing amounts under $1000. Outside inquiry for local property is usually at a low ebb during this season of the year, and business is confined for the most part to transfers between parties living here. The movement of unimproved property is taken to indicate a prospective building movement during the fall, winter and next spring.

* * *

Building contractors claim the season thus far has been fairly active for them, but that just at present there is a little lull. They are confident, however, of a good business during the fall and winter. The architects of the city are all busy on plans and sketches for local people and outside investors, and to this fact is due, to a large extent, the confidence of the builders in the future building movement.

* * *

The deed for the transfer of the Capt. J. T. Rose homestead to H. F. Davis, for a consideration of $7500, went on record this week.

* * *

Bids were to be opened today in the office of Architect J. J. Wangenstein for the new five-story brick building at the southeast corner of Superior street and Sixth avenue west, for E. D. Zien and Samuel Loeb. The building will have a 50-foot frontage on Superior street. It is to be completed by this fall.

* * *

Frank Johnson has secured the contrate for the eight flat brick buildings to be erected at Seventeenth avenue west and First street, this summer, on plans drawn by J. J. Wangenstein.

* * *

The contract for the N. A. Clausen frame residence, on First street, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth avenues east, has been awarded R. Hanson, of this city. J. J. Wangenstein is the architect designing the building.

* * *

Young & Nystrom, architects, will have plans out for bids, next week, for a nine-flat brick building on East First street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues, for French & Bassett. The flats will be of six rooms each, and modern. They will be provided with lighting and water fixtures and ranges, but the heat will be furnished by stove instead of furnace.

* * *

The contract for the Murray residence at Eighteenth avenue East and Fifth street, Young & Nustrom, architects, is to be relet this coming week.

* * *

A. Roberts has been awarded the contract for the new church and school building to be erected for the St. Jean Baptiste society at a cost of about $30,000. The building will be of brown stone and pressed brick, shingle roof. The designs were made by German & Lignell.

* * *

Plans for a residence for William F. Moore are being prepared by German & Lignell.

* * *

Bids on the plans of J. R. De Ward for a three story brick store and office building at the northwest corner of First street and Fourth avenue west, are in the hands of contractors. The figures are to be submitted by next Tuesday. The building is to be erected for the Davis Real Estate company.

* * *

Contractors are figuring on a change in the heating plant for four new flat buildings to be erected at Seventh avenue east and Fourth street for the Massachusetts Real Estate company. Instead of individual plants for the four buildings, the change contemplates one plant for all of them. Young & Nystrom are the architects.

* * *

Local dealers reported a fair movement right along of farm lands near the city and at points farther out in the country.

* * *

More or less interest is manifest just at present in the work of the county borad of equalization, which is in session to hear complaints relative to alleged excessive real and personal property assessed valuation on real estate have been very few thus far. The principal complaint has come from West Duluth and Oneota, also from Proctorknott. Some of the owners of cut over lands in the county object to their valuation as fixed by the assessors, on the ground that it is higher than on adjoining lands which are better, or because they are assessed for timber that has been cut off.

* * *

Transfers for the week were as follows:

John J. Armstrong et ux to R. H. Brenton, lots 1, 2 and 3, section 4-63-12; se¼ ne¼ section 32, and s½ sw¼ and sw¼ se¼ section 33-61-12 1,150
John A. Anderson to Julia Armstrong, se¼ se¼ section 32; s½ sw¼,sw¼ se¼ section 33-64-12.... 1
Robert Brent to W. D. Washburn, Jr., lots 1, 2, 3, section 4-63-12; se¼ se¼ section 32; s½ sw¼ sw¼ se¼ section 33-61-12..... 500
Emma Theurer et al to Carl Buhl et al, n½ lot 16, Transfer division 1
R. D. Hubbard to Victor Jullen, lots 29, 30, block 1, Duluth Heights, Fifth division 680
I. V. Compton et mar to W. F. Hatch, w½ sex. s½ ne¼ section 24-55-17 700
James T. Rose et ux to H. F. Davis, lot 3, block 60, Endion.... 7,500
Kittie L. Howard et mar to Duluth Ice company, part of lot 4, section 27-50-14 3,000
John Rintalla to Henry Rintalla, lot 16, block 34, Eveleth..... 850
S. B. Hill et al to Andrew Nelson, e½ sw¼ section 19-52-14 450
Ella R. Mendenhall to William J. Stevenson, part of lots 10, 12, West Third street, Duluth Proper, First division 6,000
John Semer et al to City of Ely, part lot 3, section 28-63-12 (metes and bounds) 2,150
Mary J. LaVaque to Pauline S. Bowden, lot 13, block 84, Endion 3,100
J. D. Howard to Elmer Johnson, lots 45 and 47, block 139, Duluth Proper, Third division 900
Mena Johnson et mar to George Hegner, lot 7, block 37, Eveleth.. 200
Charles Norquist et ux to Oscar Hillman, part of lot 25, block 2, Sparta 175
Margaret S. Pearce to John Hlinka, lot 7, block 1, Hibbing 150
E. A. Hatch et mar to John Helmer, timber on lot 4, ne¼ nw¼ and w½ ne¼, section 19-55-16..... 1
Wilbus F. Hatch et ux to same, timber on lot 4, nw¼ se¼, e½ sw ¼, section 19-55-16 2,400
A. B. Contes et ux to William O'Brien, timber on s½ ne¼ and w½ se¼, section 4-53?19 5,300
Alfred Jaques et al to D. Y. & Rainy Lake railway, right-of-way over nw¼ sw¼, section 5; ne ¼ se¼ section 6-58-17 1
Albert Bickford et al to same, same over sw¼ sw¼ section 25-60-18 1
Henry Schuman et al to Wilhelm Schhuman, lots 3, 4, 5, block 72, Portland; e½ lot 68 East Fourth street, Duluth proper, First division; n 25 feet of 50 feet lots 178, 180, block 93, Duluth proper, Second division; block 14, Gray's addition 1
County Auditor to W. J. Holmes, lots 1, 2, 3, block 27, H. & M. Grassy Point addition 300
J. S. Johnson et ux to Jacob Koscionowski, lot 57, block 109, Duluth Proper, Third division 1
Burlington Lumber company to H. D. Campbell, s½ nw¼, section 20-59-19 1
F. W. Bonness to same, lands in sections 5, 8, 30, township 59-20; in sections 31, 32, 33, township 60-20 1
George A. Lammers et al to R. S. Davis, trustee, lands in townships 58-17, 58-18, 58-19, 58-20, 66-19, 66-18, 67-19, 67-21, 68-19, 68-20 50,000
Charles Ziegler to John McAlpine, ne¼ nw¼, section 23-58-19 200
Felix Lambert to Otto Rotter, lot 8, block 6, Marine division..... 600
W. C. Ives et ux to John M. McClintock et al., n½ sw¼, section 21-61-14 1,500
R. McCue to M. Milan, ne¼ se¼, section 22-56-18 1
M. Milan to John Jenson, ne¼ sw¼, section 22-56-18 300
F. Weyerhaeuser et al to Northern Pacific Railway company, nw¼ section 15-52-12 960
H. J. Grannis et ux to Frank Hicks, n½ se¼, se¼ se¼, section 17-61-13 1
Henry Carlson et al to Matti Matson, lot 13, block 13, West End addition 150
Same to D. Hantalo, lot 14, block 13, same 150
Nellie Peterson et mar to Town of Grand Lake, part se¼ sw¼ and ne¼ sw¼, section 17-51-16 1
Charley Johnson to August Johnson, lot 294, block 71, Duluth Proper, Second division 1,650
J. M. Longyear et al to Annie Chuhanyes, lot 8, block 15, Hibbing 70
James Tippet et ux to G. Hunter, lot 11, block 7, Tower 1
Charles Ziegler to John McAlpine, se¼ ne¼, section 12; nw¼ se¼, section 12-58-19 160
Joanna Allen et mar to William H. Allen, same 1
S. C. Rugland et ux to William Willet, se¼ ne¼, ne¼ se¼, lots 1 and 6, section 24-60-20 1
S. A. Jenkins, administrator, to S. P. Murray, lot 13, block 17, Highland addition 600
F. L. Buell et ux to Oscar Mitchell, lot 2, block 42, Endion 1
F. H. Burnett et ux to G. D. Buell, lot 2, block 42, Endion 500
Anton Lanmar et ux to Joseph Snuk, west 18 feet of southerly 62½ feet lot 2, block 6, Ely..... 1
E. J. McLaughlin et al to Daniel Horgan, lots 2, 3, block 26, Harrison's division 1
Victor Monson to G. H. Gamble, s½ se¼, se¼ sw¼ section 27; ne ¼ nw¼ section 34-60-17..... 1,200
Gustaf Carlson to same, se¼ nw¼, s½ ne¼ section 32; sw¼ nw¼ section 30-60-17 700
E. D. Beams et mar to same, w½ ne¼, n½ nw¼ section 21-60-17.. 1,200
Job B. Cox to August Buboltz, lot 32, block 8, and lots 30 and 31, block 5, Ashawa 1,900
County Auditor to W. C. Robinson, s½ ne¼, section 25-61-16 1
James F. Jackson et ux to J. H. Carson, west 20 feet of lot 342, block 156, Duluth proper, Second division 1
Virginia Improvement company to Diocese of Duluth, lot 19, block 45, Virginia 100
Same to Jacob Stein et al, lot 11, block 24, Virginia 545
Wojciech Walczok et ux to George Walczok, w½ lot 389, block 170, Duluth proper, Second division.. 1
Frank L. Buell et ux to P. J. Neff, sw¼ sw¼ section 27, and nw¼ sw ¼ section 34-52-13 400
S. B. Hill et ux to J. W. Hilliard, part of lot 4, block 69, Portland, metes and bounds 475
Henry Bone et ux to Barney Willits, lot 32, block 15, Proctor.. 1
M. O. Grant et mar to W. J. Holmes, lot 18, block 137, West Duluth, Fifth division 1,650
B. Willets to P. G. Sugg, lot 32, block 15, Proctor 150
H. F. Rehbein et ux to Edward Oestrich, lot 53 East Fifth street, Duluth proper, First division 1
Frank L. Buell et ux to T. F. Trevillion, lot 17, Lake avenue, Lower Duluth 1
M. F. Bates et ux to Edward Miller, und ¼ e ½ ne¼ sw¼ ne¼ and ne¼ nw¼ section 19-58-18..... 1
Oscar Mitchell et ux to Frank H. Burnett, w½ of lot 16, block 90, Endion division 1
County Auditor to W. J. Holmes, lot 49, St. Louis avenue, Lower Duluth 20
G. H. Jones, guardian to Elizabeth Liston, lot 366 Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth 600
P. M. Tvedt to Frank Sovey, lot 16, block 13, Helm's addition 450
Farmers' Bank company to John L. Dodge, lot 12, block 151, Portland 1
City of Duluth to Addie M. Mausseau, und ½ lots 12½, 13½, block 45, Duluth proper, Third division.. 30
E. G. Allen to Joanna Allen, part lot 3, and all of lot 9, block 37, L. P., Third division 1

THE NEGRO PROBLEM

Whites and Blacks Getting Together For Public Benefit.

Roosevelt's Course Is Having a Retarding Influence.

Montgomery, Ala., July 23.—At no time since the solution of the negro question became a serious matter in the South has there been so much common sense applied to the effort to bring it about as now. As a consequence more progress is being made toward a betterment of the race than at any period in the history of the country. White men and black are working in entire harmony, and practical results are becoming more and more evident as the days go by.

A short time ago a well-to-do negro who lives near Tuskaloosa offered to his race in the state 125 acres of ground to be used as a reformatory for young negro criminals, if those interested would provide a plan to put it into practical use. Booker T. Washington and W. R. Pettiford, a well known negro banker of Birmingham, interested themselves in the matter and have been trying to enthuse the negroes to the point of getting up money enough to build needed houses and equip them, secure teachers and provide such other things as would be needed to give the young boys and girls who come under the ban of the law chances to become better morally and to acquire useful trades by which they may earn honest livings when they are set free.

About this time, however, Acting-Governor Dr. R. M. Cunningham called into consultation the board of convict inspectors, with a view of establishing a reformatory for young negro convicts. As a result of this conference the convict board will establish at Spelgner's a reformatory department in which young negro criminals will be placed and have it ready for service by Aug. 1.

Because of the Spelgner movement Booker Washington and his associates feared that the two interests might conflict to the disadvantage of both, and they came before the state convict board to ask advice of and offer every assistance possible to the officials of the commonwealth. Mr. Washington informed the president of the board, Judge J. M. Carmichael, that he and his friends wished to do nothing that would conflict with any movement contemplated by the state, but that on the contrary they stood ready to serve in any way the board might suggest. President Carmichael expressed himself as greatly pleased with the attitude of the speaker and his friends and said: "Do not abandon the work done at Tuskaloosa. Perfect the plans for not only that place, but for the others you have mentioned, and it is possible that in the course of time the state will extend aid in substantial way, though I do not promise this just now."

This conference, in most eloquent way, illustrates the desire that is general among the citizens of the state to better the condition of the negro. Judge N. B. Feagin of the inferior criminal court of Birmingham began some time ago a "farm-out" plan of reformation that has worked well and out of which grew the Tusciloosa enterprise, above mentioned. Every negro under 16 years of age who comes before him is sent to the country, being hired to some farmer of good character, who is required to report each week, on a blank furnished, the conduct of the prisoner. The farmer agrees to instruct his charge in useful knowledge, and, if possible, to send him to school. Some of the boys thus sent away become industrious and reliable. A considerable number, however, are not benefited. These either escape and go back to old haunts, or are returned to the custody of the court as unmanageable. They are then regarded as beyond the reformatory reach of the court and sent to the rockpile with heavy sentences.

All believe that the facilities of the state at Speigner's will meet the emergency. The man at the head of the institution will be required to teach the young negroes to work, to study books and to reverence their Creator. In the language of Governer Cunningham: "We want for the place not only a good overseer and competent teacher, but a man who can inspire those under his care with high ideals of life."

Work will be the keynote of the managerial schedule at Speigner's. Experience has demonstrated that this is the only safe foundation upon which to base reformatory efforts.

Judge Carmichael says there are not any negro boys from the country in the prisons of the state, but that there are scores from the towns, where idleness is prevalent all the year around. This doctrine of service is to be emphasized from now on in all work for the negro. The busy man is usually a good citiben and the state proposed to do its part in keeping everybody, white and black, on the move in some way.

The most serious retarding influence to the upholding of the negro just now is the president of the United States. Every time he has had an opportunity he has elevated the negro on a false basis. Pandering to the doubtful states where the colored vote is likely to form the balance of power, Mr. Roosevelt has lost no opportunity to show to the negro that in any political controversy between a negro and a white man he will go against the latter.

This has to a great extent blocked the efforts of every negro educator of prominence and activity in the South. These teachers try to impress the merit idea all the time. They tell the negro if he is to own a house and lot he must work for it. The state laws stipulate that every man who votes must be able to read and write or own $300 worth of property. The real friends of the negro tell him that he must meet these conditions, not lie upon his back and cry about disfranchisement when the ballot is within such easy reach.

Though few of the negroes now meet the franchise requirements, Mr. Roosevelt insists that all of them shall have the same rights in the Republican party the white man has, notwithstanding a large majority of the white Republicans of the South have expressed themselves otherwise.

The result of all this is that the negro becomes confused. His true friends tell him that he must work and merit recognition and respect; demagogues assert that he is being robbed and abused, and he is, as a matter of fact, "between the devil and the deep sea." For this reason he should be dealt with patiently. No man of the South really resents the appreciation shown Booker Washington by the president and other prominent men, though for Mr. Washington's own sake it would have been better to have left off that lunch affair. On the other hand, he is respected and admired and his advice sought by all who have the negro to deal with. These men who are trying to better the negroes along common-sense lines are, with the assistance of the negroes themselves, rapidly solving the problem the Fifteenth amendment brought about, and it is being done by work and a full recognition of the principle which is confined to no nation or race, that merit and merit alone is the foundation upon which all true success must rest.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Brakeman Killed In Railroad Accident Near Iroquois.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Huron—An accident on the Chicago & Northwestern, a mile east of Iroquois resulted the derailing of a dozen freight cars. Brakeman William M. Niestadt, of this city, was killed. The train was coming west, and it is believed the accident was caused by a broken truck.

Lead—A Finlander miner, named Isaac Tollonen, fell down the Elison shaft, a distance of 1260 feet, and was instantly killed. His body was horribly mutilated. He had no relatives in this country.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Grand Forks—The Red River valley exposition opened Thursday. During the summer a great deal of work has been done on the grounds, and many improvements have been made. The exhibits this year are much more numerous than last year. They were not all in place in time for the opening, but the work of placing them was completed during the day. A splendid showing is made in all departments.

The association has directed a great deal of effort to the stock features of this exposition and the result is the collection of the finest lot of cattle ever shown in the state.

A stock sale is one of the features of the fair and many buyers are present.

The exhibits of grains and grasses is a splendid one, and a good showing is made in vegetables. The arts and industries are well represented and jobbers have occupied a great deal of space with their wares.

The races constitute a great attraction and as the track is in fine condition and the horses entered are the best in the Northwest, it is confidently expected that some good time will be made, and possibly some records broken. There are numerous special features and the show closes each day with a grand display of fireworks.

WINTER ENTERTAINMENTS.

Warren, Minn., July 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Warren will have another lecture course this coming winter. A representative committee of citizens has just closed a contract for a course of fine attractions, consisting of two concert companies, two lecturers and a humorist. The talent will be the Chicago Ladies' quartet, the Dixie Jubilee singers, George S. Hindley, Edward Amberst Ott and Ellsworth Plumstead.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS. ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, July 9, 1904.

In the Matter of the Estate of Mary A. Jackson, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of J. W. Bowers, administrator of the estate of Mary A. Jackson, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law, it is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Monday, the 8th day of August, A. D. 1904, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper, printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 9th day of July, A. D. 1904.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, July-9-16-23-1904.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.

$2200 Buys 200 foot corner on Fourth street—street and avenue improved—central—a snap either for improvement or speculation.
$1000 Buys 80 acres best farming land in the county on fine road close to city, and very easy to put under cultivation—this offering is worthy of investigation.
$225 Buys lot in Portland division—Eleventh avenue east and Seventh street.
$650 Six-room house—one-quarter cash, balance easy terms, 6 per cent. Duluth Heights.
$750 Five-room cottage, graded street; lot and half of ground; ¼ cash, balance easy terms.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.
Mortgage Loans—Fire Insurance.
220 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

$7500 for beautiful home in East End; all modern and complete in every detail.
$1100 for a snug little home near
$500 Portland Square. for choice lot on East Third street; good neighborhood.
Money on hand to loan.
EXCHANGE BUILDING.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL Exchange Bldg

HOMES

IN LAKESIDE.

Five-room Houses--$800 to $1000
Six-room Houses--$1200 to $1800
Seven-room Houses $1600 to $2500
Eight-room Houses $2000 to $5000

If you don't find what you want we will build to suit you—on easy payments.

LOTS AND ACRES

On Minnesota Point—we are headquarters

FARM on Lester river, suitable for chicken ranch or market garden—cheap.
ACRES along the shore of the lake—considered a snap.

FIRE INSURANCE.

Wm. C. Sargent & Co.,
323 Lonsdale Bldg.

HOMES FOR SALE.

7-room house on East Sixth street $1500
Near Ninth avenue—electric light—good well. Rents for $16.00 per month.
5-room cottage on Fifth avenue west..... $1300
Good well—electric light—easy terms.
6-room house, new, on Minnesota avenue $1500
Hardwood floors—well, sewers, etc. Easy terms, monthly payments.
6-room house—East Eighth street $800
Also house on rear of lot.
8-room house, city water and bath, hardwood floors in most rooms, furnace, newly papered, cement floor in cellar, barn, monthly payments $2400
In good location at Lakeside.
6-room house on Dingwall street $2100
50-foot lot, sewer, etc., easy payments.
7-room house on West Fifth street..... $1800
City water—monthly payments.
Above only samples—big list at West Duluth.
FOR SALE—Good saloon and lodging house—excellent location. Some good houses for rent, also small store on Superior street.
MONEY TO LOAN—any amount, large or small.

Stryker, Manley & Buck.

FOR RENT—

Rooms in Lowell block—$6 up.
Hammond Packing company, old building back of Union depot.
Elegant furnished house—modern—for September 1st $50

JOHN A. STEPHENSON PROVIDENCE BLDG.

New remodeled house in East End. Sale bargains in Sixth street property. Bay front property for sale.

PROTECT Your Property From Thieves by taking out a BURGLARY POLICY with—

Pulford, How & Co.,
309-310 Exchange Building.

5% MONEY To Loan 6%

Any Amount—All Privileges—No Delay.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO First Floor Lonsdale Bldg

West Duluth.

Now is the time to buy in West Duluth. Prices are low, and the industries on a more solid basis than ever before. The outlook for the future is bright.

I am offering a good double house with two full lots on Sixty-first avenue, Nos. 616 and 618—eight rooms for only $1000

And will sell at auction at my office at 10 a. m., July 27, about twenty vacant lots. See list on real estate page July 23.

D. W. SCOTT,
Zenith 'phone 655.
10 MESABA BLOCK.

PARK POINT LOTS.

25 beautiful lots on Minnesota and Lake avenues for sale from $300 to $350. Good title guaranteed. They are on 7th, 8th, 9th, 27th and 32nd streets. Great many in the finest portion of the point and some have phne shade trees on them.

Lots for sale in all parts of Park Point at away down prices. Be sure and see us before you buy.

GEO. H. CROSBY
105-6-7-8 Providence Bldg.

$950 7-room house in Endion, $150 cash; $10 monthly.
$600 6-room house, West Duluth, $100 cash, $10 monthly.
$700 5-room cottage, Duluth Heights, $75 cash, $10 monthly.
$2650 6-room modern house, 50 feet. London road.
$3500 New 7-room modern house. East End.

ECKSTEIN & EBY,
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans,
200 Exchange building. Zenith 'phone 338.

Ten people will see a placard of "To Let" on your house to about every Ten Hundred

who will read your "To Let" ad. in The Herald. Which way is the wisest—the "Placard way" or The Herald "Want Ad. way?"

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

RAILROAD AND STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

WHITE LINE TRANSPORTATION CO. Isle Royale Route.

Fast freight and passenger service. Steamers leave Duluth Sundays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4:00 p. m., for Two Harbors, Grand Marias, Isle Royale and Port Arthur, direct. Mondays and Thursdays at 9:30 a. m. for Port Arthur and all intermediate north shore and Isle Royale ports, Sundays and Wednesdays at 9:00 a. m. for Port Wing, Bayfield, Ashland, Ontonagon, Hancock-Houghton and all intermediate south shore ports. Sundays at 4:00 p. m. for Hancock and Houghton via Washington Harbor (Isle Royale). Freight and Ticket office, Singer's Dock, Lake avenue south.

THE GREAT NORTHERN.

Leave		Arrive
† 6:20 a.m	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	† 9:25 p.m
* 3:45 p.m		* 2:00 p.m
*11:15 p.m		* 6:10 a.m
* 8:45 a.m	Crookston, Grand Forks,	* 6:30 p.m
* 8:15 p.m	Montana and Coast.	* 7:10 a.m
† 2:20 p.m	Swan River, Hibbing, Virginia	†12:20 p.m
† 6:20 a.m	St. Cloud, Wilmar and Soo City	† 9:25 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday

Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth		Arrive Duluth
*8:40 a.m	St. Paul, Minneapolis	†3:20 p.m
*4:00 p.m	Twilight Limited	*9:45 p.m
*5:30 p.m	Chicago, Milwaukee	*10:45 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Appleton	*10:45 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:45 a.m
*5:30 p.m	FAST MAIL	*10:45 a.m

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Leave		Arrive
* 4:00 p.m	Ashland and East	*11:15 a.m
† 8:00 a.m	Ashland and East	† 7:10 p.m
* 7:30 p.m	Minn. and Dakota Express	† 7:55 a.m
* 2:40 a.m	North Coast Limited	* 4:55 p.m

Leave	"Duluth Short Line."	Arrive
† 9:00 a.m	ST. PAUL	* 6:30 a.m
† 1:55 p.m	MINNEAPOLIS	† 2:10 p.m
*11:10 p.m		† 7:00 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 432 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44

All trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

*6:20 p.m. Lv.	North Country Mail. All Points East.	Ar. *8:55 a.m
†7:45 a.m. Lv.	LOCAL. Marquette and Copper Country.	Ar. †9:35 p.m

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY

P. M.	A. M.	STATIONS	A. M.	P. M.
3:50	7:40	Lv.. Duluth .. Ar	10:30	3:40
4:05	7:55	Lv. 57th Av. W. Lv	10:15	3:25
4:20	8:15	Lv.. Proctor .. Lv	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Ar. Ir'n J'nct'n Lv	8:01	1:13
....	10:40	Ar. M't'n. Iron. Lv	.....	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar.. Virginia .. Lv	6:55	12:50
6:33	10:29	Ar.. Eveleth .. Lv	7:42	12:57
....	10:56	Ar.. Sparta .. Lv	.....	12:34
....	11:20	Ar.. Biwabik .. Lv	.....	12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar.. Hibbing .. Lv	7:15	12:27

Daily except Sunday.

Morning train from Duluth makes direct connection at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry. for Ashawa and points north of Virginia.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A. M	P. M.	STATIONS	M.	P. M
7:30	3:15	Lv..... Duluth ..... Ar	12:00	7:25
11:25	7:05	Ar..... Virginia Lv	8:10	3:30
11:30	7:10	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	8:00	3:30
11:55	7:45	Ar..... Ely Lv	7:35	3:00
A.M.	P.M.	Daily, except Sundays.	A.M.	P. M

EVERETT HOUSE, Union Square, New York.

Thoroughly equipped and in complete order; location most central and convenient to all places of interest.

EUROPEAN PLAN—POPULAR PRICES

YOUR PATRONAGE IS SOLICITED.

B. L. M. BATES, Proprietor.

THE SPALDING

Duluth's Leading Hotel.

FINEST CAFE IN THE NORTHWEST

Telephone in every room. One block from Depots and Docks. Capacity 400.

Am. Plan $2.50 up. European Plan $1 up.

New Building. New Equipment.

RATES—$2.00 AND $2.50.

Hotel McKay

Cor. First St. and Fifth Ave. W., Duluth.

COOK'S HOTEL

New building.

Modern in every particular.

Julius Cook, Mngr. 210-212 W. Sup. St.

DIVIDEND NOTICES.

185TH REGULAR MONTHLY DIVISION OF PROFITS.

July 1st, 1904, the Storey Cotton company (Capital $80,000. Surplus $102,130.42). The Bourse, Philadelphia, Pa., this day announced and paid to all customers of record, a net profit of two and a half per centum (2½ per cent) on all funds on deposit during June for investment (subject to withdrawal on demand) and on Special Time Accounts a net profit of 2½ per cent plus 2 per cent regularly quarterly bonus. Cotton investments as thus operated present the best, the safest, and most profitable medium now before the public. Booklet free.

ELECTRICIANS.

Birthmarks, hair, moles, warts removed by electricity. Miss Jonr, room 25, Columbus block. Pupil, Mrs. Pierce.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

LAND! LAND!

For sale in section 13-51-14, sections 15-21 and 22, township 51, range 13. This soil is of the very best—comparatively free from stones and on some of it the timber will pay for the land—sold in 10-20-40 and 80 acre tracts to suit on reasonable payments. Handy to street car and on good county roads. Price from $15 to $25 per acre. Cheaper land farther away.

GEO. H. CROSBY,

105-6-7-8 Providence Building.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

NINE ROOM HOUSE, 213 WEST FIFTH street, all modern conveniences, $25 per month. Inquire C. F. Ellison, Fitzsimmons-Derrig company.

HOUSE OF SEVEN ROOMS; CITY water; perfect condition; 25th avenue west; fronting Lincoln park. T. G. Vaughan, 400 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—BOARDING HOUSE CLOSE to the blast furnace. 306 56 South, West Duluth.

FOR RENT — 9-ROOM HOUSE, 327 West Third street; modern conveniences. R. T. Lewis, 202 Lonsdale bldg.

PARK POINT — SEVEN-ROOM COTTAGE; perfect condition 710 Torrey building. Zenith 'phone 403.

FOR RENT—HOUSES AND COTTAGES, Park Point, for season or year. W. F. Leggett, 506 Burrows building. Zenith 'phone 862.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE city. G. H. Crosby, 106 Providence building. 'Phone 24.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms with board. 324 West Third St. Mrs. Saxsin.

FURNISHED ROOMS. 14 E. Second St.

FOR RENT—LARGE FURNISHED room, with alcove, heat, bath. 420 First avenue west.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms. 123 West Second street.

FOR RENT — TWO UNFURNISHED rooms. 18½ East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—THREE UNFURNISHED rooms, $7 per month. 418 South Eighteenth avenue east.

FOR RENT — LARGE FURNISHED room, light, heat and bath. $8 per month. 522 Fourth avenue east.

FOR RENT — ROOM 9 WEST SECOND street.

FOR RENT—SUITE OF TWO ROOMS, furnished, for light housekeeping. 19 First avenue west.

TWO ROOMS FOR RENT, WITH OR without board. 18 Fourth avenue east.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping. 310 West Fourth street.

ROOMS FOR RENT—10 MASON FLATS.

FOR RENT — MODERN FURNISHED rooms; single or en suite; central; on car line. 11 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, 628 West Third street.

FURNISHED ROOM, ELECTRIC light, bath, central, $6.00 per month. 456 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT — ELEVEN FURNISHED rooms; steam heat, gas, electric light. Suitable for keeping boarders. Apply 1502 London road.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, 117 West First street.

ROOMS FOR RENT AT 217 SECOND avenue east.

ROOMS FOR RENT, 524 LAKE AVENUE north.

FURNISHED ROOMS. 207 W. Second St.

FOR RENT — OFFICES. MESABA building. Julius D. Howard & Co

PERSONAL.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills ARE THE BEST. Safe, Reliable, Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by RETURN MAIL. Ask your druggist.

Chichester Chemical Co., Philada., Pa.

BEST SETS OF TEETH, $8. DULUTH Dental parlors.

PERSONAL—VARICOCELE, NERVOUS-organic weakness and disorders, quickly relieved and cured; unfailing, inexpensive treatment by old established reliable company. Proofs and valuable sealed book free. Erie Medical Co., Dept. 9, Buffalo, N. Y.

SPIRITUALIST MEETING SUNDAY, 24th, 8 p. m. at Victor hall, corner of Grand avenue and Fifty-sixth avenue west. Test given from the platform by Mrs. Gurlie Gummesson.

WINSOME WIDOW, WITHOUT KITH or kin, worth $85,000, wants faithful, honest husband. Address Mrs. L., Ohio block, Chicago, Ill.

MARRY — WEALTH AND BEAUTY; marriage directory free; pay when married; entirely new plan; send no money. Address H. A. Horton, Department 168, Tekonsha, Mich.



PURE, SAFE AND SURE!

Dr. Roger's Tansy, Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills. A test of forty years in France has proved them to *positively* cure SUPPRESSION OF THE MENSES. Special—Price reduced to $1.00 per box. Mailed in plain wrapper. Imported direct from Paris, France, by W. A. ABBETT, Druggist, Duluth, Minn., 201 West Superior street.

FOR MEN ONLY — DON'T DOCTOR without consulting our book, "Three Great Evils." Mailed absolutely free. Address the Sorensen company, Oshkosh, Wis.

LADIES! WHEN IN NEED SEND FOR free trial of our never failing remedy. Relief sure and quick. Paris Chemical Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

BERRY'S MERCANTILE AGENCY wants your collecting business. Main office 325 Manhattan building, Duluth, Minn.

ASHES REMOVED.

J. J. MAHER. BOTH 'PHONES. 48.

PIANO TUNING.

F. G. BINGHAM, 17 EAST THIRD ST. Leave orders with Haakenson & Westgaard, music dealers. Both phones.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—GOOD DRIVING horse. J. A. Murray, Smithville. Call about 6 p. m.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

LAUNCHES FOR RENT. LAUNCHES FOR RENT. Open and covered. Duluth Gas Engine works, two blocks below ferry landing, Minnesota Point.

SAFES. SAFES. SAFES. Fire and burglar proof safes. Vaults, doors and vault linings. Deposit boxes, messenger boxes. Latest improved bank safe, square and screw door. Full line of second-hand safes. Safes repaired and combination changed. J. S. RAY & CO., 410 W. Sup. St.

FOR SALE, VERY CHEAP—GOOD PAYing retaurant, immediately. E 19, Herald.

FOR SALE—LOT ON MAIN STREET. Will sell cheap if taken at once. Apply Henry, Scanlon, Minn.

FOR SALE — RESTAURANT AND CIgar store doing good business. D 56.

E. COHN PAYS HIGHEST PRICE FOR cast-off clothing. 118 First avenue west, Duluth. 'Phone 738 K.

FOR SALE—EIGHTY ACRES OF GOOD farm land near railroad, in good settlement, $5 per acre. Address G. A. Rydburg, 120 Garfield avenue.

No home complete without an up-to-date iron fence. We sell them. Also vases, lawn furniture, such as settees. Iron rabbits and fountains. Let us beautify your home. We have the goods, if you have the money. J. S. RAY & CO., 410 West Superior street. 'Phone 162, Zenith.

FOR SALE—WHITE ENAMELED child's bed with brass trimmings and drop sides, cheap. Call forenoons. 119½ East Fourth street.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—ZENITH RANGE; good as new; good cooker. 1015 East Superior street.

MUSIC AND MUSICAL MERCHANDISE —Edison's phonograph, band and orchestra instruments, pianos, organs, Haakonsen & Westgaard, Duluth's leading music store.

PATENTS OBTAINED FOR INVENTors. J. T. Watson, specialist, Palladio building.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—WORK AS OFFICE ASSISTant evenings by a young man fully competent and with best of references. Apply S. T., Herald.

POSITION AS COLLECTOR OR BOOKkeeper wanted by young man with experience. Address D 88 Herald.

A THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED fire insurance man would like position with some local agency.

MAN OF 28, HAS FOUR YEARS' EXperience in clothing and dry goods, can furnish best of reference; would like any kind of inside work for low salary. D 55, Herald.

YOUNG MAN WITH TWO YEARS' EXperience as stenographer desires position; best of references. D 36, Herald.

YOUNG MAN, UNIVERSITY GRADUate, wants position as assistant bookkeeper; wages no object. Address D 85, Herald.

POSITION WANTED BY MAN AND wife to work on farm or city; understands all work. D 35, Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE DAY washing or ironing. Address D 57, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE DAY. Mrs. Gruel, 621 East Seventh street.

WANTED—PLACE AS HOUSEKEEPER by woman with small child. Address Mrs. B., Herald office.

SWEDISH GIRL WANTS PLACE TO DO housework. 813 Park place.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY ATTENDing Duluth university, a place to work morning and evening and Saturday for room and board. Apply at once at the college.

WOULD LIKE PLAIN SEWING TO DO at home. Address Miss A. C. Hanson, 319 East Fifth street.

FOR SALE—COWS.

S. M. KANER WILL ARRIVE WITH A carload of fresh milch cows Tuesday, July 26. Some Jerseys among them. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith 'phone 1387.

L. POLINSKY HAS JUST ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows. Stock yards, No. 1124 East Sixth street.

FOR SALE — CARLOAD OF FRESH milk cows, will arrive July 22 at Evan Johnson's, 2608 West Helm street.

FOR SALE—HOUSES.

FOR SALE—SIX ROOM HOUSE, CORner lot, and stable, on street car line, price $725; part cash and balance in monthly payments. Address 2282 Highland avenue, Duluth Heights.

FOR SALE—SIX-ROOM HOUSE, WITH graded lot, $1100. 915 East Sixth street.

FOR SALE—18-ROOM LODGING HOUSE. E 49, Herald.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE.

DESKS. CHAIRS. DESKS. CHAIRS. DESKS. CHAIRS. Latest improved typewriting desks. Roll and flat top desks. Standing desks. Directors tables. Office chairs of all kinds. Steel filing cabinets. Vertical filing devices. J. S. RAY & CO., 410 West Superior street.

$150 WILL BUY A NEARLY NEW UPright piano, recently taken in exchange. Howard, Farwell & Co., 29 West Superior street, Duluth.

FOR SALE—AT ONCE, COMPLETE household furniture; rugs, piano, etc. 11 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE. CHEAP—BOARDING house outfit. Duluth Van and Storage company, 210 West Superior street.

FOR SALE, VERY CHEAP—TWO BEDsteads with springs and mattresses; also one marble topped washstand. 1732 East Third street.

CANCERS AND TUMORS.

ALL STOMACH AND BLOOD DISeases cured by the Herbaqueen remedies and Dr. Finsen's Ray. The Herbaqueen Manufacturing company, 319 First avenue east, Duluth, Minn.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WORK—WE PAY 25c EACH FOR writing short plain letters; particulars free. Herald Publishing Co., Station S, Cincinnati, O.

LADIES TO DO PIECEWORK AT their homes; we furnish all materials and pay from $7 to $12 weekly. Send stamped envelope to Royal company, 34 East Monroe street, Chicago.

LADIES — $30 THOUSAND COPYING letters; no mailing to friends or furnishing addresses; stamped envelope particulars. Select Toilet Co., 118, Chicago.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; small family. Mrs. John Crosby, 2608 East Superior street.

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MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting Aug. 1, 1904. Work, 3rd degree. Stanley R. Holden, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting July 25, 1904. Hugh R. Burgo, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary. Visiting brethren are welcome.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, July 28, 1904, at 3 p. m. Work, M. M. P. M. M. E. M. Royal Arch. William McGonagle, acting H. P.; W. T. Ten Brook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave August 2. Work—General business. John T. Black, commander; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT NO. 1 MEETS EVERY Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Edward Thompson, Com., 12 E. Fifth St. J. B. Gelineau, R. K., third floor, Hunter block. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. Next meeting July 28, Samaritan degree. Thos. J. McKeon, G. S.; W. P. Wellbanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.

FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, meets in Hunter hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. C. H. Johnson, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder. O. J. Murvold, financier, 8 East Seventh street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. John Newman, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier, A. E. Blake, recorder. Special business. Members requested to be present.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street. J. H. Davis, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

GRANT LODGE, K. OF P. No. 3 (colored) meets first and third Thursday every month at Kalamazoo hall. J. Taylor, C. C.; D. H. Saunders, K. of R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Sunday beginning July 24, at 8 o'clock at Eagle hall, Foltz building, 116 West Superior street. Steve F. Parker, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, room 10, Hayes block. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street for rental of hall.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2296, meets at Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. F. Wilberg, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

L. O. F.

CO

20 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SECTION 2 Pages 13 to 20

SATURDAY, JULY 23, 1904.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE OPERA TERRACE AT STOCKHOLM, SWEDEN

And Its Splendid Cafe and Restaurant and Charming View—The Immense Royal Palace, Planned By Tessin the Younger.

Stockholm, Sweden, June 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—One of the pleasures of continental traveling is to eat in the open air, on the sidewalks in front of the restaurants, on some balcony or terrace of a hotel, or in the shade of an arbor at a wayside inn. It almost every city is this possible. Even very small hotels have quite often most cozy terraces practically enclosed with oleanders and palms or shrubs and vines, and covered with awning for rainy days. The most elaborate dining room has no chance of competing when a terrace like this with a view up the Grand Canal in Venice, or out on Lake Como, invites one to enjoy scenery at one's ease, and a meal spiced with fresh air.

Yet of all the places it has so far been my lot to sample, few surpass what is here known as the opera terrace. So, hither I hurried to enjoy a breakfast and the views at the same time. I came near saying the fresh air, too, but for that it was too early. For the spring flowers were on and the trees still budding, holding off to make sure that spring would really come.

But it is the view from the opera house terrace that attracts. In the first place, when they go about to build an opera house in Europe they seldom select an inside lot with thirty-foot street front and a view across an eighty-foot street to the uninteresting structures, that are only too apt to occupy the other side.

They want at least a block, a piece of ground free on all sides, and if it is large enough to allow some spacious approaches and a little greenery, so much the better. Here in Stockholm they went one step farther and selected a free plot with the most charming view imaginable. Then they extended the rear so as to make a one-story cafe and restaurant, which has become the most celebrated in Sweden, if not in Scandinavia, and is known as "Opera Kallaren." The roof of this is floored over, and constitutes the opera terrace. Two stairways, with easy steps, lead up to it. Part is covered over with glass and the rest with awnings for sunshine or rain.

Surging along in its mad course, the Malaren rushes by to the sea, being very swift at this particular place, on account of an island which restricts the passage. On this island stands the parliament house, the exterior of which is practically completed. Beyond this is another island, and on that rises one of the finest structures of Europe, the royal palace. Beyond rises the high hill, with the southern portion of the city. Up and down are the everlasting outlines of the lake, with its steep shores and small islands, enlivened by hundreds of masts and scores of steamers at anchor, unloading or plying up and down to supply the unceasing demands of this beautiful city of the North. What could a traveler ask for after gloating almost to surfeit in the mild and seductive climate of Italy than to find himself suddenly transplanted to the bracing champagne-laden air of Middle Sweden?

* * *

And here is a piece of Italy, so to speak, the royal palace across the bridge. Many a person feels a keen disappointment at first sight, it is so plain, so simple. But they are few indeed who do not very quickly appreciate the noble lines and the perfect proportions, the masterful repose, the well-expressed kingly dignity.

It is an immense structure, 400 feet square and four stories high, with a high base on the north side and long double inclines leading to the main door. From the four corners wings, half as high as the main building, extend the front, and add variety and splendor to the entire group.

It was built in the first half of the eighteenth century, in the Italian renaissance, after the plans of Nicodemus Tessin, the younger. But in style and character it is as superior to the contemporary Italian productions as it well can be.

But if there is no doubt of the superiority of this work of Tessin, there is, curiously enough, much misinformation as to his nationality. In fact the lie in this matter has been so often repeated, and has such a start that it is a question if the truth will ever catch up and eclipse it. Just because three or four French architects were actually imported in times past, it has become an easy matter to ascribe everything to a Frenchman. All the more so if he has been knighted and had a "de" put in his name to split it in two, as was the case with Tessin. Then, too, Sweden has such a brilliant galaxy of names of men prominent in all walks of life, that it is small wonder if other countries are a bit jealous and have tried more than once to rob it of the honor of producing some of them.

The facts are these. The father of Tessin, also an architect of ability, whose baptismal name was the same as that given to the son, came to Sweden from Stralsund, where he belonged to a noted patrician German family. In Sweden he married into a good family of the bourgeoise. The younger Tessin was born in Sweden in 1654. It should further be noted that Stralsund just about this time became itself a Swedish possession.

If any one was ever well started in this world it was Tessin. His father was an architect of much ability and prominence, and so, too, was a half brother on his mother's side. The queen of Gustavus Adolphus himself was his godmother, and many other high persons in court circles graced the baptismal ceremony with their presence.

The government itself suggested that he devote himself to architecture, which he did when 17 years of age. A stipend was granted him and he lived in Rome for six years. Here the former queen of Sweden, the self-expatriated Kristina, did all in her power to help the young student in his work. His teachers were the noted architects Bermini and Fontana, teachers whom he, fortunately, did not try to imitate. Later he spent more than two years in Paris and some time in London.

Returning to Sweden he was received by the old queen, for whom he exhibited his drawings. He was immediately placed in charge of the preparations for the crowning of the young queen, a strange thing, it seems to us, for an architect to do.

The following year he was appointed to succeed his father as court architect, also as architect of Stockholm.

Now began the brilliant period of his life. For many years he was busy producing one structure after another for royalty and the nobility. Among other things the extension of the old palace was undertaken, and the young architect was sent abroad once more for a trip of thirteen months. When in Paris Louis XIV let the fountains of Versailles play for his benefit, an honor accorded to princes and ambassadors. He also submitted suggestions for the extension of the Louvre.

The new addition to the palace in Stockholm which he erected on his return was so successful that the kings of Denmark and Poland and Czar Peter of Russia requested the young architect to design their buildings.

Soon after the completion the entire palace burned down, at the right moment, to give Tessin his opportunity. He succeeded in making the most of it. Generations have admired his great work. It was, owing to lack of funds during the wars of Charles XII, very slow in completion. In fact the designer did not live to see it finished. The final touches were given it under the direction of his own son, Carl Gustaf.

Besides the purely architectural work, Tessin made several propositions for the beautifying of Stockholm. Just as in our day a commission of architects and artists have made grand plans for the improvement of Washington.

Then, too, he had charge of many grand court ceremonies. At the time of the great fire in the palace he was busy with the arrangements for the funeral of Charles XI.

Time and again was he honored by this king and his son, Charles XII, and by the government, and raised to the ranks of the nobility. He was twice married, both wives belonging to old and noble families.

But after the death of Charles XII his lucky star began to wane. The new court favored him for a while. But politics, which then began to stir Sweden most deeply, upset many old arrangements. The old architect lost some of his appointments. In 1728 he died and was buried in Stockholm's Storkyrka, without any monument. To this day there is none. But the present day architects, who appreciate fully the work of the great Tessin, and who are themselves in the very forefront of the profession at large, feel it incumbent on them to retrieve what the past failed to do. No doubt a worthy monument will before long mark the grave of the greatest architect produced in Sweden, and one of the greatest of his day and time.

OLOF Z. CERVIN.

AMUSING FEATURES OF A CAMPING TRIP

One Who Escaped Alive Tells His Story of "Getting Back To Mother Nature."

He was in a talkative mood. His loquaciousness must have been entirely natural, and not due to artificial means, for he was on the steamer America, a guest of the Young Women's and Young Men's Christian associations, on their excursion down the lakes last Tuesday evening. Leaning lazily back in a chair on the upper deck and luxuriantly puffing a fat, comfortable looking cigar, he was the picture of ease and contentment.

"This idea of getting back to mother nature, holding yourself up in the deep, deep woods, far from the maddening crowds and city's turmoil, answering the call of the wild, and all that, is well enough in its way," he was saying to the circle of men grouped about him, 'but it isn't my way, and hereafter I want no more of it in mine. Give me dear old Park Point in future. She's plenty far enough from the crowds and turmoil. Leave the deepy deeps of the forest for others, if they really want them, which I don't believe they really do.

"You see, I am one of these fellows who profit by experience, when the experience is my own. You, dear people, may share in the profits in this particular instance, for I am about to declare dividends, and to become shareholders in the concern you have merely to lend me the use of your ears.

Briefly stated I have just returned from a camping trip. I am alive, as you see. None of my bones are broken. Health pretty good, too. The mosquitoes were kind enough to leave considerable good, red blood coursing through my veins. For all of which I am duly grateful.

"My jaunt took me southward, into the sacred confines of our sister state, and out Gordon way, down the Omaha. I went at the earnest solicitation of friends, who own, or owned, 'just the dearest little summer camp in the world.'

"The women folk went ahead by team from the station, with some of the fellows, while Jack and I stepped into a pretty decent sort of a little canoe and started by the river route, when we decided upon this most unfortunate course I think our lucky stars were taking a nap in the lap of Mother Moon.

"Jack claimed to know a lot about boats and water. I didn't know anything concerning the case at bar, so gave him ample opportunity to prove his claims. Now, St. Croix river has rapids. Rowing a boat about the bay and steering a shaky canoe past jagged rocks, shooting by at the rate of twenty a second, are two different propositions. We got caught on a rock in the second rapid. Naturally the rush of waters tipped our craft over, and we went floundering about in the wet water, which was none too shallow, as we soon found out for ourselves. We saved the canoe, paddles, a can of beans and our lives.

"Eight hours from the dear little summer camp, and four hours past breakfast, we were in a sorry plight. Worse yet, one of my shoes, which I had taken off preparatory to a swim, was lost in the catastrophe at the rapids. The only thing to do was to paddle on with the current.

"In the natural course of events we got hungry. The rain slackened up a little and we started for shore. Seeking out a comparatively dry spot under a giant spruce we built a fire, using maches I had sense enough to place in a waterproof box. The fire was built, not because it was cold, but because I didn't relish the idea of eating cold beans for dinner. They were all we had, and I figured that we might as well make them eatable by warming them up a little. I was kind of bossing things after Jack displayed his ignorance of the ways of water, and so acted as cook at the feast-to-be. The can was a lovely large one, of the size tomatoes have a habit of coming in. My ideas of cooking were rather primitive, but as there was no utensil in which to empty the dinner, I chucked the whole outfit, can and all, into the fire, and snugly nestled it in a bed of coals after the blaze got to going good.

"While the banquet was in course of preparation we told each other how hungry we were, and how good the meal would taste. Jack was in favor of a cold lunch, but I wouldnt' hear of it. I kept an eye on the stove to see that the solder didn't melt. Soon I noticed a queer thing about the can. The ends began to swell out big and round, like two baseballs. Fearful of results, I grabbed a stick and stooped over to roll the thing out of the coals.

"There was a sudden report like unto that of a ten-guage shotgun. Ach, Lou!! I never want to see a bean again! The can had exploded like a bomb, and I was covered with powdered beans from head to foot. The tin top whizzed by my head like a bullet, while the can proper, neatly dodged the branches, sailed full 300 fet through the air and landed with a final, good-bye sizzle in the briny deep. Jack nearly died laughing, although he was about as beany as I was. There wasn't enough dinner left to feed a canary bird. Nothing remained for us but to get into the canoe and paddle for our lives and supper.

"Misfortune followed us. Just before the final landing we got another ducking. On my motion, before starting on our two-mile tramp through the woods to camp, we built a fire, intending to dry our clothes out a little, as it had stopped raining some time before. While the drying process was going on we took a swim.

"Coming up the bank after our bath I nearly fainted on seeing that the barnch upon which my trousers were hung had proven false to the trust imposed upon it, letting my pantaloons drop into the cruel blaze below. I was just in time to bring about a rescue, but even then a window a foot across looked forth where that part known as the seat had been. And they were the only pants I had taken along! What would the women say?

"They were considerate enough not to say much. My condition as I appeared hobbling through the woods, a handkerchief tied about my shapeless foot, squeezed pity from their hearts, I presume. One volunteered her services in repairing the damages. The only cloth available which came anyway near matching the color of the covering of my lower extremities was a bed quilt, one of these heavy, fleecy comforters like mother used to make. This was used to fairly good advantage. It was thick enough so the mosquitoes couldn't bite through it, anyway, and after I had accidentally sat down in a pan of thin molasses, carelessly left in a chair, absorbing quite a lot of the sweetness and stickiness, the patch proved an effective trap for these insects and flies. It was really touching to see with what affection the swarms of flies followed me about. My heart bled for those I killed when I sat down, and I bled all over for the hordes of mosquitoes.

"Of course we all got ugly after a few days, as a party is sure to do when penned up far from the maddening crowds, and squables and scraps were always in order. The brains of the girls were affected to such an extent that they started a camp diary in which to place their witty sayings. They made me read these gems of thought one day. Here are a few of them, picked from memory:

"'It hurts Ben's back to do the dishes.'

"'They carried the bottles to be buried on the bier.'

"'When Ben ate fudge he was Annamated.' (Anna certainly could make good fudge.)

"'The boat hugged the shore because the oars would spoon.'

"'Miss De Mars the otherwise calm serenity of camp life.'

"After this brief agony an involuntary groan escaped my lips and I fled outdoors for air. With these gems of thought addling my brain I was ready for any venture, and was not responsible for my actions when I agreed with Jack, a minute later, that it would be a good idea to burn off the brush around the small clearing so as to avert all danger from forest fires after our departure. The brush was dry as tinder and a high wind was blowing. We touched a match to it—the brush, not the wind. The Omaha shed fire they tell me about wasn't in it with our conflagration. A few miutes later the camp was but a heap of charred remains. The girls barely got out with their lives. Their clothes, our guns, grub, etc., etc., went up in smoke. And such a wailing followed! But who but a man of sense would have known the fire would cross the clearing.

"Again to make matters worse, one of the fellows arrived shortly after with the cheering information that he had shot one of the horses, thinking it was a deer, and another of the boys came in with a tale of woe to the effect that our boat had been stolen.

"We were twenty miles from the station and ten miles from the nearest farmer. Hanging around there without food meant starvation. We caught and harnessed the one remaining horse. Not till then did we learn that the three-seated rig had been burned beyond repair. One horse couldn't have done much with it anyway.

"We walked to the farmer's and then rode to the station. That sounds easy, maybe, but it wasn't. Here we are back at the dock or I might give you a few details as to what we did and said on the journey. But what's the use?

"No, sir! No more of your weepy, deepy backwoods for me!"

BY WICKED NEPTUNE'S WAVES

The Accident To the Green Clad Girl—Strenuousness of a Crimson Symphony—The Fortunate Governess.

Atlantic City, N. Y., July 23.—Neptune is an immodest old boy. He has no respect for the sex, nor for the conventionalities to which the members of the sex cling. That was clearly shown at the bathing hour the other morning.

A tall, long striding, generously fleshed girl, with bronze hair hanging free below her waist, went into the surf with two girl companions. Her bathing dress was a fetching, snug fitting thing of emerald green mohair. A green silk handkerchief to match was knotted about her hair. Her white canvas sandals were held on by cross ribbons of green, with bows at the knees.

As she stepped gracefully toward the verge with her arms about the waists of her two companions, she was easily the swellest girl, fixed for bathing, on the strand.

Her companions were timid and did not venture into the water above the bottoms of their skirts. The girl in green left them and strode out to where the water was above her waist. It was apparent that she was used to the water and a swimmer.

When she got into comparatively deep water, however, she made the mistake of turning her back to the breakers to address good natured jeers to the two girls who stuck to the shallows. She was doing this and beckoning to them to join her, when a comber, rising ten feet or so behind her, broke upon her back, and turned her over and over like a cork.

The lifeguard in the boat got busy as soon as he heard her first scream. He rose up and tossed a big red life buoy at her. She made no effort to grab it, although it hit the water within arm's length of her, but continued to emit little shrieks, while she bent over as if something were clutching her beneath the water. The lifeguard grabbed his oars and rowed over to her.

"Just keep your feet as long as you can and dont' faint, lady," he called out to her as he pulled at the oars. "I'll have you in the boat in a jiffy."

The girl ceased her cries to look up. She gazed at him resentfully as he continued to approach. When he was within ten feet of her, and was preparing to reach over the gunl for her, she called out to him:

"Go away, instantly! Don't you dare come another foot nearer me!"

The amazed life guard stood up in his boat and gazed. Then his eye caught some green things floating over the tops of the combers on the outgoing tide. The lifeguard grinned, reached over the side of the boat, picked up the life buoy, sat down at his oars, and pulled away to his station at the breaker line.

Half a dozen women who knew how to swim, experiencing a feminine hunch that something was wrong with the emerald girl as to the nature of which it was none of the lifeguard's or any other male creature's business, waded out. They formed a close cordon around her.

After the briefest possible consultation, one of the women ran out of the water and into one of the public bath houses back of the Boardwalk. She returned to where the close cordon was formed around the emerald girl carrying some things over her arm. Then five more women waded out to the green-clad young woman to make the cordon still closer. The combers broke over them, but they didn't appear to mind. After about ten minutes the cordon broke in two, and the young woman who had been the occasion of its formation walked toward the beach.

When she emerged, somewhat shamefacedly, upon the strand, and started to race for the bathing pavilion, she was no longer an all-green girl. One of her stockings was black, and the sandal and cross ribbons were absent from that black-swathed extremity. As her green skirt was very short, nobody could help but observe that the bifurcated garment immediately beneath the skirt, which had been green when she entered the surf, was now black too.

When the grinning lifeguard pulled in, a while later, to allow his relief to take his place, he had a neat little green bundle under his arm. He found the blushing owner of the salvage and restored it to her.

Neptune, always counted a sardonic old sinner by the women folks, is now viewed with particular suspicion by those members of the sex who use hooks and eyes to make certain garments of their bathing apparel fast.

* * *

An incident that attracted a great deal more attention at the bathing hour on the same morning, but at another part of the beach, was the highly pleasing and satisfying exploit of a woman in red.

She was about the reddest animate creature, as to her make-up, yet seen on the Jersey coast. Her dress was a beautifully contrived but blinding confection of red silk mull. Her red-framed picture hat was swept by flowing red plumes. Her high heeled, low cut shoes were of red leather and her stockings were of red silk. Her sunshade was of a hue to match. The dazzling redness of her raiment was in striking contrast to the extreme blackness of her hair. She was a big, splendidly fashioned woman of 30 or so.

She stood, quite alone, on the dry sand near the awning covered lolling chairs, watching the bathers. It is not trite to say of her that she was literally the cynosure of all eyes. Men of the ogling tribe, in morning clothes and bathing dress, passed near her with impudent leers, but she paid no attention to any of them. Her gaze was riveted upon the antics of the people in the water, and she had no eyes for anybody on the strand.

After she had thus stood for about a quarter of an hour, however, a whiffet of a man with a monocle, decked out in the extreme fashion in morning togs, moved over close to her and began to bestow impertinent grimaces and to view her through his single glass with smirks that increased in what he imagined to be their deadly effect the nearer he edged toward her.

But the woman in red didn't appear to be conscious that the little noddy-naddy was alive. Perceiving this, he decided to take a chance. He sidled and shuffled until he was within ten feet of her. Then he looked out toward the sea and said aloud, with the feigned ecstasy of the confirmed masher:

"Ah, a sunset symphony!"

She heard, and turned a dazzling smile upon him. With an expression of elation he minced up to her side with an elaborate salutation of the hat.

When he had got right alongside she suddenly dropped her red silk parasol upon the sand and, reaching out, caught the whiffet of a man around the middle. He squirmed and sputtered, but the arms of the woman in red were long and splendidly muscled.

"A sunset symphony, eh?" she said, with all the vocal calmness in the world. "Well, we'll see how you look as a part of the seascape, you impudent little masher!"

Saying which, she lifted him from his feet as if he had been a small boy in bathing dress and reluctant to go into the chilly water, carried him out to where the receding tide had left a deep pool of water in a hole, and dropped him into it on his back.

He splashed around like a stranded skate for half a minute, until he had found his feet. Then he scrambled out, picked up his hat from the surface of the soiled puddle, and raced up the strand as fast as his short legs could carry him, while the hundreds of sand-lolling bathers and strand paraders cheered the woman in red to the echo. She picked up her parasol and strode away unconcernedly, with a half smile on her face.

The woman in red was a vaudeville actress who is well known in New York. Her press agent will probably get hold of the incident in due time; that is, supposing press agents of vaudeville actresses ever permit themselves to be hampered by facts in unreeling their narratives.

* * *

There are few better vantage points whence to observe the queer turns of the wheel of fortune than Atlantic City.

At the soliest and sedatest hotel in the place a pretty widow of 25 or so, now well out of mourning, occupies a suite comprising the whole floor space of one of the L's. She arrived from Chicago last week with three maids, a secretary, a private baggageman, and forty-six trunks. Her two automobiles, a runabout and a huge touring car has already arrived. So had her victoria and her horses. Her yacht is being refitted down in Florida, where she spent last winter, and is expected in these waters presently.

Just five years ago this pretty widow was here staying at the same hotel in the capacity of governess for the children of the Chicago millionaire whom she afterward married. The mother of the children, an invalid, was here at the same time. Before her death, a year later, according to the current story, she told her husband that she thought it would be a good thing for him to marry the governess.

After a proper season of mourning, the Chicago millionaire followed his first wife's advice, being violently opposed by his upgrowing children and other members of his family. When he himself died, a year after his marriage to the governess, his children fought his widow in the courts for the estate. She won a complete triumph over them last year.

Many of the servants of the sedate and solid hotel who were here at the time the governess had her littl aerie room on the sixth floor of the hostelry, only five years ago are still here. But the widow, as animable as she is clever, doesn't mind their presence in the least. On the contrary, she bestows large tips upon them, and has arranged to take several of them into her employ when she reopens her Chicago home in the autumn.

There is a whole brigade of governesses scattered about among the Atlantic City hotels, and it is diverting to study their awed, half speculative, wistful expressions of countenance when the ex-governess makes her regal appearance on the Atlantic City driveways or on the Boardwalk.

* * *

People who come here for the first time are struck with the remarkable memories of the Boardwalk newsboys. The lads cry the names of papers published in every large city in the United States, and such is the cosmopolitan character of the summer crowds here that they rarely get 'stuck wit' dere papes." The cry of a Boardwalk newsboy is a good deal like the announcement of a railroad station announcer calling off the points at which an accommodation train is to stop—as to the length of the cry, that is to say. The Boardwalk newsboy's advertisement of his wares, emitted in a high pitched, sing-song voice, is something like this:

"Here y'are! All the New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Pittsburg, Harrisburg, Wilmington, Hartford, Boston, Chicago, Richmond, Atlanta, New Orleans, Buffalo, Detroit, Milwaukee, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Omaha papers! Just in. Red hot! Here y'are. Papers from every old place!"

The Boardwalk newsboys appear to be able to tell what city a Boardwalk parader is from by his looks. They range from 15 to 20 years of age, and most of them have been selling papers on the Boardwalk for several years. The passing man who strikes the newsboy as a New Yorker get a New York paper shoved under his nose; the man with the exterior that appears to spell Philadelphia to the newsboy has a Philadelphia paper presented to him, and so on; and the boys rarely make mistakes.

A Boardwalk newsboy walked up to a District of Columbia official, a man who had never visited Atlantic City before the other morning and shoved a couple of papers in front of him.

"Washingtn papers, sir?" said the youngster.

The Washington man looked surprised.

"How did you know I was a Washingtonian, son?" he asked of the kid.

"Oh, I just knowed it, sir," was the boy's only explanation, as he made change.

If you are addicted to any one paper and buy it once from a Boardwalk newsboy, he will nail you every time you pass him by on the Boardwalk, and ask you if you want a copy of that paper. A New Yorker who was here

(Continued on page 19, fourth column.)

HARNESSING THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER

Dams and Locks Begun Four Years Ago Now Nearing Completion—The Work Near Old Fort Snelling.

For quite a number of years the United States government has considered many plans for the harnessing of the head waters of the Mississippi river, and also rendering its course safe for navigation from its mouth—at the Eads jettics or New Orleans to its upper reaches near the twin cities of the north—Minneapolis and St. Paul.

Plans drawn up by the government engineers proving favorable the construction of a series of dams and locks were begun about four years ago and these works are now rapidly approaching completion.

The first, or "Dam and Locks, No. 1," as they are officialy known, are located at a point just above the confluence of the Minnesota and Mississippi rivers, about a mile above historic old Fort Snelling, and between four or five miles below the city limits of Minneapolis.

"Dam and Locks, No. 2," are situated several miles above, and are of vastly larger proportions as a project in aid of navigation. At No. 1 the large walls and cofferdam of the heaviest Oregon giant pines are in place, the concrete foundations of the huge lock chambers and gate heads as well as a portion of the western shore wall of the dam breast are now well onward.

At No. 2 the immense dam stretched across the river is about complete, the gigantic lock chambers are finished, the huge stone outlet piers with their powerful automatic hyraulic "bear-trap" gates which, by an ingenious system of valves, lower and raise the great steel and timber gates controlling the "waterhead" at the dam and locks, are in operation.

The walls of these lock chambers are of solid stone tapering from six feet at the top to sixteen at the water lines where they are thirty feet high. The chambers are three hundred feet long and eighty-five feet wide, with gates of timber and steel to check the mighty Mississippi.

These gates are composed of fifty, 50-feet long Oregon pine timbers, twelve by eighteen inches, locked together by strong steel bands and bolts and are operated by hydraulic power entirely.

Thousands upon thousands of tons of concrete, granite and cement and millions of feet of timber have been used in the construction of these works. The cost will approximate several millions of dollars.

The whole operation is exciting widespread interest all along the country, tributary to the Mississippi river, for with the now rapidly approaching completion of the big scheme, thousands of tons of wheat can be moved from the wheat growing territory bordering the great river to the markets of the world.

Thousands of tons of flour can be forwarded to the cities of the South and East to Mexico. South America, Europe, Asia and Africa at a greatly reduced cost for the shipment and millions much of the waste of time now required in rehandling.

RUBBED PREACHERS.

Sharp Tongued Southerner Raises Much Laughter.

Orion, Mich., July 23.—Rev. George Stuart of Cleveland, Tenn., raised shout upon shout of laughter Tuesday afternoon in his lecture to the Methodists on Belle Vue island. Dr. Stuart is a humorist and his lecture was an urgent plea for more laughter as well as more thought and weeping.

"I don't see why some people think that religion is a thing to be solemn over," he said. "God is a humorist, he must be, because why otherwise would he make the monkey and the parrot, and—me?"

He hit the society man and woman when he deplored the class that neither thinks nor seeks religion.

"There's no animal on earth more contemptible to me than the society woman who races around from one find or function to another. She's a child of the devil, mean and narrow and contemptible. Probably she's stuck up about money, and of all foolish things that's the worst, to be proud because you have money. I don't want a lot of money, and if I had it I hope I wouldn't be a fool about it. Then there's the religious crank—he's as bad as the others, if not worse. He says that people are sick of the truth. It's not so. There never was an age when people would go farther and pay more for what they want to hear. There never was a time when people sought the truth more than now. What is the reason? They don't want to hear us preachers. If they did they'd find us and it's largely our fault. So many preachers are nice little innocent fellows who never rubbed up against the world."

NOTIFICATION OF DAVIS.

Bedford Springs, Pa., July 23.—The notification of Henry G. Davis, the vice presidential nominee of the Democratic party, will take place in West Virginia in August, probably about one week after the notification of Judge Parker.

THEY LIVE IN DEATH'S HAND

The Fisher Folk of Labrador and Their Struggle With the Sea.

St. Johns, N. F., July 23.—Of all the varied forms that fishery enterprise assumes in many seas, there is probably none more daring than the annual migration of 20,000 Newfoundlanders to and from Labrador, spending the summer in trawling for cod along that dreary, desolate, sub-Arctic seaboard. This migration, northward in the spring and southward again in the autumn, embraces not only the fishermen themselves, but their wives and children, with their household goods and domestic animals. These are conveyed to the lonely strand in the little fishing smacks and established in miserable wooden or turf huts in the harbors that indent the rock-ribbed coast line—if ice and fog and tempest allow the perilous passage to be made in safety.

The outside world has small conception of the dangers that attend every stage of this arduous industry, or of the privations and misery endured by these hardy fisher folk in their six months struggle to wrest a subsistenece from the ocean. Disaster and death follow in the wake of the little argosies, and the annual death roll often assumes appalling proportions.

While crews are engulfed by the mighty billows, and the entire seaboard is strewn with the wrecks of craft piled there by the spring breeezs of autumn gales. Bergs and floes do their part to augment the wrecks, and in the blinding fogs collisions and strandings add to the fatalities.

When spring opens the fisher boats are fitted out for the venture and their living freights are embarked. The earliest arrivals pick the choicest fishing grounds, so there is general striving to make the run as speedily as possible. The vessels have to thread their way through the ice strewn sea, stretching far beyond the horizon. Dispersing and reassembling with every change of wind, these resistless masses mean certain destruction to any craft unfortunate enough to be nipped between them.

Only a week ago five men and two women reached the upper shore, the only survivors of twenty-two souls of the schooner Albatross, which had been sunk by the ice, leaving them to float on the floes for four days and nights without food, fire or shelter.

Last year the Puritan was crushed under similar circumstances with fifty-seven persons aboard. The survivors were adrift for more than seventy-two hours in equally helpless condition. Some of the women had infants less than a year old.

The icebergs cause the worst tragedies, because they are rarely sighted in time to escape, and the impact of a frail craft against one of them shatters her like a bundle of splintered boards, leaving but a few half drowned wretches to float around on planks and hencoops. Now and then a crew, or part of it, will find lodgment on the berg itself, and remain there, chilled and despairing, until some other vessel succors them. There is no mature Labrador fisherman who cannot recount thrilling personal experiences with bergs and floes, or display scars from frostbite acquired in protracted epoxsure after meeting the dire misfortune of shipwreck amid the snow fleckedseas.

When inshore winds pack the coast of Newfoundland with frozen prairies the fishing vessels have to harbor where they may. Two seasons back 132 craft were held prisoners in Grignet Haven for nearly three weeks. Their complements ran from thirty to eighty persons each. Herded like cattle in little smacks, without privacy, sanitation or even ordinary room to move about, they endured indescribable discomforts. Diphtheria broke out among them, and, crowded as they were, its ravages were frightful. Last year smallpox obtained a footing in the fleet and caused a panic, the effects of which were felt from one end of Labrador to the other.

But fog is the chief abhorence of the fishermen. Enveloped in these murky palls, the shrewdest judgment, the keenest seamanship, is often at fault.

(Continued on page 19, fourth column.)

NOTIFICATION OF DAVIS.

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SOCIETY



The Assembly dance at the Spalding last evening was the most brilliant affair of the week if not of the summer season and was largely attended by the society people. It was given as usual at the Spalding and after the more informal pavilion dances was a delight. The hall was prettily decorated with graceful palms and ferns and a behind a screen of greens bearing a large "A" in white Plaaten's orchestra played a fine program of dances. The floor committee consisted of Messrs. Close, E. N. Whyte, W. L. McLennan and W. A. Cleland. Among the guests were:

Messrs and Mesdames:
Jack McLaren, L. W. Powell, W. R. Peyton, P. M. Shaw, Jr., G. L. Douglas, A. M. Miller, Jr., O. C. Hartman, H. E. Gooch, C. H. Hare, James E. Granger, O. G. Brice, G. H. Jones,

Misses:
Hulst, Hoopes, Mary Bartlett, Anna Dickinson, Rose Todd, Frances Richardson, Jesie Campbell, Grace Richards, Butchart, Emma Judd, Myrtle Butchart, Marie Draper, Grace Gilbert, Wilhelmina Rupley, Irma Richards, Ensign, Sue Hill, Belle Searle, of Minenapolis, Alice Bunnell, Fauntleroy, of St. Louis, Helen Smith, Corrine Davis, May Wylie, Frazer, Frisk of St. Paul, d'Autremont, Duncan, Effie Smith, Mary Morris, Heine, of St. Paul, Virginia Morris, Arnold, Rosser, Smallwood.

Messrs:
W. L. McLenan, E. B. Ryan, Jr., F. S. Dalrymple, Cheney, Fairchild, Burg, Cleland, G. Smith, Brewer, R. J. Davis, Atkins, O'Donnell, Wakeman, Newell, Grady, White, David Davis, Deetz, Green, Gridley, McBride, Davey, Cutler, A. A. McLeod, Jr., Whipple, Johnson, Graff, Mark Smith, Marshall, Earl Richards, Congdon, Frageau, W. Brewer, Hammond, of Superior, Markell, Norton, Hulst, Leteau, N. Congdon, Moore, Ingalls, Leach, Spencer, Close, Telford, Harison, Dickerman, D. R. McLenan, McDougall, Stratton, of Superior, Washburn, Agnew, L. Bradley, Ralph Hubbell, Suffel, Cook, Andrews.

* * *

The week has been a busy one in Duluth the past seven days the entertaining being typically that of summer. Most every hostess with house guests has done more or less informal entertaining in their honor and each day there has been many of these delightful affairs. The informal picnic luncheons and dinners on Oatka and on the lake shore at Lester Park were numberless. The crowning event of the week, however, was the Assembly dance last evening at the Spalding.

* * *

Mrs. George D. Swift has cards out for Tuesday afternoon, at her home on East First street. The guests are asked to meet Mrs. Elliott Swift.

* * *

Mrs. George M. Smith and Miss Laura Brown returned yesterday from a short outing at Deerwood.

* * *

Thursday afternoon Mrs. W. S. Bishop entertained at a charming musicale in honor of Miss Agnes Anderson. The informal afternoon was enjoyed by about twenty of the musicians of the city. Miss Anderson, Mrs. C. P. Craig and Miss Morris were the soloists and Miss Simonds and Mrs. John Millen gave the piano numbers. The afternoon was a most delightful one.

* * *

In honor of Miss Agnes Anderson, of Brooklyn, a beautiful reception was given Wednesday, at which Mrs. John Rutherford McGifferet, was hostess at her home, at 15 East Second street. The rooms were decorated prettily with ferns and palms and quantities of nasturtiums. Miss Elizabeth Anderson, Miss Pauline Smith and Miss Ruth Fahnestock, of Philadelphia, assisted about the rooms. Alarge number of Miss Anderson's Duluth friends called to meet her during the afternoon.

* * *

Miss Genevieve Washburn entertained at a daintily appointed luncheon Thursday in honor of her guest, Miss Eva Brown, of Plainfield, N. J. Covers were laid for:

Misses—
Margarethe Denfeld, Jessie Campbell, Frances Gilbert, Margaret Ryan, Helen Marble, Kathleen Watterworth.

* * *

Tuesday afternoon Mrs. Thomas Brown entertained in honor of Mrs. D. B. Hutchins, of Portsmouth, Ohio, at her home at Nineteenth avenue east. The rooms were prettily decorated in daisies and the dining room was particularly effective with its wealth of pretty blossoms. Miss Brown and Miss Lillian Brown received with the guest of honor. In the dining room Mrs. Millie Bunnell and Mrs. Edward Hazen presided, and assisting were Miss Addie Smith, Miss May Wylie, Miss Harriet Shannon and Miss Glen Murray. A large number called during the receiving hours.

* * *

The Misses St. Clair, of 1125 East Superior street, entertained in honor of their guest, Miss Cartewright, of Grand Rapids, yesterday afternoon. The rooms were prettily decorated in wild flowers and Miss May Wylie, Miss Eleanor Pineo, Miss Esther Searle and Miss Edith Searle assisted.

* * *

Mrs. E. D. Edson and son, of New York, are in Duluth for the remainder of the summer, the guest of Mrs. Martha W. Smith, of No. 2 Chester terrace. She was accompanied by her nephew, Howard W. Smith, who will be the guest of his grandmother.

* * *

Mrs. M. I. Yonce, of Janesville, Wis., who has for a fortnight been the guest of Mrs. William Everett Morrow, Seventeenth avenue east and Superior street, left yesterday for Minneapolis, where she will remain a week before returning to her home.

Early next week Charles E. Morrow, of Memphis, Tenn., a brother of Mr. Morrow, and his daughter, are expected to arrive in Duluth to visit Mr. and Mrs. Morrow.

* * *

Miss Glen Murray has cards out for a reception Thursday afternoon at her home, 2028 East Superior street.

* * *

Miss Maude Sherwin entertained at a delightful picnic supper Thusday evening at her home at Hunter's Park.

* * *

Miss Katherine Macfarlane entertained at a lawn tea last evening in honor of Miss Julia Salter.

* * *

Misses Frances and Ernestine Hirsch, of Quincy, Ill., who are the guests of their brother in this city, entertained at a delightful tally-ho ride Wednesday evening.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Hepworth have returned from their wedding trip and are at the Spalding.

* * *

Miss Annie Brenton, of Neligh, Neb., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. George Brenton, at their sumer home on Park Point.

* * *

Miss Margaret Doyle, of St. Paul, is the guest of friends in the city.

* * *

Mrs. Ella M. Ryan, of Minneapolis, is visiting her parents in this city.

* * *

Monday afternoon Mrs. George C. Howe entertained at a delightful afternoon in honor of Mrs. Scriver, of Minneapolis, who is the guest of Mrs. E. C. Blanchard. Six-hand euchre was played at five tables, and the card favors were taken by Mrs. Sterling Smith, Mrs. Scriver and Mrs. Pruden, of St. Paul.

* * *

Mrs. A. D. Thomson received Wednesday afternoon at her home on West Second street, in honor of her niece, Miss Helen Ostrom, of St. Paul, who has been her guest during the week. Receiving with Mrs. Thomson and Miss Ostrom were Miss Margaret Ryan and Miss Frances Gilbert, of St. Paul. Miss Crowley assisted in the reception rooms, and in the dining room Mrs. A. W. Ryan and Mrs. A. M. Miller presided. Mrs. Walter Ayers and Miss Margaret Hunter served punch in the vine-covered balcony. The affair was one of the most beautiful of the week.

* * *

The San Francisco Bulletin says of the wedding of Miss Edith Shorb, of that city, and James King Steele, formerly of Duluth:

"The wedding of Miss Edith Shorb and James Steele, of Sacramento, which took place at the summer home of the bride's mother, Mrs. J. De Barth Shorb, in Mill Valley today, was one of the prettiest of the season. Only relatives and a few intimate friends were asked to the ceremony and the reception which followed. Miss Shorb is one of the cleverest and most interesting girls in society. Witty and fascinating, she is always a welcome member of any party. She comes of the old Shorb family, one of the best known in the state. Her sister, Mrs. Y. Shorb White, is well known in both the social and literary world. Mr. Steele is a prominent young business man of the capital city, and there the young people will reside."

* * *

Miss Martha Peyton will be the hostess for the Young Ladies' Card club Monday afternoon, at her home on East Superior street.

* * *

Miss Berta Schmeid entertained at a delightful brake ride Thursday the members of the F. F. F. club and a few of their friends. The party started in the morning and drove to Eagle Lake, returning late in the afternoon. The guests were:

Misses—
Alice Scott, Florence Pealer, Helen Goodman, of Chicago; Elizabeth Morris, Jessica Marshall, Marjorie Congson, Molly Fitger, Elfa Giesler, Virginia Morris, Isabel Patrick, Helen Newell, of Rochester, N. Y.; Esther Adams.

* * *

Wednesday afternoon Miss Molly Fitger entertained at a pretty luncheon the members of the F. F. F. club. The table was prettily decorated in greens and the mystic initials appeared in numerous pieces in the decorations. Covers were laid for:

Misses—
Berta Schmeld, Helen Goodman, Virginia Morris, Elizabeth Morris, Elfa Giesler, Florence Pealer, Isabel Patrick, Sally Hicks Merrill.

* * *

Judge and Mrs. J. D. Ensign are entertaining Mrs. A. A. McLeod and A. A. McLeod, Jr., of Princeton, N. J., and Albert Watrous, of Chraleston, W. Va.

* * *

Miss Jean Poirier left yesterday for an extended visit in California.

* * *

Miss Florence Cartewright, of Grand Rapids, Mich., is the guest of the Misses St. Clair, of 1125 East Superior street.

* * *

Mrs. A. D. Davidson and Miss Edith Davidson returned the first of the week from a four months' visit to the Pacific coast.

* * *

Mrs. McDougall, of Port Arthur, is the guest of Mrs. Stephen H. Jones.

* * *

Miss May Brown, of Wisconsin, is the guest of Miss Mabel Duncan.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Phelps are entertaining Mrs. Phelps' father, L. F. Carrier, of Iowa.

* * *

Miss Hubbard left the first of the week for Tomah, Wis.

* * *

Mrs. F. L. Pulford and son, of 1920 East Superior street, returned the first of the week from a visit at Minneapolis.

* * *

Miss Marian Day has returned from an extended visit at the Pacific coast.

* * *

Miss Madeliene Doolittle, of Minneapolis, is the guest of Mis Margaret McKindley, of East First street.

* * *

Misses Cecil and Netta Dean, of Edgewood, Pa., who were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Morrow, of Seventeenth avenue East, returned Tuesday evening on the Tionesta.

* * *

Monday evening the residents of Munger Terrace enjoyed together a picnic supper served under the trees on the beautiful grounds surrounding the terrace. Chinese lanterns and flags and bunting as a decoration gave the building and grounds a decidedly gala appearance. About sixty of the residents of the terrace enjoyed the evening together.

* * *

Monday evening Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Coughlan entertained at their home on East Second street. The rooms were prettily decorated in red and green and cards was the evening's amusement. Cinch was played and the prizes were taken by Mrs. Victor White and Miss Frances Farrow.

* * *

Mrs. Frank Cone, of Duluth Heights, entertained Wednesday afternoon at a delightful birthday party in honor of her little son, Albert. Eighteen little guests enjoyed a most happy afternoon.

* * *

A delightful brake ride was given last Saturday afternoon around the boulevard in honor of Miss Elsie Proulx who has been the guest of Miss Kathryn Ames, of Green Gables cottage on Park Point. Those present were:

Misses—
Blanche Glasgow, Crete Sighmey, Mayrose Hayes, Grace Coleman, Dagny Stenson, Margaret Farrell, Edith Eighmey, Mae Van Auken, Edith Harger, Mary Ames, Mabel Reed.

* * *

Mrs. S. S. Williamson and daughters and Mrs. Williamson's sister, Miss Berry, of Washington, have returned from a visit in the East.

* * *

Mrs. G. L. Wilson and Miss Wilson, of Minneapolis, are the guests of Mrs. W. B. Patton, of 1513 Jefferson street.

* * *

Mrs. G. L. Wollen, of 1426 Jefferson street, is entertaining her sister, Miss Lena Taylor, of Chicago.

* * *

Hon. Moses Dillon and daughter, Miss Alice Dillon, of Sterling, Ill., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Church, of Lester Park.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Williams, of 3619 London road, are entertaining Mrs. E. Plummer and Miss Canfield, of Clinton, Minn.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Gaynor and children returned from a trip to the Bruie.

* * *

Capt. and Mrs. Joseph Kidd, of 1523 Jefferson street, are entertaining their daughter, Mrs. W. G. Atherall and daughters, of Richmond, Va.

* * *

Miss Barbara Haug, left Tuesday evening for a trip down the lakes.

* * *

Mrs. Weston, of Minneapolis, is the guest of Mrs. William McCullough, of 913 London road.

* * *

Mrs. A. Clausen and children and Miss Florence Aiken left Wednesday for an outing at Grand Marais and Isle Royale.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Hirsh, of 516 East First street, have as their guests, Miss Oda Helborn and Miss Hattie Reel, of Milwaukee.

* * *

Mrs. C. Michelson and Miss Evelyn Michelson, of 319 West Fourth street, left Wednesday for a trip down the lakes.

* * *

Dr. and Mrs. Wm. Newell, of Washington, D. C., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Maginnis, of 1024 East Second street.

* * *

Mrs. D. A. Reed and daughters, Misses Mary and Jessie, of 4218 London road, returned Tuesday evening from a two weeks' visit at Ely.

* * *

Mrs. H. A. Hutter, of 23 Twenty-ninth avenue West, left Wednesday evening for a visit at different points in Wisconsin.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Gibson and daughter, are at Deerwood for a short outing.

* * *

Miss Maude Berlson, of Syracuse, N. Y., is the guest of Miss Irene Silberstein, of 3 West Second street.

* * *

Mrs. C. H. Emmons and children, of Ontonagon, Mich., are visiting Mrs. E. G. Shepard, of Seventh avenue east.

* * *

Mrs. W. J. McAdam left Thursday for Hampton, Canada, to visit friends and relatives.

* * *

Mrs. Charles A. Stack and daughter left Wednesday evening for New York.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Condon left the first of the week for Yellowstone Park.

* * *

Mrs. Fred Roth left Tuesday for Moorehead to attend the wedding of her son, John M. Roth.

* * *

Miss Anna Machie returned the first of the week from a three weeks' visit with friends at Sault Ste. Marie.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Beck, of Duluth Heights, left Sunday for Benson, Indiana.

* * *

Miss Cora J. Zein, of Saginaw, Mich., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Hayes, of 625 East Fourth street.

* * *

Miss Clara Scott, of 506 East Fourth street, left Tuesday for a visit with friends at Buffalo.

* * *

Mrs. Charles C. Kritzer and children, of 121 Ninth avenue east are visiting at Grand Rapids, Mich.

* * *

Mrs. R. H. Bradley, of Minneapolis, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. James McMartin, of 1429 East Second street.

* * *

Miss Jennie Daniels, of Port Arthur, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. N. J. Donnis, of 1727 West Second street.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Mauseau, of Hibbing, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Owens, of Park Point.

* * *

Mrs. N. Christopher and daughter, are spending the month at Mt. Clemens, Mich.

* * *

Mrs. Peter Nelson, of West Duluth, entertained at a pretty luncheon Wednesday in honor of her guest, Miss Ploy Marshall, of Grand Marais. The luncheon table was prettily decorated in wild roses and covers were laid for:

Misses—
Belle Nelson, Allie Paper, Connie Dayton, Edith Moore.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Robert McKeever, of West Duluth, returned Thursday from a month's fishing trip.

* * *

Mrs. J. Vivian, of West Duluth, left Thursday for a visit in Western Canada.

* * *

Mrs. Robert Moseur, of Marquette, Mich., is visiting her parents at West Duluth.

* * *

Miss Bertha Haley, of West Duluth, left Thursday for a visit at New York and Canadian points.

* * *

Mrs. Samuel Price, of West Duluth, has as guests Mrs. Morrison and Mrs. C. A. Thomas, of Toronto, Canada.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Jean Holt, of West Duluth, are visiting friends at Marine City, Mich.

* * *

Miss Laura Pearson, of West Duluth, is visiting with frineds at Matawa, Minn.

* * *

Miss Molly Lane, of Fargo, N. D., is the guest of Miss Irene Laundry, of West Duluth.

* * *

Miss Annie Laughlin, of West Duluth, is visiting friends at Two Harbors.

* * *

Miss Louise Hannon and Miss Winnifred Hopkins, of West Duluth, returned during the week from a visit with friends at Two Harbors.

* * *

Miss Lillian McCauley, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ellis, of West Duluth, left the first of the week for Seattle, Wash.

* * *

Mrs. Thomas Anderson, of West Duluth, returned the first of the week from a visit at the Twin Cities.

* * *

Mrs. C. P. Olson, of West Duluth, is visiting friends at Biwabik.

* * *

Mrs. Frank Hatcher and children, of Minneapolis, are visiting Mrs. Hatcher's sister, Mrs. William A. Bucholtz, of 405 East Fifth street.

* * *

Miss Alice Shannon left Thursday for a lake trip to Buffalo. On her return she will visit for several weeks at Hancock.

* * *

Mrs. J. G. Campbell, Mrs. H. Sevell and Mrs. B. Trimha and daughter, are spending the summer in Wisconsin.

* * *

Mrs. Arthur N. Parsons and daughters, of 931 London road, returned last evening from an extended Southern trip.

* * *

Miss Adele Cheverette, of 1117 East Second street, is visiting friends at Spooner, Wis.

* * *

Miss Velna Helmbach, of 322 East Fourth street, returned Friday from a visit in Southern Wisconsin and Milwaukee.

* * *

Miss Blanche Maxwell, of 414 West Fourth street, left the last of the week for Los Angeles, Cal.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Wright, of the Buffalo flats, left last evening for Detroit.

* * *

Mrs. Byron G. Segog and children, of 124 East Third street, are visiting at Detroit.

* * *

Tuesday afternoon a pretty wedding took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Brown, of 408 East Eighth street, when their daughter, Miss Mary Brown, and Fred Bennawels were united in marriage. The house was prettily decorated in daisies and ferns, and the service was read by Rev. Emil Sang. The bride was attended by Miss Lizzie Zuck and the best man was August Brown. The bride wore a gown of tan voile over blue. She wore a veil and carried bride's roses. Miss Zuck wore a pale blue silk gown and carried American Beauties. Mr. and Mrs. Bennawels will be at home after Aug. 1 at 423 East Eighth street.

* * *

The Women's Relief corps entertained at cards Monday afternoon at their hall in the Masonic Temple. Euchre was played and the prizes were won by Mrs. Walter Ashley and Mrs. Weston, of Minneapolis.

* * *

Miss Daisie Carll, of Stillwater, is the guest of Miss Maude Clymer, of 321 Fourth avenue east.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. James Shiletto were pleasantly surprised Wednesday evening at their home, 16 East Fifth street. The affair was in honor of their first wedding anniversary. James D. Dare, who has recently returned from the Philippines showed a number of curios which he has brought back with him. The guests were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—
Baker, Boyer, Freshnez, Glibberz, J. B. Gelineau.

Misses—
Mamie Baker, Melinda Baker, Stewart.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. James Morgan, of Watford, Ontario, arrived in Duluth during the week and will spend a few weeks visiting friends here.

* * *

Mrs. M. Hackett and Mrs. A. Gallinger, of Oshkosh, and Mrs. A. J. Stoos, of Joliet, are the guests of Mrs. W. Hackett, of this city.

* * *

Monday afternoon Miss Bertha Helen Dobson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Dobson, of 627 West Second street, and William H. Currie, will be married at 4 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents. Rev. T. H. Cleland, of the First Presbyterian church, will read the service. In the afternoon Mr. Currie and his bride will leave for a Western wedding trip and will return to Bemidji, where they will make their home.

* * *

Miss Willena Marshall and Miss Verna Solon have left for a week's outing at Solon Springs.

* * *

Miss Fanny Thornton, of Fond du Lac, Wis., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Thornton, of 1514 East Third street.

* * *

Mrs. William Maguire, who has been the guest of friends in the city, returned home yesterday.

* * *

Miss Laura McNamara left during the week for a visit with friends on the North Shore.

HOW HERMAN CORNING PAID THE PRICE

By Homes Fisk.

(Copyright, 1904, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Herman Corning made up his mind when a mere boy that he would become a successful business man and the possessor of great riches. From his earliest memory he had hated the narrow village life and the cramped home existence, where every penny had to be watched in order to make both ends meet. He dreamed of great establishments with hundreds of busy workers, all pliable to his will, as expressed from the inner office. He dreamed of meeting the greatest and most powerful men of affairs and dictating terms or forcing them to compromise with him.

He read somewhere or heard some wise man say that a person could have anything he wanted if he would pay the price. He resolved to pay the price. People wondered where the son of the plodding shoemaker acquired such ideas and many openly said that Joe Corning should beat the nonsense out of the boy before he was spoiled.

Among all his playmates at school but one sympathized with his ambitions or believed in him. That one was Hannah Curtin, the grave-eyed girl with the high forehead, who always stood at the head of her class. All the rest derided him.

"I believe you will succeed, Herman," said she, seriously, "and when you do I will marry you."

"Will you?" asked Herman, eagerly. And then he added with a stubborn set of his square jaw, "You may have to wait a long time, Hannah, because if I don't succeed at first I will keep on trying."

So the compact was sealed and one fine day, when Herman was 15, he fulfilled the worst prophesies of the village gossips by going away to the great city. He was able to scrape together barely money enough to get him there, but he feared nothing. He had heard the expression "merchant prince" and it attracted his imagination. He resolved to enter mercantile life.

Upon reaching the city he went directly to the biggest wholesale house in the city, Hope, Norris & Co., and sturdily walked into the office of the head of the concern.

He was a trifle perturbed at the vastness of the institution and the exclusiveness of the office of the great Mr. Hope. But he rallied in a moment.

"Am not I also to be a great merchant," he said to himself. "He is no better than I am—only older."

So Herman walked boldly into the presence of the great man, who frowned at the intrusion.

"Well?" he demanded.

Herman looked him squarely in the eye. His momentary timidity had vanished. He was in the very inner sanctuary, which was the home of his dreams. He felt fully confident.

"My name is Herman Corning," he said steadily, "I have decided to become a merchant. That is why I came to the city. I want to learn the business and get a start. That is why I came here. I am not afraid of hard work and I can live on small wages. Will you give me a trial?"

The merchant had turned away with an impatient gesture when Herman began. The odd way of putting the proposition arrested his attention and the intense earnestness of the boy attracted him.

"Why did you come to me?" he said sharply. "Don't you know that department heads hire the employes?"

"I wanted to talk to the head of the house," replied Herman simply.

The merchant pushed a button and a man appeared instantly.

"Take this boy to Hopkins," commanded Hope, "and tell him to set him to work."

And so Herman Corning found himself launched in mercantile life as assistant stockkeeper at $6 per week. He worked hard and gave no thought to anything outside the business of the department. He did so much work that his fellow employes disliked him. Hopkins noted the improved condition of the stock, however, and after a few months Herman had his wages raised to $8. He cared little for this. He was perfecting his knowledge of the stock and of prices. Meanwhile he watched the salesmen and customers like a cat.

There was a whole shelfful of buttons of ancient vintage, which Herman noticed were never called for. One day Houston, a salesman, was trying to attend to two customers.

"Here, boy," he said to Herman, "pull down some buttons for Mr. Parkins. I'll be right back and give him prices."

Parkins was from a crossroads town. Herman pulled down the buttons that never sold. He knew the prices. Ultimately Parkins bought half the entire lot.

This transaction so pleased Hopkins that Herman was called on frequently to take a customer when the salesmen were busy. Two years after Herman entered the place he was made a regular salesman at $30 per week. He always sold the things that stuck on the shelves. Mr. Hope learned of this and complimented him on this point.

"Wouldn't it be easier and cheaper to have a buyer who did not load dead stock on us?" asked Herman gravely.

A week later he was made assistant manager of the department and entrusted with a considerable share of the buying.

Shortly after this, when Herman was just turned 19, he went to Mr. Hope.

"I am going to resign," said he.

"What's the trouble?" demanded Hope.

"Ain't you getting enough?"

"Oh, yes, sir," replied Herman, "that part is all right—everything, in fact, is all right, but I want to go into business for myself."

"Go in for yourself?" exclaimed the merchant. "Have you got any capital?"

"About $500 that I've saved," replied Herman. "That will buy a team and wagon and give me something near $200 to put into stock. That ain't quite enough, but you will trust me for two or three hundred more on my outfit."

"What are you going to do?" asked the merchant.

"Peddl," replied Herman, sententiously, "until I can make enough to buy a store."

"Oh, come now, you are doing better than any young man we have ever had," epoxstulated Hope. "Don't make a fool of yourself. You will be head of a department in a few years."

"Thank you, sir," replied Herman, "I wouldn't stay for a job as general manager. I am going in for myself. I have learned all I can as a subordinate."

And that was all there was to it. Herman started out with his wagon. He made good selections of merchandise and his sales were beyond his hopes. Within two years he had piled up $3000. Then he ran across a store in a small town which was for sale. The owner had made a failure, but Herman thought he saw why. He bought it, paying part down. In two years he was out of debt and doing a business that was the wonder of all the country about. The town had only 15,000 inhabitants and Herman chafed at the limitations. He found a purchaser at a fancy price, and at 23 went back to the city with $10,000 in his pocket.

He then started a jobbing business in a small way and by his indefatigable energy and application began to make inroads in the business of the larger houses. He did well from the first, but his resources were so limited that he could not move fast enough to suit his ardent spirit. Then Norris, Hope's partner, died and Hope sent for him.

"Corning, you are a wonder," he said. "I need such a man as you. Besides you are cutting into our business. I will take you in and sell you a quarter interest, at whatever the business inventories, take over your stock at what it inventories as part payment and your note for the balance. You can pay out of the profits. You can handle the business as manager and I will look after the finances."

This was a great lift, but it only fed Corning's ambition. Still he was not a dominating factor in the business world and he found after a year or so that he must remain subordinate to Hope, whose conservative methods drove him to distraction. He wanted to lead, Hope was content to run along smoothly on the old lines. Besides he was not making money fast enough to suit him. To be sure his share of the yearly profits ran way up in the thousands, but he could not see how he ever could become a power in the financial world at the rate he was going.

While he was struggling with these problems, Hope's health failed. Knowing Corning's daring disposition he did not dare go away, as the physicians ordered, and leave the young man in charge of the entire business. Finally, threatened with death, he offered to sell his interest at a very reasonable sum if Corning could find a backer. While the sum was reasonable considering the value of the business, it was a vast amount for a young man to raise. All of Corning's profits had gone into paying for his quarter interest.

In the meantime Corning had made one or two social connections. One was Peter Holdbrook, a wealthy retail merchant, with whom he had come into business relations and who had admired the young man for his business talent. He had invited Corning to his home several times and had presented his daughter, a frail, rather pretty girl, whose strength of character, if she ever had any, had been eliminated by her father's dominant methods.

Just about this time Peter Holbrook died and his daughter had called on Herman for advice, knowing that her father had trusted him. The girl was the sole relative and heir and the responsibility of the great estate frightened her.

To Herman came a great inspiration. He would marry this pale-faced girl, who would be putty in his hands. This would give him money enough to buy out Hope, besides making him master of the great Holdbrook store. He would combine the two businesses and make himself the greatest factor in the business world. There was a sincere pang at the thought of Hannah, because, besides having a real affection for her, Herman had made her a part of his scheme of life and his nature revolted at changing his plans. But he saw no other way and within two months he had married Lillian Hildbrook, and soon after became absolute master of two great stores, one wholesale and one retail.

The rest of the business world knows well—how he reversed the old policies and struck out into new methods with a daring which stunned all observers; how the business grew until Herman Corning was recognized the world over as one of the greatest merchant princes; how he branched into other lines of business and finance until his name was on the directorates of many banks and corporations and his real estate holdings became despair of assessors.

When Herman Corning was 35 his wife died. A few months later he went back to his old town for the first time since he left it. He found Hannah Curtin still unmarried. To her he told the story of his success and the reason for his marriage. He told her it had been without sentiment, as his heart belonged to her—but had been necessary in order to achieve success.

"I knew you would come back," said Hannah, quietly. "That is why I never married. Men must work and women must wait."

Just a year and a day after the death of his first wife Herman Corning and Hannah Curtin were married. It is to be presumed they lived happily ever afterward. If not, nobody else knew it.

MRS. NYE LOST ALL.

Charlotte, N. C., July 23.—Mrs. W. E. Nye, widow of the humorist, who resides at Arden, N. C., was on the witness stand in the Breezo trial yesterday. Mrs. Nye told of entrusting her property and all the money she possed, $7,500, to the keeping of Mr. Breezo and said she lost it all when the First National bank of which he is president collapsed. Breezo testified that while it was true that he had charge of Mrs. Nye's paper he was in no way responsible for the loss of her property.

"Cut Loose" from tradition, and adopt the use of

"SALADA"

CEYLON AND INDIA NATURAL GREEN TEA in place of Japans. It is pure, delicious and beneficial to health. Sold in the same form as the celebrated "Salada" Black tea, in sealed lead packets only. 50c, 60c and 70c per lb. By all grocers.

TRY A 10 CENT SAMPLE PACKET.

Trade Supplied By GOWAN-PEYTON-TWOHY CO.

FORMULATING THEIR PLANS

West End Committee Pushing Campaign For Street Car Line.

The committee of twelve appointed last week at a mass meeting of Piedmont avenue residents, called for the purpose of formulating plans for getting the street car line extended up Piedmont avenue to the Miller creek bridge, met at 2114 Piedmont avenue last evening and perfected a permanent organization.

Peter Olson was elected chairman of the committee and Axel E. Zimmerman secretary. Aside from organizing, no special business was taken up, other than a general discussion of the project. The work of this committee is to do everything possible towards getting the extension, circulating petitions asking for it, calling upon the common council and street car company, etc.

Although the petitions have been circulated only at odd moments during the past week, it was reported last night that 200 names had already been secured. A thorough canvass of the district affected will be made and every resident will be given an opportunity to sign. It is expected that from 1000 to 1500 signatures will be secured. When all have signed who care to, the petitions will be submitted to the council and traction company.

It appears that the sentiment is unanimous in favor of constructing the new line, and there is no difficulty whatever in securing signatures to the petitions. It is said the only people not in favor of the move are the West End merchants, who seem to be of the opinion that direct street car connections with the uptown district will injure their trade to some extent.

A second meeting of the executive committee will be held at the same place next Friday evening, and two weeks from tonight, Saturday evening, Aug. 6, a second mass meeting of citizens has been called, to meet at 2114 Piedmont avenue, at which the alderman from the Piedmont district, and other parts of the city, if possible, will be in attendance. The executive committee will at that time be ready with an exhaustive report of the work already accomplished, and will explain what the plans for the work to be done in future are. The citizens other than committee members present will be asked for suggestions, and there will be a general discussion of the matter in hand. Confidence is expressed that the traction company will agree to lay the extension when it sees what a great demand there is for it.

Herald "want ads" beat a kingdom—they get a horse.

MAN ARRESTED FOR CONDUCTING LOTTERY.

New York, July 23.—George Farrier, of Jersey City, has been arrested by post-office inspectors on a charge of conducting a lottery by use of the United States mails. The authorities assert Farrier is the head and front of the "San Domingo lottery," and has been sending out tickets and alleged drawings to all parts of the country. The inspectors captured a quantity of lottery tickets and sheets bearing the inscription of drawings and containing a long list of supposed winning numbers. Farrier's father is a well-known citizen of Jersey City.

For a want in your home or in your business, try a Herald want ad.

The Greatest Music House

For many years we have been the largest music house at the head of the lakes. As Duluth has grown and made its influence felt all over the Northwest, we have grown with it until today we supply most of the musical instruments in use in this part of the country. Our success has been possible only because we handle the best goods obtainable. It costs no more to transport, warehouse, insure, handle and sell goods of quality than it does the cheaper kind. We have made MERIT our guiding star and with our eyes fixed constantly on that we have grown year after year until now our salesrooms are filled with the best instruments obtainable.

STEINWAY, IVERS & POND, EMERSON, SMITH & BARNES, RICHMOND, WILLARD.

KNABE, KRANICH & BACH, LUDWIG, DYER BROS., LELAND, WALWORTH.

We are sole agents for these standard and well known makes.

SOLD ON EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

Duluth Music Co.

Lake Avenue and Superior St. J. T. STEWART, Manager.

TUNING A SPECIALTY BY THE BEST AND MOST ARTISTIC TUNER IN THE NORTHWEST.



CORRECT SHAMPOOING!

Correct dusting, correct combing means beautiful Hair. For Falling Hair, Lusterless Hair, Oily Hair, Thin, Stringy Hair or Dandruff our correct Massaging, NOT RUBBING, together with tonics to give tone, foods to nourish, lotions to remove Dandruff and salves for any cutaneous affection. We pay the closest attention to every detail in our treatment of the Hair and Scalp. Expert Manicuring for Ladies, Children and Gentlemen.

Miss Horrigan's Drug Store

Over Gidding's Store—Take Elevator.

$8  $8

No extra charge for PAINLESS EXTRACTING.

Gold crowns (22k) $7.00
Gold Fillings up from..... $1.50
Porcelain Crowns, $5.00
Alloy Fillings, up from..... 75c

We have the largest dental practice in Duluth because we give you the best and guarantee our work.

JOHNSON & KAAKE, Dentists, Zenith 'phone 168. Bell 'phone 1389-M.

Mesaba Block—409 West Superior Street.

The Play and the Players The Coming Week.



Miss Edna May has taken her farewell of the musical comedy stage in London, says the London Sketch. If she has not sung her last song or danced her last dance on the stage—for, in these days, songs and dances are incidents in the performance which even the serious actress has to reckon with—Miss May has sung and danced for the last time in musical comedy.

It is an interesting announcement, and, happily, it does not betoken Miss May's impending or intended retirement. But let the charming actress speak for herself, as she did two or three days ago to a representative of the Sketch at Littlehampton, where she is staying.

"Yes," said Miss May, "it is quite true that when I acted in 'La Poupee' it was my last appearance in so-called musical comedy. When I return to London, it will be to act in comedy without music. Before that can occur, however, I am going back to America to start on Aug. 3, and open at Daly's theater on Sept. 5 in 'The School Girl.'

"Pending my departure, I am resting here, and, after a season which began in September and lasted until the beginning of June, during which I played seven performances a week, I may claim that I am entitled to a rest, only I hate not being at work. Still, my throat has been giving me some trouble of late and I must rest my voice. I had hoped to be able to sing at the matinee which was given last Thursday to Clement Scott, but the condition of my throat made it impossible, for I can only give my best to London, which has always been so kind to me. Indeed, practically all my stage experience has been gained there.

"I had only been thirteen months on the stage before I came to London. So, you see, in my case 'thirteen' was not an unlucky number. Besides, I am not superstitious. The only superstition I have is about wearing green on the stage. When I played in 'Kitty Grey,' I wore a beautiful green dress, and the song I had to sing in it never had the least success. Eventually they cut the song out. Then they changed my dress. Then they gave me another song, and in the song I sang in that other dress which was not green I made a very pleasant success. I did not know anything about the ill-luck of green, though, until some one who had been a long time on the stage mentioned it to me.

"You ask why I am going to leave musical comedy. I have wanted to for a long time. Perhaps the wish, which always existed to a greater or lesser extent, made itself most felt when I was playing in 'Kitty Grey' at the Apollo. The part of the wife offered the opportunity for a good deal of comedy, as well as for some touching little bits of sentiment, and I thought I should like to play some such character on the regular stage. Charles Frohman, too, under whose management I have been ever since 'An American Beauty' closed—'An American Beauty' was the play which followed 'The Belle of New York,' you know—Mr. Frohman thought I could do better work. I had always wanted to play comedy, but I had never dared mention it to him, for, you see, I lack confidence. People may not think it, but I haven't a bit of confidence and need pushing forward.

"On the regular stage I hope to play comedy, for the demure, sentimental damsel like the part I had in 'Three Little Maids' doesn't give one a chance. After that statement I need scarcely tell you that I did not care for my part until I went on tour, when I took 'The Miller's Daughter' song which Miss Hilda Moody had at the Prince of Wales's and 'The Real Town Lady,' and they made the part bright and lively and quite worth acting.

"In America, though I open in 'The School Girl,' I am also to play 'La Poupee,' and when I come back it will be in a play which A. E. W. Mason is writing for me."

GEISHAS FROM JAPLAND

Dance and Sing In World's Fair Theater.

St. Louis, July 23.—Into the midst of the Pike shows from the Orient has come a company of Geishas from Japan. They are exploited as the mikado's royal troupe with an intimation that his yellow majesty wouldn't let them journey away from his kingdom if it were not that he is too busy with the Korean war to indulge in theatrical pastimes. Indeed, the home agent of the show puts his finger in my buttonhole and whispers in my ear that Kio San, one of the Geishans has been close enough to the mikado to drop a chunk of ice down his back, in the English manner of Lily, the stage Bute, and Wales, the royal Willie boy, if she'd had a mind to.

"You'll find it easy to pick out Kio San," he said, "for she's the only Geisha in the bunch who laughs."

That proved to be a sufficient tip for the identification of Kio San, for she was the one and only grinner in the company. All the others in the 20 are alike as peas in a pod and as inanimate. As they toddle into view they suggest an array of mechanical dolls in a toy store—not an assortment, but all from the same mold. It wouldn't be possible in this country to get together such an unvaried lot of show girls for an extravaganza. Not only their facial expression, or the lack of it, is in an astonishing uniformity. Their oblique eyes, flat noses and puckered mouths are exact repetitions. As to that Kio San is no exception. The difference is that while the faces of the others are absolutely expressionless hers becomes roguishly jolly. She sings the "Tonkima" song, common to children in Japan, the chorus of which is equivalent to "Won't You Come and Play with Me?" It became familiar here several years ago in the extravaganza of "The Geisha." Perhaps the Jap manager made up his mind that for renewal on the Pike an expression of deviltry would have to be given to it, and so this one and only grinning Geisha is the consequence.

* * *

The Japanese and the Chinese were a month and a half behind the Russians in intrenching themselves, theatrically, on the Pike, but at length they have established strongholds which they can hold easily to the end of the Fair. Each race of Mongols has a "village," with a frontage as fantastic in architecture as anything in Tokio or Canton, with roofs that turn up their corners saucily, and with colors that are loudly assertive. And each gateway is guarded by dragoons of terrific aspect, but which don't hinder the entrance of any one who comes with a coin in his hand by way of an open sesame.

Within the portals you come first to spaces occupied by shops stocked with the familiar wares of Jap and Chink. The Chinese josshouse, with prayer paper on sale to burn before the gods; its restaurant, where the visitor risks the chop suey, but declines to try the more mysterious viands, and its shops, stocked with exports of China, are on sale, are to be found in every American city with a Chinese quarter. There is a theater, of course, and in it a play noisily performed. It is one of those historical dramas that last several evenings, as usually presented, but here, in order not to check the door receipts, it is begun at 10 o'clock in the morning, and kept going, with brief intermissions, until people quit the Pike at midnight. The actors must feel that, although art is long, time is not so very fleeting.

In view of the adjacency of Japan and China the differences in their stage entertainments, as illustrated here at the Fair, are astonishing. The Japanese performers are all girls, while the Chinese company is all male, being Shakespearean in at least that one respect, and made hideous by all kinds of divices. Even the actors in the feminine roles are intentionally grotesque. There can be no matinee idols in a Chinese theater, so far as I can see.

The first odd thing that strikes the eye in the main court of fair Japan, as the Mikado's colony is called, is a row of jinrikshas. The Louisiana Purchase Fair is the paradise of press agents, although his earn of territory is restricted to the St. Louis newspapers, which in their zealous booming of the great exposition, seem to publish everything he asks them to. They let the Filipino's Ananias say that trousers were to be put on the naked Igorrotes by order of Uncle Sam, and the fiction was made to look so much like fact that the wires flashed it all over the world. It is true., positively, however, that the official censor of the Pike forbade the use of jinrikshas—two-wheeled carriages with men instead of horses between the thills—in the native style of Japan. Did you see the extravaganza of "The Geisha?" If yes, then probably recall the English girl who insisted on changing places with the motorman, and his riding while she drew the cart, because his nudity was so yellow that it offended her sence of human color. The jinriksha puller at home in summer wears a breechelout and nothing else except his hair. So the Pike censor rejected him, and the hundred of Japanese vehicles stood idle until a force of Americans, as fully clothed as the college students who push the roller chairs, was organized to propel them.

The Japanese garden, that might have been transported and transplanted intact from the island of wisteria and popples. A miniature lake is crossed by a bamboo bridge and bordered by beds of flowers. Everything is neat, precise, artificial. You would as soon think of plucking a knob from a fencepost as a sunflower from its stalk.

The Mikado Theater is a framework of wood, filled in with bamboo and straw. It has chairs for 600 persons. The stage is lavishly provided with Japanese articles of art, such as vases vases heetaoin shrdlu etaoinin screens and vases, but no seats, as the quireetaoin etaon etaoin etaoinaoin in Japs sit on cushions until they acquire Western habits. There is no curtain or scenery. No man takes any part in the performance. Ten of the geishas form an orchestra. They squat on the platform at the edges of the stage and play samisens, sudzunis and takos, which are drums beaten with sticks; tomtoms tapped with the hands and guitars plucked with flat pieces of metal. The music really is music of a simple sort, and not the mere din made by other Oriental bands on the Pike At times a flute-like pipe is introduced. The members of the orintroduced. The members of the orchestra add their voices to the chorus. The other ten of the girls are the dancing half of the troupe. They sing also. No difference is appreciable in the 20 voices. All are weak thin and nasal. Vocally the orchestra and the ballet are at a parity of low artistic value. Only two geishas sing in solos or with any attempt to be distinctive—the one described already as the grinner and another who gives pihingly a ballad which, an interpreting friend tells me, is a maiden's naive confession to a chum that she has a lover. The singer and the listener pose with a low screen between them and make a pretty picture.

* * *

The troupe of 20 present a wonderful sameness of face, size and outline. They look to be all under the age of 16, and not to have attained their statue, yet they are adults, and the average of their years is said to be 20. Their jet hair is oiled and gummed into that native, never-varied coiffure which is not unlike the present style among our women. Their eyebrows are accentuated with black pigment, and their lips are stained bright red. Their single vissible garment is the loosely enveloping kimona, the upper part of which has come into boudoir use in this country; but they wear the full-length thing in bright fabrics, wrapped around the waist with a sash bowed at the back and clinging close to the legs. The plentiful bow and the scant skirt suggest the figure that is exaggerated on our stage. These geishas are as straight as young Indians. It can't be said, however, that they are graceful or in any way beautiful, judged by our standards, but they are beautiful in their small quaint way.

* * *

The geishas and the waitresses look alike to most of the visitors, and are all called "geisha girls." The waitress is like the gaisha in a demure air of never seeing, hearing or saying anything beyond the comprehension of an innocent child. She speaks only a few words of English, and, therefore, doesn't disclose the fact that she is away below the gaisha in culture, if not in morality.

GOSSIP OF THE RIALTO.

Outlook For Busy Dramatic Season Next Year.

New York, July 23.—As the dog days approach they bring with them the preparatory activity among the managers who start out early for the opening weeks of the season in every direction. Just now theatrical interests are dull, but the outlook indicates an unusually busy season of it next year, for, despite the fact that things were not generally good last year, there are more attractions in preparation at present for the coming tours than were listed among the avallables at this time last season. The one thing uppermost in the minds of the men who promote theatricals, however, is just how much of a presidential campaign we are going to have, and what effect it is going to produce upon theatricals. In seasons past a presidential year has been regarded as an off one. Some of the shrewdest of managers, however, do not look for as much activity this season as in campaigns that have passed into history, and they regarded the outlook as rather promising on that account.

The more conservative managers are placing their dependence upon the excellence of their attractions, and figure out that, though it is early part of the season the campaign will cut a figure in business at the playhouses, it will be over before the real season of activity is well under way, and consequently will not be any greater factor against the theater this season than similar campaigns have been in the past.

As for the general run of attractions, it looks as if we will have about the same style of entertainment to attract the attention of the theater-goers. London has had a notoriously bad season, and very little novelty is expected from this source. However, the native dramatist has a chance, and Cyde Fitch, August Thomas and a few other tried and true play-makers are being depended upon for distinct novelties the coming season, while there are a number of London and Gotham successes which, having proved their long runs here, will take to the other cities, and on this account the road cities will fare a trifle better perhaps than either London or New York, where the promised supply is not overly alluring.

* * *

Mrs. Madge Carr Cook and the players in "Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch" earn the distinction of being the first attraction to start the tour in the higher-priced theaters. After a limited vacation Mrs. Cook and the other Cabbage Patchers opened their second season in that play at the Grand in Chicago last week. Chicago critics are not overly enthusiastic regarding the dramatic version of Mrs. Hegan-Rice's odd little story, but they have spoken glowingly of Mrs. Cook's portrayal of the title role. In fact, Chicago seems to have taken more interest in the personnel of the company than the play they are presenting, and as "Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch" seems one of those odd compomerations which the professional playgoers do not enthuse over but which continues to draw large audiences, it will likely duplicate its success of last season this year.

* * *

When pretty little Anna Laughlin, the Dorothy of "The Wizard of Oz," was married to Van Monree, a young New York business man, last week, there was set at rest all rumors that Miss Laughlin's future as far as matrimony was concerned. In the past two seasons that the little actress has been one of the principal members of the Wizard of Oz company, all sorts of rumors of her engagements have been circulated. The most persistent of them was the one that joined Miss Laughlin and Joseph Buckley, the well-known manager, together. Their engagement was announced, and not strenuously denied by either party. However, to the surprise of all but her intimate friends, Miss Laughlin and Mr. Monroe were married shortly after the Garrittal in Work city after closing her season with the Wizard company in Chicago. Miss Laughlin has been with the company since it started out summer before last in Chicago, playing the part of Dorothy. Her marriage will not interfere with her stage plans, as Miss Laughlin will continue to play her familiar role in that piece next season.

* * *

It is now signed and settled that Della Fox is to return to the stage next season and will be the star of a musical comedy taken from the French and which is to be known in this country under the title of "The West Point Cadet." After a good long rest and plenty of attention Della Fox is said to be her old self in every particular, and according to her friends never looked better in her life. Her brother-in-law, Nat Roth, will manage her tour, which opens at the Princess theater in New York city the latter part of September. It will be welcome news to the many admirers of the little star to hear of her return to the footlights in such good health, and all will hope that "The West Point Cadet" turns out as good stage material as the genuine article has when the country needs him.

* * *

Maude Adams, who closed her long extended season in Kalamazoo, remembered all the members of her company in a most substantial manner. After the final performance of "The Little Minister" Miss Adams called the members of the company about her on the stage and thanking them for their hearty co-operation and expressing her appreciation of the happy associations she had enjoyed presented the ladies with jeweled brooches and the male members of the company Wild diamond and emerald stick pins. The little meeting on the stage proved a happy event.

* * *

Messrs. Weber and Ziegfred have added another popular favorite to the big company they are organizing. The latest recruit is Maurice Levi, the composer long identified with the Rogers Brothers' shows, who will conduct the orchestra at Weber's Music Hall and compose the music for all of their new productions.

* * *

May Irwin will return to the stage the coming season and appear in a new comedy by George H. Broadhurst. The piece was originally written for Marie Cahill, but owing to her change of plan on entering the Lew Fields company Miss Irwin falls heir to the vehicle and will resume her work as a star.

* * *

On one occasion Charles Hoyt had an actor in his company with a penchant for the middle of the stage. He endeavored to absorb as much of the calcium's rays as possible. It annoyed the playwright, and one evening while the company was in Kansas City, Hoyt told Zweifel and the house manager that he wanted them to go back on the stage after the performance. When they reached the region behind the footlights, Mr. Hoyt took a stage brace and started for the basement. He then proceeded to thump the beams which supported the stage, apparently to satisfy himself of their strength, and, returning to the stage proper after his investigation, sent for the actor and delivered himself of the following: "Mr. Smith (the name will serve as well as any), I have just made a careful examination of the supports under this stage, and find that the beams at the rear and sides are just as strong as those in the middle. You will be in no danger of falling through if you occasionally stay away from the center."

* * *

William H. Crane has always been noted for his illegible hand. He has been rather proud of it, it being generally accepted as an unfailing sign of something—unusually genius—and in stead of trying to correct it, he has been inclined to let it go, most of his friends taking a certain pride in being able offhand to decipher it. But the other day, in answer to an inquiry from the Hamilton club, of Chicago, where Crane gave a small one-act play a few years ago (asking him if he wouldn't give the "Old Homestead" there this year for the benefit of charity), Crane's system of hieroglyphics met with a stern rebuke. The main part of his letter reads as follows:

"Dear Sir—I am hard worked at present and, as you know, am growing old. I shall be 61 next February. On the whole I fear I shall have to decline your offer for next season and this summer, as I will be abroad. I cannot make plans which would interfere with my vacation. Yours truly, etc."

A week later the following reply was received:

"Dear Mr. Crane—Your friend, Mr. ——, to whom you usually write, was out of town, so I had to note your acceptance. The time you mention, next February, could not be better; as to $1 that seems an ironical sum. Of course we will pay your usual rates. On behalf of the club I extend our thanks for your kindness. Ycur truly, etc., S. F. C., President.

"Your friend, Mr. ——, is going to spend his vacation aboard his yacht also."

"I have heard of people not being able to read my writing," said Mr. Crane, "but to have them read another language into it is new. I think I'll go back to my stenographer."

* * *

Nat M. Wills, the tramp star, will be surprised by a new galaxy of female beauties when he arrives with that laugh provoking operatic storyette, "A Son of Rest," on his second annual tour in this musical melange.

* * *

The elaborate stage pictures in the production of "Salammbo," in which Frederick Warde and Kathryn Kidder will star next season, will represent scenes in and around the ancient city of Carthage. The first act represents the Temple of Tanit, the second act the interior of Salammbo's sumptuous apartments, the third the interior of Matho's tent on the battlefield, and the fourth the entrance of the Temple of Moloch. There are two scenes in the last act, one showing the ruins of the Temple of Deios and the other the outer entrance to the Temple of Tanit near the Acropolis.

* * *

Contracts have just been signed between Nanette Comstock and James K. Hackett, whereby Miss Comstock will star under Mr. Hackett's management in "The Crisis" next season. During the last four years Miss Comstock has been leading woman with many important productions and with prominent stars, including Joseph Jefferson, John Hare, Sol Smith Russell, Otis Skinner and Henry Miller. Her first success was made as Jenny Buckthorne in the irginal production of "Shenandoah."

* * *

Bertha Galland will inaugurate her fifth season as an individual star the first week in October in Washington, when she will again appear as the fascinating Dorothy in "Dorothy Vernon of Hadden Hall." This play, dramatized by Paul Kester from the widely read novel of Charles Major, was one of the successes of the past season, and its popularity convinced Manager J. Fred Zimmerman that Miss Galland could use it profitably for a second season.

* * *

"Babes in Toyland" will probably be the largest and most elaborate production of extravaganaz on tour next season. The spectacular mechanical features will be massive and the company so strong numerically that a special train will be necessary for the transportation of the extravaganza. Ignatio Martinetti. Mabel Barrison, Charles Guyer and over 150 other clever people will be enlisted in the production.

* * *

Arnold Daly has been so encouraged by his success last season with "Candida" that he is now making preparations for George Bernard Shaw's play, "You Can Never Tell."

* * *

Report comes from England that Augustus Thomas will really make his home in that country. Mr. Thomas is to visit America soon, when his purpose will be, it is said, to settle his affairs here.

* * *

Josephine Cohan, formerly of "The Four Cohans," will have the principal female role with Rogers Bros. next season in their new farce, "The Rogers Brothers in Paris." George Cohan, her brother, will be starred in "Little Johnny Jones."

* * *

The following comedians have been engaged by James H. Becker for Lew Dockstader and his minstrel company: Neil O'Brien, Carroll Johnson, John King, Lawrence and Willkm Freeze, Tom Rogers and Richard Pelham.

* * *

Joseph Hart and Carrie De Mar will divide their time this summer between West Baden and the Berkshire hills. They open next season in "Foxy Grandpa," Aug. 1, playing a short fall season before presenting a new musical comedy in New York, entitled "The Country Club."

* * *

J. E. Dodson has bought the dramatic rights to "The King of Beasts," which he intends to use after his engagement with "The Two Orphans" has expired. Mr. and Mrs. Dodson (Annie Irish) have bought Martha Morton Conheim's play, which won the prize in the Theater Magazine's play competition.

* * *

Tim Murphy is to have two new plays next season, so if one does not go well he will have an emergency piece. The plays are to be "Two Men and a Girl," by Frederick Paulding, and "The Spice of Life," a four-act comedy, by A. S. Bishop.

* * *

George Gibbs Nansfield is the author of another quip. George is becoming quite a lad these days, and as he accumulates age and wisdom he is said to suggest most forcibly the same degree of positiveness that keeps Father Mansfield in the public eye. One morning recently the actor felt indisposed and did not rise at the usual hour. Later the doctor was summoned over the telephone. This alarmed the youngster and he tiptoed into his father's room. After surveying the bed for a moment with a solemn countenance, he said: "Papa, are you sick?" "Just a little." "But you've sent for the doctor," persisted the hopeful. "Oh, yes; but it's nothing. I'll soon be all right." "Well, I don't know about that, papa. Don't you think we'd better get a tamed nurse?"

* * *

Occasionally the players are forcefully reminded of the trials they met with in the "gold old days." When the Weber-Fields company started on its recent cross country tour Ned Harrigan was contrasting their methods of traveling in a special train with the old stagecoach trips he took in the West. "Things were very different for theatrical wanderers in the '60s," said Mr. Harrigan. "Going by stage from one small town to another near San Francisco I sat outside with the driver. The man who occupied the box seat on the other side of him asked: 'Say, Bill, did you see that show last night?' 'I should say I did,' was the reply of the driver, 'and if ever I get hold of the troupe that gave that show I'd blow them full of holes. They wasn't worth shucks.'"

* * *

Arthur Bouchier, the English actor, once hired as a "dresser" a frequenter of the gallery at the theater. Mr. Boucher says: "One night a new play was produced by me, and when I came back to my dressing room from the stage I found the door locked. As time was pressing, I sent another man to search for my missing servant. He was caught red-handed in the gallery among his old associates loudly 'booing' his master. Arraigned before me, he maintained the firmest attitude possible, and asserted boldly: 'No, sir, I am your servant behind the scenes, but as an independent man and honest gallery boy I am bound to express my unbiased opinion either for or against any play which I may happen to see at a first night.'"

* * *

Once upon a time a large dinner was given to a number of distinguished musical artists then in New York. Paderewski and the De Reszke brothers were among the guests. Toward the end of the evening someone, amid the confusion and exchange of toasts, propounded the question: "Who is the most popular artist upon the musical stage?"

Like a flash Jean De Reszke sprang to his feet, and emphasizing the pretty French pun with his own inimitably comely bow, cried: "Pes De Reszke!" (Paderewski.)

* * *

The enterprising, not to say wily, theatrical manager is quite as active in Russia as in any other land, a fact that is proved by a story from Penza, a Russian province, which has found its way to the outside world.

In Penza a successful director of amusements announced a grand wrestling match between Grigorioff, "the Russian Hercules," and Suma Sari, a muscular Japanese, and contests nightly attracted great crowds.

In these contests "the Russian Hercules" always won, although only after a tremendous struggle. On the day of the last performance the "Japanese" demanded a raise in his salary, but as this was not granted he went away declaring that the refusal would cost the management dearly.

That evening a large audience which had assembled to witness another Russian triumph were much astonished. The moment the "Russian Hercules" came to the grips he was seized by the "Japanese," who, raising him on high, cast him bodily into the auditorium. The audience protested angrily that there was no Japanese living who could by fair means throw a Russian. Thereupon Suma Sari came forward shouting that he was a better Russian than his opponent, and, to prove his words, tore off his wig and pigtail and exposed the fraud.

* * *

How intimately a man's point of view depends upon his profession and habitual line of thought is aptly illustrated by an anecdote of interest to Annie Russell, the actress, who has lately become Mrs. Oswald Yorke.

Middleton, N. Y., or it may be Goshen, boasts of a dentist who, besides being a skillful operator, is a devoted amateur of the drama. He generally manages to arrange his engagements so as to visit the metropolis for a week every winter, where he spends most of his time in going to the theater.

Shortly after his return to Goshen—or was it Middleton?—from his annual holiday last winter, he was visited professionally by a patient and townswoman named Miss Richards. When he had ensconced her securely in the chair, and lined her mouth with rubber blankets and doylies and other paraphernalia of his trade, so that she could neither get away nor answer back, he began to unload his budget of reminiscences of his trip to the city.

"And, oh, Miss Richards!" he suddenly exclaimed, "we went to see Miss Russell in 'Miss Hobbs,' and—and—The play was delightful and Miss Russell was charming, and so pretty! I had never seen her before. And the funniest thing—the moment she came on the stage I nudged my wife and whispered: 'Whom does she remind you of?'

"And you know the same thought had occurred to her, too, and she answered at once: 'Miss Richards, of course!'

"Oh, the resemblance was remarkable! Naturally, after she had been on the stage a little while, and we had a better opportunity of observing her, we saw the similarity was not so close as it had seemed at first—her bicuspids are much longer than yours!"

* * *

George Richards, the well-known character actor, has been engaged to originate an important role in the new rural drama, "Bird Center," which Glen Mac Donough has evolved from the famous "Bird Center Cartoons," by McCutcheon, the artist-humorist. Mr. Richards' gallery of Mr. Richards' acting in Hoyt's rural plays, "A Midnight Bell" and "A Temperance Town," is still fresh in popular memory. Mr. Richards will be called upon by the playwright to impersonate an altogether original character in "Bird Center" to demonstrate anew his quaintness in a branch of stage work that he has made peculiarly his own.

* * *

Julian Mitchell seems to possess a rare faculty for unearthing clever vaudeville talent and bringing it to ripe fruition. His latest discovery is a team of agile dancers, Gaston and Stone, who are decidedly to be short of marvelous in terpsichorean grace and skill. They are of English schooling and their brief appearances in this country have been exclusively in the better class of vaudeville theaters. Talent such as Gaston and Stone's was not destined to remain hidden long under a bushel, and after witnessing their performances they were immediately engaged by the astute Mr. Mitchell.

* * *

J. Fred Zimmerman, Jr., manager of Bertha Galland, has secured an option upon His Majesty's theater for ten weeks, commencing in September, 1905, for the London appearance of Miss Galland in "Dorothy Vernon of Haddon Hall." Mr. Zimmerman also secured the American rights to a new play by a prominent author, which is to be produced in England by Marie Tempest next season. Should this new play prove the success anticipated, it will be Miss Galland's next offering in New York in February, after her tour in "Dorothy Vernon of Haddon Hall."

* * *

Mme. Johanna Gadski will make her first American transcontinental tour in concert and song recital this coming season under the management of Loudon G. Charlton. Mme. Gadski has hoped for a number of years to devote one season to concert work, but her operatic engagements have prevented. This spring, by reason of what she believed to be a breach of contract on Mr. Conreid's part, Mme. Gadski canceled her association with the Metropolitan Opera company, and refused one brilliant offer from H. W. Savage to sing Kundry in his English production of "Parsifal," in order that nothing might interfere with the plan for an entire season of concerts. Beginning in November with an engagement with the Boston Symphony orchestra, Mme. Gadski will give recitals in New York and Boston, then go direct to the Pacific coast by way of the Northwestern cities. She will fill twelve or fifteen dates from Vancouver, B. C., to San Diego, Cal., and return by way of Texas and all the principal cities in the intervening territory. Her tour will comprise about eighty concerts and extend through April, 1905.

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WHAT TO DO IN A PANIC

Precautionary Training Is of Value In Time of Disaster—The Great Value of Letting the Terror-Stricken Crowd Rush Past You.

By EDWARD CROKER, Chief of the New York Fire Department.

Panic, according to dictionary definition, is "a sudden fright; especially a sudden fright without real cause, or terror inspired by a trifling cause or misapprehension of danger."

Fear causes its victim to reason out ways of escape from the impending danger. "If I don't find a way out of this says the man caught in the burning building, "I fear I'll be burned to death." Reason still guides the man who fears, and usually guides him to safety.

A little puff of smoke, and a whole audience is madly scrambling for the exits of the theater, the weakest being knocked down and trampled under foot and killed, the dead and injured piled in heaps at the chocked-up exits, that, had the crowd been orderly, would have permitted of the passage of all to safety before real danger threatened those in the rear. What killed the majority of victims in the Iroquois theater horror last December? Some of the occupants of the upper gallery were suffocated by the heat, but as for the rest, the heaps of bodies before the exits and the bruises showed that not fire or smoke or heat, but panic claimed their lives.

A girl in a tobacco factory in Philadelphia runs a neddle into her finger. She screams from the pain. Instantly the two hundred workers on her floor spring up as one girl, rush blindly down the stairs and jump from the third story windows, and a half dozen lives are sacrificed and two score or more girls injured.

A steamship meets with an accident, perhaps slight, perhaps serious, but not so serious that the passengers cannot be got off in safety in plenty of time, providing order is maintained. But a woman swoons, a man grows excited over some unusual happening on the deck, he rushes wildly at the lowering lifeboats, and the useless sacrifice of life has begun.

Throw back your mind to past disasters of recent years—include the Paris bazaar fire horror, where strong men in their panic, beat women back into the flames—and I dare say you will recall vividly the fact that the word panic occurred again and again in the accounts—that panic, according to eye witnesses and the authorities, caused the greater part of the loss of life; that without panic the majority of the victims would surely have escaped with their lives.

There is apparatus a-plenty with which to fight fire. But there is only one thing to pit against panic. That is a cool head, and its efficaciousness is limited. It can at best save only its owner and those in the immediate vicinity. I can reduce the death list, but it cannot prevent it. Therefore, no general rule can be laid down against it. Only guidance for the individual is possible to outline.

The great precautionary rule is this: If any member of your family is going to the theater, a musicale, or any sort of public gathering, take particular pains to impress upon him the supreme importance of keeping his seat in case anything causes the audience to rush pell mell for the exits. Drive it home hard that the seat must be kept by all means during the first mad rush and until the crush has swept past.

By that time your wife, or son or daughter will have thought out cooly a means of escape, and will undoubtedly effect it, if you have also insisted upon the pleasure goer becoming familiar with the location of the different exits as soon as possible after entering the building. Men, in this matter, can equip themselves more fully than women. For example, if they are attending a theater, before the play begins they can walk around back of the seats, locating by eye the various means of escape. Of course, such a method is hard for women to persue. But a close study of the diagrams will be extremely effective, depend on that.

Don't follow the mob and rush to and block up the exits. Let the wave of panic sweep by you. Then, using your reason, pick out the way that it tells you permits of probable escape. Let reason guide you there; and if you find more difficulty than you looked for, still keep cool. Perhaps you have reached a window on the upper part of a fire escape, the lower part of which is licked by flames. Don't jump. Common sense has carried you in sight of the firemen. It will keep you safe until the firemen can reach you, which will be aminute or less.

A panic among a crowd on water—always a possible thing in summer with so many excursion boats plying around the majority of our larger cities—should be handled in much the same fashion.

The tendency is for all passengers to rush to one side of the boat. If such a thing occurs the rail will speedily be under water. But your cool head should not permit this listing of human cargo. Urge—nay command—as many of your fellow passengers as you come in contact with to make for the opposite rail. Point out that there they will be dry at least, and farther away from the water which they fear.

If no one will follow you, go there alone. Stay there until the brutal fight for possession of the lifeboats is over. Stay there even when the overloaded lifeboats leave the ship's side, to sink, perhaps, with too great weight before they are out off your sight. You will be safer by the rails.

Stick to the vessel as long as common sense tells you is proper. Then, if you have no life-preserver, remember that any frail object—a fragment of board, a piece of the ship's rail, an oar, a chair—will support you for hours in the water. All you have to do is to grasp it lightly with your hands and you will float in ordinary cases until help comes.

You can do more. If any one is dependent on you in the emergency, you con provide him with the means of keeping afloat. Or, if you deem it better to keep your companion—perhaps your wife or your daughter—with you, then have her lightly place a hand on your shoulder while you grasp the float. Thus both of you will stand infinitely better chance of rescue than if, fighting, you had plunged headlong into the overcrowded lifeboats.

Panic not only seizes hold of gatherings. It works in individuals. It is panic that causes this woman or that man to jump from the upper windows of a burning house, or to run shrieking through smoke and heat-filled halls, inviting suffocation, when the only reasonable thing to do, if other escape is cut off, is to stand at a window where fresh air can be had and wait for the firemen to reach you, which they generally manage to do, since that is a part of their life work.

Panic, operating in individuals, is largely responsible for hotel holocausts. Of course, carelessness on the part of guests is also somewhat to blame, for how many guests of a hotel are ever aware of the means provided for their escape? But ignorance does not preclude all hope of escape by any means, while panic practically seals its victim's doom.

Panic—unreasoning terror; "terror inspired by a trifling cause or misapprehension of danger." You say, a fire like the one in the Iroquois theater was not a misapprehension of danger? It certainly was, in that the audience forgot completely that fire has to burn up before it can spread out. That takes time, and in that time, if only the audience had not been possessed of a sudden fright that the fire would come out on them immediately, I believe, and others who know the circumstances fully believe, that probably every occupant of the parquet would have escaped, and many in the gallery also.

Unless the whole place blazes up instantly, which is a very remote possibility, a theater or other public place with the escapes provided when a fire is discovered without loss of life before the flames become really menacing, if only the audience can be made to keep its head. Any ordinary theater can be emptied in three to four minutes—ample time, for a fire cannot reach out over the audience in less than that. If the Iroquois theater audience only recognized this fact and not blocked the exits there would have been a far less gruesome tale to tell to the world just entering on its Christmas festival.

Your only weapon when panic surges around you is a cool head. Keep it, and the odds are largely in your favor that you will reach a place of safety. Lose it, and you throw your life away.

$100 REWARD. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a cosstitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

EASTERN CHURCH

Divided Over Question of "Sawdust Puddings."

Coscob, Conn., July 22—Sawdust plum-puddings and a lawn party threaten to disrupt the Diamond Hill Methodist Episcopal church at Mianus.

One faction of the church wants the lawn party with the sawdust plum-pudding, while the other objects because there is an element of chance in the plum-pudding scheme. One of the opposition claimed that it was too costly to buy articles on the sawdust plum-pudding-grab-bag proposition, and it verges on gambling.

The Rev. E. F. Piper is trying to pour oil on the troubled waters. Meanwhile the Ladies' Aid society, in an effort to raise part of the minister's salary, asked each of the sixty-three members for $3 each. All refused to subscribe except thirteen.

Because of the row over the lawn party one-half of the church threatens to resign, and the Rev. Mr. Pipper is fearful that he will soon have a church without a congregation. He has sided with the "no lawn party' faction."

Ernest Thompson Seton and other prominent New York people are parishioners of the church.

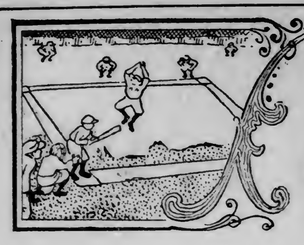
AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM Only Matinee Wednesday, 25 Cents.
5 Nights, Starting Monday, July 25.
ELLIOTT-COURTENAY CO.
Presenting Richard Mansfield's Great Success
DR. JEKYLL AND MR. HYDE
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DOUBLE LIFE.
Common Sense Prices: 10c, 25c, 35c and 50c.
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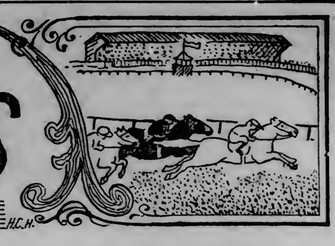
METROPOLITAN
TONIGHT
"A Race for Congress."
Saturday Matinee:
"NELL GWYNNE."
Saturday Evening:
"A WIFE'S MISTAKE."



GENTRY BROS.' Famous Shows
will exhibit in
Duluth, at 3rd Ave. E. and 1st St.,
2 Days, Wed. Thur. JULY 27-28
Now the largest, grandest and best Animal Circus in the world. More new, unique, novel features and surprises than ever before. Don't fail to see the all new free street parade at 10 a. m., July 27. Will also exhibit in SUPERIOR, TUESDAY, JULY 26.



THE LATEST HAPPENINGS IN THE WORLD OF SPORTS



VERY TAME TIGERS

Give Poor Exhibition of How to Play National Game.

Duluth Is an Easy Winner—Winnipeg Takes Two From Fargo.

NORTHERN LEAGUE.

STANDING.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Duluth	56	40	15	.727
Crookston	35	28	27	.509
Grand Forks	56	28	28	.500
Superior	55	25	30	.455
Winnipeg	56	24	32	.429
Fargo	57	22	35	.386

GAMES YESTERDAY.

Duluth, 7; Grand Forks, 5 (exhibition)., Superior, 9; Grand Forks, 0 (forfeit).
Winnipeg, 2; Fargo, 1.
Winnipeg, 3; Fargo, 2.

GAMES TODAY.

Crookston at Duluth.
Grand Forks at Superior.
Fargo at Winnipeg.

Any lingering doubt as to the White Stockings being still the chief children in the league nursery were cheerfully dispelled last evening, when they took the Tigers out to Athletic park and tamed them in the most approved style. In fact the Tigers didn't need much taming. They weren't anything but old, broken-down circus Tigers anyway, and they went through their tricks very badly last evening. The so-called Remnants put up a good exhibition and worked hard to win, but the men from the Forks didn't seem to care which way it went.

Hulburt, the outfielder, was put in the box for the visitors, and the Duluth batters were so fascinated in watching him tie himself up in knots and then unravel before delivering the ball that they forgot to hit when the proper time came. After discovering the point in the knot from which the ball was delivered, the White Stockings had no difficulty in locating his slow curves, and in the fifth inning they fell on him as he deserved.

Shaw was in the box for Duluth. The "Demon" was far from being an impervious person to the Forkers, and they hit him some. He also showed an inclination to throw the ball over the grand stand at times that was disconcerting.

The Remnants pulled off a neat double play in the first inning which could not have been beaten by the old infield in all its glory. Hulburt drew a pass but was forced at second by Scharnweber. Nagel sent out a hot liner to Shepard. Shep fielded nicely and tossed to Corrigan, who completed the double by a fast throw to Zink.

The Tigers were wilder than Indian witnesses at federal court cases after they have completed the tour of the Bowery. They threw to bases like Nihilists heaving bombs. Shepard croaked at first. Corrigan punched out a hot one to Hanrahan, which the third baseman fielded, but threw to the bleachers, and Corrigan ambled on to third. Randall waited while Hulburt hurled four of those wonderful curves past him and O'Leary ranged out one which Dunn threw wild, allowing both Corrigan and Randall to score. O'Leary reached third on a passed ball and tried to come home on Zink's hit along the first base line, but he was nabbed at the plate.

Duluth took a couple of earned runs in the second. After Joe Wilkes had smitten at three of Hulburts' fooiers, Gehring lammed out a single. Shaw flew out and Shepard punched out a two-bagger, scoring Gehring. Shep came home on Corrigan's single.

The Forkers treated little Mr. Shaw badly in the third. Hulburt and Scharnweber singled and then Nagel slammed out the first right field fence homer of the year.

The Forkers continued their rude treatment in the fourth and pushed two more men across the plate, taking the lead.

Things looked bad for the Demon, but sensational catches by Randall and "Chesty" Cox in the next round nipped their chances in the bud, and in the fifth the Remnants jumped on Mr. Hulburt proper.

O'Leary flew out, and then Zink singled. "Chesty" Cox remembered how he used to hit the ball when he was coaching the Macalaster college aspirants, and slammed out a two-bagger, scoring Zink. Then Joe Wilkes made himself solid with the fans by tearing off another hit over the left field fence, the second this week, to say nothing of a three-bagger in Thursday's game.

That was enough for Mr. Hulburt. He wanted to go off in the corner and lie down, but was persuaded to finish the inning, after being assured that it would be all that would be needed.

Hulburt tried hard to start something in the sixth and led off with a single, but the next three men were easy outs, and the game was called for darkness.

The attendance last evening was very fair. Nearly 500 fans paid their money at the gate to witneess the game. The score:

DULUTH.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Shepard, 2b.	2	1	1	1	1	1
Corrigan, ss.	3	1	2	2	2	1
Randall, lf.	2	1	0	2	0	0
O'Leary, lf.	3	0	1	8	0	0
Zink, 1b.	3	1	1	3	1	0
Cox, cf.	3	1	1	1	0	0
Wilkes, 3b.	3	1	1	1	0	0
Gehring, rf.	3	1	1	0	0	0
Shaw, p.	2	0	0	1	2	0
Totals	24	7	8	18	6	1

GRAND FORKS.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Hulbert, p.	3	1	2	0	1	0
Scharnweber, ss.	4	1	1	1	1	0
Nagel, cf.	3	1	2	3	0	0
Cole, 1b.	3	0	0	3	1	0
Dunn, 2b.	3	0	0	1	0	1
Martin, lf.	2	0	0	1	0	0
Hanrahan, 3b.	3	0	1	1	1	2
Cheek, rf.	2	1	1	0	0	0
Hess, c.	2	1	0	5	0	0
*Hutchinson	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	26	5	7	15	4	3

*Batted for Cheek in sixth.

Score by innings:

Duluth	2 2 0 0 3 x– 7
Grand Forks	0 0 3 2 0 0– 5

Summary — Earned runs — Duluth 5, Grand Forks 4. Two-base hits—Shepard, Cox. Home runs—Nagel, Wilkes. Sacrifice hit—Shepard. Stolen base—Randall. Base on balls—Off Shaw 4, off Hulbert 2. Struck out—By Shaw 6, by Hulbert 4. Left on bases—Duluth 5, Grand Forks 6. Double plays—Shepard to Corrigan to Zink; Scharnweber to Hanrahan. Passed ball—Hess. Time—1:05. Attendance—460. Umpire—Criss.

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W. J. Allen, Local Manager.

TAKES TWO GAMES.

Winnipeg Defeats Fargo—Large Crowds Attend.

Winnipeg, Man., July 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Winnipeg took two games from Fargo yesterday afternoon before large crowds. Green pitched both games for the Maroons and the visitors got only ten hits off his delivery in the eighteen innings. Hanson was wild in the first game and it cost Fargo the victory. Howard pulled off the first triple play of the year. He caught a hot liner from Edwards' bat touched Traeger, who was attempting to make third and sent the ball to first, nabbing Rose off the bag.

Winnipeg won the second game in the ninth inning on a base on balls, Howell's hit, an error by White, Sullivan's single, and Kelley's steal of the home plate. About 900 fans witnessed the first game, and 1000 the second.

The score:

First game—

	R	H	E
Fargo	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0–1	5	2
Winnipeg	2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 x–2	3	2

Batteries—Fargo, Hanson and Buckwalter; Winnipeg, Green and Clark.

	R	H	E
Fargo	0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0–2	5	2
Winnipeg	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2–3	3	2

Evening game—

Batteries—Fargo, Souders and Buckwalter; Winnipeg, Green and Clarke. Umpire, Smith.

FORFEITS A GAME.

Grand Forks Presents One to Superior.

The Grand Forks-Superior game scheduled for yesterday afternoon was declared forfeited to the Superior club, after Grand Forks had refused to play because the Superior management would not consent to calling the game at 4:20 instead of 4:30.

The Grand Forks team had arranged to play Duluth at 4:30 and requested Manager Doll to call the game at 4:20 instead of 4:30 in order to allow the team to make connections for Duluth. Doll refused to do so, and the game was forfeited to Superior.

Two games will be played this afternoon.

THE OTHER LEAGUES.

National League.

STANDING.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
New York	80	57	23	.712
Chicago	78	49	29	.628
Cincinnati	80	48	32	.600
Pittsburg	76	44	32	.579
St. Louis	77	41	36	.533
Brooklyn	84	30	54	.357
Boston	79	25	54	.316
Philadelphia	76	20	56	.264

PITTSBURG, 7; BROOKLYN, 2.

Pittsburg, July 23.—The game was a dull and uninteresting with Brooklyn a hopeless loser throughout. The visitors made four of their hits in the eighth and scored their only runs. Attendance, 2550. Score:

	R	H	E
Pittsburg	0 0 3 1 2 0 0 1 x–7	14	0
Brooklyn	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2–2	8	1

Batteries—Case and Smith; Poole and Ritter. Umpire—Zimmer.

ST. LOUIS, 11; PHILADELPHIA, 5.

St. Louis, July 23.—St. Louis National league team defeated the Philadelphias in a loosely played game yesterday. Both Taylor and Duggleby were hit hard and gives pitchers' assists for strike outs, as was the practice in the infancy of baseball. Doubtless no major league scorer would be as lame on the rules as that, but there are plenty of proofs that President Pullman's move is not only desirable, but necessary. Recently the Pittsburg scorers got into an argument over a play in which Catcher Needham, of the Boston club, was wrongfully charged with an error. Needham made a good throw to second base to stop a runner stealing, but neither shortstop nor second baseman covered the base, letting the runner advance to third. It was scored as a wild throw, although expressly stated that the fault was not Needham's. The scoring rules provide in such cases that the scorer shall decide which infielder was at fault and give the error to him and not to the catcher. Pittsburg's writers might have saved themselves the argument and the blunder by a simple perusal of the 1904 guide. One of the greatest advantages of the meeting will be that writers who know too much baseball to look at a book of rules will at least have a chance to hear the rules read and learn something of recent changes in them.

SPECIAL STAFF

Of Umpires For College Baseball Games.

With the close of the college year President Harry Pulliam, of the National league, finishes the busiest part of his baseball season for it is to the National league executive that all the big Eastern universities look for officials to umpire their important championship games. Besides the "big five," which is made up of Yale, Harvard, Princeton, Cornell and Pennsylvania, Pulliam has furnished officials for thirteen of the other schools of the East, and a staff of nine men has been kept busy doing nothing but umpiring college and school games during the spring for Columbia, Brown, Dartmouth, West Point, Annapolis, Holy Cross, Georgetown, Lafayette, Lehigh and the academics of Exeter, Andover, Groton and St. Mark's, as well as the "big five."

Besides the regular National league men, Pulliam has employed for his college season Tom Lynch, Tim Hurst, John Gaffney, Tom Brown, John Kelley, James Springman, Harry Adams, W. J. Klem and Will Smith.

"I have a regular system of looking after this college work," said Pulliam, while discussing this branch of his duties, "and I keep a separate file for all of my college correspondence. The managers of these big university teams make their application to me for each game, and then I assign some one of my umpires that I can spare. There is never a question ever raised as to the rulings he makes. The regular staff umpire who is sent to one of these college games has a holiday compared to a game in the league.

"I can not send my regular men to officiate at the less important games of the big colleges, but I have a special staff of umpires that I can call on for that purpose. I do not furnish umpires for the smaller institutions except for their championship games. This special staff is made up of officials. Most of them have had experience in the big leagues, but can not afford to give up all of their time at present, although glad to go for a day at a time to some near-by game.

"I am glad to do this for the colleges, although it is a great deal of work, and I appreciate the honor they do the National league in looking to us for help in such cases."

Dancing every evening, except Sunday, at Oatka beach auaditorium.

CINCINNATI WINS TWO.

Cincinnati, July 23.—The Cincinnatis won both games of the double-header from Boston. The visitors rallied on three hits and an error in the ninth inning of the first game, only to be passed by the Cincinnatis, who scored three runs on three passes and two hits without a man being retired. Attendance, 3600. Scores:

First game—

	R	H	E
Cincinnati	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 3–	4	1
Boston	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0–3	6	0

Batteries—Walker and Peitz; Wilhelm, McNichols and Needham.

Second game—

	R	H	E
Cincinnati	5 5 0 0 1 0 1 0 x–12	16	4
Boston	3 2 0 0 0 0 0 1 1–7	14	2

Batteries—Harper and Schlei; Wilhelm, Carney and Moran. Umpires—Carpenter and Moran.

American League.

STANDING.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Boston	78	50	29	.633
Chicago	82	49	33	.595
New York	78	46	32	.589
Cleveland	75	43	32	.572
Philadelphia	77	43	34	.559
St. Louis	74	34	40	.459
Detroit	76	32	44	.421
Washington	74	15	60	.270

CLEVELAND, 4; PHILADELPHIA, 0.

Philadelphia, July 23.—The inability of the home team to hit Bernard consecutively gave Cleveland an easy victory. With the exception of the two innings in which the visitors scored, Bender pitched a good game. Weather, rainy. Attendance, 1820. Score:

	R	H	E
Cleveland	0 2 0 0 2 0 0 0 0–4	11	1
Philadelphia	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0–0	9	1

Batteries—Bernhard and Bemis; Bender and Hower. Umpires—O'Laughlin and King.

TIE AT WASHINGTON.

Washington, July 23.—The game yesterday between the Washington and Detroit clubs lasted thirteen innings without either side scoring, it being a pitchers' battle between the left-handers, Hatten and Killian. Only thee hits were secured off the former. The game was finally called on account of darkness. Attendance, 500. Score:

	R	H	E
Washington	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0–0	3	2
Detroit	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0–0	3	2

Batteries—Hatten and Clark; Killian and Wood. Umpire—Dwyer.

CHICAGO, 6; NEW YORK, 5.

New York, July 23.—New York dropped back to third place in the pennant race yesterday by losing to Chicago, 6 to 5. The misplays of the home team were costly. Attendance, 1700. Score:

	R	H	E
New York	0 0 0 0 4 0 0 0 1–5	12	0
Chicago	0 0 2 0 2 0 2 0 0–6	9	3

Batteries—Smith, Altrock and McFarland; Powell and McGuire. Umpire—Sheridan.

ST. LOUIS, 5; BOSTON, 2.

Boston, July 23.—St. Louis won another loosely played game from Boston yesterday. The locals could not bat Pelty safely while St. Louis followed up Boston's errors and Young's bases on balls with hits. Attendance, 3708. Score:

	R	H	E
St. Louis	0 2 0 2 0 0 0 1 0–5	9	2
Boston	0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0–2	5	4

Batteries—Pelty and Kahoe; Young and Criger. Umpire—Sonnolly.

American Association.

STANDING.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
St. Paul	88	57	31	.648
Columbus	84	51	33	.607
Milwaukee	84	48	36	.571
Louisville	86	49	37	.570
Minneapolis	87	44	43	.506
Indianapolis	87	42	45	.483
Kansas City	84	30	54	.357
Toledo	87	25	62	.287

MINNEAPOLIS, 5; ST. PAUL, 0.

St. Paul, July 23.—Minneapolis outplayed St. Paul yesterday and won handily, 5 to 0. Slagle was easy the visitors and Thomas was just as difficult for the locals. Attendance, 2300. Score:

	R	H	E
Minneapolis	1 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 1–5	17	0
St. Paul	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0–0	7	4

Batteries—Thomas and Weaver; Slagle and Pierce. Umpire—Hart.

MILWAUKEE, 1; KANSAS CITY, 0.

Milwaukee, July 23.—In a pitchers' battle between McKay and Barry, Milwaukee won yesterday's game in the ninth inning, the score being 1 to 0. The locals got six of their eight hits in the last two innings. Three consecutive singles in the closing inning won the game. Score:

	R	H	E
Milwaukee	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1–1	8	3
Kansas City	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0–0	2	2

Batteries—McKay and Slattery; Barry and Butler. Umpire—Klein. Attendance, 600.

UNIFORM SCORING.

President of National League Takes Wise Step.

President Pullman, of the National league, has taken a step in the right direction in determining to promote uniformity in the scoring of baseball in future seasons, says the Chicago Tribune. This purpose he has shown by the announcement that the official scorers of the eight cities in the league will be called to a meeting next spring for the purpose of giving out the batting and scoring the same as the rules are gone over by the saff of umpires. It is true the players themselves and the wise managers pay little attention to the averages. Figures at their best can be made no criterion of a man's worth on the diamond. They are practically worthless at present, but they can be made more valuable, and the public demands them and swears by them. The official averages should be made as reliable as possible, therefore, for the sake of that public which supports the great game. There are now nearly as many ways of scoring as there are scorers. It will always be more or less a matter of judgment and no two judges will always agree, but there can be developed a uniform system of treating the doubtful plays where judgments differ and a full discussion of the existing rules will tend to do away with many differences of opinion. While the following case would not apply to major league scorers, perhaps, one official scorer has been discovered in a minor league who credits bases on balls, passed balls and wild pitches as fielding errors, and gives pitchers' assists for strike outs, as was the practice in the infancy of baseball. Doubtless no major league scorer would be as lame on the rules as that, but there are plenty of proofs that President Pullman's move is not only desirable, but necessary. Recently the Pittsburg scorers got into an argument over a play in which Catcher Needham, of the Boston club, was wrongfully charged with an error. Needham made a good throw to second base to stop a runner stealing, but neither shortstop nor second baseman covered the base, letting the runner advance to third. It was scored as a wild throw, although expressly stated that the fault was not Needham's. The scoring rules provide in such cases that the scorer shall decide which infielder was at fault and give the error to him and not to the catcher. Pittsburg's writers might have saved themselves the argument and the blunder by a simple perusal of the 1904 guide. One of the greatest advantages of the meeting will be that writers who know too much baseball to look at a book of rules will at least have a chance to hear the rules read and learn something of recent changes in them.

BASEBALL TRICKS

Tim Murnane Says No New Ones Have Been Sprung.

Nothing New In the Game and Season Half Over.

In a letter from Boston, Tim Murnane says: Nothing new in the game this season up to date. With an army of players from Maine to California scheming to work out winning combinations and new moves to gain a point, I have not heard of a new trick, with the campaign half over.

The old combination plays have been improved by some teams, and found rather a tough proposition for less brainy members of the profession. There is a number of minor league teams scattered about the country who can give points to the major league clubs in team work and the fine points of the game.

I have found the minors copy the best plays, and often improve on the work of the major teams, and when they meet evenly matched, their games are, if anything, more interesting than the games of the big clubs.

A great leader counts more at the present time than ever. He must have every play ever known to the game at his fingers' tips and introduce the ones that will fit his players best. The leader of a great team must know the exact value of every man to get the best results. For example, Clarke Griffin was anxious to get Pat Dougherty to lead off for his team, and considers Willie Keeler the greatest second man in the business, for Willie seldom forces his man and is a hard one to double up; then, too, he can place a ball with any one in the business.

The heavy hitter of the team is located at the fourth place. The make-up of the batting order is quite a study and a very important department of the game. The most runs with the least hitting is the problem the managers try to work out, and often only fairly good timber will do good work with the batting order accurately arranged.

This was always a troublesome question for the manager for the reason that some batsmen lose their hearts and usefulness when placed down the list. Remember the case of Tom McCarthy twenty years ago this summer. I picked the youngster from a local amateur club for the Boston Unions. As he was young and light I placed him at the bottom of the score card. I could see that he was not doing his best work, and after a while changed him to the top of the card to lead off. The change worked like magic. The young player was a good waiter, and soon became a fine hitter, winding up his career many years later as a player at the top of the profession, and one of the few players who ever originated plays on the diamond.

While the batting order is now a study more than ever, there were teams like Boston and Chicago over twenty years ago which had the thing down to a science. Then comes the combination plays of the fielders. First, every man on the team should know exactly how the pitcher intends to work the batsman—in fact, whether the ball is intended for a curve or a straight one. This will enable the fielders to be headed the right direction nine times out of ten, making a 10 per cent batter ball club. It takes time to get this study of play down fine, and the Boston champions have followed this line of work very closely for the last two years, as no doubt other clever teams have.

I must say, however, that the New York giants have the best idea of playing their outfielders for the batsmen, as they move around in bunches, as it were, and practically ignore one field at times. To do this the pitchers must have perfect control and be careful to keep the ball either away or close to the batsman, as the case may be.

ONLY A WOMAN.

She Runs a Baseball Team and It Wins.

Mrs. Maud Habensack, of Sag Harbor, is the only official woman baseball scorer on Long Island and probably in the country, says the Pennsylvania Grit. And that is not all. The Star A. C. team, with which the popular young woman is identified, has a regular manager, but it is the sport-loving Mrs. Habensack who runs the game.

Sag Harbor, like other Long Island villages, is proud of its baseball team. So far this season the Stars have not met with defeat. Not a game is played unless the "official scorer" is present, and there is not a point about the game she fails to understand thoroughly.

With pad and pencil, the runs, errors, base hits, etc., are correctly tabulated. Not a player on the team is afraid to trust the record of his season's play to Mrs. Habensack. He knows no partiality will be shown. The boys all say it is an incentive for them to play good ball when their sporty scorer is among the "rooters."

Mrs. Habensack is a baseball enthusiast and would play a position on the team if it might help them win. She could do it, too, and much better than some professionals drawing handsome salaries. Not being permitted to participate in the sport on the diamond, she looks out for the interests of the club in other ways.

When the boys needed money last season with which to purchase new uniforms, it was Mrs. Habensack who took the initiative in arranging a benefit entertainment. It was a great success and netted over $100. This not only provided uniforms, but put the ball team on a sound financial basis.

WALTER CLARKSON

Gives Promise of Making Good as Pitcher.

The Eastern critics think well of Walter Clarkson, the Harvard star secured by Griffith for his New York Highlanders. Speaking of him and his style, the New York Telegram, says:

"With an easy swing, Walter Clarkson pitched himself out of amateurism into professionalism. He was the same imperturbable youth who succeeded in pitching Yale out of the championship more than once. To tell the truth, it looked a little as if he were less disturbed over his professional debut than he had been sometimes when he was leading the Harvard host to victory against the sons of Eli.

"It seemed to be the general impression that Clarkson would have his share of success in professional baseball. Few break into it and learn all that is necessary to be learned within the first hour that they have stepped over the threshold of amateurism. Most have to be satisfied with a long course in minor leaguedom, where they become conversant with a few of the facts that are more necessary to be known in professional baseball than in amateur.

For instance, it is a great deal harder to make the professionals bat at the ball than it is the amateurs. The men who make it their business to play baseball for a living train their eyes so that they can gauge curves all the way to the plate. They get fooled now and then, as a matter of course, but shoots and benders, which amateurs would swing on with all the abandon in his hopeful nature, trusting to feel the welcome crack of a home run off the thick part of the bat, pass by the professional without so much as exciting other than his contempt.

Walter does not seem to resemble either of his brothers much in his delivery. John Clarkson, the first of the family to acquire fame on the field and one of the best pitchers who ever walked into the old-fashioned pitcher's box, was not a man of over necessary motion. He got a great deal of his speed from his pushing power of the shoulder muscles above the right arm, and he had wonderful accuracy with it that enabled him to put the ball within fractions of an inch of where he wanted it to go.

Arthur Clarkson was a pitcher of more body swing, but was not as graceful as John Clarkson. To add to that he was not effective. Occasionally he would pitch a game that was as good as could be demanded by the most exacting. Then he would have a week perhaps where he couldn't make much headway against any team. He never seemed to be so fond of playing ball as did John and drifted out of the sport perhaps as much from his own selection as any other reason.

Too much should not be expected from Walter Clarkson this year. Although he has been a long time at Harvard, where he has abundant opportunity to play ball much of the year, he has not had the experience that some minor leaguers possess when they enter the game, and if Clarke Griffith is disposed to use the youngster very much there will probably come some times when he will be a "bit wabbly." Most pitchers are except those of the type who seem never likely to run down.

WORKS FOR THE FUTURE.

Hanlon Expects to Fool Few Wise Ones.

New York, July 23.—That there is no disposition on the part of the Brooklyn management to weaken the team is shown by the fact that despite the alluring offers that have been made to Manager Hanlon for Sheckard and Lumley, his star outfielders and batters, and other members of his outfit, none have been considered. Several managers who formed the idea that because the Brooklyn magnate had a losing team he would be willing to part with the best of his players for a big cash consideration have been quickly disillusioned. Hanlon has not and cannot gather together a team this season that would have even the remotest chance of capturing the pennant, but there is another season coming, and the loyal adherents of the team across the river may then find the reward of patience. No one realizes better than Foxy Ned the necessity of almost a complete shift in the infield for next season if a winning combination is to be evolved.

Where report has been crediting other clubs with keeping a close watch on the minor leagues for new material, Hanlon has gone further and has secured options on several players. The deal for Owen, the shortstop of the York team, fell through as far as the acquirement of the player is at present concerned, but he will probably be seen in Brooklyn next spring. In addition, options have been secured on three players of the Albany team, and others are under consideration. Outfielder Stone of the Milwaukee American association team is likely to be added to the Washington Park outfit, although several other major league clubs have been dickering for him. A report was put in circulation a few days ago that $4000 had been offered for Stone's release, but this is denied. He is undoubtedly a clever player, but he is not yet worth anything like the sum mentioned.

Hanlon has had good and bad luck in managing baseball teams, and takes the present poor luck philosophically. He still hopes to be able to strengthen the team to the extent of finishing in the first division, failing in this, he will have the nucleus of a strong outfit for next season in Dillon, Lumley, Sheckard, McCormick and Babb.

Strang may recover from a bad attack of rheumatism in time to play second base again before this season closes. This position has been weakly covered all season, and in view of the large number of games lost by only one run, it is not unlikely that the team might now stand much higher than it does but for this weak spot. The Superbas have not been thoroughly outclassed by any team but the Giants, even the Chicagos' steady string of victories being gained by small margins.

LAJOIE IN LEAD.

Is Batting Premier of the American League.

Napoleon Lajoie retains his lead as batting premier of the American League, and has an easy margin—just 50 points—over Fred Parent, Boston's crackerjack. Napoleon is also the first man to make 100 hits, and is, altogether, just rolling in glory.

Eighteen men are batting over .300 nearly all of them being those dear old familiar faces we have come to know so well. The only newcommer in the .300 class is Turner, of Cleveland, and he hasn't played much this season.

Flick has stolen the most bases, Callahan made the most sacrifice hits and Dougherty has scored more runs than any other player.

The Athletice and Napoleons are tied for the batting lead, and the same teams excel in extra base hitting. Harry Davis is the chief individual slugger, Emmet Heldrick the best base runner, on a percentage basis, and Dougherty the best run-getter.

Four pitchers still have unbroken fielding records. Sugden leads the catchers and Lacvhance the first base men. Robinson heads them all at second and Bradley at third. Lajoie tops the shortstops, and three outfielders have not yet dropped any flies. Detroit leads in team fielding, Chicago second.

Chesbro has really the finest pitching record in percentage of victories.

NEIL AND McGOVERN.

New York, July 23.—All arrangements for the coming bout between Frank Neil, the bantam weight champion, and Hughey McGovern have finally been completed.

The boys will come togther in a six round bout before the National A. C. of Philadelphia on the night of July 27.

Neil and his father were responsible for the match being arranged. They went to Philadelphia a few nights ago, saw Matchmaker McGuigan, accepted the latter's agreement for the fight and affixed their signature to the articles of agreement. They will battle for seventy per cent of the gross receipts.

THE CHIEF EVENT

Annual Open Tournament Principal Attraction of Tennis Year.

Date Is August 8 and Invitations Are Being Sent Out.

Invitations for the open tournament of the Endion Tennis club will be sent out on Monday. The date of the tournament has been set for Aug. 8, and it is expected to be the most interesting tennis event ever pulled off in Duluth.

About 100 or 150 invitations will be sent out to all the crack tennis players in Northern Minnesota. All the men who were in attendance last year will be again invited to attend, and any others who are known to the members of the club.

The members of the Endion club are anxious to make this annual open tournament the chief tennis event of the year in the northern part of the state, and have the events played here decide the championship of the country about the head of the lakes.

The tournament will last about a week. There will be four events in all, the open singles, the open doubles, the handicap singles and the consolation for those who were put out in the first round. If a sufficient number of ladies enter, it is possible that ladies' singles and mixed doubles will be arranged.

Last year the Superior men carried off the prizes, but they will have a harder time of it this year. There are at least ten members of the local club who should give Base, the Superior champion, an argument. They are Kennedy, Graff, Grady, Finch, Bissenette, Davis, Hopkins and Ingalls, Palmer and Klichli.

In the doubles there are several pairs that are playing an exceedingly strong game, and this promises to be an even more interesting event than the singles. Graff and Grady, Kennedy and Finch, Palmer and Klichli, Davis and Hopkins are all playing well together, and in the practice games are putting up the warmest kind of a fight.

F. D. Day & Co. have promised a cup to the club to be played for in the doubles, and the club cup now held by Chase will be challenged for by the winner of the men's singles.

Play in the class tournament will be commenced Monday, by which time the doubles in the first club tournament should be about played off. Three games remain to be played in the first round, but they will either be run off this afternoon or be defaulted, and several games in the second round are scheduled to be played before night.

The game between Agatin and Ames and St. Clair and Hubbell was completed last evening. The score was tied, each side having won one set. Agatin and Ames had no difficulty in taking the third last evening by the score of 6-0.

IF A FIGHTER AND BROKE

Secure Your Passage to South Africa.

New York, July 20.—A new stamping ground for boxers has been started at Johannesburg, South Africa, and if American pugilists in search of engagements do not wen their way there in a short time it will not be because the promoter of the place is at fault.

Albert E. Fleming, son of the late John Fleming, who was one of the leading spirits in the National Sporting club, is at the head of a boxing club at Johannesburg known as Wanderers' hall. Fleming, who is an old hand at matchmaking, wants good talent in a fistic way, and in a letter from Johannesburg he writes what sort of men he wants. In order to induce American fighters to come to that part of the country, Fleming has appointed Sam Fitzpatrick his American representative. Fleming says:

"I have built a fine, prosperous club. The ring is in sections and up-to-date—in fact, an improvement over the National Sporting club in London. I can seat nearly 3000 persons. At my last show between the English middleweight champion, Jack Palmer, and Mike Williams, for the heavyweight championships of South Africa, hundreds had to be turned away.

"'Pedlar' Palmer and Dan Hyman, of Cape Town, fought before my club, and a large crowd attended. Palmer won in ten rounds. Williams whipped Jack Palmer in eight rounds, and there are many folks here who think he can defeat the great Jim Jeffries. He has beaten six men right off. He is a strong game fighter, but still has lots to learn. Eighteen months ago he was a policeman and unheard of. He is about to take a trip to Australia, but will return when I want him. He is popular and can get backing for any amount. Williams is ready to fight anybody, and if any American heavyweights want a match let them see Fitzpatrick and he will write or cable me. I should like to give American boys a chance with him.

"If Rob Fitzsimmons, who knows me quite well, will write or see Fitzpatrick, he can have first chance. There is great opportunity for Fitzsimmons, and he could tour the country here and make money.

"Sharkey and Ruhlin would do well here. So would Joe Choynski, and if he has nothing on hand I can fix him several matches at once. He should leave at once. There are some good chances open. My referee, D. C. Maturm, is a member of the Johannesburg stock exchange—a strong-minded man and respected throughout South Africa."

HARVARD WORKED UP

Over the Question of the Professional Coach.

New York, July 22.—Harvard is again worked up over the question as to whether rowing coaches should be amateurs or professionals. The Harvard Bulletin editorially demands a return to amateur coaches. It is the opinion of the writer that Harvard cannot hope to compete successfully with Yale while the latter has the advantage of professional coaching, and that either Harvard must abandon the amateur system or request Yale to return to the latter. The editorial advocates the withdrawing from rowing contests with Yale unless the Blue shall agree to a system of amateur graduate coaching. It also makes a fine distinction between Coach Kennedy, of Yale, and Coach Colson, of Harvard, the former being declared a professional, while of the latter it is stated he does not earn his living by teaching rowing.

MUNROE TALKS

Considers Himself Best Man Jeffries Has Had to Fight.

Gives Reasons Why He Has Chance With the Champion.

St. Louis, July 23.—For the second time since he came into national prominence Jack Munroe made a hurried passage through St. Louis last week. The first time Munroe stopped over here was on his way out to the coast to train for his fight with Jeffries, which was called off because Jeffries injured his knee. He remained just long enough to see the Goodman-Herrera bout at the West End club. Last week Jack once more came through on his way to the coast to train for Jeffries, and this time he hopes there will be no postponement. Munroe stayed but a dozen hours in St. Louis, but he made a favorable impression on those with whom he came in contact.

A study of the man who is trying to take the championship away from Jeffries does not bear out the impression spread by Munroe's former occupation and the interviews he has been credited with in regard to his matches with Jeffries. Most fighters who are heralded as being modest are so little so that the only thing which prevents them from telling their greatness from the street conrers is the fear of arrest. Munroe is different. He takes the notoriety that has come to him since he battled with Jeffries as a matter of course, but is not boastful. He is willing to talk fight, but would rather talk of some one else than himself in this respect, or discuss some other topic.

Munroe is a more intelligent sort of a chap than Jeffries. He writes a clear hand and carries on conversation on any ordinary topic with ease. While here he sent out a bunch of souvenir cards secured at the World's fair, and Jack put enough humor in them to cause mirth at their destination. Not once did he say anything in regard to his fight with Jeffries, however, even though some of the cards were addressed to parties directly interested in the battle. Jack thinks the reports sent out about his being engaged are amusing, and his bump of good nature is well developed. Whatever may happen should he defeat Jeffries he is still unaffected by the attention that is being shown him.

Physically the miner looks to be in the pink of condition right now. He drinks nothing stronger than water, and when Tom Corbett offered him a bottle to take along on the train, good humoredly declined. That he has good ideas on training is shown by his plans.

"When my first fight with Jeffries was called off," said he, "I thought it best to break up training and do a little traveling, in order to avoid any danger of getting stale. The trip around the country and the wrestling I have done have freshened me up, and at the same time kept me in condition. Now that the date has been set for my match with Jeffries I want to get back to my training quarters. It is not so much the training that I need, as you can see for yourself that I am practically down to weight right now. What I need is a chance to get back to regular hours and store up all the strength I can. With plenty of sleep, good, healthy food and enough exercise to make me enjoy the first two, I will store up strength, which will come handy against such a powerful man as Jeffries."

"What do I think of my chances?

"Well, I figure I have a chance all right, and Jeffries will have to put me down and out before I change my opinion. You see I will be the heaviest man who has ever faced Jeffries in a championship battle. I expect to weigh within a few pounds of 200 when I step into the ring, and at that will not be carrying any surplus weight. Jeffries will have something on me at that, but I do not think it will be enough to prove of any great advantage. I am still young and have never done anything which would tend to hurt my vitality. Jeffries will have to hit me hard and often to put me out, and I can fight pretty hard myself while he is doing that. I am not afraid of Jeffries, and he will not have any edge on this account. I know that I was 'green' the first time I met Jeffries, but he will find me a different proposition now. I have profited all that I knew how by the instruction of McCoy and watching other fighters at work. I would like to have McCoy out on the coast, but the 'Kid' and the coast clubs have fallen out, and he will not even go out their to train a man who is to compete at one of them. If I can get Fitzsimmons he will take care of me. Besides this, I will have Berger and a lot of other men to box with, and I pick up a pointer from these now and then. I like to box a bunch of men while training, as it makes the bouts more interesting and you pick up more by going against a variety of styles."

"I have no particular

what he knows about the inside of it shows that he can take care of himself. He knows a good many of the wrestlers, and can tell some good stories about them. He considers Frank Gotsch one of the greatest mat artists, and predicts a brilliant career for him, as does Tim McGrath, who has been looking after Munroe on the road.

"About the first time Gotsch came to my notice," said Munroe, "was when he wrestled a remarkable match with Dan McLeod. McLeod was working around the smaller towns in Iowa, when he ran up against Gotsch, who was then nothing but a raw country lad. McLeod and Gotch finally agreed to wrestle for $75 a side. McLeod wanted to know where the match was to come off, and Gotsch said that there and then was the time that suited him. The pair were standing on a macadamized country road at the time, and McLeod asked Gotsch whether they had better not move over into some field and wrestle on the grass. Gotsch insisted that the road was good enough for him, as he supposed that so small a man as McLeod could not get him down and make him take the roughing. McLeod fooled him, but the pair wrestled for over an hour before Dan won. Gotsch, as a result, had to have splinters of stone and cinders removed from his back for a week afterward. Gotsch afterward went to the Klondike and he made a barrel of money up there, but he made a mistake when he tried to switch over and become a fighter. He went up against Frank Goddard, now dead, and Goddard pounded him all over the ring for ten rounds. Gotsch was game, however, and lasted out the bout. As Goddard had agreed to put him out he won, but he got such a pounding that it nearly put him to the bad."

McGrath was one of those who backed and seconded "Young" Corbett, when he lost to Britt.

"It was the same old story," says McGrath. "I told Corbett that he did not have an easy mark and that he had better be at his best. He trained fairly well for the battle, but had he known what he was going against he would have been in better shape. He was confident that he could put a right over and end the fight in a hurry. That is where he made a mistake. Britt is one of teh gamest youngsters you ever saw, and he took an awful beating. He kept right on coming, and I began to get uneasy toward the close. I told Corbett before the second last round that he had better go in and make a hurricane finish. He was tired and I suppose did his best, but he could only continue as he had been fighting. A champion is expected to win beyond question, and Granger's decision did not surprise me so much as it might. Corbett had the best of the battle, in my opinion, but he failed to come up to expectations when he did not stop Britt or worst him so badly that there could be no doubt as to his winning. Both Corbett and Britt are good game boys, and if they clash again there will be a terrific battle."

BIG TURF SCANDAL.

"Fixed" Steeplechase Races Are Being Investigated.

New York, July 23.—One of the greatest turf scandals ever brought to light is being investigated by the stewards of the National Hunt and Steeplechase association. These gentlemen have secured evidence that owners, jockeys and bookmakers have been fleecing the public by fixing steeplechase races. Horses that on form should win easily have been handicapped with heavy bar plates, and the thousands bet by the public on their chances have been split up between owner, rider and bookmaker.

While some of the races over the jumps have been honestly contested and won by the best horses, the majority of these events have been prearranged.

A clique of jockeys, with the knowledge of some horse owners, decided on the winners before the races were run, posted their bookmaker partners and then rode over the course.

Fixing the races in this manner worked thus: The "wise" bookmaker laid top prices against the horses that were to lose, thus taking thousands of dollars from the public. Usually is was arranged to have a fair-priced horse win, and on this starter the clique bet all the money they could get down with bookmakers ignorant of what was going on.

The stewards have collected the betting sheets from a number of big bookmakers, and it is said they have secured evidence from those which will result in the ruling off of a lot of prominent jockeys, the barring of some owners and the banishment of some nationally known members of the high stool brigade.

Many owners, trainers and riders concerned with steeplechase races are being examined by the stewards. It is charged several riders and owners met in caucus at a Coney Island resort and nominated the winners the night before the races.

NOT A SORE KNEE

That Kept Jeffries Out of the Ring.

New York, July 23.—"I am champion of the world now. I have seen other champions fall through dissapation, and I know the dangers that I have to look out for. I am young and strong, and I will take care of myself. I will hold the title until age makes me retire, or until some better man takes it away from me."

That is the promise that James J. Jeffries made to the public on the morning after he whipped Robert Fitzsimmons and became the champion of the world.

That was only five years ago. Jefferies has hardly had time to become the victim of advanced age. Yet the greatest big fighter the world ever saw is slipping down out of his fighting condition just as John L. Sullivan and hundreds of others less famous did before him.

Jefferies, after spending several weeks in training, developed a sore knee, and called off the match with Jack Munroe. This fight is to go some day in August unless the champion fails down again.

It was not a sore knee that kept Jefferies out of the ring. It was the fact that he found it impossible to get into shape for the battle with a young, strong fighter, and he was unwilling to risk his title.

It is a hard thing for Jefferies to get up energy enough to go out on the road, to box, or to do any of the other stunts. He gets so fat between periods of training that it is a positive torture for him to work down again into condition when the time comes.

Probably it was dissapation that started Jefferies on the back trail. After the last fight with Fitzsimmons at San Francisco the big champion stayed for two days in the back rooms of a saloon on Post street, drinking. At the end of that time his bill for champagne was $500, and he paid it. He did not drink all of that himself—he had a retinue of camp followers to help him.

Jefferies is a "wine drinker." Billy Delaney has to watch the champion closely to keep him away from the fizz water. Now and then Jefferies sneaks away down the road to Middletown. Then there is a popping of corks that can almost be heard in Harbin, and for a day or two afterward Jefferies goes about camp growling like a sorehead. This kind of thing continued for a few years would retire any athlete.

Soon James J. Jefferies may be as rotund as John L. Sullivan.

I know it to be a fact that when he went to Harbin Springs a couple of months ago the big fellow weighed 265 pounds in his clothes. If he can work down to 220 for Munroe next month he will surprise Billy Delaney and all of the others who are near to him.

This fight may be the last appearance of Jefferies as a great champion.

ROBERT EDGREN.

IRISH LAD ACCIDENT

Joshing Match Led to Mating of Sire and Dam.

His Career on the Surf Was a Great One.

Irish Lad, who is without doubt one of the greatest horses ever sired in this country, might be called an accident as far as his birth was concerned. By Candlemas out of Arrowgrass is the way he is bred, and what led up to the mating of this pair is the story. It does not date back many years, but took place at a time when the owners of sire and dam of this great colt were on the ebb tide of their fortunes.

Con Enright owned Candlemas; Eugene Leigh owned Arrowgrass. Leigh was talking to Enright at Lexington and was kidding him over the fact that his stallion had made no great record in this country.

"Now, I have got a mare," said Leigh, "at my place and she will make your old stud famous."

"Make my stud horse famous?" said Enright; "that's good. I guess all he needs to make him any more so is to breed him to a lot of bad pedigreed mares like the one you have got. You bring her pedigree over to me and I'll look it up and if it is satisfactory send the mare and $250 around to me."

Leigh could not see it that way and he replied: "Here we are; you have not got much, I have got less; now what's the use of talking money?"

Enright saw it that way then, and Arrowgrass was bred to Candlemas and the result was the great Irish Lad.

As a weanling he impressed John E. Madden, and he became the property of that great horse trader. He raced under his name as a two-year-old in several races, and was then sold to Harry Whitney, who had formed a partnership with Herman Duryea.

Irish Lad's career on the turf was one that has been seldom equaled. He was one of the best as a two-year-old, his three-year-old performances were none the less brilliant and as a four-year-old he made another great record for himself.

He never lacked for gameness, and possessed of great speed he had the power to carry it as far as any horse has been able to do it and at the same time always carry the weight for his age, if not a penalty in addition. Now being on the verge of a breakdown, he is being nursed along after running the race of the age in the contest for the Brighton Handicap, which took place on July 9. In this race he carried 127 pounds, and he was beaten in the last few strides by Broomstick and the world's record for the distance was clipped and a new mark, 2:02 4-5 for a mile and a quarter, was hung out. In this race Irish Lad led at the mile, which was run in 1:37 4-5, within two-fifths of the record which was made with lighter weight.

But to go back in his career as a race horse. He started twenty-two times and won twelve and was but three times outside of the money. He made his maiden start at Morris Park, on May 3, 1902, in a half-mile race for two-year-olds, and he finished seventh, the winner being Navasota, a very speedy filly. Five days later he won his maiden race and beat the fleet Navasota. That feature stuck to Irish Lad, for he beat every horse that ever beat him. He won seven races as a two-year-old, and besides being beaten by Navasota, he also ran unplaced in the Double Event won by Clarence Mackey's colt Mexican, and in the Futurity, which was won by Savable.

His three-year-old career began brilliantly, as he won on his first out the first big handicap of the year, the Brooklyn. He followed this up with the Broadway Stakes, in which he carried the top weight, 126 pounds. Then came the famous Suburban Renewal, where he succumbed to the great Waterboy, and the Advance Stakes, in which he was beaten by Africander, a different Africander, however, than the wreck of a horse by that name this year.

The Saratoga Champion was his next victory, in which Hermis finished second, and the latter turned the tables in the next stake, the Merchants and Citizens, at Saratoga, in which Irish Lad was called upon to give away a little too much weight. But the race he ran was a corking good one and the mile and an eighth were covered in 1:51 3-5.

That finished Irish Lad's three-year-old career on the turf and he went to a farm in good shape.

Then came the present year. Irish Lad's fourth of existence and third and perhaps last on the turf. Irish Lad's record as a 4-year-old stands alone, for he is the only horse that has started in the four big handicaps of the year and earned a place in each one. He won the Metropolitan, was beaten a head for the Brooklyn by The Picket, was third in the Suburban, beaten by Hermis and The Picket, and was beaten another short margin by Broomstick in the Brighton. His two other starts were in the Advance stakes weight for age affair, and Irish Lad won alone won the race, but hung up a new record for the distance, going the mile and three-eighths in 2:17 3-5, the first mile in 1:38, and for the Commonwealth handicap, in which he ran third, carrying the crushing impost of 132 pounds.

Summed up, Irish Lad's career was a great one. He was as good as any 3-year-old that raced last year, and he has shown that he was their master this year.

Disease has fastened itself on his legs and his retirement is imminent, and those that admire the blue ribbon of a thoroughbred hope that he will be sent to the stud with the Brighton handicap as his last race, rather than see him hobble home on three legs beaten by a second rater.

The accompanying table shows all of the races in which Irish Lad ran:

IRISH LAD'S GREAT RECORD.

1902—2-Year-Old.	Finish.	Dist.	Weight.	Time.	Value.
Purse race	7	½ m.	112	0:54½	$ 610
Purse race	Won.	9-16 m.	112	0:84	.....
Purse race	Won.	⅝ m.	117	1:00¼	760
Double event	4	11-16 m.	122	1:09 1-3	.....
Purse race	Won.	11-16 m.	118	1:07 4-5	790
Purse race	Won.	11-16 m.	120	1:07 2-5	760
Great Trial	Won.	¾ m.	122	1:14	17,460
Saratoga Special	Won.	11-16 m.	122	1:08 1-5	18,000
Futurity	9	¾ m.	120	1:14	.....
Flatbush	Won.	⅞ m.	115	1:26	3,850
Total winnings					$42,230

1903—3-Year-Old.	Finish.	Dist.	Weight.	Time.	Value.
Brooklyn Handicap	Won.	1¼ m.	103	2:05 2-5	$14,950
Broadway Stakes	Won.	1 1-16 m.	126	1:47	3,300
Advance Stakes	2	1⅛ m.	111	2:19	200
Suburban Renewal	2	1¼ m.	115	2:04 3-5	1,500
Saratoga Champion.	Won.	1¼ m.	116	2:05	5,900
Merchants & citizens	2	1⅛ m.	129	1:51 3-5	500
Total winnings					$26,850

1904—4-Year-Old.	Finish.	Dist.	Weight.	Time.	Value.
Metropolitan h'dicap	Won.	1 m.	123	1:40	$10,880
Brooklyn handicap..	2	1¼ m.	125	2:06 3-5	2,500
Suburban handicap.	3	1¼ m.	127	2:05	1,000
Advance stakes	Won.	1⅛ m.	126	2:17 3-5	11,750
Commonw'h h'dicap	3	1¼ m.	132	2:06 2-5	1,000
Brighton handicap..	2	1¼ m.	127	2:02 4-5	2,000
Total winnings					$29,130

RECAPITULATION.

	Starts.	First.	Second.	Third.	Unp'd.	Winnings
Two-year-old	10	7	0	0	3	$42,230
Three-year-old	6	3	3	0	0	26,850
Four-year-old	6	2	2	2	0	29,130
Totals	22	12	5	2	3	$96,210

TROTTING GOSSIP

Lexington, Ky., July 23.—W. W. Evans, the famous handler of baby trotters, is out with a series of statistics showing some startling figures whereby he sets forth that there is more profit in buying weanling trotters and selling them as two-year-olds than putting the money in thoroughbred youngsters and selling them also at an early age. Evans never races any colts. He buys a bunch of weanlings and yearlings and sells them after he has broken and developed their early speed. He has made a financial success of the business, and is yearly increasing his bank account. He bases his figures on the price now prevailing in the trotting and thoroughbred market. He says he can buy a bunch of choice trotting bred youngster for one-fifth what a similar string of thoroughbreds cost him, and therefore for a man to make the same amount of profit he does on a trotting colt, in proportion, he must sell his thoroughbred colt or filly for five times as much. Among the cases he cites is that of Pleasant Thought, the most royally bred youngster offered at public sale the year Evans bought her. He paid $90 for her, kept her for one season and sold her as a two-year-old for $4200. As an offset to this A. Belmont paid $25,000 for the weanling half sister to Hamburg, later named Lady Languish. Of course, Belmont bought the royally bred imported daughter of St. Simon for breeding as well as racing purposes, but Evans figures had the New York millionaire decided to sell her as a two-year-old to make the same percentage profit he realized on Pleasant Thought, Belmont would have had to obtain for Lady Languish the enormous sum of upward of $100,000.

The trotting horseman also claims that a man investing in young trotters can always break even on the ruling prices of today, while on the other hand he can quit heavy loser on the thoroughbreds. If a colt or geilding of the latter class has no racing ability or is unfit to be given away, while a trotter with a little speed for roadway purposes always has a fixed valuation, and a horse may be no account for the track, but still can be turned over at any time for the price he costs as a weanling or yearling. Evans admits as a racing proposition the thoroughbred is in a class by himself. He says excessive entrance fees has made trotting racing solely a rich man's game—all honor and no profit. He offers to wager that with all the success which has come to Scott Hudson's great stable in the last few years he can take that wizard driver's books and show that Highball has won more net money than every horse in Hudson's stable in the time designated. Evans says he is in the trotting business to stay, but he will in the future, as in the past, let other people race the colts and fillies he brings out. He add that whenever race tracks quit asking owners to race entirely for their own money and stand ready to share with horsemen the large profits these racing parks make, then he will go on the Grand Circuit and be as enthusiastic a racing trotting horseman as he is now a developer of sensational youngsters. Colonel R. F. Pepper and General W. T. Withers both made and left large fortunes without racing their trotting horses to any extent, and Evans says no branch of the horse business today is more healthy than the trotting-horse market, and any man possessing Pepper and Wither's tactics will have to be fearfully unlucky if he fails to make a success of the game.

The two fastest miles in repeat, with but one exception, at the Kentucky Trotting Horse Breeders' association track this year was scored by Pinchem Wilkes and Duncem Wilkes (2:07¼), the blind pacer going two heats in 2:13, 2:11¼. Trainer Will Estes is fitting the great horse for his series of Grand Circuit engagements. Pinchem Wilkes being entered in the 2:08 classes at Buffalo, Empire City and Brighton Beach. The horse went a mile last year in 2:04, and Estes is of the opinion that he will display even a still higher rate of speed this season. He expects to ship Pinchem Wilkes to Buffalo within the next fifteen days. Estes also has a high-class green five-year-old pacer in his string, a bay gelding by Jay Hawker, dam Nannie J., by Valdemer. The stable hands call him George, but his trainer has never really named him yet. He has so far only been a mile in 2:19, and it is ordinary work for him to go to a quarter in 0:31½. It looks right now a very early 2:10 proposition.

OWNER SHEFTELL

Tells Why He Did Not Save Highball.

New York, July 23.—The breaking down of Highball and the necessity for shooting the Derby winner caused sincere grief among horsemen. He was a grand horse, in the opinion of many the best three-year-old in America. The gameness of the horse was shown in an incident which occurred after his leg was broken.

While waiting for the wagon to come to remove him the fifth race was run. His handlers were holding Highball, with his face heading up the streetch, and he was standing by the last quarter pole, just inside the inner rail. As the horses came toward him, Highball wheeled like a flash, and, with one leg broken, attempted to make for the finish line. Of course, his handlers held him in check before he had taken two bounds, but his actions showed his gameness to the very end. It has been said the leg might have been patched up and the horse sent to the stud. Mr. Scheftell, his owner, said:

"It is very true I might have saved Highball for stud duty. Other thoroughbreds which have met with similar accidents have been patched up and sent to the stud. But, after that splendid horse had done what he had for me, why should I have asked him to lead a life of prolonged suffering?"

EVERYTHING IN GOOD ORDER.

Detroit, Mich., July 23.—At the triennial review of the supreme tent, Knights of the Maccabees of the World yesterday, the finance committee, which made a trip to Port Huron to investigate the books and funds on deposit and bonds and securities owned by the order, reported that they found everything in a satisfactory condition.

Does it pay to advertise in The Herald? Ask H. E. Gooch.

THE YACHT RACES

Duluth-Superior Regatta Open to All Boats Next Saturday.

Regular Cup Races Being Held—Table of Handicaps.

The Duluth-Superior regatta, open to all sailing boats in Duluth and Superior will be held next Saturday afternoon over the regular courses laid out in the local harbor.

This afternoon the regular cup races of the Duluth Boat club are being held. A table has been prepared for the handicaps to govern the various craft which will be entered. Much consideration has been given to the matter of time allowance, and taking into consideration the varied collection of craft, it is about as good as could be done under the circumstances. The formula used is the water line, plus the square root of the sail area, divided by two, and the allowances are based on one minute for each foot of racing length over a twelve-mile course. This is the Sewanhaka-Corinthian rule and has been adopted as governing the Duluth club.

The following table shows the standing of the boats:

Boat—	Sail Area.	Square Root.	Water Line.	Racing Length.
Arnetta ..	1217	34.88	35.5	35.63
Victor Lily	590	24.29	27.66	26.025
Mildred J	568	23.832	27.5	25.676
Margie	483	21.526	24.83	23.178
One-Design	377	19.416	19.37	19.393
Invader	350	18.7	16.5	17.6
Golden Rod	519	22.781	17.66	20.220
Stranger	474	21.77	17.	19.385
Sea Gull	237	15.4	19.	17.2
Stroller	410	20.25	20.5	20.375
Sweetheart	440	20.98	19.75	20.365
Gabby	443	21.05	16.5	18.775
Buzz	380	19.49	15.4	17.445
Black Cat	.....	.....	.....	.....

The following table shows the standing of the different boats to date:

Race Number—	1	2	3	4
Miss Modesty	3	2½	3	—
Feather	.....	4	2½	4
Scud	.....	2	1	—
North Wind	.....	—	—	1
Condon	.....	—	4	2
Water Lily	.....	—	—	—
Mildred J.	.....	—	—	—

EASTERN FIGHT TALK

New York, July 23.—Jack Munroe has been showing what he doesn't know about wrestling. He is about like the fellow in an Alabama town, who filled up on corn juice, jumped up, cracked his heels and yelled: "Hooray! I've come all the way from Old Virginay, and I ain't found a man I kin lick yit."

The miner proposes to go to the coast next week or the week after and begin training again for his bout with Jeffries. News from the coast makes Eastern sporting men more hopeful that the battle between the big fellows actually will be fought in August.

Frank Erne has come to life again and announces his intention of going after the lightweight championship again. Erne has been exercising of late with Fitzsimmons, and he is in such splendid shape that he feels confident that he can re-enter the ring.

He wants to meet either Young Corbett or Jimmy Britt. If Erne is wise he will steer clear of these fighters until he finds out by meeting some other one just how good he is. Most champions who have gone back in the game after defeat have had a hard road to hoe, but Erne may prove an exception to the rule.

Danny Duane is out with a challenge to Joe Gans, the lightweight champion. Duane will agree to meet him before Herford's club in Baltimore for any number of rounds. Johnny Mack, manager of Duane, stands ready to post a forfeit of $2500, the same to go as a side bet, providing that Gans will agree to meet his man at 135 pounds. Duane is a good one, and at the weights should make it interesting for Gans.

The list of candidates for ring honors is likely to receive an addition in the near future, for Charley Rogers, who met Munroe on the mat recently, is thinking seriously of donning the mitts and going after some of the big fellows. Rogers, who stands over six feet and weighs more than 200 pounds in condition, is no novice with the gloves and should be able to hold his own with some of the heavies.

Reports from pugilists returning from England bear out the statement that there is no money to be made by American fighters there. Jimmy Walsh is the latest return with a tale of woe and injustice. He says, in speaking of his trip: "Pugilism in England is on the wane. I would advise American pugilists to steer clear of England at present. No matter how hard I tried to win, I could not, because the clique that runs the boxing game over there won't let you. Unless you knock your man dead you can't win."

Joe Grim, the Italian pugilist, of Philadelphia, who has earned the name of the "human punching bag," promises to develop into a fighter after all. In his last two bouts he has evinced a desire to fight back that makes him a dangerous man for the average fighter, for he takes an unlimited punishment and still stands up. If Grim continues to fight back in accordance with his present style he may make it interesting for some of the pugilists who took delight in punching him about the ring in Philadelphia last winter.

CHARACTERISTICS

Of Big Horsemen Racing In the East.

New York, July 23.—A close observer has studied the characteristics of the big owners when a hard race is being run in which they are deeply interested, with the result: Capt. Sam Brown pulls his hat down over his eyes and chews vigorously on his cigar. John W. Gates smiles. Frank Farrell frowns. John W. Madden sprints for a high place where he can see every foot of the race; if he wins he laughs, if he loses he makes no sign. E. R. Thomas follows the horses down the stretch, shouting and snapping his fingers. John A. Drake leans against a post and looks bored. James R. Keene never changes expression, win or lose. Newton Bennington gets down to the rail, but takes things coolly.

The number of times in a year that a man uses The Herald's Want Columns is an idex to his interests and activities.

OLYMPIAN GAMES

American Athletes May Be Beaten By the Foreigners.

The Marathon Race An Event That Is Bothering Americans.

St. Louis, July 23.—Within a few days the entries for the world's Olympian games, the third renewal of the famous Grecian classic sports, will close with James E. Sullivan, department of physical culture at the St. Louis exposition.

Throughout the United States interest is being displayed in these games, for American athletes believe that it would be a disgrace to have a team of foreigners take the title of Olympian champions of the world, after the American athlete has held the title for eight years.

There are thousands of Americans who believe that the championship will come to America, and that in a very easy manner, but when these stop to consider the fact that every distance event, from the 80-meter run up to and probably including the Marathon race, will go to England, it becomes apparent that the time has come for Americans to be up and doing.

In England is a club known by the name of the South London Harriers. To that club will go the 2590-meter steeplechase, 800-meter run, 1500-meter run and the international team race. Many will scoff at this statement, but the facts are not to be denied, for in Alfred Shrubb the South London Harriers possess the greatest long-distance runner the world has ever seen. Shrubb holds the world's record for the 2-mile, 3-mile, 4-mile and 5-mile races, and no later than June 11 ran two miles in 9:11. This is sixteen seconds faster than the American record held by Alex Grant, of the New York A. C.

Not only that, but the records held by Shrubb are world's records, not merely the best marks set by amateurs. With such a representation in one man, England has a good chance of doing something in the Olympic games, for the events are so arranged that Shrubb can run in each without becoming fatigued.

The international relay race will be the most important event of the Olympiad, barring the Marathon race, and America here stands a very poor show of scoring. Today England has a dozen runners who can do better than 4:25 for one mile, while there is in America only one man who has done anything near 4:24 for the distance.

Twenty-eight events are listed for the Olympian games. Of these events America appears particularly strong in the sprints, including the 400-meter run, and the weights. The result of the weight-lifting contest will probbly be favorable to Germany and Denmark, as men from these countries make a specialty of these events. In the jumps the outlook is not so bright. Only one man in America has shown Olympic form up to the present, he being Stangland, of Columbia university. Peter O'Connor, of Ireland, is said to have jumped close to 25 feet in open competition, which makes the event appear to belong to the Irishman. The high jump will go to an American in all probability.

Germany is to send over a team of twenty-five athletes, especially trained for this meet, and as Americans have twice won the Olympiad abroad, foreigners know what to expect when they come to American shores. France will send fifteen of her best men, while Hungary, Denmark, Italy and the Transvaal, South Africa, will have equal representation with the other foreign powers.

The Marathon race is an event that is bothering Americans, for Yankee athletes have never been able to win the famous race. And this year, when the contest will be held at home, the outlook is far from promising. Canada possesses the best Marathon runner of the present time in John Caffry, of St. Patrick's athletic club, Hamilton, Ont. Caffry has twice won the famous Boston A. A. race at Boston, and holds the world's record of 2:29:00 for the distance. He will be one of the contenders in the race at the Olympic meet, and will be accompanied by Sherring, of the Hamilton Y. M. C. A., winner of the Canadian road race of nineteen miles. Sherring has run this distance in 1:52:00. From the East Cambridgeport gymnasium, Cambridgeport, Mass., whose representatives have won the American Marathon race three times out of seven trials, will send John Lordon, winner of the American race in 1903. Lordon did not compete this year, preferring to reserve his strength for the race at the Stadium.

New York will be well represented in this race by Sam Mellor, of Mohawk A. C., who won the Pan-American Marathon race and the Boston race; Estey, of the Pastime A. C., New York, winner of the Boston Marathon race this season, and Al Newton, who were the American colors at Paris in 1900. Several local men have stated that they intend running the race, among them being J. C. Purcell. The winner of this race, with one or two exceptions, has turned out to be a short man. Caffry, the record holder, is scarcely over five feet tall.

STATE GOLF CHAMPION

H. P. Bend of St. Paul Wins Out at Winona Tournament.

H. P. Bend of the Town and Country club, St. Paul, is the state golf champion, having won that title by defeating Jaffray of the Minikahda club of Mineapolis in the finals at the state golf tournament held at Winona.

It was the closet fight ever seen on the Meadow Brook links and required thirty-seven holes to settle it. The two men were even on the eighteenth hole, and tied again on the thirty-sixth. Jaffray had one up on the thirty-fifth hole, but he appeared to weaken. He was little strong on his approach to the thirty-sixth and went over the cup. Bend made a beautiful approach and holed out easily.

An extra hole was necessary to decide the contest. Both men made beautiful drives. Jaffray especially excelling himself. He dubbed his approach, however, while Bend was steady and landed well on the green. He holed out in four, winning the game and the state championship.

The following were the cards for the last half of the contest.

Bend—									
Out	5	5	4	5	6	7	4	5	5
In	5	5	4	6	6	6	5	5	3
Jaffray—									
Out	6	4	4	5	5	7	5	4	4
In	7	5	5	5	6	7	4	5	4

The game will be of interest to all of the members of the Northland club, several of whom were in attendance at the tournament.

Have your head massaged
HAVE YOUR FACE MASSAGED
With Mardorf's Massage Machine
—newest thing in town.
Geo. J. Mardorf, St. Louis Hotel Barber Shop.

SARATOGA SPA

Will Be Mecca of Big Eastern Horsemen In August.

Some of Richest Prizes Ever Hung Up For Flyers.

New York, July 23.—Saratoga is the Mecca for Eastern horsemen now and the hegira has begun. Although it will be a little more than a week before the meeting there begins already the most important strings in training have been shipped to the Spa. The meeting opens August 2.

Some of the richest prizes ever hung up for American thoroughbreds will mark this meeting. The Saratoga Handicap will be the star event for all-aged horses; the first running of the Great Republic marks the beginning of the richest race for three-year-olds ever run in the East, and, with the World's Fair Handicap out, the richest ever run in the country. While the Hopeful Stakes, which this year is valued at $40,000, is the most valuable stake ever contested for in this country.

Among the stables already shipped to Saratoga was that of John E. Madden. There were twenty-five head in the shipment, including two he had been handling for F. B. Hitchcock. The Madden horses are well engaged at Saratoga and generally cut much of a figure there. Carroll Reid and Frank Lightfoot have shipped the Waldeck and Boston Stable horses. The Picket is, of course, the greatest favorite in this consignment. He now is going all right again and Mr. Reid hopes to have him at his best for his engagements there, among which is the Great Republic.

Fred Burlew has shipped the Bennington and Lorillard horses. Waterside will be left here to fill his Brighton engagements, including the $15,000 Brighton Junior, the Sunshine and Neptune Stakes.

Mr. Bennington also sent Beldame to Saratoga with the other horses and will bring her back for the Brighton Oaks the last day of the meeting. He believes that the Saratoga air and water will be of advantage to the great three-year-old filly. Then, too, she will be under Burlew's personal care.

J. W. Rogers went up with the Whitney-Duryea string. Irish Lad was among the number, but he is still very lame, although Dr. Shepard says: "He will get over it."

This good horse had been lame for quite a long time, and his owners were minded to send him to the stud. Dr. Shepard said: "If he were fired he would be a good race horse again this year." Rogers, too, favored the doctor's view, and the Irishman was deeply fired around the coronet. The intense strain of the race and the hard going caused him to sore up again, but, as the doctor says, he will come out of it.

The Whitney and Duryea folk have no great hope of getting Irish Lad to the post in the Saratoga Handicap, but they are not without hope of winning that rich and important race. They think that they may have better than a fair chance with Gunfire. Unless something goes wrong with her Mr. Rogers hopes to have her in such shape on Saratoga Handicap day that she can run a mile in 1:38 or thereabouts. She will get her preparation at the Springs.

On Monday the horses of James R. Keene and Walter Jennings will be shipped to Saratoga. There will be three cars in the shipment.

The running of the Brighton shows the uncertainty of racing, and goes to prove that selling platers are not the only horses which do not run true to form always. Ors Welles, Major Daingerfield and Waterboy all ran disappointing races. There can be no suspicion of in and out business in this race with these horses, but there has been more than one selling race in which such reversal of form would have caused talk. It all goes to prove that race horses are not machines, and cannot run the same always and under all conditions.

E. R. Thomas has added Flyback to his string.

Flyback is a chestnut colt by Requital, dam Daisy Rose, the dam of McMeekin. He is a strong, rugged fellow, and big of bone. He stands 15 hands 3½ inches, and is handsome as well as powerful in looks. That he is a race horse of class was proven by his victory in the great Trail and the Foam stakes at Sheepshead, and a couple of racers of lesser account, which he won in game fashion. Already this season he has won about $5,000.

He was bred at John Madden's Hamburg Place, and was first named at Bennings on April 1.

Eastern horsemen were pleased to learn that there is a strong chance that English Lad, the Western crack, will race at Saratoga next month.

English Lad has no stake engagements at Saratoga, but there are many rich overnight handicaps in which he would have the opportunity to meet the best of the Eastern horses, and a special that would bring the Western champion in competition with the crack of the East could be easily arranged.

John A. Drake says that he has not yet fully made up his mind not to try to train Ort Welles for the coming Brighton derby.

In discussing the future of the King Eric colt the Iowa turfman said: "Ort Welles' poor showing in the Brighton handicap on Saturday convinced us that his hard races at Sheepshead took the edge of his speed. I do not suppose that there ever was a horse which went through in eight days a stiffer course of training and racing. My present plan is to rest him up for a week or ten days and then try him out in a three-quarter sprint. If in this sprint he shows that he has recovered his speed, whether he wins or not, we will send him along in the Derby.

"I am afraid Waterboy has seen his best day," said Trainer A. J. Joyce, to a group of friends in the paddock between races at Brighton Beach. "His showing in the handicap Saturday was a great disappointment to both Mr. Higgins and myself. There seems to be something the matter with him, but just what it is none of us can make out. But he certainly is not the horse he was last year."

Peter Wimmer will race in California the coming winter according to his present plans. For years Mr. Wimmer has been kept in the East by his connection with some big stable, but this year, being free, he expects to take his small stable to the coast. It will be Mr. Wimmer's first visit to California.

William P. Burch, the veteran trainer who has been handling the horses of Francis P. Hitchcock these last few years, will retire after this season.

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Fergus Falls Journal: The crop conditions so far as Otter Tail county is concerned are fine excent as to corn. There has been plenty of rain, and while there have been a few warm days, the nights have been cool without excention. There is every prospect for an excellent crop of wheat, barley and oats. Nothing but severe storms or exceedingly hot weather during the filling period can prevent more than an average crop. The corn crop will be a failure without a doubt, unless there is exceedingly warm weather and the frosts are delayed much later than usual. There is a fine crop of hay, but the excessive rains have flooded many sloos.

Barnum Gazette: The Democratic party occupies much the same position as the man who has sold his body to the physicians for experimental purposes.

St. Cloud Journal-Press: It is time that the men at the head of big corporations learn that they must obey the law. To teach them this lesson is the most important question before the American people. Mergerized lawlessness and robbery must go. The man who says that the "merger issue is dead" is either asleep to the actual conditions confronting the republic, or else he is the willing tool of the corporate interests. It is an issue greater than that of any political party, and the champion of that issue is Theodore Roosevelt.

Princeton Union: The time has about arrived for the passing of the man who poses as the boss. He has his finger and his nose in everything that happens. At any rate, if he hasn't, he makes an awful effort to. He stands for three parts of graft to one of reform and seventeen parts self to one part public interest. In other words, he is a daisy when he is dead. The people are getting informed and are taking more interest in public affairs. You can hardly notice it at times, but the drift of events shows that they are, and they are retegating the boss to the rear where he belongs, and really he does not belong there.

ESCAPED FROM THE NORGE

Helmer Jonson Fosmo and Bride Reach New Home.

Alexandria, Minn., July 23.—Helmer Jonson Fosmo, a young Norwegian, and his bride of a month, two of the survivors of the ill-fated steamship Norge, arrived this week in Alexandria. Young Fosmo cannot speak English, but through an interpreter related the following story of the sinking of the Norge:

"That morning about 7 o'clock, while we were yet in bed, we were aroused by a rumbling, grating noise, as of heavy chains being rolled across the deck.

"We were frightened and hurried on deck to see what happened. They had begun lowering boats. I left my wife on the second deck and ran back to get life preservers.

"I was fortunate enough to reach my wife with two life preservers, although by this time the people were striving to get out the boats, and in the scramble one of the preservers was taken away from me.

"We reacehd the upper deck, where the boats were, before the throng. There was one continuous prayer going up from the crowd. When we reached the deck three or four boats had been launched and broken against the vessel.

"One boat was launched with but few in it. Some succeeded in making the boat, while others went down in the waves. We were among the fortunate ones.

"We were lucky enough to have with us one of the ship's officers and a Danish passenger who could assist in managing the boat. These two took command. Some were placed at the oars and others were set to bailing the boat with a pail and dipper, which were found in it. We were twenty men, six women and a little girl.

We saw three other boats go from the wreck, but it was not long before the waves bore them away from us. We saw the passengers who had remained on the Norge crawl to the stern of the ship and wring their hands.

"We watched for fifteen minutes, when the ship carried its human load into the deep and they were no more. We continued to fight for our lives all day, in a rain and heavy sea. What little clothing we had on when we left the vessel was drenched with rain and sea water.

"The sky was clear and the night moonlight. Toward morning we saw what proved to be an English fishing vessel, the Syivia. We made haste to signal them.

"We had with us a sheet from one of the bunks in the vessel. One of the men had been in such haste to leave his bunk in the Norge that he had become tangled in the sheet and had brought it with him. This we used as a signal of distress.

DUN'S WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW

Encouraging Features Predominate In Nearly All Industries.

New York, July 23.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade, says: Encouraging features predominate. Little definite increase is seen in the distribution of merchandise but developments of the past week promise better things in the near future. The most important influence for good is brighter crop prospects. For the present the best news comes from the large cities where warm weather has stimulated retail trade in light weight fabrics and jobbers reported that orders from agricultural communities are much better than from manufacturers. There are still many complaints of slow collections. In the principal manufacturing branches there is still much idle machinery, especially at cotton mills and iron plants, while most window glass producers will not resume until September. Reports of railway earnings for July so far show only a small loss of 1 per cent as compared with the same period last year. It is gratifying to note in dispatches from iron and steelmaking centers that the decline in quotations has ceased and consumers are making inquiries which promise to result in considerable business. Insofar as actual contracts are concerned the past week was probably the dullest thus far this year, yet the tone appears to be distinctly better and signs of growing confidence are most encouraging after the long period of caution and conservatism.

Moderate contracts for railway bridges and other structural work are being placed but merchants'

DULUTH'S NEIGHBORS

BEMIDJI

Bemidji, July 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Rusenes left Tuursday for a six weeks' visit with relatives at Moorhead.

Rev. Jesse Dodds, of Northome, was the guest of Rev. Smith part of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. M. D. Stoner have returned from a visit to Blackduck.

Mrs. John Jenkinson has returned from a visit to Bagley.

C. G. Johnson and son, of Blackduck, were the guests of County Treasurer and Mrs. French part of the week.

Mrs. Andrew Warfield and son left Wednesday for Bay Lake, Minn., for a visit with relatives.

Miss Bertha Reinshardt, of the Pioneer, is spending her summer vacation in Crookston.

Daniel Gracie in entertaining his brother, David Gracie.

F. P. and T. P. Sheldon, of Grand Rapids, were in the city during the week on business.

O'Leary and Bowser have announced their intention of building a new business block on Third street, next to the Grill restaurant. It will be a modern structure, to cost in the neighborhood of $8000.

Miss Mable Rubbe and Miss Machula, of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, who have been the guests of Mrs. W. R. Morrison, have returned to their homes.

Mrs. W. H. Roberts and children have gone to Benna Vista for a several weeks' outing.

Mrs. C. H. Speelman and son, of Northome, are the guests of Bemidji friends.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Reynolds entertained a number of friends at a dancing party Wednesday evening at their home on Bemidji avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Barker will move into their new home on Bemidji avenue next week.

Mrs. M. J. Morse returned Monday from a visit at her old home in Morristown, Minn.

Mr. and Mrs. P. J. O'Leary have gone to Fort Hampton, Ont., for a visit at Mr. O'Leary's old home. They made the trip to Detroit by the way of the lakes.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. L. Daniels, of Red Lake, visited in Bemidji during the week.

Miss Blanche Woodward returned Monday evening from a visit with her brother Harvey at Perham.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. McCulloch and son, of Joplin, Mo., are in the city, the guests of Mrs. C. H. Miles and Mrs. Vogler.

A. L. Crawford left Monday for a visit in Washington, D. C., and points in Virginia.

Harry Geil has resigned his position with the Lumbermen's bank and has accepted one with the Grand Forks Lumber company.

Robert Nixon, of Hagerville, Ont., who has been the guest of his sister, Mrs. Matt Stibbs, left Tuesday for his home.

Miss Dora Hazen entertained Friday evening in honor of Miss Josephine Overi, who left Saturday for a visit in Oakes, N. D.

Mrs. P. M. Dicaire and daughter have returned from an extended visit with relatives at Prairie Du Chein.

Harvey Woodward was the guest of his parents for a few days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Rowlands, of Minneapolis, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Crouch, left Tuesday for Long Prairie.

Harry Biller has resigned his position at the Lumbermen's bank and left Tuesday for his old home near St. Cloud.

Mrs. L. J. Miller and daughter left Monday for a visit with friends at Monticello.

Mrs. J. J. Robideau is seriously ill with an attack of typhoid fever.

Mrs. Frank Bush, of Walker, was the guest of friends in Bemidji this week.

Mrs. C. J. Pryor and daughter left Monday for a visit with relatives at their old home at Glencoe.

Walter Markham has accepted a position at the Lumbermen's bank.

At the school election Saturday evening 734 votes were cast during two hours, and Graham Terrance and T. J. Andrews were elected members of the school board for the next three years by a majority of more than 100. The following vote was cast: Graham M. Torrance, 400; T. J. Andrews, 407; P. J. Russell, 326; D. C. Smyth, 303; J. P. Lahr, 1.

Walter Smyth, of the Bemidji Mercantile company, was quite severely bitten by a vicious horse Monday morning. He was harnessnig the horse in the stall, when it bit him in the back, taking out a large piece of flesh and breaking two ribs.

The funeral of Mrs. Martha Harregan occurred last Sunday afternoon at the Presbyterian church, Rev. McLeod officiating. Mrs. Harregan died Friday night at St. Anthony's hospital.

The city council Moudy night awarded the Jerrard Plumbing company the contract for the mains for the extensions to the new water plant.

CALUMET

Calumet, July 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Tyomies, The Workman, a Finnish Socialist weekly, formerly of Worcester, Mass., will remove its plant and office to Hancock. A stock company in Hancock has purchased the newspaper and will make somo material improvements Jan. 1, 1905. The board of directors are N. J. Ahlyman, J. A. Harpet, Isaac Lundberg, Jacob Tappen, R. Backman, Oscar Tanner and A. Niemenen. The officers are: President, N. J. Ahlyman; secretary, J. A. Harpet; treasurer, Jacob Tappan; business manager, J. A. Harpet; managing editor, Y. Kosonen. Mr. Kosonen is a Finnish writer who was formerly associated with a Socialist daily paper at Helsingfors, Finland.

C. S. Sullivan is visiting his mother, Mrs. John Crowley, of 110 Seventh street.

Superintendent H. E. Kratz has accepted an invitation to lecture before the summer school being held in Humboldt, Iowa. His lectures will be given the first week in August.

The Rev. D. Stalker, of the First Presbyterian church left Tuesday for Gladstone, where he will spend a vacation of several weeks, after which he will go to Winnipeg. He will be absent about one month. The Rev. Dr. John Gray, president of Kalamazoo seminary, will occupy the pulpit tomorrow and the following Sunday, and the Rev. Mr. Williams, of Ithica, Mich., will preach the following Sunday.

A fine crowd greeted the Lake Lindens and Calumets on the local diamond Saturday, and a fairly well played game was witnessed, the score being 2 to 5 in Lake Linden's favor.

Garfield King, assistant secretary of the local Y. M. C. A., won the tennis tournament in singles recently held at the Lake Geneva summer school, where Mr. King is taking branches in the Y. M. C. A. work.

The annual meeting of the Calumet school board was held Monday evening, and the following officers were elected: President, Charles Briggs; secretary, W. J. Galbraith; treasurer, E. L. Brown. The following committees were selected: Building committee, F. S. Carlton and E. D. Johnson; finance committee, Chas. Briggs and E. D. Johnson; fuel committee, W. J. Galbraith and E. D. Johnson; revision of rules committee, Charles Briggs, F. S. Carlton, W. J. Galbraith; library committee, W. J. Galbraith, F. S. Carlton and E. G. Brown; teachers and executive committee, W. J. Galbraith, Charles Briggs and E. G. Brown; committee on text books and course of study, E. G. Brown, W. J. Galbraith and Charles Briggs.

Monday night two bold young trouble hunters were seriously surprised by being shot at by the subject of one of their pranks. They had been provoking the Chinese who keep the laundry on Fifth street between Scott and Portland street. The laundry men had warned the two boys and had made a sally out after their tormentors, when at last one of the Chinese seized a shooting iron and fired. It is needless to say the laundry has not been molested since.

Bern—To Mr. and Mrs. William Dunstan, of Kearsarge street, a boy.

Mrs. Sophia Lihkala and Peter Heikka were united in marriage at the parsonage of the Finnish Apostolic Lutheran church, the Rev. A. L. Heldeman officiating.

The Laurium Bedding company is about to build a new two-story factory, 24x90 feet, with a large basement. The building will be frame and located on a lot a little north of the Copper Range freight depot at Laurium, but on the opposite side of the track.

Tuesday night about 12 o'clock the residents along South Rockland street, near the Sacred Heart church, were awakened by screams. They found that a rig had been upset and the occupants thrown out. John Blue and Miss Kats Launey were driving home when the horse became suddenly frightened, broke and ran into the gutter at the road side, overturning the rig. Miss Launey was knocked senseless, but after some time recovered and was taken home. Mr. Blue was uninjured, but the rig was badly riddled.

Mike Shea, pitcher, and William McKevitt, fielder, arrive in Calumet Thursday, and were enrolled with the Calumets on the diamond.

The fat men's baseball game will be pulled off here Aug. 5.

John Lucas and John Chapman of the One and All lodge of Calumet, are present delegates at the grand session of the lodge at Lake Linden.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Raimondo Fiorucco, of Osceola street, Laurium, a son.

Miss Lena Bracco and Alexander Bartone were united in marriage Thursday evening.

TOWER

Tower, July 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Pat Greaney was down from his homestead Thursday.

L. H. Burgess, of Eveleth, is in the city visiting with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Burgess.

Charles Mike returned Wednesday evening from an extended visit to friends in Minneapolis.

Mrs. J. Kane returned from Two Harbors Wednesday evening.

J. H. Hickey left Thursday for Ottawa, Canada, where he will remain for the next few weeks.

Mrs. R. Horowitz, of Ely, is visiting at the home of Mrs. D. Benson.

John Berg, of International Falls, was in the city Tuesday.

F. W. Akerson returned from Lindstrom, Minn., Tuesday evening.

J. D. Murphy spent Tuesday and Wednesday in the Zenith City.

Miss Mailed Cuss gave an informal party Wednesday evening in honor of the Misses Eva and Louise Cyr.

Mrs. Charles Jesmore and daughter, Miss Mamie Murray, were in the city Wednesday.

Mrs. George Hunter left for Cloquet Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Cavenaugh, of Hibbing, were in the city Wednesday.

Mrs. E. Wesley and Miss Stella Thebe, of Anone, Minn., were in the city Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Heiberg, of Hibbing, were here Wednesday.

S. C. Hand and wife, of Dubuque, Iowa, were in the city Tuesday.

J. W. Thortes, of Iron River, was in the city Thursday.

Mrs. Cora Kennedy was in Duluth Thursday.

The Misses Congdon were in Duluth Thursday.

Mrs. Dr. Delabarre, of St. Paul, is visiting here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Congdon.

TWO HARBORS

Two Harbors, July 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—The social given Saturday evening by the Ladies' Aid society of the Norwegian Lutheran church proved a very successful affair both financially and socially.

Dr. W. B. Goldsworthy and some friends spent a few days this week fishing at Split Rock river.

Mrs. E. L. Ogle is visiting with the family of Thomas Owens for a few weeks.

The Two Harbors ball club having defeated the regular Cloquet, Minn., team Sunday, will play the Cloquet Indians at the home grounds tomorrow.

The ladies of the Swedish Lutheran church gave a very pleasant social at their church Friday evening.

Ore business still continues good, though the boats seem to barely keep up with the receipts. The shipments for the month will probably be between 650,000 and 700,000 tons.

T. H. Driscoll, formerly of the National Bowling alley, has gone to Ely, where he has accepted a position.

Miss Emma Jensen departed Sunday for an extended visit at her old home in Denmark.

Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Settser, of Chicago, visited at the home of F. W. Tensiba a few days this week.

The Probeck building on First avenue, which was recently damaged by fire, is being thoroughly overhauled and repairs made.

The marriage of C. F. Loerke and Miss Anna Raymond, both well-known young people here, is announced.

Yardmaster W. L. Patterson of Endion was in town Monday on business.

Coal receipts still continue good. The steamer John Ericsson discharged a cargo the early part of the week, and two other boats are reported due with cargoes.

A short session served to clean up business on hand at Monday evening's council meeting. President Bryan reported the reappointment of John Dwan and E. A. Daniels as members of the public library board and F. F. James appointed, vice Rev. H. F. Gilt resigned, and appointments were approved. Application from P. O. Peterson for permission to repair his building, lot 13, block 5, was referred for inspection and report at next meeting. The committee on buildings reported bids for the mason work and plumbing work for the proposed village jail as follows: N. Freeberg, mason work except foundation, $310; stone foundatilh, $7 per cord; John Strom, mason work, $280; foundation, $6 per cord; P. G. Pastoret, plumbing, $325; L. R. Erickson, plumbing, $338. The matter was referred back with instructions to procure estimates on building complete. Bills amounting to $207.41 were allowed. The matter of designating depositories for the village funds for the year commencing Aug. 1 will be brought up at next meeting.

W. E. Bender, of Sparta, was down over Sunday for a fishing trip.

Superintendent D. J. Curry of the Alger-Smith company's tie and cedar business, was in town Monday on business.

Mrs. Vanderboom and daughter Amelia have gone to Marquette, Mich., their former home, for a few weeks' visit.

By jumping a wheel under a loaded ore car on a southbound train at Cloquet River Wednesday afternoon, which caused the car to jump the track, wrecking twelve other loaded steel cars and partially wrecking the same, distance and delayed traffic for three hours. Luckily no one was injured, but the wreck has been the worst so far since the ore season began. It required two days' time to pick up the wreckage.

Yens Christenson, formerly of Manston, Minn., was brought before Judge of Probate Hannon Saturday and ordered committed to the state asylum at Fergus Falls. Minn. He was taken to the institution by Sheriff Nelson.

Mr. and Mrs. John O'Malley have returned home from Chicago.

Messrs. John Norden and L. Stube spent Sunday fishing at the Gooseberry river.

The National Protective legion will give a social after their meeting at the Odd Fellows' hall this evening. A small admission fee will be charged.

The steamer Coffinberry took on a cargo of lumber here this week from the Ely mills.

At the annual school meeting Sunday evening George Sanford was re-elected director. A tax of $24,900 was levied for the ensuing year and $800 was appropriated for the building of a school house at Mile 32, for use of the Waldo settlement. The salary of the school and treasurer was set at $150 for the year. Work on the Waldo building will be commenced at once.

John McAlpine will get out some more timber at Mile 46 the coming week for the St. Louis mill at Duluth.

The county commissioners have accepted the plans of Architect James McLeod, of St. Paul, for the new court house, and have asked for bids for the construction of same, bids to be received before 10 a. m. Tuesday, Aug. 9, 1904, and to be accompanied by certified check for 5 per cent of amount bid. The building will cost in the neighborhood of $50,000.

McKINLEY

McKinley, July 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The heavy rain storm of Saturday did considerable, though not serious, damage to the Duluth & Iron Range tracks, causing several small washouts, though not bad enough to delay traffic. The rain was the heaviest of the season and was much needed, the woods being exceedingly dry.

The La Belle mine started their steam shovel again this week to load a couple of cargoes of ore.

A special train was run from Sparta Saturday evening to bring the voters down to the school election. The old officers were re-elected.

George Smith has resumed his duties as conductor on the Virginia passenger.

Ore business still continues good, and if the present rate keeps up the outlook for winter work and stockpiling is bright.

BRAINERD.

Brainerd, July 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—The firm of Twetley & Reis, who were burned out recently, have dissolved partnership in the dry goods business on Seventh street and Mr. Reis will conduct the business alone in the future.

Wild berries seem to be in abundance in Crow Wing county this year. The blueberry crop is the largest for many years and the raspberries and strawberries also look favorable.

Gus. Luebke, who fell off a freight car near the Brainerd Lumber company's mill last week and had his leg cut off above the knee, died Wednesday at the N. P. sanitarium.

Adolf Johnson, while in a drunken state, went over to William Teberg at Nokay lake and turned everything upside down and also upset the lamp and caused the kerosene to become ignited, which severely burned Mr. Teberg's daughter, about the face and arms. She has been brought to the city hospital and Mr. Johnson is under arrest. He claims he was so drunk that he did not know what he was doing.

Frank Murray, on Saturday last, while working in the machine shop, was overcome with heat and for a time he was in a very critical condition.

Brainerd ball team went down Sunday last to Little Falls and won a game, score being 4 to 3 in favor of Brainerd.

The fire department was again called out Sunday afternoon last to an alarm turned in from Northeast Brainerd, the boarding house of J. Lovelace being on fire. There being a run of nearly three miles for the team the fire had a good chance to make headway. The building was totally burned as was also the furniture. Loss, $2000; insurance, $1000.

B. W. Talcott has accepted a position with the Brainerd Arena.

J. A. Jackson was injured at the mill Monday by having a door fall on his head and inflicting quite a severe wound.

Dr. Belse has returned from Mapleton, where he went to visit with his mother, who was very sick. During his stay there she died.

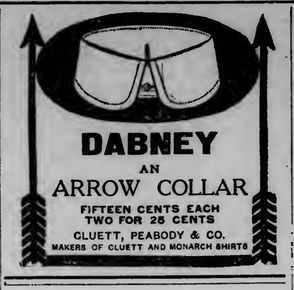
D. M. Clark is erecting a large warehouse on South Fifth street to take the place of the wooden structure that burned some time ago on North Sixth street. The building will be 50x150 and solid brick.

After spending two months in Germany, J. C. Hessel has arrived in the city and reports a very enjoyable trip.

Eva Rocks was arrested last night for driving in a very promiscuous manner about the city and also pleaded guilty for being drunk in court. She paid her fine of $1.00.

A reception was tendered Friday evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Dunn by the members of the C. O. F. and wives at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Werner Hemstead. Mr. Dunn is one of the most popular druggists in the city and has just returned from his wedding trip in the southern part of the state.

Andrew Nelson has returned from Denmark, where he has spent the last three or four months. It is a pleasure to hear him tell now he nearly boarded the ill-fated steamer Norge, but a little incident happened which caused him to wait a week longer, although having purchased his ticket for that boat.



DABNEY
AN
ARROW COLLAR
FIFTEEN CENTS EACH
TWO FOR 25 CENTS
CLUETT, PEABODY & CO.
MAKERS OF CLUETT AND MONARCH SHIRTS

NEW DULUTH

New Duluth, July 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Albert Laidley expects her sister, Mrs. Alice Shea, of St. Paul, to visit her today.

Miss Mae Wilson has gone to Superior this week to play at the Grand Opera house. Miss Wilson expects to go to Winnipeg the first of August to play in one of the theaters there, until the first of September. From Winnipeg she will go to Eau Claire for the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. I. J. Mahoney have moved their household goods into one of the Land company's houses, while Mr. Mohoney's house is being raised to move it to Duluth. The house will be moved to the dock and taken from there down the river on a scow to Twenty-sixth avenue west, where a lot has been bought on Second street. Mr. and Mrs. Mahoney and family are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Mahoney, at present.

Miss Anna Wilson is expected home Monday from the fair at St. Louis, where she has spent the summer.

Mrs. William Smith gave a sweet pea party Wednesday afternoon for a number of lady friends. Dainty refreshments were served and a very pleasant afternoon was spent. Those present were Mrs. H. E. Smith, Mrs. Rudolph Dietz, Miss Katheryn Nozeill and Miss Dorothy Owens, of Crystal Springs, Minn.

Miss Gertrude McCuen is spending the week with Miss Grace Bartz.

Miss May Saunders, of Whitewood, Canada, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Wilson and family Saturday.

Mrs. E. Smith expects Miss Anna McGregor, of Stacy, Minn., to visit her next week.

Frank Brand has rented a store building on Sixty-seventh avenue in West Duluth, which will move from the old part of this store there. Mr. Brand will take charge of the West Duluth store and Joseph Rutter will look after the business in New Duluth. Mrs. Brand and children will remain in New Duluth for the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. James W. Salter gave a very pleasant party Saturday evening in honor of their niece, Miss Jennie Simpson, of Barnum, who is their guest. Cards were the amusement of the evening and a very delightful time was had. A delicious luncheon was served. Those present were Messrs. and Mesdames Vernon Laidley, Rudolph Dietz, H. E. Smith and James Salter, Sr., Mesdames A. Domm, J. Lockhart, A. Wilson; Misses Betsy Duclett, Georgia McKay, Alleda Gilbertson, Essie McKay, May Thayer, Bessie Polar, of Carlton; Jennie Simpson, of Barnum; Dorothy Owens, of Crystal Springs; Jennie Hicks, Katheryn Noacill, Bertha Jarosch, Luella Lockhart, Louise Domm, Irene Glazier and Ethel Mahoney; Messrs. Otto Domm, Herbert Thayer, Charles Bartz, Wilburt Mahoney, Louis Fischer, Peter Scott, Alfred Olson, Millard Domm, James H. Salter, Fred Salter, Percy Salter, Herbert Salter and George Salter.

A. G. Messer has sold his house and two lots on One Hundred and Second avenue to C. Christopherson.

SPARTA

Sparta, July 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—The St. Louis River Log company has commenced driving the logs out of Ely lake. Maurice Irwin came up Monday from Cloquet with seventy drivers. There was 3,000,000 feet in the lake and about half of the logs has been sloued out into the creek leading to the St. Louis river. It is doubtful if the company will be successful in getting the rest out owing to the low stage of the water. On Wednesday the logs jammed for six miles, and the jam was broken with great difficulty.

C. H. Munger, district manager for the Pickands-Mather interests, was in town Thursday inspecting the Sparta and Malta mines.

The Genoa mine paid off their employes today.

Peter Johnson has opened a baker shop here and will carry a stock of confectionary.

One of Sparta's young men is in a great way, all caused by his habit of talking in his sleep. It seems he is in love with one of Sparta's young ladies, his love being so ardent that it causes him to talk in his sleep. His roommate gave the whole story away, and the young man is buying cigars in order to call the boys off.

Mrs. James Haskins visited friends in Eveleth Friday.

John Forker contemplates opening a blacksmith shop in the near future.

Chief of Police Pat Sullivan of Virginia was in town Thursday on business.

Mrs. Louis Shurman visited with friends in Eveleth Monday.

Frank Klink, of McKinley, was in town Friday on business.

Mrs. A. J. Sullivan went to Duluth Monday morning, returning Monday evening.

The Steel corporation generously donated $100 to the Finnish Lutheran church here to assist in paying off the mortgage. The Finns feel very grateful to Mr. T. F. Cole for same.

Mrs. Sam Luke and Mrs. Ed Coombs did shopping in Eveleth Friday.

WALKER

Walker, Minn., July 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Judge McGarry, after an illness of many months, gradually growing worse and ultimately necessitating his removal to the asylum for the insane at Fergus Falls, died in that institution Saturday morning.

At the annual school meeting for this district, S. C. Hanley was elected treasurer, but the present incumbent had a letter from the attorney general stating that under the new law providing for election of trustees at the general elections in the fall no officer would be elected at the annual meeting of the district. Treasurer Waite therefore declines to yield the office to Hanley. The meeting voted for expenditures of $43,625 during the coming year. Next meeting will be held at Poplar. A strong effort was made to have it held at Pine River and away from the locality in which it has always been held since the district was organized, but the stand-patters were too numerous.

The lawn social given by the Ladies' Aid society at the residence of Mrs. Vandersluis Wed esday evening was a most suhessful affair and the ladies realized about $20 clear of expenses.

Checks were made out Tuesday by the state board of control at St. Paul for the land for the sanitorium here. Considerable trouble was experienced in getting title to some of the tracts but the titles have now been cleared up.

Mrs. Booth left for Minneapolis Tuesday and will return next week.

Mrs. Culbertson is visiting friends in Sauk Center.

Walker friends of Miss Maude Davis, of Brainerd, have received cards announcing her approaching marriage to Dr. S. W. Bowers, of the Northern Pacific hospital at Brainerd. Miss Davis has spent a great deal of her time in Walker this summer. The wedding is to occur next Tuesday.

Examinations for teachers' state certificates will be held in Walker and Pillager Aug. 1, 2 and 3.

Mrs. Demetria Bakeman and her sister, Mrs. Mahuldah Ballman, both of Postville, Iowa, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. W Stowell, of Lake Alice. Mrs. Ballman has an eye to business and is looking the land over around Lake Alice with a view to locating here in the near future.

Archdeacon Appleby held Episcopal services at the old and new agencies Sunday.

A. L. Cole took a party of friends on a trip to Bear island Sunday on the Earl.

The White Swan made a trip to the Leech river dam Sunday and a large number of summer visitors enjoyed the outing on the lake.

Mr. Wieder came up from Minneapolis Saturday and spent Sunday with his wife and daughter here.

Mrs. Resenquist, of Minneapolis, who has been spending several weeks in Walker, left for home Tuesday.

Station Agent Hammer says he thoroughly enjoys the luxury of living away from the station. Since the return of Mrs. Hammer from Iowa recently, they have been occupying the Root cottage, where they will reside until the cool weather drives them back to their own quarters in the depot building.

MELLIN'S
FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS
TRADE MARK
FOOD

Puny babies become strong and robust babies when fed on Mellin's Food. Mellin's Food gives strength.

You will be glad that you sent for a sample of Mellin's Food when you see how eagerly baby takes it.

MELLIN'S FOOD CO., BOSTON, MASS.

PROCTOR

Proctor, July 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—The concert which was given by the Epworth league in the village hall last Saturday evening was a success, but owing to the heavy rain the attendance was not as large as expected. The Epworth league is very grateful for the aid lent them in the program by the Misses Eva Faukner, Florence Williams and Annie Casey, of Duluth, and Miss Shuster, of Superior, and also to all those of Proctor who lent their assistance.

Miss Stewart, of Eau Claire, Wis., is spending a couple of weeks visiting with her brother, W. H. Stewart.

A party was given for Miss Etta Beutner on the 14th inst. at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Bouscher, where she is visiting. A number of Proctor's young ladies met and spent the afternoon with Miss Beutner and presented her with a beautiful ring in celebration of her eighteenth birthday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jollymore and their daughter, Ella, have returned from Fall Creek, where Mrs. Jollymore has been spending the summer under a specialist's care, but she returns home not much improved in health.

Mr. and Mrs. McCarty have moved into the building which used to be known as the Proctorknott land office, but which has been remodelled into a dwelling.

Mr. Gauthier will move next week into the house on Third street west, which was lately vacated by Mrs. Fields.

Mrs. F. Carlson and Miss Georgia Ellis leave today for Minneapolis, where they will attend the first annual state convention of the Epworth league.

The Epworth league held a business meeting in the church on Monday evening and the following officers were elected to serve till January 1, 1905: Rev. A. B. Calder, president; Mrs. H. O. Smith, first vice president; Mrs. O. J. Wilson, third vice president; Mrs. J. Whyte, fourth vice president; Miss Nellie Shunk, secretary; Miss Georgia Ellis, treasurer.

The Western Gun club held a shoot here yesterday and the scores were: Wilk, of St. Paul, first money, 141 out of 150 birds; Parker, of Minneapolis, second money, 140; Storey, of Duluth, third, 138; Clang, of Spirit Lake, Iowa, 132; Parmalee, of Virginia and Cuppill, 131; Nelson, of Duluth, sixth, 127; Fulton, of Duluth, seventh, 124; Moultoa, of Minneapolis, eighth, 120; Berry, of Duluth, ninth, 116.

NEGAUNEE

Negaunee, July 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Ferdinand Winter, a prominent resident of Negaunee, and one of the early settlers of Houghton county, where he resided some years before moving to this city, died Thursday morning. The deceased is survived by his widow, three sons and three daughters, all of whom reside here. The sons are Joseph, Frank and George Winter, and the daughters, Mrs. Axel Ethler, Mrs. Harry Trombath and Mrs. Peter Trudell, Jr.

Mrs. Dolphis St. Antoine, of Canada, who has been visiting relatives the past few days, is spending a few days at Iark River. Mrs. St. Antoine formerly lived at Ishpeming, having left that city for Canada about fifteen years ago.

Mrs. M. Sullivan and three other Negaunee people left Thursday on the South Shore's excursion to the shrine of Ste. Anne de Beaupre.

T. F. Cole and W. J. Olcott of the Oliver Iron Mining company, and Mr. Rain, are old personal friends of Mr. Olcott, from the east, were in Negaunee Wednesday looking over the Steel corporation properties.

Mrs. Rosen is here from Muskegon, Mich., visiting her son, Sam Rosen, and family. She was accompanied to the city by her grandson, Leo Rosen, who spent the past two months with her at Muskegon.

Mrs. William Steele of Rockland, who spent the past few weeks with relatives here, has gonee to Fond du Lac to visit a short time before returning to her home.

Miss Katherine McDonald left Thursday for St. Paul and Minneapolis, where she will spend ten days visiting friends.

Mrs. Nan Streeter of Houghton is spending a few days at the home of Mrs. A. C. Mackenzie.

John Broad has gone to Eveleth, where he takes a position as chemist at one of the mines of the Oliver Iron Mining company. He succeeds H. S. Sherman, who takes the superintendency of the Colorado mine.

Barny McNally, who has had charge of the Negaunee gas plant, has given up the position on account of ill health, having been ailing for over a year past.

Harold Mitchell has gone to Chisholm, Minn., to do diamond drill work under his father.

The Misses Gleason of Gladstone, former residents of Republic, were Negaunee visitors Wednesday.

Mrs. T. H. Gibson hase returned to her home at Mass City, after a two weeks visit with her sister, Mrs. G. H. Harris.

Mrs. G. M. Atkinson returned to her home at Green Bay Thursday after a visit with her parents, James T. Poley and wife, in this city.

Miss Myra Martell left Tuesday for Canada on a visit of three weeks or a month. She was accompanied by Miss Rose Morell of Ishpeming.

William Westemeyer has resigned as engineer at the water works station, and has returned to his former work as ment cutter with Hugo Much. Frank Larson succeeds him.

Michael Kelly of Negaunee and a young man named Larson of Ishpeming, both experienced diamond drill men, left Tuesday for Mexico, where they have secured positions.

G. J. Flynn spent Tuesday at Sault Ste Marie, on business connected with the firemen's tournament.

Nels Anderson has returned from an outing at P. C. Peterson's farm. Mrs. Anderson will leave tomorrow for Ironwood to be absent a week or two on a visit with relatives.

Joseph Penglase came up from Chicago Wednesday and remained here with his folks until Thursday evening, when he departed for Sault Ste Marie, where he takes a position with McArthur Bros. His brothers, George and Robert are holding responsible positions with the firm.

Mrs. George Faulkner, who came to Negaunee last week to attend the funeral of the late Mrs. William Staple, returned to her home at Crystal Falls, Tuesday. She will leave soon for Black Hills, where her husband is working. Mrs. Faulkner formerly lived in Negaunee, leaving here about three years ago for Crystal Falls.

A. E. Seaman and George Corey of Houghton were Negaunee visitors Thursday.

Meador Gauthier, Negaunee's oldest resident, and his son Noel, arrived home yesterday morning from Montana, where they spent the past three weeks visiting two of the old gentlemen's brothers.

Clifford Barabe, who left about three weeks ago for the Belmore Bay gold mine, is expected back within the next few days. Mr. Barabe went to the property to make a thorough examination of the workings. He also is to ship 1000 pounds of the rock to one of the mills at the copper country, where it will be treated. The result of the mill test will be awaited with much interest by the shareholders.

Ole Rasmussen has gone to Green Bay to spend a few days with his people, who moved down there about a month ago.

Arthur Jobe will leave Friday for Lead City, S. D., where he expects to locate permanently. He has not secured a position, but he has friends who have promised to help him get located. He will be accompanied as far as Chicago by his mother, Mrs. Nicholas Jobe, who goes to New York to meet a sister coming over from England. The new-comer will reside in this city.

Mrs. Christina Hansen, an old resident of Negaunee, died Thursday afternoon at the home of her son-in-law, James Johnson, with whom she had lived for some years past. Her age was seventy years.

Fred Menhemmet, who left Negaunee a few months ago to take charge of the Buehl mine on the Mesaba range, is spending a few days with his family here. The Buehl is working a force of eighty men, with prospects of an increase in the number a month or so later, when shipments begin.

BIWABIK.

Biwabik, July 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. William Carmichael left Monday for Duluth, where she will spend the week as a guest of friends.

James Verrill and little daughter left the first of the week for St. Paul, where they will take up their residence.

Mrs. Brown and daughter Miss Fannie, of Duluth, are in Biwabik this week, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Dane.

Paul Gooch, who was injured last week while at work near a steam shovel at the Biwabik mine, is now recovering from his injuries, and it is reported that he will be able to be out in a few days.

The Biwabik junior baseball team went over to McKinley Saturday afternoon and defeated the McKinley boys by a score of 15 to 2.

James Scanlon, of Virginia, formerly residing here, renewed acquaintances the first of the week, returning Tuesday.

Victor Johnson, of Ironwood, Mich., at one time a local resident, was here Monday on his way back from a Finn convention, which he attended at Buhl.

Owing to the tremendous downpour Saturday evening the election at the school house of officers was attended by a very small crowd. William Carmichael, the present treasurer, was re-elected by a unanimous vote for a term of three years. The only other business transacted was the voting of a compensation to the officers for the services of the past year.

The Biwabik band, after an auspicious beginning, has disbanded for the present owing to internal dissentions. There is some talk of a reorganization in the near future.

Mr. and Mrs. Murdoch McDonald, of Virginia, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. William Smith Sunday.

Miss Clem Smith returned home Sunday after a two weeks' visit with relatives at Virginia.

Mrs. Joseph Gardner, of Soudan, was a guest of friends here the first of the week.

Mrs. C. P. Olson, of West Duluth, arrived here Saturday for a visit with friends.

Miss Annie Enright returned to Two Harbors Monday, after a two days' visit here with her mother.

Arthur Zimmerly, of Pettit, is spending a few days in Biwabik. He injured his back while rolling a log with a cant hook, and has taken a few days' vacation on that account.

Mrs. Larson sued Seraphina Damiana Monday in Judge Flemming's court, for injuries sustained by the plaintiff's heifer through the unruliness of Damiana's horse. It appeared that Damiana's horse kicked the heifer into a pool of water, in which it drowned. Judge Flemming assessed the damage at $18, which Damiana paid.

Biwabik had its first touch of real sweltering heat Saturday and Sunday, but fortunately the evenings were considerably cooled by heavy rainstorms. The maximum temperature Saturday was 95 degrees in the shade, and on Sunday the thermometer only registered 3 degrees less.

Mrs. Charles Sampson, of Ashland, Wis., arrived here Wednesday, and is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Morrill.

Mrs. Paul Wurtz, of Eveleth, visited with friends here Wednesday.

Mrs. Tom Kenna and children, of Duluth, who formerly lived here, are visiting here this week with Mr. and Mrs. John Guess.

Mr. and Mrs. George Smith and little son returned Thursday from Minneapolis, where they spent the greater part of the week.

M. Rabinowitz went to Eveleth Thursday, where he will attend the Mesberg-Lavick nuptials at that place.

Miss Bessie Sampson, of Houghton, Mich., arrived here Wednesday for a visit with her friend Mrs. C. H. Morrill. Mrs. Morrill went to Duluth to meet her.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bele, of Nashwauk, arrived here Thursday and will spend the week visiting with local friends.

Mrs. Hissonen returned Friday morning from a short visit at Elba.

F. W. Wade returned to Duluth Friday, after a short stay here. He held the position of night operator at the Missabe depot.

Mrs. J. H. Flemming entertained a number of little girls Thursday, in honor of Marie Flemming's birthday.

Mrs. Ed Kinney visited with friends at Virginia Friday.

Mrs. Andrew Thomson visited friends at Elba Wednesday.

Mrs. W. B. Shank was an Eveleth visitor Thursday.

Rev. R. Sanderson, of Ely, was in Biwabik Thursday and held services at the M. E. church.

TO THE GATES OF THE WORLD'S FAIR



MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS R.R.
TRAINS
STOP AT THE MAIN ENTRANCE AND THE ST. LOUIS UNION DEPOT
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GRAND RAPIDS

Grand Rapids, July 23.—Louis Hall, who is accused of stealing a sack of clothes from Louis Applegate at Deer River, was brought back from Cass Lake one day last week, arraigned before Justice McEwan on the charge of grand larceny in the second degree. He was bound over to the grand jury.

At the recent annual meeting of the First State bank, David Vermilyea was appointed assistant cashier.

Rev. C. E. Murphy, rector of the Episcopal church at Wadena, will take his vacation at Grand Rapids, and for about a month will conduct services at the Episcopal church, beginning next Sunday.

Olaf Wallin and Ida Jornsen, of Cohasset, were married Tuesday afternoon at the court house, Justice T. W. Sims officiating. They were attended by Carl Westerhaug, of Cohasset, and Ida Edstrom, of Grand Rapids.

The school election which took place last Saturday night at the village hall, proved one of the most hotly contested that the village has ever seen. It resulted in the election of F. E. Reusswig for school director over Henry Hughes, the present incumbent, by three votes.

The Itasca county Republicans are getting in shape for the next campaign, and already the chairman of the county organization, I. L. Rassmussen, has appointed the county committee. This committee is made up of a worker in each precinct.

Mr. and Mrs. William Lawson, of Duluth, will soon take up their residence in Grand Rapids. Mr. Lawson travels for the Cudahy Packing company, and finds that a residence in Grand Rapids will be more convenient for his business.

Hulett C. Merrit

party at the Finn all Thursday evening. Fifteen tables played cinch and refreshments were served at midnight. Many people came in and took refreshments during the evening and the ladies cleared about $50.

Dr. W. E. Harwood and daughter Helen arrived home Thursday evening from their trip South.

Nell McInnis attended the board of equalization meeting in Duluth Monday.

Father Hogan, of Virginia, was in town Tuesday, accompanied by Father Floyd of Duluth, who is to be pastor for the new St. Patrick's Catholic church just nearing completion.

Word was received Friday from C. Vandell, who had started with his family for Quebec, that he had been robbed of $180.

J. Baldi has sold his residence opposite the More hospital to Dr. C. W. Bullen.

A. T. Biscoe, formerly of St. Paul, has accepted a position with the Eveleth pharmacy.

Miss Eleanor Palmer, who has spent the past year with her aunt, Mrs. J. C. Bradford, will leave Monday for her home near Appleton, Wis. She has made many friends during her stay in Eveleth who will regret to see her leave.

James Falk, the veteran Eveleth merchant, has decided to run for sheriff of St. Louis county.

St. Mary's lake is becoming a real resort for Eveleth people. Sunday the lake shore and picnic grounds were thronged with people, both from here, Virginia and Sparta.

C. Clark, the plumber, was over from Hibbing Friday.

Siegal Bros. are adding their Hibbing stock to their Eveleth and will discontinue their store at Hibbing.

Eveleth people much appreciate the convenience of having Sunday mail, which was begun Sunday last.

Carl F. Stillman was over Sunday from Hibbing. His marriage to Miss Fanchon Barrett is to take place Aug. 17.

Mrs. W. E. Harwood entertained eight young girls in honor of Miss Gertrude Trezona, of California, last Wednesday. Games were played and refreshments served on the lawn. Those entertained were: Miss Trezona, Miss Kingston, Misses Fanchon and Corrie Barrett, Miss Dingwall, of Milwaukee, and Mrs. C. W. More and Mrs. W. H. Plummer, who played as substitutes.

F. L. Bannon and wife have returned from Duluth.

Superintendent A. J. Lutes and wife and Mr. and Mrs. Henry Seeley were over from Biwabik Monday night in Mr. Lutes' handsome automobile. They report the road in excellent shape between the towns.

Mayor P. R. Vail was in town last week from Ely. He stated he much enjoyed seeing the efficiency and promptness of the Eveleth fire department, which he observed getting in readiness for what they expected was a fire, but which proved to be a false alarm.

CASS LAKE

Cass Lake, July 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—I. P. Gardner, the representative of Maj. Scott, who is surveying the boundaries of the Indian allotments, returned on Sunday night from a visit with relatives in Wisconsin.

It is the intention of the parties who recently purchased the old Scanlon-Gilpen hotel to move the same onto lots at the corner of First street and Second avenue west.

The Swan River Logging company is progressing nicely with their logging at Wilkinson, and the logging trains are now hauling the timber over to Grand Rapids, where they are being dumped into the river. M. H. Gregory and J. C. Elliott have been designated by Superintendent of Logging O'Neil to act as the government scalers at the camp.

H. H. McNamara, the bookkeeper for the Cass Lake Land company, returned on Monday evening from Minneapolis, where he went several days ago to consult an oculist regarding his eyes. The oculist told Mr. McNamara that he must refrain absolutely from any office work whatever for some time to come.

H. E. Reed and wife and children returned on Saturday last from Chicago, where Mrs. Reed and the little ones have been visiting for several months, the guests of Mrs. Reed's mother.

Mrs. G. E. Pennock and daughter, Beulah, of St. Paul, arrived in Cass Lake last Saturday and have been the guests of Mrs. D. L. Stanton, who is a sister of Mrs. Stanton.

The local lodge of W. O. C. F. will give a dance and festival at Burns' hall on next Tuesday evening.

Albert Marshik received a telegram announcing that his mother, Mrs. Mary Marshik, had died at about midnight on Saturday night. Mrs. Marshik was a resident of the town of Pierz, a small place sixteen miles east of Little Falls, where she had lived for a number of years.

Miss Kittie Welsh, of Duluth, arrived in Cass Lake last Saturday and will remain in this vicinity for some time, visiting with her brother, T. J. Welsh.

Little Hazel Pease, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Pease, left on Monday morning for Clarissa, to visit with her aunt, Mrs. Van Osdel, for several days.

D. D. Harger, of Bemidji, who is the deputy state organizer for the Maccabees, has been in Cass Lake during the past week, and has succeeded in installing the breath of life into the local tent of that order.

J. J. Gardner, Jr., left on Thursday morning for Park Rapids, where he will visit for several days with Thomas Nery, Jr.

August Miehlenbrook and Miss Minnie Broadbent were united in marriage, at the M. E. parsonage last Sunday evening, Rev. Mr. Thompson performing the ceremony. Only a few of the intimate friends of the bride and groom were present.

ELY

Ely, July 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Cyril Fortier, of White Iron Lake, left Monday morning for a couple of months' visit at his old home in Quebec.

A number of the high school scholars gave a picnic at Sandy Point last Saturday afternoon in honor of their old schoolmates, Lydia Whitesides, and her friend, Miss Payne, of Duluth. A good time was had and all returned in the evening much pleased with their outing.

Mayor Vail left Monday morning for a business visit of several days' duration in Duluth and Hibbing.

Rev. Saunderson, of the Methodist church, and the boys attending his Sunday school class, are enjoying the week camping out on the lake shore at Longstorff bay.

Mrs. Henry McDermid and daughter, May, of Iron Mountain, Mich., are spending a couple of weeks at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Matt Gleason, of this city.

William Bewkley, who has been in the Pelican Lake country for several months past, returned to Ely Saturday.

Matt Spreitzer, the tailor, spent a couple of days in Eveleth his week.

Frank Gates left Tuesday morning for the Fayal, at Eveleth, where he has secured employment.

Adolph Weiss, who has been spending a month in Ely, left Sunday afternoon for Hibbing. He will return to Ely in about a week.

Miss Mary Wertenin returned Monday evening from her two weeks' visit with her sister in Duluth.

Mrs. George Holmer and children, who have been visiting in Duluth since the Fourth, returned Monday evening.

The Misses Reid, of Duluth, who have been visiting at the home of Capt. and Mrs. Ball, of this city, returned to their home Tuesday.

Alex. Smith returned from Duluth on Saturday and resumed his position with the American Bridge company on the steel shaft house.

Edward Wakefield left Tuesday morning for Butte City, Mont., where he has secured employment. His family will follow later.

Dr. Parker, of the hospital, left Tuesday morning for St Louis, Mo., where he will take in the exposition.

Mrs. Capt. Bole is spending the week in Soudan, the guest of her daughter, Mrs. H. E. Wender.

Ben Horovitz left Thursday morning for a business visit in Hibbing.

Al Kolstadt is suffering from an attack of quinsy and sore throat.

County Attorney McClintock was in Ely Thursday. He also visited in Winton.

Miss Nellie Nolan and Miss Helen Grant were Winton visitors Thursday afternoon.

John Serapline, of the Ely Miner, who has been at the St. Louis exposition, returned Monday. He reports a good time.

Mrs. James White was a Duluth visitor Thursday.

Mrs. Sam Rapson and chidren were spending several days in Duluth this week, returning Thursday evening.

Mrs. A. McLeod, of Butte City, Mont., who has been visiting at the home of her mother, Mrs. A Harrio, of this place, for the past two months, left for her home Thursday morning. She was accompanied as far as Duluth by her sister, Miss Annie Harrio.

The trustees of the Presbyterian church gave an ice cream and cake social in the Kinney building on Friday evening which was well atended and a neat sum was realzed for the benefit of the church.

John Mattson, the young man who was blasted at the Zenith several weeks ago, came out of the hospital Thursday minus one eye and with several oher injuries of a slight character.

Work is now progressing rapidly on the new watermains between Harvey and Chapman streets.

At a meeting of the school board, held Wednesday night, the contract for painting the four school houses in the district was awarded to J. E. McDonald for the sum of $360.

The annual school electon was held here Saturday. Grant McMahon, the retiring director, was re-elected unanimously, 113 votes being cast, he securing the entire number.

David Brown, of this city, has been appointed a member of the St. Louis county Democratic committee.

On Thursday evening, about 8 o'clock, fire was discovered in the blacksmith shop at the Pioneer mine and the alarm was quickly turned in. The firemen reported quickly, but owing to the distance from town considerable damage was done before their arrival. The building will be almost an entire loss, but most of the tools, etc., were saved. The los is partly covered by insurance.

Edward Hayes, Isaac Cowling and James Roberts have enlisted with Uncle Sam and left for Duluth Friday Several other young men enlisted, but failed to pass the medical examination.

Sam Kooski, a Finlander, died here on Tuesday from consumption and was buried Wednesday afternoon. He was 41 years of age and leaves a family in Europe.

A number of our young folks enjoyed a drive to Winton Thursday night. The following composed the party: Misses Whitesides and Payne, Duluth; Misses Lingren, Thomas, Tomss, Hedloff and Brown, of Ely; Miss Miller, Milwaukee, and Miss Orjers, Soudan; Messrs. Rube and Arthur Tomis, Odjers, Olds, Childers, Phillips and Brown, while A. J. Thomas acted propriety.

FRAZEE

Frazee, July 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—T. W. Cillton, wife and son, have left West Point on their way home and will be here the end of the week.

Misses Alexander and Phelps, who are attending summer school at Ada, expect to be home the first week in August.

The annual school meeting was held Saturday evening and I. J. Collins was elected chairman, and Peter Schroeder, clerk. The two new officers elected for the ensuing year were Fred W. Clayton and Peter Schroeder, both without opposition.

On Sunday the 16-year-old son of Nestor Hinonen was drowned in Bass Lake while bathing. A number of companions were with him, but they were unable to save the boy's life.

Hon. A. H. Wilcox is visiting at Duluth on business and for the good of his health.

Miss Alvina Smaltz and Gottlieb Madl were married Friday at Toad Lake at the bride's home. A large number of friends were present.

Mr. and Mrs. Shabbahar are entertaining their two nieces from Moorhead for two weeks.

MIDWAY

Midway, July 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. D. H. Peterson is visiting with friends in Duluth this week.

Carl O. Wahlin, who has just closed a very successful term at parochial school, was given a pleasant surprise party on Thursday evening this week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. August Magnusson.

Deputy Sheriffs Randall and Bates called upon the residents of this place last Thursday. Mr. Bates is canvassing the county in the interest of his candidacy for the sheriff's office.

The annual school meeting last Saturday evening passed off very quietly. Olof Gulbranson was re-elected clerk for a term of three years.

The farmers are at present busily engaged with haying. A large number of hired hands are employed.

CLOQUET

Cloquet, July 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. D. W. Wood and family left Tuesday for an extended visit with relitives at Eau Claire, Wis.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Edwards, of Dansville, N. Y., are in the city, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. I. McNair.

Miss F. P. Thompson was a Duluth caller Monday.

Miss Stella Vincent left Monday for a week's visit with relatives in Duluth.

The ladies of the French court, Catholic Order of Foresters, and their families held a very enjoyable picnic at Chub lake Tuesday.

Miss Pearl Robideau left Wednesday for a three weeks' visit with relatives at Chippewa Falls, Wis.

Miss Mae Walsh, of Scanlon, spent Wednesday in Cloquet.

Miss Hattie Larson and her father have gone to Fergus Falls for a two weeks' visit with relatives.

Joseph Beaudoin and sister Maggie left Thursday for a two months' visit at Ottawa and other points in Canada.

Mrs. Joseph Loisel was a Duluth caller Thursday.

The Misses Busha spent Friday in Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Weyerhaeuser, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Dixon, Mrs. Pringle, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Poole, Mrs. James Peacha, Mrs. Stickney and J. F. Wilson drove to Fond du Lac Saturday and enjoyed an outing.

Mrs. L. M. Getchell, of Oakland, Cal., and Mrs. Jones, of Duluth, left for their homes Tuesday after a visit with Rev. and Mrs. F. C. Coolbaugh.

Miss Esther Tingwall, who has been the guest of her sister for the past two weeks, has returned to her home at River Falls, Wis.

T. A. Stewart has returned to Cloquet after an extended visit at Fairbault.

Miss Edna Schroeder and Miss Lauretta Evers, of Council Bluffs, Iowa, are in the city, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Campbell.

Miss Augusta Anderson spent Thursday in Duluth.

Dr. and Mrs. W. G. Dolan have returned from Bloomer, Wis.

The White Sox will go to Two Harbors Sunday, and it is expected that a very interesting game will be played.

At the annual school board election held last Saturday evening, William Kelly and W. H. Skemp were re-elected members of the school board.

M. F. O'Mera left last week for a trip through the West.

Merried, at the Catholic parsonage at Carlton, by Rev. Father Dwyer, Miss Maud Hannon and Ole W. Erickson. The bride is a popular young lady of Cloquet, having lived here for many years. The groom is a well-known railroad contractor and has many friends. Mr. and Mrs. Erickson will make their home on their farm a short distance from Cloquet.

Mrs. Jonas Della was a Duluth caller Thursday.

The White Sox played the Columbias, of Superior, last Sunday on the home grounds. The locals won by a score of 9 to 4.

Patrick Mellin and son, of Duluth, spent a day with Mr. and Mrs. John Long this week.

Miss Cassie Canute, of Minneapolis, formerly of Cloquet, is visiting friends in the city.

Miss Mattie Reed, of Logan, Iowa, is visiting with Miss Pearl Bisson.

Mrs. I. N. Peterman is dangerously ill.

The ladies' auxiliary of the Presbyterian church held a very enjoyable picnic at Chief lake Friday.

Miss Edna Fletcher spent a few days in Duluth this week.

IRON RIVER

Iron River, July 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—H. H. Hine, who was taken to St. Joseph's hospital in Ashland Friday morning, July 15, died Saturday morning, July 16. Mr. Hine has been a resident of Iron River for over a year past. His son, Ben Hine, with whom he made his home, took his remains to Litchfield, Minn., for burial.

Myron Reed, of Lake Nebagamon, was a visitor in this city last Wednesday. The judge has been a resident of Superior for many years.

The lifeless body of John Westlund was found by Gust Nelson and Charles Groth last Saturday night, at the home of Gust Nelson, where he always made his home when out of work. The place is about fifteen or sixteen miles from Iron River. Mr. Nelson had been out to George Barns, helping to build a barn for the week. He came home Saturday night to take care of his crop. When, on opening the door, he saw the lifeless form of his once companion lying on the bed. He at once notified the authorities. Judge N. W. Barker immediately summoned a jury and left for the scene. The body was brought to the city the same night after adjourning the inquest, until Tuesday, July 19, and a post mortem examination held by Drs. Tarter and Paterson. The inquest revealed that he had bought poison last winter for the purpose of poisoning wolves, and had never opened the bottle, until this time. The verdict was that the deceased came to his death by taking poison by his own hands for suicidal purpose. The deceased was a man 38 years old and single. He was a native of Sweden, and had been drinking hard for the last few years. He has a brother living in this country, somewhere in the West. His name is Matt Westlund.

Assemblyman C. F. Morris is the happy father of a bouncing baby boy presented to him last Saturday by his wife.

George Walker, station agent at Bemidji, Minn., for the Northern Pacific railway at that place, was visiting with his old friends in this city last Wednesday and Thursday.

Jerry Day returned last Wednesday from Northern Minnesota, where he has spent about a month cruising.

Undertaker J. W. Fowler was thrown from a rig last Sunday night while coming from Eight Mile lake. He escaped with but slight injuries. The night was very dark. The horses went on one side of the road and run over a stump and nearly upset, when he tumbled out in the road alongside of a log which lay along the road.

Under Sheriff Jerrad Welton, of Washburn, was in this city last Thursday on legal business.

Clerk of Circuit Court F. A. Bell was over from Washburn last Thursday on business.

Mrs. Richard Wochels took her daughter Martha to a hospital in Ashland last Wednesday for treatment. She is suffering from an attack of appendicities.

IRONWOOD

Ironwood, July 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss M. Walton returned to her home at Eveleth after an extended visit with relatives in this city.

A bouncing baby boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Ford, Monday.

H. J. Brady, of Wakefield, was in the city on business Friday.

Mrs. J. H. McLean and a number of friends were at the Sylivania club at Watersmeet all week.

Company I, of M. N. G., was inspected at the L. L. Wright school grounds Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, by Maj. Charles Vernon, of the regular army. The company made an excellent showing and Maj. Vernon pronounced the company one of the best drilled companies in the state.

R. R. Baker, of Oshkosh, was in the city on business Thursday.

Mrs. J. Courtney, who had been visiting with relatives in Duluth for some time, returned to the home of her daughter in Ironwood, Saturday.

N. W. Petmeir left Wednesday for Lake Linden, where he will visit friends and relatives for a short time.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Tobin returned Thursday from a wedding tour to the St. Louis fair.

J. H. Rought, of Negaunee, was in Ironwood Thursday on business.

Miss Helen Hein, of Stevens Point, Wis., was in the city all week visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Thomas E. Sullivan.

M. Gallinatti, a pioneer resident of Ironwood, died at his home Monday after an illness of several months. The deceased was 50 years of age and leaves a wife and four children to mourn his death. The deceased was well known in Ironwood, having been a resident of this city since the early days. The funeral occurred Wednesday from St. Ambrose church, Rev. Koebisch officiating. Interment was made in the Riverside cemetery.

Max Tyron, of Gogebic, visited with friends in the city Wednesday.

Miss E. McKee, of Rhinelander, was in the city all week, visiting with her sister, Mrs. P. J. Meagher.

O. N. Harkleroad, of Antigo, was in the city on business Wednesday.

Mrs. N. W. Pfimeir and children were at Wakefield, Mich., all week, visiting with friends.

William Hayes left Thursday evening for Montreal, Canada, where he will visit the shrine of St. Anne de Beaupre.

H. A. Lambert, of New York, was in Ironwood on business Wednesday.

VIRGINIA

Virginia, July 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Virginia baseball club defeated the Eveleth bunch of ball tossers at a very much one-sided contest last Sunday afternoon, the game being played on the local grounds. The score was 13 to 5. Griggs and Donnelly, the old high school battery, did the work for the locals, while "Buster" Dolan and Woodward, formed the battery for Eveleth.

Manager William D. Beslow, of the Mesaba Land & Manufacturing company, which controls the macaroni factory recently built in this city, had a very narraw escape from death by the bullet route Sunday afternoon last, his assailant being one Mike Calgaro, an Italian who had put money into the factory enterprise. Shares were sold in the corporation last spring at $5.00 per share. The factory was erected on lands under contract for deed from the firm of Stein & O'Rourke, agents for the South Side land company, and just as the manufacture of macaroni was about to begin, financial difficulties began to arise which were not foreseen by all the stockholders and a genuine family scrap ensued, the Sunday incident being one of them. Calgaro proved a very poor shot, only hitting the enemy once in the coat after firing three shots at close range. Early Monday morning he appeared at the Beslow home and stated he was sorry and every thing is lovely. The fight is still on among the promoters of the macaroni factory and has been left for the lawyers to finish.

The Duluth, Virginia & Rainy Lake railway company will give an excursion up their line tomorrow. The trip this time will be over the Sand Lake branh, a branch off the main line some eight miles north of this city. The day will be spent in fishing at many of the lakes on the line and the return trip will be started in time so that the party can reach here by 6 o'clock in the evening.

The marriage of Miss Lillian Mesberg, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Mesberg, of this city, to James Lavick, of Duluth, will take place at Fay's opera house Sunday evening at five o'clock, invitations to the event having been sent out to many range and Duluth friends, a very large crowd being expected. Presents are already being received by the happy young people. The occasion will be a memorable one in this city as preparations are going on in a lavish manner. In the evening a wedding supper will be served and dancing will be indulged in most of the time.

Anthony E. Shipley, bookkeeper at the First National bank, left yesterday for a weeks' visit at Milwaukee and other Wisconsin points.

A large fry of trout has been dumped in the Little Fork river some twenty-five miles north of here, the consignment having been shipped to and planted by Gust Johnson, alderman of the first ward here.

Two Finlanders got into a fight on the streets Sunday last and before any protection to the weaker one could be summoned he had been used for a chopping stick for the other. He was terribly slashed and bled profusely, but was soon dressed at the Lemont hospital and his "friend" was placed in the city lock up until Tuesday when he was given a hearing before the municipal judge, securing a sixty days board bill at the county's expense.

Rev. E. M. Catheart, of the M. E. church, accompanied by his family, were Duluth visitors the fore part of the week.

Editor Cuppernull went to Duluth Thursday to meet his wife who was returning from a months' visit with relatives at the southern part of the state.

Thos. R. Patterson has accepted the management of the Virginia baseball team and will hereafter, for the rest of the season anyway, have active charge of the players. The city council has instructed the street commissioner to fix up the ball grounds a little and a team and men have been doing some needed repairs thereon since Wednesday. The Rainy Lake club will play here Sunday, and a week from then the Grand Rapids team will be taken on for a game.

B. Levin, the clothier, has been sued by the mother of a nine-year-old girl, whom she alleges was knocked down by a horse and rig driven by Mr. Levin last Friday after the funeral of Charles E. Fay. The accident happened on the main street nearly opposite the Tredway drug store. The paintiff asks for $99 damages. The hearing will be held before Judge Nelson an August 2nd.

Mrs. William Loulan will move from the Chittendon hose to the new Morrell dwelling on Maple street, expecting to make the change Monday.

A fire at Mountain Iron Tuesday evening damaged the saloon building occupied by John Ferguson. The damage was about $99, fully covered by insurance.

Fred Rassoni left here yesterday for a business trip to Minneapolis.

Thos. Gill spent Thursday at Buhl and Chisholm.

Mrs. F. B. Rossom and children visited with Chisholm friends Wednesday and Thursday.

John Stein, C. C. Bulter, O. A. Poirier and M. A. Murphy went to Duluth yesterday to attend a meeting of the Knights of Columbus.

George C. Smith was over from Mountain Iron Thursday.

The Catholic Lady Foresters held a dime social at the home of Mrs. Jos. Kare last night.

At the annual school election Saturday evening at the high school building, Capt. Joseph Roskilly was elected as director for a term of three years to succeed himself.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. E. J. O'Rourke Monday morning.

A bouncing baby boy arrived Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Nathanson.

A sewer will be run down the alley between Maple and Spruce streets from the Missabe tracks to connect with the outflow. The bids will be opened on Tuesday evening next and the work started soon after.

J. L. Gunderson, the dentist, is erecting a neat dwelling on the second addition. Contractor Shaver has the work.

Mrs. William Loulan will leavee here in a few weeks for the west and while there will endeavor to take up a pine claim in Oregon.

Mrs. E. H. Chittenden left here Wednesday morning for a western state to join her husband, who left here a month ago to look up a new location.

BY WICKED NEPTUNE'S WAVES

(Continued from page 1.)

five years ago for a couple of weeks used to buy The Sun every morning from a runt of a fifteen-year-old newsboy on the Boardwalk. The New Yorker got back here last week for the first time since that visit. On the morning after his arrival he decided to take a bit of a constitutional on the Boardwalk before breakfast. He hadn't made more than a block of the big plank parade before he heard a familiar, husky, but much deepened voice behind him:

"Sun, as usual, this mornin', sir?"

The New Yorker wheeled about, and there was his newsboy of five years before, no longer a runt, but a broad shouldered youth in need of a shave.

THEY LIVE IN DEATH'S HAND

(Continued from page 1.)

The coast is sentinelled by islands the whole way, and when the vessels plump upon these there is terrible havoc in human life.

The schooner Czar struck some outlying isles three years ago, about midnight, and the loss of seventy-four lives was only averted by the coolness of the skipper, who held all to the wreck until men swam ashore with lines. Four lives were lost, and the survivors were alone on the desolate rock for nearly a week, without fire or shelter, living on wild birds' eggs and brackish water, until a passing smacksman sighted their signal of distress—a woman's petticoat—and transported them to the mainland. They made their way home, deprived of their summer's fishing and all their possessions.

Records of heroism and self-sacrifice are interwoven with the more prosaic details of the fishing. A lad of twelve, when his father had taken him on his back to swim ashore with him after their vessel had foundered off the land, begged the father to abandon him and save his own life for the sake of the large family depending upon him. But the father got him safely in and the lad is now a successful Labrador skipper.

One shipmaster holds a medal for saving forty-one lives in a Labrador storm. He was lowered down the face of a cliff and snatched from a wreck in the surf below all but eight of her crew of forty-nine. He thought his work was done when thirty-nine were got to safety, but when he was hauled to the hilltop he was informed that there were two more on board and descended again to rescue these.

Every one of these fishermen is as ready to give his life for the merest stranger in peril on the coast, and is as unconscious of what defeat means. Last November a returning Labrador vessel, the Pioneer, was found waterlogged and helpless in the Gulf of St. Lawrence with ten men and six women aboard. They had kept the crazy hull afloat for five days and nights by incessant pumping, spent with hunger, cold and anxiety, but ever hopeful of recovery. The skipper a man of 68, forty years previously had been driven over a rock off Labrador by the ice, his ship destroyed and he left alone on the floe with a dislocated shoulder, two fingers broken and a gashed forehead, to revive after forty-eight hours and walk across the packed ice to the land.

It is 500 miles, as the crow flies, from Belle Isle strait to Chidley, the northern most extremity of Labrador. Along that stretch of seaboard the 20,000 Newfoundlanders in the fisher families dispose themselves. The coast has not a lighthouse, fog alarm or a telegraph station. It is equally guiltless of roads, bridges, or any public works. Magistrates or policemen are unknown there, and unneeded. The average Newfoundlander breaks few laws; his is a crimeless country, and these characteristics are more marked in Labrador than elsewhere.

The fisherfolk occupy perhaps 200 harbors the mailboat makes ninety-seven calls. The seaboard is only charted on its southern stretch, and that badly. On the further shore every man must trust to his wits or his experience. Naturally, then, even though the Newfoundlanders are the most capable and daring seamen afloat the percentage of disasters on a coast like this is alarmingly great.

Where eighty vessels have been lost in a single gale, and sixty have been flung ashore by another, leaving 2000 people in one case and 1640 in the other to be conveyed back to Newfoundland by steamers despatched by the government, while some 214 men perished in the first disaster and ninety-five in the second, tragedy stalks every little fishing crew, and every man and woman who goes to Labrador lives knowing that their existence at any time may not be worth a moment's purchase.

The vessels trawl in the outer seas and the women and children assist in drying and salting the fish on shore. This is done by exposing them on platforms of poles and twigs, known as "flakes," or on stony beachees. The coast in the main is a mass of solid rock, scarcely concealed by the scanty verdure that clothes it, and lacking sufficient soil to admit of burying a corpse deep enough to escape the wolfish dogs of the coast it has usually to be conveyed many miles up the river till a clayfish area is reached. The shore itself is devoid of timber; there is not a tree visible. Bog water, brown and brackish, is often the only drink.

Until ten years ago all these thousands of people were without medical aid in the many months they spent there. Then the Newfoundland government, which rules the coast as an appanage, placed a physician on the mailboat that makes fortnightly trips between St. Johns and the fishing fleet. One man, however, could do but little in this way, and a philanthropic English association, the Deep Sea Mission, took the work in hand, established two hospitals on the coast with doctors and nurses, and maintains a hospital ship to cruise with the fleet all season.

Even on the homeward voyage in the fall the element of danger is present, the fierce northasters, which thn ruge force the vessls upon the lee shore which the whole Newfoundland and Labrador coast line makes. Then disaster involves the whole season's catch of cod as well as lives and personal property. It is at this period that misfortune shows its worst face. Last year four vessels were driven ashore in this way. Their crews, after suffering extreme misery, were taken off by passing steamers far beyond the Grand Banks. A fifth schooner caught in the same gale was wrecked with all hands.

The escapes sometimes seem marvellous. One old skipper is known as "Gull Driver," becase he outstayed even the seabirds in the fishing grounds he favored. After a gale abated his crew has often been seen shovelling off the decks the sand churned up by the waves and flung there from the shallow bottom. He is still fishing in his seventieth year and is still hale and hearty. Another had a standing rule never to shorten sail until three "streaker" planks of the leeward deck of his vessel were under water, and yet he has survived all the dangers. A third is known never to douse his canvas while a rival is in sight, no matter how fierce the storm. He has made a competence and has now returned to enjoy it.

These are the traits which go to make up the sailor by instinct among the Newfoundland fishermen, and fit them for a never-ending conflict with the elements. The boys are trained to the work when only 10 or 12 years old, and from that onward till they are past their labor or the insatiable sea devours them, they maintain an unceasing struggle against the perils of the ocean. Large as the fatality looks every year, it does not prevent these hardy fisherfolk from persisting in their dangerous vocation and succeeding in it.

CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT.

Sign of Permanence of the Rich Ores.

Colorado Springs, Colo., July 23.—A bulletin was received here today from the director of the geological survey of Washington stating that while no evidence of secondary enrichment has been found in the ores of Cripple Creek this is a point in favor of the permanence of rich ores at depth.

One of the best properties in the district and one about which the least is said is that of the Strong Gold Mining company on Battle mountain, for within its area of 76 acres is an ore body that rivals in size and quantity anything developed in the district. At the present time the mine is working two shifts and producing an average of two carloads or fifty tons of ore per day, the grade of which, it is understood, will average in the neighborhood of two ounces to the tone, meaning a monthly tounage of $1500 with a gross value of $90,000 per month.

At the present time miners on this property are breaking down the ore for the most part in the eight hand ninth levels where the ore is said to be of considerable extent. The Strong mine is good for a number of years to come, but as it is practically a closed corporation, little concerning profits is known, but observers agree that it returns to its stockholders between $200,000 and $300,000 per annum.

The management of the Vindicator company on Bull Hill is now breaking ore in the fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth and tenth levels. The eleventh and twelfth are still under water. It was learned today that the company has enough ore in sight to keep them busy shipping at their usual rate for two years at least.

This is remarkable when it is taken into consideration that six new ore shoots have been opened up in various levels during the last few months. Last month the Vindicator company sent out 38 cars of 25 tons each and were closed down for one week right after the Independence explosion. The company, including its last dividend, has paid out a total of $1,150,000, or a greater amount than the entire amount of stock outlying.

The Portland mine is now employing a force of 480 men and is outputting at the present time 325 tons per day approximately 10,000 tons a month of a gross bullion value of over $300,000. The bulk of this ore is shipped to the company's own mill at Colorado City, which has been undergoing repairs, but is to resume this week, according to reports here.

A good illustration of the permanency of the ore shoot has been in the Gold King and C. O. D. mines up Poverty Gulch. In the former property a abrren lean zone was encountered, but the management with pluck and will went ahead knowing that the riches had to come from below. They sunk through that portion, which at times was loose, porous and hungry, and after a time the formation became tight and hard, and with it came values until now the ore they are breaking in the bottom beats anything found above.

That same condition was encountered in the C. O. D. mine, adjoining. Now in the bottom level of that mine is showing a rich ore streak averaging between two and three inches wide that has so thoroughly enriched the ground that the rock is being broken over four feet wide, making screenings which average around two ounces in gold to the ten. The rich seam is good for $150.00 a ton. The drift is being extended north, and in the main C. O. D. vein, which is showing values now that are so encouraging that leasers are of the opinion that they have again picked up the famous lost ore shoot.

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ELOPEMENT

Of Battle Creek Young Man and Elgin Milliner.

Kalamazoo, Mich., July 23.—Howard Massey, a well-known young man, 21 years of age, eloped from Elgin, Ill., with a young woman whom he had known but a few weeks. The affair created quite a sensation here.

Massey went to Elgin April 1 and entered the school of the Elgin Watch company, to learn watchmaking. He soon met Miss Tessie Swanson, a pretty young milliner of his own age, and the acquaintance quickly ripened into love. The parents of the young woman and Massey's father all objected to a marriage, and they decided to elope to St. Joseph, where they were married by Justice McCarthy. The couple then went to Chicago, where they are now living. Massey having given up school.

Massey's mother died some time ago leaving him several thousand dollars. His father is a well-to-do contracting carpenter, and his sister, Mrs. Muriel Massey Dowd, graduated from Kalamazoo college about three years ago and is now a missionary in India.

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Our Young Folks Page

When Bert and June Went A-Hunting.

[BY M. WALKER.]

Bert was 10 years old and his little sister June was two years younger. Early in May they had come to visit grandma, who lived, oh, ever so far away in a big white frame house, surrounded by great trees and a spreading lawn of velvety green grass. Around this vast yard ran a high fence, and grandma had said they must not go beyond it. Any place within its inclosure was their playground, but outside its boundaries they should not venture.

The first few weeks found Bert and June very happy exploring the barnyard and the garden, getting acquainted with the chickens and watching the tiny green sprouts thrusting themselves through the soft, loose earth, making ready to become onions, beets, radishes and other good vegetables for Bert and June to eat. Then there was the immense watermelon patch, which caused Bert and June to revel in happy anticipation.

But as time sped on and everything confined within the limits of that high board fence had become familiar to them, both grew restless and longed to explore worlds anew.

One day Bert peevishly remonstrated with his grandmother when she emphatically denied him the privilege of making a journey to the wooded hills round about, and forbade him going to the deep, rushing river, a mile distant. "But, gramma, I want to see something," he declared, impatiently. "I'm tired of chickens and trees and the garden. I want to go a-hunting."

"Yes," answered grandma, "but suppose you should find something real while hunting, a big snake, or a bear, for instance. Now, tell me what would you do?"

"I'd—I'd—w'y, I'd kill the snake and capture the bear," proudly spoke Bert.

"And what would you do with the bear?" inquired grandma.

"Well," answered Bert, scratching his head and thinking a moment, "I'd sell him to a circus. Then I'd have stacks of money and I could get a new bike and—oh, piles of new things."

"Would you give me some of the money, Buddie?" asked June, who was an interested listener, and who had the greatest faith in her brother's capabilities.

"Nope 'nless you'd 'sisted me to catch the bear. Then I might give you a nickel."

Now, that sum of money was not beneath little June's dignity; and she was at once roused with a desire to "go a-hunting" with her brother.

But grandma was stern and no amount of coaxing could prevail upon her to consent to her little charges going on such an expedition.

Ever since their arrival at grandma's the children had been permitted to go each afternoon to the farthest corner in the orchard, there climb to the top of the fence and watch the great flying express train rush through the valley half a mile below.

"It's a big iron horse, ain't it Buddie?" June had asked, as they looked wonderingly after the puffing, flying monster one day.

"Nope, course it ain't a horse, it's a steam injun that pulls the cars. What makes you think it's a horse? It hasn't got no legs."

"Well, pappa told me it was an iron horse," vociferated June, "and I guess pappa's a lot smarter'n you, I do."

"Oh, he just told you that because you're a gurl. A gurl believes any ole thing, I know."

"I wonder where it goes to?" asked June, her pink chin resting on the top board of the fence.

"To the city," knowingly replied Bert, gazing after the long line of blue smoke.

"I'd like to go to the city," murmured June, her eyes far away. "Lots of awful things in the city."

"Oh, shucks! They have awfuller things in the woods over there on the hills than in the city," said Bert. "There's panthers and bears and hipponoserouses in bunches. Wish't I could go and catch a whole load of wild animals, I do."

Then silence reigned for a minute as June climbed to the top board to sit beside her brother.

"Now, look out," warned Bert, as June tottered on the narrow seat, "you'll fall over on the outside."

"Oh-o-o! Give me your hand, Buddie, quick!" and little June reached for her brother's hand, but in doing so lost her balance and fell on the ground outside the fence, dragging Bert with her in his vain attempt to save her. "Now, you've done it, ha'n't you?" asked Bert, sitting up and rubbing dirt from his face.

"I couldn't help it, so I couldn't," remonstrated June, on the point of crying. "Ouch—oh—o-o! I've skinned my knee and can see bleed peeping out. Oh-o-o!"

"Now, shame on you, you boo-baby," said Bert, with a disgusted look. "You'll be a daisy to go a-hunting for wild beasts, wouldn't you?"

With an effort June straightened her face and covered the smarting knee with her soft, warm palm. "When are you are going a-hunting, Buddie?" she asked, quickly, with eagerness.

"Oh, maybe now," Bert answered tantalizingly, rising and yawning. Just then a flash of brilliant color in the air near Bert's head caused him to exclaim: "Oh, lookee, lookee, June! See that butterfly. Ain't he a whopper? I mean to catch it," and, jerking off his big straw hat, Bert bounded away in pursuit of the pretty winged insect, June following close at his heels, forgetting in this new excitement all about her poor hurt knee.

Down one hill, through a ravine, up another hill and into a deep wood they went, not heeding the crooked route by which the butterfly led them, nor noticing the distance they traveled. At last the butterfly eluded them by disappearing over a high hedge. Then the tired little pair stopped to take breath, and for the first time since falling outside the fence yard they realized what they had done. They had disobeyed grandma! Of course, it had been unintentional, but there remained the fact of their disobedience. Now, what?

They looked at one another in dismay. "You done it first," accused Bert, a worthy young Adam. "You went and tumbled out and pulled me with you."

"I never done so on purpose, cross my heart, I never," vowed poor little June, in self-defense. "And you took after the butterfly yourself, so you did, Mr. Bert."

Bert knew he had been guilty of the greater wrong, so he pulled a handful of grass and began to chew the fresh points, thus evading an answer.

"Well," declared June, "we've got to go home. Grandma will scold when she finds us outside the fence."

She turned about and looked for their grandma's house. "Oh, Buddie, where's grandma's?—where's grandma's?"

Bert turned and looked about him in every direction for the familiar old place, but he could see nothing save trees and distant hills. He was not alarmed, however, for he felt quite sure he could lead their way back as they had come. So they set forth, going straight ahead for a few minutes, when suddenly there appeared in front of them a huge, dark object moving in their direction. Both children stopped short, their eyes and mouths open with fear.

"What is it?" whispered June, getting close to Bert for protection.

"It's an elephant," hoarsely whispered Bert, trembling violently.

"Let's run, let's run," pleaded June, beginning to cry. But Bert was too much frightened to move a foot. He stood quaking in every joint, his eyes fixed wildly on the thing that moved slowly toward them.

"Oh, it's a bear; I know from the pictures in my geography, and it looks like the ones we saw at the circus," whispered June, becoming more frightened still. "Oh, Buddie, please catch it like you said you would when you went a-hunting. I'm afraid it will eat us up. Oh, oh, oh!" And poor little June fell to wailing piteously.

Then a thought came to Bert. "Climb a tree," he muttered in a voice so hoarse that June could scarcely understand him. Quickly they ran to a tree nearby and attempted to lift their little bodies up, but they made poor progress, for their clothes caught on the rough bark and the stiffness of their shoes caused them to slip. They could hear the great dark beast breathing as it crushed through the grass and leaves on the ground. Oh, it was there now, no mistake, and Bert, with one brave effort, peeped round from behind the tree and looked full in the bright eyes of a big black bear. It had seen them and had approached so near that Bert might have touched it with an outstretched hand. It was resting on its haunches, snapping at a fly that tormented its nose. Bert stood motionless, his eyes starting from his head, while his poor little heart kept thumping against the bosom of his clean white blouse with the force of a hammer.

June no longer cried, but crouched in dumb terror behind the tree, covering her eyes with her apron, thinking thus to hide herself from view. And in her mind she offered up a baby prayer for their deliverance from the horrid beast now come to devour them. How long this awful suspense lasted no one will ever know. It may have been but a minute or two, though to Bert and June it seemed a million years, when it was ended by a quick, shrill, chattering noise; and through the woods leaped another dark body small and full of queer antics, and, to Bert's great astonishment, a monkey sprang nimbly on the back of the huge black bear, who did not deign to notice it. The monkey wore a little cap and jacket of brown velveteen trimmed gally with bright braid and buttons.

Bert's fear was now mingled with wonder, and he began to think that he was in an enchanted woodland. As for June, she neither saw nor heard the new arrival.

"Oh, ho, Bruno, you old scamp, so you thought you would give me the slip, eh? But Sancho, the little heathen, followed you up and kept me on your track."

These words came from behind Bert and June and caused their hearts to leap with joy. At last there was help at hand, and they would not be eaten. Both children turned quickly to see from whom the voice came, and there stood a tall, slim, dark young man with an Italian harp across his shoulder looking at them. He understood the children's situation at a glance and hurried up to them.

"Well, so you're afraid of my pals, are you little people?" He spoke with a queer accent and smiled gally, showing fine white teeth.

"He must be the Prince of this enchanted wood," said Bert to himself. "Well, I'm very glad to meet him just now."

"Well," continued the dark young man, "they won't harm you. They both like kids. It's the little chaps that give us the pennies, isn't it, Sancho, you heathen?" Then, to the surprise of Bert and June, the strange young man took from his pocket a muzzle attached to a long strap, and going to the black bear slipped it over his nose, throwing the looped end of the strap over his right wrist. "Now, come, old sport," he commanded, and the bear reluctantly rose to obey. The monkey was darting hither and thither, chattering a great deal of nonsense, to which neither Bruno nor his master paid any heed.

"Won't they hurt us?" ventured Bert, still keeping close to the tree, with June half hiding behind him.

"Not a bitty, little chap. "Didn't I tell you they like kids?" answered the man. "Where do you live?"

"Oh, ever so far off, in Maryville, with our papa and mamma. But now we are visiting grandma, who lives in the big white house with the tall fence. Do you know where it is, mister? We're—we're lost." The confession shamed Bert and he hung his head. He felt it was unmanly to be lost.

"Oh, that grent place down across the hollow, eh? and keep a fierce watch-dog?" asked the man.

"Yes, yes," eagerly answered Bert and June in a breath.. "Please take us there, mister, will you?"

"Sure, if you'll promise to have that dog kept close and feed poor Bruno and Sancho. They're both hungry, I can tell you."

"Oh—o—o!" whispered June, close to Bert, "'spose they'd take a notion to eat us?"

But Bert had suddenly grown brave. Bruno was a tame fellow, and his master, big and strong, had him muzzled and held him by a strap; so he turned to June with an indifferent toss of his curly head and said: "Oh, June, don't be silly! I ain't afraid. I wouldn't mind going up and touching Bruno, I wouldn't."

"Sure," said the man, "come up and shake hands with him. Come, Bruno, up with your fist, shake the little gent's hand." And he jerked the strap attached to Bruno's muzzle. Bruno at once offered his great paw, bowing and blinking; but Bert seemed to change his mind. "You may shake his hand first, Junie," he said, with sudden gallantry, pushing his sister in front of him. But at present June felt a serious objection to such familiarity on so short acquaintance and she decided to wait till safe in grandma's presence before putting herself in too close contact with old Bruno.

So they all set out over the wooded hill, turned a sharp angle in a hedge, and, lo, there was grandma's, just across the ravine. In a few minutes Bert and June led their strange companions up to the front gate, where old Dexter was on watch. When he saw them he snarled and showed two rows of very sharp teeth.

"I'll go in and take care of him," said Bert. "Then you can all come to the house and let grandma see you show off." He hurried in the yard, with June following, and together they managed to coax Dexter to his kennel, where they locked him safe and sound. In another minute they led their visitors through the gate and up to the front porch, just as grandma opened the door and came forth.

When her eyes fell on the strange procession she thought she must be dreaming. There in the lead came proud Bert, followed by the dark young man carrying his harp; then came Bruno, with Sancho capering at his side, and in the rear little June, her face radiant, though tear-stained and dirty. After hearing the whole story and seeing June's wounded knee, grandma forgave her little dears for falling outside the yard, but she gently chided Bert for chasing the butterfly.

Then Bruno danced to the music his master made on the harp, the monkey cut up the funniest capers and passed his little cap for the contributions which grandma so liberally gave to the children. And then food was brought for all and a regular picnic luncheon was enjoyed on the porch, Bert seated on one side of Bruno and June on the other.

After the luncheon was over the dark young man, Bruno and Sancho bade a hearty farewell to their host and hostesses, nd departed, promising to call there again if their wanderings ever brought them to that part of the world.

So ended the first thrilling adventure in the lives of Bert and his sister June.

JOLLY JINGLES.



A little old man in the West!"
Said "Of all the things I like best—
Are the girls and the boys,
With their clatter and noise,
To me they are never a pest

SHADOW MENAGERIE PUZZLE.



If the above parts are correctly joined, there will appear a favorite animal of the Zoo.

Allen's Experience With the Gipsies

BY RODNEY RUFFNER.

Allen Breithaus was so tired of school he felt he could bear it no longer. Why it mattered whether the earth went around the sun or the sun around the earth he could not see. You got just as much sunlight and just as much darkness whether you knew it or not. Cube root seemed to bear no relation to anything in life that was of any interest or importance; and as for history, it surely was wasted time to cumber the mind with dates and battles and discoveries so long past that even your great-grandfather, if he were living, would know nothing about.

It was especially exasperating to be confined and tied down to such dry matters when there was such a stir of life outside—sap stirring in the trees, buds and leaves shooting forth, birds nesting and the sun warming the air to laziness. It was fit only to be basking outdoors and feeling the thrill of young life and the soothing influences that were abroad.

Allen's father told him that if he ever was to amount to anything he must study hard and fit himself for business or a profession. There must be some kinds of existence that would be worth while where the tiresome studies that he was tied to would not be necessary, he meditated.

His thoughts wandered far from the printed page before him, and his eyes turned to the window. Suddenly they kindled. A gypsy wagon was going by, another following. At least half a dozen rolled slowly down the street and disappeared around a corner.

That was a life worth living, thought Allen—outdoors all the time, variety, seeing new people and new things, never a printed page to be memorized and no being cooped up in stuffy rooms.

All that day Allen thought more about the gypsies than about anything else. He failed in his recitations, he did his chores badly, and when he sat down to study in the evening he could not remember a word he read. The next morning, instead of going to school, he went to the gypsy camp. It was the first time that he had ever run away from school, but the desire to follow the gypsies had got into his blood.

The camp was about a mile out of town by the side of a road that was little used. Several wagons were drawn up by the road and a dozen or more horses were tied to the fence. A couple of girls, younger than he was were mounting and dismounting from a bare-backed horse with ease. He couldn't do that and he felt humiliated at acknowledging it to himself. But he would learn. There was sense in trying to do things of that sort. In the field were tents and more wagons. A boy or about his own age, not so tall, but sturdier, sat on the fence. He looked sharply at Allen.

"What you got?" he demanded impudently.

"Nothing," retorted Allen, resentfully.

"No money, eh?" The stocky boy had come down from the fence and before Allen could realize his intention he had tripped him up and was running his hands deftly through his pockets.

"Stop, you thief," Allen cried, struggling to his feet and trying to get a grip on the gypsy boy who eluded his grasp by tricks that were new to Allen. His fighting blood was up, however, and he plunged fiercely into the struggle. The boys wrestled and pounded and fought, first one having the upper hand and then the other, until both were bloody and dusty.

A man came up and separated them.

"Let us alone," cried the boys and went at each other again, harder than ever, but the next minute a fierce-looking woman, speaking a strange language put an end to the fray. The gypsy boy desisted instantly at her word of command, and Allen let go in sheer surprise at her appearance.

She shook the gypsy boy well and threw him into one of the wagons.

"What are you doing here?" she asked turning to Allen. "Did you want your fortune told and have you silver to cross the palm?"

"No, I don't want my fortune told. I want to travel with the gypsies and that fellow tried to rob me," replied Allen, rubbing his wounds.

"Ah, you want to go with the gypsies? And what may your name be?"

"Allen Breithaus."

"Do you live in the town yonder?"

"Yes, but I hate school and I want to live out of doors and travel about in wagons and ride horses."

The woman called several of the men and talked with them in the strange language. Presently she returned to Allen.

"Food and clothes cost money," she said. "If you travel with us, have you anything to pay?"

"I brought all I had; it's $1.79," replied Allen, "but I'm willing to work, and I thought it wouldn't cost much, because you don't have any houses and you get your food as you go along."

The gypsy woman frowned and shook her head, so that the gold rings in her ears rattled.

"Well, I don't like to disappoint a nice boy," she said after a pause, "so give me your money and come along."

She talked in the unintelligible tongue to a man who wore a bright-colored handkerchief around his neck and a soft hat on the back of his head. He nodded, walked away and came back in a few minutes on a horse, about which was strapped a ragged blanket.

"Can you ride?" the gypsy woman asked Allen.

"Yes," he replied.

"Get on then with Bill. You'll see more of the world than a-stayin' here with me."

"But"—

"You ain't seen the last of us—never be afeard," she assured him. "Now be off with ye."

The man started the horse so suddenly and the gait was so peculiar that Allen had all he could do to cling to the man.

"Where are we going?" he asked after a few minutes, but man only laughed hoarsely and urged the horse to new antics and fresh speed. They rode and rode until Allen ached, and then they rode farther and he began to feel sick. Whenever he asked Bill a question he merely rode the harder. At last, when it seemed to Allen that he would surely die of pain and weariness, Bill turned the horse abruptly into the woods and came to a halt with a sickeningly sudden jolt.

A woman parted the bushes and called out: "What's up?"

"Got a milk face here," replied Bill, and then fell to talking the language that Allen had heard in the camp.

"All right, laddie; come in with your mother," said the crone, leading the way through a growth of underbrush to a hovel in the woods, completely hidden from the road. Allen had never seen such a dirty place as the inside of that hovel was. He would not have believed that human beings could live where it was so filthy.

"Any grub?" asked Bill.

The woman said something to him in the gypsy lingo and they both laughed. Then she put a pot on the brokendown stove and lighted some sticks that were already in the stove. A few minutes later she poured some of the heated contents of the pot into a bowl and gave it to Allen, some into a pan and handed it to Bill, and she herself ate the rest from the pot.

It was a thick, mussy-looking stew, and Allen was quite sure it was not clean, and he was very unsure as to what was in it. However, he was so nearly famished that he closed his eyes and gulped it down. Then, overcome by fatigue, he lay down on the grass outside the hovel and went to sleep. When he awoke it was dark and someone was poking him. It was the old woman. "Here," she said: "get up and come in the house. You'll get your death out here, and I'll be hanged for murder."

Allen shuddered and followed her into the hovel. She gave him a blanket—it was the one that had been strapped around the horse—and he wrapped himself in it and thought of his folks at home. He wondered what they said when he didn't come home and whether they were still looking for him. He felt sorry about his mother, and he felt a little regretful, too, about his bed with its elastic mattress, soft pillows and clean bedclothes. At last, however, he fell asleep, and was dreaming that he was falling from a high bridge, when he was taken by the arm and Bill's voice said: "Time to be off, kid."

"Where are we going?" asked Allen, but the man only laughed and said: "To see more of life."

The old woman gave him a piece of hard bread and a bit of cold salt pork. That was his breakfast. Daylight had not yet come, but they got out to the road and started swiftly on their journey. Allen's bones still ached so that the motion of the horse was painful to him. If it hadn't been for that he would have enjoyed the novelty of his experience.

"Don't you ever get tired?" he asked Bill when they had been riding for hours.

"Not when I'm riding for money."

"Hungry?" asked Bill after a long time. "Guess we'd better stop a bit."

They turned into a woods which lay open to the roadside and Bill said, "I feel like chicken. You wait here."

In a few minutes he was back, with a chicken under his arm. He held it so it could make no noise, and in a moment he had killed it and stripped the feathers from its carcass. He then opened and cleaned it with his knife, made a fire in a pile of stones, cooked it, sprinkled some salt he had in his pocket over it and invited Allen to share it with him.

In spite of his disgust, Allen was too hungry to refuse, and it certainly did taste good.

Then they put the fire out and rode on. Soon they came to the gypsy camp, but it had moved far from Allen's home.

The woman who had stopped the fight and who, Allen learned, was the gypsy queen, took him into the midst of a circle of gypsies. There she told him that he was to be sent back home, but first he must take an oath never to tell that the gypsies had permitted him to stay with them. He had to hold up his right hand, cross his heart and swear in the most solemn fashion, asking that every kind of ill luck might blight his life at every step if he betrayed the gypsies.

"Now," said the gypsy queen, when he had gone through the ordeal, the eyes of all the gypsies threatening him, "you can rest tonight and tomorrow. Robert, my brother, who has found you will take you home."

In spite of his disappointment, Allen slept well rolled up in his blanket until next day. He knew it was useless to attempt to run away from the gypsies and he was almost glad the next day when he found himself at home.

"I ran away from home because I was tired of school," he told his parents.

"And we found him on the road miles from here," said Gypsy Robert, "and hearing you had offered a reward of $200 we brought back your son."

The reward was paid and the gypsy rode away with a warning look at Allen.

"The gypsies were good to me, but I do want a square meal and a good bed to sleep in," said Allen, when he talked over the escapade later.



"Far Up, Up A Steep Hill They Went."

THE NAUGHTY BOY'S VISIT TO THE WEATHER FACTORY

BY C. L. PHIFER.

Once there was a Naughty Little Boy, who didn't think things were right. He nearly always wanted to play out of doors when it rained, and when it was nice he insisted on bringing all his toys into the parlor and making a great muss for his mamma. And when the snow was deep he wanted to go to school and stripped him spic, span naked and put him into a big vat. And then some odd people with fingers of icicles soaped him with snow till they made a great lather of it, and he shivered dreadfully, but never once did he scream or make a fuss. "Ah, ha!" said the old Greybeard, "why don't you lie on your back and kick up your heels and yell, you bad boy?"

And then they turned the Rain on him, and it rained and rained and rained. And a great whip of Lightning dashed through the wall and switched his bare little legs, and a voice like Thunder roared: "Why don't you kick up your heels and yell, Little Boy?" And after they had switched him till they had got up a big circulation they brought in the Wind, and turned it loose. And it blew and blew and blew on him, and the Sun burst forth and shone and shone and shone on him till he was as dry as if he had been wiped with a towel. Then they wrapped the Naughty Little Boy with a soft white cloud, which kept him comfortable. Then the old Greybeard led him to the weather workshop, and he saw, oh, such a big, big room; the ground was the floor, the clouds made the ceiling and the rafters were formed of rainbows. And he saw the Rain and the Hail, the Ice and the Snow, the Lightning and the Sunshine, all working together in the factory, and he heard the rustling of the Wind and the heavy strokes of the Thunder as they turned the vast machinery. He saw little Sunbeams carrying warmth into the factory, and the clouds bringing in great barrels of rain for distribution.



A BIG BLACK BEAR.

Then the old Greybeard took the Naughty Little Boy to the storage room and showed him the wonderful things that had been made in the Weather Factory. There were great stacks of golden grain, all manner of beautiful fruits, with rich, red cheeks; purple grapes and plums; all sorts of nuts, and everything that grows, whether in the tropics or in the other zones.

"Who are they for?" asked the Naughty Little Boy, hoping they would invite him to eat of the luscious fruit.

"They are for the Good Children who do not lie on the floor and kick up their heels and scream," answered the old Greybeard.

"Oh, sir, I'll never do so again," said the Naughty Little Boy. "I shall love the Rain and Snow and Sunshine, and everything that is weather, always."

"Well, I hope you will," said the old Graybeard. "Now, come, I'll take you home again."

And at that very minute the Naughty Little Boy's mamma kissed his soft check, and he awoke. "Come," she said, "the rain is all over, and you may go out and see how lovely the garden looks."

And from that day they changed the Naughty Little Boy's name, calling him the Good Little Boy, for he never again lay on the floor and kicked up his heels about the changes in the weather.



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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE RUSSIANS EVACUATE THE CITY OF NEWCHWANG, BURNING STATION AND OTHER PROPERTY

Forces Leave By Kuropatkin's Orders, But Japs Have Not Entered.

Russian Fleet Seizes More Ships and Sinks One Off Coast of Japan.

Czar's Volunteer Squadron In the Red Sea Has Been Ordered Home.

Tien Tsin, July 25.—In accordance with orders issued by Gen. Kuropatkin the Russians commenced to evacuate Newchwang yesterday (Sunday). This morning the Russian railway station is in ruins. The Russians are evidently destroying their property previous to evacuation.

Tien Tsin, July 25.—Information has been received here to the effect that the Japanese have not entered Newchwang. The Russian civil administration departed last night (Sunday) and the destruction of Russian government property began this morning at the instance of the administration. The fighting reported yesterday took place between Newchwang and Ta Tche Kiao and Japanese troops from Kai Chou were engaged. No engagement has taken place at Ta Tche Kiao.

Washington, July 25.—Minister Conger at Pekin has cabled the state department under today's date that he has been informed that the Russians today evacuated Newchwang. He also confirms the published reports of the sinking by the Vladivostok squadron of a British steamer with a cargo consigned to "The American Trading Company."

SHIPS ORDERED HOME.

Instructions Cabled to Smolensk and St. Petersburg.

St. Petersburg, July 25.—The Associated Press is informed that the Russian volunteer fleet steamers Smolensk and St. Petersburg have already been ordered home and that instructions given Great Britain on this point are declared to be satisfactory.

The instructions given the commanders of the vessels repeat the orders heretofore announced in these dispatches directing them to refrain from further attempts to stop merchantmen either in the Red sea or the Mediterranean.

The decision not to insist upon the war status of ships was probably reached at the conference held Saturday. The two ships may be brought to the Baltic and formally recommissioned.

Russia has reiterated her assurances that all vessels seized pending the receipt of instructions by the captains of the Smolensk and St. Petersburg shall at once be released and that the British steamer Ardova will be freed upon her arrival at Seuz or Port Said, the same as the Scandia.

Great Britain's bill for damages against Russia for demurrage and other indemnities connected with the arrest, detention and shelling of British ships in the Red sea, will probably be very heavy. Already it is roughly estimated at $5,000,000. The popular version of the Red sea entanglement which has so embarrassed the Russian foreign office is that it grew out of Grand Duke Alexander Mikhailovich, head of the department of merchantile marine, practically taking matters into his own hands and commissioning the vessels of the volunteer fleet which had passed through the Dardanelles bound for the far East to hoist the Russian war flags and seize merchantmen in the Red sea. It is understood that the emperor has censured his brother-in-law for taking a step of such gravity without consulting the foreign office. There is general relief, however, at the fact that Grand Duke Alexander Mikhailovichs precipitate action has not resulted in irreparable complications. The blunder of the grand duke is attributed to his comparative youth and inexperience in affairs of state. He is well known in the United States, as he was first officer on board the armored cruiser Dmitri Donskoi on the occasion of the visit of the Russian fleet to Hampton Roads and New York in 1893.

STRONG PROTEST

May Be Made to Russia In Ardova Case.

London, July 25.—While no protest has yet been made against the action of the Russian volunteer fleet steamer, Smolensk, in firing two shells over the British steamer Ardova, if the official report of the British government bears out the press dispatches, a strong protest will probably be entered against the Smolensk endangering lives of the Ardova's passengers by the irregular proceeding of the captain of the Smolensk in violating the custom requiring that when a vessel at sea refuses to obey the signal of a warship to stop, to follow it up with a solid shot across her bows. The captain of the Smolensk, it is added, might be liable to a severe penalty for his act and also for the transfer of the Ardova's crew on board the Smolensk. But these collateral questions will be the subject of mutual negotiations when Great Britain presents her bill for damages. The main thing is that, so far as the volunteer fleet steamers are concerned, the acute stage of the diplomatic crisis has passed.

It has been decided, at the request of Great Britain, in order to avoid further loss of time, not to send the Malacca to Suda bay, island of Crete, but to release her at Algiers. The Associated Press informed that it is possible there will be no formal inspection of her cargo by the British and Russian consuls, but merely a declaration by the British consul, in behalf of the British government, that the munitions on board the Malacca belong to Great Britain.

BRITISH STEAMER SUNK.

Tokio, July 25.—The British steamer Chinan has arrived at Yokohama with the crew of the British steamer Knight Commander, which was sunk by the Russian Vladivostok fleet off Izu. The Knight Commander's cargo was a general one. Her European passengers were detained by the Russians and her crew of twenty-one was transferred to the Chinan which also reports that the Russians sank two Japanese schooners.

RUSSIANS DRIVEN BACK.

Newchwang, July 25.—A battle took place yesterday (Sunday) east of Ta Tche Kiao, which resulted in the Russians being driven back, and it is believed they have retired to Liao Yang. The battle lasted all day.

BRITISH WARSHIP ON WATCH.

Constantinople, July 25.—Vessels arriving here report that a British warship is patrolling off Cape Helas, fifteen miles south of the Dardanelles. She is using her searchlight with the supposed view of intercepting any volunteer fleet steamers, if they attempt to pass the Dardanelles.

THE ARDOVA CAPTURED.

Port Said, July 25.—Advices received here say that the Russian volunteer fleet steamer Ardova, the cargo of which consisted of coal and explosives, and the vessel not stopping the Smolensk sent two loaded shots at her, one of them passing over her amidships, and the other two over her stern. The Ardova was then seized and her crew transferred to the Smolensk. The vessel will be brought to Suez.

Suez, July 25.—The British steamer Ardova, which after being fired at by the Russian volunteer fleet steamer Smolensk, was seized by that vessel, has arrived here. She is flying the Russian naval flag and has a prize crew on board. It is declared her destination is a Russian port.

The British cruiser Venus is anchored close to the captured steamer.

Captain Smith, of the Ardova, has lodged a protest with the British consul against the capture and detention of the steamer. Part of the Ardova's crew, who are on board the Smolensk, will be landed at Jeddo, Arabia.

STOPPED BY JAPS.

Che Foo, July 25.—The German steamer Che Foo, from Newchwang, reports that at 2 o'clock this morning when she was fifty miles from this port she was stopped by four Japanese torpedo boats and searched. After being released she was fired on by rapid fire guns.

THE SCANDIA RELEASED.

Port Said, July 25.—The Hamburg-American line steamer Scandia has been released. The Russian crew, which manned her has landed here and will proceed to Odessa by the mail boat. The Scandia is awaiting orders from her owners.

HEARS OF LOSS.

New York, July 25.—The local agents of the Knight company (limited), the owner of the Knight Commander today received a cablegram which stated that the ship had been sunk off the Japanese coast and that the captain and crew had been saved. There were no further details. The agents said that it was possible that some passengers had been taken on at Shanhai for Yokohama, but it was doubted. There were only accommodations for three or four passengers on the boat, it was said. The boat left here May 6, going direct to Shanghai, then to Manila and late to Shanghai. Leaving here the vessel carried a crew of 28 men.

JONES VISITS ROSEMOUNT

Retiring Chairman of Democratic Committee Calls on Parker.

Esopus, N. Y., July 25.—Former Senator James K. Jones, the retiring chairman of the Democratic national committee, and Daniel J. Campau, member of the committee from Michigan, were visitors at Rosemount today. They stopped here on their way to New York, where they will attend a meeting of the national committee tomorrow.

Chairman Jones will call the meeting of the committee to order, and in accordance with a resolution adopted by the St. Louis convention, will serve as chairman until his successor is elected, had never been at Rosemount before and his acquaintance with Judge Parker is not intimate.

After the meeting the national committee will come to Rosemount for a conference with Judge Parker. Among these will be Thomas Taggart and if he is elected chairman, plans for the campaign will be gone over.

THIRTY THOUSAND MILL OPERATIVES AT FALL RIVER, MASS., ARE ON STRIKE

Decline to Work on Account of Reduction In Wages.

Both Sides Are Ready For a Determined Contest.

Fall River, Mass., July 25.—The strike order issued by the Fall River Textile council, calling for upwards of 30,000 operatives to remain away from the mills, in protest against a reduction of 12½ per cent in wages, became effective today. In the thirty-seven mills involved in the agreement to reduce wages, it is estimated that not more than 200 entered all the gates today, and before 8 o'clock practically every mill involved in the trouble had shut down. The strikers, who, in some instances, had assembled near the mills, dispersed quietly.

The only mill having more than a score of employes ready for work was the Bourne, where some 100 weavers had gone in.

The managers kept the gates open until 7 o'clock, but save those who had gone in at the usual time, none of the workmen accepted the opportunity, and by 7:30 practically every mill, save the Bourne, had shut down completely.

Both sides admit that this is the beginning of one of the most determined contests which Fall River has ever seen. The manufacturers maintain that they have tried every plan which they could think of to avoid a reduction in wages, and took that final step only when driven to do so to save their business. On the other hand, the operatives say that the conditions affecting cotton manufactures here did not warrant such a reduction.

EXPLANATION BY BALFOUR

Premier Gives House of Commons Information on Seizures.

London, July 25.—Answering half a dozen questions, based on the seizure of the Peninsula & Oriental company's steamer, Malacca, and other ships by the Russian volunteer fleet steamers, Premier Balfour in the house of commons today, after referring to the diverse character of the questions, went on to say: "The difficulties, I may say, great difficulties, (I do not wish to minimize them)—arising from these captures deal with a problem which has given and is still giving the government great anxiety, but of which I may say the signs portend a favorable issue. More than that I think it would be inexpedient to say."

With reference to the question whether Great Britain was bound under the Suez canal convention to allow a British vessel taken as a prize to pass through the canal against the will of the owners, the premier said:

"No act of war, so far as I am aware, has been committed in the Suez canal and the convention expressly provides that a prize shall be treated as a man-of-war, and men-of-war are to have free right of passage. Therefore, I do not think any particular difficulty attaches to that branch of the question or gives rise to a difficult subject for controversy between the two powers. I think there can be no doubt that we are bound to allow a prize of war to traverse the canal. The Suez canal is under international management, and it is not for an individual power to say what the rule biding the Egyptian government ought to be, but in the British government's view a legitimate prize may traverse the Suez canal without breach of the international arrangement."

Dealing with other features of the questions, Mr. Balfour said he did not believe that the removal of a portion of the cargo of a seized warship, without the adjudication of a prize court, was sanctioned by the practices of international law.

Touching upon the question which has been raised on the subject of the status of the vessels of the Russian volunteer fleet, Mr. Balfour said he must regard this for the present as forbidden ground.

"It gives rise," said the premier, "to a controversy which will better be settled if the house will for the moment be content with what I have said."

TWO GUARDS FIGHT DUEL TO THE DEATH.

Trinidad, Col., July 25.—Word has been received here that two guards employed by the Victor Fuel company at Hastings, twenty miles north of here, became involved in a quarrel and decided to fight a duel. Accordingly they armed themselves with revolvers and began firing at each other. When the guns were emptied the two men drew knives and fought until both dropped dead. The names of the duelists were not given by the coroner here, who was notified of the affair and together with the sheriff has gone to the scene of the duel.

THREE PEOPLE LOSE LIVES AT NASHWAUK

Girl and Two Men Burned to Death In House of Ill-Fame.

Fire Started By Incendiary and Police Are on His Trail.

Three people lost their lives at an early hour this morning in a fire believed to have been of incendiary origin, in the little town of Nashwauk, on the Western Mesaba range, about fifteen miles from Hibbing.

The fire started in a house of ill-fame shortly after 3 o'clock. The inmates were asleep at the time, and the fire gained such headway before it was discovered that one of the girls and two men, who happened to be in the house at the time, lost their lives.

The name of the girl was Rose Kelley. One of the men was Melvin Kerr and the other man has not yet been identified.

The first news of the fire reached Duluth in the form of a telephone message to Chief Troyer, of the police department, who was asked to take one of the department bloodhounds to the scene and assist in running down the supposed criminal, if possible.

The Duluth chief of police took the early morning train for Nashwauk with Kate, the department bloodhound.

The Nashwauk town marshal claims to have a clue to the identity of the criminal, who is still at large.

The body of the unidentified man is lying in the morgue at Nashwauk, while the police are endeavoring to find some clue as to his name and residence. None of the citizens of Nashwauk, who have viewed his remains, recognized him as a resident of the town.

The Kelley girl is about 24 years of age, and came to Nashwauk but a few weeks ago. Kerr was a young man about 22 years of age.

TAGGART WILL BE ELECTED

Chairman of Democratic National Committee, Is Prevailing Opinion.

New York, July 25.—Democrats from all parts of the country are arriving in New York today to attend the meeting of the national committee tomorrow. Not only members of the committee, but other well-known Democrats are now here or will be in attendance tomorrow. Among the more prominent who arrived early today are Senator Daniel, of Virginia, who was chairman of the committee on platform at St. Louis, John P. Hopkins, of Illinois, James M. Griggs, of Georgia, who was chairman of the congressional campaign committee two years ago, H. D. Clayton, of Alabama, and J. Taylor Ellison, of Virginia, the two latter being members of the national committee.

No doubt is expressed among members of the committee about the election of Thomas Taggart as chairman. It is said that if Judge Parker intended to express a preference for some other man, he would have made it known before this time, and before it became so apparent that the action of the committee at St. Louis was to be endorsed. Indiana is represented here by a half dozen prominent Democrats, who are working for Taggart. They are John W. Kern, Joseph E. Bell, John E. Lamb, William H. O'Brien and Joseph T. Fanning.

There is a suggestion today that after Taggart is elected that a finance committee, of which William F. Sheehan, Senator Gorman and August Belmont will be members, will be named, and that these gentlemen will have the management of his campaign in the Eastern states.

LITTLE CHANGE AT ST. PAUL

Packing Plant Operated Same as Last Week.

St. Paul, July 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The situation at the South St. Paul stock yards shows little change this morning. The plant of Swift & Co. is being operated on about the same scale as during the latter part of last week, and there has been no violence attempted on the part of the strikers.

The allied trades at South St. Paul have as yet received no instructions to go upon a sympathetic strike. Such an order will have no effect as the one hundred or more men so employed are not unionized and probably not more than 10 per cent of them would be affected.

The statement that an effort would be made by the strikers to have a quarantine declared against the Swift plant because of the existence of diphtheria in the homes of a number of non-unionists now at the plant, is met by a statement from the St. Paul park officials that there is but one man at the plant whose home is quarantined, and that this man has not been exposed to the disease.

OFFICIALLY SANCTIONED.

Sympathetic Strike Authorized By Proper Boards.

Chicago, July 25.—After the adjournment of the peace conference, the fact developed that the sympathetic strike had been declared officially authorized by the proper boards of all the allied trades at the stock yards, with the exception of the packing house teamsters. The engineers and firemen, to whom word could only be sent with great difficulty, were allowed to stay at their posts until 6 p. m. In all other departments the strike was actually in effect for two hours or more before the official sanction was made public. It developed that learning the apparent hopelessness of an agreement, the representatives of the allied trades, urged by President Donnelly, adopted resolutions commanding the chiefs of all affected unions to enter the yards and call upon every organiaztion man to quit and join in a general strike. It was this condition that the teamsters' committee of eight found when its members returned from Morris & Co.'s offices at noon. Immediately there was another conference between the committe of eight, the allied trades body and representatives of the butchers' union. It was still the hope that arrangements could be made for another meeting with the packers.

NO ORDERS AT ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis, July 25.—Up to noon neither the teamsters nor the members of the livestock handlers union in this city or East St. Louis had received orders from Chicago to join the sympathetic strike. They are holding themselves in readiness to go out when the order comes.

Plants on both sides of the river were in operation today. A representative of Armour & Co. declared today that the firm had a plentiful supply of fresh beef and smoked meats in the coolers and enough livestock is on the market with which to supply their customers for some time.

FIREMEN STILL WORKING.

Omaha, July 25.—The firemen have not yet gone out from the packing plants here, but are expected tomorrow unless some chance of a settlement should develop today. News from Chicago that the mechanics there had left their work in sympathy with the strikers seems not to have disconcerted the men here but they are undecided what course to pursue. The situation is quiet, little apparent change having taken place since last week. All the plants are operating on small scales and hiring what men they can get. From forty to fifty were hired at each plant this morning.

ARGUMENTS ON WEDNESDAY.

Belleville, July 25.—Judge Holder of the circuit court today granted attorneys for the packers of East St. Louis three days in which to consider the affidavits of strikers who have applied to have dissolved the injunction granted last week, restraining them from interfering with the operation of the packing plants or the men employed therein. The arguments will be heard Wednesday.

WAITING FOR ORDERS.

St. Joseph, Mo., July 25.—Business agents of all the packing house unions in South St. Joseph are waiting for orders from headquarters to order a sympathetic strike. No disturbances were reported at the packing houses today.

S. & S. PLANT WORKING.

New York, July 25.—The large plants of Schwarzschild & Sulzberger and the United Dressed Beef company were in operation today with full forces of union men all the strikers having reported for work. The labor leaders and employes say they are working now as if no strike had occurred.

NEW POSTMASTERS.

Washington, July 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following postmasters have been appointed: Guthrie, Hubbard county, Minn., Frank R. Herzberg, vice Henry D. Bauer, resigned; St. Francis, Anoka county, Henry G. Leathers, vice Julia Hanson, removed.

ALLIED WORKMEN JOIN IN A SYMPATHETIC STRIKE WITH THE BUTCHERS IN CHICAGO

Thousands of Men Drop Their Work and March Out of the Yards.

The Strikers Are Greeted With Rousing Cheers as They Emerge.

Orders For General Strike Are Slow In Reaching Other Cities.

Chicago, July 25.—Chicago's sympathetic general strike at the stock yards, predicted by its leaders to be the greatest and most expensive this country has ever known, began at 10 o'clock today, when thousands of teamsters, cattle handlers and members of the mechanical trades quit work and made a grand rush for the gates leading from the busiest square mile of buildings, yards and pens in the world.

The first big defection came when seven hundred men including the scalers and pen cleaners employed by the Union Stock Yards and Transit company, refused to work further. First to go were the handlers, and this eliminated the usefulness of the teamsters and they followed. As they passed out of the big gates at Exchange avenue, they were greeted with cheers by the strikers gathered in the vicinity.

Prior to this spectacular exodus came small strikes in the various plants, including carpenters, firemen, elevator men, machinists, etc., but these did not have the effect of tieing up the plants, since such action had been anticipated, and as often as a union man stepped out a non-union man, or a union man who had deserted his organization was there to take his place. The teamsters and cattle handlers, as a whole, employed by the various individual firms, refused to join in the pre-conference movements so much desired and ardently urged by President Donnelly of the Butchers' union, but at that a large number of them quit and quietly left the yards to attend a big mass meeting called for the benefit of all who had refused to await results of further conferences.

While these walkouts were taking place, a conference between strike representatives and the packers was being held at the offices of Nelson Morris & Co., at the yards and the delegates representing the allied trades were in session at Emerald avenue and Forty-first street. Earlier in the day the allied trades and the committee of eight teamsters chosen last night to seek peace anew before permitting the teamsters to strike, had been urged by President Donnelly of the meat cutters to declare the general strike and then seek a further conference with the packers.

There was a lively debate, President Golden, for the teamsters' governing body, declaring his belief that a common sense campaign would end in peace. He pointed out the danger of shutting up the Union yards and Transit company, which he said would be detrimental to the strikers' friends, the independent packers, who were doing the big packers almost as much damage as anybody else. He urged that the stockyards company be permitted to continue under some kind of agreement, but his argument had no weight with President Donnelly, who said:

"The time to strike is right now. Let us talk about the independent concerns and about settlements later."

Then it was arranged that President Schardt, representing the Chicago Federation of Labor, and Barney Cohen, representing the Butchers' union, should join the Teamsters' union committee, to which had been added John Sheridan, business agent of the ice wagon drivers. There are 1200 ice wagon drivers employed by the packers and with their striking it is admitted the packers would have much difficulty in getting ice to their refrigerator cars.

Before going to meet the packers, the committee of teamsters had a joint conference with the allied trades representatives and then, with Messrs. Schardt and Cohen, went to meet the packers at the offices of Nelson Morris & Co. While this latter conference was in progress, the allied trades' meeting was continued, the delegates being anxious to learn the result of the latest effort to bring about a settlement.

Under instructions the representatives of labor told the packers that they could not waive their demand for reinstatement within forty-eight hours or the cattle butchers and meat utters and within ten days for all others and for individual arbitration in all alleged discrimination. The packers were represented by Thomas Wilson for Nelson Morris & Co.; Edward Tilden, for Libby, McNeill & Libby; J. E. Maurier, for Schwarzschild & Sulzeberger; T. J. Connors, for Armour & Co., and J. P. Lyman, for the National Packing company. The conference was secret and after it had lasted several hours a representative of the packers reported no progress had been made and that a settlement seemed as far off as ever.

While the peace conference was in session news came of the strike of all the livestock handlers, which was called at 10 o'clock. Most of the men quit promptly at that hour, but many were allowed until 2 p. m. to finish delivering cattle outside the yards.

Independent packers took advantage of this and droves of cattle and sheep were driven out of the yards long after 10 o'clock. When it became known that the walkout of the livestock handlers affected the independent packers as well as those against whom the strike had been called, representatives of the independents called on the strike officials at the headquarters of the packing house teamsters to ask for a special provision allowing them to secure cattle from the yards in the regular way. Representatives of the allied packing house trades promised to take the question up at a formal meeting.

Meanwhile the sympathetic general strike had spread rapidly. When the scale men got word to quit, they coolly locked their scales and left, many of them having unweighed cattle on the scales. Fortunately, however, for shippers, commission men and packers nearly all the weighing had been done and little inconvenience resulted.

Not all the machinists went out. In fact, it is claimed a small majority responded to the call of their leaders. The electricians and dynamo men, however, made large desertions. Their places were asserted to have been filled by men who have been in the employ of the packers for many days.

The strike movement soon involved every craft at the stock yards, excepting the teamsters. Steamfitters, plumbers, box makers, etc., walked out successively, these departments being totally tied up in some instances and but partially in others. Thousands of workmen with their lunch pails began moving out of the yards in an orderly manner. There was marked absence of any suggestion of violence during the walkouts.

The strike, although general, was conducted without the official authorization by the heads of the various unions, but solely upon the order of business agents, who refused to await the action of the peace conference, which was still in session.

The joint peace conference of the teamsters and packers at Morris & Co.'s offices ended about noon without making much, if any progress. The packers demanded that the union men come to them with a definite proposition. The union committee returned to headquarters to confer with the butchers and allied trades in the hope, it is said, that something definite in the way of a new proposal could be decided upon.

One of the labor representatives, Barney Cohen, president of the State Federation of Labor, contended that the prospects for the settlement of the strike were not hopeless. He declared that concessions would yet be made by both sides. In this connection it was pointed out that the representatives of the packers remained at the offices of Morris & Co.

Notwithstanding President Cohen's optimism, adjournment of the conference between the packers and the teamsters' representatives gave little hope for a settlement of the trouble.

The union emissaries left the packers with the avowed intention of securing further instructions from President Donnelly, after which, they said, they would again call upon the employers. The packers were in an uncommunicative mood and merely declared that nothing definite had been accomplished and that no time for a further conference had been appointed.

ATTACKED BREAD WAGON.

Mob Cuts Horses Loose and Fires Vehicle.

Chicago, July 25.—A mob of 5000 strike sympathizers attacked a bread wagon of the Heusner Bakery company that was returning from making a delivery of bread to the stock yards, and, after beating the driver and his companion, cut the horses loose and set fire to the wagon.

J. C. Clark, superintendent of the bakery, who was driving the wagon, and Edward Smith, shipping clerk, who was with him, were both painfully but not dangerously hurt. No arrests were made. No further efforts were made to deliver bread at the stock yards.

WAITING ORDERS.

Kansas City Unionists Are Ready to Strike.

Kansas City, July 25.—Allied trades unionists in the packing houses here are waiting for the Chicago unionists to take the initiative in a sympathetic strike. They will, it is stated, follow whatever instructions may be received from Chicago. Work on an increased scale was resumed today at the plants of Armour & Co., Swift & Co. and Fowler Brothers. The Cudahy plant, which had been shut down since the second strike was called, was opened late in the day with a small force. Practically nothing was accomplished at the plant of Schwarzschild & Sulzberger, while the Ruddy Brothers house is closed down until the strike shall have been ended one way or another.

STRIKE IS ENDORSED.

St. Louis, July 25.—The strike of packing house employes has received the unanimous endorsement of the central trades and labor union, which means, in case a sympathetic strike should be called, that the strikers would have the support of the allied trades and labor organizations.

An effort being made to day to have the injunction secured by the packers last week in Judge Holders court at Belleville, Ill., dissolved. Each side has prepared a mass of affidavits to present to the court. This injunction and the plan of dividing the strikers into squads of ten men each under a captain, who is responsible for the actions of those placed in his care, has been the means of eliminating disorder.

All Our Nobby Straw Hats.....Half Price
$2.50 Sweaters.....$1.45. Men's Underwear...Half Price

Burrows' Clearance Sale

A Plain Statement of a Tremendous Fact.

Your Choice of $20 $18 $15 $12 Men's Suits

In every style sanctioned by the fashion of the hour. The choicest creations of those who mould the fashions in Men's apparel without exception or reservation.

Take Your Pick For.. $8.88 EACH Pick The Best For

$30, $28, $25 and $22 Men's Suits for..... $15

BOYS' CLOTHES HALF PRICE!

Russian Suits, Eton Suits, Norfolk Suits, Sailor Suits.

BOYS' 2-PIECE SUITS — Broken lines—formerly sold at $3.50, $5, $6.50—all bunched—your choice— $1.95

BOYS' 2-PIECE SUITS — Broken lines—Norfolk and Outing styles—sold for $6, $7.50, $10, $12—at $4.45

M. S. BURROWS.

MAY KEEP AWAY

Logging Roads Not Expected to Appear Before Equalization Board.

Will Fight Their Case In Court—The Proctorknott Case.

While the county board of equalization is in session this afternoon for the purpose of hearing the owners of the various logging railways in St. Louis county, which it is proposed to assess this year, it is hardly likely that any of the representatives of the railway companies have appeared.

Up to this noon none of the interests invited to be present had indicated that the invitation would be accepted, in fact, some have stated outright that they would stay away.

It is understood that the interests back of the logging roads propose to let the board of equalization go ahead and assess their property, when they will carry the matter into the courts. It was expected that any assessment would eventually end in the courts, but the logging road owners by keeping away from the board of equalization give the members no information at all about the roads and such valuations as may be assessed will be figures arrived at by the commissioners and the county auditor on such data as they may be able to pick up.

It has been intimated that the logging railway interests, particularly those who have headquarters in other counties will make a legal fight against any valuation and taxation in this county on the ground that their offices and places of business are in another county. Some logging roads having headquarters in one county while practically all their trackage lies in another county. The situation gives promise of a long legal fight to determine whether St. Louis county is entitled to taxes on the logging roads within its boundaries or whether the companies should pay taxes in the counties where are located their headquarters, irrespective of the fact all their trackage is in this county.

Assessor Jollymore, of Proctorknott and several citizens were expected to appear before the board this afternoon with a long petition requesting that the assessor's figures be allowed to stand. The fight between the taxpayers of Proctorknott and the land companies, for and gainst the raising of assessed valuation of real estate in that town, has been waged harder this year than ever before.

The citizens claim they must have more money and to get it they must raise valuations and get a larger levy.

Just what action the board of equalization will take in the matter is not yet determined, though some of the commissioners have expressed themselves of the opinion that if the valuation is cut on unimproved property it should be cut correspondingly on improved property.

It is understood that the position of the land companies is that the valuations on unimproved property should be cut while that on improved property should stand or be raised.

There are lots side by side at Proctorknott, one unimproved and the other with a building on it, where the assessed valuation is more for the improved property than for the unimproved, yet, at the same time the impovements are assessed. Some of the commissioners believe that this discrimination should not exist and there should be a cut in relative values if any at all.

No meeting of the board was held this morning as the range commissioners could not reach the city before noon.

C. O. NELSON AMBITIOUS

Announces Desire to Be Nominated For the Legislature.

C. O. Nelson, the well known West End business man, has again pitched his quoit into the political ring, having filed with the county auditor, this morning, for the Republican nomination as member of the legislature from the Forty-ninth district.

Up to the time of Mr. Nelson's filing there has been only one other candidate to file, George J. Mallory, of West Duluth, who now holds the position of deputy United States marshal in this district.

It is claimed that Mr. Nelson would not be a candidate with Alderman L. A. Barnes in the field, but that assurance has been given that Mr. Barnes does not contemplate entering the contest.

Mr. Nelson will, it is asserted by his friends, have the backing of the West End and a strong support from West Duluth, where he is well known in connection with his fight for the West End depot and for train service through West Duluth from the West End.

ONCE CHANCE FOR A SCRAP

Council Meeting Promises to Be Tame But For One Matter.

A warm discussion will probably take place this evening at the council meeting on the question of paving Seventh avenue east between First and Second streets.

A few of the property owners are anxious to have the street paved and others are determined that it shall not be paved. The work was ordered by the council but an attempt is being made to have the former order rescinded.

The matter came up at the last meeting of the council but was laid over for one week to enable the property owners to be present and be heard on the question. They will attend this evening and present the two sides of the matter.

Aside from this question the meeting tonight promises to be a quiet one, and there are not many matters of importance to come up.

It is possible that the new ordinance, compelling the telephone company to open its wires to permit of the passage of a building will be introduced and given its first reading.

$500 WILL BUY INTEREST IN

money-making, incorporated industrial, comprising FOUR products in wide and constant demand, and market ready made. Special bargain to investors. Write today for printed matter, giving particulars. Address

E. W. R., CHARLESTON, Kanawha Co., West Virginia.

A Final Warning

The days of grace will soon be over—Saturday, July 30, ends it all. Don't blame anybody but yourself, if you have not taken advantage of our

20% DISCOUNT SALE

Think of the Savings You Can Make—Honest Savings, Too.

$50 Suits made to order..... $40
$45 Suits made to order..... $36
$40 Suits made to order..... $32
$35 Suits made to order..... $28
$30 Suits made to order..... $24

$15 Trousers made to order $12.00
$14 Trousers made to order $11.20
$12 Trousers made to order $9.60
$10 Trousers made to order $8.00
$8 Trousers made to order $6.40

Don't Hesitate a Day Longer—There Is a Nice Lot of Goods to Select From.

HIGH-CLASS TAILORING. GEO. H. BRENTON HIGH-CLASS FABRICS.

DULUTH'S LEADING TAILOR,
Phoenix Block, Fourth Avenue West and Superior Street.

Missionary Union.

The meeting of the missionary union will be held tomorrow at 3 p. m., at the Second Baptist church, Twentieth avenue west and First street. Among the speakers will be Mrs. George F. Warner, recently from China, Miss Anna Milne, soon to enter upon missionary work in China, and our honorary president Miss B. A. Eddy.

PRESIDENT PUTS IN SOME BUSY DAYS

Oyster Bay, July 25.—President Roosevelt's last three days at Sagamore Hill, during his present sojourn here, give promise of being the busiest he has had since his arrival. Several visitors were received today and others will be received tomorrow. On Wednesday the ceremony incident to his notification of the action of the Chicago convention will be held. On Thursday morning at 9 o'clock, the president, accompanied by Secretary Loeb and the force of executive clerks now here, will leave for Washington. It is the president's intention to remain in Washington until Aug. 20, when he will return to Sagamore Hill for another sojourn of six weeks. During his absence in Washington Mrs. Roosevelt and the children will remain at Sagamore Hill.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COLIC, CHOLERA AND DIARRHOEA REMEDY.

This remedy is certain to be needed in almost every home before the summer is over. It can always be depended upon even in the most severe and dangerous cases. It is especially valuable for summer disorders in children. It is pleasant to take and never fails to give prompt relief. Why not buy it now? It may save life. For sale by all druggists.

THE SMALLEST ON RECORD

Tiny Pony Born at Cloquet—Weighs 13 3-4 Pounds.

There is joy and wonderment galore in the ranks of the Gentry show, for yesterday, at Cloquet, the tiniest pony ever seen was found among the other Shetlands when they awoke on the Sabbath morning. The actor dogs barked, elephants roared their lowly roar, ponies neighed and monkeys screeched out one of the wildest welcomes ever heard in the annals of trained animal shows.

The "Equine stork" has been generous with the great animal family of late, but it remained for the mysterious bird to do itself proud, and on yesterday it created great consternation by leaving, carefully coddled in the corner of the padded cars, the smallest piece of horseflesh ever seen. As soon as the news of the midget pony's arrival became known, thousands of people in Cloquet crowded the big white tents to get a peep at the tiny fellow who will carry the name of the neighboring lumber town all over the ring, for the youngster will be publicly christened "Cloquet" in the ring tonight.

Little "Clo" at its birth tipped the scales at 13¾ pounds, and is but 14 inches high. His mother is "Thimble," one of the smallest of the actor ponies, and of the Trinket stock, herself a beauty. "Clo," at the age of two and a half hours, had thoroughly opened his tiny optics and was frisking about and cutting all sorts of figure 8's.

W. W. Gentry, one of the brothers, had its photo taken this morning in several different poses, and pronounced it to be without a doubt, the tiniest horse ever born. Perched in a miniature red and golden chariot, and carefully guarded from possible danger, "Clo" will be seen, with "Thimble," his mother, in Wednesday morning's street parade.

Boston and Return

ONLY ONE CENT PER MILE FROM CHICAGO, VIA LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Tickets on sale Aug. 12-13-14, with provision for extension of return limit to Sept. 30. Tickets available via all regular routes, including through New York, as well as the St. Lawrence river, Adirondack and White Mt. territory. For full information, call upon or address W. B. Hutter, N. W. P. A., Pioneer Press Bldg., St. Paul, or C. F. Daly, Chief A. G. P. A., Chicago.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Cornish Wrestling Tournament at Sons of St. George Picnic.

Houghton, Mich., July 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The upper peninsula lodges of Sons of St. George 5000 strong held their annual reunion at Lake Linden Friday and Saturday. It was decided to invite the supreme lodge, which meets in Chicago in October to hold their next meeting in Calumet. The main feature of the gathering was the Cornish wrestling tournament, the winners of prizes being, first, William Jones; second, William Martin, third, Bert. Williams; fourth, Ole Nelson, all of Calumet.

Manistique—Mrs. Pearl Standway of the Soo was murdered at the Hotel Hiawatha by a man, named Charles Buckley, also of the Soo. He cut her throat from ear to ear with a razor and then rushed from the house and gave himself up. They came from the Soo the night previous with a man named Charles Davis, and Mrs. Lillian Proctor, who claims to be the mother of the murdered woman. The two couples registered at the hotel as married. The murdered woman has a child less than two years old.

The merchants of Manistique, some of whom have been in the habit of keeping their stores open on Sunday, have decided to discontinue doing business on the Sabbath. An agreement to this effect has been signed and will, it is given out, be rigidly adhered to.

Sault Ste Marie—Attorney J. H. Mare, for the Michigan Lake Superior Power company, announced that the company would pay off the men left in the lurch at the time of the Consolidated Lake Superior collapse. The men were engaged in working on the canal and about the powerhouse. They have more than $10,000 coming. This amount put in circulation in a single week will stimulate business.

Escanaba—Ernest J. Bartlett, charged with embezzling funds of the city while employed as a collector for the Escanaba municipal lighting plant, has been found not guilty. His trial has just been concluded in the Delta county circuit court.

But a few days over just one year ago the Carnegie public library at Escanaba was thrown open to the public. Since that time 42,897 books have been circulated and 200 have been added to the shelves. The library now contains 3325 volums.

NO PITY SHOWN.

"For years fate was after me continuously" writes F. A. Gulledge, Verbena, Ala. "I had a terrible case of Piles causing 24 tumors. When all failed Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured me. Equally good for Burns and all aches and pains. Oly 25c at all drug stores.

POSSE OF FARMERS HUNTING MURDERER

Syracuse, N. Y., July 25.—A posse of fifty farmers led by deputy sheriffs, is searching the woods about Otisco, Onondaga county, for Fred Mason, who yesterday afternoon shot and killed his father-in-law, Davis Wilson, living near Amber. Mason separated from his wife last year and disappeared. Yesterday he returned and, coming upon Wilson in his dooryard, without warning grabbed him around the neck and fired five shots into his body. Wilson fell dead. Mason then went into the house and threatened to shoot his wife. She covered him with a revolver and he fled to the woods which surrounds Otisco lake. Late today it was reported the posse had him surrounded near the lake and expected to capture him in a short time.

LONG AUTOMOBILE RUN.

New York, July 25.—Sixteen automobiles, piloted by members of the Automobile Club of America, started today on the long run to St. Louis. There were two women in the party.

No Change of Names.

Charlotte Krause, a domestic employed by Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Nester, did not have to change her name when she entered the bonds of matrimony. She was married this afternoon to Walter P. Krause, of Bemidji, who bears no relation to her, although the name is the same.

Rev. John Callahan of the Star of Hope mission performed the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Krause will go to Bemidji to live, where Mr. Krause is employed by the Crookston Lumber company.

PANAMA HATS

Cleaned, bleached, reblocked and retrimmed by our Expert Bleacher, equal to new. We guarantee absolute satisfactory work.

C. VOLLAND, Hat Factory, 14 First Ave. E.

Independent Scandinavian Workingmen's Association—Grand Lodge Meeting, Menomonie, Wis., July 26-30.

For the above convention, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets Duluth to Menomonie and return at $2.50. Tickets on sale July 30th., for morning train only, good returning the evening of same day. All who desire to avail themselves of this exceedingly low rate, please call at City Ticket office, 302 West Superior street, where arrangements may be made. G. M. SMITH, Gen'l Agent.

Milwaukee Wis., and Return, $11.80.

On July 27 and 28, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to Milwaukee and return at $11.90. Tickets good for return August 1. City Ticket Office, 302 West Superior street, Lonsdale building.

Stop Over In Chicago on St. Louis Fair Ticket.

No extra charge to go via Chicago and ten days' stop will be given in Chicago both going and returning, if desired, on all St. Louis fair tickets, via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. Five daily trains to Chicago, 8:30 a. m., 4:00 p. m., 7:20 p. m. (The Fast Mail), 8:35 p. m. (Pioneer Limited) and 10:00 p. m. Each has a good connection for St. Louis and Eastern points. Write us for world's fair rates. W. B. Dixon, N. W. Agt., 365 Robert street, St. Paul. Minn.

It pays to advertise in The Herald—ask J. M. Gidding.

Chickering and Fischer PIANOS.
HOWARD, FARWELL & CO.,
Hunter Block, 29 West Superior St.
W. J. Allen, Local Manager.

Have your head massaged
HAVE YOUR FACE MASSAGED
With Mardorf's Massage Machine —newest thing in town.
Geo. J. Mardorf, St. Louis Hotel Barber Shop.

DRINK { The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. } ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER Sold in Duluth at the IDEAL BEER HALL.

Copyrights. Caveats. Trade Marks
PATENTS
and all matters concerning the procuring or litigation thereof.
JAMES T. WATSON,
P. O. Box 573, or Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.
Allowance guaranteed after favorable report on preliminary examination.
Call or send for information.
Contracts. Licenses Designs.

A FEUDAL ESTATE

Cannot Enter Joseph Leiter's Coal Camp Without a Passport.

People Cannot Even Get Mail, Unless He Consents.

Carbondale, Ill., July 25.—Joseph Leiter's coal camp is taking on more and more the characteristics of a feudal estate. Seven thousand and five acres of coal land are owned there by Mr. Leiter and the entire tract is now being enclosed by a stockade.

No person is permitted to enter Ziegler without a permit from Mr. Leiter and 25 telephone stations have been established aroun the place. These are in charge of armed detectives from Chicago, and if a daring man or woman is rebuffed at one point alarms are sounded on all the telephones and the armed detectives are immediately on the alert to stop the trespasser.

The stockade when completed will be a formidable affair. It is now nearly finished, and when the last nail is driven the great fence will be surmounted by a live electric wire. The electrical charge in the wire will be sufficiently strong to stun the ordinary man, but not strong enough to kill.

The stockade against outsiders is not confined exclusively to miners or thier emissaries. Newspaper correspondents are included and the experience of Mrs. E. A. MacMillan, a writer for a newspaper, is expected to deter any other correspondents from making an effort to enter the forbidden land.

Mrs. MacMillan made many earnest efforts to reach Mr. Leiter's private town for an interview with him, but, was turned back repeatedly. Then she decided that the United States postoffice in the place could not possibly come under Mr. Leiter's dominion, so she made a request to be allowed to reach the office and obtain her mail. According to her story an armed guard held her back and informed her that, pursuant to Mr. Leiter's orderes, no one might go to the postoffice without the Leiter passport.

Disguising herself as a berry picker, Mrs. MacMillan came back again and endeavored to pass the guards. She was discovered and arrested. Mr. Leiter personally conducted the prosecution and demanded that the prisoner be fined $5 and costs. The justice of the peace so decreed, and Sheriff Stein was called to take Mrs. MacMillan to jail, she not desiring to pay the fine. Then Mr. Leiter relented. The pluck of the woman appealed to him and he seemed to see the ludicrous side of the affair, so he ordered that the fine be remitted and that she be taken to the outskirts of his property by an armed guard, released and warned never to return.

Mr. Leiter's troubles with the coal miners reached its first serious point on July 13, when 150 strikers and their families were evicted from their homes in Ziegler. The men had defied the owner of the property, and he in turn had declared that he would recognize no union rules that interfered with his own way of conducting his business.

As the situation now stands the whole southern Illinois mining industry is threatened by the critical conditions at Ziegler. Prior to the hoisting of coal at Ziegler a scale was entenered into extending over two years, in which miners and operators were bound. To that scale Mr. Leiter tacitly agreed. Until two weeks ago he paid the scale and conducted his mine as a union shaft. Now a tremendous struggle has begun.

Joseph Leiter has constructed one of the most modern coal shafts in the United States. His interests represent more than a million dollars. The miners' cottages have all home comforts, electric lights and water. Nine large stores are conducted by him. There are a hospital, an ice plant and an up-to-date hotel. The streets are regularly laid out and shade trees planted.

Just as soon as his mine was ready to open, when he thought that 8000 tons of coal could be hoisted daily, Mr. Leiter issued an ultimatum to the men, which was a reduction of 18 cents a ton on mining. The scale was at first believed to be a joke. The miners' officials conferred with him and obtained a partial modification, but still with a 16-cent reduction.

When it became apparent that a strike of large proportions, one that would stagger the industry and one in which human life might be lost, was inevitable, an exodus to Christopher, a small town six miles distant, was begun.

The sight along the dismal road from Ziegler to Christopher is striking. Here and there a stove has been set up under a tree or in an old granary or in an abandoned house. Every possible bit of shelter has been utilized, and all along the road are scattered the families of the moving miners.

In one place a new city has been established. It is composed of tents, but M. J. Turner has been elected mayor and all the minor officials have been sworn in. Here it is that the miners who are fighting Mr. Leiter will make their campaign headquarters. The town is only a short distance from the stockade, and it is the belief that the struggle will result in an outbreak in which human life and property will greatly suffer.

Bad Blood

the results of impure blood. Ayer's Sarsaparilla makes the blood rich and pure. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Pimples, rashes, eczema, boils, headache, nervousness, debility—these are some of Your doctor will tell you how

WELL KNOWN IN DULUTH

Thomas Morrison Reported Slated for Steel Corporation Director.

It is now reported that Thomas Morrison, who was in Duluth a few days ago, will succeed Charles M. Schwab as a director of the United States Steel corporation. The nature of Mr. Morrison's visit here could not be learned at the time it was made and the general understanding was that he was here merely on a social tour and to visit old friends who used to live in Pittsburg.

But with the rumors of his being slated for a seat in the directory of the corporation it is freely asserted that his visit to Duluth was in the nature of a preliminary inspection of the company's interests in this part of the country. While here Mr. Morrison is understood to have gone up the ranges.

He started as a mechanic in the Homestead plant of the Carnegie company, being, by the way, a second cousin of Andrew Carnegie. He soon got in charge of the shop there and was later transfered to the Duquesne plant, where he was made general superintendent. Later he succeeded James Gayley, now first vice president of the United States Steel corporation, as superintendent of the Braddock plant. Afterwards he went into the general offices of the Carnegie company and on the board of direstors. If he should go on the steel corporation board it will be a surprise to many of his friends in Duluth, some of whom thought he had relinquished all his holdings in the steel companies, especially as he has recently become extensively interested in the glass business, being identified with the Pittsburg and St. Louis plate glass companies, the latter being a comparatively new concern.

PIPE DREAMS

People who take morphine and opium have them.
Their dreams are only dreams, but the after effects are most awful realities.
Nerve murder—nothing less.
Opiates take all the vitality out of the nerves.

PALMO TABLETS

will restore the worst wreck ever laid low by these drugs, alcohol or abuse, to perfect mental and bodily health.
They cure all kinds of nerve decay.
We refund your money if they fail.

50 cents, 12 boxes for $5.00. Guaranteed. Book free. The S. R. Fell Co., Cleveland, O.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, 13 West Superior street.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co.
Mention this paper Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

GETS TWO BIDS

City Receives Two Proposals For Readvertised Bridge Job.

Northwestern Works Low —St. Paul Company Keeps Out.

Only two bids were submitted to the board of public works for the construction of the East Fifth street bridge, as the result of the re-advertisement which was ordered by the council.

The contract was the one which the council desired to let to a local concern in preference to a St. Paul company which bid but $32 lower on the job. The Northwestern Steam Boiler works of this city at that time bid $2027, while the St. Paul Foundry company bid $1995.

Some of the aldermen favored giving the contract to the local concern where the difference in the bids was so small, but others claimed that the precedent was a bad one to establish and it was finally decided to advertise for new bids.

This was done and the bids were opened by the board of public works this morning.

Only two bids were received. The St. Paul Foundry company did not submit one, refraining from again submitting the bid made on the former occasion.

The Northwestern Steam Boiler works submitted the same bid again, offering to build the bridge for $2027. The only other bidder was A. Y. Payne, of St. Paul, who bid $2567, which was about the engineer's estimate of the cost.

On this showing the contract was let to the Northwestern Steam Boiler works and it will be sent up to the council this evening for approval.

The withdrawal of the St. Paul Foundry company probably saved a warm fight in the council on the question. It was argued by some that where the difference was so small, home industry should be patronized, and on the other hand it was argued that the precedent of not giving a contract to the lowest bidder was a bad one to establish and tended to discourage outside competition for municipal contracts.

Nothing but the motion to re-advertise prevented a heated discussion two weeks ago, and half the question come up again tonight under the same conditions it would have been fought out to the end.

HINT FOR TROUT FISHERMEN

Use Horses to Fool Wary Fish, Who Fears Shadows.

Anglers often complain that brook trout, while the wariest and gamiest of fishes for their inches and weight, are at the same time the shiest. Others, whose chosen type of piscatorial sport is luring with fly-rod or bait-casting outfit the gamy black bass, award that fish the palm of superiority for wariness and, when hooked, for resourcefulness in warlike tactics trying to the expertness of the rodster as well as the quality of the latter's tackle. Thus, also, anglers who prefer fishing for some other particular kind of fish extol the merits of their choice, the salmon, the muskellunge, the tarpon and the tuna all having advocates who place their favorite fish in a class by itself. However, many writers upon angling topics—men whose wide experience qualifies them to speak authoritatively—have held strongly that few, if any, varieties of fishes taken with rod and reel are so shy and wary as some species of the salmon family, thus sustaining the contention of the anglers for brook trout.

Stalking trout with horses as blinds, as the plains hunters of the West stalk antelopes sounds queer at first, but it is a trick that an afternoon's experience taught an old angler who was after trout near Laclune, Quebec, to his profit.

Where he lives the streams are too deep to wade and run through open country. The fishes have been taught by years of experience to be exceedingly cautious. The only way to get them is by fishing from the bank facing the sun and then with a long line and rod casting from a good distance back from the water and judging of the strikes by the sense of feeling.

One day he noticed some ponies standing at the edge of the brook, cooling their feet. By cautious management he contrived to gain a footing close to them and made a cast from there. The fishes rose splendidly and he caught a couple of half-pounders. By bribing two of the docile horses with biscuits he chanced to have in his pocket he persuaded them to remain long enough for him to get half a dozen, which seemed about all the hole contained.

The next time he went fishing he took sugar and coaxed one of the horses to go along the bank with him. Keeping close alongside, he had capital sport. Probably a cow would have done just as well, for the point of discovery seemed to lie about the fact that the trout have learned to distinguish between men, their enemies, and other animals harmless to them.

Interest in this rodster's method and success lie in the novelty and the unusual environment. Of the latter feature it may be said that the experiences of fly-casters on most trout streams will show that, generally speaking, flowing waters inhabited by trout are found less often in open country than in an environment of woodland. Under the latter conditions trout are wary—as every angler knows—and doubtless those inhabiting a stream in open country would have become more acutely sensitive to aught that their instinct of self-preservation teaches them is likely to prove dangerous.

80 PER CENT OF THE ADULT POPULATION SUFFER FROM ONE PAINFUL AILMENT.

Think what this means. Imagine the amount of misery that exists and is endured simply because people do not know there is an absolute cure.

The only way to cure any complaint is to remove the cause. There are very few diseases or ailments that can be cured by external application—and piles is not one of them. Piles can be cured; the treatment must, however, be internal, for the cause of piles is an internal disorder of the liver or the bowels. Even catarrh of the stomach and bowels can be cured by DR. PERRIN'S PILE SPECIFIC, The Internal Remedy. Here is an instance of what this practically infallible remedy will do:

Dr. C. A. Perrin, Helena, Mont.—Dear Sir: I have nearly finished the former bottle of Perrin's Pile Specific and am practically well. My case was one which most physicians would have pronounced incurable, as I was afflicted with a dysentery and compelled to go to the toilet room from three to five times each day and each time would bleed from one-half to one teacupful. I had to resort to bandages and absorbent cotton to check the flow of blood, and now the past ten or twelve days there has been no sign of bleeding and my appetite is good; have gained ten pounds in weight and feel like a new lease of life was given me.

Very truly yours,
T. R. HARRIS,
October 20th, 1902. Yerington, Nev.

Dr. Perrin's Pile Specific is sold by all reliable druggists at $1.00 the bottle, under an absolute guarantee to refund the money should this great internal remedy fail to cure.

DR. PERRIN MEDICAL CO., HELENA, MONT.

A. O. H. PICNIC

Of Division No. 1, A. O. H., to be held at Lincoln Park, Wednesday, July 27. Come and bring your families, your sweethearts and wives. All kinds of games.

MRS. C. P. LAWLER DEAD.

After Illness of Several Years, Death Comes.

Mrs. Lawler, of 1708 Dingwall street, wife of Charles P. Lawler, engineer of the Endion school, died yesterday at the age of 42 years, and after ten years of suffering from rheumatism, and a bronchial affection. One daughter, Gertrude, aged 15 years, and the husband are left as members of the family to mourn the loss of wife and mother. The late Mrs. Lawler was Miss Mary Ryan, daughter of Hannah Ryan, of 506 Second avenue west. Her father, Cornelius Ryan, died in Southern Minnesota many years ago. D. C. and R. J. Ryan, of Duluth, were brothers of the late Mrs. Lawler. The funeral will take place this morning at 9 o'clock from the cathedral.

EXCURSION

To Fond du Lac tomorrow, July 26, given by the ladies of the Pilgrim Congregational church. Boat only makes one trip, leaving Morse street dock, one block north of Slinger's dock at 9 a. m., returning 6 p. m. Adults 50c; children 25c.

KRUGER'S BODY REMOVED.

Clarins, Switzerland, July 25.—The remains of Mr. Kruger, late president of the Transvaal, who died here July 14, were placed on board a train today, bound for The Hague. The funeral car was decorated with flags and flowers, and the coffin was covered with the flag of the late Transvaal republic.

NIGHT WAS HER TERROR.

"I would cough nearly all night long," writes Mrs. Chas. Applegate, of Alexandria, Ind., "and could hardly get any sleep. I had consumption so bad that if I walked a block I would cough frightfully and spit blood, but, when all other medicines failed, three $1.00 bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery wholly cured me and I gained 58 pounds." It's absolutely guaranteed to cure Coughs, Colds, La Grippe, Bronchitis and all Throat and Lung Troubles. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free at all drug stores.

IMPROVED MARKET

Lumber Manufacturers Claim Tendency Is Toward Better Prices.

Some Sales Made Recently —Several Eastern Buyers Here.

Local manufacturers of lumber claim a tendency toward stiffer prices over those asked a few months ago, although the advance is not strongly marked as yet. A few sales have been made in the Duluth market, with the prospect good, it is claimed, for more in the near future.

A number of Eastern buyers, men from Buffalo, Tonawanda Cleveland and other points have been here in the past week or ten days looking over the stocks and to see about the shipment of stocks already purchased.

The Leesure Lumber company has sold about 1,000,000 feet for cargo shipment and the Virginia Lumber company has sold several lots aggregating about 3,000,000 feet.

The Scott-Graff mill and the Hubbard & Vincent mills are soon to close down. Both mills have been sawing on contract.

The surveying crew on the extension of the Cloquet Lumber company's road, from Island lake, is now up to Cloquet. The route surveyed will make the distance about twenty-seven miles between Cloquet and Island lake. The road will greatly facilitate the logging and lumbering interests of the Cloquet Lumber company and it is claimed that it will be a great factor in the development of the country through which it will run. The construction work is expected to begin very soon.

The extension of the Minnesota & Northern logging road into the country north of Hibbing is progressing. About four miles of steel have been laid and much grading has been done. The road taps much of the timber owned by the Northern Lumber company. It will be extended about ten miles to a point north of McKinley.

In the last issue of the American Lumberman, the Duluth Log company, is spoken of as the "pulpwood kings."

The company is claimed to have shipped the first spruce sent out of the state by rail. Since the first of the current year the company has shipped 46,500 cords of pulpwood. During the winter months 125 carloads were put out daily. Last season the company got out 750,000 cedar and tamarack ties besides doing an immense business in cedar posts and poles. Last season the company employed sixty-one contractors and about 2000 men, scattered throughout the cedar and pulpwood country of the Northwest.

WEST DULUTH

Zenith park yesterday received the largest patronage it has enjoyed any day so far this season. The main attraction was the uniform rank of West Duluth Modern Woodmen of America, which held a practice drill on the island. The West End drill team was also on hand, and went through with several difficult maneuvers.

Both teams displayed much cleverness, calling for generous applause from the onlookers. They displayed a degree of skill in the drill work which could have been attained only through months of careful practice, reflecting much credit on their captains, C. C. Salter, captain of the West Duluth rank, intends taking his men to the St. Louis exposition in September, during fraternal week, when competing teams from all over the United States will drill for valuable prizes. The West Duluthians are making a fine showing now, and their chances for capturing a good prize at the fair considered excellent.

Besides the Woodmen attractions there were several picnics on the island, and dancing with music, at the pavilion. It is estimated that fully 2000 people from Duluth and Superior enjoyed an outing at the park yesterday. The ferry, Merry Man, was kept busy throughout the day transporting picnicers to and from the island. A number were there in row boats and launches. As large a crowd is expected next Sunday, when the Superior Red Men will conduct a picnic at the park. Duluth Red Men, lodge No. 17, are planning on a picnic to occur at the park early in August.

LARGE AND NUMEROUS.

Partridge and Grouse Showing Up Well.

"We had a late spring, and yet partridge and grouse in the vicinity of Duluth appear to be unusually large for this season of the year," said Edward Moe, who drove in from Cloquet yesterday, in speaking this morning of game indications in the woods of Northern Minnesota.

"The birds are fairly numerous too," he continued, "and the hunters may look for good sport when the season opens, provided sooner shooters don't get into the woods and kill off the wild fowl before the legitimate sportsmen have a chance. I hardly think this will occur, however, for each year sees a better observance of the game laws, and the wardens are careful to see that the creatures of the forest receive proper protection.

"Prairie chicken and pin tail grouse are practicaly plentiful. It was not long ago that there were scarcely any of these birds at all in the vicinity of Duluth. They kept more to the prairies to the west. But since the forest fires have done so much damage in this section of the state, making large openings where before there were heavy growths of trees, these varieties of game birds have been coming into the burnt over territory in increasing numbers, until now they afford good sport for the hunter and his dog."

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

August Carlson, a single man 34 years of age, died Saturday night at the Red Cross hospital. He has a brother, Segfred, living at Sixth avenue west. Funeral arrangements have not yet been made.

Joseph Ire is in the city from French river for a few days.

The Twentieth Century Progress club will hold a regular meeting in St. James hall this evening, and a large class will be initiated into the mysteries of the organization. The committee on signs, grips, pass words and obligations will be ready with a report.

The West Duluth Social club will hold a business meeting this evening and lay plans for a series of dances to be given in West Duluth.

The regular West Duluth base ball team did not play yesterday, but the Athletes, in a game on the Fifty-second avenue grounds, defeated the Four Aces by a score of 17 to 9.

Mr. and Mrs. Anghren, who have been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Robert McKernan, on Sixty-third avenue west, were called to St. Paul yesterday by the illness of Mr. Anghren's mother.

Charles E. Century, of Decorah, Ia., is a guest at the home of his sister, Mrs. John Erickson, on Fifty-seventh avenue west.

Fine California cherries now on sale at Dermedy's grocery store. This is your last chance of the season to buy cherries.

Patterson, undertaker. 'Phone 3070.

TWO HARBORS WON.

Easily Defeated the White Sox of Cloquet.

Two Harbors, Minn., July 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Cloquet White Sox met defeat at the hands of the locals yesterday afternoon in an easy game by a score of 17 to 8, a greater score than the 10 to 8 by which the regular Cloquet team was defeated a week ago.

The locals had the game in hand at all stages, but the game was interesting, the feature being the first triple play made on the home grounds. Burns, Two Harbors' first baseman, catching a hot liner, touching a man off first base and throwing to Rich at second, catching Campbell off that base. Another feature was the heavy batting of Pitcher Mike Houle, of the Cloquets and of First Baseman Burns of the locals. Following is the score:

Two Harbors—		Cloquet—
Munro	left field	Sheely and Hunter
Benjamin	center field	Freeman
Schurch	right field	Mance
Rich	short stop	E. Rick
McQuade	third base	Crawford and W. Rick
Anderson	second base	Cardinal
Burns	first base	Campbell
Wagman	catcher	W. Rick and M. Houle
Carey	pitcher	Crawford and M. Houle

The score:

	R.	H.	E.
Two Harbors	4 2 0 0 5 1 0 5 x	17	15	5
Cloquet	1 0 2 2 0 0 0 2 0	8	18	7

Struck out—By Houle, 4; by Carey, 6. Time—1:45. Umpire—Hannon. Attendance, 300.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

One Man Killed, Another Injured From a Fall.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Grand Forks—Andrew Wick is dead and Carl Honquist lies in the hospital seriously injured as the result of a fall from a scaffold at the new building which is being erected at the Belmont school. The men were at work on the cornice of the building and in some way unknown both fell to the ground, a distance of thirty feet. Wick seems to have struck on his head and shoulders, as the back of his skull was crushed. Several ribs were broken and the lungs were perforated by the broken bones. He was taken to the hospital, where he died in a few hours. Honquist is badly bruised and shaken, but it is believed now that he will recover.

John Johnson, for twelve years engineer on the Great Northern switch engine here, stabbed himself and inflicted a number of ugly wounds. He has been brooding over the fact that some time ago his engine struck a man and ruined one of the man's eyes. He has spoken of this several times, and, while he was being taken to the hospital said that the accident was not his fault. He is expected to recover.

Fargo—Some years ago the Citizens' National bank of this city failed, and, after the discharge of the receiver, there was still $7000 due the county. Martin Hetland, president of a bank in this city, was among the bondsmen, and he has sent to the commissioners his share of the amount due the county, stating that he recognizes his moral responsibility in the premises and wanted to have a clear record.

The farmers' excursions to the North Dakota Agricultural college are over. During the two weeks 3100 farmers from over the state took advantage of the opportunity to visit the experiment station and to see the kind of work being conducted there.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Vermilion—The body of Clarion Fleming was washed ashore south of this city. Fleming was drowned at Springfield last Sunday while bathing in the Missouri river. His home is in Soldier, Kan. He had registered at Yankton last week and and was visiting his brother at Springfield. The remains were shipped home in charge of the young man's father.

Elk Point—John St. Pierre has been held without bail for the murder of Albert and Clanrence Chilleu May 24, by shooting.

Sturgis—It is said that the construction quartermaster at Fort Meade has received instructions to select sites at that post for two field officers' quarters, two non-commissioned officers' and one double barracks. These buildings will be constructed of brick, and, aside from the barracks, will be of far more pretentious size and style than the quarters they are intended to replace. An effort will be made to have the new structures ready for occupancy by January.

Brookings—The great council of the Improved Order of Redmen elected the following officers: H. L. Walker, Brookings, great sachem; E. L. Knapp, Sisseton, great senior sagamore; F. W. Coolidge, Redfield, great chief of records; T. J. Dyke, Webster, great keeper of wampum; E. O. Walgren, Yankton, great prophet; N. E. Thackeberry, De Smet, great sannap; O. E. Froberg, Aberdeen, great mishinewa; H. C. Fuller, Tyndall, guard of the wigam; H. Roster, Sioux Falls, guard of the forest. The next meeting of the council will be held at Sioux Falls.

Watertown—The officials of the land office here have received a decision from the commissioner of the general land office in the case of David Wolff vs. Ko-zi-ipi, in favor of the Indian. Whether or not the Indian was ever a hostile cannot be considered after he has received his patent.

Pierre—Stockmen say that cattle are fat enough for market, but that as long as the packing house strike lasts they will make no shipments, as they consider the chances for putting in their cattle at a loss are good.

Salem—F. M. Campbell, living northwest of town, was run into by the southbound Northwestern freight. He was thrown from the wagon and quite seriously bruised on the head, body and legs. Campbell is 77 years old.

The number of times in a year that a man uses The Herald's Want Columns is an idex to his interests and activities.

Drawing for New Contest.

Draws for the games in the Bagley championship, medal score, to be played at the North Land club golf links shortly, are as follows:

Women—Preliminary, Mrs. D. W. Stocking vs. Mrs. A. W. Hartman. First round, Mrs. E. P. Alexander vs Mrs. J. B. Cotton, Mrs. E. P. Towne vs. Mrs. T. W. Hoopes, Mrs. S. H. Jones vs. Mrs. L. J. Hopkins.

Men—Preliminary, F. E. House vs. D. G. Cutler, Jr., Ward Ames, Jr., vs. F. F. Leach, E. P. Alexander vs. R. F. Draper, C. D. Thompson vs. H. T. Abbott, L. J. Hopkins vs. D. Walte. First round, D. R. McLennan vs. H. H. Myers, J. H. Upham, Jr., vs. F. W. Hargreaves, G. C. Stone vs. T. W. Hoopes, H. F. Williamson vs. W. W. Walker, W. G. Hegardt vs. A. W. Hartman.

Mrs. W. W. Walker will play the winner in the women's preliminary, and E. P. Towne will play the winner in the men's preliminary.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Half Price in our Infants' Wear Section, The Baby Store, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday!

NOTICE.

All goods bought after 25th of each month will be charged on next month's account.



An interesting opportunity for economical mothers to secure infants' needs at a big saving. The sale will be for three days only.

Half Off Child's Dresses!

For the next three days we offer our entire stock of children's colored dresses at half.

Russian Dresses of shrunken linen. Buster Brown Dresses in white and blue stripes; others in plain blue and tan. Russian Dresses made of Galatea cloth in navy, blue and white, cadet blue and white, red and white, etc.

Russian Dresses, made of fine quality of chambray, in desirable colors.

ONE-HALF OFF all "Buster Brown" and Russian Bloomer Suits for girls and boys from 2 to 5 years.

Lawn Bonnets at Half!

Pretty Lawn Bonnets, trimmed with embroidery and laces—25c, 39c, 50c and up to $2.50—half price.

A line of Sunbonnets in colors and white; regular 25c values at 10c.

Wash Hats with buttons on crown, in white linen; regular 65c and 75c values—at 39c.

Wash Coats at Half!

Crash Coats with large sailor collar, trimmed with white braid and emblems; regular $4.50 values at half price—$2.25.

White Coats made of white Galatea cloth, with large sailor collar of blue, trimmed with white braid —$2.75 to $5.00—choice at half.

White Pique Reefers, large collars, round and square, trimmed with embroidery and insertion—at half.

Long and three-quarter length Pique Coats, all at half price.

25% off all other lines in our infants' wear section—nothing reserved. Make out a list of the things you need and buy for future needs.

Infants' Slips.
Infants' Dresses.
Infants' Skirts.
Infants' Bands.
Infants' Stockings.
Infants' Booties.
Infants' Moccasins.
Infants' Afghans.
Infants' Shawls.
Infants' Baskets.
Infants' Egyptian Carrying Baskets.
Infants' Lace Parasol Covers.
Infants' Shoes.
Infants' Bibs.

Infants' Flannels.
Infants' Napkins.
Infants' Coats.
Infants' Bonnets.
Infants' Veils.
Infants' Mittens.
Infants' Leggins.
Infants' Kimonas.
Infants' Sacques.
Infants' Hampers.
Infants' Toilet Stands.
Infants' Teething Rings.
Infants' Toilet Requisites.
Infants' Puff and Powder Boxes.

Complete Infants' Layettes.
Child's Russian Dresses.
Child's Buster Bloomers.
Child's Suits for boys and girls.
Child's Princess Dresses—French, white or colored.
Child's Petticoats.
Child's Drawers.
Child's Flannels.
Child's Stockings.
Child's Socks.
Child's Hats.
Child's Crib Spreads.

Child's Combs.
Child's Brushes.
Child's Bonnets.
Child's Handkerchiefs.
Child's Soaps and Perfumes.
Child's Rockers.
Child's Arm Chairs.
Child's Dolls.
Child's Reefers.
Child's Coats.
Child's Aprons.
Child's Sleeping Garments.
Child's Crib Sheets.
Child's fancy Pillow Slips.

We are agents for Arnold's Knit Specialties for infants and children.

Silberstein & Bondy Company. Silberstein & Bondy Company. Silberstein & Bondy Company.

A SPLENDID INVESTMENT

The finding of oil in Grand County, Colorado, has centered the greatest sensation all over that state and the Rocky Mountain section. Oil is there, no question about it. This is settled. The surface croppings stick out everywhere and oil floats on top of the water.

The Superior Oil, Gas & Refining Company, of Superior, Wisconsin, is now ready to drill, with the drilling plant on the ground. A strong flow of oil will be expected soon, as drilling is very easy in that locality.

This company, for developing purposes, is now offering 32,000 shares of stock and the price will be advanced after Tuesday, July 26th. It is certainly a splendid investment. The man who nabs the opportunity as it passes him, is the man who rises in the world. This is your only chance. Take it. A few hundred dollars in this stock may give you a competency for the balance of your life.

Go and see or write J. P. Simon, President of the company, who will give you full information. He is well known in this community, and he is in every way reliable.

Superior, Wis. J. P. SIMON, Manager.

Karo CORN SYRUP

The new table delicacy that everybody loves. A wholesome, clean, pure syrup, good for every home use. Sold in air-tight tins which keepits goodness free from dirtand dust, so common with common syrup. 10c, 25c and 50c. At grocers.

CORN PRODUCTS CO., New York and Chicago.

Curse of DRINK

DRUNKENNESS CURED TO STAY CURED BY WHITE RIBBON REMEDY.

No taste. No odor. Any woman can give it in a glass of water, tea, coffee or food, without patient's knowledge.

White Ribbon Remedy will cure or destroy the diseased appetite for all alcoholic drinks, whether the patient is a confirmed inebriate, a "tippler," social drinker or drunkard. Impossible for any one to have an appetite for alcoholic liquors after using White Ribbon Remedy. It has made many thousands of permanent cures, and in addition restores the victim to normal health, steadying the nerves, increasing the will power and determination to resist temptation.

Indorsed By Members of a Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

Mrs. Anna Moore, Press Superintendent of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, Los Angeles, Cal., states: "I have tested White Ribbon Remedy on very obstinate drunkards, and the cures have been many. I cheerfully recommend and endorse White Ribbon Remedy, and advise any woman to give it to any relative suffering from drunkenness."

Sold by druggists, 50c and $1.00, and by

Max Wirth, 13 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

Call or write. White Ribbon Remedy sent by mail.

IN WOMAN'S SPHERE

Social, Musical and Art Circles.

Mr. and Mrs. Sheldon L. Frazer have issued invitations for the wedding of their daughter, Miss Elizabeth Frazer, and LeRoy Salsich, for Monday evening, August 15. The wedding will be a quiet home affair, only the intimate friends being present at the Frazer home, 2426 East Superior street. The wedding of Miss Frazer and Mr. Salsich will be one of the most interesting events of the summer season.

Some Handsome Work.

Friends of Mrs. L. A. Westerman in this city have received from the L. A. Westerman company samples of advertising matter as gotten out by this company. Mrs. Westerman, who was formerly Miss Anna Burnham, is the artist whose work is shown, and in the girls' heads and figures which are taken as representative work, the same ease and grace of lines is apparent in her drawing. Among the samples is a simple but effective book plate and some artistic printing.

Surprise Party.

Saturday afternoon Mrs. J. T. Armstead was pleasantly surprised at her home, 217 West First street. The affair was in honor of her thirtieth wedding anniversary and the afternoon was a most delightful one. The guests were:

Mesdames—	
Van Baalen,	Hamblin,
Allen,	White,
Freimuth,	Peterson,
Casson,	Van Wagner,
Thompson,	C. W. Wilson,
Cheadle,	W. H. Wilson,
Hoopes,	Crawford,
Bennett,	Bates,
E. M. Kelly,	Norton,
Pugh,	Williams,
Campbell,	Frerker,
Lanagan,	Mead,
Gillon,	Ashby,
Levy,	Gibson,
Sullivan,	Gravel,
Tenbrook,	Marshall,
Wakeman,	Anderson,
Turner,	McCormick,
Hough,	McLean,
Brockman,	Johns,
Clark,	Sharvey,
McGladley,	Black,
James Kelly,	Burgo,
Darling,	Butchart,
Miss Reinhart,	Meakin,
Van Brunt,	Jenswold,
Oppel,	Smith,
Stephenson,	Pierce,

Events of Interest.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Olcott were among the hosts at dinner Saturday evening at the Golf club.

* * *

Mrs. Alexander Milne entertained Saturday afternoon the Square Circle of the Congregational church in honor of Mrs. Gardner, who is the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. L. Phillips. Mrs. Gardner was formerly a missionary in Japan and she spoke informally of part of her life there. The afternoon was a delightful one.

* * *

Saturday evening the class of 1902 of the Duluth High school held a reunion at Lester Park. Twenty-eight of the class were present and enjoyed the spread under the trees and a bonfire on the lake shore in the evening.

* * *

The Young Ladies' Card club was entertained this afternoon by Miss Martha Peyton at her home on East Superior street.

* * *

The following from the Minneapolis Journal, of Friday, will be of interest to many in Duluth:

"Mrs. C. E. Adams, of Duluth, who is spending a month with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Tennant, at Wildhurst, gave an informal luncheon last week for Mrs. W. Judd, of Chicago, Mrs. Mason Allen, of St. Paul, Miss Roberta Pratt, Misses Lelah and Zna Clough and Miss Frances Firkins. Mrs. Adams will return to Duluth next week."

Personal Mention.

Mrs. J. C. McCord, of Iowa, is visiting friends in this city for a week or ten days.

* * *

Miss Roberts, of Lake Linden, is the guest of Capt. and Mrs. J. H. Pearce, of East Superior street.

* * *

The Misses Violet and Gertrude Robinson, have returned from a ten days' outing with Miss Nina Burbank on the lake shore east of Lester Park.

* * *

Miss Grace Norman, of 6½ West Fifth street, left the last of the week for St. Paul, where she will be the guest of Miss Ethel Chellen formerly of this city.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Meyers, of London Road, returned Saturday from a two days' visit at Yellowstone Park.

* * *

C. E. Morrow and daughter, of Memphis, Tenn., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Morrow, of Seventeenth avenue East.

SHOULD MAKE FORTUNE.

Interesting Discovery of a Vienna Man.

Quite one of the latest things to save women from the fretting and worrying attendent upon being caught in a shower of rain with a new hat is told by an English visitor to Vienna. He says that the Great park, that favorite resort of the Viennese fashionable world, was one day recently crowded with gayly dressed promenaders in their loveliest spring attire when the unexpected deluge suddenly descended, with disastrous results to all except a party of four ladies, who nevertheless had borne the blunt of the storm like every body else.

Removing their dripping hats and simply giving them a gentle shaking, these ladies then resumed their headgear, whereupon the flowers appeared even fresher and more lifelike than ever. They were the invention of a beneficent Austrian genius who deserves the undying gratitude of the feminine world for his discovery that celluloid prepared in a special way provides a material out of which the most delicate artificial flowers of every kind can be made, flowers that are not only almost indistinguishable from nature's handiwork, but are absolutely uninjured by the heaviest downpour of rain.

LOOK OUT FOR BROWN.

Fashionable Shade Has Pitfalls For Complexion.

Chicago Tribune: "There is many a pitfall for the complexion in the fashionable brown," says a Chicago artist. "As a rule, it intensifies the color of the eyes to match them or wear a deeper shade of the same color. Especially is this true of blue, but it does not always have a happy effect. For instance, the brown eyes that are accompanied by hair that is two or three shades darker, or almost black, art not improved by any of the fashionable reddish or golden browns.

"Instead, these shades clash with a tinge of purple that is always lurking around the eyes and hair in this combination, and the result is a spotted effect. The only brown possible to this complexion is a dark seal that renders it opaque. The woman with hair of a little brighter shade, however, has usualy a tinge of red in her cheeks, which is brought out by a brown of a warm reddish shade.

"The Titian haired woman with eyes a shade or two darker may also wear the shades that match either eyes or hair, because her color scheme is pure. Even an occasional freckle on her face shows that the pigment is all upon the same order.'

THE EVENING STORY.

THE WALLACE MILL AFFAIR

By Frank H. Sweet.

(Copyright, 1904, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

"The owner has a right to pay whatever wages he may please for his own interests," flashed the girl, her voice clear and strong, and a little indignant. "The property is his and he can do as he likes with it—even to shutting the mill down, if it should seem best. The employes have absolutely nothing to do with the matter. Their option is to leave work if the pay does not suit."

"And I say the employer has no such right," returned the man, steadily. "There should be more than self-interest in his relationship with the workmen. In our own mill here, for instance, fully one-half the employes are from a distance, attracted by the mill's reputation for generous wages. Some are all the way from Ireland, brought here through letters from their friends. It is not right for the owner to cut 20 per cent., as is contemplated, without stronger reason than the mere increase of profit. From my position in the mill I happen to know the firm is making a good profit now as it has for years. What right has it to make the reduction?"

"The right of any business to add to its profits in a legitimate way," answered the girl, coldly. "Other mills through the country are cutting wages; why should this try to maintain its generous standard to the owner's loss. The new superintendent is a practical man, who is working for the owner's interest."

"If only I could get to that owner," cried the man, impetuously, "so I could lay the case before him. But he acts through the attorneys, and they through the superintendent, and he—well,, he is a machine without a heart. If—but I beg your pardon, Miss Esten," breaking off suddenly, "I ought not to talk about this matter with you, so long as we disagree. I wish I could make you see it as I do. I—I have been hoping of late—that—"

He hesitated awkwardly and stopped. But the girl was looking at him comprehendingly, a slight change coming to her face.

"I forced the topic, I believe, Mr. Blaisdell," she said, more gently. "It is better for even friends to know each other's views. I wish, however," with a trace of irony in her voice, "that I could make you see this as I do."

They both laughed, but with more constraint than usual. Several mill girls were coming down the canal path, and they walked on to the lower gate and then stood aside to let the girls pass. In another few minutes the bell would ring.

This canal path, with its overarching elm branches, had become a favorite walk of Miss Esten's, and the young designer had got in the habit of joining her. They had many tastes in common, which they and with something warmer gradually coming into Blaisdell's manner. Miss Esten was different from the other mill girls, was more educated and refined, and sometimes he wondered what straits had reduced her to working for a living; but whatever it was he blessed the cause that had brought her to this mill. Now, as the clanging bell broke the air he looked at her with sudden determination and longing.

"I can't have you go away from me with that look in your eyes, Miss Esten—Louise," he cried, impetuously. "I couldn't bear to know you were thinking ill of me for even an hour. We are too good friends to disagree—no," sharply, "I mean more than that. We are not just friends. I would do anything in the world for you—everything, except what I felt was not right. And this proposed strike is right, and the help look for me to lead them. Oh, Louise, don't you understand this, and that I love—"

He stopped suddenly, for she had shrunk back, her hands upraised protestingly, her face startled.

"Please don't, Mr. Blaisdell," she gasped. "Indeed I would ratehr not hear. And you must excuse me now. It's time I were in the mill."

He watched her with set face as she hurried away; then he turned and walked toward the office.

The superintendent passed out as he was entering, then turned.

"Oh, I say, Blaisdell," **he called, disagreeably;** "I have just received a letter from the mill agents. The reduction will go into effect on the first, just as announced.

"Then the help will leave work on the first, just as they have warned," the designer answered, calmly. "There will scarcely be an exception."

"That's all right," curtly. "We are already advertising for more help at lower wages. I fancy we will be able to bear the strain as well as you."

When the mill shut down that evening it was raining hard. Blaisdell joined the hurrying line that was surging from the mill, bending his head to the storm like others. At the postoffice he turned aside, taking a package of letters from his pocket which he wished to mail. A young girl near him also turned, drawing some letters from beneath her waterproof. He recognized her as a girl working beside Miss Esten in the weave shops.

"Shall I drop them in for you, Elsie?" he asked.

The girl gave him the letters with a smile and slipped back into the line.

As he dropped them in Blaisdell noticed the address on the upper one. It was in Miss Esten's hadwriting, and was to the mill agents. He thrust the other letters in quickly, with his eyes turned away.

What did it mean?

When she had first come among them, so different from the other girls and so eager in her inquiries about the cause of the dissatisfaction among the help, which was even then being felt, there had sprung up a rumor that Miss Esten was an emissary of the agents, a paid spy. But as the help had grown to know her better this suspicion died away. The remembrance of it flashed into Blaisdell's mind, but was instantly scouted away, indignantly. Miss Esten's sympathy was plainly not with the strikers, but she had not come as a paid spy.

The next noon he was out on the canal path as usual, but Miss Esten did not appear. On his way back to the office he stopped at the weave shop, and found that she had taken a train for Elton that morning. Elton was the address of the mill agents.

The last days of the month passed gloomily. The help went about their work mechanically, some dispiritedly. The overseers were for the most part cross and exacting. On the last afternoon Blaisdell was in his office arranging the papers with the expectation that his work would soon be finished. Presently he had occasion to go into the main room, and while there the office boy brought in the mail and dumped it upon the table. Blaisdell stepped across and selected his. One letter was in a well-known hand, and he moved quickly to a window and opened it with trembling fingers. It read:

"Dear Mr. Blaisdell:

"I have come round to your point of view—indeed, I believe I had that day when contending my own so strongly. I knew very little about the business, being away at school most of the time during my father's life. When his death summoned me home, the agents explained the situation and I accepted their view. Later I was not quite satisfied and went down to see for myself, hiring out as one of the hands.

"I have ordered that the business go on as formerly, with no reduction of wages. Before long I shall come down and see what else can be done.

"As to the request you did not complete that day on the canal path, suppose you come up and repeat it to me, here. I shall be waiting, and will be glad to listen.

Yours,

"Louise Esten Wallace."

A sudden exclamation caused him to look up. The superintendent had opened a letter and was staring at the contents.

"Hello, what does this mean?" Blaisdell heard him mutter, wrathfully. "The mill to go on in the old way, without any reduction. What—" He looked up suddenly and saw Blaisdell regarding him with an odd smile. "Do you know?" he demanded.

"Yes."

"Get a letter like mine—from headquarters?"

"Yes, I received a letter from headquarters," answered Baisdell, still smiling. "It told me everything was to go on the same."

He slipped the letter into his pocket for later readings, and then left the office for a walk up the canal path.

THE STAGE.

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Elliott-Courtenay company in "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde."

ELLIOTT-COURTENAY COMPANY.

The version of "Dr. Jeykell and Mr. Hyde" to be used by Elliott-Courtenay company at the Lyceum commencing tonight, is that arranged from Robert Louis Stevenson's story by Richard Mansfield. Interest in the play has been intensified by the announcement that Richardson Cotton will assume the dual role. The engagement is for five nights and Wednesday matinee. The wonderful biograph with entire change of views is still retained.

HORRORS

Of Russian Eastern Prison Exposed at Vienna.

Vienna, July 25.—Dr. Bujkoff, who recently returned from the island of Sagholien, the Russian Eastern prison, has just published an account of the horrors prevailing among the exiles there.

Among other atrocities he relates that the murder of innocent children is practiced by the local authorities, who register all such deaths as "still born."

It is the custom for new arrivals to select a husband or wife among the prisoners, and very seldom more than one of the children born of such unions is allowed to live. Dr. Bujkoff asserts that in one week of his stay on the island at least eighteen children were slain.

GENOA BUTCHER,

Frightened at Blood Poisoning, Amputates His Leg.

Genoa, July 25.—Carlo Nervi, a young butcher of this place, having contracted a disease of the leg which baffled the doctors, became frightened at the appearance of blood poisoning marks, locked himself in his room, and tying a handkerchief under the knee, with a sharp knife severed the lower part of his limb, taking care to stop the flow of blood from the arteries. A surgeon who was summoned found that the operation had been well performed, and now the young man is able to walk around with the help of a stick.

Another Flurry in Shirt Waists

60 Dozen Finest "Royal" Waists, Purchased at Less Than 50 Cents on the Dollar.

It's seldom such a lucky opportunity presents itself from makers of high-grade Wash Waists like "THE ROYAL." They are the very cream of the season's output. Sixty dozen of them. Because of overproduction they came to us at LESS THAN HALF THE REGULAR PRICES. They are being offered at the same rates of saving in three lots—this way—

LOT 1—Consisting of Waists of the highest type, made from India lawn and mercerized cloth, beautifully trimmed with lace embroidery and tucks. None of them sold at less than $2.75, more at $3 and $3.25—for this sale at—

$1.48

LOT 2 — Consisting of Lace Waists much better trimmed and finer materials than the first lot, the price of which in a regular sale would be $3.50 to $4.25—for this sale, each—

$1.98

LOT 3—Consisting of the very choicest styles of Shirt Waists, most exquisitely trimmed with lace and Hamburg embroidery, the price of which was $4.25 to $4.98—for this sale—

$2.48

Freimuth's

Parasols Any Parasol in the house at one-third off regular price. All this season's models—no passe styles. A grand assortment at exactly **One-third Off Regular Prices**

25c Mousseline de Soie, 12½c.
15c Zephyr Ginghams, 9c.

Freimuth's

DEDICATES CHURCH

Ceremony Performed By Bishop McGolrick at St. James Church.

Fine Parade of Catholic Societies Precedes the Event.

The people turned out in force yesterday afternoon to view the procession of Roman Catholic societies as it passed through the principal streets of West Duluth, prior to the holding of dedicatory ceremonies at the new St. James Catholic church, on Fifty-seventh avenue west.

The day was an ideal one for the event. It was neither too hot nor too cold. This fact encouraged hundreds to leave their homes and seek out a favorable position where they might enjoy the imposing spectacle to advantage. A half hour before the time set for starting the parade the sidewalks along the line of march were thronged with crowds. The women and girls were clothed in a manner befitting a summer day, adding color and interest to the lively scene.

The procession, which extended for several blocks, formed at Forty-ninth avenue west and Grand. It marched west to Central, south on Central to Main, thence west to Fifty-seventh avenue and north to the church, at 731 Fifty-seventh avenue.

P. H. Martin, James Higgins and Joseph Bellmeur, mounted on horses, were in the lead, following these came Schooley's band of thirty-two pieces and, in the order named, Division No. 4, A. O. H.; Division No. 1, A. O. H., of Duluth; St. James court, No. 614, C. O. F.; St. Louis court, C. O. F.; St. Jean de Baptiste society; Division No. 2, L. A. A. O. H.; Sancta Marie court, W. C. O. F., and the bishop and clergy, the latter being in carriages, as were the women. There were about fifteen carriages in all.

In the procession American flags and banners of the several societies participating were displayed. A large American flag waved gallantly on the pole before St. James hall, adjoining the church, and the front of the latter building was tastefully arranged with red, white and blue bunting. On the opposite side of the streets the women of the Altar society, in a stand decorated with the national colors, served refreshments.

Arriving at the church no one was admitted until the regular Catholic ritualistic ceremony of sprinkling holy water on the interior and exterior walls and blessing them was over. This was conducted by Bishop James McGolrick, assisted by priests of the cathedral and the acolytes.

Following this ceremony the doors were thrown open. The societies were first admitted and given seats. Then the parishoners and general public entered. The spacious building was well filled, but so large is the edifice, and so well ventilated, that no discomfort whatever from the heat was felt. The choir opened the exercises with a finely rendered selection, and several other special numbers were given before the conclusion of the service.

Bishop McGolrick, in his ecclesiastical robes, presented a commanding appearance as he rose to deliver the sermon of the day. It was more in the nature of an eloquent address than a sermon. The work of the church, since its very beginning, was taken as a subject, and followed through the ages step by step.

In his introductory remarks he referred to the new St. James church, taking occasion to congratulate the members of the parish for the self-sacrifice they had shown in erecting such a handsome and lasting structure, saying that it was another strong link in the progress of Christianity, and that in it in these times the same good work will be continued as carried on by the Catholic forefathers.

"I congratulate you upon your good and holy work," the bishop continued. "You make it a pleasure for me to come here and see the good you have done. I am rejoiced at the progress you have made and are making. And by this beautiful building your children and your children's children will see that you were not lacking in faith."

He said the church had been the great civilizer of all nations, starting with the heathen people and worshipers of false gods and bringing civilization up to its present high standard. With the advent of the church, man for the first time learned his dignity, and the lowly found that they had the same high hope of heaven as the wealthy. The wealthy were taugt to exercise humility.

"The church is the very foundation of civilization," the bishop continued. "Before its establishment the weak were despised and there was no place for the sick nor the poor. With the church came hospitals, asylums, places for the care of the poor, and all else that was good. The priests labored hard among the people, not believing in aristocracy. They belonged to the people and worked with and for them. They looked out for the poor, the widos and the orphans. Wherever there was misery, poverty or sorrow, the priest was there with a word of encouragement and comfort. Poetry, art and architecture received their impetus from the churchmen, as did education. The church has ever been in the forefront of progress."

In the speaker said that service to God was the highest form of human activity. The possession of wealth cannot be taken as an indication of a man's intellectual power, for the vilest person, of the lowest mental capacity, may amass millions of dollars.

He spoke of the position of women in the past, showed where they were no better than slaves, and told how the church had raised women to be the equal of man, and his superior in virtue. He also told of the unjust punishments meted out to innocent and guilty alike in all parts of Europe up to 200 years ago, dwelling upon the horrors of the old jails, and the terrible tortures inflicted upon the victims confined in them. All these evils were remedied by the Catholic church, he said, and through the church the present high standard of justice was brought about.

The St. James church is a handsome and imposing structure of brick and stone. The cornerstone was laid July 18, 1903, and the building was first occupied May 3, 1904. The interior fittings are very fine. The beautiful high altar was donated by Division No. 4, A. O. H., and the two side altars by the Catholic Order of Foresters. The confessionals were furnished by the L. A. A. O. H. and the sanctuary railings by the Women's Catholic Order of Foresters.

The bishop yesterday was assisted by Rev. J. W. Smiers, of Two Harbors; Rev. Leo Laskowski, Rev. Father Guillett, Rev. Father Hartman, Rev. Father Fournier, Rev. Father Smerkar, Rev. Father Limmer, Rev. Father Floyd, Rev. Father Robert, Rev. Father Feehely, of the St. James parish, and the Very Rev. T. Corbett, who acted as master of ceremonies.

RACE DONE?

Not a Bit of It.

A man who thought his race was run made a food that brought him back to perfect health.

"One year ago I was unable to perform any labor in fact I was told by my physicians that they could do nothing for me. I was fast sinking away, for an attack of grip had left my stomach so weak it could not digest any food sufficient to keep me alive.

"There I was just wasting away, growing thinner every day and weaker, really being snuffed out simply because I could not get any nourishment from food.

"Then my sister got after me to try Grape-Nuts food which had done much good for her and she finally persuaded me and although no other food had done me the least bit of good my stomach handled Grape-Nuts from the first and this food supplied the nourishment I had needed. In three months I was so strong I moved from Albany to San Francisco and now on my three meals of Grape-Nuts and cream every day I am strong and vigorous and do fifteen hours work.

"I believe the sickest person in the world could do as I do, eat three meals of nothing but Grape-Nuts and cream and soon be on their feet again in the flush of best health like me.

"Not only am I in perfect physical health again but my brain is stronger and clearer than it ever was on the old diet. I hope you will write to the names I send you about Grape-Nuts for I want to see my friends well and strong.

"Just think that a year ago I was dying but today, although I am over 55 years of age most people take me to be less than 40, and I feel just as young as I look." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

Look for the little book, "The Road to Wellville" in each package.

HIS CLOSING ADDRESS.

Rev. R. A. Montgomery Speaks to Young Men.

Rev. R. A. Montgomery, pastor of the Glen Avon Presbyterian church, who will soon leave Duluth for a new pastorate at Xenia, O., delivered a farewell address, yesterday afternoon to the young men at the Y. M. C. A. rooms.

During his residence here Mr. Montgomery has been closely identified with the work of the local association, having delivered a series of addresses last winter. He also inaugurated the Sunday afternoon talks around the luncheon board, all of which have been very popular with the young men.

Mr. Montgomery's topic yesterday was "The Holy Spirit, as Comforter, Educator and Companion."

He said there is no pessimism about the gospel, that the person who gives over to the spirit, his heart will dwell in it. He claimed that the charm, power and attractiveness of a man, possessing the spirit is greater than that attained through culture alone.

After the address the members gathered about Mr. Montgomery to bid him farewell and express appreciation for his efforts in their behalf during his stay in the city. Regret was expressed that he is to leave, but Mr. Montgomery was congratulated in having secured a larger charge.

SHAM BATTLE SUGGESTED

Talk of One at Fair Between Militia and Naval Reserve.

There is a possibility that the suggestion of one of the officers connected with the naval reserve, for a sham battle between the militia companies and the naval reserve, during the St. Louis county fair, this fall, will be carried out, and an event will be promised that would prove a strong drawing card to the fair.

Last season the idea of a sham battle, to be participated in by the local militia companies, was considered, but nothing came of it for the reason, it is claimed, that it would involve too great an expense in the way of ammunition, and the members of the militia did not care to leave their work unless they were compensated for it.

With the militia on one side and the naval reserve on the other, it is claimed that a sham battle on quite large proportions could be planned, and that the crowd such an event would draw to the fair from the surrounding cities and country, if properly advertised, would more than make up for the expense that would be incurred.

The naval reserves are now well organized and having weekly drills on land and on the water, the government revenue cutter being in use several nights of the week by different detachments until the new boats ordered for the reserves are finished and in commission.

The rarest combination of good things ever put together is Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It cures pimples, indigestion, constipation, rheumatism, sick headache. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

LARGE CATHEDRAL

With Towers 415 Feet Above the Sea.

Liverpool, July 25.—The great Anglican cathedral, whose cornerstone was laid by King Edward last Tuesday, will be the largest in the kingdom. It will be built on St. James' Mount, 155 feet above the river, and will be visible from every vessel approaching the Mersey. Its two great towers, by far the highest objects in the city, will rear their heads 415 feet above the level of the sea. The grount occupied by the lathedral, with chapter house and morning chapel, will be about 90,000 square feet, which exceeds the area of any other English cathedral. Including the northern entrance and morning chapel the cathedral will be 584 feet long. The naive up to the crossing of the transepts, measured internally, will be 192 feet long, or un to the entrance of the choir 240 feet. The width of hte naive between the centers of the piers will be 53 feet 6 inches.

The towers will be each about as large in area as the great central tower of York Minster, 65 feet square, and until now the largest in England, and will surpass it in height by 62 feet, rising to 260 feet above floor level.

One of the most remarkable and striking features of the cathedral will be the height of the vaulting of the nave and choir—measured to the barrel vaulting 116 feet and into the high transepts 140 feet. No cathedral in the country approaches this height. The nearest is Westminster, the nave of which has a height of 102 feet.

Big Values in Children's Clothing

Our Discount Sale of Men's, Boys', Youths' and Children's Reliable and Up-to-date Clothing means a material saving to all who take advantage of it.

An Unexcelled Assortment

To select from. The stock must be reduced greatly before our new fall goods begin to arrive. Not a garment in the store but represents an emphatic value. Extra special inducements in the Children's Section.

C. W. ERICSON The Clothier 219 W. Sup St

Humors

They take possession of the body, and are Lords of Misrule.

They are attended by pimples, boils, the itching tetter, salt rheum, and other cutaneous eruptions; by feelings of weakness, languor, general debility and what not.

They cause more suffering than anything else.

Health, Strength, Peace and Pleasure require their expulsion, and this is positively effected, according to thousands of grateful testimonials, by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Which radically and permanently drives them out and builds up the whole system.

Budweiser's
Greatest Triumph

Declared superior to best Bohemian Beers by the Experimental Station for the Brewing Industry of Bohemia, at Prague.

Bohemian Beers—for centuries the acknowledged standard of quality—have been patterned after by brewers of all countries.

Budweiser

The Product of
Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n
IS BOTTLED ONLY AT THEIR HOME PLANT AT
St. Louis, U.S.A.

A visit to the World's Fair City should include a trip to and through the Anheuser-Busch Brewery. All are welcome.

Orders Promptly Filled by

Ideal Beer Hall Co. and W. A. Wagner, Distributors, Duluth, Minn.

STARTLING STORY

How Millionaire Marsh Was Defrauded Out of Thousands.

Huyler Denounces His Dead Wife as Spiritualistic Fakir.

Middletown, N. Y., July 25.—Denouncing his dead wife as a fraud and a falsifier, John J. Huyler, husband of Clarissa J. Huyler, the woman who obtained thousands from Luther R. Marsh by playing upon his love, Adelaide Neilson, and his belief in Spiritualism, has filed an answer to the executors of his wife which makes startling confessions as to the manner in which Mr. Marsh was fleeced of his wealth.

Before he accepted Mrs. Huyler as his Spiritualistic medium, Mr. Marsh, brilliant lawyer and profound scholar, had fallen victim to the wiles of Mme. Diss Debar, reputed daughter of Lola Montez and bosom friend of Ludwig, King of Bavaria. The husband of this designing woman who obtained such a hold on the credulity of Mr. Marsh, and who bled him for thousands, was Gen. Diss Debar, who consented to his wife installing herself in the handsome Marsh home in Madison avenue.

There she professed to hold communication with the spirit of Miss Neilson, who was regarded by Mr. Marsh as the earth's ideal woman. Messages from the spirits of the dead actress and other friends were poured into the ears of the credulous Mr. Marsh, and all the time Madame Diss Debar was making spirit pictures on blank canvas and getting her hand deeper and deeper into the pockets of the distinguished lawyer. He sacrificed thousands for privilege of being in communion with Miss Neilson.

Finally the crash came and the mask was torn from the face of Mme. Diss Debar. She was thrown into prison, but for a long time Mr. Marsh professed to have implicit confidence in her honesty. Finally he was convinced he had been swindled, but it did not cure him of the medium habit.

Mrs. Huyler, the Middletown woman, interested him, and he was induced to build a handsome home for her here and to install himself in it. There was a repetition of the Diss Debar incidents and more thousands went in the effort to hold supernatural conversation with Miss Neilson.

For 10 years he lived with the Huylers, and when he died on August 15, 1902, Mr. Huyler was made executor of what was left of the estate. He began an action to have reverted to the estate about $20,000, the amount of life insurance assigned to Mrs. Huyler. He and Mrs. Huyler were bad friends, and he told Justice Marean in Goshen that Mrs. Huyler obtained the assignment by professing to have received spirit messages from Mrs. Marsh. Miss Neilson and Alvin Stewart that they desired him to do so. Huyler admitted he was present when this fraud on the old man was perpetrated. Other witnesses testified Mrs. Huyler had told them she did not believe in spiritualism, but made a pretense of doing so for the purpose of getting money from Marsh.

"You are a thief and a fraud," said Justice Marean to Huyler after he had ended his recital, "for permitting Mrs. Huyler to lay plans in your presence to get the property of Mr. Marsh."

Several months ago Mrs. Huyler died. She left a will. Diamonds that at one time belonged to Mr. Marsh were missing. It was discovered they were in the possession of Huyler, and the executors brought an action in the supreme court to compel him to surrender them after he had refused to do so voluntarily. Huyler has just filed his answer, and in it he makes these startling allegations against his wife:

"The property did not belong to Mrs. Huyler at the time of her death. At the time Luther R. Marsh came to reside with Clarissa J. Huyler, about the year 1890, Luther R. Marsh was and for many years had been a strong believer in what was commonly known as 'spiritualism' and believed that the spirits of the dead communicated their wishes and desires through mediums. Clarissa J. Huyler claimed to be a medium and she stated to Luther R. Marsh the spirits of his departed friends united in urging him to purchase and let her have the use of the personal property mentioned. Luther R. Marsh believed something terrible would befall the person disobeying the medium. Clarissa J. Huyler, by means of her communication, and obtained an unwarranted influence over Marsh.

"The statements and allegations made by Clarissa J. Huyler to Luther R. Marsh in relation to what the spirits said in regard to his purchasing the property and letting her have the use of the same were fraudulent, false and untrue and were made to Luther R. Marsh for the sole purpose of influencing him in purchasing and in allowing her to have the use of the property mentioned when she desired the same.

"That the communications made by Clarissa J. Huyler to Luther R. Marsh were each and every one of them false, and were made by Clarissa J. Huyler with the intent and for the purpose of deceiving Luther R. Marsh and to obtain from him the property."

HER FIRST ASCENSION.

Kalamazoo Girl Was Nearly Dashed to Death.

Kalamazoo, Mich., July 25.—A truly sensational balloon ascension occurred at Lakeview resort. A Kalamazoo girl who is quite well known made her first ascension under the name of Mlle. Rosa la Tina. It had been advertised as the woman's first trip and a large crowd was present, and they came near having their craving for morbid sensation satiated.

The woman was so green at ballooning that she had to be told all about the use of the various ropes, the parachute, etc., and for fear that she would not know when to drop it was arranged that a pistol shot would be the signal for her.

The start was made very well, and when she was 500 feet above the ground her instructor fired a shot for her to leap with the parachute. Madamoistile evidently didn't hear the signal and four others were as unavailing. She clung to her perch with determination.

Suddenly it was realized that the balloon had sprung a leak and was careening over. The girl was seen to prepare to leap, but the balloon had descended to within 100 feet of the ground before she did jump. She shot downward and was very near the ground before the parachute opened. She struck the earth with such force that she was badly bruised.

Dancing every evening, except Sunday, at Oatka beach auditorium.

BAD FIRE AT BAY CITY, MICH.

Bay City, Mich., July 25.—Fire which started on the river front in the Handy Bros. Manufacturing company's yard, caused $80,000 loss yesterday afternoon. Handy Brothers had about 6,000,000 feet of pine lumber ready for their factories over five million feet of which was destroyed. Handy Brothers loss is $70,000 covered by insurance. The Michigan Central lost $7,000 on cars and trackage and the Detroit & Mackinaw railway, $2,500.

BULL AND TIGER BREAK AWAY.

San Sebastian, Spain, July 25.—There was a sensational scene in the bull ring here yesterday. At the moment of a projected fight between a bull and a tiger, both animals broke loose and stampeded the spectators. The attendants in firing on the animals struck and wounded several of those present, including the Marquis Pedal, the vice president of the senate, the Marquis Quijo, and a French tourist.

SORES AND ULCERS
SHOW A BAD CONDITION OF THE BLOOD



When the blood is in bad condition a bruise, cut, scratch, or any slight injury to the flesh, is apt to become an ugly-looking sore or ulcer. Sometimes a boil, blister or pimple is the beginning of a large eating ulcer or open, discharging sore. Often the blood is naturally bad, and is that way from birth, and such people suffer with various kinds of sores from infancy through old age. The blood may become so weak and watery from the effects of malarial sickness, debility or some old chronic trouble, that the impurities break out in bad sores on the lower extremities or other part of the body. There is always some morbid, unhealthy matter in the blood that keeps the sore discharging, and must be gotten out before it will heal. Washes and salves, while cleansing, soothing and helpful, will not do it, because they do not reach the poisoned blood; but S. S. S. cleanses and purifies the diseased blood, and when this is accomplished the place heals. Where the health has been impaired it restores strength and vigor to the system, improves the appetite and digestion, and tones up the nerves. Purifying the blood is the surest way to get rid of an old sore or ulcer. Medical advice is free.

SSS

A common boil appeared on the calf of my right limb. I used the simple home remedies but the place refused to heal. The physician I consulted did me no good. My leg was a solid sore from calf to ankle, and I then began S. S. S. and I improved rapidly, but an attack of typhoid fever settled in the original sore, causing a backset. I began it again as soon as I was over the fever, and was completely and permanently cured.

MRS. K. A. DUFFY,
New Castle, Pa. 214 Washington St.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

DO LITTLE DAMAGE

Insects on Shade Trees Are Not of a Serious Nature.

State Entomologist Washburn Finds Cottony Like Insect Prevailing.

"There is no need to worry about the damage to trees in this city from insects," said Secretary H. C. Helm, of the park board, in answer to a query as to whether worms or insects were really doing damage to the shade trees in Duluth.

Mr. Helm says that he has been about the city a great deal and has been making an examination of the shade trees, but has failed to find anything more serious than a "tree louse," and this insect, he claims, can do the tree no particular damage.

Mr. Helm says further that the insects and bugs that destroy the foliage do not seriously damage a tree, only mar its appearance, perhaps, and retard its growth to a small extent.

The real damage, he asserts, comes from the tree worm that works under the bark or bores into the heart of the tree.

There are, however, some portions of the state where insects are making inroads on the foliage of shade trees.

State Entomologist F. L. Washburn, of St. Anthony Park, says there is an insect, rather cottony in appearance, known by the scientific term of pulximaria innumerabilis that is found in profusion on the maple, elm and other shade trees in Minneapolis and many other Southern Minnesota cities.

The insect seems to attack the soft maple more than it does the other trees and some of them are loaded with the pests.

It is said to be difficult to account for their sudden appearance other than that they have been on the trees in small numbers previous to this summer and their remarkable fecundity enables them to spring suddenly into notice almost, as it were, by magic. Each family, it is said, lays an immense number of eggs which hatch during June and July and the young scales migrate to the leaves, sucking the juices from the trees until later in the season, when they go back to the branches.

According to the state entomologist, it is not probable that they will work serious injury to the shade trees, for, through the interference of tiny parasites, which naturally increase with the increase of the scale, and for other, particularly climatic, reasons, they may disappear almost as suddenly as they came.

Mr. Washburn suggests, however, that it would help matters decidedly if a judicious pruning should be given the trees and the cuttings are burned.

Since the insects get their food from beneath the surface of the bark or leaf, he says, no poisoning will affect them and the only thing to do is to resort to soapy or oily mixtures which stop up the breathing pores along the sides of their bodies. Kerosene emulsion is said to be a favorite remedy. In the winter time, when the trees are dormant, Mr. Washburn suggests a strong caustic wash to destroy the scale and the eggs.

AT CARLTON.

Carlton, Minn., July. 25.—(Special to The Herald).—While driving over from Scanlon to Carlton last Sunday, Mr. and Mrs. Carlson and little daughter, were thrown from their buggy and quite badly injured, caused by the reckless driving of Edward Mahon, a young man of this place, who was following them over with a double team. Mahon, it seems, was speeding his horses and in an effort to pass Mr. Carlson on the road, ran into and completely overturned their buggy, throwing the occupants out with the above results. Mahon was arrested and fined $10 and costs by Judge Anderson, who admonished him to be more careful in the future.

O. W. Erickson, a Great Northern contractor of Cloquet, and Miss Maud Hannon, a popular young lady of this place, were married last Tuesday by Rev. Father Dwyer. The wedding took place at the home of the bride's parents, only the immediate friends and relatives of the high contracting parties being present. After the festivities the happy young couple left on the afternoon limited followed by showers of rice and the good wishes of their many friends.

Miss Jessie Coxe arrived home on Thursday and will spend vacation with her parents.

Mrs. H. Frogner was brought home from St. Mary's hospital Sunday. She is recovering very slowly from her long illness.

Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Gay returned home from Tacoma, Wash., Wednesday after a two weeks' trip.

Miss Josie Costello, of Superior, departed for home Sunday after a short visit with her aunt, Mrs. Moriarity.

Miss Anna Gillespie, of Pine City, is visiting with Mrs. John Kalabe this week.

Rev. George Dunlap, of St. Peter, Minn., passed through here last Tuesday on his way home to Scanlon.

Mrs. W. J. Watt and daughter, Bessie, made a trip to Duluth Tuesday.

Mrs. William Shiels and daughter, Della, returned from Grand Rapids on Thursday, where they had been visiting Mrs. Tyndall.

At the school election the Socialist candidate was elected clerk with votes to spare.

Rev. Neil Gilchrist, formerly pastor of the Presbyterian church at this place, departed Friday for the East.

County Attorney Green returned from Minneapolis Tuesday.

Mrs. Bolduce, of Cass Lake, is visiting with Mrs. Collins this week.

Mrs. S. Clark made a trip to Duluth Wednesday.

Mrs. O. S. Watkins, Mrs. F. A. Watkins and Mrs. J. E. Green attended the Presbyterian Ladies' Aid meeting at Cloquet Thursday.

The Young People's Christian Endeavor gave an ice cream social on the courthouse lawn Friday evening. The grounds were brilliantly illuminated with Chinese lanterns and the Cadet band furnished some choice selections for the entertainment of the large and happy gathering, who enjoyed themseves immensely.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Mrs. Mary Nixon, of Bryn Mawr, a suburb of Philadelphia, who last Christmas celebrated her 105rd birthday, died Sunday.

Charles Bonnetti, a saloonkeeper, was shot and instantly killed while in his saloon at St. Louis Sunday by Marc Emil Servin, of Pekin, Ill. According to the police, Servin says that he went to St. Louis Sunday to kill Bonnetti, who he alleged was a member of a gang organized to give poison to women for the purpose of robbing them.

At the Belmont mine Sunday three miners were drowned by the breaking of a bulkhead which held back the ater of the Cambrus mine. The shaft is full of water and the bodies may not be recovered for several days.

Joseph W. Babcock, of Wisconsin, chairman, and Jesse Overstreet, of Indiana, secretary of the Republican congressional campaign committee, arrived in New York Sunday night, and will open headquarters in the St. James building, 1135 Broadway. They intend to begin active work at once.



Reflections of the Grocer's Boy

**** There's a good "square" meal in the oblong package of **Uneeda Biscuit**

**** The woman who bakes the best of everything always buys **Uneeda Biscuit** in an air tight package. They are one of the best things she *can't* bake.

**** That "circumstances alter cases" is best shown when a case of bulk crackers is altered by the rain and dust. **Uneeda Biscuit** are in air tight packages.

**** Exposed soda crackers are a great deal in evidence, but don't prove much. It's the air tight package that makes **Uneeda Biscuit** proof against dust, moisture and odors.

**** "Chin music" is one of the sweetest sounds I know of when it's made by the crackle of crisp, fresh **Uneeda Biscuit** in your own mouth.

**** Anybody who has lost their appetite can find it in a package of

Uneeda Biscuit

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

5¢

YOUTHS CONFESS TO MANY CRIMES.

Chicago, July 25.—Emulators of the exploits of the car barn bandits, four youths arrested Saturday, confessed killing one man in a saloon holdup and robbing a score of others at different times. The murder was that of John Lane, stage carpenter of the Illinois theater, who was shot in an attempt to holdup Gustav Vegel's saloon on the morning of July 4. The proprietor also was shot. The prisoners are Peter Dulfer, James and William Farmby and David Kelly. All declare they are less than 20 years old. The robbing of a freight car of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul line at Fairfield, Ill., last week led to the arrest of the quartet. Besides the freight car robbery, the young bandits confessed to many robberies prior to July 4, most of which were saloons. The police believe the young men have not confessed to all their crimes and expect at least two other murders will be admitted by them.

MERRY DEL VAL HAS RESIGNED.

Rome, July 25.—The Tribuna says it is said that Cardinal Merry Del Val, the papal secretary of state, has tendered his resignation owing to hostility of the cardinals, which indicate that they accuse him of rendering impossible an accord with France, and that the pope has refused to accept the resignation.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine
Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

ESTABLISHING STOCK FARM

Townsite of New St. Louis Being Put to That Use.

Edward Woodbury, who owns and operates a sawmill at Barron, Wis., has purchased the large buildings formerly used by the hoist and derrick works at the townsite of New St. Louis and is remodeling them into barns and stables, while the former townsite of something like 300 acres is being turned into a stock farm.

Mr. Woodbury has already stocked the place with over 100 head of cattle, and expects to have 1000 head there next year.

He claims that he has the finest grazing land in the country, as I while the underbrush has thrived on the 30 cleared acres, there are still acres and acres of cleared land with luxuriant growths of timothy and clover. Mr. Woodbury says he will harvest about forty tons of hay for the market this year.

New St. Louis was started during te boom days of Superior. Capitalists conceived the idea of establishing large industries there, built the derrick and hoist works, a large hotel, established a townsite and threw it open to settlement. The industry lasted about three months and the project fell flat. Since that time the buildings have stood as a sort of monument to their failure.

Mr. Woodbury expects to finish cutting his timber this season, when he will give his entire attention to the new stock farm.

JUDGE PARKER NON-COMMITAL

Neither Accepts Nor Declines Invitation to Visit Chicago.

Esopus, N. Y., July 25.—Judge Alton B. Parker, Democratic candidate for president, did not accept not did he decline an invitation presented him to speak at a Democratic ratification meeting to be held in Chicago on August 20 when William J. Bryan will be one of the speakers.

A delegation representing Mayor Carter Harrison arrived at Esopus at 3:45 p. m. yesterday. It consisted of E. M. Lahiff, secretary of the Cook County Democratic club, under whose auspices the meeting will be held; Oscar F. Mayer, president of the United German society, and Lawrence E. McGann, comptroller of Chicago. The visitors were driven to Rosemount, where they found Judge Parker's family at dinner. Plates were placed for them and after the meal Judge Parker took his guests into the library, where the purpose of the visit was talked over at length. Judge Parker told Mr. Lahiff, who acted as spokesman, that to accept the invitation at this time might cause him some embarrassment and he did not feel like promising to attend any event of that character, at least until after the notification ceremonies had taken place. He did say, however, that if he accepted any invitations at all he would visit Chicago and that it would give him great pleasure to go if it were possible.

It was stated in the conversation between Judge Parker and the Illinois delegation that the ill feeling engendered as the result of contests between delegations seeking seats in the St. Louis convention will be eliminated absolutely. This information, coming from representatives of Mayor Harrison, proved reassuring to Judge Parker inasmuch as it is taken to mean the healing over of the dispute between Mayor Harrison and John P. Hopkins, who in all probability will have charge of the campaign in Illinois. It is argued here that if Mayor Harrison says harmony than warfare between the factions headed by Hopkins and Harrison is at an end.

"We will go ahead with our arrangements for August 20," said Mr. Lahiff, "and we hope Judge Parker will be present. In any event there will be a rousing meeting in the interests of the Democratic ticket. We expect to carry Illinois this fall."

WALL STREET MAN

Has Plenty of Trouble at Battle Creek.

Battle Creek, Mich., July 25.—G. H. Peabody, the Wall street broker of New York, who was arrested here several days ago and given a fine and costs of $81 in a criminal case for riding to death a horse belonging to Liveryman Judd, will conclude that the farmer is not the only "lamb" in the world. Peabody now knows how it feels to be shorn.

Besides the criminal suit Judd sued Peabody for $1000 for killing the horse. When convicted on the criminal charge, he appealed to the circuit court and the bonds were fixed at $200. Peabody wanted to return to New York.

"I could get plenty of security in New York, but I don't want my father to know about this affair," said he. So he put up an elegant cluster diamond ring, said to be worth $500, as security. Alderman Wakeham and A. N. Buckner went his bonds, taking the ring. Last Friday Peabody sent on $220 to redeem the ring. Attorney Onen, who appears for Judd, did not like to see the diamond get away, as it was the only asset of Peabody's visible around Battle Creek, so he slapped an attachment on it. This will hold it up until the civil case is settled and will show the New Yorker that there are others who know how to play the game.

MILLIONAIRE'S BROTHER KILLED IN A MINE.

North Freedom, Wis., July 25.—Howard Montgomery, aged 19 years, was instantly killed at the Illinois mine here by falling between the shaft timbers and the skip. His death revealed that, although working as an ordinary miner, he was the son of Col. B. F. Montgomery, a well-known lawyer of Denver and a member of the Colorado legislature. His brother is a millionaire, living at Idaho Springs.

CURED OF CHRONIC DIARRHOEA AFTER TEN YEARS OF SUFFERING.

"I wish to say a few words in praise of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," says Mrs. Mattie Burge, of Martinsville, VVa. "I suffered from chronic diarrhoea for ten years and during that time tried various medicines without obtaining any permanent relief. Last summer one of my children was taken with cholera morbus, and I procured a bottle of this remedy. Only two doses were required to give her entire relief. I then decided to try the medicine myself, and did not use all of one bottle before I was well and I have never since been troubled with that complaint. One cannot say too much in favor of that wonderful medicine." This remedy is for sale by all druggists.

Announcement.

On and after July 18th, Edison standard size, gold moulded records will be sold at 35c each. Edison phonographs and supplies for all talking machines.

B. F. HATHAWAY, Agent.
202 Alworth Building.



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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

TO SUBSCRIBERS:
It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both old and new addresses.

FOR PARENTS TO PONDER.

The young Duluth girl who took her own life in shame because her presence in a West Superior evil resort was discovered by her relatives only took a short cut to the end, usually attained by those who enter the portals of this career.

For the wages of this sin is surely death to womankind—death morally, spiritually and physically—a living death, most horrible to even contemplate—a life which usually ends with the victim walking with eager steps to the open grave and giving welcome embrace to the sod that will cover her coffin.

The spirit of retribution came swift to this poor, thoughtless girl and she paid the penalty. She could not stand before the accusing conscience once her place had been discovered. Surely she will not be judged harshly. Her life is gone, but she is much better off that she has escaped the toils of the awful living death that awaited her.

Society is disposed to deal somewhat unjustly by the woman who falls, but whether unjustly or not the fact remains that this is a step which brings swift and sure punishment to the one who takes it.

The lesson is to parents and guardians. This young woman might be alive and happy today had she been more closely watched and guarded during those years when it is easiest to err and when the consequences of sin are so dimly understood.

The late hours, the public dance hall, walking the streets at night without guardianship or restraint all furnish opportunities for the easy step which almost inevitably leads to a wrecked life, social, moral and physical degradation.

A PALPABLE FRAUD.

If Mr. Perdicaris should again be adbucted, it is doubtful if the United States government would interfere.

The outcome of this case proves that there is such a thing as a nation's executive being too strenuous. If Messrs. Roosevelt and Hay had taken time to investigate a little before taking action in this kidnaping case, they might not be in such a ridiculous position as they are at the present time. The chances are that they will take time to ascertain the status of the case before making a naval demonstration the next time an alleged American citizen is captured by an European bandit.

The fraud of the entire transaction and the palpable fact that Perdicaris was in the deal, would almost lead to the conclusion that the American government was also a party to it. Either that or it was the victim of a most gauzy confidence game. Grasping either horn of the problem, President Roosevelt appears in a very unenviable light as a result of too strenuous strenuosity.

CHILDREN WHO TOIL.

According to some figures recently prepared by the Massachusetts labor bureau, about 60 in every 100 children under 16 years of age engaged in gainful occupations in the United States are employed on farms.

The figures are given in an article published in the July issue of the Labor Bulletin which is written in answer to a magazine note of recent date, stating that "there are about 1,750,000 children between the ages of 10 and 15 years employed in the mines and factories of the United States." That which the labor statistician corrects is the assertion as to the places where child labor is employed carried in the words "mines and factories."

By the census of 1900 there were employed in the productive industries of the country 1,752,187 children under 16 years of age. The Labor Bulletin shows by tables made up from the official reports that out of each 100 children at work nearly 61 were engaged in agricultural pursuits, where the conditions of employment are certainly very different from those existing in mines, mills or large factories. About 16 in each 100 were engaged in domestic or personal service, many, probably the majority, in homes and surrounded by better influences than are found in mines or mills.

The number engaged in manufacturing and mechanical industries and mining was 284,330, or a little over 16 in each 100, being a slight advance above those employed in domestic or personal service.

Tables following eight branches of occupation engaging the services of 1,747,939 children give more exact foundation figures. Agricultural laborers represent 60.19 in each 100 children employed; laborers (not specified), 7.36; servants and those engaged in similar work, 7.89; clerks and like service, 1.26; messengers and work of a similar character, 2.40; salesmen and such service, 1.16; miners (in all kinds of mines), 1.58; cotton mill operatives, 2.54.

Of the 10,438,218 persons over 10 years of age engaged in agricultural work in the country children under 16 form 10.18 per cent; of the 7,112,987 engaged in manufacturing, mechanical industries and mining, 284,330, or about 4 per cent, are children.

The 1,752,187 children at work represent 5.98 per cent, or about 6 in 100 of all persons 10 years of age and over engeged in gainful occupations, but an examination of the table shows that this proportion is largely due to the great number of children engaged in agricultural pursuits.

This interesting ratio is presented at the close of the Bulletin paper:

The number of families in the United States in 1900 was 16,239,797, the average size being 4.7 persons. If each family had had one child under 16 at work the whole number so employed would have been 16,239,797; the actual number employed was, as we have shown, 1,752,187; or, in other words, but 10 per cent of the families had, on the average, one child under 16 years of age at work.

It would be interesting to know how the census in regard to child labor employed on farms was taken. As everybody knows, nearly every child living on a farm is expected to do some work. The figures would be more valuable if it were known whether all these were included or only those who labor continuously.

While some children on farms are worked beyond their endurance and strength, especially by foreigners, as a general rule the work that a farmer's boy is compelled to do is only enough to aid in his physical development and he is better off for having done it.

But in the case of children employed in mills, mines and factories, the amount of labor performed is usually greater than should be put upon their frail bodies and the result is physical and mental deterioration.

The world ought to be able to get along somehow without forcing children of tender years into such occuperations. As long as children are engaged in mines and factories the American people are not entitled to boast of the superiority of their civilization. There are enough mature and able-obdied men to do the world's drudgery.

TO SAVE THE STOMACH.

In the usual treatment of tuberculosis, or consumption, the assertion is often made that the disease might be cured by medicines if the system did not wear out first. The trouble is that the same medicines that kill the disease and its germ often kill the patient first. Creosote is used with success in many cases, but it more frequently uses up the stomach and bowels before the disease in the lungs yields to the treatment. So with the treatment of many other diseases by medicine—the stomach is exposed to too much danger.

It may be argued that this is a matter to be discussed by medical journals and by professional men. But the people do not read medical journals and the prevalence of the "great white plague" is the greatest curse in the world. If it is to be eradicated it is necessary that the general public should be educated in regard to its causes and its cure.

At a recent meeting of the Berlin Medical association, Professor Jacob, head physician of the charity department, described a new method, invented by himself, for the treatment of consumption of the lungs. This invention was the result of the observation on his part that in the great majority of cases medication was useless because only rarely was the seat of the disease—the lungs—reached by the medicaments. Professor Jacob chose the method of direct injection of the medication into the lungs. In previous experiments he had demonstrated that the method might be successfully applied in the treatment of brain and spinal diseases, but before proceeding to try the method in cases of human tuburculosis de demonstrated, by a wide series of experiments on animals, that the animals bore the treatment very satisfactorily. It is claimd that the technique of the method is very simple and that it is capable of being applied by every physician who is familiar with the laryngoscope. After the larynx and windpipe have been redered insensible by means of cocaine, a small rubber tube is introduced through the mouth, throat, larynx, and windpipe directly into the lungs. The operation is borne very well by the patient. Then, by means of a small syringe, the medication is expelled through the tube into the lungs, the whole procedure requiring ten minutes.

Professor Jacob found that the most effective solution is the old tuberculine that was applied thirteen years ago by Professor Koch, the medication second in efficacy being creosote. By this method Professor Jacob succeeded in completely destroying the bacilli in the lungs in from four to eight weeks.

The administration of strong and poisonous medicines through the stomach in order to reach disease in the lungs and other sections of the body has always seemed irrational and unwise to many physicians, and yet they were compelled to resort to it because they could find no better way. Professor Jacob's discovery may result in the saving of many lives of consumptives that otherwise might be sacrificed because the stomachs of the patients are unable to withstand the ravages of medicines strong enough to eradicate the disease.

THE FIELD SURVEY.

To show how generous it is and how much it favors reform, the Chronicle, of La Crosse, Wis., which is a Republican paper, advocates the election of Joseph W. Folk in Missouri. But when Wisconsin Republicans have exactly the same kind of a candidate in the person of Governor La Follette it balks because he is not backed by the same kind of a vicious, corrupt political machine that Folk is fighting in Missouri.

* * *

Ten of the jurors who convicted Chounard, the wife-murderer, signed the petition asking that his sentence be commuted. The opinions of two who refused to sign deserve more consideration than those of the other ten.

* * *

"Is the sun shirking its duty?" asks a magazine writer. People returning from the Twin Cities and St. Louis give assurance that it is not.

* * *

It could not be that the Hon. Grover Cleveland would accept the portfolio of secretary of state or the position of ambassador to St. James in case of the success of a certain candidate for the presidency? Steady, Grover, steady.

* * *

Prairie chickens are plentiful. Let the meat strikers strike.

* * *

If the public schools are better than they ever were before, why is it that the vertical system of penmanship is being so generally condemned and why is it that many schools are throwing it out? If this system or fad has proved to be a failure, is it not just barely possible that other systems and fads adopted in recent years are also failures?

* * *

According to the logic of certain organs, all that is necessary in order to increase prosperity is to raise the tariff and all that is necessary in order to bring a slump is to lower it. It is a wonder that the Republican congress does not revise the tariff upward every session. It would be interesting to know how the business depression of last spring could have occurred. Perhaps it was a sympathetic result of the talk of lowering the tariff indulged in by some foolish and misguided Republicans in Iowa, Minnesota, Massachusetts and elsewhere.

* * *

The government continues to spend more money than it is taking in. Look out for breakers. The Democratic party may be restored to power just in time to issue more bonds.

* * *

Do not be too sure that all the riff-raff and rubbish of the Van Sant administration will be cleaned out in case of the election of Dunn. Time heals many political sores and it is difficult to shake some pap-suckers loose from the public teat.

HOTEL GOSSIP

W. A. Rusco, proprietor of Richards & Pringle's minstrels, which played at the Lyceum theater Saturday, has been "over the road" a good many times for a good many years. This does not mean that he has been to the bastile for any criminal offense, but that he is an old time theatrical manager who has seen the ups and downs of stage business in his experience lasting over about three decades.

While he goes over the country in his private car nowadays, and has his meals served in a private dining room, it was not always so by any means, for when he visited Duluth twenty years ago he had to post his own bills and had to do it at night in the bargain.

"But I prefer the way I work it at present," said Mr. Rusco, "as it is less strenuous. In those days I was with an Uncle Tom's Cabin company, and we had a little harder work on the road than these days. It was Abercrombie's Uncle Tom's Cabin company and we had only one railroad we could come into town on—one railroad—and I think it was the old St. Paul & Duluth, now a part of the Northern Pacific.

"We played in a little one floor theater, or hall, and I think it was on Superior street about across the street from the St. Louis hotel. The hall was upstairs and the stage was a platform put together in sections, so it could be taken out with the scenery whenever they wanted to use the place for dances. It was a dance hall most of the time, I guess. I remember how we had to hustle to get that stage up and the scenery in place, and after all that I had to go out and post my own bills.

"Did it at night. Too much other work in the day time. I had to attend to a great variety of things and I had to take everything in whatever time suited it best. Seeing people and transacting ordinary business for the show kept me busy during the day so that the best I could do on the bills if I wanted to get them up at all, was to attend to them at night. And of course they had to go up, and no one else could do it but your humble servant.

"Duluth was a very small place in those days, of course, and the changes of the years between have been enormous. Where the Spalding hotel now is there stood a small frame building, if I recollect rightly, and so far as the Superiors are concerned there was no West Superior at all, although there was a Superior.

"Traveling in a private car is much more comfortable than stopping at the various hotels, and saves a lot of errand running about this thing or that. I get all my meals on the car and can have just what I want to eat.

"If I go up town and see something that I believe would be good to eat I simply buy it and send it down to the car and the cook, who's a mighty good one, fixes it up for me. No matter what part of the country I am in I can have just whatever food I want, and that's a great advantage.

* * *

"The minstral season does not last only through the warm months. We opened our season July 2, 1903, and closed it July 23, 1904, to reopen it the next night. That's not a long wait between seasons, is it? Yes, sir, closing in Duluth one night and opening the next season in St. Cloud the following night is not exactly slow work.

"Our car has had quite a long run in the season, and I believe some people that were figuring on the amount of distance traveled for the season made it 28,000 miles. We average somewhere between 150 and 200 miles a day, I suppose, for we play a good many places several dates together, and sometimes go 200 or 300 miles in a jump.

"As in the case of many titles to a theatrical show, the Richards & Pringle's supposed ownership is misleading, as neither man has anything to do with the show. One of the two men, formerly proprietors of the company, is dead, and the other is a hopeless invalid in Iowa. Their names are retained out of respect to them and the fact that the firm name is valuable as a tradename.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. John T. G. Whyte, of Montreal, are among the guests at the McKay.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. John Edgeworth, of Port Arthur, are at the Spalding.

* * *

Minneapolis people at the McKay include Mrs. F. F. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Hall and Misses A. and P. Hall.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Hulett Merritt and L. J. Merritt, of Pasadena, Cal., are at the Spalding.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Smith, of St. Paul, are Spalding arrivals.

* * *

Among St. Louis arrivals are Mr. and Mrs E. L. Buck, of Hill City.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. P. Honecker and daughter, of Loraln, Ohio, are at the St. Louis.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. William C. Fenser, of Rochester, Minn., are at the Spalding.

* * *

At the Spalding: W. O. Clure, Appleton; C. B. Watkins, Cloquet; C. E. Burch, H. A. Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. George N. Fagsley, Miss Almess, Miss O. D. Mockett, H. G. Day, E. J. Wirth, St. Paul; James McDonald, Bemidji; H. H. Kenkel, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Shules, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Barnard, P. J. Barnard, Minneapolis; Elmer E. Davis, Cloquet; Paul A. Rudquist, Ashland; R. G. Kelser, Cloquet; Mrs. J. W. Lacey and daughter, Herbert V. Lacey, Cheyenne, Wyo.; S. G. Plummer, Hibbing; Oscar Fredrichs, Crookston; A. G. Schulthels, Grand Forks; A. T. Boyce, W. C. Burleigh, T. R. Daniel, E. B. Telple, Minneapolis; Mrs. Frank Duroit, Mrs. E. Russell, Hibbing.

At the St. Louis: E. Sprague, Grand Rapids; M. E. Carson, Bemidji; William H. Poupon, Minneapolis; L. R. Larson, Erskine; Mrs. Hugh Riley, Hibbing; W. B. Chase, Ashland; S. H. Horrigan, Ed Finch, J. L. Owens, Virginia; Ed Norman, O. Seaquist, William Dinck, F. C. Lang, L. D. Skell, C. J. Hermann, Herman Schlichting, P. V. Larsen, St. Paul; S. S. Titus, Grand Forks; E. R. Sundberg, Walker; Herbert Fuller, Bemidji; Mr. and Mrs. George Pfeifer, Jacobsville, Mich.; Herbert C. Kelly, Ely; M. E. Carson, Bemidji; W. W. Potter, Chippewa Falls; Frank Benoit, Crookston; Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Galagher, Swan River; Mr. and Mrs. Irve Townsend, Gary; P. A. Poirier, Ashland.

At the McKay: Roy Lathrop, Grand Rapids; P. R. McDowell, I. H. Lunage, Eva McDowell, Peter Schenorth, J. E. Allen, W. H. Browning, C. A. Browning, L. G. Helbel, St. Paul; O. L. Pederson, Virginia; O. L. Boynton, Washburn; L. M. Mithuen, F. Bang, Warren; W. L. Stover, W. L. Culcult, Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. Clark Williams, St. Louis; A. M. Clever, Brainerd; Miss Murphy, Anoka; Dudley Blood, Two Harbors; J. H. Bailey, Bemidji; J. D. Post, Kelsey; M. Maumela, Virginia; J. W. Osborne, Ely; E. J. Sundquist, Hibbing; Mrs. C. G. Laybourn, Minneapolis.

Here's Another View.

Long Prarie Leader: Before the convention we were told that we ought not to nominate Dunn because he was supported by the St. Paul Globe, a Hill paper. The Globe is now taking a very prominent part in the efforts of the Democrats to organize the party preparatory to putting up a fight to defeat Dunn at the election. The facts are, that the Globe supported Dunn before the convention because it was thought he would be the easiest man to defeat at the polls and no one was more chagrined than the owners of the St. Paul Globe when the convention demonstrated the remarkable strength Dunn has throughout the state and his great popularity with the people.

The Drink Militant.

Kansas City Star: A woman in Muscotah made some root beer and bottled it before it had fermented. A few nights later there was a popping noise in the cellar. Her husband, believing there were burglars in the house, stealthily aproached the cellar door. Just as he peeped in there was another report and he was hit. He then poked the muzzle of a six-shooter into the crack, and, turning the gun from side to side, fired a fusillade of bullets into the darkness. He was then out of ammunition, but the enemy kept firing and he retreated upstairs, where his wife was screaming for help. The neighbors arrived and found the man soaked in root beer, while the cellar looked as if it had been under a skylight after a man had tried to use it for an elevator.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), July 25.—The barometer is low over Arizona and Saskatchewan, and high over eastern states and the far northwest. Showers fell over Atlantic states, eastern Texas, and throughout the central west and northwest. Temperatures are generally moderate. In the Lake Region the winds are light to fresh southerly with partly cloudy weather.

Following were the maximum temperatures recorded during the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	86	Miles City	84
Atlanta	80	Minnedosa	78
Battleford	52	Modena	80
Bismarck	84	Montgomery	86
Boston	64	Moorhead	80
Buffalo	70	New Orleans	84
Calgary	76	New York	68
Charleston	80	Norfolk	74
Chicago	68	Northfield	70
Cincinnati	78	North Platte	88
Davenport	80	Oklahoma	88
Denver	78	Omaha	78
Dertoit	70	Phoenix	104
Dodge City	84	Pittsburg	76
Duluth	70	Port Arthur	70
El Paso	88	Portland	84
Galveston	80	Prince Albert	64
Havre	86	Rapid City	86
Helena	82	San Francisco	64
Houghton	78	Santa Fe	78
Huron	84	Shreveport	88
Jacksonville	84	Spokane	82
Kamloops	80	St. Louis	78
Kansas City	80	St. Paul	76
Knoxville	82	Sault Ste Marie	74
LaCrosse	78	Swift Current	78
Lander	84	Washington	76
Los Angeles	82	Williston	88
Medicine Hat	82	Winnemucca	90
Memphis	80	Winnipeg	76

Forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Tuesday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity: Showers this afternoon, tonight, and probably Tuesday. Slightly cooler tonight. Fresh and brisk southerly to westerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, July 25.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Tuesday: Wisconsin—Cloudy with probably showers tonight and Tuesday.

Minnesota—Showers tonight and probably in east portion Tuesday. Cooler in east portion tonight.

The Dakotas—Cloudy tonight and Tuesday.

Upper Lakes—Light to fresh southwest winds. Increasing cloudiness with showers Tuesday and probably on Michigan and Superior tonight.

THE CAT.

I like the simple dignity
That hedges round the cat.
You never see her showing off;
She lets the dog do that.

You never catch her leaping loops,
Nor prancing on the floor
Upon two legs, when generous
Dame Nature gave her four.

We train the dog to hunt the birds,
And beat him when he fails.
He works all day, and never gets
A single taste of quails.

The cat is wiser far than he,
She hunts for birds to eat.
She does not run her legs off, just
To give some man a treat.

The hunting dog, when told to charge,
Will stick to that one spot
Until he starves. Is there a cat
So foolish? There is not.

The dog may emulate the boy
Upon the burning deck,
The cat has sense instead of sentiment. She saves her neck.

The cat can fight, but nobody
Has ever known her yet
To fight, as do the bulldog kind,
To win a man a bet.

She never flatters any man
By tagging at his heels
When he goes out to ride about
On horseback, or on wheels.

Yet she can find her way about.
The dog is but a dunce
Compared to her. If this you doubt,
Just try to lose her once.

All cats, no matter what their breed,
Are born aristocrats.
They never, like the terriers, make
A trade of killing rats.

The cat will rid the house of rats,
Because she likes the fun.
No man can say she's moved to it
Because she wants it done.

Man harnesses the lightning, and
Make steam perform his will.
The horse and dog his bond-slaves are,
The cat eludes him still.

The dog's man's servant, plaything, drudge,
A foolish altruist.
The cat, in spite of man, remains
Serene, an egotist.

Talk not to me about your dog,
It is but idle chat.
Give me that calm philosopher
Of hearth and home, the cat.
—RUTH KIMBALL GARDINER in Life.

Points By Pease.

Anoka Union: Hurrah for who cares a cuss.

Money can skin everything else in getting votes.

Directory estimates of population will stand a material discount.

The Collins men are a satisfied crowd, they don't expect anything and they won't be disappointed.

No man is poor, Mr. Duluth Herald, who stands for right and justice, even if the whole country goes back on him.

The successful wing at the Republican state convention is beginning to think that a dreadful hard row to hoe faces it.

Once in the dear days gone by the great Republican majority went glimmering in Minnesota and oftentimes history repeats itself.

The Union will be endorsed some day, some time, and then it will be lenient to its fallen foes and it will not take a poke at them constantly. State press take notice.

There is a movement starting looking towards nominating George Partridge, of Minneapolis, for governor. No use. He is too good material for the Democratic party to nominate.

The serene acceptance usually noted after the convention is not apparent, and many voters declare they will not support the state ticket. Hundreds of Republicans are of the opinion that it would be good politics to slaughter the party at the polls.

The Republican candidate for governor will need many a Collins vote if he is elected. Some of his loud-mouthed shouters and spouters had better remember this. He is far away from smooth sailing in the sea of politics, and if men vote as they talk now, his election is exceedingly doubtful.

The Duluth Herald needn't waste its sympathy on the writer. He's happy as a clam at high water. For nearly two score years he has given his best efforts for Anoka, and it is the custom of communities to go back on their best friends. 'Tis ever thus.

English Society.

Boston Herald: According to Miss Marie Corelli's trenchant pen, London society is even worse off than any of us would care to admit society is on this side of the sea. She says: "The warm handshake has, in a very great measure, degenerated into the timorous offer of two or three clammy fingers extended dubiously, as with a fear of microbes." Honest laughter has given place to the nannygoat sniggering bleat now common to polite society, and understood to be the elegantly trained and "cultured" expression of mirth. "At homes," she says, are curious sorts of social poultry yards, where the hens have it all their own way, and do most distinctly crow. Society, particularly the "upper ten" society, is becoming very rude. Some of the so-called "smartset" women are notoriously vulgar. Having thus been duly informed regarding the condition of society in England, our American mothers should see to it that no more of their daughters shall be permitted to marry into it. No more of those foreign dudes for us. Henceforth the Yankee doodle do.

TWENTY YEARS AGO IN DULUTH

Taken From the Columns of The Herald of This Date, 1884.

***At a meeting of the board of trade yesterday, the following gentlemen were appointed as a committee to entertain the Minnesota Editorial association members: M. J. Forbes, B. R. Clarkson, W. T. Hooker, W. W. Davis, J. M. Smith, C. D. Wright, J. W. Pritchard, A. J. Sawyer, Andrew Jackson, R. S. Munger and E. H. Fuller.

***Will A. Montague is expecting the arrival of his brother, Capt. Charles Montague, with the schooner of which he is captain, the Northwest.

***A. E. Townsend has accepted Finucan's challenge to a 100-yard foot race, Townsend to have ten feet start.

***The chamber of commerce appointed the following members to entertain the editorial excursionists: O. H. Simonds, J. D. Ensign, R. C. Mitchell, H. C. Kendall, A. S. Chase, George Spencer, C. A. Duncan, Dr. V. Smith, A. C. Arveson, Millie Bunnell, T. H. Pressnell, C. H. Graves, J. E. Knowlton, P. M. Graff, E. G. Swanstrom, R. S. Munger, H. H. Hanford, L. Mendenhall, H. M. Peyton and M. A. Hays.

***Eight buildings were burned at Two Harbors on Friday as follows: Brosseau's vacant store, James Hatfer's store, Furham's saloon, William Verrill's saloon, Peterson's store, Charles LaRue's saloon, Redmond's saloon, Salberg & Erickson's saloon. The loss was about $7000 or $8000.

*** H. A. Smith is acting as clerk of the court during H. A. Kilchli's absence in Minneapolis.

**The total valuation of property in the county, exclusive of Breitung, as returned by the assessors, is $9,114,869, a total increase of $3,102,277 over the figures of last year.

***Yesterday morning, Fred Lewis, a sportive youth of 50 summers, was joined in holy wedlock to Miss Mary Ann Hedges, by Judge Maitrn. Both belong in Oneota.

***Miss Belle Hamilton leaves on Sunday for Hancock, where she will visit with friends.

***Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Hovey have returned to their home in Grand Rapids after a visit here.

***John Dingwall, a brother of James, arrived on the Stewart. The brothers had not seen each other in fourteen years.

***Arthur Marceau, who recently returned to Duluth from Ashland, has gone to Port Arthur to establish a pop factory.

BOTH SURPRISED.

New York Sun: We continue to receive letters expressing the belief or suspicion that Judge Parker's telegram of July 9 to Mr. Sheehan at St. Louis was sent in accordance with a preconcerted program; in short, that the message was a characteristic political invention of the Hon. David B. Hill's.

This idea has taken possession of numerous intelligent minds. It should be dismissed at once, for it is absolutely without foundation. If any further evidence of that fact were needed, it could be found in this very interesting statement by Col. George Harvey in Harper's Weekly, just out:

"As they (Mr. Sheehan and Thomas F. Ryan) entered the building, a messenger of the Western Union Telegraph company handed to Mr. Sheehan a telegram. He had already received during the morning a score or more of messages, and listlessly opened the envelope. His attention was riveted instantly by the signature. By a glance the contesnts were graven upon his mind. An ejaculation brought Mr. Ryan's quick attention to his ashen face. Without a word they withdrew to a corner of the wide corridor, and, with shaking hand, Mr. Sheehan passed the telegram to his companion.

"Meanwhile their hurried withdrawal from the central aisle had attracted attention. Before Mr. Ryan had read the signature Mr. Hill had joined them. Not a word was said until he also had read and reread the dispatch. Then Mr. Hill turned to Mr. Sheehan and demanded that the telegram be suppressed. Judge Parker must be saved from the effect of his own hasty act. Mr. Sheehan vehemently refused. Mr. Hill then insisted that it must be a fabrication—a hoax—designed to create confusion and bring ridicule upon both the party and the candidate. Mr. Ryan suggested that it would be easy to determine whether or not this was so. Until the telegram was found to be genuine or false, its contents should not be divulged."

If this account of what happened during those five minutes in the corridor of the convention hall is true—and we have no doubt of its substantial accuracy—neither Mr. Sheehan nor Mr. Hill had the slightest foreknowledge of any such message. It was equally a surprise to each. Their position differed only in regard to the treatment of the unexpected dispatch. Mr. Hill was for suppressing it and "saving Judge Parker from the effect of his own hasty act." Mr. Sheehan, being of different build, and loyal as a personal friend as well as a political manager, vehemently refused. Then Mr. Hill raised the question of the authenticity of the teelgram as a further obstacle to its presentation to the convention; and in this second attempt he was thwarted by Mr. Ryan's suggestion of the natural method of prompt verification.

Let Judge Parker have full credit for his own decision and independent initiative in the matter of the gold telegram. Instead of lending himself to a characteristic trick of David Bennett Hill's he gave that shifty gentleman the greatest shock of his whole life.

If Mr. Sheehan had yielded to Hill's demand for the suppression of the telegram, instead of "saving Judge Parker from the effect of his own hasty act," the suppression would have wrecked Judge Parker's campaign before it left the ways.

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: With the waning of the lumber industry in Minnesota one very noticeable thing is the decrease in the size of the logs. In early logging days it required but few logs to scale a thousand feet. In 1876 the boomage scale at Minneapolis showed four and one-half logs per thousand. In the next ten years the average was six logs to the thousand and the average in the next decade was nine logs to the thousand, and for the past three years the average has been thirteen logs per thousand.

Eveleth Star: Duluth is paving the way for a national convention when the next one is called. Duluth is doing the right thing and if it were within our province to name the next meeting place we would name Duluth, not only for the Republicans, but also for the Democrats. Duluth would be especially good for the Democrats on account of its cool and soothing climate.

Wabasha Herald: All things come to him who waits and has good judgment. Today John Lind is the only Democratic congressman from Minnesota. A few years ago he was the only Republican congressman from that state, every district save his going Democratic at one landslide election.

Sauk Center Herald: Parker and Davis are dyed-in-the-wool Democrats. Stalwart representatives of the older and better Democracy, when Democracy meant something and stood for something. There is no good Democracy but some kinds are worse than others. They are the embodiment of everything for which Democracy stands. If they are elected they will give the country a Democratic administration among Democratls lines and carry out Democratic principles. Do the people of the United States want a Republican or Democratic administration? That is the real issue. Let us have a gentleman's campaign.

Perham Enterprise: A leading editorial in last Sunday's Minneapolis Tribune was devoted to knocking against the primary election law in this state. With the exception of the political "bosses," the primary law has given entire satisfaction to the people of this state, and it seems hard to understand why the Tribune should oppose it. The law should be amended so as to include state officers, and thus save a repetition of the disgraceful scenes incident to the late Republican gubernatorial campaign.

Carry the News to Proctor.

Princeton Union: Duluth berries took the prize at the World's Fair. Call up Proctor Knott.

How Indians Interpret Dreams.

Kansas City Journal: According to Charles Gibson, this is the interpretation Indians give to certain dreams:

If you are a young man or woman and dream of flying low, it is a sure sign you are short-lived, and it is time you were preparing your little business to do your flying at some other place. If you dream of flying among the housetops or just above, you will reach the 50 or 60 notch. If you dream that you are away above the treetops, then you are good to live up into the 90s; and if you dream that you are bumping the stars with your gourd-head, then you will reach the century noteh. To dream that you are solid with a black-eyed beauty is a sign that you will kill a fine buck deer before you sleep again. To dream of blood means also meat in the pot. To dream of your would-be mother-in-law breaking a bow over your head is a sure sign that you will not be her dear beloved son-in-law. If you dream of eating sorky with a deceased friend, make you will before another sun goes down.

Loveliness Let Loose.

Washington, Ia., Press: Mrs. Fred Smith gave a series of parties, lawn, garden and other, last week, that rank way up in G in the scale of social functions. She has about the loveliest roses in town, and her grounds were fragrant with all the seductive blooms, and the woman wore as pretty petals as any of the floral sisterhood, and it was enough to make an esthete drunk just to watch the bevies of beauties that butterflied down that way.

A Demand For Particulars.

Chicago News: "—I have come to a-ask for your d-daughter's hand, sir," stammered the young man.

"Well, which hand do you want?" asked the stern parent in a tone redolent with frigid sarcasm.

The Lawyer-Counterfeiter.

Rochester Herald: A few years ago a well-known lawyer remitted, in settlement of an account to the publisher of a paper in the West, a $2 bill, which was returned with the brief statement:

"This note is counterfeit; please send another."

Two months passed before hearing from the lawyer again, when he apologized for the delay, saying:

"I have been unable till now to find another counterfeit $2 bill, but hope the one now enclosed will suit, professing, at the same time, my inability to discover what the objection was to the other, which I thought as good a counterfeit as I ever saw."

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Maybe a hammock appeals to a girl so much because it is open work.

It is very comforting to imagine you are happy when you know you aren't.

Most people are so busy trying to get ahead of some friend that they overlook the enemy who is getting ahead of them.

It's funny that a woman never has to consult a clairvoyant to learn if her husband is working in the office nights when he says he is.

Could Not Escape All.

New York American: Tall-browed political economists call upon the people not to eat meat as a means of crushing the beef trust. If in addition the people would go without fires, without clothes, without houses and drink only water, we should get rid also of the coal trust, the shoddy trust, the lumber trust and the whiskey trust. But there would still be the coffin trust.

ingenious Yankee Boy.

Kennebec Journal: A Belfast farmer boy is using a novel and highly effective anti-switch on the cows in his charge.

There are many devices in use for preventing cows from switching their tails while being milked, but all are open to more or less serious objection. Some require too much time for adjustment, some hurt the cows and make them kick, and others are dangerous in case of an accident.

The youth above referred to takes a worn-out bicycle tire and places one side over the cow's back, just forward of the hips, the other side hanging down behind, just above the gambrels.

The tire holds its circular form, is flexible enough to allow for any ordinary movement, but holds the tail firmly in place. It can be changed from one cow to another instantly, and does not annoy the animals. It takes more than an uneasy cow to get ahead of a Yankee boy.

Loyal to Bryan.

Denver News: Lee Fairchild tells this story about John Drew, one of the Alaskan delegates to the Chicago convention:

Drew found it necessary to come to New York and send a substitute to Chicago. While in Manhattan he asked a son of Erin whom he would vote for, thinking to ascertain the opinion of the manual tollers.

"Billy Bryan," said the Irishman.

"Why would you do that?" asked Drew.

"Sure, voted for him whin he run before, and we've had good times iver since," was the answer.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM | Matinee Wednesday 25c
All Seats Reserved.
TONIGHT and every night, Elliott-Courtenay Co., presenting Richard Mansfield's great success, "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde," or "A Double Life"
The wonderful BIOGRAPH; all new views. Evenings 10c, 25c, 25c and 50c.
ALL SEATS RESERVED.
SATURDAY—Matinee and evening, July 30, GORTON'S (all white) MINSTRELS. Matinee, 25c; night, 25c, 25c, 50c, and 75c.



GENTRY BROS.' Famous Shows
will exhibit in
Duluth, at 3rd Ave. E. and 1st St.,
2 Days, Thur. Wed. JULY 27-28
Now the largest, grandest and best Animal Circus in the world. More new, unique, novel features and surprises than ever before. Don't fail to see the all new free street parade at 10 a. m., July 27. Will also exhibit in
SUPERIOR, TUESDAY, JULY 26.

MAKE EVEN DIVIDE

Duluth and Crookston Equal on Saturday and Sunday's Games.

Crookston Wins Exhibition Contest—Grand Forks Trims Superior.

NORTHERN LEAGUE.

STANDING.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Duluth	57	41	16	.719
Crookston	57	29	28	.509
Grand Forks	59	30	29	.508
Superior	58	29	29	.448
Winnipeg	57	25	32	.438
Fargo	58	22	36	.379

GAMES SATURDAY.
Crookston, 12; Duluth, 6.
Grand Forks, 2; Superior, 0.
Superior, 9, Grand Forks, 0; (forfeit).
Winnipeg, 7; Fargo, 2.

GAMES YESTERDAY.
Duluth, 4, Crookston, 3.
Crookston, 3; Duluth, 2; (exhibition).
Grand Forks, 9; Superior, 0.

GAMES TODAY.
Duluth at Superior.
Fargo at Winnipeg.
Crookston at Grand Forks.

Little Joe Wilkes is the hero of fandom for the present. Will Mr. Wilkes please stand up. You're the boy that did it, Joe. You pulled the game out when the Crooks looked like four time winners. That little bit of yours over the fence in the ninth with one man holding down first base was the prettiest and timeliest swat ever swatted on Duluth grounds.

After Saturday's game extra innings looked bad to the fans and when Joe broke up the game with his little bat in the ninth, he got the biggest ovation of the season. Served him right. He has been playing the kind of ball that wins and takes whatever is coming to him without a kick.

The net result of Saturday's and Sunday's games was one league game apiece for the Crooks and the Remnants and the exhibition game for the Crooks. Those Woodpeckers are playing fast ball and the White Sox were lucky to get away with the one game.

Sunday's game was the kind that makes fans out of ordinary, self-respecting citizens. Dan Hurley Thomas was selected to throw for the Crooks and his curves commanded respect from the sluggers. He fanned seven men and let the White Stockings down with six hits. Buck Noldin was also throwing some, striking out eight fans and allowing seven hits.

Duluth drew first blood in the third, when Hank Gehring slammed the sphere over the fence for a homer, without any warning of course. It was the first and only hit made off Thomas in the first five innings.

The Crooks evened up in the seventh, when Hoffmeister singled, stole second and came home on Patterson's two-bagger.

Duluth came back at them in the last half of the inning, when Randall got the start of the four, stole second, went to third on O'Leary's slow infield hit and came home on Zink's clean drive to deep center.

All went smoothly until the ninth, and it looked as if the game might end peacefully with the score 2 to 1 in favor of the White Sox.

But in the ninth Carlisle led off with a smashing single. Patterson hit one to Noldin, who threw to Wilkes to catch Carlisle. Joe dropped the ball for some unaccountable reason, and both men were safe. Hoffman hit a slow one to Zink, who tried to nab Carlisle at the plate, but was about thirty seconds too slow. Patterson went to third on the play, and while Noldin was winding himself up for one of his shoots, made a dash for the paste. Buck couldn't get himself untangled in time to catch the runner, who slid in between O'Leary's legs.

The next three men were easy outs.

With the score 2 to 2 in favor of the Crooks, Duluth came to bat in the ninth. Cox sent a little pop-up to Schils, and Thomas smiled. Noldin slammed out a long fly to Carlisle. The fans groaned, but the hitherto reliable Carlisle muffed it and Buck was safe.

Then Joe did his little stunt and it was all over but the cheering, which lasted several minutes. The score:

DULUTH.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Shepard, 2b	4	0	0	0	2	0
Corrigan, rf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Randall, lf	3	1	0	1	0	0
O'Leary, c	3	0	1	9	0	0
Zink, 1b	3	0	1	9	0	0
Cox, 3b	4	0	0	2	0	1
Noldin, p	3	1	1	0	2	0
Wilkes, ss	3	1	1	2	2	0
Gehring, cf	3	1	1	2	0	0
Totals	30	4	5	*25	9	1

CROOKSTON.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Brevette, ss	3	0	1	0	4	0
Hoffmeister, rf	4	1	1	0	0	0
Schils, 2b	4	0	1	4	3	0
Carlisle, cf	4	1	1	1	0	1
Patterson, 1b	4	1	1	11	0	0
Hoffman, 3b	4	0	0	1	1	0
Henry, c	4	0	2	7	1	0
Martin, lf	4	0	0	1	0	0
Thomas, p	4	0	0	0	3	0
Totals	35	3	7	**25	12	1

*Schils out on bunt strike.
**One out when winning run was scored.

Score by innings:
Crookston ..... 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 2—3
Duluth ..... 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 2—4

Summary: Earned runs—Duluth, 2; Crookston, 1. Home runs—Gehring, Wilkes. Two-base hit—Patterson. Struck out—By Noldin, 8; by Thomas, 8. Bases on balls—Off Noldin, 1; off Thomas, 3. Stolen bases—Hoffmeister, Patterson (2), Henry, Hoffman (2), Randall. Sacrifice hits—Hoffmeister, Wilkes. Hit by pitcher—Noldin. Wild pitch—Thimas. Time, 1:35. Attendance, 1100. Umpire—Criss.

The Crooks took the second game, which was an exhibition contest only, by hitting Nolden in the fifth and sixth innings. The feature of the game was Hoffmeister's running one-handed catch of Zink's long drive. Hoffmeister caught the ball in his bare hand while running at full speed.

Henry's home run in the fifth was responsible for two runs.

Nolden pitched the second game also and held the Crooks down in good shape.

The game was called at the end of the seventh inning. The score:

DULUTH.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Shepard, 2b	4	1	1	1	0	0
Corrigan, rf	3	0	0	2	0	0
Randall, lf	3	1	2	3	0	0
O'Leary, c	3	0	2	5	0	0
Zink, 1b	3	0	0	6	0	0
Cox, 3b	3	0	0	0	0	0
Nolden, p	3	0	0	0	4	0
Wilkes, ss	3	0	0	0	2	0
Gehring, cf	3	0	0	2	0	0
Totals	30	4	7	27	11	0

CROOKSTON.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Brevette, ss	3	0	1	0	4	0
Hoffmeister, rf	4	1	1	0	0	0
Schils, 2b	4	0	1	1	4	3
Carlisle, cf	4	1	1	1	1	0
Patterson, 1b	4	1	1	11	0	0
Hoffman, 3b	4	0	0	1	1	0
Henry, c	4	0	2	7	1	0
Martin, lf	4	0	0	1	0	0
Thomas, p	4	0	0	0	3	0
Totals	35	3	7	**25	12	1

*Schils out on bunt strike.
**One out when winning run was scored.

Score by innings:
Crookston ..... 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 2—3
Duluth ..... 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 2—4

Summary: Earned runs—Duluth, 2; Crookston, 1. Home runs—Gehring, Wilkes. Two-base hit—Patterson. Struck out—By Noldin, 8; by Thomas, 8. Bases on balls—Off Noldin, 1; off Thomas, 3. Stolen bases—Hoffmeister, Patterson (2), Henry, Hoffman (2), Randall. Sacrifice hits—Hoffmeister, Wilkes. Hit by pitcher—Noldin. Wild pitch—Thimas. Time, 1:35. Attendance, 1100. Umpire—Criss.

DAILY HINT TO BREADMAKERS!

You can't make good bread from anything but good flour. With Commander Flour and good yeast, it is next to impossible to make poor bread.

Your grocer handles Commander Flour. Manufactured by

GREGORY, COOK & CO.,
Duluth, Minn.

Wilkes, ss	3	0	0	2	2	0
Gehring, cf	3	0	1	2	0	0
Totals	28	2	6	21	6	0

CROOKSTON.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Breyette, ss	4	0	1	0	3	0
Hoffmeister, rf	2	0	0	2	0	0
Schils, 2b	3	0	0	4	1	1
Carlisle, cf	3	1	2	2	0	0
Patterson, 1b	3	0	0	9	0	0
Hoffman, 3b	3	1	2	0	3	0
Henry, c	3	1	1	4	0	0
Martin, lf	1	0	0	0	0	0
Thomas, lf	2	0	1	0	0	0
Simons, p	3	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	27	3	7	21	7	1

Score by innings:
Duluth ..... 0 0 0 0 0 2 0—2
Crookston ..... 0 0 0 0 2 1 0—3

Summary: Earned runs—Dnluth, 2; Crookston, 2. Two-base hits—Shepard, Randall, O'Leary. Home run—Henry. Struck out—By Noldin, 5; by Simons, 1. Base on balls—Off Noldin, 1. Stolen base—Carlisle. Wild pitch—Nolden. Passed ball—Henry. Time, 1:02. Umpire—Criss.

Revenge, long and sweet, did the Crookston team take for all past defeats in Saturday's game. For once the tables were turned and the White Stockings got walloped in the most approved style. Those Crookston men certainly do things up proper when they get started, and the way they treated Gehring in the tenth inning was enough to justify him in quitting the game for good. It was a horrible slaughter with us in the role of the down-trodden Armenians for the first time this season.

The game progressed peacefully for nine innings with only the ordinary run of excitement. Gehring was not in the best of form and the visitors treated his curves generously. A home run by Schils in the eighth, with two men on bases, gave Crookston a lead of one run, but Randall's homer in the last half of the inning tied the score.

Both sides died quietly in the ninth and the fatal tenth commenced.

Symons led off with a clean single and Martin reached first on Zink's error. Breyette bunted and O'Leary in trying to catch him at first hit the runner in the back. With the bases full, Hoffmeister smacked out a single and Martin and Symons ambled home. Schils was safe on a fielder's choice which caught Hoffmeister at second, but Carlisle reached first on O'Leary's second bad throw and Breyette came home. Then that elongated first baseman named Patterson came up and slammed the ball over the fence. That was all. Only six runs in one inning. Just half a dozen. The bunch sadly wended its way homeward, while Hi Henry, the nigger minstrel whom the Crookston management washed off and put in the coacher's box, went from one fit into another as fast as he could count. The score:

DULUTH.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Shepard, 2b	5	1	1	2	6	1
Corrigan, ss	5	1	2	2	0	0
Randall, lf	5	0	2	1	0	0
O'Leary, c	5	0	1	10	1	2
Zink, 1b	4	0	1	8	1	1
Cox, cf	4	0	0	2	1	0
Noldin, rf	4	1	1	1	0	1
Wilkes, 3b	3	0	0	2	1	0
Gehring, p	4	1	1	1	4	0
Totals	39	4	9	30	14	4

CROOKSTON.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Breyette, ss	6	2	3	1	2	0
Hoffmeister, lf., 1b.	4	2	2	7	0	1
Schils, 2b	6	2	1	2	3	0
Carlisle, cf	5	1	1	4	0	0
Patterson, 1b	4	0	1	5	0	1
Thomas, cf	2	1	1	1	1	0
Hoffman, c	6	1	2	2	0	0
Henry, c	6	0	0	7	1	1
Simons, rf	5	1	2	1	0	0
Martin, p	4	1	0	0	5	0
Totals	48	12	13	30	12	3

Score by innings:
Duluth ..... 2 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 0—6
Crookston ..... 2 0 1 0 0 0 0 3 0 6—12

Summary—Earned runs—Duluth 2,Crookston 5. Two-base hits—Ranall, Noldin, Zink. Home runs—Hoffman, Gehring, Schls, Randall, Thomas. Sacrifice hits—Wilkes, Martin. Stolen base—Thomas. Base on balls—Off Gehring 4. Struck out—By Gehring 10, by Martin 7. Left on bases—Duluth 4, Crookston 10. Wild pitch—Gehring. Passed ball—Henry. Attendance—630. Time—2 hours. Umpire—Criss.

TWO OUT OF THREE.

Superior's Only Game From Tigers Is By Default.

Grand Forks took two out of the three games played with Superior Saturday and Sunday, the Longshoremen winning their only game by default.

Superior was shut out in both games, the Tigers taking the first game Saturday by the score of 2 to 0 and the Sunday game by the score of 9 to 0. Hutchinson let Superior down with three hits Saturday and Newmeyer allowed them but four on Sunday.

After the first game on Saturday had been completed Capt. Cole put on his coat and walked off the field followed by his men. The umpire declared the second game forfeited to Superior by the score of 9 to 0.

The score:

GRAND FORKS.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Hulbert, lf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Scharnweber, ss	4	1	1	2	5	0
Nagel, rf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Cole, 1b	4	0	1	9	1	1
Dunn, 2b	4	0	0	1	3	2
Martin, lf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Hardiman, 2b	4	0	0	3	0	0
Cheek, c	3	1	1	7	1	0
Hutchinson, p	3	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	34	2	7	27	11	3

SUPERIOR.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Anderson, cf	4	0	0	4	1	0
Doll, 2b	3	0	0	3	3	1
O'Dea, 1b	4	0	0	9	0	0
Leach, rf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Egan, 3b	3	0	1	1	2	0
Rogers, c	3	0	0	2	1	0
Benson, ss	3	0	0	3	1	0
Bennett, lf	3	0	0	4	0	0
Freeman, p	3	0	1	0	5	0
Totals	30	0	3	27	13	1

Score by innings:
Superior ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Grand Forks ..... 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0—2

Summary: Three-base hit—Scharnweber. Bases on errors—Superior, 3; Grand Forks, 1. Double play—Anderson to O'Dea. Stolen bases—Leach, Freeman. Left on bases—Grand Forks, 5; Superior, 4. Base on balls—Off Hutchinson, 1. Struck out—By Hutchinson, 6, by Freeman, 2. Time of game, 1:30. Umpire, Hogan.

Grand Forks won Saturday's game without difficulty. Doll was hit freely, fourteen safe ones being registered against him, while Newmeger held the Longshoremen safe at all stages of the game.

Newmeyer and Hess, two of the high-salaried men on the Grand Forks team, were released after yesterday's game in pursuance of the plan of cutting down expenses, adopted by the other teams in the league. The score:

GRAND FORKS.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Hulbert, cf	6	2	2	2	0	0
Scharnweber, ss	5	0	1	1	3	1
Nagel, rf	5	1	2	1	0	0
Cole, 1b	4	0	2	13	0	0
Dunn, 2b	4	1	0	5	4	0
Martin, lf	5	1	1	1	0	0
Hutchinson, 3b	5	2	2	0	2	0
Cheek, c	5	1	4	4	0	0
Newmeyer, p	3	1	0	0	2	0
Totals	42	9	14	27	11	1

SUPERIOR.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Anderson, cf	3	0	0	1	0	1
Baxter, 1b	4	0	0	8	0	1
O'Dea, 2b	4	0	0	2	2	0
Leach, rf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Egan, 3b	4	0	1	0	2	1
Rogers, c	3	0	1	6	0	0
Benson, ss	4	0	0	4	3	0
Bennett, lf	3	0	0	2	0	0
Doll, p	3	0	1	1	5	0
Totals	32	0	4	27	12	3

Score by innings:
Grand Forks ..... 0 1 0 0 4 0 1 0 3—9
Superior ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Summary: Two-base hits—Doll, Cheek, Nagel, Hulbert (2). Bases on errors—Superior, 1; Grand Forks, 2. Double plays—Doll to Baxter. Left on bases—Superior, 5; Grand Forks, 6. Struck out—By Doll, 3; by Newmeyer, 4. Bases on balls—Off Doll, 4; off Newmeyer, 2. Stolen bases—Hulbert, Hutchinson, Egan. Time of game—1:30. Umpire—Hogan.

BARTOS EFFECTIVE.

Proves Too Puzzling For Fargo Hitters.

Winnipeg, July 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Bartos was in great form Saturday and kept Fargo's seven hits well scattered. A base on balls, two singles and an outfield fly netted Fargo two in the ninth and saved a shut-out. Howells stole home in the fourth inning, and scored for Winnipeg every time he went to bat. The game was witnessed by a large crowd of enthusiastic fans. The score:

	R.	H.	E.
Fargo	0	0	0
Winnipeg	1	0	3

Batteries—Lempke and Buckwalter; Bartos and Clark. Umpire—Smith. Attendance—1350.

THE OTHER LEAGUES.

National League.

STANDING.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
New York	82	59	25	.720
Chicago	80	49	31	.612
Cincinnati	77	50	33	.602
Pittsburg	77	44	33	.571
St. Louis	81	44	37	.543
Brooklyn	85	51	54	.395
Boston	82	29	56	.343
Philadelphia	80	21	59	.262

NEW YORK, 6; CHICAGO, 4.

Chicago, July 25.—The locals started in like winners yesterday, but after Ames had been retired and replaced by McGinnity in the sixth, failed to score again. The visitors hit Weimer hard and scored five runs in three innings when Wicker relieved him. A double, a sacrifice and a long fly brought their total up to six in the last round. Attendance, 27,000. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	4	11	2
New York	6	13	2

Batteries—Weimer, Wicker and Kling; Ames, McGinnity, Warner and Bowerman. Umpires—Emslie and O'Day.

EVEN BREAK AT ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis, July 25.—St. Louis and Philadelphia broke even on a double-header. McFarland outpitched Frazer in the first, the home team hitting the Philadelphian hard. A batting rally off Nichols in the eighth inning won the game for Philadelphia. Attendance, 18,000. Score:

First game—

	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	9	17	4
Philadelphia	2	10	1

Batteries—Grady and McFarland; Roth and Frazer. Umpire—Johnstone.

Second game—

	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	1	9	1
Philadelphia	4	12	0

Batteries—McLean and Nichols; Roth and Mitchell. Umpire—Johnstone.

CINCINNATI, 11; BOSTON, 4.

Cincinnati, July 25.—Four bases on balls and five singles netted the Cincinnatis six runs in the first inning. The handicap proved too much for the Bostons, who took things easy thereafter. Hahn held the Bostons safe throughout. Dolan retired in the seventh because of the sudden illness of his child, Kelly going to right and Deitz to first. Attendance, 9057. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	11	16	1
Boston	4	7	2

Batteries: Cincinnati—Schlei and Hahn; Needham and McNichols. Umpire—Moran and Carpenter.

SATURDAY'S GAMES.
Brooklyn, 2; Pittsburg, 1.
St. Louis, 9; Philadelphia, 7.
St. Louis, 7; Philadelphia, 2.
New York, 5; Chicago, 1.
Boston, 3; Cincinnati, 1.
Cincinnati, 15; Boston, 1.

American League.

STANDING.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Boston	80	50	30	.625
Chicago	82	50	33	.602
Cleveland	77	45	32	.581
New York	79	46	33	.582
Philadelphia	79	43	36	.541
St. Louis	75	35	40	.467
Detroit	78	33	45	.423
Washington	77	16	61	.208

SATURDAY'S GAMES.
Cleveland, 3; Philadelphia, 2.
Cleveland, 4; Philadelphia, 1.
Chicago, 5; New York, 4.
St. Louis, 5; Boston, 2.
Washington, 3; Detroit, 2.
Detroit, 3; Washington, 2.

American Association.

STANDING.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
St. Paul	90	58	32	.644
Columbus	86	51	35	.593
Louisville	88	51	37	.580
Milwaukee	87	50	37	.575
Minneapolis	89	45	44	.506
Indianapolis	89	42	47	.472
Kansas City	86	31	55	.360
Toledo	89	27	62	.303

LOUISVILLE, 8; COLUMBUS, 6.

Louisville, July 25.—Louisville defeated Columbus in a well-played and interesting game. Both Campbell and Glendon were batted hard, but the former managed to keep the hits scattered with men on bases. The batting of Bridwell, Hallman and Bradshaw and the fielding of Wrigley and Kerwin were features. Attendance, 5009. Score:

	R	H	E
Louisville	8	12	1
Columbus	6	15	3

Batteries—Campbell and Schriver; Glendon and Yeager. Umpire—Killen.

TOLEDO, 5; INDIANAPOLIS, 4.

Toledo, July 25.—Toledo won a brilliantly played 12-innings game yesterday. The score:

	R	H	E
Toledo	5	11	1
Indianapolis	4	10	3

Batteries—Toledo, Brown and Doering; Berry, Fisher and Allemang. Umpire—Holliday.

EVEN BREAK AT MILWAUKEE.

Milwaukee, July 25.—Milwaukee and Kansas City split even in a double-header here yesterday. Kansas City won the first by a batting rally in the ninth inning, when they scored four runs. The second was on by the home team, mainly because the visitors could not solve Daugherty's curves. The scores:

First game:

	R	H	E
Milwaukee	6	12	3
Kansas City	7	13	3

Batteries—Milwaukee, Stricklett and McKay; Butler and Durham. Umpire—Klem.

Second game:

	R	H	E
Milwaukee	3	9	0
Kansas City	7	7	2

Batteries—Slattery and Dougherty; Butler and Isbell. Umpire—Klem. Attendance, 6000.

ST. PAUL, 7; MINNEAPOLIS, 6.

St. Paul, July 25.—Minneapolis bunched hits on Chech in the fifth inning and scored five times, and a double and a single in the seventh netted another run. The locals pounded Petty for seven runs in the first and fifth innings. Attendance, 7110. Score:

	R	H	E
Minneapolis	6	7	1
St. Paul	7	11	1

Batteries—Ferry and Stimmel; Sullivan and Chech. Umpire—Hart.

SATURDAY'S GAMES.
Minneapolis, 13; St. Paul, 1.
Toledo, 9; Indianapolis, 1.
Louisville, 3; Columbus, 2.
Milwaukee, 3; Kansas City, 2.

WITH THE AMATEURS.

Policemen Too Strong For Marshall-Wells.

The Cops wore out three of the Marshall-Wells pitchers Saturday afternoon and tallied twenty-six runs to the hardware men's six.

The policemen were just practicing up for their game with the Superior cops next Wednesday, when they hope to run a century. Thirty-three is their highest score for the present season.

Konnell and Bailey did the twirling for the coppers and kept the hardware men guessing.

The score:

Policemen	0 5 7 1 5 0 2 0 4—24
Marshall-Wells	0 0 0 4 0 0 0 0 2—6

* * *

The employes of the two local brewing companies took a day off yesterday and went to Fond du Lac for a picnic. A baseball game was arranged between nines chosen from the two breweries, the Fitger team winning in a twelve-inning contest by the score of 13 to 11. The score was tied at the end of the ninth, and it was agreed to play three extra innings.

The score:

Fitger	0 6 2 0 0 2 0 0 3 0 4 2—13
Duluth	0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 5 0 2 2—11

Batteries—Brown and Reub; Hoch and Day.

* * *

The Wolvin team entered the local amateur field yesterday and defeated the Borgstrom nine by the score of 10 to 9.

OLIVERS WIN TWO.

Mountain Iron Team Does Good Work.

Eveleth, July 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Oliver baseball team of Mountain Iron added two victories to its list Saturday and Sunday by defeating the team from the Adams mine at Eveleth on Saturday and the Eveleth city team on Sunday.

The Saturday game was a brilliant contest. It was a pitchers' battle between Dennis and Loyl in which the former had the better of it, and won out by the score of 2 to 4. The batteries were Dennis and Fraser and Loyl and Roberts.

Dennis went into the box again yesterday against the Eveleth city team and again held his opponents down to four runs by cool and heady pitching. The Olivers knocked out fourteen runs. The batting of Second Baseman Norris was a feature. He had a home run, a three bagger and two singles out of four times up. The Oliver team was the same that recently held the fast Hibbing nine down to a 5 to 2 game.

WIN THE REID TROPHY SHOOT

Nelson and Noisey Capture Interesting Team Event.

Nelson and Noisey won the team shoot for the Reid trophies at the Gun club grounds yesterday afternoon.

The trophies consist of two handsome watch fobs, decorated with gold trimmings suitably inscribed. They were presented to the club by L. H. Reid of the Peters Arms company.

The shoot was a handicap event, the handicaps being based upon the averages for the season up to the present time. The teams were selected by drawing.

Frank and Berry made up the scratch team the other handicaps being as follows: Beyer and Storey, 1; Cap and Abbett, 3; Max and Wojcek, 4; Noisey and Nelson, 4; Jackson and Wilson, 6; Brad and Phil, 29.

Seymour and Reid and Powers and Hirschy, who have remained in the city for a few days after the open tournament, shot for birds only, scoring 90 and 85 respectively.

Noisey and Nelson won the trophies with the score of 94, which with their handicap made a total of 98.

Cap and Abbett were second with 92 plus 3, making a total of 95.

Beyer and Storey broke 92 which with their handicap made 93, and the others were so far behind that they did not shoot up their handicaps.

The regular Panton & White trophy shoot was also held yesterday, Berry and Jackson taking the highest standing with a total of 46 out of a possible 50. The scores were as follows:

Berry	46
Jackson	46
Storey	44
Frank	44
Nelson	43
Cap	41

JOCKEY KILLED.

New York, July 25.—The sport at Brighton Beach was marred Saturday by the fatal injury of Jockey Ernest Swalwell. In the second race, Opuntia, on the back stretch, fell at a jump, throwing Swalwell and then rolling on him. The jockey died shortly afterward in a hospital. He was 21 years old and hailed from Toronto.

KILLED BY BATTED BALL.

Elizabeth, N. J., July 25.—Gertrude Jaeger, 9 years old, was killed Saturday afternoon at Elizabethport by being struck on the head with a batted ball. She was watching the game, when the batsman knocked a foul tip which hit the girl. She dropped to the ground and lived only a few minutes.

APPROVES OF LARGER LEAGUE

E. H. Kent of Grand Forks Would Include Copper Country.

E. H. Kent, of Grand Forks, one of the directors of the Northern league, is in the city today on a trip around the circuit, to complete the arrangements for a shortening of the circuit.

Mr. Kent has declared himself to be in favor of an extension of the league to take in the copper country next year, making an eight club circuit with teams in Ashland and two of the Northern Michigan towns, dropping Crookston, where the attendance has been very light.

His plan would involve making Duluth the headquarters of the league as this city would be the geographical center of the country included in the circuit.

Mr. Kent attributes the failure of the league financially this season, to the high salaries paid by some of the managers in their struggle to get winning teams.

Duluthians Will Go.

The Northland summer Bible school and conference will be held at Mellen, Wis., during July and August this year, and t number of local people will leave early this week to attend.

Among those who will attend from Duluth are John Callahan, of the Star of Hope mission; Assistant Secretary John Goodell of the Y. M. C. A.; Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Goodell, of Barnum; J. K. Stone, A. Sommers, O. E. Ripple and A. R. Merritt.

Among the prominent speakers at the conference will be Rev. J. Wilbur Chapman, D.D., of New York city, one of the foremost Y. M. C. A. workers in the country. Mr. Chapman may address a mass meeting for men here in Duluth early in the fall.

A HOT BOUT.

Philadelphia, July 25.—Jack O'Brien and Bob Fitzsimmons on Saturday afternoon fought the fastest six-round bout ever witnessed in this city between men of their weight. When the gong announced the close of the fight, both men were on their feet, but both bore the marks of the grueling fight they had just gone through. Fitzsimmons' lips were twice their normal size and his left eye was almost closed, while O'Brien's left eye was also cut and swollen.

LIVES ENDANGERED BY A WATERSPOUT.

Ithaca, N. Y., July 25.—The lives of many persons out sailing on Cayuga lake have been put in jeopardy by the sudden development of an enormous water spout. Without warning, a whirling mass of water at least 150 feet in diameter and reaching up to the clouds, started from the east shore of the lake just north of this city, and with remarkable rapidity traveled more than a mile across the surface of the water toward the west.

The mass was shaped like an hour-glass and was partially enveloped in spray. The surface of the water over which it passed was churned into a foam. Fortunately no boats happened to be in the path of the soput.

STOCK OPERA COMPANY PROPOSES TO DISBAND.

Atlantic City, N. J., July 25.—A conference has been held here between the manager and members of the Bostonian stock opera company, in which it was seriously proposed that the company disband. The members have concluded a three weeks engagement in this city and while the patronage here was not disappointing, the profits were not enough to meet the serious deficiency which had been created by a run of ill-luck, which started in Boston.

The manager of the company is quoted as saying that if the arrangements for further financial assistance did not succeed it would be advisable to wind up the affairs after a three years existence as a corporate company. There are some forty people in the combination.

ARRIVES TOO LATE.

Rev. J. W. Powell's Father Dies Before He Reaches Him.

Rev. J. W. Powell, Jr., pastor of the Endion Methodist church, who was called by telegram to the bedside of his father, in Mankato, reached that place only to find that his aged parent had already passed away. Death was due to paralysis.

The elder Mr. Powell was once pastor of the Methodist church in Mankato. He was one of the most effective preachers of the Methodist denomination in Minnesota, but on account of his age retired from the ministry a short time ago and went to his farm, a short distance from Mankato, where he died.

The decedent's wife died several years ago, when Rev. Mr. Powell Jr., was preparing for the ministry, at an eastern university.

HIBERNIANS ELECT OFFICERS.

St. Louis, Mo., July 25.—The Ancient Order of Hibernians concluded a five days' convention Saturday night, after electing officers and selecting Saratoga Springs, N. Y., as the place in which to hold the next biennial convention, on the third Thursday in July, 1906. The following officers were elected: President, James E. Dolan, Syracuse, N. Y., re-elected; vice president, James O'Sullivan, Philadelphia; secretary, James T. Carroll, Columbus, Ohio; treasurer, M. J. O'Brien, Richmond, Ind., relected; directors, John T. Keating, Chicago; D. J. Hennessy, Butte, Mont; George T. Butler, Louisville, and P. D. Farrell, Grand Rapids, Mich.

MRS. McGOWAN RE-ELECTED.

St. Paul, July 25.—After one of the bitterest fights in the history of the order, Mrs. E. B. McGowan, of Buffalo, N. Y., was re-elected president of the Ladies' Catholic Benevolent association at its session in the People's church Saturday afternoon. Mrs. McGowan's victory over Mrs. Mary E. Costello was decisive, and to an extent the result is supposed to foreshadow what will occur in the contests for the other leading offices. It is contended that her election is an endorsement of the policy of the administration of the association, and this claim was to an extent borne out later in the session when Mrs. Mary A. Flanagan was re-elected first vice president over her opponent, Mrs. Maria Quinn.

JOSEPH L. MEYER DIES.

Little Falls, Minn., July 25.—Joseph L. Meyer, one of the leading Democrats of Central Minnesota, died at his home in this city this afternoon of appendicitis, aged 37 years. Mr. Meyer was a native of Germany and was an officer in the German army. He came to Minnesota in 1872. He was for twelve years treasurer of Morrison county. In 1902 he was nominated for state treasurer by the Democrats. He declined the nomination. Mr. Meyer leaves a wife and ten children.

John H. Davlin, Houston—Was all run down; nothing did me any good until I got hold of Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Now I am strong and well; gained forty pounds. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

WHY LEAVE TOWN IN SUMMER?

Park Point is an ideal summer resort. C

WHEAT IS STRONG

Advance In All Markets Is Better Than a Cent.

English Markets Continue To Show Strength—Flax Higher.

Duluth Board of Trade, July 25.—Foreign markets were stronger this morning and caused a higher opening in wheat in American markets. This strength was retained throughout the morning and the close was at an advance of more than 1c and practically at the top point in all markets. Liverpool closed 1½@⅝d higher, and London ⅛@¼d higher. Speculation was assigned as the principal cause for the advance in English markets, supplies not being equal to demand. It is regarded as somewhat significant that these markets continue strong despite the cleared situation politically. World's shipments were just what were expected but they are still below requirements.

In the Duluth market there was an advance of 1c in July and 1½c in September, in Chicago 1¼c in July and 1c in September, in Minneapolis ⅞c in July and 1⅛c in September and in New York 2¼c in July and 1¼c in September.

World's shipments of wheat and corn last week, the week previous and the corresponding week last year were as follows:

WHEAT.

	Last week.	Previous week.	Last year.
America	1,424,000	1,728,000	2,848,000
Russian	2,200,000	1,496,000	1,760,000
Danube	528,000	688,000	392,000
Argentine	1,840,000	1,032,000	1,504,000
India	1,624,000	1,416,000	848,000
Australia	216,000	272,000	.....
Austria-Hungary	.....	.....	64,000
Various	224,000	176,000	136,000
Total	9,056,000	6,808,000	7,552,000

CORN.

	Last week.	Previous week.	Last year.
American	552,000	816,000	1,352,000
Russian	280,000	120,000	640,000
Danube	1,168,000	1,208,000	680,000
Argentine	2,592,000	2,760,000	2,778,000
Total	4,474,000	5,024,000	5,150,000

The amount of wheat on passage decreased 392,000 bus, and corn increased 264,000 bus.

Car receipts at Duluth were 116 against 13 last year, and at Minneapolis, 222 against 174 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 338 against 187 last year. Chicago received 82 against 89 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 826,500 bus, last year 958,700 bus. Shipments 225,500 bus, last year 306,100 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 59,000 bus.

The visible supply of wheat decreased 544,000 bus and is now 12,175,000 bus against 12,550,600 bus a year ago.

Corn on the Liverpool market closed ¼d higher. September corn in the Chicago market closed ⅝c higher. September oats closed 4c higher. Primary receipts of corn were 517,400 bus, last year 525,000 bus. Shipments 725,000 bus, last year 588,200 bus. Clearances were 132,890 bus.

The visible supply of corn decreased 206,600 bus, and is now 5,778,000 bus against 7,311,600 bus last year.

In the Duluth market trading in wheat was rather quiet. The July and cash wheat was firmer, advancing 1c. to $1.00 a bus. Wheat to arrive stiffened up somewhat, selling at ½c under July. No. 2 was 4c under No. 1. Cash offerings were fairly liberal. The September option opened ¼c higher at 87⅝c, and that was its low point. It sold at 87¾c, at 9:40 and then fell back to the opening price at 9:55. From that point it advanced steadily to 88⅝c at 1:08 and closed there, an advance for the day of 1¼c.

Flax was fairly active in the new crop options. July closed ¾c up, at $1.23¾; September, ⅞c up, at $1.24¾, and October ⅛c up, at $1.24. The other options closed at their points, but October was ½c lower than its strongest mark.

Oats on track fell ½c.

Rye was very strong for on track stuff, being bid for at 75c, which was 10c higher than Saturday.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 northern, 89¼c; No. 2 northern, 85½c; on track, No. 1 northern, $1.00; No. 2 northern, 96c; Macaroni, No. 1, 88c; No. 2, 81½c; July, $1.23¾; September, $1.24¼; October, $1.24; November, $1.23⅜; December, $1.23⅜. Oats, on track, 37½c; to arrive, September, 33¾c. Rye, to arrive, 76c; on track, 69c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 116; last year, 13; oats, 2; barley, 4; flax, 23c; last year, 20.

Receipts—Wheat, 104,637; oats, 3462; barley, 1015; rye, 126; flax, 28,479.

Shipments—Wheat, 25,648; flax, 452.

CASH SALES MONDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 1 car	$0.99½
No. 1 northern, two-thirds car	99½
No. 1 northern, 5 cars	99¾
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	99¼
No. 1 northern, 3 cars	1.00
No. 2 northern, 1 car	95½
No. 2 northern, 1 car	96½
Rejected, 1 car	94¾
Rejected, 2 cars	95
Macaroni, 4 cars, No. 2	81½
Barley, part car, no grade	30
Flax, 6 2-2 cars	1.23¾
Flax, 2 cars	1.23
Flax, 5000 bus	1.22½
Flax, 1 car, rejected	1.21¾

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Prices Barely Steady In the Wheat Pit.

Chicago, July 25.—Favorable weather throughout the greater part of the United States increased receipts and heavier world's shipments today more than counterbalanced the effect of higher Liverpool cables, the result being a barely steady wheat market here. Influenced by the strength abroad the opening here was firm with September up ⅛c to ¼c at 87c to 87⅛c. Buying by shorts forced the price up to 87⅝c, but on increased selling the price dropped to 86¾@87⅛c. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 430 cars, against 360 cars last week and 276 cars a year ago.

During the latter part of the session the market became strong on a good general demand. Most of the strength was a result of the bullish foreign situation. Southwestern houses were active purchasers late in the day. The close was almost at the highest point. September being 1c up at 87¾c, after touching 88c.

Steady cables and early strength of wheat imparted a steady tone to corn. Pit traders were inclined to sell on the favorable crop report, but the demand was only moderate. September opened a shade to ⅛c higher at 49⅛c to 49⅛@¼c, and held at 49¼c. Local receipts were 306 cars, with 23 of contract grade.

Strength of wheat and a report that Iowa and Missouri feeders were buying all the offerings in Nebraska caused a rally in corn. The market closed at the high point with September up ⅝c at 48⅝@⅝c.

Oats showed a tendency to follow the trend of the corn market. Trading was very light. September opened a shade higher at 32c and eased off to 32⅞c. Local receipts were 102 cars.

Owing to the strike there was practically nothing doing in the provision pit, prices holding steady at Saturday's closing quotations. September pork was up 2½c at $12.85. Lard and ribs were each unchanged at $6.92½ and $7.51½ respectively.

Close: Wheat—July, 94¾c; old, 96c; September, 87⅞c; old, 89¼@89¾c; December, 87¾c; May, 89¾@90c. Corn—July, 49¼c; September, 49⅝@¼c; December, 45¾c; May, 45¾@⅝c. Oats—July, 36⅝c; September, 33⅛@¼c; December, 33⅝@34c; May, 35c. Pork—July, $12.70; September, $12.50; October, $12.70@12.75. Lard—July, $6.77½; September, $6.87½; October, $6.92½@6.95. Ribs—July, $7.30; September, $7.42½; October, $7.45. Rye—July, 76c; September, 66c. Flax—Cash, northwestern, $1.23¾; southwestern, $1.18; July, $1.18; September, $1.18. Timothy—July, $3; September, $3.12½@3.20. Clover—July, $11.25. Barley—Cash, 30@35c. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 86@86½c; No. 3 red, 86@86½c; No. 2 hard, 92½@93c; No. 3 hard, 91c; No. 1 northern, $1.02; No. 2 northern, 99c; No. 3 spring, 94c. Oats—2, 37c; No. 3, 36c. Corn—No. 2, 49¼@49½c; No. 3, 49¼c.

GRAIN IN STORE

At Duluth Saturday, July 23:

Wheat.	Bushels.
No. 1 northern	56,177
No. 2 northern	14,985
No. 3 spring	625
No grade	27,778
Special bin	702,585
Macaroni	168,619
Total	971,265
Decrease during week	15,861
Stocks a year ago	687,075

COARSE GRAIN STOCKS.

Corn	3000
Unchanged.	
Oats	48,672
Decrease	57,408
Rye	1,215
Increase	678
Barley	82,662
Increase	8,023
Flax	6,023,642
Increase	2,723

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, July 25.—Wheat—Spot nominal; futures firm; July nominal; September, 6s 8½d; December, 6s 5¾d. Corn—Spot quiet; American mixed new, 4s 4½d; American mixed old, 4s 5½d. Futures quiet; July nominal; September, 4s 2⅞d.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKET.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
July—				
Open	97⅜	93⅝		
High	81.00	97⅜	94⅜	$1.01½
Low	99½	96⅞	93⅝	1.01
Close	$1.00B	97⅜B	94⅜B	1.01½A
Close 23rd	99	97	93⅜	1.00
Sept—				
Open	87⅝	87¾	87-⅛	91⅜-½
High	88¼	88	88	92⅜
Low	87⅝	87-⅛	86¾-⅞	91⅜
Close	88⅛B	87¾A	92¼B	
Close 23rd	87⅜	87⅛	86⅞	91

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. Sept.	Corn. Sept.	Pork. Sept.
Open	33	49⅛@49⅜-¼	$12.87
High	33¼	49⅜-½	12.87
Low	32⅞-33	49⅛	12.70
Close	33⅛-¼	49⅜-½	12.70

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, July 25.—Close: Wheat—July, 97⅜c; September, 88¼c; December, 85¾c; on track No. 1 hard, $1.00¾; No. 1 northern, 99¼c; No. 2 northern, 96¾@97¼c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, July 25.—Close: Wheat—July, $1.02½; September, 94⅛c; December, 91¼c. Corn—July, 55¼c; September, 54⅜c; December, 52c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The strength was on the cables mainly. There was again large receipts at primary markets. Receipts in this market were liberal and cash prices firm to a little higher. Cash prices in Toledo and Southwestern markets were mainly sharply lower. There were scattered showers throughout the West and Southwest, but nothing important. The strength was on shorts covering and speculative buying on the cables. The latter were influenced both by their own crop situation and with shade lower consols. The strength abroad and here today may be significant, but our feeling has been and is with a liberal movement of cash wheat in domestic markets together with a probable liquidation of July contracts induced thereby will likely prevent any material advance this week and may possibly bring about lower prices. Of course, weather or war news might change it.

Corn—There is nothing new to say about this market. It is a scalping market and moves on scalping operations almost entirely. The cash situation is about on an even keel and exercises but little influence on prices either way. Crop reports continue on the whole favorable.

Oats—The strength in wheat was something of a factor, but the movement continues moderate and the market is without much selling pressure. We are inclined to think that it will ake a pretty free movement to get cash oats down to the September price.

Provisions—It is simply a dull market with the settlement tendency pending something definite in regard to the settlement of the srike. In h beantime the movement of hogs and of products are so obscured as to have little or no effect upon prices.

* * *

The Price Current says: "Latest advises from Kansas reflect much irregularity in extent of losse by excesive rains, from almost no losses to nearly a total loss, but the bulk of the estimates of loss from important counties range between 15 and 25 per cent. Missouri also is not turning out nearly as good a crop as was expected earlier in the season, for three states, Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska, 30,000,000 bushels might be regarded as a conservative estimate of loss within the past several weeks. In regard to quality reports vary widely, but on the whole it is believed the quality of the winter wheat crop will be rather below the average. Advises from spring wheat states reflect about a seasonable progress of the crop, average condition being high."

* * *

Edwards, Wood & Co.: Wheat—After a quiet opening, at almost unchanged prices, wheat turned fractionally higher later holding the advance to the close. The trade was not large or exciting, and the advance seemed to require considerable exertion to maintain it. Conditions both Northwest and Southwest are far better than some reports would indicate. Our representative at Fargo says the weather has been simply perfect and all grains have made good gains and wheat that promised to be a failure two weeks ago now looks good for 15 bus to the acre, and another from Exeter, Neb., reports winter wheat yielding 25 bus to the acre, tested 59 pounds to the bushel and was sold to a local elevator at 72c.

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210 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

On the whole, the crop and market conditions would indicate little better than good scalping price changes and at this level, especially on any further advance, we would favor sales.

Flax was active and strong again during the early trading. September and October at Duluth sold at 124 with the later month advancing to 124¾ near the close. Essential conditions continue to favor a bull market. Over the Northwest the lateness of the crop is from 2 to 3 weeks and will need the best of conditions to mature it. Aboard the situation is usually strong and there can advance prices without fear of importing.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, July 25, 1904:

STATIONS—	State of weather	*Minimum	*Maximum	Rainfall, inches and hundredths
Alexandria	Cloudy	80	62	T
Campbell	Foggy	80	54	.14
Detroit City	Cloudy	78	56	T
Grand Meadows	Cloudy	78	56	.18
Minneapolis	Rain	82	64	.32
Montevideo	Pt. cloudy	82	48	1.56
New Ulm	Rain	80	60	T
Park Rapids	Clear	80	44	.06
Devils Lake	Clear	78	42	.08
Langdon	Clear	76	42	T
Larimore	Clear	76	50	T
Lisbon	Clear	78	52	.06
Pembina	Clear	74	42	.16
Aberdeen	Clear	84	52	.08
Millbank	Clear	80	52	.08
Mitchell	Clear	80	52	.08
Bismarck	Clear	84	46	.06
Duluth	Cloudy	70	56	.0
Huron	Foggy	84	58	.16
La Crosse	Pt. cloudy	78	54	.0
Moorhead	Cloudy	80	58	.02
Pierre	Pt. cloudy	86	62	T
St. Paul	Rain	76	64	T
Winnipeg	Clear	76	48	.08

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall.

**For twenty-four hours ending 8 a. m.

*For yesterday.

NOTE.—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

H. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecaster.

REMARKS.

Showers fell over Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Nebraska, Minnesota and the Dakotas.

H. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecaster.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, July 25.—Cattle receipts, 3000; steady but quiet; good to prime steers, $5.40@6.35; poor to medium, $4.50@5.25; stockers and feeders, $2.00@4.00; cows, $1.50@4.50; heifers, $2.00@5.50; canners, $1.50@2.60; bulls, $2.00@4.10; calves, $2.50@6.75; Texas fed steers, $3.00@4.75. Hogs receipts today, 5600; tomorrow, 6000; dull; mixed and butchers, $5.25@5.50; good to choice heavy, $5.15@5.45; rough heavy, $4.90@5.10; light, $5.25@5.45; bulk of sales, $5.30@5.40. Sheep receipts, 8000; sheep and lambs, steady; good to choice wethers, $4.60@4.25; fair to choice mixed, $3.00@4.00; native lambs, $4.00@7.40; Western sheep, $3.85@4.75.

Herald "want ads" beat a kingdom—they get a horse.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of one hundred ten ($110.00) dollars, which is due at the date of this notice upon a mortgage made by Isaiah Orser, a widower, to James E. Crane, dated the 30th day of July, 1903, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 12th day of September, A. D. 1903, at 4 o'clock p. m., Book 163 of mortgages, on page 612, and no action or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz:

The southeast quarter (se¼) of the southeast quarter (se¼) of section twenty-two (22), Town fifty-one (51) north of range nineteen (19) west, according to government survey thereof.

Said premises will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty-five ($25.00) dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in the said county and state, on the 13th day of August, A. D. 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that date subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale, as provided by law.

JAMES E. CRANE, Mortgagee.

Dated Cloquet, Minn., June 18th, 1904.

WALTER L. CASE, Attorney for Mortgagee, Cloquet, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, June-20-27-July-4-11-18-25-1904.

DECLINE IN STOCKS

Market, After Several Rallies and Dips, Closed Lower.

Industrials Come In For Good Share of Attention.

New York, July 25.—There was little spirit in the opening trading in stocks today, but the fractional gains largely predominated over the few losses. Heavy dealings in the United States Steel stocks were the feature. Five thousand shares of the preferred sold at 63⅝ and 63¾, compared with 63¼ on Saturday, and the common, after opening unchanged, was lifted a ¼ on the purchase of several large blocks. Tennessee Coal gained ¾.

Considerable stock was offered for sale at the opening prices for which there were few buyers. The principal railroad and industrial stocks fell from ⅜ to ¾ below Saturday's closing. Minneapolis, St. Paul and Soo, Tennessee oCal and Colorado Fuel common and preferred rose 1¾@2, but Colorado Fuel did not hold. Some of the specialties rallied later, but the railroad list remained heavy.

The market was decidedly neglected and the movement was sluggist. A rise to above 53 of Copper had but slight effect on the general level of the market. C. C. C. & St. L. and Republic Steel pfd rose 1¼ and Smelting pfd, 1, while Consolidated Gas lost 1. Bonds were steady at noon.

Usually obscure stocks contributed largely to the moderate midday business. Recognized market leaders were practically motionless but there was some selling of Missouri Pacific, which cost it a point. Advances were recorded of 1 in Chicago & Alton, Chicago Great Western preferred "A" and Sless-Sheffield Steel, 1½ in Allis-Chalmers and 4¾ in the preferred. General Chemical fell off a point.

Spasmodic activity in Union Pacific and Southern Pacific was attended by higher prices for these stocks, but the market generally was sluggish. Union Pacific made a full recovery of its earlier loss and Southern Pacific rallied to 51⅝. Prices of railroad stocks otherwise were at the lowest at 2 o'clock and Union Pacific and Southern Pacific were again declining.

Prices gave way quite generally in the final hour, declines running to about a point in Union Pacific, St. Paul, Atchison, Pennsylvania, Ontario & Western, Erie, Kansas & Texas preferred, United States Steel preferred, Brooklyn Transit, Metropolitan Street Railway and Colorado Fuel. There was losses of about 2 in Erie first preferred and second preferred, Delaware & Hudson, and of 4 in Westinghouse Electric. Southern Pacific offered resistance and rallied to 52, leading a fractional recovery elsewhere. The closing was irregular.

Quotations furnished by H. E. Gooch & Co., 103-105 Palladio Bldg.

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison	79½	78¾	78⅝
do pfd	97¼	96⅞	96⅞
Brok. Rapid Tran	52⅝	51½	51⅞
Baltimore & Ohio	85¼	84⅜	84½
Canadian Pacific	124½	124	124
Chicago & Alten	40¾	39½	40⅜
Chicago Gt. Western	14⅜	14½	14½
Delaware & Hudson	161	159¾	159¾
Erie	25¾	24⅝	24⅞
do 1st pfd	62½	60½	61
do 2nd pfd	38⅜	36¾	37¼
Illinois Central	137¼	136½	136⅝
Louisville & Nashville	115½	115	115
Soo	75	74	74½
do pfd	128½	128	128
Metropolitan Traction	116¼	115⅜	115⅝
Mexican Central	9⅝	9¼	9¼
M., K. & T. pfd	40½	40⅛	40⅜
Missouri Pacific	94½	93⅜	93⅝
Northern Securities	104¼	103½	103½
New York Central	119½	118¾	118¾
Norfolk & Western	67⅞	67¼	67½
Northwestern	179	178½	179
Ontario & Western	30¾	30	30⅜
Pennsylvania Railway	121½	120½	120⅞
Rock Island	23⅜	22¾	22⅞
do pfd	69¾	68¾	69
Reading	54⅜	53	53⅛
Southern Railway	24⅞	23¾	24⅜
Southern Pacific	52	50⅝	52
St. Paul	148⅜	147½	147⅝
Texas Pacific	26	25¼	25
T. C. R. T.	95⅜	95⅜	95⅜
Union Pacific	97¼	96½	97⅛
Wabash	17	17	17
do pfd	30½	35½	35¾
Wisconsin Central pfd	39¾	39½	39½
Amalgamated Copper	53⅜	52	52⅝
American Ice	7½	7	7
do pfd	29¾	29½	28¾
American Locomotive	22⅝	19¼	22¼
American Car	19¾	19	19
American Sugar Ref	129¼	129	129
American Smelt	57⅝	57	57
Colorado Fuel and Iron	38½	36¾	37¼
General Electric	162	161½	161½
New York Con. Gas	194	193½	193½
People's Gas	100½	100⅛	100⅛
Rep. I. & S.	8	7⅞	7⅞
do pfd	46	44⅜	45¾
Tenn. Coal and Iron	44¾	43½	44
United States Leather	7⅞	7⅜	7¾
United States Steel	12⅜	12¼	12½
do pfd	63¼	62¼	62½
Western Union	88⅞	88¼	88⅜

Total sales, 417,500 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: There are a few exceptions, but the market generally is a little easier. It is also extremely dull. There is continued activity in Colorado Fuel, Tennessee Coal and Iron, and Republic Iron and Steel, but the rest of the list is very inactive. The approaching meeting of the directors of the Steel company with its uncertainty is making some liquidation in these issues. There are also unfavorable reports concerning the dividend on Erie first preferred. The market as a whole, however, is a waiting market. In the meantime the investment demand for bonds continues good, and there is, we think, a big waiting list of would-be investors in stocks. We still advise their purchases.

* * *

Walker to Paine, Webber & Co.: In comparison with the active market we have had the past few weeks that of today seemed dull and uninteresting. There appeared to be no decisive favorable news to give it an upward tendency such as we have experienced for some time past. The market, however, after several small rallies and dips took a decided turn for the worse and though no urgent selling or liquidation seemed to be in progress, prices sold off fairly easy and in many instances closed ½ to ¾ per cent below the highest prices. The industrials came in for a good share of attention.

* * *

Evans to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market is apparently drying up and the people who have been bulling it so enthusiastically find nobody to unload on. I believe the arvance has culminated and that stocks are a safe sale on all rallies.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, July 25.—Close: Money on call very easy at 1 per cent; closing bid, ¾c; offered at 1 per cent; time loans easy; sixty and ninety days, 2@2½ per cent; six months, 3½@3¾. Prime mercantile paper, 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange strong with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87,700@75 for demand, and at $4.85.10 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½ and $4.88@½; commercial bills, $4.83¾@7⅞. Bar silver, 53¼c. Mexican dollars, 45¾c. Government bonds weak; railroad bonds heavy.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, July 25.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balances, $149,759,666; gold, $46,870,818; silver, $30,886,788; United States notes, $15,269,354; treasury notes of 1899, $101,153; National bank notes, $17,622,739; total receipts this day, $1,710,991; total receipts this month, $35,206,734; total receipts this year, $35,206,734; total expenditures this day, $2,210,000; total expenditures this month, $56,420,000; total expenditures this year, $56,420,000; deposits in National banks, $120,064,190.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street.

Stocks—	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	52⅝	52¼
Adventure	8½@8c	1.00
Atlantic	9	9½
Allouez	8⅜	8⅝
Arcadian	1..	1¾
Elm River	2¼	2⅜
Bingham	25¾	26½
Copper Range	50	50½
Centennial	24	23½
Calumet and Hecla	.....	475
Calumet and Arizona	.....	67
Calumet and Pittsburg	28½	29
Lake Sup. and Pittsburg	30¾	31
Isle Royale	11¼	11⅜
Mass	4¼	4⅜
Michigan	1½	1⅝
Mohawk	43	43½
Mayflower	50c	1.00
Mercur Con	21	23
National	.....	1
Old Colony	87½c	1.00
Osceola	62	62¾
Phoenix	.....	1½
Parrott	24¼	24¾
Quincy	85	87
Rhode Island	56c	90c
Santa Fe	1½	1⅞
Franklin	7½	8
Shannon	5¾	6
Tamarack	85	90
Trinity	8¼	8½
Tennessee Copper	28	31
Utah	37½	37¾
U. S. Mining	22¾	23⅛
U. S. Oil	11	11⅜
Victoria	3¼	3½
Wolverine	75	77
Wyandot	7½	8
Winona	50c	65c
Daly West	10	10½
Greene Cons	15¼	15½
Calumet and Bisbee	.....	4
Calumet and Cochise	.....	6
Pittsburg and Duluth	30	30¾
Union Land	2	2½
Higgins	.....	1

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The vague possibility that trouble may grow out of the inspection of British ships by Russia and that it may result later in restricting exports of merchandise from this country to Japan caused the market to sell off today. The greater part of the selling was by traders, very few long stocks being thrown on the market. A reaction at the time after the long continued advance will not be a bad thing. We do not think it will go very far, and after has had its run we think good stocks will do to buy again. Copper was off a small fraction in London. There was better buying of most of the coppers during the greater part of the day. Utah was sold down early in the afternoon and the rest of the coppers followed with slight losses. Looks like a natural reaction and think next rally will carry prices higher than the last one did.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, July 25.—The cotton market opened steady at an advance of 2 points to a decline of 3 points, this being a very poor response to firmer cables than expected, and in the first few minutes ruled moderately active, with prices showing some heaviness on more favorable crop reports than looked for in view of the heavy rains reported over the central belt on Saturday and a return of favorable weather in connection with the Fall River strike. After declining to a net loss of 8@9 points, the market rallied slightly and ruled very sensitive to comparatively light orders either way.

Spot cotton closed quiet, 10 points lower; middling uplands, 10.85; middling gulf 10.65. 2500 bales. Futures closed steady; July, 10.27; August, 10.20; September, 9.84; October, 9.64; November, 9.57; December, 9.61; January, 9.64; February, 9.66; March, 9.68.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report a better outlet today. Retail trade was more active than for the past four weeks; prices, however, had no rising tendency. Values:

Drafters, extra	$180@200
Drafters, choice	150@180
Drafters, common to good	120@150
Farm mares, extra	150@165
Farm mares, choice	115@130
Farm mares, common to good	75@115

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.

Creamery, prints	19		
Dairies, fancy	14	@	16
Packing stock	10½@		11

EGGS.

Fresh	20		

CHEESE.

Twins, full cream	10	@	11
Twins, full cream, old	8		
Full cream, young America	11	@	11½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½		
Limberger, full cream, cheese	12½		
Primost	7		

HONEY.

New fancy, white clover	15		
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½@		13
Golderod	14		
Dark honey	14		
Buckwheat, dark	14		

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per lb	12¼		
Ohio, per lb	10		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		

PEAS AND BEANS.

Fancy navy, per bus	2 15	@	2 25
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 20		
Brown beans, fancy, bus	2 25		

NUTS.

Filberts, per lb	12		
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16		
Cocoanuts	50		
Brazils, per lb	12		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8		
Almonds	16		
Mixed nuts	12		

FRUITS.

Strawberries	2 00	@	3 00
California peaches, per box	1 00		
California plums, per box	1 50	@	1 60
California apricots, per box	1 75		
Pineapples	4 50	@	4 75
Canteloupes, per crate	2 25	@	2 50
Smyrna figs	1 00	@	1 85
Bananas	2 00	@	2 50
Lemons, per box	4 00	@	4 50
Lemons, per box	3 50	@	4 00
Dates, Fard, per box	1 25		
Sugar walnut dates	1 10		
California oranges	4 00	@	4 50

VEGETABLES.

Lettuce, bushel	35		
Green Onions	15		
Pie plant, cwt	1 25		
Spinach, bushel	45		
Green beets, doz	25		
Minn. wax beans, box	90	@	1 00
Tomatoes, crate	75	@	85
Potatoes, bushel	60	@	65
Green peas, bushel	90	@	1 00
Mushrooms	60		
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	2 50		
Turnips	1 25		
Cabbage, crate	1 75	@	2 00
Best cucumbers, doz	35		

POP CORN.

Choice, per lb	3½		
Rice corn, shelled	6		

LIVE POULTRY.

Spring chickens	25		
Hens	14		
Ducks	15		
Turkeys	12½@		13
Geese	12		

MEATS.

Beef	9½		
Mutton	8½		
Lard	7½		
Pork loins	11		
Veal	8		

CIDER.

Common juice, half bbl	3 75		
Fruit juice	6 50		
Duffy cider	3 25		

IN NEW YORK.

New York, July 25.—Butter, steady; receipts, 9807; street price, extra creamery, 17½@18c; official prices, creamery, common to extra, 13@17½c; state dairy, common to extra, 12@17c. Cheese, steady; receipts, 1237; state full cream small white, fancy, 7¾c; fair to good, 7⅛@7⅜c; large white, fancy, 7⅜c; fair to good, 7@7¼c; poor, 6½@6¾c; small colored, fancy, 8c; fair to good, 7½@7⅝c; poor, 6¾@7c; large colored, fancy, 7½c; fair to good, 7@7¼c; poor, 6½@6¾c. Eggs, irregular; receipts, 12,514; state, Pennsylvania and nearby fancy selected white, 24c; firsts, 19½@20c; Western extras, selected, 20@21c; firsts, 19@19½c; Southerns, 16@18c; inferiors, 14@15c.

MARINE NEWS

NOT AFTER GRAIN

Line Boats Offering Practically No Tonnage For Grain Now.

Have Enough Package Freight—Outside Boats Asking 1 1-2 Cents.

The line boats are now practically out of the market for the transportation of grain down the lakes. Outside boats are making a rate of 1½ cents a bushel on grain carried from Duluth to Buffalo, where

A. B. SIEWERT & CO. | A. B. SIEWERT & CO.

Silk Umbrella Sale!

The finest Umbrellas that it is possible to buy.

Ladies' $2.50 to $25 Half Price.

Gentlemen's $2 to $15 Less One-Third.

No assortment in the city is equal to ours in point of construction, beauty and quality. The same guaranty goes with them as if you paid the regular price. Ladies will appreciate this extraordinary offer.

Rain Coats, Traveling Bags and Cases and Wash Vests at One-Third Less than regular this week.

A. B. Siewert & Co.

Hatters and Furnishers, 304 West Superior St.

JAPANESE PROTEST

Against Alleged Violation of Rules of War By Russia.

The Russian Vladivostok Squadron Sighted Near Tokio Bay.

St. Petersburg, July 25.—The admiralty, according to excellent information, is preparing a statement regarding the vessels of the volunteer fleet, which will be published in the Official Messenger tomorrow.

It is reported that Japan has officially protested to the Russian government against violations of the rules of war on eleven counts, namely: Several Russian battalions hoisting the white flag at the battle of Vafangow and inducing the Japanese to cease firing, abuse of the Red Cross flag, stabbing, shooting and mutilating the wounded, etc., as contained in Gen. Oku's report already published. The protest was presented by the United States, which, however, made it clear that in so doing the United States did not share in the protest, but only acted as the medium for its transmission and as such would agree to forward any reply Russia cared to make.

TO RELEASE THE ARODVA.

Suez, July 25.—The British steamer Ardova, seized by the Russian volunteer fleet vessel Smolensk, will be released tonight. The Russian consul has sent off a lighter to bring the Russian officers and prize crew ashore.

WILL REMAIN IN RED SEA.

St. Petersburg, July 25.—The correspondent of the Associated Press was informed at the foreign office today that the Russian volunteer fleet steamers Smolensk and St. Petersburg while refraining from the right of stopping or searching neutral vessels, will not return home at once, but will remain in the Red sea until relieved by regularly commissioned warships, against whose right to stop neutral ships and search them for contraband no question can be raised. Later the volunteer fleet vessels will be recommissioned. The foreign office considers that further international complications regarding their action are entirely unlikely and the officials here are convinced that all the collateral questions will be amicably adjusted. A current rumor that the war commissions of the vessels of the volunteer fleet will be proclaimed in the Official Messenger tomorrow, cannot be confirmed and is denied in competent quarters.

SQUADRON NEAR TOKIO.

Tokio, July 25.—The Russian Vladivostok squadron was seen to the eastward of Kazusa province at 2 o'clock this afternoon. It was steaming to the east.

Kazusa province is on the east side of Tokio bay.

ARABIA CAPTURED.

Portland, Ore., July 25.—The steamer Arabia, reported captured by the Russian Vladivostok squadron, is believed to be the Oregan Railway & Navigation company's Arabia, which sailed from this port for the Orient about a month ago with a cargo of flour.

ORDERED TO CARRY MAILS

Sunday Trains on Range Railroads Will Do So.

Several changes and improvements in the mail service from Duluth to outside points have been made within the past few weeks. One of the most important of these has just been inaugurated. It provides for the carrying of all classes of United States mail on the special trains running on Sundays over the Duluth, Missabe & Northern and the Duluth & Iron Range roads to points on the range.

Although these trains have been in operation for more than a year they have not carried regular mail, but have carried passengers the same as the week day trains. It seems that this is in direct opposition to the rules and regulations of the post office department, which provide that railroads taking mail at all shall carry it at least six days a week, and seven days if trains are run. No mail was carried on the special trains when the service was first inaugurated on the ground that they were specials, and not regular passenger trains. As they were the only Sunday trains to the ranges, the northern towns went without a Sunday mail. Recently it became known to postal authorities that passengers were being carried on the trains, the same as on regulars, and the result was an order that all classes of mail, papers as well as letters, should be carried on the trains, the order to go into effect last Sunday. Both trains leave Duluth shortly after 7 o'clock in the morning. Under the new conditions late Saturday mail will reach the important range towns Sunday, and be ready for the business houses when they open for business Monday mornings, meaning much to business interests at both ends of the line.

CITY BRIEFS.

The young people of the Endion M. E. church will have charge of the meeting at Star of Hope Mission this evening at 8 o'clock. There will be special music.

The Duluth Missionary union will meet tomorrow at 2 p. m. at the Second Baptist church, Twentieth avenue west and First street.

Brenton says five days more—that's all—you know the rest. Brenton, high-class tailoring, Phoenix block.

The Silberstein & Bondy company announce a half price sale in their infants' wear department, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday.

This is the day fixed by Contractor F. M. Hicks, of Chicago, for shipping the new observation car for the Iron Range road. It should arrive here by Wednesday.

Local agents have been notified by the Pere Marquette that its line to Buffalo for freight traffic has been opened, and S. O. Brooks, general freight agent, says he expects to see the line do a very good business under the new advantage.

Teressa Lippman, a young woman from the range, was examined for insanity in probate court Saturday afternoon and was ordered committed to the state asylum.

At its regular meeting this morning, the Duluth-Superior Passenger association fixed a rate of a fare and a third from a radius of seventy-five miles for the street fair in Superior the week of Aug. 1.

C. J. Johnson, a railroad contractor of Houghton, Mich., was a business caller in the city today.

Edward W. Kaltenbach, a former resident of this city, but of late years holding a responsible position with one of the leading firms of the East, has returned to accept the management of Freimuth's Cloak department.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Florence Segar, who has been a guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Nelson, of the Baldwin flats, has returned to her home in Brainerd.

O. G. Brice goes to Milwaukee this evening.

Gilbert Weeks leaves this evening for Chicago.

E. T. Miller, of Panton & White, starts for Chicago this evening.

J. G. Ketcham leaves today for Oshkosh and other cities.

H. Engle will be a Chicago passenger this evening.

President T. F. Cole of the Oliver Iron Mining company, President F. E. House of the Duluth & Iron Range, F. H. White, purchasing agent of the Iron Range, and S. F. McLeod, purchasing agent of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern, have returned from Pittsburg.

Robert Kidd has returned from Chicago.

Carl Rudquist, cashier of the Ashland National bank, spent Sunday at the Spalding, the guest of W. D. Fergusson.

Mr. and Mrs. John Panton, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Lindahl, and Mrs. Whistler, returned yesterday morning from a several days' visit at Isle Royale.

WINS CLOSE CONTEST.

Cloquet Defeats Aitkin In the Tenth Inning.

Cloquet, Minn., July 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—In one of the closest and most exciting contests ever seen on the local field the Aitkin baseball team went down to defeat before the local team at the end of the tenth inning by the score of 4 to 3. Aitkin lost the game by her inability to connect with the ball at critical points. This makes one game apiece for the teams, and the deciding game of the series will be played in the near future. The City team and the White Sox are to meet on the local field for supremacy next Sunday, July 31.

THREE KILLED, TWO HURT IN TRAIN WRECK.

Buffalo, July 25.—A special to the Evening News from Delevan says that three men were killed and two others were injured in a head-on collision between two freight trains near that village today.

At the office of the division superintendent of the Pennsylvania road, in this city, it was stated that Fireman A. F. McCarthy, of Friendship, was killed in the accident and that Brakeman M. P. Cullin and Engineer Frank Bedford, both of Buffalo, are missing. It is thought their bodies are in the wreck.

Great Time Made.

H. R. Richardson, superintendent of the docks at Conneaut, Ohio, telegraphed to the Acme Steamship company this afternoon that the record cargo on the Augustus B. Wolvin, carried down from here, 9945 gross tons, was discharged from the boat this morning in 4 hours and 30 minutes, which is considered very good time.

THE STEEL TIE

F. A. Clarkson of This City Is the Inventor of One.

Railroads Make Special Rates to Duluth For Merchants.

An article in The Herald one day last week quoting the Iron Trade Review on the subject of the steel cross tie for railroads was read with a great deal of interest by Francis A. Clarkson, of the Wright-Clarkson Mercantile company, of this city. Mr. Clarkson is the inventor of a cross tie to be made of metal, having filed an application for it May 4, 1899, and the letters patent having been issued Aug. 22, 1899. For a number of years Mr. Clarkson was in the iron business and ever since that time has followed with interest the development of new features in the industry.

This improved tie is formed of two longitudinal beams, preferably angle bars of suitable metal, being formed with horizontal flanges at the top to form a broad bearing-surface for the rails. The horizontal flanges are provided with flanges which are struck up from flanges of the bars, to engage the flanges of the rails. The vertical body portions bear against one another and are secured together at the ends by bolts or rivets, each body portion being provided in the center with an opening which permits the earth to pack through and help hold the tie in position.

Where rail joints occur it is desirable to separate the vertical body portions of the angle bars, and in order to accomplish this a washer is put between the ends of the angle bars, and dirt can be packed between the bars to hold them firmly in place.

In addition to the tie a means for the prevention of the creeping of the track is furnished. The creeping track is the result of too much traffic in one direction, which tends to force the track in the same direction as the majority of the trains run. This device is a plate with ends turned down which clamps over both sides of the metal tie. In this plate are notches for gripping a downwardly turned lug from the end of each rail.

The chairs of the ties are so arranged that if it is desired to remove them this can be done inside the rail by simply loosening the bolts in the fish plates, and slip the chair down the tapering angle bar until it can be lifted off. If it is desired to remove the chair outside the rail it can be done by loosening the bolts in the fishplates and take off the chair. One advantage Mr. Clarkson makes prominent in his invention is the economy in the process of making, the design being such that practically with one stroke of a die all necessary perforations can be made in the section of tie, as well as the angle clamps which help to grip the rail.

RATES ANNOUNCED.

Special Ones to Duluth In Next Few Weeks.

Special rates to Duluth have been agreed upon by the railroads for the regular meetings of the Duluth Merchants' association which are to be held August 1-8, August 15-22 and October 3-10. Tickets will be sold on the certificate plan and will be on sale July 28 to August 3, August 11-17 and September 29 to October 5.

The certificate plan is for the passenger to buy a one-way ticket to point of meeting at the regular fare and take a receipt for the money paid. If enough people, usually 100, are found to hold certificates at the point of meeting, they are allowed their return tickets at one-third fare making one and a third fares for the round trip.

The Northern Pacific, Omaha and Great Northern have agreed to sell these tickets from all parts on their lines in Wisconsin, Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Iowa, Nebraska and Northern Michigan.

NONE UNTIL AUGUST.

Omaha Road Will Have Some Excursions Then.

G. H. McRae, assistant general passenger agent, has notified local people interested that the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha road will probably be unable to have any of its share of the cheap excursions into Duluth until some time next month. The combination of regular business, excursions both of a through and local character, and picnics are keeping the road's passenger equipment busy at this time, and the chances are that the business may not let up until about August 15.

The fact that the excursions are being long drawn out is pointed out as being advantageous in some respects to all concerned. A congestion of them would make it uncomfortable for the excursionists themselves to get comfortable accommodations while in the city, and keep those who transact business with them from doing so comfortably. By a gradual inpouring of the visitors the street car lines, boat companies and various other forms of entertainment are able to cater to them without an uncomfortable crush.

Among the excursions expected to this city next month is that of the Northwestern Shoe and Leather Manufacturers' association, which will probably be at the head of the lakes August 7 on its annual excursion from the Twin Cities.

For a want in your home or in your business, try a Herald want ad.

BISHOP CONSECRATED.

J. J. Fox Made Bishop of Green Bay.

Milwaukee, July 25.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Green Bay, Wis., says: Bishop J. J. Fox, a native of Green Bay, was consecrated bishop of Green Bay diocese of the Catholic church at St. Francis Xavier cathedral in this city today. Among the visiting Catholic priests and bishops are Cannon Becker, of Louvine, Bergium, who was a teacher in the college at which Bishop Fox attended in his youth; Archbishop Messmer, of Milwaukee, Bishop Fred Els, of Marquette, Bishop J. Schwebach, of La Crosse, Bishop Stang, of Fall River, and Bishop O'Connor, of Newark.

Bishop O'Connor delivered the consecration sermon. The consecration was conducted by Archbishop Messmer, assisted by Bishops Els and Schwebach. Vespers will be celebrated at 7:30 o'clock this evening and a public reception at 8 o'clock at the new cathedral hall, at which the Catholic societies of the city will take part. This will be preceded by a torchlight procession.

SCHLITZ The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous.

Duluth Branch, 35 E. Railroad St. 'Phone—Zenith 358.

HE FAVORS STATE

Secretary of Interior Decides Land Case of Much Interest.

Ore Land Claimed By Pearl Smith and P. E. Bradshaw.

After being appealed to the secretary of the interior, the famous swamp land case of F. A. Hyde & Co. against the state of Minnesota, and Mabel Evans, intervenor, has just been decided in favor of the state, affirming prior land office decisions and giving into the control of the state ore lands with a valuation variously estimated at from $500,000 to $2,000,000. While Hyde & Co. were named as plaintiffs, the real parties in interest were Pearl H. Smith and P. E. Bradshaw, of Superior. A copy of the decision was today received by C. S. Wilson, attorney in the case for the state and Mabel Evans.

F. A. Hyde & Co. claimed the land under an application, Sept. 28, 1900, before survey, to select it under act of June 4, 1897, in lieu of land relinquished to the United States in a forest reserve. Mabel Evans intervened for protection of her rights claimed as lessee under the state. The land is lot 1, section 6, township 53½-17.

Township 53½ north, range 17 west, is a wedge-shaped body of land lying between the north line of township 53 and the south line of township 59, which lines were run respectively in 1882 and 1879. It was surveyed by M. S. Cook, deputy surveyor, in June, 1894, upon the petition of Pearl H. Smith, who claimed to be a homestead settler. The surveyor general rejected the survey, Oct. 6, 1894, upon the ground that the corners on the north line of township 53 had been substantially destroyed by another deputy surveyor when he surveyed the south boundary of township 59, and that there was no unsurveyed tract between the towns. In March, 1901, the general land office held that there was a tract of unsurveyed land undisposed of between the townships in question, and as the deputy's method of restoring lost quarter section corners on the south boundaries of sections 33 and 35, township 59, did not comply with the regulations, required him to return to the field and correct his survey in accordance with the regulation. Later the surveyor general approved the notes of Cook's corrected survey, and the land was opened to entry Jan. 14, 1902, when Hyde & Co. asked to have their applications adjusted to the line of survey, which was done.

In July, 1902, counsel for Hyde and company filed a protest against the state's claim. Action was suspended by the general land office pursuant to departmental instructions of January 14, 1902, pending consideration of a protest by the state of Minnesota against any proceedings for determination of the character of lands claimed by the state to be swamp, otherwise than by the examination of field notes of survey.

March 16, 1903, the department sustained the protest of the state, except as to contests pending between the state and actual bona fide homestead or pre-emption settlers, and directed all other controversies not therefore carried to a hearing and decision to be determined by the field notes alone.

On June 24, 1903, under this swamp land ruling, the attorney general decided the land in question to be swamp, which would give it into possession of the state. W. B. Douglas, attorney general, represented the state. C. S. Wilson, of Duluth, was attorney for Mabel Evans and the Hyde company was represented by J. J. Skuse.

The land in question comprises only about thirty-six acres, but as the ore on it is worth several hundred thousand dollars, both sides put up the stiffest kind of a fight, which was carried to the highest authority, the secretary of the interior. The general land office officials sustained the attorney general's decision and the secretary of the interior sustained the land office, finally deciding the matter beyond repeal.

ANOTHER CALL ON PACKERS

Unions Select Committee To Try and Arrange For Peace.

Chicago, July 25.—A meeting of butchers' representatives and allied trades decided this afternoon to send another committee to call upon the packers. The committee which prepared to call on the packers, is composed of the representatives of all allied trades.

Today's strike developments bring the predicted meat famine still closer. Practically all the reserve stock in store houses is said to have been exhausted and the retail markets are having trouble in securing sufficient meat to accommodate customers. The resources of the independent packers and the country butchers are now being taxed to the utmost.

In some markets in Chicago today prices were two cents per pound higher than those of Saturday.

Restaurant keepers were having trouble getting full meat supplies for patrons who rebel at a vegetarian diet. Some markets had steaks, but no roasts; others had beef, but no pork. In a few cases the butchers had meat of no kind.

Some of the best known restaurants in Chicago threaten to eliminate meat entirely from bills of fare in case the market goes higher.

SHOOTS THE CHUTE.

W. H. Bliss Accidentally Does It In Union Depot.

Although "shooting the chutes" is a pastime that has become almost obsolete in many places as a form of amusement, W. H. Bliss, of the firm of Gregory, Cook & company, in the Board of Trade building had an experience along that line within the last few days which he is relating to his friends. Mr. Bliss did not "shoot the chutes" for pleasure, in fact, it was an accident and caused feelings on his part that were far from amusing.

Mr. Bliss, so the story goes, was in the baggage room at the Union depot looking after the checking of some trunks belonging to friends about to leave the city. He happened to step backward on the top of the chute where the baggage is sent down to the train shed, and his disappearance from view was, to say the least very sudden. It has been described by his friends as quicker than a slump in flour.

When he emerged from the basement, after going the entire length of the chute, Mr. Bliss is reported to have had a porcupine appearance, due to the exceedingly large number of slivers that his clothes gathered up on the short but rapid trip. Fortunately the chute was not arranged for a baggage smasher and he escaped without any serious bruises.

Demons Terrify Centrals.

The Demons defeated the Centrals yesterday afternoon by the score of 9 to 5. The feature of the game was the batting and fielding of LaSalle. The Demons will play the Mork team Wednesday and the New Duluth nine Saturday.

The line-up yesterday was as follows:

Demons.		Centrals.
Berquist	catcher	Rich
Brooks	pitcher	Coalbach
Lynott	first base	Olson
Kriemer	second base	Perum
Hansen	third base	Johnson
Lundberg	short stop	Cummings
Porter	left field	Neipel
LaSalle	center field	Divey
Walters	right field	Johnson

CATHOLIC LADIES ELECT MRS. ROYER AS RECORDER.

St. Paul, July 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Today's session of the triennial convention of the Ladies' Catholic Benefit association was devoted to the election of officers in addition to those already chosen at Saturday's session. The warmest contest was that for the office of supreme recorder. Mrs. J. A. Boyer, of Erie Pa., the present incumbent, was opposed by Mrs. M. Costello, of Brooklyn. There was considerable excitement during the roll call, but upon its becoming apparent that Mrs. Costello had not sufficient support to secure her election, her name was withdrawn and Mrs. Royer's election was made unanimous. Mrs. F. M. Girardot, of Detroit, was re-elected supreme treasurer without opposition. Twenty candidates are in the field for the four trusteeships, which expire at this session, but indications are that the retiring officers will be re-elected.

Mrs. Venus, of Norwalk, Ohio, a delegate to the convention died suddenly at the Windsor hotel from heart failure, as a result of acute indigestion.

THE ROYAL FAMILY OF RUSSIA AWAIT STORK

St. Petersburg, July 25.—The eyes of all Russia are now turned toward the Alexandra villa at Peterhoff, where the court and royal family are assembled in anticipation of the pleasure of greeting an heir to the throne. The emperor has cancelled all engagements.

A Few Great Northern Rates.

July 22, 23, 25, 26 and 27, St. Paul or Minneapolis and return, $5.75. Return limit August 2.

July 27th, Winnipeg, Man., and return, $16.70, return limit August 8th.

August 5th, 7th, 9th and 11th, Devils Lake, N. D., and return, $16.00, return limit August 31st.

Aug. 11th, 12th and 13th, G. A. R. meeting, Boston, Mass., and reutrn, $31.30, via direct routes; $34.25 via New York and steamer; $35.00, via New York and rail. Rturn limit Aug. 20th. Limit extended to Sept. 30, on payment of fifty cents.

St. Louis World's Fair rates: July 25, seven day tickets, $16.25; daily, sixteen day tickets, $24.40; sixty day tickets, $27.10; season tickets, $32.50.

The ticket office is at 432 West Superior street, Spalding hotel corner.

'Phone your wants, small advertisements of all kinds sent by telephone to The Herald receive prompt and careful attention. Ask central for 324, either 'phone.

J. M. GIDDING & CO. | Superior Street and First Avenue West. | J. M. GIDDING & CO.

New Things for Autumn

Now divide the honors with Mid-summer values

The New Pleated Skirts.

Introducers of Correct Styles —The Gidding Store.

That we have taken first rank among Duluth stores as style leaders is shown by the large business we have already built up in wearing apparel for Women, Misses and Children—giving our entire attention to these lines—and with an intimate knowledge of fashions and their sources and close business connections with the most prominent style producers and originators of the East, enables us to place before our patrons at all times the new things as soon as they are introduced East.

We were first to introduce at the head of the lakes the "Tourist" coat—the "Tourist" suit—the Exposition suit—the pleated skirts—which are now so popular throughout the country—and, we shall introduce from time to time as they make their appearance the very newest and best from fashion centres.

What we have left of summer lines are being closed out at very little prices to rid ourselves of them before our heavy shipments of Fall Goods begin to arrive.

We were the first to introduce these new and beautifully tailored skirts at the head of the lakes—and are the only house now selling the "correct" styles—for a pleated skirt must be made properly or it loses its beauty after being worn a few times. **Ours are made by the originator of this style in this country**—16 gores, 24, 28 and 32 gores—of Panama cloth, cheviots, unfinished worsteds, mannish worsteds, Scotch and English homespuns and medium-weight voiles, which are to be very fashionable this fall. The colors are black, navy, fancy mixtures in the medium shades—and several shades of brown, which are to be very fashionable this fall, such as "nut" brown, "cinnamon" brown, "tobacco" brown and "Havana" brown.

One particularly good model is here at $7.50 as a special. Its regular value is $10.00.

At $12.50, $15.00, $16.50 and $20.00 we show the most magnificently made skirts ever shown at the head of the lakes.

New Autumn Styles in "Tourist" Suits, "Tourist" Coats and Separate Skirts.

More New $8.50 Silk Petticoats at $5.00.

Forty-two more arrived today from back orders—Those that are waiting can now have their choice of the following shades—changeable peacock, blue and green—golden brown and dark brown—scarlet—navy—steel grey and black.

Still Selling Plenty of White Shirt Waists.

Why pay a good price for a cheaply made and poor fitting waist when you can get such extra good values on those that fit perfectly and are made perfectly—

75c for $1.25 kinds.
$1.00 for $1.50 and $1.75 kinds.
$1.50 for $2.25 and $2.50 kinds.
$2.00 for $3.00 and $3.50 kinds.

Summer suits, coats and skirts are being closed out—half and less—that's the story in a nutshell.

Correct models such as you will feel properly dressed in, no matter where you go! Styles that are not only exclusive with us, but that are also tasty and fashionable

Tourist Coats, three-quarter length, loose fitting and belt all round—of English wool materials, in four shades—**$12.50.**

Tourist Coats, with new box pleats front and back, belt all round, flap pockets.

Tourist Coats, with slot and butcher back—$22.50 to $27.50.

Tourist Suits, 45-inch length coats—with butcher back, belt and broad shoulders—in a variety of materials—$22.50, $32.50 and $35.00.

NEW COAT SUITS AND NEW BLOUSE SUITS, autumn models—of cheviots, broadcloths and mixtures. Excellent values at $16.50, $18.50, $22.50, $25.00, $32.50 and $37.50.

"The Style Store." J M Gidding & Co SUPERIOR ST-1ST & FIRST AVE-WEST WOMENS OUTFITTERS "The Style Store."

SMALL BOYS ROB STORE

Five Concerned and Eldest Is But Ten Years Old.

"We kicked down the back door and took some fire crackers and fire works, and then we went out in the gully and set them off," sobbed little Tony Blattie in the children's department at police headquarters this afternoon in telling of the robbery of Genereau's confectionery store on Central avenue, West Duluth, last evening.

There were five boys claimed to have been connected with the affair, none of them over ten years of age. The Blattie boy was the oldest. With him was his young brother Dominick, aged eight years, Garles and Francis Boden aged seven and nine years, and Albert Olsen aged six years.

The robbery was commited last evening.

The oldest Blattie boy was arrested this morning by the West Duluth police and the other four were taken into custody this afternoon.

The oldest Blattae boy is already under parole from the municipal court for an offense committed last fall.

He presented a pitiful sight as he sat hunched up on a chair in the boys' department, with his bare and grimy feet drawn up underneath him, and mopping away his tears with a rough canvas cap. He sobbingly told all that he knew of the affair to the police, and the arrest of the other boys resulted.

Just what disposition of the lads will be made, is difficult to state. The offense which they committed is a serious one. Although the amount of goods stolen was small, the offense was committed after dark, and the boys broke into the building to do it. This would render them liable to an indictment for grand larceny were they of responsible age.

None of the lads except Tony Blattie hav eany previous bad record, and the court may look upon their offense leniently. The Blattie boy, however, has broken his parole, and it possible that he will be sent to Red Wing unless the court takes into consideration his extreme youth and the fact that he made a clean breast of the affair.

The boys made no attempt to take any money or other valuables, but stole only the fireworks.

Northern Pacific Ry. Reduced Rates.

Daily to Sept. 30th, Denver, Colorado Springs; good returning Oct. 31, $30.65.

Daily to Sept. 30, Salt Lake City, Ogden; good returning Oct. 31, $42.

Daily to Sept. 30, Deadwood and Lead, S. D.; good returning Oct. 31, $30.15. For tickets and full information, call at City office, 332 West Superior street.

It pays to advertise in The Herald. Ask Max Wirth.

TO VISIT PARKER.

New York, July 25.—The Democratic national committee will visit Judge Parker at Esopus on Wednesday. Arrangements have been made for the entire committee to go on a special, itaving at 1:30 a. m.

DR. PHILIPPI DEAD.

Santiago, Chile, July 25.—Dr. Philippi, the renowned naturalist, is dead.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

William Currie and Bertha H. Dobson.
John Sand, of Carlton county, and Hilma Anderson.
Max J. G. Kulft and Elise Kuchenbecker.
Walter P. Krause, of Beltrami county, and Charlotte Krause.

BIRTHS.

WATSON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Watson, Jr., of 1905 East Second street, yesterday.

NELSON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Nelson, of 2922 Huron street, July 23.

LINDAN—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Carl Lindan, of 2429 West Fourth street, July 25.

CARLSON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Erick Carlson, of 2001 West Twelfth street, July 22.

ANDERSON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Anderson, of 1801 West Third street, July 24.

BELCH—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred G. Belch, of 1717 Piedmont avenue, July 21.

HAMMERSTROM—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles J. Hammerstrom, of 122 Thirty-second avenue west, July 19.

ERICSON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ericson, of 2007 West Second street, July 18.

DEATHS.

PRINK—Joseph Prink, aged 30 years, died Saturday at St. Mary's hospital. The body lies in Flood & Horgan's undertaking rooms awaiting notice from relatives in Canada.

LAWLER—Mrs. Mary Lawler, aged 43, died yesterday at her home, 1708 Dingwall street. The funeral will be held tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock from the cathedral and interment will be made at Calvary cemetery.

BUILDING PERMITS.

Massachusetts Real Estate company, four brick flat buildings on East Fourth street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues east, to cost ..... $ 9,000

Christina Ross, frame dwelling on Jefferson street between Twenty-first and Twenty-second avenues east, to cost 2,200

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

As latest style in complexions is a satin skin, why not be up-to-date and use exquisite Satin Skin Cream and Satin Complexion Powder? 25c.

FOR RENT — MODERN 5-ROOM FLAT. Apply at 15 East Fourth street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 714 East First street.

FOR RENT — FOUR NICE ROOMS with conveniences. 407 East First St.

WANTED TO BUY—SECOND-HAND rubber-tire buggy in good condition, if cheap. Old 'phone 1275 M.

FOR RENT, CHEAP—BARBER SHOP and fixtures, 701 West Michigan street.

Your Basement Is Full, Possibly, of Odds and Ends,

THAT A "FOR SALE--MISCELLANEOUS" WANT AD WOULD CLEAR OUT. HERE'S A HINT.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.

$2200 Buys 200 foot corner on Fourth street—street and avenue improved—central—a snap either for improvement or speculation.

$1000 Buys 89 acres best farming land in the county on fine road close to city, and very easy to put under cultivation—this offering is worthy of investigation.

$225 Buys lot in Portland division—Eleventh avenue east and Seventh street.

$650 Six-room house — one-quarter cash, balance easy terms, 6 per cent. Duluth Heights.

$750 Five-room cottage, graded street; lot and half of ground; ¼ cash, balance easy terms.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.
Mortgage Loans—Fire Insurance.
220 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

LITTLE & NOLTE INSURANCE REAL ESTATE LOANS UNDER AM. EX. BANK ESTABLISHED 1886

BARGAINS FOR ALL.

$2500 for beautiful home in Glen Avon, near car line—large lot, home well built, eight rooms, and cost much more than we ask. Non-resident and must sell. Terms very easy. 89-1.

$2100 for eight-room house and 50 foot lot in good location. Furnace heat, hardwood floors, excellent repair. 60-1.

$3900 for beautiful modern home in East End, right in the center of the best new residence portion. Upper corner, all conveniences. 92-1.

$2500 buys a comfortable home in East End, half block from Superior street car line, seven rooms, electric light, water, sewer, closet, frost-proof cellar, all in pink of condition, immediate possession. 16-16.

$4000 for elegant home in Lakeside and upper corner, full lake view, nine rooms, water, sewer, bath, electric light, mantel and grate, full stone basement, hot water heat, good barn and carriage house, shade trees and shrubbery all complete. 76-16.

HOUSES and offices to rent. Building lots in all parts of the city.

FOR RENT.

11 West Second street, 9-room house, bath, furnace, location pleasant and very convenient to business part of city.

Mendenhall & Hoopes,
208 First Nat. Bank Bldg.

PARK POINT LOTS.

25 beautiful lots on Minnesota and Lake avenues for sale from $200 to $350. Good title guaranteed. They are on 7th, 8th, 9th, 27th and 32nd streets. Great many in the finest portion of the point and some have pine shade trees on them.

Lots for sale in all parts of Park Point at away down prices. Be sure and see us before you buy.

GEO. H. CROSBY
105-6-7-8 Providence Bldg.

$950 7-room house in Endion, $150 cash; $10 monthly.

$600 6-room house, West Duluth, $100 cash, $10 monthly.

$700 5-room cottage, Duluth Heights, $75 cash, $10 monthly.

$2650 6-room modern house, 50 feet. London road.

$3500 New 7-room modern house, East End.

ECKSTEIN & EBY,
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
300 Exchange building. Zenith 'phone 338.

$7500 for beautiful home in East End; all modern and complete in every detail.

$1100 for a snug little home near Portland Square.

$500 for choice lot on East Third street; good neighborhood.

Money on hand to loan.

EXCHANGE BUILDING.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL Exchange Bldg.

SANTA FE

I have secured the last block of Santa Fe LIEU SCRIP.

H. W. COFFIN,
Manhattan Building.

$4000 Takes 7-room, modern house, fifty-foot lot, on East Second

$4500 Takes 50 feet and 7-room house on Third street in center of city. A bargain!

$3000 Takes 7-room modern house on East Third street.

A. C. VOLK & CO. 202-203 Palladio Bldg.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

LAND! LAND!

For sale in section 13-51-14, sections 15-21 and 22, township 51, range 13. This soil is of the very best—comparatively free from stones and on some of it the timber will pay for the land—sold in 10-20-40 and 80 acre tracts to suit on reasonable payments. Handy to street car and on good county roads. Price from $15 to $25 per acre. Cheaper land farther away.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
105-6-7-8 Providence Building.

ONEOTA LOTS.

100 lots in Oneota, Hazelwood, and Wheeler's Bryant addition for sale.

$250 to $600.

BERT N. WHEELER,
411 BURROWS BLOCK.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT — 5-ROOM HOUSE. 511 Third avenue west.

HOUSE OF SEVEN ROOMS; CITY water; perfect condition; Twenty-fifth avenue West; fronting Lincoln park. T G. Vaughn, 400 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—BOARDING HOUSE CLOSE to the blast furnace. 306 56 South, West Duluth.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE, 326 West Third street; modern conveniences. R. T. Lewis, 202 Lonsdale buildnig.

PARK POINT — SEVEN-ROOM COTtage; perfect condition. 710 Torrey building. Zenith phone 403.

FOR RENT—HOUSES AND COTTAGES, Park Point, for season or year. W. F Leggett, 506 Burrows building. Zenith 'phone 862.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE city. G. H Crosby, 106 Providence building. 'Phone 24.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOUR ROOMS FOR RENT, DOWNstairs, 115 West Fifth street. Inquire A. Borgen, 29 West First street.

FOR RENT—FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms, $8.00. 1016 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—THREE VERY NICE large, steam-heated rooms, bath, closet and reception hall, on second floor, over Chamberlain & Taylor's book store, 323 West Superior street. Desirable home for two young men. Inquire of John Meagins, room 3.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms with board. 324 West Third St. Mrs. Saxsin.

FURNISHED ROOM 14 E. Second St.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms. 123 West Second street

FOR RENT — TWO UNFURNISHED rooms. 18½ East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — THREE UNFURNISHED rooms, $7 per month. 418 South Eighteenth avenue East.

FOR RENT — LARGE FURNISHED room, light, heat and bath. $8.00 per month. 522 Fourth avenue East.

FOR RENT—ROOM 9 WEST SECOND street.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping. 310 West Fourth street

ROOMS FOR RENT—10 MASON FLATS.

FOR RENT — MODERN FURNISHED rooms; single or en suite; central; on car line. 11 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, 628 West Third street.

FURNISHED ROOM, ELECTRIC light, bath; central; $6.00 per month. 406 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT — ELEVEN FURNISHED rooms; steam heat, gas, electric light. Suitable for keeping boarders. Apply 1502 London road.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, 117 West First street.

ROOMS FOR RENT AT 217 SECOND avenue East

ROOMS FOR RENT—524 LAKE AVEnue north.

FOR RENT — OFFICES. MESABA building. Julius D. Howard & Co.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, July 22nd, 1904.

In the matter of the Estate of Andrew McGillivray, Deceased:

Whereas an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Andrew McGillivray, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court;

And whereas Catherine McGillivray has filed therewith her petition, representing, among other things, that said Andrew McGillivray died in said county on the 6th day of July, 1904, testate, and that said petitioner is the mother of said deceased, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters of administration, with the will annexed, be issued thereon to Henry Van Brunt;

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the probate office in the city of Duluth, in said county, on Monday, the 15th day of August, A. D. 1904, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 22nd day of July, A. D. 1904.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal, Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald—July 25, Aug. 1-8.

YOU WANT THE BEST; WE FURNISH IT.

"THE OLD RELIABLE"

MANLEY-McLENNAN AGENCY,
General Insurance and Surety Bonds.
Torrey Building, First Floor, Duluth, Minn.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

LAUNCHES FOR RENT.
LAUNCHES FOR RENT.
Open and covered. Duluth Gas Engine works, two blocks below ferry landing, Minnesota Point.

FOR SALE VERY CHEAP—GOOD PAYing restaurant, immediately. E 19, Herald.

FOR SALE—RESTAURANT AND CIGAR store doing good business. D 56, Herald.

FOR SALE—CHICAGO TICKETS, $10.00, daily. Hauslab's ticket office, 502½ West Superior street.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—Zenith ROJ hA et FOR SALE, CHEAP—ZENITH RANGE; good as new; good cooker. 1015 East Superior street.

MUSIC AND MUSICAL MERCHANDISE —Edison's phonograph, band and orchestra instruments, pianos, organs. Haakonsen & Westgaard, Duluth's leading music store.

PATENTS OBTAINED FOR INVENTors. J. T. Watson, specialist, Palladio building.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—A POSITION BY YOUNG man; two years' experience in grocery and confectionery business; best of references. Address C 22, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION, CHEMIST AND assayist; graduate. One year practical experience. Address D 64, Herald.

A YOUNG MARRIED MAN OF 22 wishes work of any kind, at once. Is experienced delivery man. Address 204 West First street; downstairs.

YOUNG MAN, UNIVERSITY GRADUate, wants position as assistant bookkeeper; wages no object. Address D 85, Herald.

RELIABLE MAN DESIRES POSITION as assistant bookkeeper. Experienced in warehouse work. Salary no particular object. Address D 58, Herald office.

WANTED—WORK AS OFFICE ASSISTant evenings by a young man fully competent and with best of references. Apply S. T., Herald.

POSITION AS COLLECTOR OR BOOKkeeper wanted by young man with experience. Address D 88, Herald.

A THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED fire insurance man would like position with some local agency.

MAN OF 28, HAS FOUR YEARS' EXperience in clothing and dry goods, can furnish best of reference; would like any kind of inside work for low salary. D 55, Herald.

YOUNG MAN WITH TWO YEARS' EXperience as stenographer desires position; best of references. D 26, Herald.

YOUNG MAN, UNIVERSITY GRADUate, wants position as assistant bookkeeper; wages no object. Address D 85, Herald.

POSITION WANTED BY MAN AND wife to work on farm or city; understands all work. D 35, Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE DAY washing or ironing. Address D 57, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE DAY. Mrs. Gruel, 621 East Seventh street.

WANTED—PLACE AS HOUSEKEEPER by woman with small child. Address Mrs. B., Herald office.

SWEDISH GIRL WANTS PLACE TO DO housework. 813 Park place.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY ATTENDing Duluth university, a place to work morning and evening and Saturday for room and board. Apply at once at the college.

FOR SALE—COWS.

FOR SALE—TWO FRESH JERSEY milch cows. Call Gottlieb Kaus, 1116 East Sixth street.

S. M. KANER WILL ARRIVE WITH A carload of fresh milch cows Tuesday, July 26. Some Jerseys among them. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith 'phone 1287.

L. POLINSKY HAS JUST ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows. Stock yards, No. 1124 East Sixth street.

FOR SALE — CARLOAD OF FRESH milk cows, will arrive July 22 at Evan Johnson's, 2608 West Helm street.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE.

FOR SALE AT ONCE — COMPLETE household furniture; rugs, piano, etc. 11 West Fourth street.

CANCERS AND TUMORS.

ALL STOMACH AND BLOOD DISeases cured by the Herbaqueen remedies and Dr. Finsen's Ray. The Herbaqueen Manufacturing company, 319 First avenue east, Duluth, Minn.

FURNITURE PACKED.
FURNITURE PACKED.

Also fine china, cut glass, bric-a-brac, mirrors, etc. We furnish only first-class men and guarantee their work. Material of all kinds furnished. Call us up "either 'phone" 462, and we will send man to talk it over with you.

DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.,
210 West Superior street.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—SECOND HAND grocer's scale, in good condition; must be cheap, for cash. Address 1019 Garfield avenue.

E. COHN PAYS HIGHEST PRICE FOR cast-off clothing. 118 First avenue west, Duluth. 'Phone 738 K.

WANTED TO BUY—SECOND HAND bicycle. Must be in good condition. Address A. W., 228 West First street.

WANTED TO BUY — GOOD DRIVING horse. J. A. Murray, Smithville. Call about 6 p. m.

PIANO TUNING.

F. G. BINGHAM, 17 EAST THIRD ST. Leave orders with Haakenson & Westgaard, music dealers. Both 'phones.

Winnipeg and Return $16.70.

July 27, the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to Winnipeg and return, account Winnipeg Fair, good returning August 8th. For tickets and full information call at City Office, 332 West Superior street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; small family. Mrs. John Crosby, 2008 East Superior street.

GIRLS CAN FIND GOOD PLACES AND good wages at Mrs. Somer's Employment office, 17 Second avenue east.

LADIES EARN $20 PER HUNDRED writing short letters. Send stamped envelope for particulars. Ideal Mfg. Co., Cassoplis, Mich.

WANTED GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. Apply 115 Seventh avenue west.

WANTED—DISHWASHER AND SCRUB girl; good wages. 1532 West Superior street.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES and for general hose work can always find places at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 215 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Siebold.

WANTED AT ONCE—COMPETENT cook. 2001 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 316 East Second sreet.

WANTED COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 205 West Third St.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY — COMPETent girl for general housework; small family. 1424 East Second street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL house work. Mrs. E. H. Eddy, 1601 East Second street.

DON'T!

When you answer a Herald want ad. and apply for a position—

DON'T write your letter in a careless hand.

DON'T use a lead pencil.

DON'T write on any old kind of stationery.

DON'T delay. Try to be first to hand in your reply at The Herald office.

DON'T be discouraged if you fail to get an answer to your application. Remember that the advertiser has probably received hundreds of replies.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE. (Continued.)

WANTED — A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call 628 West First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1815 East Superior street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; wages, $20. Apply Mrs. J. D. Adams, 1528 Ogden avenue, Superior, Wis.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL FOR restaurant. 525 West Superior street.

DRESSMAKING.

NEW DRESSMAKING PARLORS IN rooms formerly occupied by Miss Sticka, room 6, Metropolitan block.

DRUNKENNESS CURED.

A GUARANAEED CURE AT DR. REIland's, 707 Palladio.

MUSIC CONSERVATORY.

FLAATEN'S, McDONNELL BLOCK, 124 West Superior street.

ARCHITECT.

Young & Nystrom, 504-9 Manhattan Bldg.

MEDICAL.

FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. R. G. RAYmond's Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; relief in three to five days. We have never known of a single failure. Mail orders promptly filled. Price $2. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy Co., room 69, 84 Adams St., Chicago, Ill.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith phone, 660, residence, 1213.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

PLANTING AND PRUNING BY EXpert nurseryman. Northern grown Stock guaranteed. Henry Cleveland, 211 East Superior street.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 403-404 TORREY BLDG.

E. AUGERMEIER, 219 FIRST AVE E.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

CHIN CHONG ON JULY 21 PURchased the interest of Ah Wong in California restaurant.

MILLINERY.

MILINERY — Over Suffel's. HUMES.

HATS—106 W. Superior St. Miss Swenson.

FOR SALE—HOUSES.

FOR SALE—SIX-ROOM HOUSE, WITH graded lot, $1100. 915 East Sixth street.

ELECTRICIANS.

Birthmarks, hair, moles, warts removed by electricity. Mis Jonr, room 25, Columbus block. Pupil, Mrs. Pierce.

BOARD OFFERED.

ROOM AND BOARD FOR TWO IN PRIvate family. 319 West Fourth street.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD. PLEASANT surroundings, at 329 W. Second street.

BOARDERS WANTED — GENTLEMEN preferred; private boarding house. 214 Fourth avenue west.

FURNISHED ROOMS, AND BOARD. Also table board. 218 West Third street.

WANTED — DAY BOARDERS, AT 521 West Second street.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED rooms. 122 East First street.

FOR SALE—HORSES.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, MIDway Horse Market, St. Paul, have the largest assortment of horses in the entire Northwest. Auction every Wednesday, 2 o'clock, private sales daily, part time given, if desired.

FOR SALE—16 WESTERN HORSES, TO close them out cheap; weight 1000 to 1500 pounds; some are broke. L. Mark, Elliott Packing company, Thirty-eighth avenue west and Railroad street, on car line.

HORSES FOR SALE—DRAFT, DRIVing horses and general purpose. L. Hammel company.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—JERSEY COW. HAS HALTER on. Finder please return to 210 Fifty-third avenue west for reward.

FOUND—RED AND WHITE SPOTTED cow, right horn broken. Owner call 4617 Magellan street.

LOST—ON SUNDAY, A LIGHT OVERcoat. Address A. W. Lindgren, West Duluth, for reward.

FOUND — SMALL HORSE, DARK brown. D 59, Herald.

LOST — ONE BLACK AND WHITE belted cow, and one red spotted cow, with short tail. Return to 2608 West Helm street for reward. Evan Johnsen.

LOST — YOUNG WHITE AND TAN hound; tax tag 468. Return to 1201 West Third street and receive reward.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

PAPERHANGING.

FOR PAINTING, PAPERING AND hardwood finishing, etc., call on Andrew Ringsred. Store 103 West Fourth street.

ASHES REMOVED.

J. J. MAHER. BOTH 'PHONES. 48.

DI MARCO'S ORCHESTRA.

Music furnished for all occasions. Old 'phone 1319-R. Res. 476 Mesaba avenue.

No advertisement less tahn 15 cents.

MONEY TO LOAN.

DO YOU NEED MONEY?
DO YOU NEED MONEY?

We make loans on horses, wagons, furniture and pianos, etc. Any amount required. Also to salaried people without security. Lowest rates. Confidential treatment. Call and investigate our methods.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Bldg.
Bell 'phone 759-R. Zenith 'phone 936.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, endorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, furs, etc., and all goods of value from $1 to $1000. We hold all goods one year, even if interest is not paid. The only recognized reputable pawnbroker. Established 1887. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

SALARY AND CHATTEL LOANS. Cosmopolitan Co. 301 Palladio bldg. Zenith 761.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill. 207 Exchange bldg.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—, FOR U. S. ARMY—ABLEbodied, unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED — AT ONCE—TRACK FOREman for surfacing track, $75 per month and board. Duluth Employment Co.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO DO JANItor work for tuition. Apply Duluth Business university.

WANTED—THREE TAILORS AND pressers. Rose Dye Works, 20 Third avenue west.

WANTED—500 RAILROAD AND woodsmen laborers wanted for different points; good wages and good companies in Montana, Dakota, Minnesota and Wisconsin. Twenty-five men for steel gang $1.75 day. Western Employment Co., 502½ West Superior street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED WAREhouseman. Apply in person to J. W. Kreitter, Proctor, Minn.

A 1 ALL-AROUND PORTRAIT ARTIST, hand or air, brush work in India ink, water color and pastel, with a responsible party. Address P. Malin, 327 Howard street, Detroit, Mich.

WANTED—Parties to burn Lackawanna Koal. 210 W. Superior St. Tel. 1291.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FLAT IN Bellevue terrace. Central. All conveniences. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT — 7-ROOM FLAT; MODern conveniences, centrally located. Charles P. Craig & Co., No. 220 West Superior street.

FLAT FOR RENT IN ASHTABULA flats. R. T. Lewis, Lonsdale bldg.

FOR RENT—5-ROOM FLAT, HOT AND cold water; bath, electricity and range. 623 West First street.

FOUR AND SIX ROOM FLATS, $12 AND $14; with water. Inquire 704 East Second street.

FOUR-ROOM FLAT, DESIRABLE LOcation. 216 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—SMALL, STEAM-HEATED flat, furnished or unfurnished. 315 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FLAT, $13 per month. Myers Bros., 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FLAT, CENtral, bath, gas and electricity; water free; no children; $25. Sherwood, Torrey building.

FOR RENT — MODERN SIX-ROOM flat, No. 2 Lafayette flats. A. E. Gilbert.

FOR RENT—SMALL FLAT IN WEST End; all conveniences. N. J. Upham, 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—STORES.

FOR RENT—LARGE STORE, 116 WEST First street. Apply N. J. Upham Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—ONE LARGE IRON-ROOF building, suitable for storage purposes, between Sixth and Seventh avenues west, on Railroad street. Inquire 214 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM, 25x70, NO. 1612 West Superior street. Apply Eckstein & Eby, 300 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—STORE, 109 WEST SUPErior street. For particulars call at the office of George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT—THE FINE BRICK STORE, room 118 and 120 West Fourth street, with well-lighted basements, formerly occupied by Crescent bakery. W. C. Sherwood & Co., Torrey building.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—FROM 5 TO 6 unfurnished rooms, from $15 to $20. Address F 84, Herald.

FOR RENT—BOATS.

ALL KINDS OF BOATS FOR SALE OR rent. Special rates of rental to camping parties by the week or month. Two first-class launches for rent. Zenith Boat House, 620 South Sixty-third avenue west, West Duluth.

WEST DULUTH BOAT HOUSE. ALL kinds of row and sail boats for rent. 6118 Waseca street, Sixty-first avenue west.

COAST SHIPMENTS.

REDUCED FREIGHT RATES TO PAcific coast points, on household goods or emigrant movables. For particulars address the Boyd Transfer and Storage Co., Minneapolis, or call on our local agents, the Duluth Van and Storage Co.

FARM LANDS.

FARM LANDS NEAR DULUTH in tracts of 10 acres or more, for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum bldg., Duluth, Minn.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 31 West Superior St.

OPTICIANS.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LIcensed optometrist; 12 years' experience. 5 West Superior street, Duluth.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAM BETTS, PALMIST (OF CHIcago). 149 E. Superior street. Full reading 25 cents.

STENOGRAPHER.

STELLA M. PEACHEY, 307 FIRST NAtional Bank building.

MOULDINGS.

Picture and Plate Rails—DECKER'S.

DYE WORKS.

LADIES' AND GENTS' GARMENTS cleaned, dyed and repaired at moderate prices. The Pantorium, 118 First avenue west Duluth. Phone 738-K.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—Practical dyers and French dye cleaners; first-class work guaranteed. 6 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

UMBRELLAS MADE TO ORDER.

A. Gingold sells umbrellas for $1 and up and repairs them for one year free. Repairing and recovering on short notice. Work guaranteed, 209 W. Sup. St., 2nd floor.

PAINTING LESSONS.

MRS. MARY INMAN, 231 West Second St

MASSAGE.

MISS BACON, Phoenix blk., 4th Ave. W.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, GRADUATE MIDwife; female complaints. 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone, 1225.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory, 220 W. Superior St.

HAIRDRESSING.

Shampooing, Hair Dressing, Manicuring, hair work. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting Aug. 1, 1904, Work, 3rd degree. Stanley R. Holden, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting July 25, 1904. Hugh R. Burgo, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary. Visiting brethren are welcome.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8:00 o'clock. **Next meeting,** July 27, 1904, at 8 p. m. Work, M. M. P. M. M. E. M. Royal Arch. William McGonagle, acting H. P.; W. T. Ten Brook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave August 2. Work—General business. John T. Black, commander; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT NO. 1 MEETS EVERY Wednesdty evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Edward Thompson, Com., 12 E. Fifth St. J. B. Gelineau, R. K., third floor, Hunter block. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. Next meeting July 28, Samaritan degree. Thos. J. McKeon, G. S.; W. P. Wellbanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.

FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 106, meets in Hunter hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. C. H. Johnson, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder. O. J. Murvold, financier. 8 East Seventh street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. John Newman, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Special business. Members requested to be present.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street. J. H. Davis, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

GRANT LODGE, K. OF P. No. 3 (colored) meets first and third Thursday every month at Kalamazoo hall. J. Taylor, C. C.; D. H. Saunders, K. of R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Sunday beginning July 24, at 8 o'clock at Eagle hall, Foltz building, 116 West Superior street. Steve P. Parker, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, room 10, Hayes block. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street for rental of hall.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, meets at Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. F. Wiberg, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Ranklin, clerk.

I. O. F.

COURT COMMERCE, NO. 8283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evenings, at 8 o'clock at Kalamazoo hall. Next meeting Aug. 5, 1904. Business of importance. R. J. Pickard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C.—meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m., in Folz hall, West Superior street. George F. McKenzie, chief; Malcolm Macdonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, 10 Mason Flats. Next meeting Aug. 3. Remember Clan picnic, Friday, July 29.

ROYAL LEAGUE.

ZENITH COUNCIL.—NO. 161, Royal League, meets in Elks' hall, first and third Monday evenings at 8 o'clock. G. L. Hargraves, archon; L. P. Murray, scribe, 1524 East Fourth street.

10 Pages

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

10 Pages

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR. LAST EDITION. TUESDAY, JULY 26, 1904. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

BUTCHERS' STRIKE DEVELOPS INTO A MIGHTY STRUGGLE BETWEEN LABOR AND CAPITAL

Packers and Men Preparing Systematically For Bitter Fight.

There Were Many Incipient Riots and Many Arrests at Chicago.

Packing Houses Are All Running and New Men Constantly Hired.

Chicago, July 26.—In the great industrial war now well under way, the packers and the strikers rallied today and prepared for a bitter conflict. The one side went about its preparations quietly, yet effectively; the other enthusiastically, and as they hoped, also effectively. Meantime the day took on the real aspect of a mighty strike. Riotous scenes developed and continued intermittently throughout the day.

Riot calls were sent in from many points. Many arrests were made and altogether the days of peace seemed doomed for some time. On the one hand, the packers declared emphatically that their plants were running and would continue to run; strike breakers were rushed into the yards by the hundreds and non-union help was employed wherever it offered itself.

Emergency preparations were made with a view to compactness; as, for instance, the centralization of the steam power plants of the Armour and Swift companies.

While the waitresses in the restaurants of the big plants joined their brother strikers in the sympathetic walkout, there were individual defections reported from the strikers' ranks. A few of the strikers were reported to have thrown away their union buttons, frankly admitted the fact, marched up to the recruiting offices and to have been hired on the spot. On the other hand, it was a whooping day for the strikers.

All was enthusiasm about the yards and this general feeling of energy centered at Forty-seventh and Halstead streets. This corner promised to be the seething center of strike agitation during the strenuous times to come. Here is the Waitita club house, where Donnelly, Schardt, Golden and all the rest of the labor leaders have pitched their camp, and here is the place where all the orders, instructions to individuals, advice to the doubtful and encouragement to the halting will be distributed with a free hand. Around a lot 100 feet square, adjoining the Watita club house, has been built a fence twenty feet high, made of boards. The only entrance to this enclosure is through the Watita club house.

Evidence of fighting enthusiasm was shown today when thousands of strikers and sympathizers began to stream up Halstead and Forty-seventh streets and concentrate at the Watita corner for the strikers initial mass meeting was held today and which, as the leaders had predicted, was a rousing one. System has been agreed on as a keynote to the proper management of the strike. Each man who responded to the sympathetic call yesterday or who had already been out of work since the strike first began, was possessed of or was then given a ticket bearing all the dates in the month. Each man as he stepped up to the entrance to the Watita enclosure was forced to present this card and men were there to punch out the proof of his appearance. By this means it is planned to keep tab on all the strikers from day to day. Defections from the ranks will be easily checked up. When the meeting came to order there was a great wave of shouting that sounded ominous enough to the packers' managers and trusted assistants in offices not far away.

All the strike leaders spoke briefly to the crowd and their talking was interrupted repeatedly by applause.

While enthusiasm seemed to be running rampant, the strike leaders fully realized the importance of the fact that the teamsters, heretofore most powerful in Chicago in making a strike successful, were not yet out. Much pressure was brought to bear during the day on teamster leaders to have the walkout called, the sooner, the strikers said, the better. While the rank and file of the temsters appeared heartily in favor of joining their striking comrades, the conservative element among the leaders were said to be heading back and not inclined to jump into the turmoil without more delay.

TEAMSTERS WILL STRIKE.

President Admits That It Will Be Inevitable.

Chicago, July 26.—That a strike of packing house teamsters will occur tomorrow was admitted today as inevitable by George Golden, the president of the union. President Golden telegraphed to Cornelius Shea, the international president of the Teamsters union today and informed him that it would be impossible to keep the drivers at work after today. Shea is in Indianapolis and the communication sent him by Golden was designed as a formal notification to the international body, that the packing house teamsters might not be deprived of strike benefits even if they ignore the action of the teamsters local joint council which is to meet tonight. The council, which has already refused to sanction a sympathetic strike of teamsters, will hear the report of the special committee, which yesterday unsuccessfully attempted to bring about a settlement of the butchers strike. Fifteen thousand men and women attended the first general mass meeting held since the beginning of the stock yards strike. The meeting was held in Watita hall and the open grounds about the building in Forty-seventh street near Halstead street, a few squares from the main entrance of the stock yards. Addresses were made by various labor union officials, including W. G. Schardt, president of the Chicago Federation of Labor and Barney Cohen, president of the Illinois Federation. Through a decision reached today by the managers of the strike, the independent packers will have the privilege of sending their own men into the yards and driving out or feeding the independent packers own cattle, hogs or sheep. This will permit the independents to operate with little interruption owing to the strike.

NEGROES EXCITED.

Strike Breakers Shoot Wildly In the Darkness.

Chicago, July 26.—Shooting wildly in the darkness, a score of panic stricken strike breakers, hired by Swift & Co., spread consternation through the yards early today. Riot calls were sent to the police and the armed garrison of packing town turned out in full force, believing that the strikers had made an organized attack under cover of darkness.

Failing to discover any strikers the police arrested the strike breakers, all of them colored. The prisoners numbered a dozen.

When the police turned from searching for an attacking party and arrested the strike breakers, there was a chorus of protests. All the prisoners told of seeing suspicious persons lurking in the shadows of the buildings.

Their revolvers were of huge caliber and the police tried to learn where the negroes had obtained a number of navy weapons. It was denied that Swift & Co. had armed the men. The police took the view that the colored men had shot to create a disturbance and held the prisoners for araignment in court.

NO CHANGE AT ST. PAUL.

St. Paul, July 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—There was no change in the strike situation at South St. Paul today. No orders had been received from Chicago calling a sympathetic strike of the allied trades. The Swift plant is running in all departments. In the hog killing department there is a shortage of a few skilled workmen, but it was said at Superintendent Burns' office that they expected to kill about 1500 hogs in that department before the close of business today.

The men who are still out on strike will have a strike pay day today, the married men getting $7.00 and the single men $5.00 per week.

HOSPITAL TRAIN

Bears 314 Wounded Russians From Battle Field.

Mukden, July 26.—The empress hospital train passed through Mukden yesterday bearing 314 men who were wounded in Sunday's fight at Ta Tche Kiao. The fight which was mainly an artillery duel according to the statements of the men on the train commenced at 6 o'clock in the morning and was still going on at 11 o'clock at night, when the train left. The Russians were then maintaining their positions, about seven miles south of Ta Tche Kiao.

Small bodies of Japanese are reported to be moving in the direction of Hentizu, forty miles east of Yan Tai station and towards Sin Tsin Tin. If this is true it indicates the intention of the Japanese to try and turn the Russian position at Liao Yang from the direction of Mukden.

JAPS ENTER NEWCHANG.

Tien Tsin, July 26.—Lloyds agent at Newchwang wires that fifty Japanese cavalrymen have entered Newchwang. The French flag is flying from all the Russian buildings. The town is quiet.

FROZEN MEAT DOES NOT CAUSE CANCER.

London, July 26.—With reference to the question raised in the house of commons in March last whether frozen or chilled meat has any injurious effect on consumers and especially whether such meat contributes in anyway to increasing the number of cases of cancer in the United Kingdom, the royal commission of inquiry into the causes of cancer which has been considering the matter is of the opinion that such meat is in no way injurious to consumers and cannot be held to be in any degree accountable for the increase of cancer in England.

FIVE MEN ARRESTED

Nashwauk, Minn., July 26.—The Itasca county authorities have made five arrests in connection with the burning of a disorderly house, in which three persons lost their lives. The man whose remains were not recognized at first, has now been identified at Charles Chessler, aged 26, a steam shoel man in the employ of the Drake-Stratton company at the Stevenson mine. Among those arrested are William Reynolds, who is said to own a rival resort; Theodore Ness, a bartender, and George McCune.

MANY MEN AT WORK

Several Packing Plants In Nearly Full Operation.

Men In Expensive Clothes Working Among the Swine.

Chicago, July 26.—Despite the fact tha 25,000 or more regular employes are on strike at the stock yards here, including the number who went out yesterday, after the call for a sympathetic strike had been issued, all the big packing plants were declared to be in nearly full operation today. Nearly every man who went out yesterday, it was claimed, had been replaced by one who belongs to no union, and among the recruits were said to be a number of young men from Armour institute, who have taken places of some of the firemen in the various plants. While the firemen went out, the engineers, it was asserted, with possibly a dozen exceptions, remained in their places. This was due to the fact, it was said, that the general strike order did not extend to the engineers, few of whom, according to the employers, were union men. The total number of stationary engineers employed in the packing plants and yards is 110.

According to the packers six hundred non-union men from other cities were brought into the yards today within a couple of hours and distributed among the various plants. Of these forty were skilled butchers from New York. There was killing of cattle, hogs and sheep in all the plants, but with the supply of animals on hand cleaned up, there will apparently be little or no slaughtering tomorrow.

Men with Panama hats, expensive clothing of the latest cut and fine linen stepped in among the hogs today and took charge of the unloading of the day's arrivals at the yards. The volunteer crew of stock unloaders was made up of the office and clerical force of the various commission houses at the yards. While the amateurs toiled among the grunting swine, strikers in heavy boots and rough garb sat about at a distance, laughing at the spectacle.

"Look at that fellow with the silk suspenders," they cried, pointing at one particularly dapper clerk. "Don't you want to borrow some overalls?"

Unmindful of the derision, the volunteers continued with the work which progressed with natural shortcomings. Once, when a big porker escaped the vigilance of the unloaders and charged his captors, upsetting two of their number in an undignified heap, the unsympathetic spectators broke into cheers of delight. The runaway was captured by dint of much running, shouting and perspiration. The "dandies," as they were called by the strike sympathizers, entered into the spirit of the occasion and tried with some success to turn an unpleasant task into a good natured holiday romp.

PEDESTRIANS REACH FAIR

Disappointed Peds Have a Long Walk For Nothing.

St. Louis, July 26.—Foot-sore, travel-stained and weary, Renaldo Walco, a British subject from San Jose, Costa Rica, has reached the World's Fair, after a walk of 6000 miles only to find that he had been deluded by a mythical prize of $15,000, which he had heard had been offered by the exposition company to the person who walked the longest distance to attend the World's Fair.

Almost at the same moment that Walco arrived another long distance pedestrian arrived at the World's Fair grounds in the person of Mauritius Hechter, of Bucharest, Roumania, who had also attempted a long distance walk and who had met with defeat.

Hechter started to walk to St. Louis from Bucharest. He undertook to reach here by July 7. He arrived many days late and then only after giving up his journey afoot in Washington and taking a train. The prize he was after was one of forty thousand francs, offered by the Roumanian touring club, of which Crown Prince Ferdinand is president.

A JUDICIAL PROBLEM.

Is Ragtime Music Breach of the Peace?

Macon, Mo., July 26.—A local court will be asked to decide on the question as to whether ragtime music is a breach of the peace. Mr. and Mrs. Lee Eubanks run a restaurant and lodging house in Ruby street. In their parlor is a piano. Of an evening while guests are at the tables a negro performer executes ragtime melodies. Neighbors complained that their peace was seriously disturbed by the noise. Mr. and Mrs. Eubanks were arrested and arraigned. They pleaded not guilty and their trial was set for July 30. They have engaged a noted criminal lawyer, Judge C. P. Hess, who has a piano and enjoys ragtime music himself.

RUSSIAN ARMY RETREATS TO ITS BASE AT HAI CHENG WITH THE JAPS IN PURSUIT

Ta Tche Kiao Was Evacuated Sunday Night After Fierce Battle.

Turning of Left Flank By Japanese, the Cause of Withdrawal.

Great Britain Will Allow No More Ships Through Dardanelles.

St. Petersburg, July 26.—Dispatches just received by the war office announce that the Russians have retreated to Hai Cheng. They decided to withdraw from Ta Tche Kiao Sunday evening. Gen. Zaroubaieff, commanding the Fourth army corps, who is Gen. Stakelberg's senior, resolved to take this step in consequence of the reports of scouts that the Japanese were turning the left flank.

The Japanese forces are believed to include the whole of the armies of Generals Oku and Nodzu. More than seven divisions of Japanese are engaged. The rear guard between Datchapu and Ta Tche Kiao continued until 11 at night, when the Japanese were within sight of the Russian entrenchments. The Russians withdrew in perfect order, favored by the beautiful moonlight. Further details of the fight have not yet been forwarded to the war office.

Gen. Kuropatkin reports that the Japanese column in the vicinity of Saimatsza, which is believed to be two divisions strong, is marching along the valley of the Taitse with the obvious aim of cutting the railroad above Liao Yang.

The evacuation of Ta Tche Kiao was prepared for long ago by the Russians, as military experts have repeatedly indicated. The retirement is not regarded as materially altering the situation. The Russians had strongly fortified Hai Cheng in view of the contingency.

The Official Messenger this morning prints a dispatch from Liao Yang, dated July 25, announcing that the Japanese maintained a terrific bombardment of Ta Tche Kiao throughout the day, but that toward evening most of their batteries having been silenced by the Russian guns, they retired. No estimate of the losses on either side is furnished, but, judging from the nature and extent of fire, the engagement was a serious one.

The Official Messenger does not make any announcement regarding the status of the volunteer fleet cruisers, which it was generally expected it would do this morning.

JAPS BEGIN ADVANCE.

Armies Moving Up Strongly From South.

St. Petersburg, July 26.—The Japanese advance against Gen. Kuropatkin's armies seems at last to have begun in earnest. They are moving up strongly from the south and have captured Kan pass, on the road to Hai Cheng. A northern movement is also reported, but the objective of the Japanese at present seems to be Hai Cheng.

Official news received here shows the fighting at Ta Tche Kiao and to the southward has been progressing for several days. However, according to the latest reports this morning, the Russians had not evacuated Ta Tche Kiao, but were falling back on that place, fighting a continuous rear guard action. The Japanese had advanced in strong force against the Ruslan position at Datchapu, twelve miles north of Kai Chou. In view of the great superiority of the Japanese Gen. Stakelberg, as forecasted in these dispatches, did not attempt to offer serious resistance. The Russian losses are not ascertainable, but it is admitted they amount to several hundred men.

Gen. Kuropatkin reports continuation of the advance of a Japanese column along the Saimatsza road, already announced in the Associated Press Sinssintin dispatches.

WILL PROTECT JAPAN.

No More Ships to Go Through Dardanelles.

London, July 26.—While the negotiations between Great Britain and Russia respecting the Red sea seizures have been carried on in the most conciliatory manner, the Associated Press learns that in the representations to the St. Petersburg government Foreign Secretary Lansdowne declared that Great Brtain could not, in view of her treaty alliance with Japan, allow any interpretation to be placed on treaties relating to the Dardanelles, which would permit of the free passage of vessels of the Russian volunteer fleet from the Black sea to the Mediterranean with the view of their subsequent employment for war purposes. It has not been generally known that Lord Lansdowne went so far as to call Russia's attention to the Japanese treaty, though suggestions have been published in British and Japanese papers that the action of the Somlensk and St. Petersburg in traversing the Dardanelles, had placed Turkey in the position of giving assistance to Russia and that this made it Great Britain's duty to come to the relief of her ally, as required by the Anglo-Japanese treaty. It is understood that the Russian authorities gave careful consideration to this feature of the British representations and, although maintaining the British contention to be unjustifiable, determined in the interest of general peace and in order to settle the question, to waive the war privileges claimed for the two volunteer fleet steamers and not to authorize further operations of ships of that character. It is pointed out that as the places of the St. Petersburg and Smolensk will be taken by regularly acredited warships, Russia feels she will lose nothing and at the same time avoid irritating neutrals, with all of whom she desires to remain on good terms.

FOURTEEN HOURS' BATTLE,

After Which Russians Were Compelled to Retreat.

London, July 26.—Cabling under date of July 24, the Daily Mail's Newchwang correspondent describes a fourteen-hours' desperate battle with heavy losses on both sides and which resulted in the Russan position at Ta Tche Kiao being rendered untenable, by reason of which they will be compelled to retreat towards Hai Cheng.

"The battle began at 6 o'clock in the morning," the correspondent says, "the Russians resuming the attack on the Japanese position on the heights east of Ta Tche Kiao. After a few hours the Japanese left flank from Tiaping mountain captured the village of Tanghudituen, compelling the Russians to retreat to Tienhuaituen, six miles from their base.

"The Russians, now reinforced, maintained the position until 5 o'clock in the afternoon, when the Japanese right flank made a sudden appearance on the hills south of Ta Tche Kiao and by a tremendous fight, forced the Russians to retreat. The Japanese firing line extended fifteen miles.

"After two more hours of an incessant storm of shot and shell, they swept the last hill and plain clear of the Russians."

SERIOUS LOSSES

Inflicted on Japanese Before Russians Retreated.

Mukden, July 26.—The latest reports received here are to the effect that the Russians, with about one hundred guns in action in the Ta Tche Kiao engagement, inflicted serious losses on the Japanese and destroyed many of their guns. The Japanese attack on the center of the Russian position was repulsed but the Russians were ordered to retire yesterday and occupy the heights five miles north of Ta Tche Kiao. This movement was carried out in good order.

SINKING OF BRITISH SHIP

Fully Discussed at Meeting of British Cabinet.

London, July 26.—The sinking of the British steamer Knight Commander by Russian cruisers off Japan was fully discussed at a meeting of the cabinet today, held at the foreign office.

Before the meeting Count Benckendorff, the Russian ambassador, was closeted with Foreign Secretary Lansdowne and discussed in detail the operations of the Russian cruisers in connection with neutral shipping but as the Russian embassy had not been officially informed by the Russian government of the destruction of the Knight Commander, the ambassador was unable to make any statement to the foreign secretary.

The Knight Commander incident is one which is attracting close official and public interest.

In the British official view it is one thing to seize a ship having contraband on board and another to sink her without legal inquiry to establish whether she is a good prize. The British government has no intention of acting hastily, being desirous of obtaining all the facts in the case before approaching Russia on the subject. The British authorities in Japan have instituted an inquiry and are obtaining testimony which will enable the British government to make up its case. It is said in a reliable quarter that Great Britain will make earnest representations to Russia with the view to securing reparation and to prevent interference with neutral commerce, such as it has been subjected to recently. While proposing to act herself in behalf of vessels flying her own flag, Great Britain holds that it is time that all neutrals should take some steps to protect neutral vessels and neutral goods. But the exchanges of communications which have been going on in this connection have not yet borne fruit. It is known that Count Benckendorff, Russian ambassador to Great Britain, has made it clear to the British foreign secretary, Lord Lansdowne, that in this or any other incident of a like character, if wrong is done by Russian ships, the Russian government will make due reparation.

Premier Balfour, replying to a question in the house of commons today in regard to the sinking of the British steamer Knight Commander said inquiries were being made on the subject but he was not yet in a position to make a statement.

Replying to another question the premier said the government was not aware of any convention concluded in 1901 between Turkey and Russia providing special conditions of the passage of the Dardanelles by special Russian ships.

IRON RANGE CAR SHOPS BURNED

At Two Harbors With Total Loss of Nearly $50,000.

Two Harbors, Minn., July 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Duluth & Iron Range car shops, a solid brick structure, 50 by 150 feet in size, was completely gutted by a fire which broke out from an unknown cause at 4 o'clock this morning. Only the excellent work of both the city and the Duluth & Ironge Range fire departments, saved other of the shop buildings from damage, especially the boiler house which, if burned, would have necessitated a shut down of the plant.

The total loss will be from $40,000 to $50,000, as all the contents of the building, consisting of valuable tools, patterns, materials and the tools of the men employed in the building, were entirely destroyed. Nearly 150 men were employed in the building and many will probably be temporarily laid off.

It is expected reconstruction of the building will be commenced at once.

COL. ANTHONY DYING.

Leavenworth, Kan., July 26.—Col. D. R. Anthony, the noted Kansas editor and a brother of Miss Susan B. Anthony, the woman suffragist, is dying at his home here.

GOLD AND SILVER

Found In Old Lead Mine Near Otisville, N. Y.

Middletown, N. Y., July 26.—A strike of gold and silver in large quantities has been made in an old bandoned lead mine in the Shawangunk mountains, near Otisville. Samples assayed by experts were found unusually rich. The mine is believed to be the famous "Lost gold mine of Mamakating," from which Indians took large quantities of the precious metal.

The discovery was made by a contractor whose men were taking out lead ore.

HOP CROP SMALLER

Portland, Ore., July 26.—Indications are that the Oregon hop crop will amount to about 90,000 bales or in the neighborhood of 15,000 bales less than last year. The season has been unfavorable, the long dry spell which occurred last month very nearly causing a failure. The quality of the hops is exceptionally good, however.

DAVIS DENIES REPORT.

Bedford, Pa., July 26.—Senator Davis emphatically denies the reports in this morning's papers that he is to marry the widow of Dr. John Reynolds, of Shepardstown, W. V. The senator has been receiving telegrams of congratulation all day and is indignata. He says there is not a word of truth in it.

MINNESOTA INVENTORS.

Washington, July 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following patents have been issued: Charles J. Carlson, Oxford, Minn., snap hook; F. E. Kreatz, St. Cloud, Minn., plumb level.

BRUTALLY SLUGGED BEFORE THOUSANDS

Strike Sympathizers Attack Workman and Nearly Murder Him.

Chicago, July 26.—Two thousand people today saw one of the most brutal cases of slugging and some of the poorest markmanship on the part of the policemen since the strike at the stock yards began. A strike breaker, John Mulloy, had just left the yards and reached Forty-first and Halstead streets, when three men, of whom one is John Doody, attacked him. Mulloy was knocked down and nearly killed. His nose was broken, his eyes cut open with terrific blows and one ear was nearly torn off. The sluggers had not completed their work when five policemen interfered whereupon the trio ran.

The chase led through a crowd of strike sympathizers and curious spectators, through streets and alleys, to the Halstead street viaduct, the policemen calling upon the fugitives to stop on pain of being killed. The crowds in the streets were so large the policemen were afraid at first to use their revolvers and in the crush two of the sluggers leaped into a laundry wagon and were rapidly driven away, but the third man was kept in sight and as soon as he reached the approach to the viaduct the policemen began shooting.

How many shots were fired is a problem, but the noise sounded like a sham battle was in progress. Apparently every shot was aimed to hit but all missed. Doody had an apparently clear way ahead of him and was running like a deer when he stumbled and fell. Before he could make up the loss of time the policemen were upon him and he was held until a patrol wagon came from the stock yards police station. He was put in a cell to await a hearing in court.

Mulloy, while the excitement of the man chase was at its height, was found by friends who quickly took him away before the police sought to give him attention.

Development of a race war is rapidly proceeding throughout the strike district, the trouble starting in the restaurants of Armour & Co., Swift & Co. and Nelson Morris & Co., where all the dining room girls quit on account of the presence of colored cooks. At least that was the reason the young women gave, but in reality the cause, it is inferred, was their desire to aid in the sympathy strike. As rapidly as a girl took off her apron and walked out, a colored man was employed in her place. Thereupon twenty-five girls in Swift & Co.'s restaurant quit in a body, twenty-five at Nelson Morris & Co.'s and thirty at Armour & Co.'s.

The first step taken by the feminine strikers after tearing off aprons was to march to a hall and hold a meeting, where it was decided to form thmselves for picket duty to see that no girls went into the yards to work either in the strike-affected places or in the restaurants of other firms.

A dozen of them took up places at each avenue and every young woman who passed was "button-holed" and urged to go home or stay and do picket duty. Not a few complied, but the others broke away and fled into the yards to work.

Four girls were roughly handled but none was seriously hurt.

WHY HOT WEATHER MAKES WOMEN NERVOUS.



A Well-Known Canadian Lady Sends Letter of Endorsement to Pe-ru-na. Pe-ru-na Contains no Narcotics.

Miss Mary Burns, 28 Spring Garden Road, Halifax, N. S., writes: "Having used Peruna for indigestion and stomach trouble and to build up a broken down system with the very best results, I am pleased to state my experience with this excellent medicine. I had been troubled with stomach trouble and poor digestion for some years, and although I tried many remedies and dieting, nothing seemed to restore my health until I used Peruna. In three months I had entirely recovered my health and strength."—Mary Burns.

Suggestions By Dr. Hartman—How to Combat the Nervous Depression Incident to Warm Weather.

Nervousness is very common among women. This condition is due to anaemic nerve centers. The nerve centers are the reservoir for nerve vitality. These centers become bloodless for the want of proper nutrition.

This condition is especially noticeable during the warm season. Every summer an army of invalids are produced as a direct result of weak nervous systems.

This could easily be overcome by the use of Peruna. Peruna strikes at the root of the trouble by correcting the digestion. Perfect digestion furnishes increased nutrition for the nerve centers. Perfectly digested food gives these reservoirs of life a vitality which creates strong, steady nerves, and in this manner fortifies and nourishes life.

Miss Blanche Grey, a prominent young society woman of Memphis, Tenn., in a recent letter from 174 Alabama street, writes: "To a society woman whose nervous force is often taxed to the utmost from lack of rest and irregular meals, I know of nothing which is of so much benefit as Peruna. I took it a few months ago when I felt my strength giving way, and it soon made itself manifest in giving me strength and health."—Miss Blanche Grey.

Pe-ru-na Contains No Narcotics.

One reason why Peruna has found permanent use in the many homes is that it contains no narcotics of any kind. Peruna is perfectly harmless. It can be used any length of time without acquiring a drug habit. Peruna does not produce temporary results. It is permanent in its effect.

It has no bad effect upon the system, and gradually eliminates catarrh by removing the cause of catarrh. There are a multitude of homes where Peruna has been used off and on for twenty years. Such a thing could not be possible if Peruna contained any drugs of a narcotic nature.

At this season of the year we are peculiarly liable to inflammations of the stomach and bowels. It is the part of wisdom to learn how to cut them short and in the easiest and quickest manner. Peruna does this by its peculiar power over all forms of catarrhal troubles.

RAILROADS APPEAR

Logging Companies Tell Why They Should Not Be Taxed.

Variety of Reasons Presented—Cut In Interstate Bridge Value.

Contrary to expectations, representatives of several of the logging railways doing business in St. Louis county appeared before the board of equalization yesterday afternoon. The two roads not represented were the Duluth & Northeastern and the Missabe Southern.

Nearly every logging railway company had reason as to why it should not be taxed in this county. Some, claimed to have headquarters in other counties, where they pay taxes. Others claimed that they pay a gross earnings tax to the state and still others claimed to be exempt because their roads were branches or spurs from the main line of railroads.

All the data given has been turned over to Assistant County Attorney W. G. Crosby, who will look up the law and recommend a course of action to the board.

A. H. Powers, of the Duluth, Mesaba & Western road, formerly the old Powers & Simpson road, said the line is eighteen miles long, only one-third of it being in St. Louis county. The road has seventy cars and three engines. It was incorporated in Hennepin county and Mr. Powers said it does most of its business in Itasca county.

The Duluth and North Wisconsin road was represented by D. W. Brooks, of the Brooks-Scanlon Lumber company. He said the road is a common carrier and pays a gross earnings tax to the state.

W. H. Cook, for the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy Lake road, said that it comprises twenty-seven miles of main track-age and more than that in temporary spurs. There are seven locomotives and 100 cars on the line.

R. N. Marble, representing Alger, Smith & Company, said it owned no railroad but held some stock in the Duluth & Northern Minnesota road which pays a gross earnings tax.

J. A. Murphy, attorney for the Swan River Logging company, said that the concern is a partnership affair under the laws of Michigan, to which state it pays taxes. Mr. Murphy claimed the company merely owned spurs off the Great Northern main line, with headquarters at Mississippi, in Aitkin county, although the affairs of the road are conducted from Hibbing. He said the road is assessed in Aitkin county.

The Tower Lumber company, by M. C. Woodward, claimed that it owns spurs off the main line of Duluth & Iron Range road at Murray and that the operation of the line is carried on from Tower. The road owns three locomotives and fifty cars.

The assessed valuation of the Duluth end of the interstate bridge is likely to be reduced from $100,000 to $65,000. After a consultation between Judge Enslen, Assistant County Attorney Crosby and City Assessor Olafson, it was decided to make this recommendation to the board. The reduction is said to be satisfactory to the bridge company.

L. W. Leithhead, through his attorney, P. J. Neff, presented a protest to the valuation of $13,335, fixed by the assessor against his residence.

DEMAND IS LARGER

Call For Labor Double What It Was Ten Days Ago.

Men Now In Demand For Summer Work In the Woods.

"The demand for labor has practically doubled inside the past 10 days," said G. S. Richards, of the National Employment company, today. "Orders for men for the woods and for railroad work have been coming in thick and fast in the last few days and large crews are being shipped out as fast as we can pick them up. One of the largest orders for woodsmen placed here in some time is that of the Edward Hines Lumber company for 90 men to work in the new summer camps now being opened at Washburn, Wis. The company has completed its logging and closed down the station at Hines on the Omaha road, where it was quite active last winter.

"Large orders have been received from the Itasca Lumber company at Deer River, Minn., the Virginia Lumber company and for extra gangs on the ranges."

To the demand for men for the woods and for the extra gangs should be added that for men to take the places of strikers in the big packing plants.

Wages offered for wood's work are fairly good for this time of the season, considering the nearness of the harvest time in the West. The logging companies are offering from $26 to $30 for common labor and teamsters and as high as $40 per month for loaders. The wages paid for extra gang work varies from $1.50 to $1.75. Both the range roads are hiring men for their extra gangs at $1.75 while one of the other roads will not pay more than $1.60 per day.

It is claimed that the men have work at the present time are sticking close to their jobs and will continue to do so until the first or middle of the coming month, when the labor demands from the wheat country are likely to come in. Unless conditions have changed very much from those in former years, the logging companies will not then find it an easy matter to hold their men, even though they offer steady work right through the fall, and, perhaps for the winter. There is something about the harvest that draws the men toward the wheat country although they know the work will last only from six weeks to two months. The harvest rates do not go into effect until after Aug. 1.

A LAKE LINDEN BOY DROWNED IN TORCH LAKE.

Houghton, Mich., July 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—While playing on logs in Torch lake yesterday, Joseph Lanlais, a 9-year-old Lake Linden boy, fell from a log and was drowned.

Bubbling, sparkling, crystal-clear nectar, full of snap and vim; health-giving and health-producing. This is

FITGER'S BEER

the most grateful drink in hot weather when the sun's rays spare neither man nor beast. FITGER'S BEER is made of the best Bohemian hops, and represents the greatest skill in brewing that can be found anywhere.

FITGER BREWING CO. DULUTH, MINN.

IN WOMAN'S SPHERE

Social, Musical and Art Circles.

The work of the Women's Council in the line of civic improvement has attracted much attention from many of the people in the city interested in Duluth's good looks. One of the women of the council has received the following communication from one signed "A Thistle Hater." It says: "On the north side of Superior street between Fourth and Sixth avenues east, there is a lot half full of thistles which if cut down at once would prevent millions of foul seeds scattering. It is worth your attention."

The Women's Council is not in a position to undertake this work which it would refer to the city department under whose province this undertaking might come.

Card Club Meets.

Yesterday afternoon the Young Ladies' Card club was delightfully entertained by Miss Martha Peyton, at her home on East Superior street. The card favors were won by Mrs. R. M. Sellwood and Miss Ames. Mrs. D. H. Costello will be hostess for the club two weeks from yesterday. Those present yesterday were:

Mesdames—
P. M. Shaw, A. D. McRae, J. H. Upham, Jr., W. R. Peyton, G. H. Mance, Jack McLaren, D. H. Costello, E. D. Edson, of New York; Howard, C. D. Thompson, C. F. Macdonald, W. F. Quayle, F. R. Leslie, Marvin McLaren, H. F. Williamson, Jr., R. M. Sellwood, Cora Hubbell McDougall, L. W. Leithhead,

Misses—
Sellwood, Crowley, Ames, Arnold, of Chicago Lydia Poirier, Comstock, Dickinson, Belle Simonds, Hulst.

Dobson-Currie.

The marriage of Miss Bertha H. Dobson and William H. Currie took place yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Mary A. Dobson, of 627 West Second street. The ceremony was performed by Rev. T. H. Cleland of the First Presbyterian church. A few friends were present and at the conclusion of the ceremony a luncheon was served. Mr. and Mrs. Currie left last evening for Grand Forks, N. D., for a wedding trip and will make their home at Bemidji, where Mr. Currie, who is a traveling man in the employ of the Gowan-Peyton-Twohy company is located.

Personal Mention.

Miss Mary Fauntleroy, who was one of the bridesmaids at the Morris-Gilbert wedding early in the summer, left today for her home at St. Louis.

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Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Donnelly, of St. Paul, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Van Bergen, of Lakeside.

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Dr. and Mrs. W. H. Magie, Mr. and Mrs. William Bruen, Miss Ida Magie and Miss Maude Bruce, of Fargo, make up a party that will leave this evening for a trip down the lakes to Buffalo.

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Miss Mamie Marks, of St. Paul, is visiting friends in the city.

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Miss Irma Young, of Colbyville, has returned from a visit at Aikin.

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Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Campbell, of 1416 East Fourth street, left yesterday for a trip to Houghton and Ontonagon.

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Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Heinz, of Buffalo, N. Y., are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. V. Robinson, 512 Second avenue east.

* * *

Mrs. John McLean, of Duluth Heights, has as her guest, her brother, John Lynn, of New York.

* * *

Mrs. D. H. Day is entertaining her brother, J. Arndt Morris, of New York.

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Mr. and Mrs. Horace Mallory, of Port Jervis, New York, are camping on Park Point for the summer and have as their guests Misses Winnie Baker, of Jersey City, Florence and Amelia Turtelot, of Albany and Nellive Schrivex, of Port Jervis.

* * *

Misses Lena and Minnie Young and Miss May Brown left today for a several weeks' visit with friends in Milwaukee and Chicago.

* * *

Misses Jessie and Florence Halling returned last evening from an outing at Deerwood.

DON'T TALK TOO MUCH.

Saying Right Thing at Right Time Is Hard.

It is difficult in this world to know how much to say or what to leave unsaid. A person who can always say the right thing at the right time and never make unfortunate errors in conversation is indeed a rarity. It is hard to be properly polite without becoming insincere, or when not saying enough to be accused of coldness, says the Philadelphia Ledger.

The individual must be taken into consideration. Many a woman and many a man has been dubbed heartless and cold who is merely of a reserved or timid nature and unable to express feeling at the proper time. It is a question whether the voluble talker is more popular than her more silent sister. A woman who pours forth a string of apologies or explanations, more or less truthful, is not considered as sincere as one who, with a few well-chosen words expresses her thoughts.

The old saying that "silence is golden" is a good one, but in these days of progress a woman must know how to talk but not to chatter, and how to converse well and sensibly, to express her ideas clearly, and be so well informed on events of the day as to be a desirable companion. Even if 1830 styles in clothes are thrust upon the world, the woman of that period has passed into oblivion.

A mistake made by many women is to talk too much; they chatter, or, as it was once neatly described, "they talk at you." Such women, says an exchange, appear to talk for talking's sake; they discuss the weather and every hackneyed topic under the sun, and then fall back on endless questions, never waiting to hear an answer. To be a good listener is to have achieved one of the triumphs of social life, and this in itself affords a sure sign of a graceful, considerate manner.

"SHE IS A PERFECT LADY."

Discussion of a Very Common Saying.

Ohio State Journal: The expression "She is a perfect lady," aside from its temporary slangy use, is often heard and everyone has an individual idea or construction of its meaning. In general features all agree as to the subtle impression it conveys. Synthetically, creating such an ideal, each person would contribute a different combination of qualities necessary to build up his or her type of the perfect lady. Again all unite in feeling that she must leave a sense of pleasure in her wake. She must not jar.

Among all the attributes one not generally considered among the essentials of the ideal, yet all important to it, is often ignored—it is self-control—the more complete, the higher the standard reached.

A perfect lady must be so far mistress of herself that she always seems superior to the situation in which she may find herself and is never thrown into excitement or wild alarm by unwelcome circumstances, at least not outwardly, whatever her inward emotions may be. But such self-control she dominates the less self-disciplined natures about her to the great benefit of all. She calms troubled waters or often unconsciously prevents the troubling. In society she ever avoids or minimizes commotions caused by incident or accident and endeavors quickly to efface the disagreeable, whereas the uncontrolled person is ofttimes the cause of much agitation by allowing her own disturbance to spread to a whole circle.

We recall a scene at a wedding where a girl very prominent socially appeared, just home from Europe, in a beautiful Paris gown. She was the center of a group of friends, talking merrily, when a waiter jarred the hand of a gentleman in the party who was holding a cup of coffee. The peach-blow brocade received the contents full on its shimmering folds. Everyone near exclaimed and offered napkins for the rescue; the train was held out and while a half dozen gentlemen and waiters were rubbing its surface trying to remove the strain the fair wearer resumed and finished the story she was telling at the unlucky moment. Her face had not changed expression. She thanked those concerned, saying it was no one's fault, and by her perfect self-command lessened the annoyance of all around her.

No one knowing girl-nature could suppose that her heart did not sink at the wreck of her finest frock. There was the ruin—temper, regret, despair would not restore it; she, a lady, could not afford to dampen the pleasure of her friends or increase their distress by showing her own.

This principle carried through social affairs confers distinction upon those expressing it and above almost any other one quality creates toward its possessor the estimate of a perfect lady. It results in a dignity repellent to none, respected by all.

FORTY MEN SHIPPED

Go From Duluth to Work In Big Packing Plants.

Sioux City Destination of Carload Going From Here.

The packing companies have representatives in nearly all the labor centers in the country hiring men to take the place of strikers in the plants at Chicago, Kansas City, Sioux City and other points.

Yesterday the Cudahy Packing company shipped out of Duluth forty men who have been hired to take the place of strikers at the Sioux City plant. The men left yesterday afternoon in a special car attached to one of the Twin City trains. The car will be sent straight through to Sioux City, being in charge of two representatives of the packing company. It was scheduled for stops at Minneapolis and St. Paul, to pick up other men hired in those two cities.

Armour & Co., it was reported yesterday, was also hiring men here to send to the Chicago yards and packing house, and a shipment is likely to be made today.

No experience in the packing house business, it seems, is a necessary qualification, the packing companies being willing to take all able-bodied men who are willing to work. Among those who have already been sent are a large number of woodsmen and common laborers.

The packing companies are offering the men hired here 19 cents per hour, with transportation and free board during the strike. They will also be paid for all overtime.

An offer of this kind to men who have been getting from $30 to $35 per month is a strong inducement, and it is claimed that little trouble is encountered in picking up large crews. Most of the men that go are said to figure on making a little stake before there is any settlement of the strike. If there is a settlement of the strike and they are thrown out of employment, they figure on again taking up railroad work or work in the woods. If a settlement is reached in the next three or four weeks the men hired from this section of the country will probably head for the Western wheat fields.

ATTEMPT TO START MILLS NOT VERY SUCCESSFUL.

Fall River, Mass., July 26.—Attempts to start, made by the cotton mills here which were tied up by yesterday's strike, failed today in all cases save that of Hargraves, No. 2, which was able to open one or two departments. The opening of the second day found the situation practically the same as yesterday. The members of the state board of arbitration having left town without interviewing the labor secretaries, there seemed today to be no immediate prospect of any proposal to settle the difficulties.

DEFINITION OF SWAMP LAND

Opinion of Secretary Expressed in a Recent Decision.

There is such a variance of opinion locally as to the true definition of the term "swamp lands" as applied to lands granted the state by the government, that the opinions expressed on this question by the secretary of the interior, in his decision of the swamp land case of F. A. Hyde & Co., against the state of Minnesota and Mabel Evans, intervenor reported in yesterday's Herald, are of interest. The part of the decision referring to the definition of the words reads as follows:

"While the manner of determining the character of lands claimed to be swamp was loose and undetermined, your office (general land office) was wont to require the expression of the deputy surveyor's opinion, in the form of an affidavit, as to the character of the land. The deputy asked his principal a definition of swamp land for his guidance in making his affidavit and the surveyor general advised him:

"'I understand it to mean lands that are so wet as to be unfit for cultivation without artificial drainage. If the land in question, when cleared of timber, would be meadow land without artificial drainage, I think it would be classed as swamp land.'"

In view of this definition Merritt S. Cook made affidavit that the land in controversy would not be classed as swamp for the reasons that it is covered with a thick growth of fair sized timber; that the surface of the land is quite smooth, not boggy, and has little depth to hard bottom; that when cleared of timber it would make good meadow land without artificial drainage, and that he further believed that such was the character of the land on March 12, 1890. The decision continues:

"The definition or description of lands granted is the 'swamp and overflowed lands, made unfit for cultivation.' The affidavit was therefore irrelevant for two reasons: because it was a mere expression of opinion upon facts officially recorded by the affiant, not entitled to consideration as inconsistent with those facts so recorded; and further because it was made under a definition given to the words 'swamp lands' not warranted by the statute making the grant. The affidavit was no part of the field notes of survey, and was made under an erroneous and improper definition imposed upon the affiant by his superior, so that it was not even an expression of opinion of the affiant, entitled to credit were his opinion formed under view of the lands one of the facts to be considered."

FAIR FOLKS

Don't Blame Nature But Investigate.

Many claim they are nervous "by nature" when it is really only because they are slaves to the coffee or tea habit, and this is easily proved by cutting out the coffee or tea for 10 days and using well boiled Postum Food Coffee instead—then comes the change.

"I seemed endowed by nature with a nervious constitution," says a lady of Knoxville, Tenn., "and although I felt tea or coffee were bad for me the force of habit was so strong I just couldn't give them up.

"Someone suggested that I try cereal coffee, but I remembered what insipid drinks we used under that name during the civil war and so without ever looking into the subject or realizing what progress science has made in this direction I just wouldn't give Postum a trial until finally the W. C. T. U. in our city started an exchange where there were so many calls for Postum it was served regularly and many were thus induced to try it, myself among the number. How delighted I was to find it so agreeable, delicious and satisfying. As I had suffered from nervous prostration a change from tea and coffee was imperative, but all these troubles disappeared after I had used the Postum faithfully for a few weeks.

"A sister and a son-in-law were converted to Postum at the same time and now we all enjoy it as well as we ever did coffee but instead of making us nervous like coffee we enjoy steady nerves, sleep sound and are in every way better for the change." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

This lady found what she thought was natural nervousness was only due to an acquired taste for coffee that is to some people a sure destroyer of nerves and health. Like her, anyone who cuts off coffee altogether and uses well boiled Postum in its place will be greatly benefited after a few days and the return to health is a joyous journey.

There's a reason.

Look in each pkg. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

WHISKY SAVED

The Life of a Snake-Bitten Horse.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., July 26.—The life of a snake-bitten horse owned by William Carey, a farmer, has been saved by the judicious internal application of two quarts of good rye whisky soon after the horse was bitten. Carey was driving him through a field when a rattlesnake bit the horse on the leg. Carey tied a strap about the leg and drove home as quickly as possible. He forced the whisky down the horse's throat until the animal was drunk. This saved the horse's life. The leg swelled to a great size, and for a time the horse had a close call, but today it is recovering rapidly.

GULL ROOKERY.

An Interesting Sight on Caribou Island.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., July 26.—One of the most interesting sights seen at the place by the Michigan men who recently purchased Caribou island, 45 miles out from Whitefish point, in Lake Superior, and from which they have returned from a visit of inspection, it being their intention to convert the island into a hunting preserve, was a great gull rookery, where large numbers of the birds gather to breed. At one time several thousand gulls, maneuvering much as do military bodies, withdrew from the island a short distance and then charged in the direction of the party. When within a rod or two of the explorers the birds saw that the "enemy" could not be routed, and the flock broke up and retreated. The young gulls are tame and can be picked up in the hand. The lighthouse keeper on the island gathered 1400 eggs last spring for his summer supply. They are larger than the egg of the ordinary hen and are very good to eat, having no fishy taste, as is generally believed.

POISONED BY WHISKY.

One Man Dead and Another One Dying.

Albert Lea, Minn., July 26.—What seems to be a case of strychnine poisoning with fatal results was reported from Hartland, this county. John Billock and John Jake went to Peter Carbou's place, near Hartland village, and drank from a bottle supposed to contain whisky. Shortly after both were taken sick and while crossing a field to go to Billock's home, he fell dead, but Jake managed to get to help and was taken to a physician, and after hard work his lafe was saved. Report says that Carbou had lost whisky by theft before and made special preparation with the bottle Billock and Jake drank from. The physicians diagnosed the case as strychnine poisoning, and Carbou is in jail at Hartland awaiting an investigation by Coroner Spicer, who will conduct an autopsy upon the remains of Billock.

WHAT ARE THEY?

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. A new remedy for stomach troubles, billiousness, and constipation, and a good one. Price 25 cents. For sale by all druggists.

HOTEL CASHIER MISSING

With Valuables Belonging to the Guests.

Boston, July 26.—Alleging that he stole the contents of the Parker house safe, in which were kept cash and jewelry deposited by guests, the police are looking for Fletcher Barker, room cashier, who disappeared a week ago. The management says it cannot accurately state the amount of the loss, but it is supposed to be $10,000.

French & Bassett
DULUTH, MINN.
Corner First Street and Third Ave. West.

If we have served you well show it by using us more freely. If anything should be unsatisfactory tell us why and how—we are glad to get friendly criticism and suggestions that will help us to please our customers.

We extend you a hearty invitation to visit us often.

Center Tables $1.15.



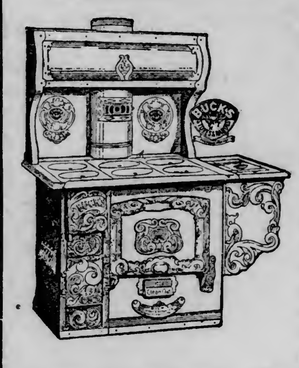
These are heavy solid Oak Center Tables—golden finish—have extra heavy turned legs—and shelf below. Top is 24x24 inches with moulded rim—the sort priced at $2.50 in the ordinary store.

Chiffonier $4.75



Made of solid oak — in golden finish—have five large roomy drawers—neat shaped and swell top—neat brass trimmings. An excellent Chiffonier and would be considered cheap in other stores at double the money.

Buck's Steel Range



$22.50 without Reservoir.

$30.00 with Reservoir.

Known as Buck's Century—a plain, small and compact steel range, built of the same high-grade material for which Buck's entire line is famous. Has duplex grates, two-piece oven, white enamel lining to oven doors and racks. The New Century is absolutely guaranteed to be the best medium-priced range on the market and the price is low enough to be within the reach of all. Have four 8½-inch lids, and oven is 14x20 inches in size.

Porch Furniture.

"Old Hickory"

and other very desirable makes in these seasonable goods. A large variety of Rockers, Chairs, Settees, Swings, etc., in the natural woods and in green and red. Prices are one of their strongest attractions.

$1.75 up.

Complete Housefurnishings Sold on Easy Monthly Payments.

Young Hair That means rich hair, heavy hair, no gray hair. Is yours thin, short, gray? Just remember, Ayer's Hair Vigor always restores color to gray hair, all the dark, rich color it had years ago. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Burrows' Clearance Sale!

Radical Reductions——Unequaled Bargains!

Boys' and Children's Clothing

HALF PRICE

Eton Suits
Novelty Suits

Russian Suits
Sailor Suits

$10 in Gold FREE To the Boy

Who reads this advertisement aloud to the greatest number of people. Competitors must secure the signature and address of every person to whom they read this ad. and bring the list to this store on or before Tuesday noon, August 2nd.

Call for blank lists tomorrow at Boys' Department and start to work. Every boy should be interested.

M. S. BURROWS.

In all the history of the Clothing trade, no sale ever offered such inducements! Boys' and Children's Clothing selling at less than actual wholesale cost and in many cases less than the cost of materials.

Take a look at our windows—They tell the story.

Our entire Third Avenue windows are given up to the display of BARGAINS.

ALL OF OUR CHILDREN'S

HALF PRICE ..... NOVELTY SUITS ..... NORFOLK SUITS ..... SAILOR SUITS ..... ETON SUITS ..... RUSSIAN SUITS ..... HALF PRICE

All Our Boys 3-Piece Knee Pant Suits Half Price.

All Our Boys' and Young Men's Long Pant Suits at a Discount of 20 Per Cent and 35 Per Cent.

250 BOYS' TWO-PIECE SUITS, sizes 8 to 15—Worsteds, cheviots, homespuns, blues, blacks and fancies; not a suit in the lot worth less than $3.50 to $6.00—all bunched at **$1.95**

280 BOYS' 2-PIECE SUITS, sizes 8 to 16—Finest imported materials, single and double breasted and Norfolk styles; blues, blacks and fancies. These are the last one or two from our best selling lines of this season; none worth less than $6.50 up to $15.00—choice.... **$4.45**

Choice of our entire stock of Boys' Straw Hats, former value 50c to $1.50—for 25c

Choice of our entire line of Children's Straw Hats, former value $1 to $2.50—for 50c

Boys' Wash Vests—white and fancy, sizes 8 to 20—at .....Half Price

Boys' light wool Jerseys—all colors—$1.50 grades for $1.15; $1.00 grades for 75c

Star Waists—best materials; $1.00 values, to close for 45c

Boys' Shirts—also Juvenile Shirts, with two separate collars; 50c values, to close 25c

Children's Play Suits; 50c grades for 25c

Boys' Knee Pants—50c values for 25c

Boys' $1 and $1.50 Knee Pants—at 50c

Boys' 15c Swimming Tights for 10c

Boys' Balbriggan Underwear, sizes 20, 22 and 24—regular 50c quality—to close 25c

Boys' Pajamas, best Madras, new colors—$1.00 values—to close, per suit 50c

Boys' Merino Underwear, odds and ends, 75c value, to close 35c

Boys' 25c Suspenders—leather ends—to close 15c

White Yacht Caps for boys and girls; 50c grades—each 25c

Boys' $1.50 Jerseys..$1.15

Boys' $1.50 Vests....75c

Choice of all Boys' Wash Vests at .....Half Price

M. S. Burrows | M. S. Burrows | M. S. Burrows

THE FLOUR RATE

Millers Now Complaining of Wide Difference Favoring Wheat.

Agitation Is an Annual Occurrence — South Shore G. A. R. Rate.

Every year when the flour market gets dull and the demand for vessel tonnage is so light that boats offer to carry wheat at very low rates, the flour millers agitate against the unfairness of maintaining a high rate on flour and carrying wheat so cheaply. Now and then the agitation brings a concession in the flour rate, but more often it does not. At the present moment the matter is again before the lake and rail interests, but the millers do not seem to be getting matters to a very satisfactory conclusion.

The present rate on flour from Minneapolis to Buffalo is 18½c per 100 pounds all rail and 16½c lake and rail. This is a lower all-rail figure than has existed for a long time. The rate to New York is 25c all rail and 23c lake and rail.

From Duluth the all-rail rate is the same, but there is a difference of 5c in favor of this city in the lake-and-rail rate, Duluth flour going to Buffalo at 11½c and to New York at 18c.

Now, for several weeks the grain rate to Buffalo from Duluth has been 1½c a bushel. It takes approximately 4½ bushels of wheat to make a barrel of flour, so that the wheat in a barrel of flour can be sent from Duluth to Buffalo at less than 6c a bushel, while the barrel of flour itself cannot be transported for less than 23c, a barrel weighing practically 200 pounds.

The fact that the same lines which maintain the rate on flour make the low rate on wheat is held by the millers to be particularly unjust. The line boats carry all of the flour from this port. When package freight is not of sufficient quantity to give them full cargoes, they go into the grain market to complete their loads. They want the tonnage and make the rate cheap to get it, for it means empty space if they do not get it. In this way they force the grain rate down. At one time it fell as low as 1c this summer and has been at 1½c for some time, though at the present moment it looks like stiffening, the line boats now getting enough flour to make their cargoes.

THE RATE TO BOSTON.

South Shore Expected to Announce $25.75 For G. A. R.

Although there were no actual developments today in the matter of the rate to be announced for the Boston meeting of the G. A. R. it was authentically learned that the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic would tomorrow announce a rate of $25.75 for the round trip, tickets to be sold Aug. 11 to 13, inclusive.

The only local line to announce the rate up to this time is the Great Northern, which has published prices of tickets at from $31.30 to $35, according to route.

An arrangement will be made by the South Shore people to have through sleeping car service to Boston on the going trip, which will put the Zenith City section on a par with the Twin Cities, which are to have through sleepers on the Minnesota G. A. R. official train. This fact is expected to bring some business via this city which would otherwise go via St. Paul.

STOP A RUNAWAY.

Rev. John Callahan Performs the Feat.

Rev. John Callahan stopped a runaway horse on Superior street yesterday afternoon, putting an end to danger to pedestrians likewise to the excitement which had been incited. About a quarter to 4o'clock he was coming out of Max Wirth's drug store, between Lake avenue and First avenue west, when he saw a runaway horse and wagon heading westward. The street was crowded with pedestrians and teams and some people tried to impede the runaway by going out in the street and waving their arms at it, which might have had the effect of driving it to the sidewalk.

Mr. Callahan ran behind the wagon, climbed in and by getting out on the shafts caught the lines and brought the horse to a stop about opposite the Y. W. C. A. rooms. The horse and wagon were the property of Henry Folz.

MERCHANT ENDS LIFE

Body of Oscar Freeberg Found In Detroit Lake.

Detroit, Minn., July 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—The body of Oscar Freeberg, a well-to-do and popular merchant of Moorhead, was found in Detroit lake, Monday night at 11 o'clock. Sunday afternoon he went out in a boat alone and all indications point to suicide. He was ill last winter with inflamatory rheumatism and nearly died. The recent report of his brother's death in Manila and the present illness of his mother is thought to have caused despondency.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Half Price Sale In Our Infants' Wear Section

Wednesday and Thursday Only.

NOTICE — *All goods bought after 25th of each month will be charged on next month's account* Silberstein & Bondy

The most important sale of its kind and an opportunity for mothers to make considerable savings on actual necessities in

White and Colored Wash Dresses, Russian Dresses, Buster Brown Dresses, Wash Coats and Bonnets, Infants' Wardrobes.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

$10 FREE.

The Prize Offered By M. S. Burrows In Unique Contest.

Parents may be interested in the advertisement of M. S. Burrows in this issue of The Herald. Every boy in Duluth will have an opportunity of being the winner in a unique contest which Mr. Burrows has just originated. The prize is $10 in gold, and coming as it does during vacation, all the boys have an equal chance of winning. There are no restrictions or conditions of any kind attached to the contest, which closes Tuesday, August 2nd. All boys who desire to enter should read the firm's advertisement in this issue and call at the boys' department of the Great Eastern tomorrow for blank lists.

PICNIC AND DANCE!

Given by the L. O. T. M., Duluth Hive, No. 1, Lester Park tomorrow, July 27th—Everybody invited. Sir Knights' Tent No. 1 especially. Tickets 25 cents. COMMITTEE.

EVELETH WANTS SCHOOL SITE

Committee of Citizens Calls on President T. F. Cole.

President Thomas F. Cole, of the Oliver Iron Mining company, was called on by an unusually large delegation from the range. The callers were from Eveleth and there were ten of them, as follows: J. H. Hearding, superintendent of the Spruce & Adams mines; George Dormer, R. R. Trezona, superintendent of the Payal mine; Hon. P. E. Dowling, editor of the Eveleth Star; F. C. Talboys, J. E. Robb, W. H. Bailey, J. C. Poole, Max P. Shapiro and Festus Lucian Bannon. Messrs. Hearding and Dormer represent the school board of Eveleth, who are desirous of securing a suitable site for the new high school, and the other gentlemen came along to give weight to the cause, Mr. Bannon representing the legal end.

The Oliver Iron Mining company controls most of the vacant property in Eveleth by reason of its mining rights, and there is some of the property so controlled which is not in direct use which the town would like to get the use of for a school site, among other things. Mr. Cole received the visitors courteously and appeared to be in thorough sympathy with the matter as put before him, assuring the gentlemen that he would do all he could to help their purpose.

Some time ago the Eveleth people decided on a new high school and had three sites under consideration. Of the three the Jones street site, in the center of the town, was looked on as the most ample and desirable. It comprises two city blocks, on which it is desired to put the school building, while the other is desired for a playground.

It is the desire of the people of Eveleth to have also an athletic park, to be surrounded by a driving track and golf links. The proposition regarding these amusement features is, however, as Mr. Bannon put it, in a nebulous state, the people being anxious to get the high school matter settled first of all.

COMMERCIAL LAW LEAGUE

Holds Tenth Annual Convention—Address By H. L. Wilgus.

West Baden, Ind., July 2.—The tenth annual convention of the Commercial Law league of America began here today with 250 members present from nearly every state. The league is composed of commercial lawyers and teachers of commercial law in educational institutions. The convention will close Thursday with the election of officers. The annual address of President F. L. Siddons, of Washington, D. C., opened the first session. Secretary John Reyl, of Washington, D. C., submitted his report showing a large increase in membership, and after the appointment of committees a recess was taken.

H. L. Wilgus, of the law department of the University of Michigan, delivered an address in which he answered the question, "Should there be a federal incorporation law?" He said in part: "Such a law would be beneficial to the business interests of the country; and such a law is necessary to the proper regulation of interstate commerce. I believe further that the federal government has the power to enact such a law, without constitutional amendment, and that such policy would not only be a wise one, but one in complete accord with the fundamental ideas of our government.

"From the investigations of our various commissions during the past twenty years, it has been made certain that the particular devices whereby evil is wrought, danger threatened, have been mainly five: 1, the acquisition, practically of monopoly power, through discrimination in transportation charges; 2, the destruction of legitimate competition by predatory competition of the holders of monopoly power; 3, the acquisition of monopoly power through the inter-holding of corporate shares; 4, the over capitalization of corporations, and 5, dishonest and irresponsible corporate promotion and management. The first two are matters of commerce and the last three of corporation law—and any regulation worthy of the name must include all and be a part of one system: for the government to regulate or attempt to regulate the commerce of any corporation, and the states in inter-holding of shares in other corporations, is worse than useless and only results in corporate regulation of commerce instead of either state or national regulation.

"It has been said states rights would be riddled. Now, let me ask, what rights of the states were riddled by the national banking act. It is certain that many state-created humbugs were punctured by the national banking law, but I know of no one who now maintains state's rights were destroyed.

"History justifies a liberal construction of the power entrusted to the national government whenever the exigency arises. The rule of construction and rule of policy are the same, and whenever the states are incompetent, or the harmony of all is disturbed by the individual legislation of one, the federal government should act in a matter entrusted to its care. For the national government thus to use a necessary and proper means of adequately regulating commerce, according to its existing exigencies, is not to change, but is to carry out the fundamental idea of our government, as it existed in the minds of its founders."

A social entertainment has been arranged for members of the league tonight.

Boys, read the Burrows ad tonight. $10 given away free.

I. S. W. A. Picnic, Menomonee, Wis., July 30.

For the annual picnic of I. S. W. A. at Menomonee, Wis., July 30th. Special train will leave C. St. P. M. & O. depot, foot Fifth avenue west at 12:01 a. m. Saturday, July 30th., arriving at Menominee at 8:10 a. m. Returning train will leave Menemonee at 9:15 p. m. same day. Fare $2.50 for the round trip. Tickets good only on special train.

Tickets on sale Friday, July 29th. at City Ticket office, 302 West Superior street or at depot.

Examination

For State Teachers' Certificates for First and Second grade will be held in the High schools, Duluth, Hibbing, Tower, Biwabik and Virginia, on August, 1, 2 and 3. 8:30 o'clock a. m.

A. T. PARK.

EMPLOYE SHOT.

Cynthiana, Ky., July 26.—Sudbury Smith, aged 17, and nephew of S. T. Fish, manager of the F. Keller company, one of the trust distilleries here, fatally shot Mark Whalen, an employe of the distillery, today. Smith escaped.

Boys, read the Burrows ad tonight. $10 given away free.

TASTELESS CASTOR OIL!

By a process of our own, we render Castor Oil as palatable as honey, without in the slightest degree affecting its medicinal properties. Children take it readily.

25c Per Bottle.

Prepared by

MAX WIRTH,

RED CROSS PHARMACY,
13 West Superior Street.

Sole Agent for
SUN CHOLERA CURE.

Chickering and Fischer PIANOS.
HOWARD, FARWELL & CO.,
Hunter Block, 29 West Superior St.
W. J. Allen, Local Manager.

Have your head massaged
HAVE YOUR FACE MASSAGED
With Mardorf's Massage Machine —newest thing in town.
Geo. J. Mardorf, St. Louis Hotel Barber Shop.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Woman Mistaken For Burglar, Shot By Her Husband.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Belle Fourche—It is hardly possible that Mrs. John Jacobs, residing near this city, will live as the result of a wound caused by her husband accidentally shooting her in the shoulder with a shot gun. A few nights ago, two strangers called at the ranch and asked to be entertained. Mrs. Jacobs, being alone at the time, told the men they could not stay, and they went a little ways from the house and crawled into a hay stack to sleep.

When Mr. Jacobs arrived in the evening, his wife told him that she would feel safer if he had his shot gun in the room to use in case the men in the hay stack attempted to break into the house. After they had retired and the husband had gone to sleep, the wife went to the window to look out and see if the strangers were near by. The husband, waking up suddenly, saw the form of his wife in the window and immediately grabbed his gun and shot, the charge tearing off the upper part of her shoulder.

Sioux Falls—A woman giving her name as Mrs. W. H. Wilson has been arrested by Chief Martin. She answers the description of a woman who is wanted by the authorities of Mankato, Minn., on the charge of forgery. Upon her arrival in Sioux Falls several days ago Mrs. Wilson was accompanied by a man who said his name was J. B. Wilson. They took quarters at the Cataract hotel and for a time lived in some style. But their troubles commenced when the man passed a forged check on a local dentist. Ascertaing beyond a doubt that the check was a forgery, the dentist had Wilson taken in custody. The prisoner asked to be permitted to confer with his wife. Upon entering the room occupied by the woman, Wilson tore off a screen, jumped to the roof of a low portion of the building about ten feet below, entered another room, passed through it and to the lower floor, where he disappeared. Chief Martin decided the woman was the one who was wanted by the Mankato authorities and placed her under arrest.

Horse thieves made an unusually daring raid through the northeastern portion of Minnehaha county, and are now believed to have eluded the vigilance of such officers as could be summoned and reached Minnesota, where the stolen animals have doubtless ere this been sold to unsuspecting persons.

The thieves first visited the barns and pastures of several farmers in the immediate vicinity of the town of Garretson, driving away four colts in the direction of Luverne, Minn., just across the state line. On their way out of the state they picked up two valuable three-year-olds belonging to Charles Millard of Garretson, and two colts owned by Thomas Kaufford. The raiders continued their journey northward and at a point about four miles east of Garretson took a lot of animals owned by Arne Larson, and several which belonged to residents of the town of Sherman.

The stolen animals were doubtless stampeded while being driven along the highway, for three of them, which escaped from the thieves, have been recovered straying along a road. Thus far not the slightest trace of the remainder of the stolen animals or of the thieves, has been found.

A. R. Schlosser has accepted the position of assistant to Superintendent S. E. Young of the state reform school at Plankinton. He succeeds S. K. Swan.

Canton—The bids for the construction of the new city hall and fire house will be opened on July 28 and the contract awarded. The new building will cost the city about $4000.

Spearfish—The new science hall has just been finished at the state normal school. It is to be dedicated before the opening of the school year in September.

Deadwood — The business men have chosen the third week in August for the big carnival. A large sum of money has been raised for the attractions.

Neche—A man named Hebert, from the Menonite settlement in Manitoba, was drowned in the Pembina river at that place.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Langdon—The preliminary hearing, lasting three days, of S. L. Hartzell and E. L. Bascom, for killing B. U. Stoddard, two weeks ago, was completed late Saturday night and the defendants were bound over for murder in the first degree without bail to await trial in the district court, which may not convene until November. The defendants called no witnesses except a few that the state had subpoenaed but did not use. It is quite likely the defense will apply to a higher court for bail pending the trial. Self-defense will be urged as a justification for the shooting.

Fargo—The Fargo Commercial club is planning a trip over the Northern Pacific in this state early next month. It is thought the route will include the Southwestern, the Cooperstown, the Jamestown Northern, the James River branches and the main line. It is planned to have a special train with two sleepers, a dinner and a baggage car. About 100 business men will go and short stops will be made at all the towns.

The men who have committed so many hold-ups have been arrested and are in jail here. They were arrested in Moorhead and turned over to the Fargo authorities. Two watches taken from victims on this side were found in their possession and identified.

The returns from the butter scores of North Dakota creameries at the St. Louis exposition shows R. F. Flint, New Salem, 93; Victor Glantz, Lisbon, 92½; R. S. Kaunzer, Havana, Gust Kreumpel, La Moure, Fred Knolen, Wishek, all 92. Mrs. H. C. Moen, of Grand Forks, scored 90 on dairy butter.

The institution of the paid fire department is causing a shift in the volunteer organizations. The three companies have been organized for many years and will retain their association in other quarters for the sake of old times. Their paraphernalia has been sold to the city, but the medals, badges and other souvenirs were retained. The Yerxas held the world's record for the best time ever made in a hose contest.

Grand Forks—Andrew Wiek is dead and Carl Honquist lies in the hospital seriously injured as the result of a fall from a scaffold at the new building which is being erected at the Belmont school.

OLD SORES CURED

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE.

Cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Poisoned Wounds. All Sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Draws out all poison. Saves expense and suffering. Cures permanent. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c. J. F. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., St. Paul, Minn.

$500 WILL BUY INTEREST IN

money-making, incorporated industrial, comprising FOUR products in wide and constant demand, and market ready made. Special bargain to investors. Write today for printed matter, giving particulars. Address

E. W. R., CHARLESTON, Kanawha Co., West Virginia.

DEVOURED BY WOLVES

Shocking Fate of Indian Children Abandoned By Father.

St. Paul, July 26.—A special to the Dispatch from Edmonton, N. W. T., says: Sergeant McLeod, of Fort Chippewayan, arrived here today with an Indian prisoner, who was charged with having abandoned his two children, a boy aged four years and a girl aged 2 years at Fond Du Lac, on Lake Athabasca.

The children had been missed and a search for them was instituted with the result that they were found to have been devoured by wolves, only their clothing, bloody and torn, remaining. The prisoner was severely reprimanded by the court, who sentenced him to two years imprisonment saying that if the prisoner had been a white man he would have received the limit allowed by law. It was shown that the father had left the little ones in the wilderness without food or protection, evidently with the intention of getting rid of them.

Speaking of Quality



Just Open a Bottle of **BLATZ WIENER BEER**

MILWAUKEE.

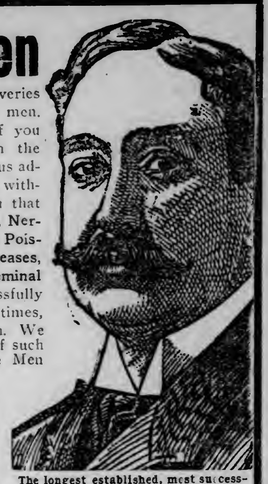
There's where the quality argument comes in—it's in every bottle or keg that bears the Wiener label. Order Wiener for the sake of your health—and the health of your family. Every bottle sterilized.

Blatz Malt-Vivine (Non-Intox.) Tonic

Val Blatz Brew. Co. Milwaukee.

Duluth Branch, Lake Ave. S. and Railroad St. Phone 62.

We Want Men



To come to us to learn the latest discoveries for the cure of diseases peculiar to men. Science is never at a standstill. If you have been treated unsuccessfully in the past, we want to show you the enormous advancement which has been made even within a recent period, and convince you that such maladies as **Varicocele, Stricture, Nervo-Sexual Debility, Contagious Blood Poison, Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases, Small, Weak Organs, Discharges, Seminal Emissions,** are now easily and successfully cured by us because we are up to the times, and no discovery escapes our attention. We spare no expense in the acquisition of such appliances as are necessary to cure Men thoroughly and quickly.

Make no Experiments, consult specialists who have demonstrated by thousands of successful cures and long residence that they do CURE.

Consultation Free and Confidential.
Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Sundays—10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men, as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

Progressive Medical Association,
No. 1 West Superior Street, Cor. of Lake Avenue, Duluth, Minn.

TAGGART'S CAREER

Rose From a Lunch Counter to the Party Councils.

A Politician Who Has Made Money In the Trade.

New York, July 26.—Twenty-seven years ago when the grils in the lunch counter at the Indianapolis railroad station said "draw one" the faucet in the coffee urn was turned by a red cheeked, blue-eyed, broad-shouldered Irishman.

Unless plans change over night, or Judge Alton B. Parker sends a message to the contrary, that same Irishman, still red-cheeked, will be made chairman of the Democratic national committee and placed in charge of the Parker and Davis campaign.

His name is Thomas Taggart. In the years between 1877 and the present time he has been county auditor of Marion county, Indiana's governor twice, mayor of Indianapolis three times, chairman of the Democratic state committee and a member of the Democratic national committee. He has grown in a business way, too. He grew from the lunch counter in the station to a restaurant of his own, then to the proprietorship of a small hotel, then to a larger hotel, and finally to the ownership of the Grand hotel in Indianapolis and a chief interest in the resort at French Lick Springs, Indiana.

Taggart is just what he is said to be—a politician. He believes in getting results. He does not theorize. He does not plan complicated campaigns. He gets out and gets votes. He can see an advantage as quickly as any one, and a good deal quicker than many. If he is placed in charge of the Parker campaign he will have an active canvass started in ten days.

Taggart has had an ambition to be chairman of the Democratic national committee since 1890. There was much dissent among the Democrats with Senator James K. Jones, who managed the Bryan campaign of 1896, and Taggart said he would like to try his hand at it. Mr. Bryan sent word that Jones must be re-elected. He said it would not be fair to take him from the chairmanship because he lost in 1896. Taggart acquiesced cheerfully. Then, when the present campaign came on, he frankly stated his ambitions again.

He was born in Waterford, Ireland, on Nov. 17, 1856. His father emigrated to this country when Taggart was a child. The family settled in Xenia, Ohio. Later they moved to Garrett, Ind. Taggart had such education as he could get out of the country schools. He was forced to go to work when he was fifteen, and whn he was seventeen he got his job in the lunch counter in the Indianapolis station. He walked there from Garret.

Taggart cut sandwiches and was the general handy man in the restaurant until he was twenty-one.

A few years later, early in the eighties, he secured some backing and bought a small hotel near the station. He kept a good hotel. The best office in Indiana at that time was the auditorship of Marion county, in which Indianapolis is situated. The fees of the place amounted to about $50,000 a year.

Marion county had been Republican since 1860. There appeared to be no chance for a Democratic nominee. The convention met and Thomas Taggart, the young Democrat who kept a hotel, said he would take the nomination for auditor if nobody else wanted it.

Taggart was nominated unanimously. He went out in the country and he canvassed the city.

He was elected. That $50,000 job gave him his start. Two years later, in 1888, after he had been made chairman of the Democratic county committee, he carried Marion county against Benjamin Harrison, which was an amazing thing, as Harrison lived in Indianapolis, and Marion county had gone Republican in every presidential campaign since 1876.

Meantime Taggart had expanded his hotel business. He secured control of the Grand hotel, one of the leading hotels of the city, fixed it up, and, became a hotelkeeper in earenst. He became candidate again in 1890, and won by a larger majority than he had in 1888. He served until 1896, all the time making friends in Indiana. He was chosen chairman of the Democratic state committee in 1892 and served for four years. He had been chairman of the city committee and had helped twice to elect Judge Sullivan as mayor.

After he had finished his second term as auditor he stepped out in the open and said he would like the nomination for mayor of Indianapolis. He was elected in 1895 and re-elected twice after that, serving as mayor until 1901. Taggart had gone on the national Democratic national committee and had supported Bryan in 1896. Indianapolis gave McKinley a plurality of 6000 over Bryan. Taggart's first re-election as mayor followed, his majority being over 4000. He was elected a third time by about the same plurality two years later.

In 1900 Taggart continued on the Democratic national committee. Indiana was a Bryan state. Taggart was "regular" in both the Bryan campaigns. He did his best to elect Bryan.

Then, after the second Bryan campaign, he refused to be bound any longer by the theories of the twice-defeated leader and he went to the Washington meeting of the Democratic national committee on Jan. 12 last to help in the selection of a conservative candidate.

Taggart was early identified with the Parker forces. Shortly after the January meeting he had a conference with W. F. Sheehan and the other Parker managers in New York and on his return to Indiana went to work to get that state for Parker.

Taggart went to St. Louis and was at once put in the confidence of the Eastern Parker leaders.

His largest business enterprise now is the French Lick Springs hotel, of which he is president and manager. He is worth some money. He is married and has several children.

He has been described to Judge Parker as a man thoroughly up-to-date in his political methods, of enormous energy and of great courage. His own philosophy is embodied in the sentiment which he frequently uoqtes—"Never worry about what happens—unless it happens to you;" and in another phrase which is, "You can't win unless you have the votes—so get the votes."

FOOTBALL ASPIRANTS.

Petitions, galore, have been presented to our universities, praying for the modification of football and other games; but, withal, such sports have become more popular and more exciting than ever. A student today, who is not equipped with sufficient sinew to "join in," might as well remain at home. The young generation should develop their strength, and pillsbury's vitos, the pure wheat food, will do it.

REVOLUTION SUPPRESSED.

San Juan, P. R., July 26.—Rear Admiral Sigsbee's squadron, the flagship Newark and the gunboats Topeka and Scorpion, arrived today from Santo Domingo, where they had escorted Minister Dawson after a tour of the principal coast cities of the republic. Admiral Sigsbee says that the revolution in Santo Domingo has been completely suppressed and that an extended period of peace is likely.

TWO KILLED BY SEWER GAS.

Warsaw, Ind., July 26.—City Marshal William H. Funk and City Engineer J. V. Goodman were killed yesterday by sewer gas in a lift well. Funk descended into the well to inspect the walls. He was asphyxiated, crying for help as he became unconscious. Goodman went after Funk, but no sooner reached the bottom of the well than he too succumbed to the gas.

Woman's Nature

Is to love children, and no home can be completely happy without them, yet the ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass usually is so full of suffering, danger and fear that she looks forward to the critical hour with apprehension and dread. **Mother's Friend,** by its penetrating and soothing properties, allays nausea, nervousness, and all unpleasant feelings, and so prepares the system for the ordeal that she passes through the event safely and with but little suffering, as numbers have testified and said, "it is worth its weight in gold." $1.00 per bottle of druggists. Book containing valuable information mailed free.

Mother's Friend

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

ANOTHER GOING

Second Y. M. C. A. Party Will Leave For St. Louis Aug. 15.

That Will Be Association Week at the Big Fair.

Another World's Fair party, gotten up by the local Y. M. C. A., will leave Duluth in a special car for St. Louis on August 15. The first party of this kind visited the exposition early in the present month ,and proved to be such a success that it was determined another similar trip should be organized.

The week beginning August 15 will be known as Y. M. C. A. week at the fair, and special athletic events will be pulled off at the large physical culture stadium. The cream of American athletes will be present to compete in all events, both as individuals and as teams, and it is probably that many records will be broken. It is hardly likely that any of the local association men will participate in the athletic contests.

The idea of going to St. Louis in a private car is proving to be a popular one. About twenty-five people are accommodated in each car, and as all members of the party are from the same community more pleasure is derived from the trip than would be the case if one traveled alone, or in company with only one or two others. A very low rate for the round trip has been secured, and the price includes all railroad fare, meals for the entire week at the fair, a berth for each person in the private hotel car from the time of leaving home until the return, admissions for five days to the grounds, etc. The car is switched on a side track within less than a block of the main entrance to the grounds, making it very convenient for the sight seers.

In the party to leave in August will be Rev. Hannum, of the Congregational church, Superior, A. J. Wentzell, also of Superior, and several of their friends.

LOCKRIDGE IMPLICATED

In Plot to Rob the Home of the Starbucks.

New Castle, Ind., July 26.—Haley Gipe, who has been held in the county jail here since the death of Mrs. William Starbuck and her baby, both of whom were found at the bottom of an abandoned well at their home near Greensboro, has told the officers of a plot to rob the Starbuck home, in which he implicates William Lockridge, who is also being held as a suspect and a friend whose name he refuses to divulge.

Gipe alleges that on Friday night, July 8, William Lockridge and another friend came to him and told of a plot to rob the Starbuck home the next night and urged him to take part. Gipe admitted that they knew that Starbuck sold a number of hogs the day before and that the money amounting to several hundred dollars, was kept in the house. According to Gipe the plan was to frighten Mrs. Starbuck into silence and then to compel her to reveal the hiding place of the money. Gipe declares that he stoutly refused to enter into the plot but agreed to keep quiet. Lockridge, who is 65 years old, has not been informed of Gipe's statement.

TWO KILLED IN COLLISION

Indianapolis Street Car Run Down By Passenger Train.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 26.—Two persons were killed and several injured in a collision between a southbound Big Four passenger train and a westbound Prospect-Blake electric car at Washington and Missouri streets, at 6:05 last evening. The dead:

SAMUEL ROMANS, about 50 years old, white, crushed beyond recognition.

MRS. WILLIAM J. HARRIS, colored, 40 years old, badly mangled about the head and body.

The injured: Mrs. Logan, suffered from shock; Kate Ward, colored, cut about head and face; W. R. Shannon, bruised and injured about head; Mamie Otwell, 26 years old, cut over eye and bruised seriously; Helen Mendenhall, aged 3, badly bruised; George H. Atkins, cut about head and legs; Joseph A. Harmon, cut about head.

The locomotive struck the front of te electric car, throwing it a distance of twenty feet to one side, its direction being almost reversed. The train was stopped within a few yards of Washington street and the crew assisted in clearing the wreckage and caring for the injured.

The cause of the accident is not clear. Conflicting stories are told by the passengers and witnesses, several of whom say that the motorman applied the air brakes, which failed to respond. Others claim that the conductor of the electric car failed to proceed ahead of the car for the purpose of seeing that the track was clear.

DAVIS TO MARRY.

Vice Presidential Candidate to Wed In Fall.

Philadelphia, July 26.—A special to the North American from Washington, D. C., says: The news comes from Shepherdstown, W. Va., that Ex-Senator Henry G. Davis, the Democratic vice-presidential candidate, will in the fall marry Mrs. Catherine Reynolds, widow of Dr. John Reynolds of Shepherdstown. Mrs. Reynolds is 70 years old, while Senator Davis is eighty. There is a youthful romance back of the story. When Mr. Davis was a railroad brakeman he became a suitor for her hand. He proposed to the young lady, whose maiden name was Katherine Cushwa. She was willing, but the family which was one of the most prominent in Washington county, Maryland, objected because he was only a poor railroad man. Davis disappeared and she later married Dr. Reynolds. Mrs. Reynolds has two grown-up children and a half dozen grand children.

A friend of the Home—A foe of the Trust

Calumet Baking Powder

Moderate in price—Makes purest food.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Advices received by the commissioner of the general land office show that the total registration for Rosebud Indian lands, which ended at 6 o'clock Saturday night, reached 196,326. There are only 21,500 selections to be made. The drawing will take place at Chamberlain Thursday.

A farmer named Kive, living near New York Mills, Minn., shot and instantly killed his son and then committed suicide.

James Kennedy, aged 31, Monday night shot his wife, aged 20, at Youngstown, O. He then ran to a building under construction and entering fired two bullets into his own body. When the police arrived Kennedy fired upon them and was only subdued after a fierce struggle. Kennedy's wounds are not serious.

By the breaking of a derrick at a roller lift bridge in process of construction in the southern outskirts of Cleveland by the Newburg & South Shore railroad Monday, one man was instantly killed and three others injured, one of them fatally. The dead man is Frank Lowman, aged 22, formerly of Titusville, Pa. Earnest Johnstown was fatally injured.

Lou Scholes, winner of the diamond sculls, was given a royal reception on his return to Toronto Monday night. On the arrival of the Corona at 5 o'clock, fully 20,000 people had assembled on the Yonge street wharf. Through a big crowd of people Scholes was escorted to Queen's park, where he was presented with an illuminated address and a cabinet of silver valued at $1000.

Mrs. Blanche Madden, 23 years old, the wife of Edward Madden, the song writer, committed suicide in New York Monday night by taking carbolic acid. She had recently been an inmate of an insane hospital.

When Baggageman Blades of the Grand Trunk depot, at Pontiac, Mich., came home at 7 o'clock Monday night, he found the doors fastened. He broke into the house, found his wife and baby on the floor, both dying from the effects of poison administered by the woman. The baby is now dead and the wife cannot live. Despondency is given as the cause.

THE STAGE.

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Elliott-Courtenay company in "Dr. Jeykell and Mr. Hyde."

CAST:

Dr. Jeykell .....Richardson Cotton
Edward Hyde .....Richardson Cotton
Mr. Utterson .....John Doyle
Dr. Lanyon .....George Berry
Kit .....Leslie Morosco
Inspector Newcomb ....Walter Goodrich
Sir Danvers Carew .....Kirby
Poole .....Earle Stirling
Alice Carew .....Eulalna Bennett
Nellie .....Lelia Shaw
Martha .....Leah La Force

"Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde" was given its first presentation by a stock company in Duluth last night. As produced before a large audience at the Lyceum by the Elliott-Courtenay company the drama was an entire success. The remarkably fine acting of the leading characters called for frequent and enthusiastic applause.

The dual role of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde was taken by Richardson Cotton. As Mr. Hyde he was as repulsive and horrible in appearance and actions as the most imaginative lover of Stevenson's works could desire, and as the doctor in the emotional scenes he was very realistic. The sudden changes from one character to another were skillfully brought about.

Miss Eulalia Bennett appeared as Gladys, and to excellent advantage. Good work was done by John Doyle as Mr. Utterson, and Lelia Shaw did well as Nellie, sister of Gladys. All other members of the company, as usual, were good. The merit of the production will doubtless keep the house well filled during the remainder of the week.

The rarest combination of good things ever put together is Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It cures pimples, indigestion, constipation, rheumatism, sick headache. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

To Mellin Conference.

John Goodell, of the local Y. M. C. A., accompanied by Mrs. Goodell, E. O. Reppe and Miss Goodell, the latter of Barnum, left Duluth yesterday for Lake Galilee, near Mellen, Wis., to attend the Northland summer Bible school and conference, which is in session from July 1 to July 31. John Callahan, J. K. Stone and Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Baird expect to leave for the conference this evening.

This is the third annual session to be held at the lake, where the missionaries of the Northland and Bethany Missionary association have their summer rest home. The conference is in the nature of a Chautauqua. Speakers of prominence, from all parts of the country, are in attendance.

SOME PEOPLE ARE CROSS AND UGLY,

From Stomach and Liver Troubles—Cured by Rea Bros.' Cascarin.

"Do you know that thousands of men become irritable, cross and mean on account of their liver?" Nothing irritates a man so much as the general rundown feeling produced by disorder of the bowels. He can enjoy none of those things which tend to make life pleasant. He becomes isolated from his friends because their good humor grates on his nerves. He looks upon life through blue glasses. He feels miserable all over. If he only took a good dose of Rea Bros.' Cascarin he would soon feel considerable better. This remedy is prescribed by physicians for all stomach troubles, and is a great family laxative, having stood the test for years. If your bowels are not in good order, get a bottle of Cascarin at once. Do not let your complaint drag on until some awful disease like Appendicitis sets in. Take Cascarin. It is the only laxative that deserves a place in every home, being made from roots, barks, herbs, plants and berries, nature's true remedies. The manufacturers guarantee it to be satisfactory or they will refund the money paid for it. A large bottle, fifty cents. At all leading druggists.

HAS GOOD TIME

Aged Farmer Visits St. Louis Despite Seventeen Children's Protests.

Many Reports at Marinette Concerning His Probable Fate.

St. Louis, July 26.—August Roder, 74 years old and the father of 17 children ranging in age from 6 to 47 years, merrily admits that he ran away from his home near Marinette, Wis., to see the Fair, and that his absence has created all sorts of reports concerning his probable fate.

Now he is willing to go back home, and says he will return Saturday night. He has seen the Fair, Union station and Eads bridge, fallen from a street car, escaped the clutches of a confidence man and otherwise enjoyed himself, and is ready to go back to his farm.

Mr. Roder told the story himself Saturday morning at the hotel where he has been stopping since he reached St. Louis.

"I wanted to see the Fair," he said, "and my children didn't want me to come. There are ten girls and seven boys in my immediate family, and when they are a unit on a matter it is a hard matter to get around them.

"But, I'm a little cute and I worked out a little scheme. Last Saturday I took my three youngest children to town, bought them some shoes and sent them back home, telling them I would be back after a while. Then I took a train for Green Bay, and bought a round trip ticket for St. Louis.

"I had plenty of money with me, but didn't intend to spend it foolishly. So I found a hotel as soon as I got here, and have been enjoying myself.

"My, but your Fair is a great one! It's worth running away to see, even if you do have to dodge a big family and worry them half to death because they don't know where you are. I've seen the Fair pretty thoroughly for an old man, and I haven't missed many of the other big things here.

"But yesterday was the first day I have spent down town. I went down to your Union station to take a look at it. It is big and fine—fine! I went all over it and through it.

"Then I wanted to see Eads bridge. I walked out on Nineteenth street, and there I saw a clever looking young fellow with his coat over his arm. He said he didn't have anything much to do, and would walk down to the bridge with me. We looked at it from the levee, and then we walked across it. Next we came back to Nineteenth street. He invited me into a saloon there to have a drink; but I didn't want a drink. He said he had to have one, and I remained outside to wait for him.

"While I was waiting another young man came up to me. 'Say,' he said, "you'd better cut that fellow out; he's a con man, and he'll get your wad if you ain't careful.' Then he told me he was a detective and showed me his badge. So I didn't wait for my friend, but caught a street car and went down town.

"I tried to get off the car too soon, however, and fell, hurting my hand some. The conductor showed me a lot of attention—asked me if I was hurt and asked my name and address, and brushed off my clothes.

"I guess it was a good thing the detective saw me when he did."

The old runaway smiled and reached into his coat pocket. He took out a piece of wrapping paper and began to unfold it, displaying rather more than $500 in bills.

"I guess you ain't a con man," he said. "So I'm safe in 'showing' you. The young fellow might have got all this, and my visit to St. Louis wouldn't have been so funny.

"I didn't know until yesterday that my little runaway had kicked up such a rumpus at home. But I met a man from my section, and he told me they were advertising for me, and the papers were printing articles about me being murdered, and the family was having an awful time trying to find me. So I guess I'll go home and let them see I'm all right and not too old to take care of myself.

"If you ever get up in the neighborhood of Marinette, just drop around to my farm and see me and meet my family."

WOMAN BITES HER CAPTOR

Accused Female Bandit Chewed New York Officer's Thumb.

New York, July 26.—Whether Anna Budenhagen is a bold, bad burglar remains to be proved by the police, but that she can bite like a catamount Detective Sergeant McCormick knows to his cost. When a burglary charge against the woman failed in the Butler street court, in Brooklyn, he asked to have her retained in custody on a charge of assault.

Anna is a woman of mystery. For the last two months she has lived in Twelfth street, Brooklyn, but the other persons in the house say they know nothing about her. She dresses plainly, but well, and says she is a laundress, but none of her neighbors ever have seen her work. She gives her age as 25 but those who have seen her say she is conservative in her estimate.

Her connection with the burglary by which William Cochrane lost silverware to the value of $150 on May 8 rests on nothing but the haiezst supicion. Her connection with Sergt. McCormick's thumb was more tangible.

It was the culmination of a brilliant campaign of sleuthing, in which Cochrane and Bridget, the maid-of-all work, in his family, won equal distinction. It was Bridget who first suggested that the tall, stiff-featured woman, who had called at the house several times to keep an appointment with the lawyer, which he said he had never made, probably was a member of the gang that had done the job. And it was Bridget who was shaking the mats on the front step on last Saturday when the tall stranger passed by on the other side of the street.

For Bridget to drop the mats and disguise herself in her Sunday dress was the work of a minute. Then she went hot-foot on the trail. She followed her quarry to Nostrand avenue, but lost her near Clifton place. However, she had seen the strange woman make a mark with a piece of chalk on the sidewalk outside a vacant house.

"Another signal to the gang," mused Bridget, as she returned home to report progress. That afternoon Cochrane himself took up the chase, and at last trailed the woman to a house in Third street. He sent for McCormick, and the two followed her to Twelfth street. McCormick called on Sunday morning and was shown to her room. Anna turned and bit him.

She told Magistrate Dooley in court she thought McCormick "was a bum," but the detcetive urged that was no reason for her taking his thumb in her mouth and gnawing it. Before she is brought before the court on Thursday he will try to learn something more about the woman besides her peculiar taste for thumbs.

GRATTON WINS CHAMBER OF COMMERCE STAKES.

Detroit, July 26.—Baron Gratton, driven by Ed. Geers, yesterday afternoon at the Blue Ribbon meeting of the Detroit Driving club, which opens the grand trotting circuit, won the $500 Chamber of Commerce stakes for 2:24 pacers. It was the fastest race in the history of the stake, the former record of 2:06¾, made in 1902 by Direct Hall being broken in the first heat, which was won by Morning Star. The record was paced at 2:06¾, by Morning Star in this heat and this mark was equalled by Baron Gratton in the second heat. Baron Gratton then equalled Direct Hall's record in the third heat. An equal feature of the day with the Chamber of Commerce was the appearance of Lou Dillon, the famous trotter in an attempt to break the Grosse Point track record. Driven to wagon by her owner, C. K. G. Billings, Lou Dillon succeeded only in equalling the record, 2:06¾. The time by quarters was :30½; 1:02½; 1:34; 2:06¾.

Baron Gratton was favorite for the Chamber of Commerce, bringing $350 in early pools with China Maid second choice at $200 and Morning Star third choice at $200.

TREASURER GOES WRONG.

Holyoke, Mass., July 26.—John R. Blaney, for eighteen years treasurer of the Eastern division of the American Wire Workers' association, has disappeared and in a letter to the secretary of the division, mailed from Chicago, he admits peculations amounting to over $10,000. The money was taken from the sick and death benefit fund of the association. The fund was on deposit in the Holyoke Savings bank and it is supposed that Blaney covered the shortage by having two bank books, the one examined by the auditors of the association being found all right.

Burlington Route

A Profitable Combination

Combine business, sight-seeing and pleasure. The Burlington will route your ticket to St. Louis direct or via Chicago, with ample stop-over at Chicago; or will allow stop-over at St. Louis on all tickets (regardless of limit or whether one-way or round trip) to points beyond St. Louis. Where are you going? Let us advise you how to include St. Louis. Your nearest agent will tell you, or drop us a postal card.

F. M. RUGG, Northwestern Passenger Agent,
A. L. EIDEMILLER, Traveling Passenger Agent,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

They Are the Finest, Our
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RALLY NOT ENOUGH

Duluth Starts Things In Ninth Inning But Falls Short.

Crookston Drags Game For Darkness—Fargo Trims Winnipeg.

NORTHERN LEAGUE.

STANDING.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Duluth	58	41	17	.707
Crookston	57	29	28	.509
Grand Forks	59	30	29	.508
Superior	59	27	32	.458
Winnipeg	58	25	33	.431
Fargo	59	23	36	.390

GAMES YESTERDAY.
Superior, 7; Duluth, 6.
Fargo, 7; Winnipeg, 2.

GAMES TODAY.
Duluth at Superior.
Fargo at Winnipeg.
Crookston at Grand Forks.

Shaw's curves looked good to Bugville yesterday and the Demon was hammered freely. Even "Si" Bennett located the benders without trouble, and brought his average up to respectable proportions. He secured a nice double and two singles out of four times up. Kilroy held Duluth safe until the ninth inning.

Both teams jumped into the game in the first. Shepard was hit by a pitched ball, Corrigan went safe on Benson's error, and Randall scored Shep with a pretty hit. O'Leary's bunt scored Corrigan.

Anderson led off for Superior with a two-bagger. Baxter was safe on an error by Wilkes, and O'Dea's two-bagger cleared the bases.

For the next seven innings Kilroy's curves were very mysterious and he kept the Duluth sluggers guessing, while the Bugville batters piled up five more runs off Shaw's mild efforts.

In the ninth the Duluth batters started their usual tactics of robbing the opposition team of the game by a batting rally, and they were stopped just in time to prevent snatching a victory. Zink, the first man up, struck out, but Rogers dropped the ball and the big first baseman was safe on first. Cox reached first on Kilroy's error, and Gehring's two-bagger scored them both. Wilkes reached first on an error, and both he and Gehring scored on Shepard's single. With but one man out and one run needed to tie the score, Baxter pulled off a fast double play on Randall's hot infield hit, retiring the side.

Several changes have taken place in the Superior team. Doll has been granted his release and will go to Chicago. Egan has been dropped and will leave for Vancouver. Spike Anderson has asked for and secured his release and will go to the Iowa league. Pitcher Freeman has recommended a center fielder and infielder from Hibbing and they will be given a trial. Meanwhile Rogers is acting as captain of the team in place of Doll. The score:

DULUTH.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Shepard, 2b	4	1	1	2	6	2
Corrigan, rf	5	1	0	2	0	1
Randall, lf	5	0	1	2	0	0
O'Leary, c	3	0	2	4	1	0
Zink, 1b	4	1	0	9	1	0
Cox, 3b	4	1	1	0	1	0
Wilkes, ss	4	1	0	4	2	0
Gehring, cf	4	1	1	0	0	1
Shaw, p	3	0	0	1	2	0
*Noblin	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	37	6	6	24	13	4

SUPERIOR.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Anderson, cf	5	1	2	1	0	0
Baxter, 2b	5	1	1	1	1	1
O'Dea, 1b	3	1	2	13	1	0
Leach, rf	4	0	0	1	0	0
Egan, 3b	2	1	0	3	2	2
Rogers, c	3	0	0	5	1	1
Benson, ss	4	0	1	2	4	0
Bennett, lf	4	2	1	1	0	0
Kilroy, p	1	0	0	0	3	1
Totals	31	7	9	27	12	6

*Batted for Shaw in ninth.

Score by innings:

Duluth	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	—6
Superior	2	0	2	1	0	1	0	1	x	—7

Summary: Two-base hits—Gehring, Anderson, O'Dea, Bennett. Stolen bases—Baxter, Leach. Bases on errors—Superior, 3; Duluth, 4. Double plays—Shepard to Wilkes to Zink; Baxter to O'Dea. Left on bases—Superior, 7; Duluth, 8. Passed ball—Rogers. Struck out—By Kilroy, 6; by Shaw, 2. Base on balls—Off Shaw 1. Hit by pitched ball—Kilroy, 1; Shaw, 2. Time of game, 1:50. Umpire—Hogan.

PLAYED FOR TIME.

Crookston Employs Questionable Tactics at Grand Forks.

Grand Forks, July 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Crookston team was late in arriving yesterday and an evening game was scheduled to be played at 6:30.

The Tigers started after Martin in the first two innings and batted out four runs. The Crookston men, seeing that the game was lost, played for time, and endeavored to have the game called for darkness before completing the five innings.

Martin would not throw the ball over the plate, and endeavored to fill the bases but the Grand Forkes men struck at everything and were retired in order. The Crookston men lingered on their way to the bat and Patterson threw the ball into the field to further delay the game. The contest was turned into a farce and was finally called at the end of the fourth inning on account of darkness. The score:

Grand Forks	3	1	0	0	x	—	4			
Crookston	0	0	0	0	0	—	0			

Batteries—Martin and Henry; Morton and Check. Umpire—Criss.

Fargo Wallops Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, July 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fargo won yesterday's game at Winnipeg in easy fashion. Green was batted hard by the visitors. The fielding of White and Rose and the batting of Nehr were the features of the game.

Hanson pitched good ball and held the home team safe with the exception of one inning. The score:

Fargo	0	1	0	1	3	0	2	—	7	
Winnipeg	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	—	2

Batteries—Green and Clarke; Hanson and Buckwalter. Umpire—Smith.

THE OTHER LEAGUES.

National League.

STANDING.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
New York	82	59	23	.720
Cincinnati	84	51	33	.607
Chicago	81	49	32	.605
Pittsburg	79	46	33	.582
St. Louis	81	44	37	.543
Brooklyn	87	31	56	.356
Boston	82	26	56	.313
Philadelphia	80	21	59	.262

CINCINNATI, 4; CHICAGO, 3.

Chicago, July 26.—In a ragged fielding game on both sides, Cincinnati won in the tenth inning. The locals did much the better hitting but their errors were costly and one of Lundgreen's passes developed into a run. Attendance, 3000. Score:

											R	H	E
Chicago	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	—3	13	4	
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	—4	8	3	

Batteries—Lundgreen and O'Neill; Walker and Schlei. Umpires, Moran and Johnstone.

PITTSBURG WINS TWO.

Pittsburg, July 26.—Pittsburg won both games with ease. The pitchers in both games did good work and were well supported except in the second game, when Brooklyn's three errors netted two runs for Pittsburg. There were no special features in either game. Attendance, 6500. Scores:

First game—

									R	H	E
Pittsburg	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	x	—3	9	0
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	7	0

Batteries—Flaherty and Smith; Cronin and Bergen. Umpire, Zimmer.

Second game—

										R	H	E
Pittsburg	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	x	—4	5	1
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	—1	4	3

Batteries—Case and Carish; Garvin and Ritter. Umpire, Zimmer.

American League.

STANDING.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Boston	81	51	30	.630
Chicago	84	50	34	.595
New York	80	47	33	.588
Cleveland	77	45	32	.584
Philadelphia	79	43	36	.544
St. Louis	76	35	41	.461
Detroit	78	33	45	.423
Washington	77	16	61	.208

BOSTON, 4; ST. LOUIS, 3.

Boston, July 26.—Boston turned the tables yesterday, winning the last of the series with St. Louis, an eleven inning game, by a score of 4 to 3. The champion's victory, however, was due chiefly to the visitor's misplays. Attendance, 4942. Score:

											R	H	E
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	—4	9	0
St. Louis	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	—3	6	4

Batteries—Gibson and Criger; Howell and Kahoe. Umpire, Connolly.

NEW YORK, 1; CHICAGO, 0.

New York, July 26.—In a pitcher's battle between Orth and Owen, New York defeated Chicago yesterday 1 to 0. Orth made his initial appearance for the local club. Attendance, 1822. Score:

										R	H	E
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1	4	1
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	4	0

Batteries—Orth and Kleinow; Owen and Sullivan. Umpire, Sheridan.

American Association.

STANDING.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
St. Paul	90	58	32	.644
Columbus	87	52	35	.598
Milwaukee	88	51	37	.580
Louisville	88	51	38	.573
Minneapolis	89	45	44	.506
Indianapolis	90	43	47	.408
Kansas City	87	31	56	.356
Toledo	90	27	63	.300

INDIANAPOLIS, 3; TOLEDO, 2.

Toledo, July 26.—The muffing of a fly by O'Hara in the eighth inning lost the game for Toledo. Attendance, 650. Score:

										R	H	E
Toledo	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2	7	2
Indianapolis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	—3	7	2

Batteries—Reisling and Brown; Allemang and Berry. Umpires, Lundbloom and Cromley.

COLUMBUS, 6; LOUISVILLE, 1.

Louisville, Ky., July 26.—Columbus outbatted and outfielded Louisville today and won the third game of the series. Egan was batted hard with men on bases, while Malarkey was a puzzle. Attendance, 2000. Score:

										R	H	E
Louisville	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—1	4	5
Columbus	0	1	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	—6	9	0

Batteries—Egan, Swormstedt and Schriver; Malarkey and Yeager. Umpire, Killen.

MILWAUKEE, 6; KANSAS CITY, 5.

Milwaukee, July 26.—Milwaukee made a batting rally in the ninth inning and won out on a three-bagger by Schaefer with two men on the bases. Attendance, 700. Score:

										R	H	E
Milwaukee	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	x	—6	13	1
Kansas City	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	2	0	—5	8	2

Batteries—Curtiss and Slattery; Barry and Butler. Umpire, Klem.

MINNEAPOLIS, 0; ST. PAUL, 0.

Minneapolis, July 26.—Minneapolis and St. Paul played a ten-inning tie game here yesterday without a score being made. St. Paul had scored two in the eleventh and two men out on the Minneapolis side when the game was called at 6 o'clock as per previous agreement to allow the teams to catch their trains. Attendance, 2200. Score:

											R	H	E
Minneapolis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	12	2	
St. Paul	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	9	1	

Batteries—Thomas and Weaver; Slagle and Sullivan. Umpire, Hart.

FINANCIAL TROUBLES

Grand Forks Team Has Them—All Players Released.

Grand Forks, July 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Grand Forks players were paid off last evening by Manager Cooper and every man on the team given his release. They were asked to come back and finish the season under reduced salaries, but refused.

Grand Forks is today without a team, and unless a scrub nine can be patched up by this afternoon in time to meet Crookston, the city will be out of the Northern league for the season.

The financial troubles of the team caused the release of the men. Each of the twenty-five backers is said to have been compelled to pay $100 from his own pocket to settle the debts of the team. It is very doubtful if a team can be secured by this afternoon.

IN TENNIS TOURNAMENT

Four Teams Left In Doubles — Pretty Game Played.

The semi-finals have been reached in the men's doubles in the club tournament now in progress at the Endion tennis courts.

Graff and Grady met Klichli and Palmer last evening in one of the closest matches of the year. Graff and Grady won the first set in easy fashion by the score of 6-1. Palmer and Klichli took a brace in the second set and finally won out by the score of 8-6.

The third and deciding set developed some pretty tennis. Every point was fought out to the last stroke. Graff played a brilliant game, more than making up for his partner, who was a little off color. After having apparently lost the match, Graff's work finally told, and he and Grady took the deciding set by the score of 7-5.

Four of the best teams in the club are left in the semi-finals. Grady and Graff are scheduled to meet Bissonnette and Kingston, while David and Hopkins will play Finch and Kennedy. The two winners will come together in the finals.

EPIDEMIC OF DIPHTHERIA.

Stephen, Minn., July 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—An epidemic of black diphtheria is reported to have broken out in a Polish settlement northeast of this place. Several deaths have already occurred. In one family the mother and two children are reported to have died from diphtheria, also a young man by the name of John Tratzek. The local health authorities are making an investigation with the view of taking strict measures to check the spread of the disease.

The crops about this place are looking fine and there is every prospect for a bountiful harvest.

WOULD IMPROVE WITHOUT PETITION

Council Wants Amendment of Charter Providing for This.

Street Railway Declines to Build Twenty-Third Avenue East Line.

The council last evening:

Asked charter commission to submit amendment allowing council to order pavement of any street without petition.

Heard objections to loop line, and received refusal of company to build it this year.

Confirmed award of contract for East Fifth street bridge to Northwestern Steam Boiler works.

Extended authority of building inspector in regard to dangerous buildings.

If the recommendation made by the council last evening to the charter commission is adopted, a charter amendment will be submitted to the voters at the next election, allowing the council to order the improvement of any street in the city by a unanimous vote, whether a petition of the property owners is presented or not.

"All of us are aware of the severe criticisms to which the council has been subjected for the condition of the streets of the city," said Alderman Haven, who introduced the resolution. "There are some streets in this city which I do not believe would be improved in ten or maybe twenty years if it were left to the property owners to petition for the improvement. The property is such that it would not be benefitted in the least by the improvement. But there is never a meeting of business men or public spirited citizens held in this city in which the question is not taken up.

"The council is powerless to act in the matter but it receives the blame for the failure to improve these streets. This amendment may cause opposition, but it will at least show that the council is doing its duty. It has reached a point with me where patience has ceased to be a virtue. The council is being roasted from all sides for something for which it is not to blame. My object is to throw the responsibility where it belongs, on the people themselves."

"I agree with Alderman Haven," said Alderman McEwen, "but I believe the motion should go further. I do not think one alderman should be allowed to holp up a much-needed improvement and I believe a very fair opinion could be gained by a seven-eighths vote of this council."

"Theoretically," said Alderman Barnes, "our charter is all right in this respect, but practically we have had only one improvement west of the point of rocks since it went into effect and that was the paving of six blocks on Central avenue. I think the resolution of Alderman Haven a good one, but the people must be safeguarded as far as possible against the ordering of improvements that are not needed. I would be in favor of putting this question up to the courts, if necessary, and having some provision whereby the property owners might appeal to the courts where evidence might be taken in the matter."

"I am not in favor of the council having this right," said Alderman Wing. "I believe such improvements should be made from the general fund. If it were possible to confine the district where the council could order such improvements to streets like Garfield avenue and Michigan street west, I might be in favor of the amendment. But this charter provision is one of the greatest safeguards the people have and I am opposed to abolishing it. However, I shall vote for this reason, although I shall probably vote against the amendment if it is submitted to the people at the polls."

"It is a very funny thing," said Alderman Sang, if sixteen citizens elected by the people to represent them in their municipal affairs, cannot decide when a street should be improved. I am not in favor of bringing the courts into the matter. Judges are chosen to act in matters of law. We are elected to act in municipal affairs and if we can't do it we had better all resign."

The resolution finally carried without opposition.

Alderman Haven stated that should the charter commission refuse to place the amendment before the voters, he intended to procure the signatures of the necessary 3 per cent of the voters and compel the commission to do so.

* * *

W. J. Olcott and E. L. Bradley, two residents of Twenty-third avenue east, were present at the council meeting to protest against the agitation for the building of the East End loop.

The question did not come up last evening, but the two visitors were allowed to express their opinions in the matter.

"None of the owners of improved property on the avenue want the carline," said Mr. Olcott. "Twenty-third avenue east is capable of being made one of the prettiest avenues in the city and a double or even a single car track along it would spoil it. I believe that some of the criticisms of the street railway have been uncalled for. There are few of us who would be willing to invest $16,000 without some assurance that we would get a fair return on our investment.

"When the necessity for the loop becomes apparent Twenty-fourth avenue would be the proper place for it. The grade on Twenty-third is very steep from Superior street to Fourth street.

"I merely wished to show the council that the desire for the loop is far from being general among the owners of the property in the vicinity and I believe my sentiments are those of a large majority of the owners of improved property."

"I can add nothing to what Mr. Olcott has said," said Mr. Bradley. "I believe he expresses the opinion of all of the property owners below Third street."

A communication was received from Manager Warren, of the street railway, stating that the company had considered the matter thoroughly and decided that it would be unable to build the loop this year.

* * *

A communication was received from Miss Ensign, secretary of the Woman's Council, asking that the council take some steps to provide receptacles for waste paper at the principal corners of Superior street, and in the parks of the city. The communication was referred to the proper committee.

* * *

The board of public works submitted a detailed report showing the amount of damage done by the visit of the circus on July 4. According to the report of the board the amount expended for repairing the streets and curbs, damaged by the circus, was $354.37. The council called for the report to determine what action should be taken in the matter of raising the license fee.

* * *

The contract let by the board to the Northwestern Steam Boiler works for a bridge over the ravine on East Fifth street, was confirmed by the council.

* * *

P. G. Sjoblom, representing a company manufacturing voting machines, requested an audience with the council committee with a view to installing the machines for the fall elections.

* * *

On the recommendation of Mayor Cullum the council extended the authority of the building inspector in the matter of buildings which are apt to become a menace to public safety, such as the one which recently fell in at the corner of Sixth avenue west and Superior street.

The building inspector was authorized to report such buildings to the board of public works, and the board was empowered to act in the matter.

SHOOTING ON TOWER AVENUE

Charles Johnson Gets a Bullet Wound In the Leg.

Charles Johnson, a colored man of Superior, is in the hospital in that city with two bullet wounds in the leg, as the result of a shooting affray on Tower avenue, near Third street, yesterday afternoon.

Johnson and a man named William Thompson, are said to have met two other colored men named Madison and Brisco at the corner. Trouble ensued when Thompson drew a revolver and opened fire at Johnson. He claimed that Johnson has the reputation among the colored people of being a bad man and that he shot to protect himself from a knife in Johnson's hands.

The shooting ocasioned much excitement as the street was crowded with people. Thompson and Madison attempted to escape after the shooting. Thompson was chased up the railroad track by a crowd and was finally captured by Capt. Olson, of the police department. Madison was arrested as he was getting on a car for Duluth.

MONTANA CENTRAL RE-ELECTS DIRECTORS.

Great Falls, Mont., July 26.—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Montana Central railway, held in this city, all the directors were re-elected as follows: Lewis W. Hill, M. D. Grover, R. I. Farrington, E. Sawyer, I. Parker Veasey. The meeting of the directors to choose officers will be held in St. Paul.

TO INSURE AGAINST THEFT.

New York, July 26.—Insurance enterprise has just take up a new field in this city, where several prominent companies have made offers for the business of retail butchers and grocers, victims of continued thefts of horses, amounting to a total loss in eighteen months of nearly $75,000 and the butchers and grocers have decided to insure their horses and wagons against theft.

MARRIAGE AT VIRGINIA

Of Miss Lillian Mesberg and James Lavick.

Virginia, Minn., July 26.—At the opera house on Sunday afternoon and evening Miss Lillian Mesberg, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Mesberg, was united in the holy bonds of wedlock to James Lavick, of Duluth. Guests were present from Duluth, Superior, St. Paul, Chicago, and all the range towns.

To the strains of a beautiful march rendered by Meehan's orchestra, the principals, attended by their parents and bridesmaids and the best men, entered the hall and advanced to the center, where, under the canopy and amid palms and ferns the vows were repeated by the two young people, the ceremony being perfomed by Rabbi I. Wyner, of Eveleth, assisted by Rabbi Casmir, of Duluth. The ring bearers were the little Misses Evyline Shanedling and Tutu Greenbladt, the latter being the daughter of Henry Greenbladt, of Hibbing. The bridesmaids were Misses Clara Belond, of Milwaukee, Nellie Lavick and Eva Casmir, of Duluth, and Celia Milavetz, of Eveleth, and the best men were George Mesberg, of Eveleth, J. Sax, of Hibbing, Benj. Lippmann, of Buhl, and Samuel Lavick, of Duluth.

After the ceremony there was a wedding supper, followed by dancing, which lasted until an early hour Monday morning. During the evening numerous telegrams of congratulation were received from friends of the bride and groom.

The Grocers' Picnic.

To the Editor of The Herald:

The fame of Duluth is spreading day by day. Even the energetic public-spirited, aggressive Duluth grocers are trying to contribute to its fame. In former years Duluth grocers have always enjoyed a whole day for their annual picnics, this year they are trying to establish a record of economy by allowing only a half day for recreation for themselves and employes. While a little dullness and inactivity is felt in other places, Duluth grocers find themselves too busy for a whole day's recreation in supplying the wants of the inner man. It seems to me that the grocers are trying to play an unjust sympathy on the public. Being the middle of the week, the business at that time is not usually so rushing that the employes could not be granted a day in full for their amusement and recreation. Everybody knows that the grocer's life is a life of struggles, as it requires a closer attention than almost any other business you may engage in, in order to make it an honest success. Late and early you will find some of the grocers so full of energy and public spirit they even forget themselves in order to faithfully serve the public, their patrons and as many others as they can catch, by being able to accommodate them any day at all hours. Some of them, I really believe, have forgotten that we have such a day as Sunday; if they do they certainly do not know what it is for. Law-abiding citizens! Do you really think it is a public necessity to disregard the laws in order to accommodate the inner man at all hours? The writer believes in fair, honest methods of doing business, conducted in a lawful manner and at any time I find that I cannot do it in that way I shall lay up my oars. I have still faith in the public and in our loyal patrons that they appreciate and respect law-abiding citizens whether they are grocers or otherwise.

It has never been my policy to be half-hearted and I do not believe in any half holidays of any description. If, for instance, on the grocer's pic-nic day a man would take his family out, what time will he have left after working till noon and getting ready? We are pleading for fairness and justice, not for a possible small gain. There is no loss in being fair and doing justice. Yours truly,

GRONSETH & OLSEN.

Duluth, July 26.

FROM WRONG BOTTLE.

Swallow of Carbolic Acid Caused Man's Death.

Fergus Falls, Minn., July 26.—Gilbert Gilbertson, a former resident of this city, died at Lake Park, across the Becker county line, from drinking carbolic acid. He was driving home in company with George Farrington, and remarked that he had two bottles, one contining medicine and the other, "something for you and me." The bottles were of about the same size and the one contaning the acid was labeled, but the other was not. He drew the cork and stripped the covering from the neck, but did not remove it from the body of the bottle, and ofered his companion a drink, which was declined. He then placed the bottle to his own lips and swallowed a mouthful of the acid. He realized instantly that he had made a mistake, and told his companion that he wanted to be taken home, but the latter insisted on turning back to town and seeking medical aid. He lived only about fifteen minutes.

SEARCHING FOR DAHLS

Several Parties Scouring the Woods of Beltrami County.

Bemidji, Minn., July 26.—The offer of $1500 reward for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of the man or men who murdered N. O. Dahl and his daughter, Miss Aagot, is having desired result. It is rousing a widespread interest, not only at the home but abroad in the case, and independent searching parties and private individuals are exhausting every effort to capture the coveted reward.

At no time since the case has been reported has there been a complete abandonment of the search to recover the bodies. To clear up the mystery, their recovery is almost imperative. It will be hard to prove murder until they are found.

A party of old time woodsmen headed by Thomas Hayden went out from Blackduck equipped to spend two weeks in the woods. They will devote their time exclusively to looking for the spot in which the bodies have been hidden or buried. Each day makes the search more difficult as time will add in its own way to the elimination of every trace of a grave or hiding place.

FIRE AT CHISHOLM.

Chisholm, July 26.—A disorderly house run by Lizzie Mackie was burned early yesterday morning, and the fire is supposed to have been of incendiary origin. Eight girls and five men narrowly escaped from the burning building, which was totally destroyed, with all its contents. Loss $2000; no insurance.

FOUR KILLED IN MONTANA

Helena, Mont., July 26.—A general shooting scrape occurred at Rocky Point, eighty miles from Harlem, in which three Indians and a cowboy were killed. The row was started by a half-breed Indian named Billy Brown.

It seems that Brown and several Indians were on their way to the Crow reservation and stopped at Rocky Point. Here they began to drink freely. A poker game was started and trouble arose between Brown and a cowboy, whose name could not be learned.

Brown wounded his man badly and several other cowboys took the matter up in a free-for-all fight which lasted several minutes.

When the smoke of battle cleared away it was found that Brown, Aloysius Chandler and an Arapahoe Indian were killed, each of them being literally filled with revolver and rifle shots.

News of the shooting was brought to the agency as soon as possible and a general investigation will be made at once by the officers there. The first wounded cowboy was still alive when the messenger left, but is now supposed to be dead.

It is generally supposed the cowboys are still at liberty, as the country there is very rough, with the Missouri river on one side and the Bad Lands on the other. Several men were badly wounded, but none fatally except one.

Dancing every evening, except Sunday, at Oatka beach auditorium.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Another scoop—this time it's remnants, in fine

WASH GOODS!

Thousands and thousands of dress patterns in wash goods have been sold during the past two months as a natural consequence of the unprecedented low prices on our big purchases from overloaded jobbers. Thousands of remnants have naturally accumulated, and this being the last week in July we have determined to throw these remnants into the clearance sale, all in two lots, in either of which you'll be sure to find investments that will please you and save you money.

3c short lengths and dress lengths of good lawns and batistes, actually worth 10c a yard—also good apron ginghams worth 7c a yard. This entire lot, comprising about 2000 yards in all, of 7c and 10c wash materials, will be offered in one lot—your pick at 3c a yard.

9c Dress lengths and short lengths of Swisses, silk tissues, voiles, Marmontel fancies, bouton nouveaute, dentelle de soie and satin striped batistes—Fine wash goods worth up to 40c a yard will be found on the regular wash goods counters tomorrow,

$10, $12 and $15 pattern hats $3.49.

There remain about 15 pattern hats in our French pattern room, that formerly sold from $10.00 to $15.00 each. Regardless of cost or value, these hats are now offered, nothing reserved, including every hat outside the two glass cases, at, each $3.49

(The hats in the glass cases go at half price.)

$1.98 for all trimmed dress hats outside the pattern room, formerly sold up to $8.50.

White linen and duck hats for ladies and misses—the entire lot formerly sold up to $3.50—nothing reserved, all go into this grand sale at only 89c

$1.39 for all trimmed dress hats outside the pattern room, formerly sold up to $5.00.

Children's summer hats, all the white and colored duck, denim and gingham hats, with stitched brims—50c and 75c values—all in one lot at 39c

HALF PRICE FOR CHILDREN'S MULL HATS—All the silk, chiffon and mull hats for children, white and fancy colors, prettily trimmed with ruffs, rosettes, ribbons and streamers—your pick of any of these pretty summer hats for little girls at exactly.. ½ price

Wash suits, wool suits, waists, skirts and children's jackets in the July clearance.

The sample line of 5 dozen washable shirt waist suits was pretty well closed out by yesterday, but we continue the good work, and now offer radical reductions on our entire balance of regular stock. You'll get several times your money's worth at $4.98, $3.98 and $2.98

Clearance of ladies' tailored suits in 3 lots.

The suits are selling rapidly. All three of the racks are very popular and we are taking our losses without a murmur, for that's our custom at this season of the year.

$7.50 is the price on a rack full of ladies' and misses' fine suits, worth up to $25. Don't sneer at the price. Come and see the actual value.

$12.50 is the price on rack No. 2, the suits on which are worth up to $45. To wait or delay is to miss a chance of a life-time.

$16.50 is the price on suits worth up to $57.50, and no such values were ever before offered in Duluth. It's the time to snatch a bargain.

Last call on walking skirts.

The entire assortment of ladies' and misses' walking skirts of fine woolen fabrics in this season's best styles and worth up to $19.50—all finally reduced and readjusted into 5 lots as follows:

$2.98 for skirts worth up to $6.00.
$3.98 for skirts worth up to $8.00.
$4.98 for skirts worth up to $7.00.
$7.50 for skirts worth up to $15.00.
$9.98 for skirts worth up to $19.50.

Fine 25c laces for only 10c.

This is a lace sale extraordinary. It includes black laces, white and cream laces, Pointe de Paris, Chantilly, cream silk laces and cotton galloons. There are edges, insertions and appliques, in all the popular widths for dress trimmings and underwear. You'll find them all on the west bargain counter tomorrow, and though the values are 15c, 18c, 20c, 22c and 25c a yard, you can take your pick of any laces in the lot at—per yard 10c

Additional ribbon remnants.

New remnants are daily added to "sweeten" the four big lots. The remnants include everything from ½-inch up to 8 inches wide, all colors and all the fancy ribbons of this season. Every remnant is offered at about half the bolt price.

5c Worth to 12½c.
10c Worth to 18c.
15c Worth to 25c.
23c Worth to 40c.

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Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both old and new addresses.

SHOULD BE VOTED DOWN.

One of the very best features of the city charter is that which provides that no street improvements can be made except by petition of a certain proportion of the property-owners, representing a certain proportion of the property. It is now proposed by the city council to abrogate this wise and sensible provision if the people will consent.

After all the warning furnished by the experience of boom days and after the struggle for the adoption of a charter which would put an end to promiscuous street improvements on the council's order, it is proposed to throw down the bars and return to the old system, which resulted, in many instances, in practical confiscation of private property.

It may be and undoubtedly is true, that in some instances the present charter provisions work a hardship. For instance, along the point of rocks the street should be improved, but it is practically impossible to have it done because much of the property is exempt from assessment for the reason that it would receive no benefit from improvement of the street. It is generally acknowledged that this property should be exempt. It would receive no benefit and to charge up against it the cost of street improvement would be practical confiscation.

It would seem that some provision might be made in cases of this kind to have the street improved and paid for out of the city's general fund after unanimous vote of the council in favor, but if that cannot be done without giving the council authority to order street improvements whenever it may see fit, then it is better that no change should be made.

In adopting the city charter, the people of Duluth thought it wise to take away from the council authority to order street improvements and leave that matter with the property owners. There is no reason why the present or future councils should be vested with that authority any more than those of the past. If they remember the days of '96, the people of Duluth will surely veto any such proposition. They can better suifer inconvenience in a few cases than to make possible another period of property confiscation.

A FOXY PLAY.

The Republican national committee appears to have organized its bureau of newspaper publicity and promotion at an early date. Its work is already manifest, samples of it having appeared from time to time during the past two weeks. Up to date its efforts appear to have been confined principally to the matter of campaign funds. Several times articles have appeared in the newspapers stating that the Republican fat-fryers were having difficulty in raising even half the amount expended by Chairman Hanna in 1900. Next we were told that employes of the committee made a tour of Wall street for the purpose of seeking campaign contributions and met with much apathy and many cold rebuffs.

Now comes a dispatch from Cleveland which announces that the Democratic campaign fund will exceed $4,000,000 because William Rockefeller of the Standard Oil company will wield the mighty financial influence of that institution in aid of Parker and Davs.

Of course, the people are supposed to swallow this bait, hook and all. It may be safely inferred, however, that before the Republican committee's bureau of promotion and publicity made any announcement of the difficulty experienced in raising campaign funds its committee on fat-frying had already laid its hands upon a sufficient quantity of material from which to extract the necessary amount of "grease."

It may also be set down as a political axiom that whenever the Standard Oil company or the trust crowd give one dollar to the Parker and Davis campaign fund they have already given two to that of Roosevelt and Fairbanks.

Considering the charges that have come from various sources that Parker and Davis are the candidates of Wall street and the trusts, the Republican campaign managers no doubt chuckle in their sleeves every time they send out one of these foxy dispatches about campaign funds. But only a few of the people can be fooled all the time nowadays.

HOW DID HE FIND OUT?

In an article appearing on this page Saturday last entitled "Origin of Consumption," a portion of a letter written by Dr. N. J. B. Bailey, of Eveleth, was quoted. Therein Dr. Bailey made the statement that "all diseases (tuberculosis included) are mental or psychical before they become physical." Through a typographical error the word "not" was placed just before the word mental, which, of course, made an entirely contradictory statement to that intended by the doctor.

In the same article The Herald said it would be interesting to have Dr. Bailey "explain why infants, who think neither right nor wrong, are subject to practically all the diseases of adults and why many of them sicken and die, although they are born of healthy parents, who apparently live right and think right."

Dr. Bailey's explanation is at hand. He says he trusts it is satisfactory, but it is not. It is in effect that the child inherits the ills of its parents and that the infant nurses disease from its mother. It is only necessary to quote one sentence. Dr. Bailey says, as might have been expected: "Now, sir, if the parent (mother especially) thinks right thoughts, these thoughts take form in action, hence she will have correct habits of living, consequently her health (during pregnancy and afterwards) will be perfect, and her child will be perfectly healthy when born and as long as she remains healthy her child will also."

Dr. Bailey evidently thinks he knows this, but does he? How did he find out? Did he glean this information as the result of a lifetime of experience and personal investigation or did he arrive at this conclusion simply by reading the dictum of some other man, who guessed at it?

The doctor evidently does not consider it possible for the infant child of healthy parents, who think and live right, to sicken and die. There must be some fault with the parents. Very well. Let us admit that for the sake of argument. Then, suppose the father and mother think right and live right but decide to bring up the baby on cow's milk. Thousands of them are so nourished and grow up to be healthy, strong men and women. According to Dr. Bailey's theory, if the cow is healthy and gives pure milk then the child ought to be healthy. And if the cow is diseased then the baby will be diseased. Very well. Let us admit that. How does the cow become diseased? Is it a result of wrong thinking?

The Herald is not scoffing. It is willing to be convinced by evidence. But strong and conclusive evidence will be necessary before it can accept the theory that all disease is a result of wrong thinking. It is practically certain that trees do not think or disobey nature's laws, and yet many of them are attacked by disease, sicken and die before they reach maturity. The animal kingdom is no more exempt than the vegetable.

It is undoubtedly true that good health is a result of strict observance of known laws of nature, and that violation of nature's laws is a result of ignorance, indolence and viciousness, but the combined wisdom of mankind during all the ages, if placed before an individual today, would not be sufficient to teach him how to think and how to live so that he would not violate some of nature's laws.

METAL VS. PAPER MONEY.

The St. Paul Globe is afraid that if the coinage of silver dollars is stopped and considerable paper money in small denominations issued instead, the people will again fall into the mabit of thinking paper money has intronsic value and is good enough. That would be too bad.

The Globe says: "We should habituate ourselves to the use of coin and to the idea that coin means money and money means coin; and we should be less liable to economic heresy, and the battle of the standards would never perplex us more."

Then the value of coin as money is fixed by use, custom or habit, is it?

Supposing that there was neither gold nor silver in all the world, what would the people do then for a circulating medium? Supposing that the time should come when all the gold and silver of the world and all the gold and silver-producing mines should be monopolized by one man or one set of men, what would the people do then? Would they consent to base their circulating medium on gold or silver?

Is it not folly to think that any standard of money is unalterably and irrevocably fixed forever? The gold standard is undoubtedly satisfactory under present conditions, but the time may come and perhaps will come when it will be satisfactory only to a few. It is folly to set up a metal coming out of the earth, which has no real value in sustaining human life, as a sort of idol and subject it to fetich worship. When a fair and just circulating medium is finally discovered it will not be based upon any metal whch might be monopolized and its output increased or restrained at will.

THE FIELD SURVEY.

Citizens of Duluth generally will regret to learn that the Bostonian Opera company has met with financial reverses in the East and is about to disband. It was one of the best, if not the very best, organization of the kind that ever visited Duluth and its leading members were splendid people.

* * *

The courts have decreed that Admiral Dewey and the men who fought the battle of Manila are to receive their prize money, amounting to $1,657,355. That may be a just verdict according to present laws, but the laws are wrong and should be repealed. They are a relic of the days of barbarism and piracy.

* * *

Good news comes from Pittsburg and other iron manufacturing districts of the East. Furnaces and mills are preparing to resume operations on an extensive scale. The Herald's predictions of a lively fall and winter business are in process of verification.

* * *

It will be noticed that common round beef steak is now a luxury as a result of Republican prosperity.

* * *

Crookston is holding a midsummer carnival. After it is all over Crookston people will know more than they did before if the education does cost them something.

* * *

Norman E. Mack, editor of the Buffalo Times and member of the Democratic national committee, thinks it idle for the party managers to talk of carrying Ohio and Illinois. He believes that the Democrats are sure of carrying the solid South and the border states of Kentucky, West Virginia and Maryland. "We are going to carry New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, and, I believe, Indiana,' says Mr. Mack. "That will give us three majority." But to make up for the possible loss of Indiana, New Jersey or Connecticut he would make a special effort to carry the little Western states of Colorado, Nevada and Idaho, where he thinks there is a chance. Mr. Mack's advice is good, but he should not build much on the hope of carrying the Western states mentioned. Their people are too much bound up with the cause of silver, and the chances are that as a result of recent labor troubles, a large number of the radical Democrats in those states will vote the Socialist ticket.

* * *

The New York Herald says that "what the Democrats needed was a master." What most Democrats think the party needs is to get rid of some of its would-be masters.

* * *

As 300 physicians are to be sent to the isthmus of Panama to assist in preserving the health of canal laborers, the Peoria Journal is prompted to remark: "This is but another step in the direction of militarism. There is probably not one of these doctors who does not entertain the hope that in time he may become the head of the army." Of course this a jab at President Roosevelt for his advancement of Dr. Leonard Wood. But if men who destroy life are given honors by the government why not also those who help to prolong life?

* * *

"We maintain," says Governor Peabody of Colorado in a signed statement prepared especially for publication, "that any citizen may earn his living in a lawful manner at any lawful occupation, and be protected by the law." And then he at once proceeded by use of the militia to deprive many citizens of their opportunity to earn a living. The kind of "citizens" that Peabody evidently had in mind were scabs and strike-breakers.

HOTEL GOSSIP

"Speaking of experiences while traveling on a freight boat up the lakes, I had an eventful trip one time myself," said a Duluth young man who has done considerable traveling.

"I wanted to get from Lake Erie to Sault St. Marie, and not desiring to spend any more money than the case absolutely required, I tried a friend of mine to see if I could get a pass, and as his pull was fairly strong the deal was made and I was notified to go to Conneaut, Ohio, and there get the boat. We left Conneaut eerly in the morning and were getting up in the Detroit river pretty well, seeing all the lights along both shores and the usual signs of civilization, when it was high time to retire.

"There was no passenger on the boat but your humble servant, as it was late in the season, about the middle of October, when most of the tourists had had their whack at the graft, and I was fortunate enough, or unfortunate enough, whichever the case may be, to be alone on the craft. It seemed to me at first to be a rather remarkable and desirable privilege, as the passenger quarters, consisting of two bed rooms with two bunks each, a big parlor and a bath room, were all for me.

"The only way I could see out of it so as not to slight any of the beds, was to sleep in one at a time—I mean one each night in rotation. As I said before, it was time to retire when the boat got well up into the Detroit river, and I went to bed, and to sleep. When I got wakeful I found we were not moving and wondered at the trouble. It did not seem to be daylight, yet I felt just as though I had had a good sleep. I took a look through the porthole and could see hardly 20 feet away for fog and this was why we were stopped.

"We were deyaled here for a considerable time and that night—this was in the morning—we were way up Lake Huron at bedtime. I tried another bed this time, after taking a bath. When you are all alone on an ore boat and have a bath room it makes you have a cleanly inclination, and I bathed about every two hours.

"It seemed to me I could not sleep at all, for after I had been to sleep a while I would find myself awake again in what seemed practically no time. Finally I heard a heavy bump of some kind. Pretty soon there was another. This was what had been disturbing me. I got up to see if I could locate the noise and after wandering around in my night clothes, and listening for it for some little time, failing to hear it, I got back into bed. Hardly had I landed between the sheet when I heard another bump. I said to myself I would not get up for one bump, but would wait for a couple, and I had hardly completed the thought when there was another bump.

"The only thing I could imagine was that some of the doors must be open and slamming to and fro with the rocking of the ship, for it was blowing like sin outside and there was a good roll to the boat. I turned on some light and closed all the doors tight. Then I went back to bed again. It was the same old story. The bumps started again and I had to get up and hunt for them. I decided this time to light up all the four rooms at my disposal and open all the doors wide, then hunt the trouble.

"When I got up I found all the doors closed just as tight as I had fixed them, so they had not been causing the trouble. I opened them and then stood around waiting for the noise. Pretty soon it began again and I tried to sound it to get closer to it. I listened carefully and found I was able to get closer every little bit. Finally I landed in front of a small door that I had not noticed before on the trip. It was a man's height, but only about 18 inches wide. I opened it and as I looked into the doorway, which led to a small empty closet, I saw a piece of heavy iron pipe about a foot long on the floor. The ship just then gave a sudden tilt and this iron pipe rolled to the opposite side of the closet with a very loud bump. It was guilty of disturbing my slumbers. I picked it up, placed it on a couple of coat hooks on the wall of the closet, and went back to bed. Then I went to sleep again, for the disturbance was all over."

* * *

"J. T. Martin and dog" are registered at the St. Louis hotel from Chicago. Mr. Martin was formerly located in the Zenith City in the commission business with his brother, and is now traveling for a paint house of the Windy City. He thinks a great deal of his canine and occasionally takes him on a trip with him, allowing the dog to stop at the best hotels and giving him the best treatment any pet could expect. But the hotels usually cause a separation between master and dog, as, for instance at the St. Louis, where Mr. Martin is quartered on one of the upper floors and the canine is allowed to stay in the cellar only.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. George S. Gardner, of Laurel, Minn., are at the Spalding.

* * *

McKay guests include Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Barrett, of Hibbing.

* * *

Emma Lindal, of Seattle, is at the McKay.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Bryan, of Two Harbor, are at the Spalding.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Abbott, of Minneapolis, are among the Spalding guests.

* * *

Henry Aiken, a well known Pittsburg engineer, is registered at the Spalding. Mrs. Aiken and Miss Nelle C. Aiken, accompany Mr. Aiken.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Crysler, of Spokane, Wash., are among the Spalding recent arrivals.

* * *

Samuel Cleveland, of St. Paul, well known here, is at the St. Louis, having brought his children this trip.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. H. King, of Clay, Iowa, are at the McKay.

* * *

At the McKay are registered T. J. Walsh, the well known Democratic mining man of Tower, and Mrs. Walsh.

* * *

Mrs. M. Roman, of Ironwood, and Miss Roman, are at the Spalding.

* * *

At the Spalding: M. W. McNally, New Richmond; Burton G. Brown, Harmar City; Nelson Frank, A. L. Loy, C. L. Jones, E. Peterson, T. J. Connolly, St. Paul; C. H. Smith, Wausau; S. Cohen, Ashland; James A. Robinson, Hibbing; W. B. Pilsbury, R. B. Nixon, J. B. Putterson, F. P. French, H. B. Gistason, J. W. Heywood, F. B. Kilder, H. D. Oxley, H. H. Martin, W. M. Swift, Minneapolis; James J. La Velle, Rock Island; W. Musser, Iowa City; M. K. Krauff, Two Harbors; L. V. Gemke, Delphs, Ohio; J. R. Carrall, Hancock; Mrs. E. Edwards, Correctionville; Iowa; George H. Haase, Emerson, Neb.; S. G. Plummer, Hibbing; Willis M. Ames, Seattle; R. M. Weyerhaeuser, Cloquet.

* * *

At the St. Louis: D. W. Freeman, Virginia; C. K. Hopkins, Anderson, Md.; J. E. O'Rourke, Crystal Falls; J. B. Connors, Hibbing; E. Merrom, Tower; E. J. Hebert, Chippewa Falls; Martin Hughes, Peter McHardy, Hibbing; E. P. Hickey, Harold E. Hickey, M. W. Casther, James Harrison, Henry D. Lang, William Murray, F. O. Wheaton, F. H. Meek, St. Paul; A. H. Powers, Hibbing; W. J. Powers, Hibbing; N. E. Haff, Ed Westerlund, M. W. Mouren, William Grimshaw, Jr., Minneapolis; William O'Neil, Washburn; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Trezona, Ely; E. O. Thomas, Eau Claire; Mrs. J. S. Lutes, Mrs. J. B. Furtney, Biwabik; D. Buchanan, Jr., Chippewa Falls; G. B. Wheelan, Hibbing; T. E. Davison, Perham.

* * *

At the McKay: J. H. Proctor, Minneapolis; R. E. Smith, Scanlon; C. E. Anderson, Staples; S. R. Peltier, Glencoe; Mark Eddy, Virginia; E. Peterson, Slater, Iowa; A. F. Saftenburg, Stillwater; C. H. Sims, H. S. Thompson, W. H. Potter, C. J. Rue, Minneapolis; John W. Woodhel, Two Harbors; J. H. Bailey, Bemidji; George J. O'Connor, John Finn, George E. Remson, Two Harbors; A. O. Nutting, Waverly, Iowa; H. Klassner, Hancock, Mich.; J. C. Garner, Waverly, Iowa; J. E. Goodman, Rice's Point.

As Classified.

San Francisco Bulletin: Gentleman (in library): Where can I find the book entitled "Man, the Ruler of the World," please?

Lady Attendant: You will probably find it just across the hall in the fiction department, sir.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), July 26.—Showers fell over the upper lake region, upper Mississippi and Missouri valleys, western gulf and middle Atlantic states. It is somewhat cooler this morning in the Northwest. Barometric pressures overlie British Columbia, Arizona, and districts north of Lake Superior. In the lake region the weather is partly cloudy with fresh southerly winds. It is raining on northern Lake Superior.

Following were the maximum temperatures recorded during the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	86	Miles City	84
Atlanta	84	Milwaukee	80
Bismarck	82	Minnedosa	72
Boston	78	Modena	88
Buffalo	74	Montgomery	86
Calgary	70	Moorhead	80
Charleston	80	New Orleans	88
Chicago	82	New York	74
Cincinnati	80	Norfolk	80
Davenport	82	Northfield	74
Denver	82	North Platte	88
Detroit	78	Oklahoma	84
Dodge City	76	Omaha	78
Duluth	72	Phoenix	98
Edmonton	70	Pittsburg	80
El Paso	90	Port Arthur	66
Escanaba	76	Portland	100
Galveston	82	Prince Albert	62
Green Bay	80	Qu'Appelle	70
Havre	78	Rapid City	84
Helena	80	San Francisco	58
Houghton	78	Santa Fe	76
Huron	84	Shreveport	88
Jacksonville	82	Spokane	88
Kamloops	86	St. Louis	82
Kansas City	78	St. Paul	78
Knoxville	82	Sault Ste Marie	78
La Crosse	78	Swift Current	74
Lander	78	Washington	70
Los Angeles	86	Willston	82
Marquette	82	Winnemucca	92
Memphis	82	Winnipeg	70

Forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time) Wednesday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Generally fair tonight and Wednesday. Slightly cooler tonight. Variable winds becoming easterly.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, July 26.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Wednesday: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy with local showers tonight and probably in east portion Wednesday. Slightly cooler Wednesday and in west portion tonight.

Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Wednesday. Cooler in east portion tonight.

North Dakota and South Dakota—Generally fair tonight and Wednesday. Slightly cooler tonight.

Upper Lakes—Light to fresh northwest winds. Partly cloudy with occasional local showers tonight and probably Wednesday.

A GERMAN VIEW.

Berlin Vorwaerts: By those who were wont to consider the great republic on the other side of the Atlantic a haven of refuge for the downtrodden classes, the course of political events in America is greatly regretted. Daily it becomes more and more evident that the United States is no longer a democratic republic, but a mighty world power governed by an oligarchy of plutocrats. In Colorado the so-called higher classes—that is to say, the millionaire mine owners and their followers—are daily violating the laws of the state to annihilate workingmen whose only crime is that they have formed unions for their own protection, unions which are perfectly legal under the existing laws of the state.

Workingmen have been corralled into pens as if they were wild beasts, and, not having a place to banish these unfortunate people to, they have been deported into a neighboring state, Kansas. One wonders what the next stage of the military tyrant will be. We socialists in Germany have been subject to much oppression, and there is little doubt that the late Prince Bismarck, in his palmy days, would have liked to have treated German workingmen in the same manner, but with hundreds of thousands of bayonets behind him he did not dare to do this.

Nobody will think of accusing our present German government of loving the social democrats or the labor unions overmuch, but it knows that should it ever try to treat German subjects as citizens of Colorado are being treated today, the flames of revolution would spread over the country like wild fire. The Kaiser is at least fighting us fairly. The monarchical government under which we live would never think of violating the law to crush the laboring classes, and the labor bureau in Berlin has even in some respects done good work for the workingmen, but not so in the "land of the free and the home of the brave."

One might be tempted to say that the American laboring men deserve what they get, when their votes give them power to shake off their yoke at any time. Surely no other people would have as much patience as the American, but that patience has ceased to be a virtue.

The Maybrick Case.

New York World: After fourteen years of persistent agitation the British government has finally disposed of the Maybrick case by releasing the woman on a ticket of leave. Why Mrs. Maybrick should have been the object of so much international sympathy has never been satisfactorily explained. Even on the supposition that she did not poison her husband in order to marry her paramour, but merely attempted to, the common representation of the woman as a martyr to judicial injustice falls somewhat short of being wholly convincing.

One of Quay's Stories.

Louisville Herald: The late Matthew Stanley Quay was fond of telling a story which illustrated the optimistic nature with which his mother was blessed. It seems that a neighbor of the Quays was cashier in a bank. One day he disappeared, and his sudden departure created an unusual amount of gossip. An examination of the bank's books proved the absent man to be an embezzler. Old Mrs. Quay could not believe this, as she knew him well. The following conversation ensued between Mr. Quay and his mother:

"So you think there is some good in that scamp Brown, do you?"

"Yes, Matt, I don't believe he's as bad as they paint him."

"Mother, you think well of every one. I suppose you would have a good word to say for the devil himself."

"Well, just think of his perseverance, my son."

Russian Drinking Song.

Here's to Kuropatkin,
Drink 'er down!
Here's to Kuropatkin,
Drink 'er down!
Here' to good old Pat,
When a Jappie hollers "Scat!"
He can't tell just where he's at,
Drink 'er down!

Here's to dear old Nick,
Drink 'er down!
Here's to dear old Nick,
Drink 'er down!
Drink 'er down!
Here's to dear old Nicksky,
Who is getting mighty sicksky
'Cause we do not turn the tricksky,
Drink 'er down!

—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Makes His Subjects Happy.

Brooklyn Eagle: The czar summoned his minister of the interior to him.

"I hear that the people of our realm are unhappy over what the Japs are doing to us in Manchuria," said he.

"I must admit, your majesty, that they were very unhappy. But it is all right now. I grasped the situation with a firm hand and they are now rejoicing in a very satisfactory manner."

"And how did you accomplish this?"

"Easily enough," the minister answered, "I sent a force of police among them with strict instructions to club every person who was not utterly happy."

"Ah!" said the czar, clasping his hands in ecstacy, "that is good, that is very good. We will now have a grand ball in celebration of the people's great happiness."

The Sight Trust.

New York Sun: Argus emitted a yelp of anguish, "How would you like to get a cinder in fifty of your eyes?" he demanded.

TWENTY YEARS AGO IN DULUTH

Taken From the Columns of The Herald of This Date, 1884.

***Mrs. C. C. Merritt, of Superior, was in the city Wednesday.

***John McLeod and A. MacFarlane arrived on the Ontario from a three weeks' trip down the lakes.

***Twin sons were born on Wednesday, July 23, to Mr. and Mrs. Stillmacher.

***Just as the contractors had finished and been paid for grading First and Second avenues west, along came the water company and tore it all up.

***Professor Wigdahl is in receipt of an offer from Crookston to go up there and teach languages in September.

***Thomas Buckley has fixed up picnic grounds six miles from Duluth on Lester river.

***Work is to be resumed at once on the extension of the Northern Pacific road to Ashland.

***M. P. Finucan is ill and the foot race has been postponed.

***At a well-attended meeting of the chamber of commerce last evening, the matter of harbor improvements was discussed. The question was whether or not to adopt the report of a committee which made some severe strictures on the harbor expenditures and the government engineers. It was finally received and placed on file and the following committee appointed to make further investigation: L. Mendenhall A. W. Bradley, Judge C. P. Stearns, D. A. Duncan and John H. LaVaque.

***At a meeting of the school board yesterday all were present, except Mr. Peyton and Mrs. Stearns. The bid of Watterworth, Fee & McLean of $2175 for the completion of the Jefferson school building was accepted.

***The board of health, composed of Dr. Collins, Herman Burg and A. Ebmer, met last evening to listen to complaints. There was only one.

***A man named Sheen, a brother of Phil Sheen, the bus driver, was adjudged insane by Judge Dunphy on Thursday and sent to St. Peter.

***Last evening the night police force, consisting of Mike Halloran, Peter Pastoret and Jack Allaire, went to the mayor and resigned. "They were all sober at the time." Their reason was that Policeman Tom McLaughlin had exceeded his authority in discharging Ed. Lynch, who was serving as deputy marshal without pay at the Duluth variety theater. This morning Mayor Ensign suspended Policemen McGuire and Buchanan for refusing to assist McLaughlin in his attempt to arrest Halloran last night. A special meeting of the council committee was called for the afternoon to discuss the matter.

JUST FOR FUN.

Chicago Tribune: Achilles was dragging the body of Hector around the walls of Troy at the tail of his chariot.

"I wish Lew Walace could see this!" he muttered, lashing the horses still harder.

Later, however, he acknowledged that Homer wrote the thing up in fairly good style.

Philadelphia rPess: Miss Knox—I think Mr. Noozey wants to surprise you with a birthday gift soon.

Miss Passay—Indeed? Why?

Miss Knox—He asked me of I knew when your thirty-fifth birthday would be.

Baltimore American: First Mate—Cap'n, th' anchor broke.

Captain—Well, haven't you no ingenuity? Fasten one of th' life-preservers to th' end of th' anchor-cable.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: Kouropatkine—I await the Japanese advance with confidence.

The Czar—But why await?

Kouropatkine—How otherwise can I show my confidence?

Philadelphia Press: Mrs. Backlotz—So your servant girl has left you again?

Mrs. Subbubs—Yes.

Mrs. Backlotz—What was the matter?

Mrs. Subbubs—She didn't like the way I did her work.

Chicago Daily News: Wife—But doesn't it cost an awful lot of money to send me to the seashore for three months every summer?

Husband—Oh, yes, of course. Money is certainly a great blessing.

Glasgow Evening Times: Father (cutting the whip smartly through the air)—See, Tommy, how I make the horse go faster without striking him at all.

Tommy—Papa, why don't you spank us children that way?

A velvet-coated bumble bee
Once scoured the plains of clover;
Now, stiff and swaying in the breeze
His roaming days are over.

He stole a horsefly, so they said.
His brother gentleman pinched him;
They took a spider's silken rope,
And on a rose bush lynched him.
—McLANDBURGH WILSON, in New York Sun.

ECHO OF A SONG.

To my fancy, idly roaming, comes a picture of the gloaming,
Comes a fragrance from the blossoms of the lilac and the rose;
With the yellow lamplight streaming I am sitting here and dreaming
Of a half-forgotten twilight whence a mellow memory flows;
To my listening ears come winging vagrant notes of woman's singing;
I've a sense of sweet contentment as the sounds are born along;
'Tis a mother who is tuning her fond heart to love and crooning
To her laddie such a Sleepy little, Creepy little Song.

Ah, how well do I remember when by crackling spark and ember
The old-fashioned oaken rocker moved with rhythmic sweep and slow;
With her feet upon the fender, in a cadence low and tender,
Floated forth that slumber anthem of a childhood long ago.
There were goblins in the gloaming and the half-closed eyes went roaming
Through the twilight for the ghostly shapes of bugaboos along;
Now the sandman's slyly creeping and a tired lad half sleeping
When she sings to him that Sleepy little, Creepy little Song.

So I'm sitting here and dreaming with the mellow lamplight streaming
Through the vine-embowered window in a yellow filigree;
On the fragrant air come winging vagrant notes of woman's singing;
'Tis the slumber song of childhood that is murmuring to me.
And some subtle fancy creeping lulls my senses half to sleeping
As the misty shapes of bugaboos go dreamily along,
All my sorrow disappearing, as a tired lad I'm hearing
Once again my mother's Sleepy little, Creepy little Song.
—Philadelphia Ledger.

THIRD IN POPULATION.

Leslie's Weekly: It is only by association and comparison that we can grasp the dimensions represented by the 80,000,000 population which the census bureau at Washington estimated were in the United States in 1903. This is more people than are in any other nation in the world, except China, with its 400,000,000, and Russia, with its 120,000,000. Computed on the capacity of its units, this 80,000,000 stands for an immeasurably greater productive value than does China's or Russia's total.

When Alexander of Macedonia, in the middle of Asia, was weeping because there were no more earths for him to conquer, he had fewer subjects than the United States of 1904 has sovereigns. Under Caesar's eagles, when Rome ruled the world, were less people than are under the stars and stripes in the days of Theodore Roosevelt.

With 7 per cent of the world's land area and 5 per cent of its population, the United States have 25 per cent of the world's wealth. The value of the United States' property, real and personal, in 1900 was $94,000,000,000, as compared with $55,000,000,000 for Great Britain and Ireland, $18,000,000,000 for France, $45,000,000,000 for Germany, $32,000,000,000 for Russia, $15,000,000,000 for Italy and $12,000,000,000 for Spain. Moreover, the United States' lead of all the other nations in wealth is increasing faster than is her prepondenance over them all, except Russia and China in population.

Franklin told the British parliament just before the revolution that the population of the thirteen American colonies was doubling every twenty-five years. The gain is slightly less than that now, though it is greater than that of any other nation.

Through natural increase, immigration and annexations the population of the United States multiplied fifteen times between 1800 and 1900, while it multiplied 105 times in those 100 years in wealth.

Without allowing for increase in territory, but keeping the diminishing ratio of growth in mind, our 75,000,000 population of 1900 will, there is good reason to believe, be 150,000,000 in 1930, 300,000,000 in 1970 and 500,000,000 by the year 2000, while the aggregate of its wealth in the last named year will be up in the dizzy heights of mathematics.

Nothing in the Arabian tales is so marvelous as is the expansion in population, wealth and power of the United States.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Even a modest girl can have her finger squeezed in a door without blushing.

Cheerfulness is something bachelors have to make married men wonder what it is.

When she gets past 30 a girl quits laying down conditions under which she will marry a man.

When a man speaks of when he had money he always means when he was not married.

After a woman gets stout she's as suspicious of a pair of scales as one past 40 is of the arithmetic table.

The V. A.'s Ancient Enemy.

Louisville Courier-Journal: During the progress of an operation on Pearl Timmons for appendicitis, which took place at the City hospital, twelve blackberry seeds were taken from the vermiform appendix. The case was one of the most severe which have been in the hospital for some weeks, and the operation was considered a grave task. The appendix was opened and the seeds extracted. The little sac was swollen to almost three times its regular size.

The Bass Season.

Cass Lake Times: The best bass season of the year is now at hand; don't look for them along the grassy shores in shallow water, but in deep holes and still pools among the moss covered rocks. There are plenty of them, but you must go to them, and stay with them until a notion to feed comes on. The sport is rare and enchanting; none but the vigilant may enjoy it.

Fish Balls and Beer.

C. D. I. in Cass Lake Times: It happened in Boston, otherwise the story would not be worth the telling. It was during a visit to our old home that we were enjoying a luncheon—and right here let us say there is no city on this continent which can serve as delectable a breakfast, luncheon, or dinner as the taverns, hotels and inns of Boston—in one of the above places when in the table next us gilded a young and beautiful woman clothed in the sable garments of unmitigated woe. Every movement was grace personified; a living, breathing Madonna when she raised her eyes ceilingward, which she frequently did. We hastily scanned the menu to find something ethereal enough for this vision of loviness to feed upon; the delicacies which we were regaling ourselves seemed too crude for such a being of beauty and they were forgotten while we gazed at the beautiful picture of loviness until the water came for her order.—Looking at him with soulful eyes she said in a voice of incomparable sweetness—"You may bring me two fish balls and a bottle of lager."—Even in esthetic Boston "the wine and honey of culture" are sometimes supplemented with the beer and pretzels of vulgarity.

SCHOOLS.

The University School

The object of the work in experimental science is not primarily the acquisition of knowledge. The first purpose is to interest children in nature. The second is to train them to observe carefully and to develop in them a taste for original observation. The last object is the accumulation of a fund of information.

ALBERT HEPPERT,
1429 East Second street.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM | Matinee Wednesday 25c
All Seats Reserved.
TONIGHT and every night, Elliott-Courtenay Co., presenting Richard Mansfield's great success, "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde," or "A Double Life" The wonderful BIOGRAPH: all new views. Evenings 10c, 25c 25c and 50c. ALL SEATS RESERVED.
SATURDAY—Matinee and evening. July 30, GORTON'S (all white) MINSTRELS. Matinee, 25c; night, 25c, 35c, 50c, and 75c.



GENTRY BROS.' Famous Shows will exhibit in Duluth, at 3rd Ave. E. and 1st St., 2 Days, Thur. JULY 27-28
Now the largest, grandest and best Animal Circus in the world. More new, unique, novel features and surprises than ever before. Don't fail to see the all new free street parade at 10 a. m., July 27. Will also exhibit in SUPERIOR, TUESDAY, JULY 26.

MAKE FOUR ARRESTS

Nashwauk Authorities Place Quartet In Custody For Arson.

Circumstantial Evidence Against Proprietor of Rival Place.

Four suspects have been placed under arrest by the Nashwauk authorities on the suspicion of having been responsible for the fire there yesterday morning, which burned three people," said Chief Troyer, who returned from Nashwauk this morning.

"In my opinion the authorities are on the right clue. There is no doubt but that the fire was of incendiary origin. The smell of gasoline was noticeable, and from the manner in which it started it must have been caused by some person or persons. The flames simply swept up the stairs and enveloped the whole hallway in a moment.

"An attempt had been made several days previous to set fire to the place, but it was discovered and the blaze extinguished. After that a watchman was employed. He had stepped into an adjoining saloon for a moment and on returning heard a swishing noise in the hall. On opening the door he discovered a sheet of flame sweeping up the stairs. It nearly blinded him with its heat as he stood there giving the alarm.

"The people on the lower floor escaped, but those on the upper floor were burned to death.

"The suspects under arrest are the proprietor of a rival resort, his watchman, bartender and piano player. He is claimed to have been heard to utter threats against the resort that was burned. It was just opened a short time ago and previous to that his resort had been the only one in the town."

"An empty oil can was discovered in the room of the proprietor of the other resort, and his clothing was wet. There was a heavy shower about 12 o'clock Sunday night, and the condition of his clothing would indicate that he had been out after the shower. The empty oil can had left a stain on the floor where it was standing, which would indicate that it had recently held oil or gasoline, and that it had been placed there but a short time previously."

The charge which the four suspects have to face is a serious one. Arson and perhaps manslaughter complaints will be laid against them if the evidence is found to be sufficient to warrant them. Nashwauk is just over the county line in Itasca county and the men will be taken to Grand Rapids, the county seat, to await their hearing.

DISTINGUISHED VISITOR HERE

Justice David J. Brewer of United States Supreme Court.

One of Duluth's visitors today was associate justice of the supreme court of the United States, David J. Brewer, of Washington. Accompanied by Mrs. Brewer, the justice reached the city last night and took apartments at the Spalding, where they will be until tonight, when they leave for the East via the steamship North West.

Justice Brewer is a man of distinguished appearance, tall, erect and of rather stout build, and very quiet in speech and manner. He is smoothly shaven and has flowing gray hair. He said it had been very hot at Thompson's Point, Vt., where he and Mrs. Brewer had spent the most of the summer, but that he had found a pleasant change up in the Northwest. He was in Milwaukee before coming to Duluth and visited there and in some other cities on his trip with some of his friends of the bench and bar.

Justice and Mrs. Brewer took a tallyho ride around the city this morning and were much interested in the sights about Duluth. The justice when spoken to by The Herald reporter was very prompt to inquire about Judge Page Morris, and whether that gentleman was in the city. When Judge Morris was notified of Justice Brewer's presence in the city, he was much pleased and said he would see if the judge could not be persuaded to sit with him for a while during the afternoon session of the federal court in the government building.

Another well known Eastern jurist was in the city during the morning, Judge Joseph Buffington, of Pittsburg, Pa., who came in on the steamer Harvard, with a party, including Mrs. Buffington, and their son, Joseph, Jr., the judge's two sisters, the Misses Buffington, of Kittanning, Pa., W. P. Field and S. St. John Morgan, of Pittsburg. Judge Buffington was very glad to know that Chief Justice Brewer was in the city and paid an informal call on him.

Judge Buffington has been on the United States bench for about a decade. He is much in demand in his home city as a public speaker, having gained considerable prominence for his banquet talks. He is a comparatively young man, quite and genial, and quite a favorite with the legal and press representatives in his community.

Mr. Field is engaged in assisting A. A. Hamerschlag, director of the new technical school to be established at Pittsburg by Andrew Carnegie, and which will require the expenditure of many millions of dollars before they are completed. Mr. Morgan is connected with the Westinghouse interests.

UMPIRES ARE HARD TO FIND

They Shy at Arbitrating the Duluth-Superior Coppers' Game.

Wanted—an umpire.

That is the only thing that is lacking for tomorrow's game between the Duluth and Superior police. The medical attendants have been secured, and rooms leased in the two local hospitals for the victims, but no one has yet offered to risk his life and limb in the cause of the great event.

Chief Troyer again offered his services, but Superior refused to play nine men and an umpire. Alfred McCallum, Mayor Cullum's private secretary, and an old baseball player, was approached, but he stated that his grandmother was seriously ill and that he expected to attend her funeral on that day and at that very hour.

Lee Quillan, the Duluth third baseman, who is temporarily disabled, was asked to officiate, but he said he was hoping to get into faster company next year and didn't want to die in the prime of life.

And that is the way the matter stands at present. If the deadlock continues the police may try a "little Hercules want ad" in The Herald as the last resort.

The sporting editors of the two Duluth daily papers and of the Superior Telegram have been appointed a board of official score-keepers to endeavor to keep track of all the brilliant plays. The work will be done in relays, each man taking three innings.

Manager Van Praagh, of the Duluth team, will be present to get a few hints of how the game should be played, and the department bloodhounds will act as mascots.

The slaughter is billed to commence at 2 o'clock unless the courage of the Superior coppers fails them before that time.

Remember auction sale of Real Estate at 10 Mesaba Blk., Wednesday 10 a.m. D.W. Scott

ON ROLL OF HONOR.

Duluth First National Bank Leads In Minnesota.

The Financier, a New York publication, devoted to the financial interests of the country, gives in a supplement to a recent issue, its fourteenth annual roll of honor of the national banks in the United States. Banks entitled to a place on the roll of honor are those having a surplus and undivided profits in excess of their capital stock. Of these there are 684 and the First National bank of Duluth ranks 350th in the list, for the year ending Sept. 1, 1903. Only two institutions in the state in the national system were placed on the roll, and the Duluth bank leads.

In 1902 the First National bank was the 565th on the list. The percentage of gain and surplus and unvided profits for the year ending in September, 1903, is 27.73.

A. O. H. PICNIC

Of Division No. 1, A. O. H., to be held at Lincoln Park, Wednesday, July 27. Come and bring your families, your sweethearts and wives. All kinds of games.

Long Winded Case.

The case of Herman Lafitte against Thomas Bailey, sheriff of Beltrami county, and M. D. Stoner, has now occupied the attention of Judge Page Morris in federal court for four days. Indications are that the trial will extend through tomorrow. Lafitte sued Bailey, as sheriff, for attaching his property on an account by Stoner claimed to be due him from Lafitte.

The personal injury suit of Julius Berczyk against the W. T. Bailey Lumber company was this morning ordered dismissed and stricken from the calendar, having been settled out of court.

John H. Davlin, Houston—Was all run down; nothing did me any good until I got hold of Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Now I am strong and well; gained forty pounds. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

Boys, read the Burrows ad tonight. $10 given away free.

PASSED QUIET DAY.

President Ready For Notification Ceremony Wednesday.

Oyster Bay, July 26.—President Roosevelt passed a quiet day at Sagamore Hill. Preparations were concluded for the ceremony tomorrow, of notifying him of his nomination for the presidency by the Chicago convention. The plans are practically as heretofore outlined by the Associated Press.

In preparation for the notification ceremony and the departure of the presidential party for Washington on Thursday, the president and Secretary Loeb devoted several hours today to the transaction of official business. No visitors were received druling the day.

Chairman Cortelyou is expected to arrive here from New York this evening. He will be a guest of the president until after the notification tomorrow.

DULUTH SAVINGS BANK,

216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

CHECKING ACCOUNTS and SAVINGS DEPOSITS RECEIVED.
A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

DEMAND and TIME CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT ISSUED.
Loans Made on First Mortgage Real Estate Security.

WE PAY 3 PER CENT INTEREST ON SAVINGS ACCOUNTS AND CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT.

FIRMER IN PRICE

Copper Advancing But Consumers Do Not Like the Rise.

Sales Continue Good—Shares Show Gains, Though Now Reacting.

George L. Walker reports copper firmer in price and good sales though the advances are not relished by consumers. He also reports good advances in the price of shares though a reaction is on now, and comments on the tendency of buyers to get in at the top. He says:

"Copper has shown a further slight increase in firmness this week. Lake is now held by the leading producing interests at 12¾ and electrolytic at 12⅜ cents per pound. Leading consumers are inclined to balk at each slight advance, but copper is being sold in good volume. Exports of copper during the first eighteen days of this month amounted to 10,735 long tons, or 2200 tons more than in the whole month of July last year. The prospect is that exports for the month may agregate 15,000 tons, and that August and September shipments will be correspondingly large. The market is in a very healthy condition, producers reporting that they are readily able to sell all the copper they can make at quoted prices.

COPPER SHARES.

"The copper share market is rapidly coming to be the center of speculative interest. There has been a very large increase in the volume of buying orders from investors, and sentiment is much more hopeful than it has been at any time since the movement began. As a result of the advance every holder of copper stocks is now in a better position to buy than he was at the lower prices. This is especially true of the trading element who carry stocks on margin. The rise has not brought as many selling orders into the street as one would have naturally expected; and if public buying continues to increase as rapidly as it has in the recent past, there will soon be sensational advances in some of the more popular stocks.

"At this writing a reaction seems to have started in the copper stocks, and the traders are working for a lower range of prices. A reaction will be a good thing for the market. It should not be mistaken for the turn back toward a permanently lower level, however. The market has gotten too good a start to be allowed to die of neglect after two weeks of activity. Though public interest is large, it has only just begun to show itself. It will increase as prices advance, just as it always has in the past.

"One of the thousands of readers of these letters who thought well of my advice to buy coppers before prices began to advance, 10 per cent, probably increased their holdings when the start was made. 20 per cent more have perhaps come in on the rise. 30 per cent more will undoubtedly begin to take an active hand five to 10 points higher, and the other 40 per cent and all their friends can be depended upon to come in at the top, provided the top is high enough to look attractive to them. This is human nature. To take advantage of it I believe coppers should be bought on all reactions around this level. The man who doesn't wait too long is the man who makes the money."

America Still Leads.

In the book recently published by the British Board of Trade the United States stood pre-eminently supreme in all of the comparative tables. The Britishers willingly concede that the average wage level here is much higher than theirs. It is also willingly conceded by everyone that, for the cure of all stomach and bowel disorders, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters stands pre-eminently supreme. Its wonderful curative properties have made it a favorite in thousands of homes where it is used to the exclusion of all other remedies. It is so safe that every member of the family can take it with the assurance that it positively cures poor appetite, insomnia, nausea, belching, indigestion, dyspepsia, dizziness, cramps, pain in the back or malaria. We urge you to try a bottle.

FORM OF DECREE

Against Northern Securities Co. Discussed By Attorneys.

Wilmington, Del., July 26.—Elihu Root and Maxwell Everett of New York, representing the Northern Securities company, and R. V. Lindabury, F. L. Stetson and Judge Levill, representing Harriman & Co., conferred with Judge Bradford in the United States circuit court here today relative to the form of decree granting a preliminary injunction in the Northern Securities case. Action was deferred for a week, when there will be another conference. The decree, which is in course of preparation, is in compliance with the judges' decision in Trenton, granting a preliminary injunction restraining the company from making a pro rata distribution of its assets.

BIG DANCE
—AT—
LINCOLN PARK TONIGHT.
Tickets 25c. Ladies Free.

MORRISON SELECTED

New York, July 26.—The directors of the United States Steel corporation at the regular meeting today declared a regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on the preferred stock.

The net earnings for the quarter ended June 30, were $19,490,725.

The resignation of Charles M. Schwab as a director was accepted and Thomas Morrison, of Pittsburg, was selected to take Mr. Schwab's place on the board.

REPUBLICAN CENTRAL COMMITTEE TO MEET.

St. Paul, July 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—A meeting of the new Republican state central committee, has been called for tomorrow morning, at the Windsor hotel, at which time it will organize and perfect arrangements for the fall campaign. A secretary and treasurer will b eelected, and an executive committee named. W. E. Verity, of Wadena, will undoubtedly, be made secretary. R. W. Putnam, of Red Wing, is said to be slated for treasurer. The executive committee will consist of one member from each of the nine districts.

CITY BRIEFS.

On Aug. 31 a civil service examination will be held in the local federal building to secure eligibles for a vacancy in the position of bookkeeper in the reclamation service of the geological survey. The salary attached to the position is $2000 per annum. A person is desired who is between 20 and 45 years of age, although the age limit is 20 years or over.

The young people of the Second Baptist church will have charge of the meeting at Star of Hope mission this evening at 8 o'clock. There will be special music. The pastor, Rev. J. W. Loghridge, will speak.

Miss Grace B. Scribner will conduct a gospel meeting in the old fire hall over at Park Point this evening at 8 o'clock. Miss Eva M. Falconer will have charge of the singing and will render some special music.

Specifications have been sent out by the local United States engineer's office for the contract that is soon to be awarded for dredging in Portage Lake ship canals. The dredging is to be to a depth of 21 feet, at low water and the least width is to be 120 feet. Only $4000 is available for this work and it is to be completed in about two months.

The board of equalization was in session this morning to hear several complaints of individuals who have protested against their personal property valuation. The board expects to clean up the individual protests this afternoon and the Proctor-knott fight will probably come up for consideration again tomorrow. The present indications are that the board will complete its work, or very nearly do so by the end of the week.

Hilma Praakl, a young Finlander woman from Virginia, was to be examined for insanity before Probate Judge Middlecoff, this afternoon. In case she is found insane her case will be referred to the state board of control and she will probably be deported, as she has been in this country only since June.

Music afternoon and evening at Lester Park next Thursday, the day of the grocers' picnic.

At 2:30 tomorrow afternoon the Ladies' aid society of Endion M. E. church will meet at the home of Mrs. T. Naufft, 1510 East Second street.

The young People's union of the Second Baptist church will conduct tonight's meeting at the Star of Hope Mission. Rev. J. H. Loughridge will speak and special music has been arranged.

Boys, read the Burrows ad tonight. $10 given away free.

PERSONAL.

J. H. Burns, of Sturgeon Bay, Wis., who has been the guest of friends in the city, returned home today.

Judge of Probate J. B. Middlecoff returned this morning from a several days' north shore trip.

Mrs. A. D. Thomson and niece left today on the steamer F. H. Peavey for Lake Erie.

Lewis Wachtel, of Chicago, arrived this morning to spend a couple of weeks visiting with his brother Charles Wachtel, private secretary to President F. E. House, of the Duluth & Iron Range road.

L. K. McConnell, traveling passenger agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul with headquarters at St. Paul, was here today.

Russell A. Alger Jr. Mrs. Alger, Misses Josephine and Fay Alger and Russell Alger III., registered at the Spalding this morning. They are from Detroit. Mr. Alger's visit here being supposed to be in the interest of his father, who is senior partner of the Alger-Smith Co.

Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Ewe, of Minneapolis, were in the city today on their way to take the steamship North West tonight for the East. Mr. Ewe is prominently identified with the Van Dusen-Harrington Co.

B. Silberstein, of the Silberstein & Bondy Co., leaves tonight on the North West for a buying trip in the eastern markets.

J. M. Gidding, leaves this evening on the North West on his semi-annual visit to the eastern markets.

C. K. Blake goes to Chicago tonight.

Mrs. F. C. Cochrane left this morning for Spokane.

F. H. White goes tonight to Chicago.

George M. Tallant will be a passenger this evening for New York.

C. C. Taylor leaves today for New York.

R. G. Henderson, of the Silberstein & Bondy Co. leaves tonight over the Duluth and South Shore road for New York. Mr. Henderson goes to make arrangements for Mr. Silberstein who follows by the lake route.

Boys, read the Burrows ad tonight. $10 given away free.

MURDERED NEAR ST. PAUL

Farm Hands Quarrel and One Is Stabbed To Death.

St. Paul, July 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—The dead body of J. Bowe, a laborer, was found with three knife wounds in his abdomen, lying on Hamline avenue today. The body was found lying face downward and under it was an open pocket knife with the large blade open. There was no blood on the knife and the police believe the man was murdered and are investigating. The deceased was about 40 years old.

Late this afternoon Chief of Police O'Connor announced that Bowe had undoubtedly been murdered and that the man who committed the crime was beyond doubt his partner.

Two weeks ago the men came to Matt Williams, a farmer living one and three-quarters miles north of Hamline and told him that they came from Chicago and had been together for five weeks. He hired both of them. Yesterday morning the men quarreled and both sharpened their knives on a grindstone. It being a rainy day they were not able to work in the hay field and both came to this city, the farmer's son driving them to the car line.

Chief O'Connor says the men probably got drunk and started for the farm. They left the car line at its terminus and started to walk home when the quarrel was renewed and Bowe was killed.

PARKER HAS LITTLE TIME FOR VISITORS.

Esopus, N. Y., July 26.—Preparations for the arrival of the members of the national Democratic committee, work on the speech of acceptance to be delivered by Judge Parker at the ceremonies to be held at Rosemount on August 10, and his heavy mail so occupied the Democratic candidate for president, that he had little time for visitors today.

The banner carried by the Ulster county, N. Y., Democrats at the St. Louis convention and the large picture of Judge Parker exhibited in the convention hall were today presented to Judge Parker by the 5-year-old grandson of the candidate.



DULUTH SEWING-MACHINE REPAIR SHOP,
No. 1 W. Superior St.—Basement.
Don't dispose of your sewing machine until you have seen me. We have made Repairing a life study.
Call 'Phone 1066 R.
UMBRELLAS ALSO REPAIRED

SEIZE MORE SHIPS

The Steamer Formosa and the Calcas Are Captured.

Russians Claim Right To Sink Merchantmen When Necessary.

Suez, July 26.—The Peninsular & Oriental Steamship company's steamer Formosa has just arrived here flying the Russian naval flag and with a prize crew on board. She was captured in the Red sea by one of the vessels of the Russian volunteer fleet.

London, July 26.—The foreign office had not heard of the seizure of the steamer Formosa this afternoon, and while expressing regret, it says the only possible explanation consists in the fact that the Russian government's orders to cease interfering with neutral vessels have not yet reached the commanders of the volunteer fleet steamers, as the Russian government has given them pledges that there shall be no more Red sea seizures. The Formosa left London July 9 and Suez July 23, bound for Yokohama.

THE CALCAS SEIZED.

Liverpool, July 26.—The owners of the British steamer Calcas, bound from Puget sound to Japan, have received a telegram from Hong Kong reporting that the Calcas has been seized by the Vladivostok squadron.

JAPS OCCUPY NEWCHWANG.

Tien Tsin, July 26.—The Japanese occupied Newchwang at 5 o'clock yesterday evening.

RUSSIA CLAIMS RIGHT.

St. Petersburg, July 26.—While entirely without advices regarding the circumstances surrounding the sinking of the British steamer Knight Commander, Russia, the Associated Press is informed at the foreign office, maintains the right of her warships to sink a neutral vessel carrying contraband when her papers show that she is clearly confiscable and when circumstances render it impossible or dangerous to attempt to get her to a home port, and in such cases, liability for damages to the value of the ship is not admitted.

TWENTY TRANSPORTS IN SIGHT.

Mukden, July 26.—Twenty troop-laden transports, escorted by a Japanese squadron, are cruising off the entrance of the Liao river.

JAPS LOST 380 MEN.

Tien Tsin, July 26.—It is reported here that the Japanese lost 380 men in killed and wounded, in the fighting which has taken place outside of Newchwang during the last two days. The Russian losses during the engagements are not known. A small detachment of Japanese scouts entered Newchwang last night. About 200 troops arrived there this morning and more are expected this evening. Crowds of Russian refugees were this morning awaiting trains to Yin Kow, close to Newchwang, to take them away.

RELICS OF BATTLE

Seen By Associated Press Correspondent on All Sides.

Tien Shuitsan, near Mo Tien Pass, Tuesday, July 19, via Mukden, Monday, July 25.—(Delayed in transmission.)—The correspondent of the Associated Press who described the general engagement east and northeast of this place July 17, between the Russian forces commanded by Gen. Count Keller and Japanese under Gen. Kuroki, resulting in the repulse of the Russians, who attempted to capture the position and the occupation of Kai Tung by the Japanese, proceeded to the front by forced marches over a most difficult country. Here on all sides were to be seen relics of the second attempt of the Russians to open the pass. The last of the Russian wounded were being tenderly gathered up and removed to the rear on litters carried on the shoulders of four men and escorted by one or more members of the army hospital corps. Officers and men were resting, reading and talking. The correspondent was allowed to proceed as far as the outermost Russian pickets, where he was warned from cover to beware of the Japanese, who were only a short distance ahead.

Under these circumstances it was impossible to closely inspect the battlefield, which was covered by the Japanese fire, but an examination of the field from the heights occupied by the Russians showed, that the fighting occurred near Tien Shuitsan, or Moyang, two villages not far from Mo Tien pass. Two regiments of Russians, in their advance on the Japanese position, crossed a small valley separating their base from their advance positions surrounding Mo Tien pass and pushed forward toward the pass, thus virtually entering the country occupied by the Japanese. This was necessary in order to discover the strength of the Japanese and it resulted in showing that the latter were in superior numbers and that they apparently had much closer and more valuable knowledge of the mountainous region in which the troops were operating. This was shown by the fact that they succeeded, by forcing the passage of two small passes, Lan Hua and Lsinkai, in striking the advance force of the Russian right flank.

NERO MAKES THINGS LIVELY

Nero, the famous actor elephant, one of the herd to be seen in the Gentry Brothers' parade tomorrow, has been a sufferer from an aching molar for the past two weeks. At Minneapolis a few days ago the worrisome tooth caused him such pain that he became very restless, and at 2 o'clock one morning, after his companions in the great 4-footed family had gone to sleep, Nero cleverly unscrewed the clevis on the great chain which secured him to his unmovable stake, raised the side-walls of the great canvass, sneaked quietly away and proceeded to explore the autocratic residential portion of the city, by night. After feasting himself gorgeously on potato peelings, tomatoes and various other delicacies, he proceeded to overturn garbage boxes, tear down fences and disport himself in true elephant fashion on the cool, dew-covered lawns and flower beds.

Nero was having a "hot old time" when a servant girl, looking out from near Thirteenth and Nicollet avenue, and thinking she had seen a sea-serpant, telephoned the police who in turn hurried to the circus tents. Nero's keeper was fast asleep and the wandering pachyderm might have been half way back to Africa for all he knew.

Nero was about to take a cool plunge into the Mississippi river when found. The poor beast's tooth, weighing three and one-half pounds was extracted a few days later, with a pair of blacksmith's nippers, and he will be seen in tomorrow's street parade as usual.

Between the dog-eating Igorrotes at St. Louis, who would like to secure the Gentry family of actor canines, and other covetous dog fanciers, the showmen are obliged to exercise a vigorous watch over the animals. The animal dog feast of the Musquakie (Sac and Fox) tribe of Indians on the Tama, Iowa, reservation, took place in the last moon, while the Gentry show was at Waterloo, only a short distance away. Preceding the festivities a squad of braves usually visits Waterloo and arranges with the city authorities for the transfer of the inmates of the dog pound to Tama county. A delegation of the Sacs arrived in Waterloo a few days ahead of the Gentry show, and it was noted that they took more than a passing interest in the bill-boards. It transpired that it was not the gaudy pictures that attracted the eye of the son of the forest so much as the gastronomic possibilities suggested. And so, acting on a tip the utmost care was taken to prevent the theft of the dog actors from the kennel department of the show. The parade was also carefully guarded by employes, in plain clothes, stationed along the line of the parade route.

Hal-Koki, a Winnebago chief at the feast a year ago, in reply to a query, stated that a yearling water spaniel was the sweetest and jusiest morsel that ever hung on the spit. White poodle ranked second, Terriers, if more than two years old, were tough and stringy and only fit for soup. Young bull dog, he said, was good, but old dogs of that breed coarse. The average shepherd dog, such as is usually found on the farm, was unfit for food and not worth leading home.

And so, the entire family of animal actors will arrive here tomorrow morning intact, and will be seen in parade at 10:30. Cloquet, the tiniest pony ever born, is well and prospering. Clo will be in the parade, but will ride in a cushioned carriage, followed by its tiny mother, "Thimble."

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN LEAGUE TO MEET OCT. 5.

Washington, July 26.—J. Hampton Moore, of Philadelphia, president of the national Republican league, has issued a call to all Republican state and territorial leagues, delegates and alternates and members of Republican clubs throughout the United States for the regular biennial convention of the National Republican league, to take place in Indianapolis, Ind., Wednesday and Thursday, Oct. 5 and 6, 1904.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

John Nygard and Sophia Hendrickson.
Axel Anderson and Nellie Swanson.
Erick Olsen and Anna Swanson.
Linoel P. Antrobus and Olga Metter.
Andrew Samuelson and Nellie Anderson.
John Johnson and Hulda Fredin.

DEATHS.

SCHULTZ—Christov Schultz, aged 85 years, died July 25, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. August Thiede, 420 Ninth avenue east. The funeral will be held Wednesday at 2:30 p. m. from the German Lutheran Evangelical church.

NELSON—Mrs. Ida Nelson, aged 34 years, died last evening at 2103 West First street, of tuberculosis. The funeral will be held Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

NELSON—Mrs. Edward Nelson, 24 years old, died last night at the family residence, 2103 West First street. A husband and six children survive her. Her husband is a member of the ficed firm of Nelson & Peterson, in the West End. The funeral will be held Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the Bethany Lutheran church, Twenty-third avenue west and Third street. Services will be held at the house at 1:30 p. m.

FORVER—Alfred Forver, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Forver, died July 25, at 6518 Grand avenue, of tuberculosis.

CARLSON—August Carlson, aged 40 years, died July 23, at the Red Cross hospital of pneumonia.

PRISK—Joseph Prisk, aged 30 years, died July 23, at St. Mary's hospital of appendicitis.

ERICKSON—Isaac Erickson, aged 25 years, died July 23, at the county poor farm of tuberculosis.

LARGEST STOCK OF MONUMENTS IN the city. P. N. Peterson Granite Co., Masonic Temple bldg., 203 E. Superior St.

BUILDING PERMITS.

William Burgess, brick dwelling on East Second street, between Twentieth and Twenty-first avenues east, to cost ..... $ 5,500

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

Not cosmetic, face wash or paint—Satin Skin Cream beautifies because it absorbs and heals blemishes. 25c.

YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE DRESSmaking by the day out in family. Address E 24, Herald.

FOR SALE—FOUR-BURNER GAS range, nearly new; cheap. Address D 66, Herald.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms. Modern. Private family. 412 West Fourth street.

NOTICE—TO ALL WHOM IT MAY concern: All persons dealing with the California restaurant, No. 620 West Superior street, Duluth, will take notice that my connection therewith having ceased, I will not be liable for any bills. Ah Wong.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, July 26th, 1904.

In the Matter of the Estate of Edmond C. Stewart, Deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of Edmond C. Stewart, deceased, late of the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, being granted to Lucy H. Stewart.

It is ordered, that two months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 30th day of January, 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a special term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 26th day of July, A. D. 1904.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
JAMES A. HANKS,
Attorney for Administratrix.
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, July-26-Aug-2-9-1904.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, July 26th, 1904.

In the matter of the estate of Neil B. McPhail, deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of Neil B. McPhail, deceased, late of the county of St. Louis, State of Minnesota, being granted to John D. McPhail.

It is ordered, that six months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 30th day of January, 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a special term of said Probate court to be held at the Probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 26th day of July, A. D. 1904.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
JAMES A. HANKS,
Attorney for Administrator,
Duluth Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, July 26, Aug. 2-9.

RAILROAD AND STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

WHITE LINE TRANSPORTATION CO.
Isle Royale Route.

Fast freight and passenger service. Steamers leave Duluth Sundays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4:00 p. m. for Two Harbors, Grand Marias, Isle Royale and Port Arthur, direct. Mondays and Thursdays at 9:30 a. m. for Port Arthur and all intermediate north shore and Isle Royale ports, Sundays and Wednesdays at 9:00 a. m. for Port Wing, Bayfield, Ashland, Ontonagon, Hancock-Houghton and all intermediate south shore ports. Sundays at 4:00 p. m. for Hancock and Houghton via Washington Harbor (Isle Royale). Freight and Ticket office, Singer's Dock, Lake avenue south.

THE GREAT NORTHERN.

Leave		Arrive
† 6:20 a.m.	ST. PAUL AND	† 9:25 p.m.
* 3:45 p.m.	MINNEAPOLIS	* 2:00 p.m.
*11:15 p.m.		* 6:10 a.m.
* 8:45 a.m.	Crookston, Grand Forks.	* 6:30 p.m.
* 8:15 p.m.	Montana and Coast.	* 7:10 a.m.
† 2:20 p.m.	Swan River, Hibbing, Virginia	†12:20 p.m.
† 6:20 a.m.	St. Cloud, Wilmar and Soo City	† 9:25 p.m.

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday
Twin City sleepers ready at p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. †Ex. Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:40 a.m.	St. Paul, Minneapolis	†3:20 p.m.
*4:00 p.m.	Twilight Limited	*9:45 p.m.
*5:30 p.m.	Chicago, Milwaukee	*10:45 a.m.
*5:30 p.m.	Appleton	*10:45 a.m.
*5:30 p.m.	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac.	*10:45 a.m.
*5:30 p.m.	FAST MAIL	*10:45 a.m.

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Leave		Arrive
* 4:00 p.m.	Ashland and East	*11:15 a.m.
† 8:00 a.m.	Ashland and East	† 7:10 p.m.
* 7:30 p.m.	Minn. and Dakota Express	† 7:35 a.m.
* 8:40 a.m.	North Coast Limited	* 4:55 p.m.
Leave	'Duluth Short Line."	Arrive
† 9:00 a.m.		* 6:30 a.m.
* 1:55 p.m.	ST. PAUL	† 2:10 p.m.
*11:10 p.m.	MINNEAPOLIS	* 7:00 p.m.

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 420 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44
All trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

*6:20 p.m. Lv. North Country Mail Ar. *8:55 a.m.
All Points East.
†7:45 a.m. Lv. LOCAL Ar. †9:35 p.m.
Marquette and Copper Country.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY

P.M.	A.M.	STATIONS	A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar	10:30	3:40
4:05	7:55	Lv. 57th Av. W. Lv	10:15	3:25
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Ar. Ir'n Jn'ct'n Lv	8:01	1:13
----	10:40	Ar. M't'n. Iron. Lv	----	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar. Virginia Lv	6:55	12:50
6:33	10:29	Ar. Eveleth Lv	7:42	12:57
----	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv	----	12:34
----	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv	----	12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar. Hibbing Lv	7:15	12:27

Daily except Sunday.
Morning train from Duluth makes direct connection at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry. for Ashawa and points north of Virginia.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar	12:00	7:25
11:25	7:05	Ar. Virginia Lv	8:10	3:30
11:30	7:10	Ar. Eveleth Lv	8:00	3:30
11:55	7:45	Ar. Ely Lv	7:30	3:00
A.M.	P.M.	Daily, except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M

EVERETT HOUSE, Union Square, New York.

Thoroughly equipped and in complete order; location most central and convenient to all places of interest.
EUROPEAN PLAN—POPULAR PRICES
YOUR PATRONAGE IS SOLICITED.
B. L. M. BATES, Proprietor.

THE SPALDING
Duluth's Leading Hotel.
FINEST CAFE IN THE NORTHWEST
Telephone in every room. One block from Depots and Docks. Capacity 400.
Am. Plan $2.50 up. European Plan $1 up.

New Building. New Equipment.
RATES—$2.00 AND $2.50.
Hotel McKay
Cor. First St. and Fifth Ave. W., Duluth.

COOK'S HOTEL
New building.
Modern in every particular.
Julius Cook, Mngr. 210-212 W. Sup. St.

CONTINUES HIGHER

Another Bulge In Wheat Though Opening Was Lower.

Foreign Buyers Bidding Sharply For Wheat—Flax Firmer.

Duluth Board of Trade, July 26.—Wheat had a fair advance today in spite of a weak opening caused by lower cables and liberal receipts. Exporters reported a strong demand for wheat from foreign markets, the sharpest for some time. They did not work much because they did not have the wheat to sell. Eastern millers were bidding rather mildly and took a little. The weather was good, but the lateness of the Northwestern crop is giving rise to some fear that frost may come before it is harvested. This is especially true of Manitoba.

In the Liverpool market wheat closed ¼@⅜d lower, London ⅜@⅝d higher; Paris, ½@⅝c higher; Antwerp, unchanged; Berlin, ⅜c lower, and Buda Pesth, ⅝c lower.

In the Duluth market July wheat closed ⅜c higher and September ½c higher, in Chicago, July was up 1c and September, ⅝@¾c; in Minneapolis, July was ⅝c higher and September ¼c higher and in New York July was unchanged and September ⅝c higher.

Car receipts at Duluth were 155 against 24 last year, and at Minneapolis 91 against 209 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 246 against 233 last year. Chicago received 151 against 139 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 929,900 bus; last year, 784,400 bus. Shipments, 301,800 bus; last year, 298,200 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 166,825 bus.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ⅛ @⅜d higher. September corn in the Chicago market closed ⅛@¼c higher. September oats closed ⅛c higher. Primary receipts of corn were 635,500 bus, last year 387,600 bus. Shipments 145,800 bus, last year 253,800 bus. Clearances were 9,900 bus.

Wheat trading was not active in the Duluth market, September opened ¼@⅜c lower at 88¾c, fell to 88c at 10:10 and then advanced steadily until it finally touched 89¾c shortly before 1 o'clock. The close was at 89c, an advance of ½c. July was stronger also, closing ⅜c higher at $1.00¾. Cash sales were not heavy though receipts are liberal.

Flax was quiet, but firmer. September closed ⅜c higher at $1.23¾, and that was ¼c lower than its top point. October closed 1¢ below its top point at $1.23¾ and this was 1¢ up from yesterday. July also closed ¼c higher.

Rye on track was bid up 5c again today and is now 86c. There is no rye in the market and no transactions are made at the prices bid.

Oats on track fell 1c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat to arrive, No. 1 northern, $1.00¾; No. 2 northern, 96¾c; on track, No. 1 northern, $1.00¾; No. 2 northern, 96¾c; Macaroni, No. 1, 82c; No. 2, 81½c; July, $1.00⅝; Sept. 89c; Dec. 85½c. Flax to arrive, $1.23¾; on track, $1.23½; July $1.23½; Sept. $1.23¾; Oct. $1.23¾, Nov. $1.23½; Dec. $1.22¼. Oats on track, 36; to arrive, 35; Sept. 33⅝c. Rye to arrive, 60; on track, 80.

Cars inspected: Wheat, 155; last year, 24; oats, 5; barley, 2; flax, 50; last year, 27. Receipts: Wheat, 90,156; oats, 3577, barley, 3162, rye, 775; flax, 8967.

Shipments: Wheat, 55,000; rye, 945.

CASH SALES TUESDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 1 car.....$1.00¾
No. 1 northern, 2 cars 1.00
No. 1 northern, 4 cars 99⅞
No. 2 northern, 1 car..... 96
Macaroni, 1 car, No. 1..... 82
Macaroni, part car, No. 2..... 81½
Macaroni, 1 car, no brade 78½
Oats, 1 car, No. 3 white..... 37½
Barley, 1 car 38
Barley, 3 cars 37
Flax, 3 cars 1.23½
Flax, 2 cars 1.23¾

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Weakness In Wheat Accompanied By Much Liquidation.

Chicago, July 26.—Lower cables and liberal receipts with excellent grading caused weakness in the wheat market here today. There was considerable liquidation, while the demand was only moderate and mostly from commission houses. September opened ⅝@¾c lower at 87⅜@87½c, sold up to 87⅝c, and then reacted to 87⅜@87½c. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 400 cars, against 278 cars last week and 372 a year ago.

During the latter part of the session the market became strong on active covering by shorts. The advance at Paris and the bullish tone of the government report regarding winter wheat were the main factors in bringing out the urgent demand. On the advance September rose to 88¾c. The close was at 88½@87⅝c a net advance of ⅝@¾c.

In addition to the weakness of wheat, the corn market was affected by favorable weather and fairly large receipts. There was some selling by pit traders, but the volume of business was light. September opened ⅛c to 1⅜@1¼c lower at 49¼c to 49⅝@49⅜c, sold at 49⅜c and eased off again to 49⅛@49⅜c. Local receipts were 553 cars, with 46 of contract grade.

The market firmed up with wheat. September advancing to 49¾c. The close showed a gain of 1⅜@1⅝c, at 49⅝c.

Some selling by scalpers following the action of wheat and corn, caused an easier feeling in the oats market. September opened ⅛c to 1⅜@¼c lower at 33c to 33⅜@⅝c, sold at 33¼c and reacted to 32c. Local receipts were 169 cars.

Owing to the strike, trading in provisions was extremely quiet and prices were practically unchanged from last night's closing figures. September pork and ribs were each unchanged at $12.70 and $7.42½ respectively. Lard was down 2½@5c at $6.82½@6.85.

Close: Wheat—July, 95¾c; old July, 97½c; September, 88½@87⅝c; old September, 90@¾c; December, 87⅝@¾c; May, 89⅝c. Corn—July, 49⅛c; September, 49¾c; December, 45⅞c; May, 45¼c. Oats—July, 32⅞c; September, 28½@⅝c; December, 27¾c; May, 35¼c. Pork—July, $12.82½; September, $12.82½; October, $12.82½. Lard—July, $6.80; September, $6.90; October, $6.87½. Ribs—July, 72@75c; September, 69c. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, $1.23½; Southwestern, $1.18; July, $1.18; September, $1.18. Timothy—July, $3.00; September, $3.20. Clover—July, $11.25. Barley—Cash, 20@53c. Cash: Wheat—No. 2 red, 97c@$1.00; No. 3 red, 94@97c; No. 2 hard, 94@96c; No. 3 hard, 90@94c; No. 1 northern, $1.02; No. 2 northern, 99c; No. 3 spring, 94c. Corn—No. 2, 49¾@50c; No. 3, 49½@¾c. Oats—No. 2, 37c; No. 3, 36½c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, July 26.—Close: Wheat—July, 98½c; September, 88⅜@⅝c; December, 86¾@¾c; 1 hard, $1.01; 1 northern, $1; 2 northern, 97½@98c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, July 26.—Close: Wheat—July, $1.02½; September, 93⅜c; December, 92c. Corn—July, 55¼c; September, 54⅝c; December, 52¼c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, July 26.—Close: Wheat—Spot nominal; futures steady. July nominal; September, 6s 8½d; December, 6s 8¼d. Corn—Spot quiet; American mixed new, 4s 4½d; ditto old, 4s 5¼d; futures barely steady; July nominal; September, 4s 3d. The corn exchange here will be closed on July 30 and Aug. 1, a bank holiday.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
July—				
Open	....99¼B	.....	91-94⅜	.....
High	....$1.03⅜	98⅝	95⅜	.....
Low	....99¼B	97½	93⅝	.....
Close	....$1.03⅜B	98⅛A	95⅜B	$1.02¼A
Close 25th	....$1.00	97¾	94¼	$1.01½
September—				
Open	.... 88¼	87¾	87⅜	92
High	.... 89⅜	88¾-⅞	88¾	93¼-¾
Low	 88	87⅛-¼	87¼-⅜	91¾
Close	....89B	88⅞	88⅛-⅜	93¼A
Close 25th	..88½	88¼	87⅝	92¼

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	....33@33½	49¼@49⅜	$12.70
High	....33⅜	49¾	$12.82
Low	33	49¼	$12.67
Close	....33¼-⅜	49⅝	$12.82

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Liverpool was easier and there were no rains of importance in the Southwest. Receipts at primary markets were very large. After an easier opening, however, the market turned strong and ruled so to the close. Cash wheat in this and the Southwest market was also higher under a good cash demand. The action of the market is on the whole, surprising, and considering the inuenfices of the day it shows a great deal of strength. We think it must be considered, however, that while crop sols are only a shade lower, the newspapers are filled with war talk and this not only frightens the short interest, but encourages speculative buying. The weekly government report confirms the complaints of rust in Iowa and in South Dakota, but is on the whole a favorable report. The outlook seems to us a little uncertain, but the action of the market is strong. It is rather difficult to determine how much the war news had to do with it.

Corn—The dullness is the chief characteristics, but the absence of selling pressure is also a persistent feature. Receipts are liberal and demand fair. The weekly government report was fairly favorable concerning the development and the condition of the crop. Operations in this market are still mainly of a scalping nature and on a small scale.

Oats—There were moderate receipts and an increased movement is looked for. There is a considerable short interest in July oats which has only a few days in which to cover and the action of the cash market and the small local stocks do not offer them much encouragement.

* * *

Edwards, Wood & Co.: Wheat was very irregular, moderately active and some higher, but not a strong market. Not much in the daily news and especially nothing that could be called bullish enough to warrant purchases. Spring wheat products are very promising. The Price Current in a special report says the Northwestern outlook is satisfactory and conditions there average high. The big millers are booking fewer orders than expected and cash wheat draws with only 20,000 bushels taken from store there for three days, so that with the foreign situation quiet, home conditions about as good as could be expected, today's advance is not significant, and with the liberal movement of new wheat in our markets together with liquidation of July induced thereby, the advance is likely to prove only temporary and we think prices will work lower and sales on these sharp bulges would seem to be advisable.

Flax—The market was less active. At the start prices were ¼c to ½c over the last close, but around the top prices considerable selling set in and seemed to take the edge off the market. The good demands for cash and encouraging reports from abroad are still favorable to stronger markets and on slight recessions October should do to take as an investment.

* * *

Liverpool—The Marche Francaise says the official report indicates a crop of 260,000,000 bus, compared with 365,000,000 bus last year.

* * *

Winnipeg wires—Prospects of average wheat crop about 15 days late; may be frosted before harvest is completed.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., Seventy-fifth meridian time, July 26:

STATIONS—	State of weather	•Minimum	•Maximum	Rainfall, inches and hundredths
Alexandria	Clear	80	60	0
Campbell	Clear	80	50	0
Crookston	Clear	78	50	.04
Detroit City	Clear	80	50	.14
Grand Meadows	Cloudy	72	52	.10
Minneapolis	Foggy	74	62	.06
Montevideo	Clear	82	56	0
New Ulm	Clear	80	58	.20
Winnebago City	Clear	80	56	.90
Worthington	Clear	82	50	0
Devils Lake	Clear	72	42	0
Langdon	Clear	72	44	0
Larimore	Clear	78	46	0
Lisbon	Clear	74	44	0
Pembina	Clear	76	50	0
Aberdeen	Clear	88	56	0
Millbank	Clear	88	58	0
Mitchell	Clear	86	56	0
Redfield	Clear	88	58	0
Bismarck	Clear	82	44	.04
Duluth	Clear	78	60	0
Huron	Clear	84	52	0
La Crosse	Cloudy	78	62	.20
Moorhead	Clear	80	52	.16
Pierre	Clear	70	58	.01
St. Paul	Foggy	72	62	.16
Winnipeg	Clear	76	50	0

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall.
••For twenty-hours ending 8 a. m.
•For yesterday.

NOTE.—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

REMARKS.

Showers fell over portions of all districts except Indiana.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

It pays to advertise in The Herald—ask J. M. Gidding.

H. E. GOOCH & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers.
Private wires to all markets.
'Phones—Bell, 1131; Zenith, 1466.
103-4-5 Palladio Building.
WE SOLICIT YOUR ACCOUNT.
Grain, Provisions, Stocks
Send for our circular and market letter.

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Chicago Board of Trade. Minneapolis Chamber of Commerce. Duluth Board of Trade.

We Are Headquarters For
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PAINE, WEBBER & CO.
BANKERS AND BROKERS.
328 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

MINNEAPOLIS OMAHA
Edwards-Wood Co.
MAIN OFFICE
Fifth and Robert Sts., ST. PAUL, MINN.
(INCORPORATED)
DEALERS IN
Stocks, Grain, Provisions
Bought and sold for cash or carried on reasonable margins, upon which there will be a charge of ⅛ on grain, ¼ on stocks and ½ on flax.
Write for our market letter.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS IN CAR LOTS
Ship Your Grain To Us
BEST FACILITIES. PROMPT RETURNS.
LIBERAL ADVANCES.
DULUTH WINNIPEG
Branch office, 310 Board of Trade. Old 'Phone, 135. City office, Room A, Torrey Bldg. Both 'Phones 1199.

PATENTS OBTAINED for INVENTORS. J. T. Watson, specialist, Palladio bldg.

COE COMMISSION CO. (Incorporated)
Capital and Surplus, $600,000.
GRAIN, PROVISIONS STOCKS, BONDS
Bought or Sold for Cash or on Margin.
REFERENCES—176 State and National Banks and Commercial Agencies.
165 Branch Offices.
General Offices, N.Y. Life Bldg., Minneapolis
220 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

CONDITION OF CROPS

Shown By the Weekly Report of Weather Bureau.

Washington, July 26.—The weekly crop report of the weather bureau, issued today is as follows:

While rather cool for best results in the lake region and portions of the Central valleys, with lack of sunshine and too much rain in the Middle Atlantic, the weather conditions of the week ending July 25, as a whole, were favorable. While higher temperature in the extreme northern portion of the corn belt would have been more favorable, corn has made excellent growth and is in most promising condition generally throughout the corn belt. With another week of favorable weather for harvesting and threshing, this week has advanced satisfactorily, the harvesting of winter wheat being nearly completed in the more northerly sections.

Some complaints of rust in spring wheat are received from portions of Iowa and South Dakota, but generally the crop has advanced favorably, although poor and weedy on low lands in Northern Minnesota. Oats harvest has continued under favorable conditions and is nearing completion in the Lower Missouri and Mississippi valleys. In the more northerly sections the maturing crop is very promising.

Fair prospects for apples are reported from New England, New York and the lake region. Nearly all reports indicate an abundant crop of hay, which for the most part is being secured in excellent condition.

AGAINST BOGUS ASSOCIATIONS

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., July 26.—The features of the annual meeting of the United States Building and Loan association were the annual address of the president and the report of the secretary. The attendance of members is good and the interest great and it is likely that action will be taken looking to an aggressive campaign against the bogus and speculative associations to which particular attention was called by President Clarency.

President James Clarency, of Philadelphia, in his annual address, made a plea for the preservation of the local building association system. He said the local building association principle should be preserved because the system is gradually gaining an international reputation and attracting the attention of political economists throughout the world. He urged state department bank officials not to permit the working people to be deceived by bogus building associations. Aggressive warfare should be waged against such bogus associations until they are completely eliminated. The invasion of building association ranks and the deception of the working people by the speculations will, if permitted to go unchecked, become the gravest danger, and in fact, threaten the very foundation of the institution.

Secretary H. F. Charissus, of Cincinnati, said: "The business of the local building and loan associations of the United States has been very satisfactory during the past year and while the net increase in the aggregate assets is not as large as it might be on account of an apparent decrease of nearly $10,000,000 in Ohio, resulting from the reorganization of a number of building associations into trust companies, yet a material advance has been made both in assets and membership. There are now in the United States 5308 local building and loan associations with a total membership of 1,566,700, and assets amounted to $579,556,112. This is a net increase in assets for the year of $2,328,098. The growth in membership for the year was 35,963. Ohio really made the largest gain in assets, the companies there doing business in that state having over $6,000,000 more resources than a year ago, but because a number of the large associations in Cleveland, whose assets aggregate about $16,000,000, left the building association field and became trust companies, that state shows a decrease of $9,725,815. Pennsylvania increased in assets nearly $4,000,000; New Jersey nearly $3,000,000, and Massachusetts $2,500,000. In membership Pennsylvania increased during the year 21,425, California 6084, New Jersey 5915, Ohio 5386, and Massachusetts 5215. There was a decrease in membership in only three states—Indiana, 8942; Missouri, 8734, and Connecticut, 3720. The demand for loans was more active during the year and interest rates were somewhat firmer, although dividend rates have remained about the same. The total number of associations have remained about the same. The total number of associations in the different states is as follows: Pennsylvania, 1126; Ohio, 731; Illinois, 560; Indiana, 379; New Jersey, 353; New York, 300; California, 146; Massachusetts, 130; Missouri, 134; Iowa, 72; Nebraska, 50; Michigan, 58; Wisconsin, 53; Kansas, 40; Louisiana, 39; Maine, 26; Tennessee, 21; Minnesota, 16; Connecticut, 16; New Hampshire, 15; other states, 1051. The receipts from weekly dues were $137,662,364, and for loans repaid, $133,819,898. The disbursements included mortgage loans, $150,688,812, stock withdrawals, $131,477,312, and deposit withdrawals, $49,077,768."

STOCK GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: Market was rather sharply lower. There is some scattered liquidation and a good deal of bear pressure. Rumors of the passing of the dividend on Erie first preferred and uncertainty as to the dividend on the Steel preferred are factors, but there is also the memory of the Venezuelan affair and apprehension as to what action may be taken at Washington in relation to the sinking of American cargoes by the Russian fleet. American diplomacy in the past has been always been diplomatic. We cannot but view further political complications as unnecessary and unlikely and without them we see very little reason for lower prices. The holdings of the public are very small and the same conditions and influences that have steadily advanced the market for the past month are still operative.

* * *

Edwards, Wood & Co.: Opening trades were marked with little excitement, a considerable amount of stock was offered early, and declines, while not pariticularly important, had a lasting influence and cases of complete recovery were exceptions. Heavy dealings in United States Steel were the f ature with first trades at 63¾c. The same support was extended to the T. C. & I. and an advance of ¾ resulted. Other industrial stocks and the list of rails were ⅜ to ¾ off. Erie first preferred sold at 95 compared with a preceding sale at 80 a year ago. The closing was very dull and about steady.

Quotations furnished by H. E. Gooch & Co., 103-105 Palladio Bldg.

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison	78¾	77	77½
do pfd	96½	95¾	96
B. R. T.	51⅞	50½	50¾
Baltimore & Ohio	84½	83½	84
Canadian Pacific	124¼	123¾	123¾
Chicago & Alton	41¼	40¼	40⅝
Chicago, Great Westrn	14½	14¼	14¼
Delaware & Hudson	160¼	159½	159½
Erie	24⅜	24	24¼
do 1st pfd	61	59¾	61
do 2nd pfd	37	35½	36
Illinois Central	136½	135½	135¾
Louisville & Nashville	114⅞	113⅜	135⅞
Manhattan	151	151	151
Soo	75½	74½	74⅞
do pfd	128	128	128
Met. Traction	115½	114½	115
Mexican Central	9½	9⅜	9½
M., K. & T.	18	18	18
do pfd	40	38¾	39
Missouri Pacific	90¼	90⅜	90⅝
Northrn Securities	102⅞	101⅝	102⅝
N. Y. Central	118½	118⅛	118⅝
Norfolk & Western	61¼	60⅝	60⅝
Northwestern	177¾	177½	177¾
Ont. & Western	31⅝	30¾	31⅜
Penn. Railway	120⅜	119⅝	119⅞
Rock Island	22⅜	22¼	22⅜
do pfd	65⅞	65	65⅞
Reading	53	51⅞	52⅜
So. Railway	24¼	23⅝	23⅝
do pfd	88½	88⅛	88⅜
Sothern Pacific	62⅜	59⅞	61⅛
St. Paul	171½	170¾	171⅜
Texas Pacific	25½	24¼	24⅜
T. C. R. T.	96¾	95½	95⅝
Union Pacific	97	95⅝	96¾
Wabash	16¾	16⅝	16⅝
do pfd	30⅜	28⅝	28⅝
Wisconsin Central	17⅜	17¼	17¼
do pfd	39½	39¼	39¼
Anaconda Min.	74	74	74
Amalgamated Copper	52⅝	51¼	51⅝
American Ice	7⅜	7⅛	7⅛
do pfd	28½	28¼	28¼
American Locomotive	22⅝	21½	21¾
American Car	18⅜	18½	18½
Am. Sugar Ref.	129	128	128
Am. Smelting	57¼	56½	56⅝
Col. Fuel & Iron	37¼	35	36
Gen. Electric	161	160¼	160¼
N. Y. Con. Gas	193	193	193
People's Gas	99⅝	99	99½
Rep. I. & S.	7¾	7⅝	7⅞
do pfd	45	43½	43½
Tenn. Coal & Iron	44	41¾	42½
U. S. Leather	7⅝	7⅛	7¼
U. S. Steel	12⅜	11¾	11⅞
do pfd	62¼	60¾	61⅛

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: Continued dullness and manipulation by traders for a reaction started general liquidation in both markets. Prices ran off steadily, but very good buying was met all the way down on the decline. It is good opinion that weekly held speculative stocks are being shaken out preparatory to another upward movement. We shall not be surprised if the market continues heavy for a day or two more, but on very weak spots we think good stocks a buy for a turn. The coppers were well taken on the reaction. The best judges in any quarter, as a reaction was understood to be due and now that the countries finances and the markets abroad are on a stronger basis and more encouraging reports are forecasted, we should look for a good response here. A spotty market may obtain for a few days, but there is splendid class of buying noticeable in Atchison, Pennsylvania, Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, and the traction stocks are in good hands and are preparing for another spurt. We would disregard the late Erie stories and buy them on little declines. In fact, moderate accumulating of good securities are in order if holdings are averaged.

* * *

Evans to Paine, Webber & Co.: Just when the market looked as if it was going to break yesterday, heavy buying started up in Southern Pacific and checked liquidation in the rest of the list, the market closing at a great rally on professional short covering. It seems to hull very hard, but on the other hand stocks meet with good support whenever they show signs of weakness. Undoubtedly the buyers of last few weeks are attempting to sell stocks, but they are confident of their position and do not force the market. In view of the many uncertainties ahead of us, I do not believe they will

Stocks Bonds
INGALSBE & HEALY
PALLADIO BUILDING.
UNITED MEXICAN STOCKS

DECLINE IN STOCKS

Scattered Liquidation and Good Deal of Rear Pressure.

Uncertainty of Dividend on Steel Preferred Was Factor.

New York, July 26.—Prices of stocks today started lower throughout the list with free offerings of various stocks. Declines generally ran from ⅛ to ½, but United States Steel preferred, St. Paul and Atchison were down a large fraction. The unsettled sentiment in London over the international political outlook was an influence in the dealings.

The reaction was carried a trifle further, the weakness of a few favorites affecting the entire market. Atchison yielded ⅞. Some demand arose later in St. Paul, Union Pacific, Southern Pacific and Reading, and a sharp rally in these steadied the market. Allis-Chalmers advanced 2¼ and the preferred 5.

A rise of ⅞ in Ontario & Western and a point in Delaware & Hudson lightened the pressure to sell. But rallies were slight and prices receded to a lower level than before on more active dealings. Union Pacific, St. Paul, Southern Railway preferred and United States Steel preferred lost about a point. Colorado Fuel 1¼ and American Express 4. Bonds were heavy.

Decreased offerings did not avail to check the decline, though the selling was largely confined to less important stocks. Additions to the morning losses that reached a point or more included Northwestern, Missouri Pacific, Illinois Central, People's Gas, Pullman, Anaconda, Tennessee Coal and Rubber goods.

Considerable activity developed at the expense of values after 1 o'clock. All classes of stocks were sold freely, but pressure was relatively more severe against Union Pacific and United States Steel preferred. Declines of 1 to 1¼ embraced practically every stock traded in and reached 1¾ in Union Pacific and 2¾ in United States Steel preferred. Trading became dull again at slight recoveries.

The market quieted down in the last hour and made a slight recovery. O. & W. rose to 1¼ over last night and United States Steel preferred rallied 1. Rallies generally in active stocks ran from ¼ to ¾. Erie first preferred recovered 1¼. Pacific Coast first preferred sold at 95 compared with a preceding sale at 80 a year ago. The closing was very dull and about steady.

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Manhattan	151	151	151
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Norfolk & Western	61¼	60⅝	60⅝
Northwestern	177¾	177½	177¾
Ont. & Western	31⅝	30¾	31⅜
Penn. Railway	120⅜	119⅝	119⅞
Rock Island	22⅜	22¼	22⅜
do pfd	65⅞	65	65⅞
Reading	53	51⅞	52⅜
So. Railway	24¼	23⅝	23⅝
do pfd	88½	88⅛	88⅜
Sothern Pacific	62⅜	59⅞	61⅛
St. Paul	171½	170¾	171⅜
Texas Pacific	25½	24¼	24⅜
T. C. R. T.	96¾	95½	95⅝
Union Pacific	97	95⅝	96¾
Wabash	16¾	16⅝	16⅝
do pfd	30⅜	28⅝	28⅝
Wisconsin Central	17⅜	17¼	17¼
do pfd	39½	39¼	39¼
Anaconda Min.	74	74	74
Amalgamated Copper	52⅝	51¼	51⅝
American Ice	7⅜	7⅛	7⅛
do pfd	28½	28¼	28¼
American Locomotive	22⅝	21½	21¾
American Car	18⅜	18½	18½
Am. Sugar Ref.	129	128	128
Am. Smelting	57¼	56½	56⅝
Col. Fuel & Iron	37¼	35	36
Gen. Electric	161	160¼	160¼

Phillips & Co. | Phillips & Co.

OXFORD SALE

Ladies' Oxfords, Gents' Oxfords, Misses' and Children's Oxfords, Boys' and Youths' Oxfords, At Greatly Reduced Prices.



Phillips & Co. | Phillips & Co.

In order that our employes may enjoy a full day of outing on grocers' picnic day, our store will be

Closed all day Thursday, July 28.

Please provide on Wednesday for your Thursday wants. Yours truly,

GRONSETH & OLSEN.

SHORTAGE OF MEN

Duluth Fire Department's Situation Is Becoming Serious.

No Substitutes and Six Vacancies In Regular Force.

The Duluth fire department is at the present time suffering from a serious shortage of men.

There is no less than six vacancies in the regular force of the department at the present time while the force of ten substitutes is entirely exhausted. The department is using the ten substitutes to fill the places of men away on vacation or for other reasons. If any of the men are compelled to be absent for a few days at the present time, however, they have no one to fill their places.

Not only is the regular force below the allotted number, and the list of substitutes exhausted, but there is not a single name on the eligible list.

An examination is being held today in the council chamber for candidates for positions in the department. Only six appeared this morning, but more are expected this afternoon and it is likely that at least a dozen will write on the examination before evening.

Practically all of them are assured of positions immediately if they are successful in passing the examination, which is a very simple one. The men are appointed to the vacancies in the order of their standing. Should all of those who are writing today be successful, they will not be sufficient to more than fill the vacancies on the regular list from which to draw men to fill any vacancies which may occur.

The examination being held today is the third which has been held since January 1. From eight to twelve candidates have written on each examination yet the number of resignations has been larger than the number of appointments and Chief Black has been unable to keep the force up to the full working number.

This difficulty is always experienced during the summer months, when the men prefer some work in which they are not so closely confined. During the winter months the applications are always numerous.

The civil service board will meet and announce the results of today's examination within a few days.

WEST DULUTH

Certain owners of West Duluth property still have under consideration plans for the use of slag from the blast furnace in improving West Duluth streets. This proposition has been talked of for some time past, but nothing definite in the way of getting such improvements made appears to have been done this year.

Last year the city was asked to use slag on the streets, and after considerable agitation two blocks along Central avenue were covered with the material as an experiment. It was put down so late in the season that its durability has not yet been given a thorough test, although it is claimed entire satisfaction has resulted so far as the test has been applied. It is said the furnace company will make liberal terms to the city as an inducement to use slag in place of crushed rock and other materials. Vigorous efforts are being made by the owners of the blast furnace to dispose of all its by-products, so that there may be the least possible waste.

TURPIN



AN ARROW COLLAR

15 CENTS, 2 FOR 25 CENTS

CLUETT, PEABODY & CO. MAKERS OF CLUETT AND MONARCH SHIRTS

Attention, Workmen!

The regular meeting of West Duluth Lodge, No. 145, A. O. U. W. will be called to order at 7 o'clock sharp, Wednesday evening and adjourn at 7:30 to take car for Superior. All members are requested to be present.

JAMES FRAHERTY, B. SCHOONOVER, Recorder. Master Workman.

THEY TAKE CLAIMS.

Two West Duluthians In Little Fork Country.

Harry Morgan and Al Smith returned last night from a claim hunting trip into the Little Fork country. Both say they were able to locate themselves on valuable claims, after a 55-mile tramp through the woods of Northern Minnesota, from Hibbing.

"I think the lands we selected will prove to be valuable," said Mr. Morgan, in speaking of the trip. "The claims are well located, and each has a stream of clear water running through it, besides there being natural springs near the sites selected for our cabins.

"The walking through the timber was not as bad as we expected to find it, though of course it was tiresome work. We managed to find an old road leading in the right direction, which took us about as far as we wanted to go. We saw all kinds of wild game. Deer, moose and birds were plentiful, and should afford excellent sport for the hunter the coming fall.

"The country we traversed is coming to be pretty well settled up, and very few good claims, either agricultural or timber, are left."

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

A son was born yesterday to Mr. and Mrs. Michael O'Brien, 505 North Fifty-seventh avenue west.

The funeral of August Carlson, who died Saturday night, was held this afternoon at 2 o'clock from Fillatrault's undertaking parlors.

Bert Peterson, 3613 West Michigan street, died this morning of pneumonia. The deceased was about 40 years of age, and married.

At the regular meeting of the Twentieth Century Progress club last evening it was decided that a special meeting should be held Thursday night.

Dr. Robert Forbes has returned from a trip through the East. After remaining with his family in West Duluth for a few days he will make a trip into the Dakotas.

A son was born yesterday to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Sears, 212 South Sixty-third avenue west.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Louis Focault, residing at the corner of Fifty-ninth avenue west and Elinor street.

The funeral of little Alfred, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Farver, who died yesterday, will be held at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning from the family residence on Grand avenue.

Charles Wright, who for some time past has had charge of the Bergquist meat market, has resigned his position to go West. He will leave for Oregon next Monday.

Lodge No. 145, A. O. U. W., will attend in a body a Workmen meeting to be held in Superior Wednesday night.

William Tomlinson, of Mankato, formerly a resident of West Duluth, is visiting with friends in the city.

John Henderson left yesterday for Hibbing.

Pure drugs and careful attention to your prescription at the Reliance Pharmacy. A. J. Lindgren, prop.

E. S. Snyder left for Minneapolis yesterday on a business trip. He will be absent about a week.

F. A. Spohn, of Brainerd, Minn., is a guest at the home of his brother, J. A. Spohn, 401 Fifty-fifth avenue west.

Mrs. J. J. Jorgenson is at the Red Cross hospital to undergo an operation for stomach trouble.

Patterson, undertaker. 'Phone 3070.

ELKS' DAY.

Many Antlered Brethren Gather at World's Fair.

St. Louis, July 26.—One of the most notable fraternal events of the exposition was the gathering of Elks today, which was designated as Elks day. Addresses were delivered by President Francis, Grand Exalted Ruler O'Brien and Exalted Ruler John H. Holmes, of the St. Louis lodge No. 9. The state pavilions generally, were thrown open to the Elks.

ROOSEVELT TO VISIT FAIR.

St. Louis, July 26.—Clarence Edwards, of the insular department, who has arrived from Washington, announces that President Roosevelt will probably visit the World's Fair in October.

WORK AND NEEDS OF DULUTH DISTRICT

Annual Report of Capt. Charles L. Potter, Government Engineer.

Recommends That Government Own Dredge—$670,000 For Harbor.

His annual report covening the Lake Superior district, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1904, was forwarded today by Captain Charles L. Potter, engineer in charge of the district, to Brig. Gen. Alexander Mackenzie, chief of engineers, at Washington, D. C.

The report covers 126 typewritten pages and includes, in addition, 28 photographs, 13 tables and 19 tracings.

Captain Potter has been in charge of this district since July 10, 1903, Major Lansing H. Beach, of Detroit, having previously been in temporary charge, following the transfer of Major D. D. Gaillard.

In his report Captain Potter reviews the commercial importance of the ports in his district, points out their increased commerce, reviews the work accomplished during the fiscal year just closed, and makes recommendations as to what, in his judgement, should be done under future appropriations of congress for the improvement of rivers and harbors.

Captain Potter's recommendations as to Duluth-Superior harbor are especially interesting to head of the lakes business and commercial interests, and his views are along much the same line as those expressed by Major Gaillard, when he was engineer in charge of this district.

Captain Potter believes the maintenance of the channels and other improvements in the Duluth-Superior harbor and elsewhere in the district can best be accomplished by a plant owned and operated by the United States government, at an estimated cost of $150,000.

Comparing the cost of government improvements in the harbor, which up to the present time total $4,638,528.77, to the total valuation of the commerce since improvements were made by the government, which is $2,018,079,336, Captain Potter says the cost of the government improvement is only one-fourth of one per cent of the value of the freight transported. Fifty-two per cent of the freight passing through the Sault locks comes to the Duluth-Superior harbor.

The report says that the freight tonnage of the harbor in 1903 was the largest in its history and that it is believed the commerce of thos harbor is exceeded by that in only two other ports in the United States, New York and Philadelphia.

"The saving in cost of transportation, by lake, of vessel freight handled in this harbor," says Capt. Potter, "over what it would cost by rail, amounts in one year to about $30,000,000. This has been made possible by government improvement, not alone in this harbor, but at St. Mary's river and other ports between Duluth and Buffalo."

In his recommendation for a future maintenance appropriation, Capt. Potter says:

"The time has arrived in the history of this harbor when the maintenance of its improvements, it is believed, should be provided for annually. With forty-nine miles of harbor frontage, seventeen miles of twenty-foot channels and the handling of 18,000,000 tons of vessel freight annually, there is necessity for the closest inspection, by special patrol, provided with a steam tug, to prevent injurious deposits, shoaling of the channels, encroachments of wharves and other private structures, the enforcement of the rules regarding the rafting of logs, the opening of draws and the care of the United States property. These, with the discovery and removal of shoals, repairs to government piers, care of parks and the collection of complete and reliable commercial statistics, which have already proven of great value, it is thought could best be cared for by congressional action authorizing allotments or appropriations to be made annually on estimates to be submitted by the engineer officer in charge."

Capt. Potter, in the appendix to his main report, goes farther into detail of the suggested harbor patrol and suggests that among other things it have inspectors who can make arrests when necessary, with a sufficient number of men under their charge, a steam tug with ample crew, etc.

The money statement in the report gives the following items:

Expended during the fiscal year—	
For improvements	$150,060.48
For maintenance of improvements	25,000.00
Balance unexpended July 1, 1904	240,874.73
Outstanding liabilities	8,000.00
Amount covered by uncompleted contracts July 1	174,500.00
Balance available	232,874.73
Estimated amount required to complete existing contracts	520,000.00

Amount that can be profitably spent in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1905, in addition to the balance unexpended July 1, 1904:

For works of improvement	$520,000
For maintenance of improvements	150,000

Capt. Potter reviews the improvement work, including the completion of the continuous harbor dredging contract, the acquisition of the site for government boathouse and dockage, with yards on Minnesota Point and the big construction work now underway of the south pier at Superior entry.

* * *

The latter work is covered in detail by Assistant United States Engineer Clarence Coleman, who has the work in cahrge under Capt. Potter, in a supplementary report, including a large number of photographs and tracings.

The estimated cost of the work at Superior entry is about $925,000. About one-half of the concrete pier, or one-fourth of the entire work, will be completed this season.

Up to July 1, 1904, 39 of the subaqueous monolithic blocks had been built in place, requiring 5058 cubic yards of concrete. This took 6532 barrels of cement. In his report of the work, Mr. Coleman says:

"It is very gratifying to be able to report that the entire plant for performing this work has at this date been proved in actual practice and, notwithstanding much of it is entirely original and novel in design, it has worked in a most satisfactory manner. The question of handling, placing and removing the large subaqueous molds without the aid of submarine divers has been most satisfactorily solved by the special devices designed for accomplishing the work."

Another interesting item of the work, in Mr. Coleman's report, is that the cost complete of building a cubic yard of concrete block in place is $4.64.27, while the lowest bid on the work was $7.44 per yard. Had the work been let to private contractors at the latter figure, the United States would have furnished the cement and storage facilities, bring the total cost up to about $9.77.47 per yard. Thus the saving to the government by doing its own work is very nearly $5 per cubic yard.

Also accompanying Captain Potter's report is another by Assistant United States Engineer John H. Darling relative to the magnetic attractions at different points in Lake Superior which cause a variation of the needle of the compass.

* * *

Taking up in order the various other ports and harbors of refuge in the Lake Superior district, under his charge, Captain Potter reviews the commerce at each, the improvements underway or completed and the improvements or repairs that will be necessary, with the amounts which he deems can be profitably spent in improvement and maintenance of improvements. Summarized these remendations are:

Harbor of refuge, Grand Marais, Minn.—Harbor is more protected, with a 16-foot anchorage area of 26 acres. Expended for maintenance during the fiscal year, $1,754.65. Amount that could be profitably spent for maintenance in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1906, in addition to $916.41 now available, $2000.

Harbor of refuge, Agate bay.—Amount spent for maintenance for fiscal year, $257.50; amount available, $1,858.63; amount that could be profitably spent for maintenance in fiscal year, ending June 30, 1906, $5000.

Harbor of Fort Wing, Wis.—Dredging of narrow channel completed. It is believed that the construction of the proposed west pier will practically eliminate shoaling at the entrance. Amount expended for improvement during fiscal year, $20,694.71; amount that could be profitably spent in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1905, in addition to $3,523.82 available, $19,992.

Harbor at Ashland—Amount expended for improvement during fiscal year, $500; for maintenance of improvements, $23,647.98; balance available July 1, 1904, $3,321.86; amount estimated required to complete existing project, $886,500; amount that can be profitably spent for improvements and maintenance of improvements, over the amount available, in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1905, $250,000.

Harbor at Ontonagon—Latest dredging completed in 1903, giving a maximum draft of 12½ feet at low water. East pier in good condition. West pier somewhat decayed and will need repairs soon. Amount expended for maintenance of improvements during fiscal year, $4,821.51; amount available, $335.36; amount that can be profitably expended for maintenance of improvements in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1906, $10,000.

Waterway across Keweenaw Point from Keweenaw bay to Lake Superior—Dredging contract completed in 1903. Funds appropriated for improvement of the waterway practically exhausted. Estimated cost of completing existing project $45,000, for which an appropriation will be necessary. Amount expended for the fiscal year, $8,805.40.

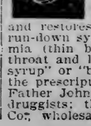
Harbor at Marquette, Mich.—Seventy per cent of the entire length of the concrete superstructure of the pier, or 2100 feet completed to July 1, 1904. Amount expended during fiscal year for improvement, $59,171.89; amount expended for maintenance of improvements, $1500; balance available, $38,694.13; amount that could be profitably expended for maintenance in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1905, $5000.

Harbor at Presque Isle—Amount expended during fiscal year for maintenance of improvements, $200; amount available, $205.42; amount that can be profitably spent for maintenance in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1905, $1000.

Harbor of refuge at Grand Marais, Mich.—West pier now built 1912 feet and east pier 545 feet. Pile dike completed. This was built in 1895-6-7 and needs extensive repairs. Dredging work now in progress to be completed the last of this month, and will give sufficient depth for coasting vessels and big boats running light. Amount expended during fiscal year for improvement, $48,680.11; for maintenance of improvements, $1000; amount available, $22,993.64; amount that can be profitably expended for improvement in fiscal year ending June 30, 1905, above amount available, $83,401.68; amount that could be spent for maintenance of improvements, $40,000.

For recovery of sunken vessels or craft obstructing or endangering navigation—The sum of $45 was expended in the attempt to locate the wreck of the steamer A. A. Parker off the entrance to the harbor of Grand Marais, Mich.; $74.24 was expended in connection with the attempt to locate the reef in Lake Superior on which the steamer Hutchinson stranded. A further allotment of $200 under the appropriation for the survey of the Northern and Northwestern lakes has been made for this work.

WHAT GUARANTEED MEANS.



When you read that Father John's Medicine is guaranteed, it means that the money is refunded if it does not do all that is claimed for it. This old remedy builds up the body and restores health and strength to all run-down systems. Cures scrofula, anaemia (thin blood), rheumatism and all throat and lung troubles. Not a "cough syrup" or "balsam," but a food medicine, the prescription of an eminent specialist. Father John's Medicine is for sale by all druggists; the L. W. Leithhead Drug Co., wholesale distributors.

J. M. GIDDING & CO "The Style Store." J. M. GIDDING & CO.

Peter Thompson Suits for women and girls, in linen and mohair, at almost half price. These are just the thing for outing and traveling, as they can be cleaned very easily. The colors are cream, brown, navy, tan, etc. Here are a few of the prices:

$ 5.75 Suits at $ 3.75.
$ 9.75 Suits at $ 6.50.
$18.50 Suits at $11.50.
$22.50 Suits at $13.50.

Travel'g Needs.



for women—Dress Cases, Grips, Bags and Trunks—an assortment unequaled in this city, in all of the newest shapes and leathers—

Bags, $2.50 to $18.50.
Dress Cases, $4.50 to $25.00.
Trunks, $7.50 to $18.50.

Children's Cotton Dresses at Greatly Reduced Prices!

"Thompson," "Buster Brown," "Spencer" and "Russian" effects—ages 1 year to 4 years and 6 to 14—in chambray, pique, linen, Madras and other summer materials—the prettiest children's dresses shown in the city—half and a third off.

Children's Russian Coats--

Of Linen, Duck—tan and white—with pretty emblem on sleeve and collar. Just the thing for summer wear. Reduced a third to a half.



OUR NEW TYPE, ordered some few months ago, in time for our opening, has just arrived. On account of its peculiar make and shading it has taken a long time to turn it out. It is known as the "Curtis-Post" series, and is said to be the most beautiful and artistic type used today. It is owned exclusively by us and is in keeping with the progressive and aggressive age we live and do business in.

Wee Little Girls' White Dresses,

Of fine India Linons, daintily trimmed with lace, in prettiest effects—at $1.75 to $4.50.



Getting Rid of the Summer Suits, Coats, Waists and other Summer Wearables--

Half and less than half for Thin and Cool Suits--

Of Voile, Mohair, Silk, Linen, Lawn, Organdie, Point d'Esprit, etc.

Thin and cool Skirts

Of Voile, Mohair, Sicilian, Taffeta Silk and loosely-woven Scotch mixtures.

The "Riddance" Sale

On Summer Wearables continues on Tailored Suits and Coats, Taffeta Silk Coats, Covert Coats, Undermuslins, Hosiery and Underwear, White Shirt Waists, high-class Imported Waists.

Thin and cool Shirt Waists--

Of Lawn, Linen, Batiste, Mull, etc.

Thin and Cool Underwear

Of Muslin, Cambric or knitted.

Thin and cool Kimonos--

and Dressing Sacques—dainty Lawns, Batistes, Persian Lawn and Silk—plain white or prettily trimmed.

Thin and cool Gloves--

Of Silk or Lisle, in the cool summer shades.

Thin and cool Girls' Dresses--

Ages 8 to 16—Peter Thompson, Russian and other styles.

Thin and cool Children's Dresses--

"Spencer," Russian, Buster Brown and Thompson styles.

JM Gidding & Co WOMENS' OUTFITTERS

concerning their conduct each month to Humane Officer Withrow.

Dominick Blottie was released under a suspended sentence and the case against Albert Olsen, who is only six years of age, was dismissed.

The boys were thoroughly frightened by their arrest and made earnest promises of better behavior in future.

WILL HAVE A BAND CONCERT

Hunter's Park People Will Be Regaled Wednesday Evening.

The residents of Hunter's Park and Woodland, who have a reputation for knowing what they want and getting it, have decided that they want a band concert before the summer ends, and with the usual result. A collection was taken up among the residents and tomorrow night the Third Regiment band will board a Woodland car, select some quiet grove and discourse popular and classical selections for two or three hours.

The plan is a decided innovation, but the residents of this particular suburb pride themselves on the original and direct methods they pursue in getting what they wan, whether it be a band concert or a "limited" car.

The concert will be free to all residents of Hunter's Park, Glen Avon and Woodland and any other citizens who may care to attend.

SAFEGUARD THE CHILDREN.

Notwithstanding all that is done by boards of health and charitably inclined persons, the death rate among small children is very high during the hot weather of the summer months in the large cities. There is not probably one case of bowel complaint in a hundred, however, that could not be cured by the timely use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Mr. Frank Riggs, of Franklinville, N. Y., in speaking of this remedy, said: "I have found it expedient to have a supply of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy on hand. It has been a family safeguard, and while especially beneficial to children, it is equally good in adult cases. I recommend it cheerfully and without reservation." For sale by all druggists.

Fight Waxing Warm.

The rivalry between the Centrals and the Demons, two local organizations of amateur baseball players, waxes warm. In the game last Sunday the Demons were victorious, and the captain of the team made the statement that his team had won by the score of 9 to 5. The Centrals admit the defeat but claim the score was 27 to 24.

The Centrals are thirsting for revenge and challenge any team composed of boys under 17 years of age in the city. They claim their defeat at the hands of the Demons was due to the "rotten work of the umpire," and want another game. The manager of the Central team is John Kolbak of Tenth avenue west and Third street.

SCHOOLEY'S YOUNG MEN'S BAND

Excursion and Dance

On Str. Newsboy and Barge Outing TONIGHT.

Good Dancing Floor. Leave Foot 5th Ave. W. 8:30. Tickets 25c. Both phones

DISMISSED WITH WARNING

West Duluth Store Breakers Are Allowed to Go.

After a severe warning from the court of the results of a career of crime, the five young West Duluth lads arrested for robbing a confectionery store Sunday evening were released by Judge Windom.

All of the boys pleaded guilty to the offense. Tony Blottie, Carles Bodin and Francis Bodin, the three oldest boys were placed on parole from the municipal court for one year, with orders to report

AN ATTEMPT MADE TO SWINDLE MRS. ROOSEVELT.

Pittsburg, July 26.—An attempt to swindle Mrs. Roosevelt, wife of the president, out of $50, is being investigated by the Pittsburg charity department. The young woman, who tried to secure the money on the ground that she needed it to pay for a surgical operation on a child, will not be prosecuted as that is not Mrs. Roosevelt's wish. The young woman is of a respectable family.

RICH, RED ROSY CHEEKS.

If nature fails to keep the blood pure, Beecham's Pills will purify it. They contain the essential elements of the best laxative known. They expel accumulated impurities without causing harm to the most delicate constitution. If you want the blood to leap through your veins with the vigor of youth, if you want the flush of health to mantle your cheeks; if you want bright eyes, a clear head and an active mind, take Beecham's Pills, for good health follows in their wake. Regulate your system as you would your watch.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Manistique—Dan Scott, a painter, was drowned in Indian lake Sunday afternoon. He was in a sailboat alone, it capsized and he was drawn down in 16 feet of water. Men are searching for his body. He was about 23 and his parents live here.

Escanaba—Because the municipal lighting plant has not proven a financial success and the lighting fund is gradually showing a larger deficit, the Escanaba common council has decided to sell it.

Menominee—Suit for $10,000 damages has been instituted by Dr. Nancy Rodger against the Ann Arbor railroad for injuries received in falling into the slip between the dock and the boat.

The water investigation at Menominee, which will be completed this week, will have cost the city upwards of $1600. To Dr. Davis, the expert, there will have been paid over $1000. He was paid $600 for three weeks work originally and, then the council authorized the expenditure of not to exceed $1200 for a continuance of the work. It is expected that when the expert is paid and the other bills are defrayed the greater part of this sum will have been expended.

Iron River—Accountant J. A. Dresser, of Detroit, who has been engaged in looking over the records of Iron River township for the past ten years, found that six treasurers had been short in their accounts. The total discrepancy, however, amounted to but $279 and is attributed to the manner in which the year-end settlements were made.

Sault Ste. Marie—L. H. Conley of the government canal force at the Soo, has a mind that has always more or less turned to inventions of one kind or another. He had invetned many clever devices. His latest is a seat for a bicycle in two parts, each working independent of the other, and is said to remove the greatest objections brought forward among physicians against the use of bicycles by women. All who have examined the device are firm believers in its utility. Mr. Conley has applied for a patent.

SCHLITZ The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous.

Duluth Branch, 35 E. Railroad St. 'Phone—Zenith 358.

Yesterday, Today, Tomorrow, Always

The Herald for Want Advertising. Quick, Unfailing Results Have Made The Herald the Want Medium of Duluth.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.

$2200 Buys 200 foot corner on Fourth street—street and avenue improved—central—a snap either for improvement or speculation.

$1000 Buys 80 acres best farming land in the county on fine road close to city, and very easy to put under cultivation—this offering is worthy of investigation.

$225 Buys lot in Portland division—Eleventh avenue east and Seventh street.

$650 Six-room house—one-quarter cash, balance easy terms, 6 per cent. Duluth Heights.

$750 Five-room cottage, graded street; lot and half of ground; ¼ cash, balance easy terms.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.
Mortgage Loans—Fire Insurance.
220 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

BURRELL & HARMON,
No. 3 So. First Ave. E.,
BOTH 'PHONES.
FURNACE HEATING EXPERTS.
Agents for Strictly First-class Furnaces.
ROOFING WORK—all kinds—Cornice and Skylights, Steel Ceilings.
Tin and Sheet Iron Work of all kinds.

LOTS ON PARK POINT.

Lot on Minnesota Avenue----$200
Lot on St. Louis Avenue-----$200
Lot on Minnesota Avenue----$500
Lot on Lake Avenue --------$400
GEO. R. LAYBURN, 14 Phoenix Blk.

WE MAKE
REAL ESTATE LOANS
THAT MAKE SATISFIED CUSTOMERS.
It will pay you to investigate our methods before borrowing.
R. M. NEWPORT 302 Lonsdale Bdg. F. I. Salter, Agent

$5400 for 3 houses and 50x140 foot lot on the upper side of Fourth street, in the heart of the business district. Investment nets 13 per cent; $2400 cash balance in 5 years or more at 6 per cent. Lot alone worth $4500. For sale exclusively by

R. B. Knox & Co
Real Estate, Fire Insurance, Burglary, Accident and Health Insurance, Loans and Rentals.

LITTLE & NOLTE DULUTH, MINN.
BONDS and LOANS

PARK POINT LOTS.

25 beautiful lots on Minnesota and Lake avenues for sale from $200 to $350. Good title guaranteed. They are on 7th, 8th, 9th, 27th and 32nd streets. Great many in the finest portion of the point and some have pine shade trees on them.

Lots for sale in all parts of Park Point at away down prices. Be sure and see us before you buy.

GEO. H. CROSBY
105-6-7-8 Providence Bldg.

$950 7-room house in Endion, $150 cash; $10 monthly.
$600 6-room house, West Duluth, $100 cash. $10 monthly.
$700 5-room cottage, Duluth Heights, $75 cash, $10 monthly.
$2650 6-room modern house, 50 feet. London road.
$3500 New 7-room modern house. East End.

ECKSTEIN & EBY,
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans,
800 Exchange building. Zenith 'phone 338.

$7500 for beautiful home in East End; all modern and complete in every detail.
$1100 for a snug little home near Portland Square.
$500 for choice lot on East Third street; good neighborhood.
Money on hand to loan.
EXCHANGE BUILDING.
COOLEY & UNDERHILL Exchange Bldg

$4000 Takes 7-room, modern house, fifty-foot lot, on East Second
$4500 Takes 50 feet and 7-room house on Third street in center of city. A bargain!
$3000 Takes 7-room modern house on East Third street.
A. C. VOLK & CO. 202-203 Palladio Bldg.

5% MONEY To Loan 6%
Any Amount—All Privileges—No Delay.
W. M. PRINDLE & CO First Floor Lonsdale Bldg

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

LAND! LAND!

For sale in section 13-51-14, sections 15-21 and 22, township 51, range 13. This soil is of the very best—comparatively free from stones and on some of it the timber will pay for the land—sold in 10-20-40 and 80 acre tracts to suit on reasonable payments. Handy to street car and on good county roads. Price from $15 to $25 per acre. Cheaper land farther away.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
105-6-7-8 Providence Building.

WHY NOT

Buy a home when you can do so at the least cost? There has not been a time within the last five years when I have had any such bargains in homes, as I am now offering. Present conditions will not last long. I confidently predict an active real estate market before the close of the present year. Let me show you what I have to offer.

R. M. NEWPORT,
F. I. SALTER, Agent. 302 Lonsdale Bldg.

BUY HOMES NOW—
WHILE THEY ARE CHEAP.

$1200 Nice 5-room cottage; city water; street improved; two blocks from street car; West End.
$1400 New 7-room house on graded street; water and sewer in street. One block from street car; West End.
$1400 8-rooms almost new; city water; lot 50x140 feet; easy terms; near 39th avenue west.
$1750 7-rooms; city water; fine condition, fronting Lincoln Park.

T. G. VAUGHAN,
400 LONSDALE BUILDING.
Telephone 789.

West Duluth.

Now is the time to buy in West Duluth. Prices are low, and the industries on a more solid basis than ever before. The outlook for the future is bright.

I am offering a good double house with two full lots on Sixty-first avenue, Nos. 616 and 618—eight rooms for only **$1000**

And will sell at auction at my office at 10 a. m., July 27, about twenty vacant lots. See list on real estate page July 23.

D. W. SCOTT,
Zenith 'phone 685.
10 MESABA BLOCK.

West Duluth Properties

No. 222 south 59th avenue. Ten room house and 25 foot lot. Near street car line, blast furnace and car works —price only **$850**
No. 613 57th avenue. Six room house with city water, price.... **$950**
No. 220 51st avenue. Large house occupied by two families, rents for $144. Can sell on easy terms— price **$1050**
Eight room house and six fifty foot lots in Oneota—near street car line, church and school—price only **$2100**

N. J. UPHAM CO
400 BURROWS BUILDING.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER DESIRES position as substitute for the months of August and September. Address Twenty-fourth street, Park Point, care of L. Merritt.

WANTED—SITUATION, CHEMIST AND assayist; Cornell graduate. One year practical experience. Address D 64, Herald.

A THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED fire insurance man would like position with some local agency. D 90. Herald.

EXPERIENCED LICENSED ELEVATOR boy wants position. D 60. Herald.

WANTED—A POSITION BY YOUNG man; two years' experience in grocery and confectionery business; best of references. Address C 22. Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION, CHEMIST AND assayist; graduate. One year practical experience. Address D 64. Herald.

A YOUNG MARRIED MAN OF 22 wishes work of any kind, at once. Is experienced delivery man. Address 204 West First street; downstairs.

YOUNG MAN, UNIVERSITY GRADUate, wants position as assistant bookkeeper; wages no object. Address D 85, Herald.

RELIABLE MAN DESIRES POSITION as assistant bookkeeper. Experienced in warehouse work. Salary no particular object. Address D 58, Herald office.

WANTED—WORK AS OFFICE ASSISTant evenings by a young man fully competent and with best of references. Apply S. T., Herald.

POSITION AS COLLECTOR OR BOOKkeeper wanted by young man with experience. Address D 88, Herald.

A THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED fire insurance man would like position with some local agency.

POSITION WANTED BY MAN AND wife to work on farm or city; understands all work. D 35, Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—BY WOMAN, HOUSEWORK of any kind in hotel or restaurant. D 74, Herald.

LADY WANTS SEWING BY DAY OR week. Address D 65. Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE DAY washing or ironing. Address D 57, Herald.

MEDICAL.

FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. R. G. RAYmond's Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; relief in three to five days. We have never known of a single failure. Mail orders promptly filled. Price $2. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy Co., room 69, 84 Adams St., Chicago, Ill.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

SAFES. SAFES. SAFES.
Fire and burglar proof safes. Vaults, doors and vault linings. Deposit boxes, messenger boxes. Latest improved bank safe, square and screw door. Full line of second-hand safes. Safes repaired and combination changed.
J. S. RAY & CO., 410 W. Sup. St.

LAUNCHES FOR RENT.
LAUNCHES FOR RENT.
Open and covered. Duluth Gas Engine works, two blocks below ferry landing, Minnesota Point.

FOR SALE—CHILD'S SLEEPING COT, at a bargain. 202 East Third street.

FOR SALE—BABY'S GO-CART FOR $8; cost $25; baby's carriage for $4. Call 230 Mesaba avenue.

FOR SALE — RESTAURANT, CHEAP; well located, with good patronage. Address C 51, Herald.

FOR SALE—RESTAURANT AND CIGAR store doing good business. D 56, Herald.

MUSIC AND MUSICAL MERCHANDISE—Edison's phonograph, band and orchestra instruments, pianos, organs. Haakonsen & Westgaard, Duluth's leading music store.

No home complete without an up-to-date iron fence. We sell them. Also vases, lawn furniture, such as settees. Iron rabbits and fountains. Let us beautify your home. We have the goods, if you have the money. J. S. RAY & CO., 410 West Superior street. 'Phone 162, Zenith.

PATENTS OBTAINED FOR INVENTors. J. T. Watson, specialist, Palladio building.

FOR SALE—COWS.

FOR SALE—TWO FRESH JERSEY milch cows. Call Gottlieb Kaus, 1116 East Sixth street.

S. M. KANER WILL ARRIVE WITH A carload of fresh milch cows Tuesday, July 26. Some Jerseys among them. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith 'phone 1387.

L. POLINSKY HAS JUST ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows. Stock yards, No. 1124 East Sixth street.

FOR SALE — CARLOAD OF FRESH milk cows, will arrive July 22 at Evan Johnson's, 2608 West Helm street.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM HOUSE, NO. 321 East Fifth street. Call at Bloom & Co.

FOR RENT — 7-ROOM HOUSE. 108 East Second street. Call same.

FIRST-CLASS BOARDING HOUSE, 720 West Second street. Miss Monaghan.

FOR RENT — 5-ROOM HOUSE. 513 Third avenue west. Inquire 503 Third avenue west.

HOUSE OF SEVEN ROOMS; CITY water; perfect condition; Twenty-fifth avenue West; fronting Lincoln park. T. G. Vaughn, 400 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—BOARDING HOUSE CLOSE to the blast furnace. 306 56 South, West Duluth.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE, 326 West Third street; modern conveniences. R. T. Lewis, 202 Lonsdale buildnig.

PARK POINT — SEVEN-ROOM COTtage; perfect condition. 710 Torrey building. Zenith phone 403.

FOR RENT—HOUSES AND COTTAGES, Park Point, for season or year. W. F. Leggett, 506 Burrows building. Zenith 'phone 862.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE city. G. H. Crosby, 105 Providence building. 'Phone 24.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT, CHEAP—BARBER SHOP and fixtures, 701 West Michigan street.

FOR RENT—ONE LARGE UNFURnished room; water and sewer in basement. 230 West Second street.

TWO ROOMS IN BASEMENT FOR rent, 224 East Second street.

FOR RENT — FOUR ROOMS, FOURTH avenue west and Fourth street. Inquire 20 East Fourth street.

FOUR ROOMS FOR RENT, DOWNstairs, 115 West Fifth street. Inquire A. Borgen, 29 West First street.

FOR RENT—FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms, $8.00. 1016 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms with board. 324 West Third St. Mrs. Saxsin.

FURNISHED ROOM 14 E. Second St.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms. 123 West Second street

FOR RENT — TWO UNFURNISHED rooms. 18½ East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — THREE UNFURNISHED rooms, $7 per month. 418 South Eighteenth avenue East.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping. 310 West Fourth street

FOR RENT — MODERN FURNISHED rooms; single or en suite; central; on car line. 11 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, 628 West Third street.

FOR RENT — ELEVEN FURNISHED rooms; steam heat, gas, electric light. Suitable for keeping boarders. Apply 1502 London road.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, 117 West Frst street.

ROOMS FOR RENT AT 217 SECOND avenue East

ROOMS FOR RENT—524 LAKE AVEnue north.

FOR RENT — OFFICES. MESABA building. Julius D. Howard & Co.

PIANO TUNING.

F. G BINGHAM, 17 EAST THIRD ST. Leave orders with Haakenson & Westgaard, music dealers. Both 'phones.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—SECOND-HAND rubber-tire buggy in good condition, if cheap. Old 'phone 1275 M.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 403-404 TORREY BLDG.

E. AUGERMEIER, 219 FIRST AVE E.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; small family. Mrs. John Crosby, 2608 East Superior street.

GIRLS CAN FIND GOOD PLACES AND good wages at Mrs. Somer's Employment office, 17 Second avenue east.

LADIES EARN $20 PER HUNDRED writing short letters. Send stamped envelope for particulars. Ideal Mfg. Co., Cassoplis, Mich.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES and for general hose work can always find places at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 215 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Siebold.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 316 East Second sreet.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; wages, $20. Apply Mrs. J. D. Adams, 1525 Ogden avenue, Superior, Wis.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO TAKE care of child; one who can go home nights. 1116 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1315 East Superior street.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL FOR restaurant. 525 West Superior street.

WANTED COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 206 West Third St.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY — COMPETent girl for general housework; small family. 1424 East Second street.

Part of the News

Carlyle said: "The all of things is an infinite conjugation of the verb, TO DO." The Herald want ad. page furnishes the widest daily conjugations of that vital verb.

An unused bicycle is a cumbersome thing in cellar or garret. If you no longer ride, make a bargain offer of your wheel through The Herald For Sale ads.

"The mould of a man's fortune is in his own hands," but the metal for the mould must often be heated by the little want ads.

Herald want ads. introduce people who should know each other—whose interests are mutual. If you have too few acquaintances of this kind, get better acquainted with the want ads.

The landlady of a modern boarding house must be a good advertiser, as well as a good cook and a pleasing hostess. Thus do the accomplishments of women multiply.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE. (Continued.)

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral house work. Apply Thursday afternoon at 1817 East First street.

WANTED—GOOD LAUNDRESS, MONdays; also competent girl for housework. 1914 East First street.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE.

DESKS, CHAIRS, DESKS. CHAIRS. DESKS, CHAIRS. DESKS. CHAIRS.
Latest improved typewriting desks. Roll and flat top desks. Standing desks. Directors tables. Office chairs of all kinds. Steel filing cabinets. Vertical filing devices.
J. S. RAY & CO.,
410 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—CHICAGO BOARDING house furniture, on Fifty-second avenue, West Duluth.

$85 TAKES GOOD UPRIGHT PIANO. 13 East Superior street, room 4.

FOR SALE — FURNITURE. 162 EAST Second street.

FOR SALE AT ONCE — COMPLETE household furniture; rugs, piano, etc. 11 West Fourth street.

DRESSMAKING.

NEW DRESSMAKING PARLORS IN rooms formerly occupied by Miss Sticka, room 6, Metropolitan block.

DRUNKENNESS CURED.

A GUARANAEED CURE AT DR. REIland's, 707 Palladio.

MUSIC CONSERVATORY.

FLAATEN'S, McDONNELL BLOCK, 124 West Superior street.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

PLANTING AND PRUNING BY EXpert nurseryman. Northern grown Stock guaranteed. Henry Cleveland, 211 East Superior street.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—R. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith 'phone, 660, residence, 1213.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BERRY'S MERCANTILE AGENCY wants your collecting business. Main office 325 Manhattan building, Duluth, Minn.

CHIN CHONG ON JULY 21 PURchased the interest of Ah Wong in California restaurant.

MILLINERY.

MILINERY — Over Suffel's. HUMES.

HATS—106 W. Superior St. Miss Swenson.

ELECTRICIANS.

Birthmarks, hair moles, warts removed by electricity. Mis Jonr, room 25, Columbus block. Pupil, Mrs. Pierce.

No advertisement less than tahn 15 cents.

MONEY TO LOAN.

DO YOU NEED MONEY?
DO YOU NEED MONEY?
We make loans on horses, wagons, furniture and pianos, etc. Any amount required. Also to salaried people without security. Lowest rates. Confidential treatment. Call and investigate our methods.
WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Bldg.
Bell 'phone 759-R. Zenith 'phone 936.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.
We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, endorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, furs, etc., and all goods of value from $1 to $1000. We hold all goods one year, even if interest is not paid. The only recognized reputable pawnbroker. Established 1887. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

SALARY AND CHATTEL LOANS. Cosmopolitan Co. 301 Palladio bldg. Zenith 761.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill. 207 Exchange bldg.

BOARD OFFERED.

BOARD OFERED AT BAY LAKE, near Deerwood. Beautiful lake; fishing, boats, bathing; good board; room for a party of six or eight. Write L. H. Scofield, Bay Lake, Minn.

ROOM AND BOARD FOR TWO IN PRIvate family. 319 West Fourth street.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD, PLEASANT surroundings, at 329 W. Second street.

FURNISHED ROOMS, AND BOARD. Also table board. 218 West Third street.

WANTED — DAY BOARDERS, AT 521 West Second street.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED rooms, 122 East First street.

FOR SALE—HORSES.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, MIDway Horse Market, St. Paul, have the largest assortment of horses in the entire Northwest. Auction every Wednesday, 2 o'clock, private sales daily, part time given, if desired.

FOR SALE—16 WESTERN HORSES, TO close them out cheap; weight 1060 to 1500 pounds; some are broke. L. Mark, Elliott Packing company, Thirty-eighth avenue west and Railroad street, on car line.

HORSES FOR SALE—DRAFT, DRIVing horses and general purpose. L. Hammel company.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—RED AND WHITE SPOTTED cow, right horn broken. Owner call 1017 Magellan street.

FOUND — SMALL HORSE, DARK brown. D 59, Herald.

LOST — ONE BLACK AND WHITE belted cow, and one red spotted cow, with short tail. Return to 2608 West Helm street for reward. Evan Johnsen.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies, Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

PAPERHANGING.

FOR PAINTING, PAPERING AND hardwood finishing, etc., call on Andrew Ringsred. Store 103 West Fourth street.

ASHES REMOVED.

J. J. MAHER. BOTH 'PHONES. 48.

DI MARCO'S ORCHESTRA.

Music furnished for all occasions. Old 'phone 1319-R. Res. 476 Mesaba avenue.

MOULDINGS.

Picture and Plate Rails—DECKER'S.

ARCHITECT.

Young & Nystrom, 504-9 Manhattan Bldg.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—TWO MEN, ONE TEAM with two wagons to haul dirt. Apply evenings. 118 East Fourth street. C. Sanders.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO DO JANItor work for tuition. Apply Duluth Business university.

WANTED—500 BOYS TO CALL AT BURrows' store tomorrow and secure lists to enable them to save ten dollars in one week.

FIFTY RAILROAD LABORERS FOR surfacing and track-laying in Montana. Ship Wednesday evening. Free fare. Also twenty-five track men, $1.75 a day, near city. Western Employment company, 502½ West Superior street.

WANTED—AN A 1 DELIVERY MAN for grocery. 114-116 West Superior street.

WANTED—THREE TAILORS AND pressers. Rose Dye Works, 20 Third avenue west.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED WAREhouseman. Apply in person to J. W. Kreitter, Proctor, Minn.

WANTED—Parties to burn Lackawanna Koal. 210 W. Superior St. Tel. 1291.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—SMALL FLAT—702 WEST Second street. All conveniences. N. J. Upham Co.

FOR RENT—TWO FLATS. FOUR rooms each. 10 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — 7-ROOM FLAT; MODern conveniences, centrally located. Charles P. Craig & Co., No. 220 West Superior street.

FOUR-ROOM FLAT, DESIRABLE LOcation. 216 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—SMALL, STEAM-HEATED flat, furnished or unfurnished. 315 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FLAT, $13 per month. Myers Bros., 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FLAT. CENtral, bath, gas and electricity; water free; no children; $25. Sherwood, Torrey building.

FOR RENT — MODERN SIX-ROOM flat, No. 2 Lafayette flats. A. E. Gilbert.

FOR RENT—SMALL FLAT IN WEST End; all conveniences. N. J. Upham, 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—STORES.

FOR RENT—LARGE STORE, 116 WEST First street. Apply N. J. Upham Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—ONE LARGE IRON-ROOF building, suitable for storage purposes, between Sixth and Seventh avenues west, on Railroad street. Inquire 214 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM, 25x70. NO. 1612 West Superior street. Apply Eckstein & Eby, 300 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—STORE, 109 WEST SUPERior street. For particulars call at the office of George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT—THE FINE BRICK STORE, room 118 and 120 West Fourth street, with well-lighted basements, formerly occupied by Crescent bakery. W. C. Sherwood & Co., Torrey building.

FOR RENT—BOATS.

ALL KINDS OF BOATS FOR SALE OR rent. Special rates of rental to camping parties by the week or month. Two first-class launches for rent. Zenith Boat House, 620 South Sixty-third avenue west, West Duluth.

WEST DULUTH BOAT HOUSE. ALL kinds of row and sail boats for rent. 618 Waseca street, Sixty-first avenue west.

PERSONAL.

J.P. Those suffering from weaknesses which sap the pleasures of life should take Juven Pills. One box will tell a story of marvelous results. This medicine has more rejuvenating, vitalizing force than has ever been offered. Sent post-paid in plain package only on receipt of this adv. and $1. Made by its originators C. I. Hood Co., proprietors Hood's Sarsaparilla, Lowell, Mass.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills ARE THE BEST. Safe, Reliable, Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by RETURN MAIL. Ask your druggist.
Chichester Chemical Co., Philada., Pa.



PURE, SAFE AND SURE!
Dr. Roger's Tansy, Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills. A test of forty years in France has proved them to *positively* cure SUPPRESSION OF THE MENSES. Special—Price reduced to $1.00 per box. Mailed in plain wrapper. Imported direct from Paris, France, by W. A. ABBETT, Druggist, Duluth, Minn., 202 West Superior street.

COAST SHIPMENTS.

REDUCED FREIGHT RATES TO PAcific coast points, on household goods or emigrant movables. For particulars address the Boyd Transfer and Storage Co., Minneapolis, or call on our local agents, the Duluth Van and Storage Co.

FARM LANDS.

FARM LANDS NEAR DULUTH in tracts of 10 acres or more, for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum bldg., Duluth, Minn.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 31 West Superior St.

OPTICIANS.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LIcensed optometrist; 12 years' experience. 5 West Superior street, Duluth.

STENOGRAPHER.

STELLA M. PEACHEY, 307 FIRST NAtional Bank building.

DYE WORKS.

THE PANTORIUM — LADIES' AND gents' garments cleaned, dyed and repaired at moderate prices. 118 First avenue west, Duluth. Phone 738-K.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—PRACtical dyers and French dye cleaners; first-class work guaranteed. 6 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

UMBRELLAS MADE TO ORDER.

A. Gingold sells umbrellas for $1 and up and repairs them for one year free. Repairing and recovering on short notice. Work guaranteed, 209 W. Sup. St., 2nd floor.

PAINTING LESSONS.

MRS. MARY INMAN, 231 West Second St

MASSAGE.

MISS BACON, Phoenix blk., 4th Ave. W.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, GRADUATE MIDwife; female complaints. 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone, 1225.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory, 220 W. Superior St.

HAIRDRESSING.

Shampooing, Hair Dressing, Manicuring, hair work. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting Aug. 1, 1904. Work, 3rd degree. Stanley R. Holden, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting July 25, 1904. Hugh R. Burzo, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary. Visiting brethren are welcome.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, July 23, 1904, at 3 p. m. Work, M. M. P. M. M. E. M. Royal Arch. William McGonagle, acting H. P.; W. T. Ten Brook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave August 2. Work—General business. John T. Black, commander; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT NO. 1 MEETS EVERY Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Edward Thompson, Com., 12 E. Fifth St. J. B. Gelineau, R. K., third floor, Hunter block. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. Next meeting July 28. Samaritan degree. Thos. J. McKeon, G. S.; W. P. Wellbanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.

FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 165, meets in Hunter hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. C. H. Johnson, M. W.; W. W. Fensternacher, recorder. O. J. Murvold, financier, 8 East Seventh street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. John Newman, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier, A. E. Blake, recorder. Special business. Members requested to be present.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street. J. H. Davis, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

GRANT LODGE, K. OF P. No. 3 (colored) meets first and third Thursday every month at Kalamazoo hall. J. Taylor, C. C.; D. H. Saunders, K. of R. S

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Sunday beginning July 24, at 8 o'clock at Eagle hall, Foltz building, 116 West Superior street. Steve F. Parker, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, room 10, Hayes block. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street for rental of hall.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2256, meets at Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. F. Wiberg, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

I. O. F.

COURT COMMERCE, NO. 3283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evenings, at 8 o'clock at Kalamazoo hall. Next meeting Aug. 5, 1904. Business of importance. R. J. Pickard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C.—meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m., in Folz hall, West Superior street. George F. McKenzie, chief; Malcolm Macdonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, 10 Mason Flats. Next meeting Aug. 3. Remember Clan picnic, Friday, July 29.

ROYAL LEAGUE.

ZENITH COUNCIL.—NO. 161, Royal League, meets in Elks' hall, first and third Monday evenings at 8 o'clock. G. L. Hargraves, archon; L. P. Murray, scribe, 1524 East Fourth street.

12 Pages

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

12 Pages

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR. LAST EDITION. WEDNESDAY, JULY 27, 1904. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

RUSSIA MUST MAKE FULL REPARATION FOR SINKING SHIP AND SALUTE THE BRITISH FLAG OR FIGHT WITH GREAT BRITAIN

Such Instructions Sent to British Ambassador at St. Petersburg.

Russian Papers Are Significantly Silent on Seizure of Ships.

The Attitude of Germany Has Undergone a Remarkable Change.

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The British note, as Sir Charles Hardinge will submit it, will not mention the amount of indemnity Russia must pay the owners of the ship and British subjects having goods on board the vessel, but all that will be sought will be the establishment of the principle of indemnity and apology. A salute of the British flag must also be conceded and the future protection of neutral shipping assured.

The attitude of the British government is the result of the thorough consideration given to the reports received from Sir Claude MacDonald, the British minister at Tokio, and the examination of international law authorities by legal experts. The dispatches from Sir Claude MacDonald confirm the reports that the Knight Commander had no contraband of war on board for the Japanese. The government and all the British authorities, it is asserted, unite on the point that there was no justification for the sinking of the vessel.

It is felt in government circles that the Knight Commander incident overshadows the Red sea seizures, which practically have been adjusted, but which have failed to settle the question of the rights of neutral commerce.

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Mr. Balfour added: "There is no question of loss of life, but I am afraid there is a question of a breach of international law."

TO RELEASE MALACCA.

British Crew Will Be Put Aboard at Algiers.

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After a protracted conference on board the Malacca between the British and Russian consuls and Captain Schwartz, commanding the prize crew, it was announced that the Russian flag would be replaced by the British at six o'clock this evening.

The orders to surrender the Malacca were evidently a complete surprise to Captain Schwartz, who immediately after his arrival notified the French naval authorities that he required six hundred tons of coal and a good supply of water and provisions to take him to Libau, in the Baltic. It was not until an hour later that the Russian consul, M. Towalzevsky, boarded the Malacca and informed Captain Schwartz of the settlement of the difficulties regarding the Malacca since the vessel sailed from Port Said.

The prize crew will be landed this evening. Lodgings were provided for the crew by the French naval authorities. The Malacca's British crew recently arrived at Marseilles and it is expected that tney will be summoned to take charge of the ship, which will resume her interrupted voyage eastward.

It transpires that during the Malacca's voyage in the Mediterranean to this port two British warships escorted her for a short time and then disappeared.

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FIRE, TUMULT AND PICKETS CONTRIBUTED TO STIRRING SCENES IN AND ABOUT STOCKYARDS AS RESULT OF STRIKE

Swift's Big Lard Refinery Partially Destroyed By Flames.

Majority of Stockyards' Union Teamsters Join Strikers.

Work Progresses, However, and More Stock Is Slaughtered.

Chicago, July 27.—Fire, tumult and picketing contributed to stirring scenes at the stockyards today, while the packers, firm in their stand, went ahead slaughtering stock and doing as much other work as was possible in the circumstances. Convinced of an improvement in the situation, as far as available non-union help and capacity otherwise of the plants were concerned, the packers had sent word to shippers to be somewhat more generous with their consignments and as a result the receipts of cattle, hogs and sheep were considerably larger than had been the rule during previous days of the strike. There were more men working according to the employers and more work for them to do. The chief excitement of the day centered about Swift's lard refinery in the interior of the stockyards, almost a mile from the main entrance. Flames were seen bursting from the upper floors of the building and before long the whole of packing town was in a turmoil. Teamsters by the hundreds, who had failed to go to work, as a result of the action of their joint council, had added their numbers to those of the thousands of men who had already been on strike and a large majority of them were loitering about the yards waiting for something to turn up. The fire was enough of an incentive to cause a wild rush from all directions and despite the efforts of the police, the fire engines found great difficulty in making a way through the crowds. The flames raged for about an hour, but were kept from surrounding structures, though showers of sparks fell.

Naturally the rumor spread that the fire was the result of incediaries, but this was later emphatically declared to be erroneous.

Not far away from the damaged building is the centralized power house, from which shavers in the fire swept lard refinery ran a network of eighteen electric cables, which were damaged to a large extent.

A feature of the blaze was the temporary imprisonment of nine young women stenographers in an elevator in Swift's office building. The cage was caught between two floors and the young women were in a panic, fearing the fire would spread from the burning refinery building before they could be rescued by the office force, members of which put up ladders and, cutting the wire work of the elevator cage, took the prisoners out and carried them down to safety.

Besides the fire, another cause for tumult was the fact that today for the first time wholesale picketing was inaugurated. Hundreds of men were scattered to various corners of roadways as pickets. Promptly as a result of installation of the new system of picketing, a clash occurred at the Root street entrance of the yards. Francis T. O'Brien, secretary of the Acme Manufacturing company, approached the entrance on a wagon, himself holding the reins. He was delivering a load of sleeping equipment for non-union men, a large number of whom are being housed from night to night within the boundaries of the yards.

A group of pickets accosted him and told him that if he desired to avoid unpleasantness he had better turn around and go back to his factory. He hurried over to the so called "Watita stockade," the strikers headquarters, and insisted on a prompt interview with President Donnelly.

Mr. O'Brien got the interview but it failed to yield him any satisfaction.

"I don't see how we can help you," Mr. Donnelly is reported as saying. "The teamsters' strike is on and none but union drivers are supposed to be about the yards."

Then Mr. O'Brien played a trump card.

"If you stop us from delivering furniture," he told Donnelly, "we will shut down our plant and throw hundreds of union woodworkers out of employment. Think it over."

And he started out of the headquarters.

Amid all the warlike demonstrations there were reports for plans for another peace conference between the packers and the striking butchers.

Members of the state board of arbitration appeared at the office of President Donnelly today and held a conference with the labor leaders. The strike situation was gone into thoroughly and the arbitrators then left the office to seek a conference with the packing interests. Later President Donnelly and several of his aides left strike headquarters for a second conference with the state board of arbitration.

REFINERY BURNED.

Lard Plant of Swift & Co. Badly Damaged.

Chicago, July 27.—Fire broke out among the packing houses in the stock yards today in the lard refinery of Swift & Co. and soon gained such headway that every available fire engine in the stock yards district was called out. Rumors of incendiarism were rife. Examination, however, apparently showed the cause of the blaze to have been an overheated dynamo. The building 150x250 feet and three stories high, was filled with tierces of lard many of which exploded spreading the burning grease in every direction. Louis F. Swift was on the ground and directed the firemen in their attempts to reach the blaze.

The firemen were hampered in going into action by numbers of cattle and sheep, which were being driven along Exchange avenue, the main thoroughfare of the stock yards. The fire threatened a number of buildings nearby but the firemen managed to keep the flames from spreading.

Thousands of strikers attempted to get near the burning building, but as soon as the police arrived, ropes were strung, blocking the streets for three squares away. No crowds were allowed to pass through streets near the fire.

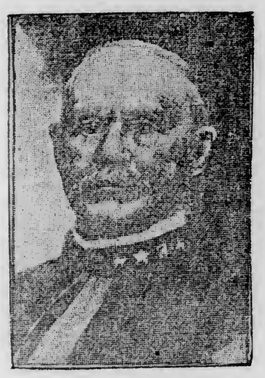
The top story of the building was of wood construction and burned like tinder. The contents of the building were said to be valued at $400,000.

When the fire was discovered scores of non-unionists were working in the building and the idea that the blaze was the work of an incendiary were scouted by the officers of Swift & Co. Those in the building got out safely. The damage was principally confined to the upper part of the building and will be but a few thousand dollars, fully insured.



THOMAS MORRISON,
Of Pittsburg, New Director of the United States Steel Corporation.

REAR ADMIRAL TAYLOR DEAD



REAR ADMIRAL H. C. TAYLOR.

Sudbury, Ont., July 27.—Rear Admiral H. C. Taylor, of the United States navy, who commanded the Indiana at the battle of Santiago, died at Copper Cliff general hospital at 8:15 last night of peritonitis.

Washington, July 27.—Admiral Taylor has been for some time past chief of the bureau of navigation. He was a native of the District of Columbia, but was appointed to the naval academy from Ohio, Sept. 20, 1860. He attained his present rank Feb. 11, 1901. From 1893 until 1896 Admiral Taylor was president of the naval war college at Newport.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT IS NOTIFIED OF HIS NOMINATION FOR PRESIDENCY

Formal Ceremony Takes Place at His Oyster Bay Home.

Notification Committee Represented Every State and Territory.

Oyster Bay, July 27.—President Roosevelt was notified formally today of his nomination for the presidency by the national Republican convention. The ceremony took place at his country home at Sagamore Hill, three miles from this village. In accordance with the wish of the president, the ceremony was made as simple as possible.

The formal notification of the action of the convention was made, on behalf of a committee representing every state and teritory in the United States, by Joseph G. Cannon, speaker of the house of representatives.

The day opened with ideal weather and arrangements for the ceremony were completed at an early hour. The wide veranda of the house at Sagamore Hill, extending almost entirely around the house, was decorated with American flags hung from pillar to pillar.

In addition many houses in the neighborhood of the Roosevelt home



PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

and in Oyster Bay were draped with the national colors. Across the main street of the village there hung a large Roosevelt and Fairbanks banner. The special train bearing the members of the notification committee and the invited guests left Long Island City at 10:32 a. m. and arrived here at 11:35 o'clock. Only three of the members of the committee were absent. They were James N. Coombes, of Florida, Senator Chauncey M. Depew, of New York, who is in Europe, and Senator Clarence D. Clark, of Wyoming. Included among the invited guests were men prominent in all walks of life. Among them were personal and political friends of the president in New York state, lifelong friends and neighbors on Long Island, including the pastors of Oyster Bay churches and the officials of the national and New York state Republican organizations. Those present numbered about 125. It was necessary to limit the number, on account of the isolation of Sagamore Hill and the lack of facilities for the accommodation of a larger assemblage.

On arriving at Sagamore Hill, the committeemen were received by President Roosevelt, Mrs. Roosevelt and National Chairman George B. Cortelyou. All of the house guests of the president were gathered on the veranda and as were the occupants of each carriage alighted

(Continued on page 8, first column.)

Speaker Cannon Makes Speech In Behalf of Delegation.

President Roosevelt Replies, Accepting Honor Conferred.

FIVE KILLED BY LIGHTNING

Severe Electrical Storm Visits Towns Near Hazelton, Pa.

Hazelton, Pa., July 27.—Five persons were killed here late last night during a severe electrical storm. At Oneida three foreign-speaking miners and a boy were instantly killed by a bolt of lightning while sitting at a table. All four were terribly burned and the clothing almost completely torn from their bodies.

At Quakake lightning struck the home of Miley Sinkle, instantly killing Mrs. Sinkle and seriously injuring her daughter.

WILL OF ABNER McKINLEY.

Somerset, Pa., July 27.—The will of Abner McKinley, brother of the late president, has been probated here. The instrument does not indicate the value of the estate, but the bulk of it is bequeathed to his widow and his daughter, Mrs. Mabel McKinley Baer. An expenditure of $5000 is ordered for a suitable monument in the family burial plot at Canton, Ohio.

MAN BECOMES INSANE FROM FEAR WHILE IN WATER MAIN

Derby, Conn., July 27.—The terrible fear of the unseen, inherent in humanity, came upon James Barrett and drove him made as he lay in a 24-inch water main 300 feet from its mouth.

Barrett was foreman of a gang of pipe layers engaged in laying 1000 feet of 24-inch main pipe from Bear lake to the Beaver reservoir, in course of construction between Derby and Ansonia.

Barrett, though tired mentally and physically, decided to inspect the joints in the pipe from the inside. Working himself forward on his stomach he succeeded in reaching a point about 300 feet from the opening, where he halted to rest. He was in inky darkness, and the pipe, coated with a clammy moisture, was cold. Not a sound from the street above reached him.

For an hour his workmen waited for his return. Then, fearing something had happened to him, one of them started through the pipe. Three hundred feet in the pipe the workman touched the shoes of the unfortunate foreman. Barrett, his clothing twisted and torn, lay unconscious.

By a rope attached to his feet he was hauled to the street. Five minutes later, with a physician bending over him, Barrett became conscious, only to leap to his feet and attempt to throttle those nearest him. It took eighteen men to restrain the madman.

There is little hope of his mental recovery.

HEAD OF DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE.



THOMAS TAGGART, OF INDIANA,
Who Will Manage the Democratic Presidential Campaign.

BANDIT MAKES FULL CONFESSION

Spokane, Wash., July 27.—George F. Hammond, one of the bandits who dynamited a Northern Pacific passenger train near Bearmouth, Montana, on the night of June 16, has made a full confession to Sheriff Doust of this county and the officials of the railroad company. The highwayman says the booty was about $3500 in money and about 400 small diamonds. In the division, he got all the diamonds and $1500 cash. The bandit guide led the officers to his cache near Couer D'Alene City, Sunday and they dug up 350 diamonds and $225 in money. He also guided the officers to another hiding place near Hillyard, where $168 more was recovered.

MAN IN FIT CAUSES GIRL'S DEATH

Philadelphia, July 27.—Seized with a fit, Joseph Heiser went on a rampage through Andalusia, on the Bristol pike. He frightened a little girl to death terrorized the barroom of the Red Lion Inn, smashed furniture at his home and ended by throttling a motorman on a passing trolley car, who finally succeeded in overpowering Heiser and turned him over to the police.

Six-year-old Marian Rankin was the victim of Heiser's dementia. The child had always stood in terror of Heiser and she fled in fright to her mother whenever she saw him. When Heiser waving his arms ran toward her in front of the Rankin home, the little girl started to escape from him but before she had gone a dozen feet she was overcome with terror and fell unconscious in the roadway. She died a few moments afterwards.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

12 Pages

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

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TWENTY-SECOND YEAR. LAST EDITION. WEDNESDAY, JULY 27, 1904. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

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Such Instructions Sent to British Ambassador at St. Petersburg.

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Not far away from the damaged building is the centralized power house, from which above the fire swept, lard refinery and a network of eighteen electric cables, which were damaged to a large extent.

A feature of the blaze was the temporary impulsonment of nine young women stenographers in an elevator in Swift's office building. The cage was caught between two floors and the young women were in a panic, fearing the fire would spread from the burning refinery building before they could be rescued by the office force, members of which put up ladders and, cutting the wire work of the elevator cage, took the prisoners out and carried them down to safety.

Besides the fire, another cause for tumult was the fact that today for the first time wholesale picketing was inaugurated. Hundreds of men were scattered to various corners of roadways as pickets. Promptly as a result of installation of the new system of picketing, a clash occurred at the Root street entrance of the yards. Francis T. O'Brien, secretary of the Acme Manufacturing company, approached the entrance on a wagon, himself holding the reins. He was delivering a load of sleeping equipment for non-union men, a large number of whom are being housed from night to night within the boundaries of the yards.

A group of pickets accosted him and told him that if he desired to avoid unpleasantness he had better turn around and go back to his factory. He hurried over to the so called "Wattis stockade," the strikers headquarters, and insisted on a prompt interview with President Donnelly.

Mr. O'Brien got the interview but it failed to yield him any satisfaction.

"I don't see how we can help you," Mr. Donnelly is reported as saying. "The teamsters' strike is on and none but union drivers are supposed to be about the yards."

Then Mr. O'Brien played a trump card.

"If you stop us from delivering furniture," he told Donnelly, "we will shut down our plant and throw hundreds of union woodworkers out of employment. Think it over."

And he started out of the headquarters.

Amid all the warlike demonstrations there were reports for plans for another peace conference between the packers and the striking butchers.

Members of the state board of arbitration appeared at the office of President Donnelly today and held a conference with the labor leaders. The strike situation was gone into thoroughly and the arbitrators then left the office to seek a conference with the packing interests. Later President Donnelly and several of his aides left strike headquarters for a second conference with the state board of arbitration.

REFINERY BURNED.

Lard Plant of Swift & Co. Badly Damaged.

Chicago, July 27.—Fire broke out among the packing houses in the stock yards today in the lard refinery of Swift & Co. and soon gained such headway that every available fire engine in the stock yards district was called out. Rumors of incendiarism were rife. Examination, however, apparently showed the cause of the blaze to have been an overheated dynamo. The building 150x250 feet and three stories high, was filled with tierces of lard many of which exploded spreading the burning grease in every direction. Louis F. Swift was on the ground and directed the firemen in their attempts to reach the blaze.

The firemen were hampered in going into action by numbers of cattle and sheep, which were being driven along Exchange avenue, the main thoroughfare of the stock yards. The fire threatened a number of buildings nearby but the firemen managed to keep the flames from spreading.

Thousands of strikers attempted to get near the burning building, but as soon as the police arrived, ropes were strung, blocking the streets for three squares away. No crowds were allowed to pass through streets near the fire.

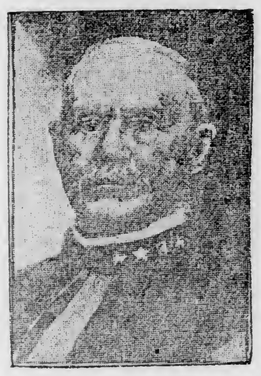
The top story of the building was of wood construction and burned like tinder. The contents of the building were said to be valued at $400,000.

When the fire was discovered scores of non-unionists were working in the building and the idea that the blaze was the work of an incendiary were scouted by the officers of Swift & Co. Those in the building got out safely. The damage was principally confined to the upper part of the building and will be but a few thousand dollars, fully insured.



THOMAS MORRISON,
Of Pittsburg, New Director of the United States Steel Corporation.

REAR ADMIRAL TAYLOR DEAD



REAR ADMIRAL H. C. TAYLOR.

Sudbury, Ont., July 27.—Rear Admiral H. C. Taylor, of the United States navy, who commanded the Indiana at the battle of Santiago, died at Copper Cliff general hospital at 8:15 last night of peritonitis.

Washington, July 27.—Admiral Taylor has been for some time past chief of the bureau of navigation. He was a native of the District of Columbia, but was appointed to the naval academy from Ohio, Sept. 20, 1860. He attained his present rank Feb. 11, 1901. From 1893 until 1896 Admiral Taylor was president of the naval war college at Newport.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT IS NOTIFIED OF HIS NOMINATION FOR PRESIDENCY

Formal Ceremony Takes Place at His Oyster Bay Home.

Notification Committee Represented Every State and Territory.

Oyster Bay, July 27.—President Roosevelt was notified formally today of his nomination for the presidency by the national Republican convention. The ceremony took place at his country home at Sagamore Hill, three miles from this village. In accordance with the wish of the president, the ceremony was made as simple as possible.

The formal notification of the action of the convention was made, on behalf of a committee representing every state and teritory in the United States, by Joseph G. Cannon, speaker of the house of representatives.

The day opened with ideal weather and arrangements for the ceremony were completed at an early hour. The wide veranda of the house at Sagamore Hill, extending almost entirely around the house, was decorated with American flags hung from pillar to pillar.

In addition many houses in the neighborhood of the Roosevelt home and in Oyster Bay were draped with the national colors. Across the main street of the village there hung a large Roosevelt and Fairbanks banner. The special train bearing the members of the notification committee and the invited guests left Long Island City at 10:32 a. m. and arrived here at 11:35 o'clock. Only three of the members of the committee were absent. They were James N. Coombes, of Florida, Senator Chauncey M. Depew, of New York, who is in Europe, and Senator Clarence D. Clark, of Wyoming. Included among the invited guests were men prominent in all walks of life. Among them were personal and political friends of the president in New York state, lifelong friends and neighbors on Long Island, including the pastors of Oyster Bay churches and the officials of the national and New York state Republican organizations. Those present numbered about 125. It was necessary to limit the number, on account of the isolation of Sagamore Hill and the lack of facilities for the accommodation of a larger assemblage.

On arriving at Sagamore Hill, the committeemen were received by President Roosevelt, Mrs. Roosevelt and National Chairman George B. Cortelyou. All of the house guests of the president were gathered on the veranda and as the occupants of each carriage alighted

(Continued on page 8, first column.)



PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

Speaker Cannon Makes Speech In Behalf of Delegation.

President Roosevelt Replies, Accepting Honor Conferred.

FIVE KILLED BY LIGHTNING

Severe Electrical Storm Visits Towns Near Hazelton, Pa.

Hazelton, Pa., July 27.—Five persons were killed here late last night during a severe electrical storm. At Oneida three foreign-speaking miners and a boy were instantly killed by a bolt of lightning while sitting at a table. All four were terribly burned and the clothing almost completely torn from their bodies.

At Quakake lightning struck the home of Miley Sinkle, instantly killing Mrs. Sinkle and seriously injuring her daughter.

WILL OF ABNER McKINLEY.

Somerset, Pa., July 27.—The will of Abner McKinley, brother of the late president, has been probated here. The instrument does not indicate the value of the estate, but the bulk of it is bequeathed to his widow and his daughter, Mrs. Mabel McKinley Baer. An expenditure of $5000 is ordered for a suitable monument in the family burial plot at Canton, Ohio.

BANDIT MAKES FULL CONFESSION

Spokane, Wash., July 27.—George F. Hammond, one of the bandits who dynamited a Northern Pacific passenger train near Bearmouth, Montana, on the night of June 16, has made a full confession to Sheriff Doust of this county and the officials of the railroad company. The highwayman says the booty was about $3500 in money and about 400 small diamonds. In the division, he got all the diamonds and $1500 cash. The bandit guilde led the officers to his cache near Couer D'Alene City, Sunday and they dug up 350 diamonds and $225 in money. He also guided the officers to another hiding place near Hillyard, where $168 more was recovered.

MAN IN FIT CAUSES GIRL'S DEATH

Philadelphia, July 27.—Seized with a fit, Joseph Heiser went on a rampage through Andalusia, on the Bristol pike. He frightened a little girl to death terrorized the barroom of the Red Lion Inn, smashed furniture at his home and ended by throttling a motorman on a passing trolley car, who finally succeeded in overpowering Heiser and turned him over to the police.

Six-year-old Marian Rankin was the victim of Heiser's dementia. The child had always stood in terror of Heiser and she fled in fright to her mother whenever she saw him. When Heiser waving his arms ran toward her in front of the Rankin home, the little girl started to escape from him but before she had gone a dozen feet she was overcome with terror and fell unconscious in the roadway. She died a few moments afterwards.

MAN BECOMES INSANE FROM FEAR WHILE IN WATER MAIN

Derby, Conn., July 27.—The terrible fear of the unseen, inherent in humanity, came upon James Barrett and drove him made as he lay in a 24-inch water main 300 feet from its mouth.

Barrett was foreman of a gang of pipe layers engaged in laying 1000 feet of 24-inch main pipe from Bear lake to the Beaver reservoir, in course of construction between Derby and Ansonia.

Barrett, though tired mentally and physically, decided to inspect the joints in the pipe from the inside. Working himself forward on his stomach he succeeded in reaching a point about 300 feet from the opening, where he halted to rest. He was in inky darkness, and the pipe, coated with a clammy moisture, was cold. Not a sound from the street above reached him.

For an hour his workmen waited for his return. Then, fearing something had happened to him, one of them started through the pipe. Three hundred feet in the pipe the workman touched the shoes of the unfortunate foreman. Barrett, his clothing twisted and torn, lay unconscious.

By a rope attached to his feet he was hauled to the street. Five minutes later, with a physician bending over him, Barrett became conscious, only to leap to his feet and attempt to throttle those nearest him. It took eighteen men to restrain the madman.

There is little hope of his mental recovery.

HEAD OF DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE.



THOMAS TAGGART, OF INDIANA,
Who Will Manage the Democratic Presidential Campaign.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Burrows' Clearance Sale

Regular $20 Summer Suits—
Regular $18 Summer Suits—
Regular $15 Summer Suits—
Regular $12 Summer Suits—

$8.88

Boys' Clothing—Half Price

The Sale Everyone Waits for!
Bargains Galore in Every Departm't!
Savings of 30, 40, 50 and 60 Per Cent!

RUSSIAN SUITS, ETON SUITS, NORFOLK SUITS, SAILOR SUITS.

BOYS' 2-PIECE SUITS—Broken lines—formerly sold at $3.50, $5.00, $6.50—all bunched—your choice—only $1.95

BOYS' 2-PIECE SUITS—Broken lines—Norfolk and Outing Styles; sold for $6.00, $7.50, $10.00, $12.00—only $4.45

$10 Free To A Boy
Who can hustle!
Call at Boys' Dep't for particulars and start right to work.

FREQUENT HITCHES

Tar Macadam Plant Not Yet Operating as It Should.

Breakdowns Occur With Much Regularity—Test Not Yet Made.

All is not running smoothly with the tar macadam mixing plant, which is at work on East Superior street.

The machine is turning out the right quality of matreial and during the time that it operates it apparently turns out the required amount, but frequent breakdowns have caused annoying delays to the contractor and the residents of East Superior street have been kicking against the slow progress being made on the street, although there is nothing but praise for the quality of work that is being done.

"That the machine is subject to frequent breakdowns is not surprising," said City Engineer McGilvray this morning. "With new machines of that description where the work to be done is very heavy and the strain on all parts is great, breaks are very apt to occur in some of the parts. It always requires some time to get them in proper running order. The breaks are being repaired and the new parts which are being put in are stronger than the old.

"A thorough test will be made next week, probably on Monday. It was to have been made last week, but had to be postponed. The machine will be operated continuously for eight or nine hours a day for six days. Not only will the amount of material turned out be measured, but the machine will be tested as to its ability to run continuously for a given length of time. If it is running smoothly by that time the contractor will probably have to put on an extra crew of men as the machine should be able to turn out more material than the present force would be able to handle. We must also have favorable weather for the test, as rain prevents good results being obtained."

The machine has to be operated thirty days and be accepted by the city engineer before any money is paid over by the city. It has not yet been paid for, and should the city engineer refuse to pass upon it favorably it can be returned to the manufacturers. The engineer in charge believes that all the faults can be remedied before the time for the test arrives, and that the machine will fill all the requirements of the contract.

CONGESTIVE CHILLS

are the result of poor, thin blood and bad circulation. They occur more especially during the warm weather.



Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

makes rich, red blood and strong circulation. It aids digestion; soothes the nerves; hardens muscles; strengthens the heart's action; makes the brain clear and alert; the eye bright; step elastic, and fills one with health, vigor and ambition. Used exclusively for over half a century by leading doctors and hospitals whenever a pure, gentle, invigorating tonic-stimulant is called for. Absolutely pure and contains no fusel oil.

All druggists and grocers, or direct, $1 per bottle. Medical booklet free. Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.

FINNISH MISSION.

Rev. Edward Fleming Here In Its Interest.

Rev. Edward Fleming, of Chicaggo, general missionary for the Finnish Baptist Mission Union of America is in Duluth this week conducting a series of gospel meetings. Tomorrow evening he will speak at Wasa hall 5117 Ramsey street and also on Sunday evening will speak here. He is assisted by Rev. Jappinen who is a teacher in the Finnish language at Chicago University. The series will come to a close Tuesday evening, August 2, with a specially arranged program to be given at Wasa hall in the interest of the mission among the Finns in Duluth. Speaches will be given by Rev. Edward Fleming, Rev. Jappinen and Prof. K. A. Ostergreen. Musical numbers will also be given. The Duluth branch of the Finnish Baptist Mission Union has charge of the arrangements for the series. The union has grown extensively in the last few years and now has several missioneries in the field in the country.

TONIGHT

Around the Horn on the Str. Newsboy

Leave Superior 8 p. m., foot Fifth avenue west, Duluth, 8:30. Music by Superior City band. Tickets 25c. Both phones.

WEST DULUTH

All the grocery stores in West Duluth will close at 11 o'clock tomorrow morning, and remain closed during the remainder of the day, because of the retail grocers' picnic at Lincoln park. The butcher shops will also close at the same time, and for a similar reason.

It is expected that every one connected with a grocery store in West Duluth will attend the picnic, provided the weather is of the right sort. A feature of the day will be a base ball game between the West Duluth and Duluth retail grocery clerks. This end of the city has a strong team in the field and the players appear determined to come out of the contest victors. Some of them have had considerable experience on the diamond, as have a number of the up town boys, which fact will probably serve to make the exhibition the more interesting.

There will be numerous other sports at the picnic, and West Duluth will participate in most of them.

A. O. H. PICNIC.

A number of West Duluthians, particularly those who are members of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, are this afternoon attending the picnic being given at Lincoln park by division No. 1, A. O. H., the Duluth lodge. A ball game between the West Duluth and up town orders is one of the features on the afternoon program. There will also be a tug of war between the two divisions. At the picnic last year the tug of war resulted in a victory for West Duluth, the muscular men from this section of the city pulling a string of their rivals up hill.

COMMENDS HERALD.

At its regular meeting last Monday evening the Twentieth Century Progress club, composed of members of the St. James parish, adopted the following resolution:

"Resolved, That we, officers and members of the Twentieth Century Progress club, tender to the Duluth Evening Herald our sincere thanks for the manner in which the report of the dedication of our new church, on July 24, was recorded in The Herald. Be it further

"Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be sent to the Duluth Evening Herald.

"Signed,
"THE TWENTIETH CENTURY PROGRESS CLUB."

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Oftedahl and Mrs. P. Bouffier, of Viroquo, Wis., are visiting at the home of J. M. Lauermann, 408 Fifty-fourth avenue west.

Mrs. A. Larson and children of Bay View Heights will leave tomorrow for Minot, N. D., to join Mr. Larson. The family will reside at Minot henceforth.

John Wright of Fifty-fifth avenue west left for McGregor, Minn., this morning.

D. R. McKinley left on one of the northshore boats for Pork Bay this morning. Mr. McKinley recently finished logging operations at the bay.

St. James court No. 614, C. O. F., at its meeting last night accepted an invitation from the W. C. O. F. to attend an entertainment in Gilley's hall tomorrow evening. Members of the court will attend in a body.

The horse belonging to A. H. Eller of Proctor dropped dead in the shafts last night while being driven from West Duluth to Proctor.

Mr. and Mrs. O. D. Peterson of Idaho Falls, who have been visiting at the home of Rev. J. A. Krantz, in West Duluth, returned to their home yesterday.

Miss Jennie Costello and Miss Margaret Evans left yesterday for Pembina, N. D., where they will visit with friends for three or four weeks.

Mrs. Thomas Curry and daughter Martha of Sixty-third avenue west, left yesterday for Milwaukee and Chicago.

Arthur Young has assumed active control of the West Duluth Baseball team, and will hereafter be known as its manager. He formerly played with West Duluth but lately has been pitching for the Morks. A game for next Sunday has been arranged with one of the leading amateur teams of Superior ,to be played in the city across the bay.

Early last evening Verne Laidley, of New Duluth accidentally shot himself in the thumb. With a gun in one hand, Laidley was assisting his wife over a fence when the accident occurred.

Patterson, undertaker. 'Phone 3070.

WILL DESTROY THE MACHINES

Nickel-in-Slot Devices Confiscated Recently Will Be Burned.

The nickel-in-the-slot machines confiscated by the police in the Superior street cigar stores, will be destroyed.

In the municipal court this morning, Judgge Windom, at the request of Assistant City Attorney McKeon, issued an order to the police to destroy the machines, which are valued at from $200 to $300.

The cases against the proprietors of the stores where the machines were discovered, are still pending. No effort was made to protest against the order of the court to have the machines destroyed, and the police will do the work this afternoon with axes and a bon-fire.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Antoine Paquette, Famous Guide, Dies at the Soo.

Sault Ste. Marie—Antoine Paquette, an Ojibway Indian guide and mail carrier who carried mail to the Soo from the Saginaw river over the snow with dog sleds years before the railroads, is dead, aged 85. With the late Indian guide, John Boucher, he brought the news of Lincoln's assassination to the upper peninsula. He was one of the historic characters of Michigan and leaves a wife and several children.

Iron Mountain—Richard Bennett, a resident of Loretto, while temporarily deranged from the excessive use of strong drink, attempted to commit suicide at the county jail at Iron Mountain by drinking a quantity of bed bug poison. He was quite violent for a time and attempted to brain Sheriff Cudlip with an iron pail.

Menominee—Fred Zieman, the Wisconsin man who killed his wife at Menominee some time ago and then inflicted a horrible wound on himself in an attempt at suicide, has been bound over for trial at the next term of circuit court. Zieman is in a bad way and it is not believed he will serve much time in prison before death closes his career.

Escanaba—Frank Mayer, who began suit against the Soo line to recover $150, the value of a package shipped over that road and was lost, was given a verdict for the full amount of his claim by a jury in the Delta county circuit court. Mayer claimed that the billed the goods from North Escanaba to Gridley and the way bill was produced showing that that was the destination of the package. It was claimed by the railroad company that the package was ordered delivered to a station beyond Gridley and the package was accordingly turned over to a branch road for delivery. It was also shown by the railroad company that the package had really been stolen while it was in the hands of a branch road, over to which it had been turned, but it was claimed that the plaintiff had not asked to have the package turned over to and by the Soo road and for that reason the jury held that the Soo road was responsible for the package.

Nahma—Louis Cousino, of Nehma, Delta county, charged with selling liquor without a license, pleaded guilty to the charge in the circuit court and was sentenced by Judge Stone to pay a fine of $50 and costs. It was claimed by Cousino, that because of unwarranted jealousy members of the town board of Nahma had refused to pass his bonds which were filed this spring, and for that reason he was unable to obtain his license. He claimed that no fault could be found with the bond but that enemies had influenced the officials of the township. He admitted that he had failed to comply with the law and had conducted his place without a license for some time until he was notified that he must suspend business by the prosecuting attorney. Judge Stone criticised the defendant for taking the law into his own hands but as his was Cousino's first offense he was allowed to go without the imposition of the maximum fine.

SMUGGLING SCHEME

Near Rainy Lake Has Been Unearthed.

Washington, July 27.—Special agents of the treasury department here unearthed a systematic scheme of smuggling along the northern Minnesota border near Rainy lake and vicinity.

While nothing official is given out, it is learned that Canadian manufactured articles, including hardware, clothing and other wearing apparel has been smuggled into Minnesota and sold to country people at prices much less than they can purchase the same class of articles on this side of the border.

It is claimed that two or three professional smugglers from New York and several Canadian brokers promoted the enterprise and they are soon to be brought to justice.

WILLIAM ASTOR CHANLER

Is Candidate For Governor of New York.

Ploughkeepsie, N. Y., July 27.—William Astor Chanler, millionaire author and traveler of New York, has declared himself to his friends in his home county of Dutchess to be a candidate for the Democratic nomination for governor.

He is 35 years old and first came into prominence by spending three years in a scientific exploration of Africa. He wrote a book of his travels, and was made a member of the prominent geographical societies of the world. During the Cuban struggles for freedom he assisted the patriots at great personal risk and by large subscriptions. He was elected to congress from the Fourteenth New York district in 1898.

AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHERS

Meet at World's Fair and Organize Association.

St. Louis, July 27.—Amateur photographers, with and without cameras, but all wearing white badges, were plentifully sprinkled among the throngs of visitors to the exposition today, this being designated as amateur photographers' day.

After the exercises for the day were concluded an organization was effected of the National Amateur Photographers' Association of America.

Impaired Digestion

May not be all that is meant by *dyspepsia* now, but it will be if neglected.

The uneasiness after eating, fits of nervous headache, scurness of the stomach, and disagreeable belching may not be very bad now, but they will be if the stomach is suffered to grow weaker.

Dyspepsia is such a miserable disease that the tendency to it should be given early attention. This is completely overcome by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

which strengthens the whole digestive system

IMPORTANT ARREST

Police Think They Have Pickpocket Who Operated Here.

John Lair, Suspected of Robbing Eveleth Man of $180.

Within an hour after he stepped off the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic train this morning, John Lair, a young man of about 24 years of age, was locked up in the police headquarters under suspicion of having been connected with the theft of $180 from an Eveleth man last Friday in the Union depot.

Lair is a member of a party of three young men who came up on the train. On the way to Duluth the three are claimed to have insulted the daughter of a well known local physician, and as soon as she arrived in the city complaint was made to the police through her father. The arrest of one of the young men followed. He gave his name as George Ellis, and stated that he was a jewelry dealer at the corner of Sixth and Wabasha streets in St. Paul.

It developed that the insult offered the young lady happened while the train was speeding through Northern Michigan, and the officers at headquarters reluctantly released him, as they had no charge on which he could be held, although they suspected that all was not right.

Within four minutes after he had left the station a telephone message came from one of the patrolmen to hold Ellis on the suspicion of picking the pockets of an Eveleth man in the depot last Friday. The patrolman, Officer Johnson stated that he had another member of the gang in custody.

The officers at headquarters immediately issued orders to have Ellis again arrested, and when Officer Johnson brought in his prisoner he was booked up under the name of John Lair. Ellis could not be located, but the St. Paul authorities, who were communicated with by telephone, stated that there was not such store as Ellis described and that they did not know a jewelry dealer by that name.

Every effort is being made to locate Ellis and also the third member of the gang. The police believe they are three slick picketpockets.

Lair admits having been in Duluth last week and having bought a ticket on the same day that the Eveleth man did. The three men, who are believed to have committed the theft, were in the city ticket office of the South Shore road at the time the Eveleth man was, and followed him to the Union depot. He put his money, which consisted of gold pieces in a little chamois bag, in the side pocket of his coat, and while he was attending to the checking of his baggage the three men are supposed to have brushed by him and relieved him of the gold.

Lair will be photographed and measured and the police will endeavor to ascertain whether or not that is his true name. He, apparently, is no stranger to the police, for on being arrested he did not even ask the charge against him, but walked to headquarters and submitted to being locked up without a murmur.

GENTRY PARADE DRAWS CROWDS

Thousands See the Street Display of Famous Show.

The down-town thoroughfares were lined with thousands of parents and children this morning to witness the parade of the dogs and ponies.

"It is bigger and grander than ever before," was the general comment heard all along the line. Fine camels, screeching monkeys, dainty, dapper ponies, pretty dogs and sagacious elephants were interspersed with gold bedecked chariots and miniature dens. Of course everyone looked eagerly for little "Clouget," the midget pony, in fact the smallest horse ever known to be born. "Clo" was carefully wrapped in a red blanket, and rode with W. W. Gentry himself. The tiny fellow has quite recovered from the attack of colic, which caused him and his owners much distress yesterday. The youngster, whose diminutive size and weight has created such a sensation in the animal world, weighed, this morning, fourteen and three quarter pounds, and stood 12 inches high. This afternoon the little mite is posing for photographs.

"Monkavolo," sitting perched on his centrifugal race track, high in the air, created considerable laughter by his antics along the parade route. "Monk" is a member of the Galletti family of monkey and gibboon comedians. These little fun-furnishers are seen in the concert or after-show, and present the most laughable of the performance.

The famous Kitamura family of Royal Japanese acrobats were astride shining Shetlands, all but little "Cinco," the youngest of the troupe. The Japanese midget rode in a tiny two-wheeled cart behind his favorite pony. "Cinco" is said to be the smallest and most wonderful Japanese acrobat living.

Tomorrow is Orphan Day and in addition to the kindness of the Gentry Brothers in inviting the youngsters to be their guests, and the Duluth Street Railway company in furnishing transportation for the little unfortunates, a subscription was circulated on the board of trade this morning, the proceeds of which will be used to defray the expenses of refreshments, such as peanuts, popcorn, lemonade and balloons for the orphans. With these circus goodies, the invited guests will be liberally supplied.

A great crowd is present at this afternoon's performance, watching the four-footed actors go through their hundreds of funny stunts.

A parade will be given in the residential portion of the city tomorrow morning.

Dancing every evening, except Sunday, at Oatka beach auditorium.

YACHTS TO SAIL

Gala Day of Sport to Mark Visit of Superior Yachtsmen.

Sailing Contests, Luncheon and Dancing In the Evening.

Next Saturday the Suprior yachtsmen will meet the Duluth yacht club for a regatta and the whole day will be decidedly festive in a nautical sense. In addition to the races there will be an elaborate lunch served by the yacht club, with the expectation of 300 guests, and the Commercial club catering having been arranged for. Dancing will follow.

The Lochby and Buzz will sail with the Duluth skippers in a free for all race for a special cup. The established racing lengths as used for the cup races are to govern. It is expected to announce the course at 2:30 p. m., preparatory signal 2:45 p. m., warning signal 2:55 p. m. and starting signal at 3 p. m., unless the Superior people get on the ground late, in which case the start will be made as promptly as possible, preserving the rotation given above. With favorable weather it is expected that the day will be made one memorable in the minds of the lovers of the sport.

Members of the club have been early in the week in raising a fund to assure good weather, and it is believed that enough money can be secured to induce Forecaster Richardson to turn on some of his very choicest sunlight and a steady breeze in the right direction.

John U. Sebenius has kindly offered his launch Trianon, for the use of the judges and regatta committee, and there will be official photographs taken during the sailing. Arrangements for the refreshments to be served after the races are in the hands of J. D. Mahoney, and the purchase of the cup is in the hands of Messrs Hopkins, Matter and Houghton.

It has been suggested that all ladies who attend endeavor to wear the club colors in some appropriate form, and that club members appear in white duck clothing as far a s possible.

As the boats rank now the Feather is first, North Wind second, Miss Modesty third and Invader fourth. Figuratively, all other boats have no standing.

WISCONSIN JUDGE

Appears on Bench In Full Evening Dress.

LaCrosse, Wis., July 27.—Judge Brindley if this city broke the record by appearing on the bench in evening dress. Mrs. Lewis Claus, who says that Chicago is her home, was the cause of the judge's appearing in such unusual attire. Mrs. Claus and her husband had been given a large line of credit by local merchants on the strength of a prospective legacy. She was arrested for passing an alleged worthless check for $212. Judge Brindley was at a reception when he was called and in evening dress took his seat on the bench and bound the woman over in $3000 bonds, which were furnished.

GENERAL BELL AND GOVERNOR DISAGREE.

Denver, July 27.—Adjutant General Bell has expressed dissent from the opinion of Governor Peabody that the Cripple Creek district is sufficiently pacified to justify the withdrawal of the national guard.

"I look for a clash, now that military rule is ended," said he.

"I have called off the militia," said Governor Peabody. "Now let the unions do the proper thing and call off the strike."

William D. Haywood, secretary-treasurer of the Western Federation of Miners, said today: "The calling off of the militia has not the slightest logical bearing upon the proposition to call off the strike."

Lester Park.

Tomorrow all grocery stores are closed on account of picnic. There will be dancing afternoon and evening at Lester Park.

BRUTALLY TORTURED.

A case came to light that for persistent and unmerciful torture has perhaps never been equaled. Joe Golobick of Colusa, Calif, writes. "For 15 years I endured insufferable pain from Rheumatism and nothing relieved me though I tried everything known. I came across Electric Bitters and it's the greatest medicine on earth for that trouble. A few bottles of it completely relieved and cured me." Just as good for Liver and Kidney troubles and general debility. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by all druggists.

ST. LOUIS BOODLER LOCATED IN DENVER.

St. Louis, July 27.—Chief of Police Kiely has information that Adolph Madera, a former member of the house of delegates, who is wanted in St. Louis on indictments charging bribery, is employed in a cigar factory in Denver, Col.

The chief has telegraphed the Denver authorities that the reward of $300 offered for the fugitive still stands. If arrested, the authorities will try to secure the extradition of Madera.

SWEDISH SONS OF AMERICA.

Calumet, Mich., July 27.—The annual convention of the supreme lodge of Swedish United Sons of America opened here today and will continue four days. Delegates are arriving on every train and will be here in large numbers for business sessions tomorrow.

It pays to advertise in The Herald—ask J. M. Gidding.

A NEW PRINCIPLE IN MEDICAL SCIENCE.

For years it has been the practice of medical men to treat patients suffering from piles by local, external applications. These treatments give but temporary relief, but have never affected a positive cure.

After months of research and study, accompanied by actual experience with various patients, Dr. C. A. Perrin arrived at a positive conclusion as to the exact action of the various parts of the bowel system, under different conditions, and when subjected to various prescriptions.

He finally prepared that wonderful internal remedy known as DR. PERRIN'S PILE SPECIFIC, which is put up in bottles, retailing at all reliable drug stores for $1.00 each. This internal remedy has been on the market for the past ten years, and in all of that time there has been but three cases where a positive cure has not been effected.

Dr. Perrin's Pile Specific is sold under a positive guarantee by the druggist making the sale, to refund the full purchase price, providing the remedy fails to cure. This is the absolute proof of its merit. Any man or woman who suffers from blind, bleeding, itching or internal piles can try this internal remedy with the absolute certainty that it will cost nothing unless it cures. Here is what one sufferer says of this wonderful remedy:

Dr. C. A. Perrin, Helena, Mont.—I wish to thank you for the cure your wonderful medicine has done for me. I had the piles some five years, and under the advice of a doctor had them removed by the knife and felt free for awhile, but they returned and I at once got a bottle of your Perrin's Pile Specific and one bottle has entirely cured me, and I am as good as I ever was.

Yours truly,
JACK SULLIVAN,
October 16, 1902. Chicago.

Better get a bottle of your druggist today and get relief from present and future suffering.

DR. PERRIN MEDICAL CO., HELENA, MONT.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, ST. LOUIS County.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Ellen M. Blackmer, Plaintiff.
against
Edson Olliver Blackmer, Defendant.

SUMMONS.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint has been filed in the office of the clerk of said district court, at the city of Duluth, county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, in the city of Duluth, in the said county of St. Louis, within 30 days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will—apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint, together with plaintiff's costs and disbursements herein.

Dated February 20, A. D. 1904.

JNO. JENSWOLD, JR.,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
No. 407 Palladio Bldg. Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, June-22-29-July-6-13-20-27-1904.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.
In Probate Court.
In the matter of the Estate of Archibald S. Green, Deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Mabel E. Green, representing that Archibald S. Green, deceased, in his life time by his contract in writing, agreed to sell and convey the northerly 35 feet of lots number sixty-two (62) and sixty-four (64) in block number one hundred and twenty (120), Duluth proper, Third division, in St. Louis county, Minnesota, upon the terms and conditions therein stated, to N. Cohen, who has assigned all his rights thereunder to the petitioner, and that the terms and conditions of said contract have been fully performed, the purchase money for said real estate fully paid, and that the petitioner is entitled to a conveyance of said real estate, and praying that the administrators of the estate of Archibald S. Green be authorized and directed to convey the same to her;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard by this court on Monday, the 22d day of August, 1904, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon on that day, in the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county, and

It is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth, St. Louis county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 26th day of July, 1904.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minn.)
RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for Administrators.
Duluth Evening Herald—July 27, Aug. 3-10.

READ!

Saturday, July 30th, we withdraw our offer of 20 per cent off all orders—if you want a nice suit for fall wear why not order it now. Come in and see the splendid line to select from. It's worth your while.

BRENTON,
High Class Tailoring,
PHOENIX BLOCK.

Sale Extraordinary

About 600 pairs Ladies' $4.00 and $5.00 late-style OXFORDS at—a pair—

$2.48

Adjustment Shoe Sale

115 West Superior Street.

MATTER OF WIND

Is Trust Question In Present Campaign, Says Lind.

Will Be Settled By Statutes and Court Decisions.

Minneapolis, July 27.—"The trust question in the present campaign is merely a matter of wind."

So declared Congressman John Lind before 700 summer school students and professors at the university yesterday morning.

"I speak as an American citizen," he went on, "also as a Democrat, although, perhaps, not as a prudent Democrat. Both parties will seek to use this question as a rallying cry, but it is not a matter that will be settled by statutes and court decisions. Yes, the question of the merger was definitely settled in the courts. It may be said that it was killed, but it really exists as serenely as ever.

"The trusts have grown from the corporations, most of which were useful and advantageous to the country. The fact that the formation of the trusts has been brought about through this desire to promote economy in management renders them largely impervious to legislation. There is one way to lessen the evils of the trust without direct legislation, and that is to lower the tariff.

"The tariff is not a vital question; that is, it does not mean life or death to the country. Nevertheless, it is one of the most important economic questions. There is not the possibility of declaring that high protection is fundamentally wrong, or that some other form of tariff is absolutely right. The tariff issue is not that the Democratic party stands for tariff for revenue only and the Republican party for high protection. The issue should be defined as one of a low tariff against a high one. The Democratic party believes that if the enormously high duties be lowered to a reasonable per cent the government will be assured of sufficient revenue and the industries of the country will be sufficiently protected. At the same time, the trusts would be forced by competition to bring their prices down to a point where the public would be saved from robbery.

"Another safeguard against the trusts would be to have committees of honorable and upright men, who would see that freight rates should be the same to all shippers and that one locality should not be favored at the expense of another.

"I have been asked to define the issues of the pending campaign, or impending campaign, as you wish, and I will speak personally of what I consider the other issues beside those of the trusts and tariff. In speaking of the parties I refer to the machines and not to the individual men who compose the parties. I believe the Republican party has been so long in power that the public service has become one of profligate expenditure. Millions are wasted each year to go to such people as the twenty-five street sweeping supervisors in the city of Washington, who receive higher salaries than the professors in the universities. What we need is a sweeping out, a new broom. There are bound to be a great many rascals in office. What we contend is that there are too many, and we propose to put as many rascals out and as many good men in as is possible.'

The last question taken up was that of imperialism. Mr. Lind has discussed the previous questions calmly and dispassionately. In speaking of the evils of imperialism he became impassioned and denounced in strong terms the holding of territories without the consent of the governed.

STRIKERS' FUND GROWING LOW

Treasury of South St. Paul Union Is Getting Depleted.

St. Paul, July 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—There were no new features in the strike situation at South St. Paul today. The Swift plant was running as usual and the strikers were quiet and orderly.

The treasury of the strikers is becoming depleted and a meeting was held today to discuss what could be expected from the international body, in the line of financial aid. At the time the strike began, the local organization had about $800 in its treasury. But this has become so depleted that officers were obliged to pass the benefit pay day. They still have some money left, and if the promised assistance from the international organization arrives, benefit pay will be distributed immediately.

John H. Davlin, Houston—Was all run down; nothing did me any good until I got hold of Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Now I am strong and well; gained forty pounds. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

Attend the Scottish Picnic and Caledonian Games.

Dancing in the Evening.

LESTER PARK. FRIDAY, JULY 29.

LOGGING ROAD VALUATIONS

Board of Equalization Will Raise Amounts In All Cases.

The board of equalization, this morning, considered the assessed valuation of the various logging roads doing business in St. Louis county and lists were made of the roads and their assessable property. In every case, it is understood, the board raised the valuations, the amounts of which will be shown in the final resolution which is likely to be passed Friday morning.

Assistant County Attorney W. G. Crosby has advised the board that the logging roads that are paying a gross earnings tax cannot be taxed by the county, but the board will endeavor to collect from those having headquarters in St. Louis county, taxes on the entire assessed valuation of their roads, whether the greater part of the trackage is or is not in this county.

The roads whose valuation will be spread on the rolls are the Duluth, Virginia & Rainey Lake company, the Swan River Logging company, the Duluth & Northwestern, the Missabe & Southern, the Powers & Simpson company and the Tower Logging company's road.

An adjournment was taken at noon until tomorrow morning.

Delightful Outing Trips.

For the benefit of the grocerymen and their families and friends the managers of the excursion steamer Newsboy made no charter for tomorrow, th day of the Grocers' picnic, and therefore any one wishing to take advantage of this pleasant outing will find ample accommodation on board the charming little steamer. First-class meals will be served at the Fond du Lac grove, also a coffee, with cream and sugar, by the cup or by the pail, at moderate rates.

The Newsboy gives a delightful excursion each evening around the horn and thes afford citizens an opportunity to pass a pleasant evening in seren enjoyment of Lake Superior's cooling breezes at moderate cost.

San Francisco Excursion.

Aug. 15 to Sept. 10. "The North-western Line' will sell excursion tickets to San Francisco and return at the following rates:

Going via Omaha or Kansas City, returning the same route, $50.

Going via Omaha or Kansas City, returning via Portland, $64.

Going via Chicago and St. Louis, returning via Missouri river, $64.

Going via Chicago and St. Louis, returning via Portland, $74.

For further information call at city ticket office, 362 West Superior street.

MORA, MINN., HAS A DISASTROUS FIRE

St. Paul, July 27.—A special to the Dispatch from Mora, Minn., says: Twelve business houses were burned here today, causing a loss estimated at about $70,000. The fire started in S. M. Halvorson's bakery, located in the middle of the block, and soon spread in both directions, burning out the entire side of the street. A number of stores on the opposite side were damaged before the flames were gotten under control.

Boston and Return

ONLY ONE CENT PER MILE FROM CHICAGO, VIA LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Tickets on sale Aug. 12-13-14, with provision for extension of return limit to Sept. 30. Tickets available via all regular routes, including through New York, as well as the St. Lawrence river, Adirondack and White Mt. territory. For full information, call upon or address W. B. Hutter, N. W. P. A., Pioneer Press Bldg., St. Paul, or C. F. Daly, Chief A. G. P. A., Chicago.

NO CREDIT TO HER

Minnesota's Building at St. Louis Cuts a Poor Figure.

Much Complaint of the Manner In Which It Is Kept.

Minnesotans who have visited the Louisiana purchase exposition have complained to a remarkable degree of the poor standard followed at the Minnesota building, and say it is ill kept, with no arrangements for the proper reception and welcome of guests About a month ago Frank Maxwell, physical director of the Y. M. C. A., returned from a visit to the exposition and said, among other things, that the Minnesota building was cutting a poor figure in the way it was run, and visitors who have been there since report the same thing.

Captain Ray T. Lewis said yesterday that he was very much ashamed of what he had heard in regard to the improper management of the building, as he had worked as hard as he could to get interest worked up in the building and have a good display for the state, and one of which its people would be proud. The captain said he had no personal knowledge of conditions at St. Louis, but that he got the same version from all visitors.

A well known local banker who has just returned from the fair, said that he found things very much uncared for at the building and he was rather surprised at the state of affairs. He said the place was not kept clean, and allowed to go unswept and without scrubbing to a deplorable degree, and that he believed that it would be a very good thing to bring the matter to the attention of whomsoever might be responsible.

"Our state has spent as much or more than many other states that have much more to show for their appropriations," said A. W. Taussig. "When I attended the exposition the second week in May and found the building so inadequate and comparatively neglected, I thought that it was rather early in the season and attrinuted the condition of things somewhat to that fact, although I did not think that even with so short a time elapsing since the beginning of the fair that there was no excuse for the Minnesota building being so badly conducted.

"There was practically nobody there to see to it. There was a colored man on hand, who did not look very tidy and there was also a woman there, but no one who seemed to properly represent the state or look out for the people who came. Some parts of the place were unfit for visitors and the whole place had the air of being ill-kept and not looked after in a fit manner.

"No register was to be had by visitors. I wanted to see the register to see if there were not some people from Duluth or vicinity that I might care to meet and talk to, but none was there and I was disappointed. It seems too bad that such a condition of things should exist there, for the state deserves something better.

"Now is the time to get at the matter and probe it, and see if something may not be done to remedy conditions there. It is not too late to get the building into such shape that it will be not only fit for people to inspect, but attractive to the people. If things go on there as they are, the thing will surely result in our state getting undesirable notoriety throughout all the other states of the Union on account of our failure to have a more respectably conducted building to represent Minnesota."

Thursday Evening, July 28,

Grand Excursion and Dance on Str. NEWSBOY and Barge "OUTING."

Music by Prof Paul's Band and Orchestra. Leaves foot Fifth avenue west 8:30 p. m. Tickets, 25 cents, including boat ride and dance. Both phones.

BOYS EXCITED

Over Unique Contest Announced By M. S. Burrows.

Today hundreds of boys are going into homes throughout the city, in an endeavor to win the prize of ten dollars in gold, offered by M. S. Burrows in yesterday's Herald, in connection with his half price sale of boys' and children's clothing. The boy who reads the advertisement to the greatest number of people secures the prize. The competition is unusually keen, owing to the fact that the contest is open to all boys without any restriction.

Extra Cars

Will be run to Hunter's Park tonight for band concert from 7:30 p. m. to 9:30 p. m.

MURPHY VISITS JUDGE PARKER

Tammany Leader and Several Other Guests at Rosemount.

Esopus, N. Y., July 27.—Very important from a political standpoint was the arrival here today of Charles Murphy, the Tammany leader, Judge Morgan, J. O'Brien and Senator Victor J. Dowling, of New York, and Thomas F. Conway, of Plattsburg. They came unannounced so far as any definite information could be had at Rosemount, although it is known here that Judge Parker received word last night of the proposed visit.

Mr. Murphy and his colleagues of Tammany Hall were met at the Esopus station by Judge Parker's wagonette and taken directly to Rosemount.

The meeting between Judge Parker and Mr. Murphy was very cordial. Judge Parker invited his guests to remain for luncheon with him. Before luncheon, however, Judge Parker and Mr. Murphy withdrew from the rest of the party and engaged in a long conversation. They were uninterrupted.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Dainty Summer Garments at Half

Final Clearance Thursday, Friday, Saturday.

All our Wash Suits at Half,

All Wash and Evening Shirt Waists at Half, None Reserved

Tomorrow morning we place our entire line of stylish summer wash garments at just half usual selling price, giving you an opportunity to buy seasonable costumes at less than cost of material. Beautiful evening waists, in satin taffeta; dainty creations in crepe de chine; cool wash waists in linen, lawn, damask, etc.; stylish wash suits in linen, made in coat effects and shirt waist styles. There is a long season ahead to wear these garments. Lay in a supply at these prices.

$5.00 In Gold Free!

We will pay this prize for the best short article on the appearance and effectiveness of our new type. Winning article will be published in Friday evening's Herald. No restrictions, any person can answer.
Address Advertising Department, Silberstein & Bondy Co.

Tomorrow is the Last Day of the Half Price Sale in Our Infants' Dept.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

New Arrivals in Bathing Suits.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

MAY CAUSE A SPLIT

Fairbanks Trying to Name His Successor as Senator.

His Treatment of Harry S. New Has Stirred Up Trouble.

Indianapolis, July 27.—Senator Fairbanks, candidate for vice-president, has begun a fight in Indiana to secure the privilege of naming his own successor in the United States senate. The first skirmish of this big battle took place last week, the result was in his favor, and consequently there is much muttering among the friends of other candidates for the exalted seat in the national legislature.

Mr. Fairbanks himself is very bold as to the issue. He wants to control the organization of his own state. He knows that if he fails to do this the state will not stand for him in future political contests. When he was nominated for the second place on the ticket, he told his friends that he would not resign his place in the United States senate until he was elected vice-president. He did not hesitate, however, to say that he expected to be elected, and that he was in favor of James A. Hemenway, a congressman from the First district of Indiana, and chairman of the committee on appropriations in the house, as his successor.

This information started the fight. It has resulted in a political row in Indiana, which in the end may threaten Republican success in that state.

Senator Fairbanks has been very firm in his dictation of the recognition which Indiana should receive from the national committee. Immediately after he was nominated he let it be known that he would prefer Representative Hemenway for vice-chairman of the national committee at Chicago. Through his spokesman he said Hemenway would be much more satisfactory to him than Harry S. New, the national committeeman from the state, and the former editor of the Indianapolis Journal.

Mr. Cortelyou said he did not like this way of playing politics. He pointed out that Mr. New had been a hard worker in the party, was an experienced and competent politician and was an excellent friend of President Roosevelt. Mr. Cortlyou saw no reason why he should be displaced in the interest of Mr. Hemenway, who, previous to this time, had had no special prominence in national politics. Apparently the vice-presidential candidate submitted to these expressions.

As a matter of fact, he continued secretly his fight against Mr. New. One of the things he did was to induce other national committeemen to become ambitious to have the place of vice-chairman. He ceased to press his friend, Mr. Hemenway.

Finally the matter became so vexatious that Mr. Cortelyou said there would be no vice-chairman in the west, but that one of the national committeemen would have sufficient authority to look after the business of the organization when he was not in Chicago. This was an indirect victory for Mr. Fairbanks, and was a great disappointment to the friends of Mr. New.

Harry S. New is a very popular politician in the state of Indiana, and is a public personage of national consequence. His friends in his own state did not like the way the vice-presidential candidate was treating him, and organized an expression of their opinion. One of the things they did was to make Mr. New a candidate for United States senator, in opposition to the favorite of Senator Fairbanks.

The first skirmish of the contest over this issue took place in Marion county. The county seat of this is Indianapolis, the home of Senator Fairbanks. The friends of the vice-presidential candidate were instructed to make every effort to defeat for nomination the candidates for the legislature and senate who were friendly to the election of Mr. New.

The movement was very successful, so far as Mr. Fairbanks was concerned. Mr. New secured but one out of 10. In defeating him and his candidates, however, a great many popular politicians were thrown down, with the result that there is much ill-feeling among his many friends in the state.

In fact, it represents an animosity which will be of real importance in the coming campaign. Without a doubt Senator Fairbanks is strong enough to have his own way about all matters connected with the organization, but he cannot ride rough-shod over certain factions without making an impression which will last beyond election day.

There is another feature about Mr. New, which is of state and national importance. He was the former editor of the Indianapolis Journal. For a generation this has been the newspaper organ of the Indianapolis Republicans. Through the machinations of Senator Fairbanks, this important newspaper property passed to the control of himself and friends. It was not a successful venture. The newspaper was finally absorbed by the Indianapolis Star, an independent political newspaper. This paper will not support Senator Fairbanks in his candidacy, and will not support President Roosevelt.

In short, the Republican party of the state of Indiana is now represented by the Indianapolis News, an independent free trade newspaper, which is controlled by Senator Fairbanks. The Republicans of the state are openly charging the vice presidential candidate with depriving them of a newspaper organ. They feel keenly the loss of the Journal, their old champion, and the vice presidential candidate is held strictly responsible for its loss.

The crippling of the Republican organization in the state of Indiana is a matter of serious political importance. It is recognized that Parker will carry certain Eastern states which were in the McKinley column. It is not thought that there will be enough of these to secure his election, even though the South is solidly Democratic.

It is, therefore, essential that a number of Western states be carried by the Democrats. There are fair prospects in West Virginia, Indiana and Wisconsin. If there is to be a split over the senatorial fight in the state of Indiana, it lessens the prospect of the Republicans carrying this state for their electoral ticket. The state is now unquestionably Republican. If the election was to be held tomorrow there would be a majority of more than 20,000 for Roosevelt.

If the suspicion should arise in the state that Parker had a chance to carry it this advantage would be wiped out in a night. Nothing would be more effective in causing this doubt of Republican success than a strong faction fight for supremacy. Mr. New is a great and ardent friend of President Roosevelt, and would concede a good deal for him, but it is very doubtful if he would go to the point of deserting his thousands of political friends in the state in order to please Senator Fairbanks, who was shown almost brutal inconsideration for him.

Fairbanks started in as his fatherly friend, but for a long time has taken advantage of this relationship to harm the ambitious young man who is now national committeeman from his state.

While these preliminaries are going on in the Republican camp, the plans of Thomas Taggart, the Democratic national committeeman, are being rapidly developed. He is in favor of an aggressively partisan campaign. He desires to arouse a strong and strenuous political spirit. It is his intention to call upon the Democrats of Indiana to make the best fight they ever did for Democracy. He is pointing out that there is a divided Republicanism to defeat in the state, and on the national ticket a candidate who is unpopular with the business interests of the country.

It will be his business to see to the Democrats of the state that if Indiana is carried for Parker it means another term of power for them, and that they will, more than the Democrats of any other state, share in the fruits of the victory. With him it is not to be a business campaign, or a moral campaign, but a pure political fight for the control of the government.

He thinks this will appeal to the real Democracy of the state more than any other issue. In short, he thinks that nothing will more strongly appeal to the Democrats of that state than a chance to get at the offices.

There is much good sence in the plans of Mr. Taggart. In the first place he is desirous of reclaiming as many as possible of the gold Democrats who are now lukewarm toward the Republicans, as well as toward the Democrats. Their disposition is to remain with the Republican party, on account of the fact that it is in power, and the chances are that it will remain in its present position for a number of years. Many of them desire to be with the winning party. Unless they are convinced at an early ddate that there is a chance of the Democrats winning in the state, they will be announcing their preference for Roosevelt.

This possibly applies to more than half the gold Democrats who deserted Bryan in the state of Indiana. Mr. Taggart thinks that if he can begin at once, he will be able to induce many of these gold Democrats to think he has a chance of winning in this state, and thereby hold them for Parker.

There is another reason for attempting to arouse an intense Democratic spirit. The inclination of many Democrats in this state is to desert Parker for Roosevelt. There is a general feeling that Parker is controlled by capitalistic interests of New York, and that Roosevelt is an independent political person.

These men do not like the action of the St. Louis convention, and are disposed to look with a friendly eye toward the Republican camp. In fact, it has required a good deal of diplomacy upon the part of Mr. Taggart to prevent the organization of Roosevelt Democratic clubs in the state. He tkinks if he can get these Democrats to fighting as partisans, and stop thinking about Parker and the platform, and the backers of Parker, and the makers of the platform, he can save many of these Democrats. He wants to turn their attention to local political matters. He wants to fight for the local offices, such as sheriff and county clerk, and arouse an interest in congressional and legislative fights.

These are the claims which Mr. Taggart will make before the Democratic national committee, and he will urge the beginning of an aggressive Democratic campaign at once. He insists that delays will be fatal to the interests of the party. If Mr. Taggart's wishes are followed, the Democratic campaign of the state will begin in the middle of August, or at least before the first of September.

In the meantime, Charles Warren Fairbanks, candidate for vice-president on the Republican ticket, is learning to swim in the ice water of the Mackinaw straits. A candidate on the presidential ticket who does not take his morning plunge is not considered in the political equation, and the Indiana candidate is determined to do everything which is required of him.

A PROTEST TO RUSSIA

Will Be Formally Made By the United States.

Washington, July 27.—The state department has finaly received a formal protest against the action of the Russian navy in seizing American goods, and as the result of its preliminary study of the law and precedents governing the subject, it is prepared to act energetically and promptly. This protest relates to the seizure of an American cargo on board the Hamburg-American steamer Arabia, bound from Portland, Ore., for Hong Kong, China. J. H. Mitchell, an attorney of Portland, telegraphs the state department a statement of conditions under which the Arabia carried out this cargo.

Mr. Mitchell stated that he represented the Portland Milling company, which had shipped on the Arabia, for Hong Kong, 99,000 sacks of flour, worth about $100,000. He declared that this flour was in no sense contraband for it was not destined for Japan and it was part of the normal trade of the company and was not a war order. Mr. Mitchell requested the state department to take the necessary steps to secure indemnity and satisfaction for the owners of the flour and also to protect legitimate neutral trade from such serious interferences as these attacks by the Vladivostok fleet.

Maxwell Evarts and D. A. Chambers, two attorneys, came to the state department today in connection with the same seizure, and Acting Secretary Adee immediately referred them to the solicitor for the department, who has also before him the protest of the Portland Milling company.

BASEBALL

Tomorrow—4 p. m.

DULUTH VS. SUPERIOR

Athletic Park, Duluth.

Doing Large Business.

The "court on wheels," which represents the district court now in session in the range towns in the process of making new citizens, is believed to be doing an immense business. Clerk of Court J. P. Johnson took with him on the trip 300 certificates of citizenship, but he has already sent back to the office here for 300 more. It is believed that the present trip of the "court on wheels" will result in from 500 to 600, possibly even more, new voters this coming fall, in St. Louis county.

WISCONSIN PROHIBITIONISTS.

Madison, Wis., July 27.—The Wisconsin state prohibition convention opened this afternoon, in library hall, of the university of Wisconsin, with three hundred delegates present. The Rev. W. D. Cox, of Milwaukee, was temporary chairman. The Rev. H. A. Russell, of Superior, will probably be nominated for governor. Oliver W. Stewart, national chairman is present.

SYMPATHETIC STRIKE

Seems More Probable at East St. Louis Plants.

East St. Louis, Ill., July 27.—A sympathetic strike of the allied trades employed at the packing plants here seems more probable than at any time since the trouble began. If no sympathetic strike is made by the allied trades, it is stated that almost all members of the unions will walk out anyway. Men secured in St. Louis by employment agencies are coming across the river in squads, and are being taken care of in the camps established by the three packing companies in their yards. It is asserted by the strikers that the packers are doing very little killing and that much of the by-products are wasted as the result of unskilled labor.

MAY MEET AGAIN

Possibility of Another Conference Between Packers and Strikers.

Teamsters, Horse Shoers and Stable Men Join Strikers.

Chicago, July 27.—It is reported that Arthur Meeker and T. J. Connors, representing Armour & Co., have gone to a conference with the state board of arbitration relative to another joint conference with representatives of strikers.

The latest acquisition to the strikers' ranks came this afternoon when 150 horseshoers and stablemen who up to this time, have remained at work, declared themselves on strike.

Joseph V. Haram, of 403 Laflin street, was found today unconscious in front of his home and suffering from several knife wounds.

The man was taken to a police station. When he recovered consciousness he said he had been attacked by strikers. Two arrests were made.

Eight colored strike breakers on the way to work in the different plants in the stock yards, were arrested today. Alighting from a street car, the non-union men were surrounded by a crowd of strike sympathizers. Policemen who were on guard saw the negroes reach toward their hip pockets. As the negroes reached the entrance to the yards the police stopped them and, searching them, found a revolver on each one. Arrests followed, the charge being concealed weapons.

TEAMSTERS GO OUT.

Several Hundred Stockyard Drivers Refuse to Work.

Chicago, July 27.—Stockyards teamsters joined the packing house employes today. Several hundred of the drivers for the packing companies refused to go to work, the teamsters' joint council having endorsed the vote to strike and ordered the members of every local union in Chicago to make no deliveries to the stockyards. Wagons from downtown merchants and supply houses destined for the yards with consignments of rations for the barracks of the non-union army there and supplies and materials for the various plants were turned back from every gate. One effect of the strike of the teamsters was to temporarily put the army of office employes of the packing houses in a predicament, but the management of the big plants came to the rescue by calling on themselves to do the work, and took the places of drivers of the busses and the army of workers was transported into the yards. It was stated that the packers at present would make no general attempt to employ non-union teamsters. Plans have been arranged to deliver meat by railroad to packing house branches in various parts of the city.

Practically all the striking live stock handlers returned to their work in the yards today, an agreement having been made with them that they need not assist in weighing or delivering stock consigned to the packers involved in the strike. They are handling all stock for the independent packers, shippers, exporters and small butchers.

The stock yards company has supplied a force of men other than members of the livestock handlers' association to yard, weigh and deliver stock consigned to or sold to the packers.

Kitty English, foreman in the sewing department of Swift & Co's. plant, was mobbed and badly hurt by a crowd of girl strike sympathizers at Halstead and Root streets. Fully a dozen girls took part in the attack. They beat the forewoman with their fists, tore her clothing and finally slashed her face with a knife. After a desperate struggle Miss English escaped. No arrests were made.

Clarence Hall is the first victim claimed by death, as a result of the stock yards strike. Hall is dead at the hospital Last Tuesday he with R. F. Keating, his employer, an ice dealer, was driving past a crowd of rioters. Two shots were fired, one of which struck Keating, passed through his leg and struck Hall. The police never ascertained who fired the shot.

Cornelius P. Shea, president of the brotherhood of teamsters, said today, analyzing the strike:

"This is to be a life and death struggle for the international organization of butcher workmen. The packers in my judgment have carefully planned for a gigantic war to disrupt the butcher unions."

West Baden and French Lick, Ind., and Return $23.80.

On July 22 to 25, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to West Baden and French Lick, Ind., at $23.80, for the round trip. Tickets limited to August 11th for return. City Ticket Office, 302 West Superior street.

Colorado and Utah Excursions

On sale daily until Sept. 30, excursion tickets via "The North-Western Line" to Denver, Colorado Springs, at $30.65, and to Salt Lake, Utah, at $42.00. Tickets bear return limit October 31. City Ticket Office, 302 West Superior street.

IN WOMAN'S SPHERE

Social, Musical and Art Circles.

Yesterday afternoon the regular quarterly meeting of the Missionary Union of the city was held at the Second Baptist church on West First street. The president, Mrs. C. Holt, presided. Although the midsummer meeting has the smallest attendance of any of the year's gatherings, the attendance yesterday was large and much interest in the work manifest. Representatives from the First M. E., Asbury M. E., Grace M. E., Lester Park M. E., Pilgrim Congregational First Baptist, Second Baptist, First Presbyterian, Second Presbyterian and First Christian churches responded to roll call.

The devotional services that opened the meeting were conducted by Mrs. W. S. Albertson and Mrs. Albertson also spoke of the value of securing the interest and assistance of the children in the cause of missions. Five little girls sang under the direction of Mrs. J. O. Milne, a bright little chorus.

A short talk was given by the honorary president, Miss Eddy, who has been identified with the union since its organization, telling simply of her interest in the work carried on by it, although not now taking an active part. The speakers of the afternoon were Miss Annie Milne, Mrs. George F. Warner and Rev. Giffin, of Superior.

Miss Milne gave a delightful little talk on the mission field of each Christian. Each individual is the one to decide where his interest and work should go and even if all cannot go to the foreign field there is a work at home and around each one, waiting to be done. Miss Milne will leave in October for the mission field in China and her words were of special interest.

Mrs. George F. Warner spoke of the work of the missionaries in Western China from the viewpoint of a wife of a missionary rather than the active missionary. Her experience there and the need of more workers were interestingly told. She said in closing: "The feeling of satisfaction is usually predominant in our missionary meetings but when we think that in the country of China there are 400,000,000 people and only 250,000 Christians the feeling uppermost should be our responsibility for this condition."

Rev. Giffin, who will also leave in October as a missionary to China spoke of the duty of the Christians of the western world to the people of the Eas who are ignorat of the redeeming Savior.

Miss Milne and Mr. Giffin will be married before their departure for China and yesterday the members of the union presented Miss Milne with some silver as a token of their interest in the work she is undertaking.

An informal reception followed the meeting.

HANDSOME RECEPTION.

Mrs. George D. Swift Entertains For Her Guest.

A reception yesterday, at which Mrs. George D. Swift was hostess in honor of Mr. Swift's mother, Mrs. Elliott Swift, of Colorado Springs, was one of the most beautiful affairs of the summer. The Swift home at 2320 East First street, was beautifully decorated with flowers. In the reception room daisies were used and the effect of the pretty flowers was exceptionally lovely. In the library American beauties and sweet peas were used and the dining room was aglow in pink, roses being used.

In the dining room Mrs. F. E. House served the ice and Mrs. C. C. Cokefair poured the coffee for the first of the receiving hours and in the latter part of the afternoon Mrs. H. C. Marshall and Mrs. Page Morris presided. They were assisted by Miss Comstock, Mrs. J. H. Upham, Jr., Miss Alice Peyton and Miss Hulst. Mrs. George L. Chesebrough and Miss Frazer served the punch in the hall. During the afternoon Signor Valenza played a number of harp solos. A large number called during the afternoon.

Reception For Bridal Couple.

Friday evening a reception will be held in honor of Rev. and Mrs. Bower Reynolds Patrick at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Billson at 1531 East First street. Mr. Patrick and his bride were on their wedding trip to Isle Royale and will return to Duluth tomorrow. The reception is to give all of Mr. Patrick's Duluth friends an opportunity of meeting him and his bride.

* * *

Personal Mention.

Miss Jessie Copp, of Green Bay, Wis., who has been the guest of Mrs. Sterling Smith left yesterday for her home.

* * *

Miss Effie Smith has gone to Devils Lake, N. D., for a visit.

* * *

Miss Frisk, of St. Paul, is the guest of Mrs. H. E. Gooch.

* * *

Mrs. T. H. Hawkes, Jr., are entertaining Mrs. Melville Wardwell and daughter, of Cleveland.

* * *

Miss Mabel Fulton will leave Sunday for a month's visit at Chicago. During her absence Miss Ida Broman will have charge of Miss Fulton's younger class of piano pupils.

* * *

Mrs. M. Hansen and daughter and Miss Fjelde, of Minneapolis, are guests of Mrs. C. VanVick, of East Second street.

* * *

Mrs. E. V. Robinson, of 512 Second avenue East has as guests Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Heinz, of Buffalo.

* * *

Miss Glen Murray will entertain tomorrow afternoon at an afternoon reception at her home, 2028 East Superior street.

The Present Type.

The type of American girl who is just now the fashion is broad over the shoulder, full over the bust, straight in the spine, and moderately small about the hips. The waists are very broad at the shoulders, many of them drooping down on the arms 1830 style, and loose at the chest.

And the waist-line of the modern girl is a good four inches larger than her mother's was at her age. It's a comfortable waist that doesn't suggest dyspepsia and a twisted framework.

The skirt of the shirtwaist suit is like the figure of the athletic girl, slender about the hips, not thin so that her clothes drag in a shapeless fashion, but trim and distinctly small in proportion to her fine shoulders.

Out In the Open.

Oh! it is something
To be taken out of the fuss and strife
Of the singular mess we agree to call life;
* * * * * * * * *
To be set down on one's own feet,
So night to the great, warm heart of God
You almost seem to feel it beat
Down from the sunshine and up from the sod;
To be compelled, as it were, to notice
All the beautiful changes and chances
Through which the landscape flits and glances;
And to see how the face of common day
Is written over with tender histories.
—JAMES RUSSELL LOWELL.

Greater Activity in the Cloak Room Thursday

Continued Low Pricing for the July Clearance.

The advance guard of fall lines are being ushered in now, necessitating quicker riddance of summer goods. Thursday we introduce new fall skirts, while out-bound tickets in the shape of deep-cut prices are attached to summer merchandise.

PARASOLS.

We are offering the unrestricted choice of all those pretty plain and coaching effects, in the new parasols—shades to match any gown—at exactly ONE-THIRD LESS THAN REGULAR.

15c ZEPHYR GINGHAM AT 7½c.

15c ZEPHYR GINGHAM AT 7½c—Just a small lot, but what there is is worth your attention—it is the regular 15c kind—at..... 7½c

CURTAINS.

NOTTINGHAM CURTAINS—three yards long, fine assortment of patterns—extra quality at 75c—clearing price Thursday—per pair..... 59c

FINE IRISH POINT CURTAINS—new designs—regular $5 values—Thursday—per pair..... $3.75

KIMONAS.

LAWN KIMONAS—short length—white grounds—with small figures, of blue and black—65c regular—Thursday, each. 43c

FULL LENGTH KIMONAS—in white, with pink and blue borders—$1.50 the regular price—Thursday's sale price each..... $1.00

WOMEN'S OXFORDS.

WOMEN'S OXFORDS—of fine kid, welt and hand-turned sole, of soft elk—extension style—regular $3.00 Oxfords—to close them out Thursday, all sizes—per pair..... $1.98

50c BABY SHOES—25c.

SOFT SOLE BABY SHOES—in two-toned effects, of tan and white—pink and white—brown and white—and black, with white stitching—sizes 1 to 4—never sell for less than 50c—special July Clearance price Thursday, per pair..... 25c

Freimuth's

NEW BOX AND SIDE-PLAITED PANAMA SKIRTS—in black, brown and navy—special values at ..... $10.50, $8.50, $6.50 and $5.00

The Stir in Waists

We have never known of a waist season causing greater enthusiasm, and small wonder when you buy strictly tailored styles—representing the most prominent makers' best efforts, at less than cost of materials.

THE FAMOUS ROYAL MAKE.
They are still being offered in
THREE LOTS AT THREE PRICES—THUS:

$1.48 FOR $3.25, $3.00 AND $2.75 WHITE WAISTS—of full lawn and mercerized oxfords and damask—beautifully trimmed with lace, embroidery and tucks—the values are exactly as quoted—choice of all sizes at.....$1.48

$1.98 FOR $4.25 TO $3.50 WHITE WAISTS—made in the first-class style characteristic of the Royal makers, in fact you cannot duplicate them at $3.50, $4.00 and even $4.25—it's a rare offer indeed at.....$1.98

$2.48 FOR FINEST WHITE WAISTS—With all the daintiness and chic style of the highest-grade waists at $4.25 to $5.00—beautifully embroidered, and finished with finest lace—all sizes—at.....$2.48

OTHER WAISTS AT 50c, 75c and $1—regular prices $1 to $2.50.

Children's Wash Dresses

Cleaning up of what is left at less than makers' prices.

79c FOR CHILDREN'S PERCALE AND CRASH Sailor and Peter Thompson Suits—reg. price $1.25, now..... 79c

$1.00 FOR CHILDREN'S CHAMBRAY and Zephyr cloth sailor and Russian blouse dresses—the prices were $1.50 and $1.75—now..... $1.00

$1.50 FOR CHILDREN'S WASH DRESSES—Sailor and Russian blouse style, made from fine madras and chambray cloth—prettily trimmed with embroidery—the price was $2.00 to $2.50, now..... $1.50

Needed Notions at July Clearance Prices.

HOOKS AND EYES—Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4—in white and black, regular 5c cards, Thursday..... 2 for 5c

MOURNING PINS—Jet heads, regular 5c kind, in fancy boxes, Thursday..... 2 bxs for 5c

TAPE MEASURES—60 inches long—regular price 5c—Thursday each..... 3c

IRONING WAX—Wooden handles—regular price 2 for 5c—Thursday..... 4 for 5c

SIDE ELASTIC HOSE SUPPORTERS—the easy catch—regular price 12c—Thursday, per pair..... 8c

CURLING IRONS—Hidden spring—regular price 5c—Thursday, each..... 3c

ADAMANTINE PINS—280 on sheet—regular price 3c—Thursday only—per sheet..... 1c

PIN CUBES—100 on each—black, white or assorted—regular price 6c—sale price Thursday, per cube..... 4c

MILLINERY.

WE HAVE TWO TABLE LOTS of pretty tailored street and suit hats—in the very smartest styles—many that can be worn until late in the fall—in 2 lots at less than half—$8 and $9 hats....$3.89 $6 and $7 hats..... $2.78

FINE CHINA AND CUT GLASS.

There's a broad collection of imported and domestic fine China and rich American cut glass—all the newest designs—Thursday at. 25% off

HANDKERCHIEFS.

Pure linen initial handkerchiefs—narrow hemstitched hem, with embroidered initial—fancy border—regular 20c Handkerchiefs—for Thursday—19c EACH or $1.00 FOR BOX OF SIX.

50c, 75c AND $1.00 BELTS—35c.

About 10 dozen belts in black and colors—plaited and folded—silk and satin—front and back, buckle of oxidized silver—gun metal and gold—regular 50c, 75c and $1.00 kinds—Thursday, each..... 35c

POINT DE PARIS LACES

2 to 4-inch widths, in the prettiest designs—inserting to match—regular 25c and 20c values—choice of a broad assortment at—per yard..... 10c

NECKWEAR.

NEW WASH STOCKS—An assorted lot in white and colors—prettily trimmed with fagoting, stitching and tenerif wheels—regular 20c and 35c stocks—choice Thursday—each..... 19c

WASH GOODS.

SHIRT WAIST SUITINGS—choice assortment of 50c to 60c kind—odds and ends from the best sellers—one to two patterns in a piece—crashes, linens and novelty mixtures—in blues, pinks and grays—choice Thursday, per yard... 35c

Freimuth's

THE EVENING STORY.

BOBBS' SACRIFICE

By Albert Whiting Fox.

(Copyright, 1904, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Arnold Bobbs sat drumming with his fingertips on the corner of his desk and gazing with compassionate eyes at the dejected-looking individual before him.

"No wonder Amy prefers me," he mused, as he looked upon his rivals' ready-made clothes, bargain hat, and hands red and swollen from the cold. A semblance of a smile curved his lips and he chuckled knowingly to himself. Then he arose and, stalking over to the window, thrust his hands into his trousers' pockets.

"Mathews," he said aloud, "to put the matter plainly, I fear that you are—ch-hem—rather a fool. The devil don't you forget this little girl and think of something else for a while."

The dejected-looking object sat up straight. A flush came to John Mathews' cheeks and he seemed to reach instinctively for some object or other from the table.

"Forget her, Bobbs!" he replied, "forget! Great God man, I can't forget her and I wouldn't if I could.

"You know what she was to me before you came. From the first day I went to board at her mother's house I took an interest in her. She alone knows what her home life has been. Poor, simple little thing, she had no friends, no sympathy; not even a room or a book of her own. I was the first to befriend her, Bobbs, I gave her that sympathy for which she craved. I bought her books at the expense of my own subsistence; I helped in every way to make up for what she had lost by the neglect of her parents. I did everything in my power to make her happy and there was a sort of understanding between us that some day—"

"You can't support her," interrupted Bobbs.

"I know that," retorted Mathews quickly, as if he had been anticipating the remark. "I am not a fool. I see things as they are, not as I would have them be. I shall probably never be able to support her as I would wish. That is why I resigned her so willingly to you, Bobbs. Your money could buy her a home, together with the luxuries of life which a young girl so naturally desires. I felt that she would be so much happier with you than with me, but—"

Mathews hesitated.

"Well," said Bobbs, uneasily.

"But you don't intend to marry her," continued the other in a firm voice. "You're simply toying with her as a child toys with a doll. You've taken her away from me, you've been lavishing favors upon her, you've won her affection, and now you've taken her here as your stenographer, although she knows no more of stenography than the bit I've taught her. It's merely a means of taking up more of her time and, Bobbs, don't you see the injustice you're doing the girl?"

Mathews' eyes now flashed with the fire of indignation. Bobbs looked amused.

"Injustice!" he replied. "Injustice. What sort of bosh are you trying to preach to me anyway? I'm certainly doing this little girl no injustice by taking her away from the dull monotony of her home life and giving her a good time. Why shouldn't she have a glimpse of Paradise if I'm generous enough and can afford it?"

"But, Bobbs," insisted Mathews seriously, "have you ever thought of the end of all this? Her home life has been a hell, but that's nothing compared to what her life will be the day when your little romance must cease. She's bound to grow too fond of you and—"

"That's her lookout, not mine," answered Bobbs, stiffly. "I can't help it if people grow too fond of me. Amy and I will just be friends, that's all. We'll make hay while the sun shines and then—and then—well, Mathews, haven't we talked of this long enough. To be frank with you, I admire the interest you take in the girl, and if you'll spare me the rest of your discourse I'll believe you free from selfish motives."

"Thank you, Bobbs, but think over what I have said. It's a duty you owe to the girl and to me as a friend. Good evening."

A light was burning low in the little old-fashioned parlor that night as Bobbs and Amy, regardless of the fleeting moments, sat side by side on the old settee. They had spent the entire evening at Amy's home talking together; that is, Amy had talked and Bobbs had listened. He had been unusually silent throughout the evening; something seemed to be weighing heavily upon his mind.

At length, as the hour of parting approached, he drew himself up, as if he had shaken off some great doubt which oppressed him, and turned to the girl.

"Amy," he said, "I want to talk to you seriously before leaving tonight. You and I have been friends—good friends—and have spent many happy hours together. Ever since poor Mathews made us known to each other something has seemed to draw me toward you. We have schemed and planned together and my little stenography idea has worked admirably, but, Amy, things cannot go on indefinitely this way—"

A look of disappointment shrouded the girl's pretty face.

"I was afraid my friendship was becoming too troublesome to you, Mr. Bobbs."

"Ah, Amy, it is not that. Your friendship is everything in the world to me, but I am beginning to feel that we have been friends long enough. Amy, I love you with all my heart and soul. I am going to make you my wife." He clasped her in his arms; she broke away, blushing deeply.

"Mr. Bobbs' you don't know!"

"But I do know, Amy. I know what you are going to say. You're going to say that you're not worthy of me, that you're a poor working girl and that I'm a rich man, but, my dear little sweetheart, I love you, and there is nothing that can change my resolution now."

"But there is something," said the girl, timidly.

"And, what could there be? What reason could there possibly be?"

"The reason that I—I don't really love you, Mr. Bobbs. I never dreamt there was anything like this in your mind. I thought you knew that I was engaged to Mr. Mathews."

ELEVENTH ANNUAL
PICNIC
DULUTH RETAIL GROCERS' ASS'N,
Lincoln Park Tomorrow
Fine program of athletic sports. Liberal prizes for each event. Cars run every five minutes from Third avenue east after 10 o'clock. This will be the banner picnic of the year. DON'T MISS IT.

TO MEET IN MINNEAPOLIS

Democratic State Convention Will Be Held There Aug. 30.

Minneapolis, July 27.—The Democratic state convention will be held in Minneapolis on Aug. 30. The place for the convention will be the International Auditorium. A dispatch from Winona says that Chairman Buck of the state central committee made the announcement. The location of the convention was left to the executive committee, and this committee has decided the matter by correspondence.

St. Paul was not able to offer a suitable hall. Minneapolis Democrats offered to furnish the auditorium and pay $100 of the convention expenses, and this determined the action of the committee. Duluth was a bidder for the convention, but as the June convention was held there, the claims of Minneapolis were recognized. The official call for the convention will be issued this week. The basis of representation will be the same as for the Duluth convention, one delegate for each 100 votes or major fraction thereof cast for William J. Bryan in 1900, with three delegates at large for each county except Hennepin and Ramsey, which are given five.

VIOLENCE AT KANSAS CITY

Strikers Severely Handle Negroes Bound For Stock Yards.

Kansas City, July 27.—Not until tonight will the members of the allied trades in Kansas City vote upon the question of a sympathetic strike. J. A. Keller, president of the Central Labor union, has called a special meeting of the various unions interested for this evening to consider the matter. Labor leaders assert that the men only await an order to go out and that 1000 will be affected.

The first real show of violence on the part of the strikers was displayed when Armour & Co. tried to take thirty negroes in a box car into their plant. The strikers had learned of the packers intentions and when the car came in sight there was a mob of strikers and strike sympathizers on hand to greet the negroes. The mob forced the crew to stop the train and then made for the car. The negroes were pulled off and roughly handled while a number jumped from the car and escaped. Several shots were fired, but no one was hurt, and when the police arrived the crowd had dispersed. No arrests were made.

At another point a number of strike breakers working at the Swift and Schwarzschild & Sulzberger plants were chased by strikers. Three of the men made a stand against the pusuers. One was hit on the head and rendered unconscious when the others were rescued by packing house guards.

At still another point, two deported Cripple Creek miners, J. M. Harris, and Charles Roberts, were mistaken for strike breakers and attacked. Harris was knocked down and kicked in the face, receiving several ugly wounds. Roberts escaped unhurt. Following these disturbances an extra force of police was sent to the district.

Strikers assert that twenty-five of their numbers who were re-employed yesterday sought their old positions to learn the actual conditions in the different plants and to urge the strike breakers here to go out.

Today each of the plants increased their forces, all reporting good progress in every department.

CHILD'S FOOT CUT OFF.

La Crosse Farmer Accidentally Maims Little Child.

La Crosse, Wis., July 27.—While driving a mower in a field of barley yesterday, William F. Hammes, a farmer residing a few miles from here, accidentally ran over his 4-year-old child who, with another about the same ago, was playing in the barley. The foot of the Hammes child was severed, while the other child escaped without injury. The injured child was brought to this city. The accident may prove fatal.

WAGONS ARE REPAINTED

Packers Adopt Measures to Minimize Danger of Rioting.

Chicago, July 27.—To minimize the danger should the packing companies attempt to deliver meat to local customers with non-union teamsters, Chief of Police O'Neill has given instructions that all hauling shall be done on Halstead street. The chief declared that all teamsters will be protected from violence but to make this possible the hauling must be confined to one street which will be strongly patrolled.

The order calling out the packing house teamsters affects many other drivers as well. Those employed on market and grocery delivery wagons, trucks, tallow and bone wagons, bakery, ice and express wagons are prohibited from handling any goods to or from the packing plants. While it is said to be the intention of the packing plants to ship practically all the meat to outside plants by rail and make no effort to take care of the by-products, the strikers expect to cause them much inconvenience by shutting off supplies of all kinds as far as possible.

Nine wagons loaded with meat were sent out today from the Schwarschild & Sulzberger plant at the stock yards. The wagons had been repainted, the lettering removed, high sides placed on them, and covered with tarpaulin as a disguise. They were escorted from the yards by a dozen policemen, who were relieved by another detail to guard them on their way to the north side of the city.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Lamp Explosion Causes Great Danger to Woman and Child.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Yankton.—Stephen Hunt and wife were badly burned by exploding kerosene, and the house in which they live, belonging to John A. Weeks, was damaged by fire. The loss on building and contents is about $1,400. The building is fully insured, but the contents are a total loss. The explosion was heard several blocks. The burning oil was scattered over Mrs. Hunt and in an instant the whole room was in a blaze. Mr. Hunt went to his wife's rescue and received burns about the head and neck and on the left hand. Mr. Hunt's action was heroic for he is far from being an able-bodied man. Some years ago he lost a leg in a rotary elevator at the Western Portland cement works and it was only at the risk of his own life that he rescued his wife. The escape of Mrs. Hunt from the blazing kitchen was followed by an act by her no less heroic than that of her husband. The infant son of Mrs. Conway, a pastry cook at the Merchants hotel, was sleeping in the front room of the burning dwelling. Mrs. Hunt rushed around the house and into the front room, saving the child and was again taken from the building by her husband with her clothing in flames.

Lead.—Louis de Filippi, a gold miner, blew his heart out with dynamite. There are some suspicious circumstances and murder developments are hinted at.

Pierre.—Residents of the irrigation district of the Belle Fourche river have organized by filing articles of incorporation with the secretary of state of the Belle Fourche Valley Water Users' association, with a capital of $3,400,000. The purpose is to put themselves in position to make the necessary contracts required for the government work which has been outlined. The organizers are all local men, some of them owning more than 21,000 acres of the land to be affected by the irrigation project. It is the hope of the projectors to push the matter to such a point that active work on construction will begin this fall. Regardless of the rush for Rosebud lands during the last month, the Pierre land office has received 125 filings up to date. The Rosebud movement will mean hundreds of settlers west of the river, outside of Gregory county.

Watertown.—The possibility of a motor line from Sioux Falls through Egan and Brookings to Watertown and on to Lake Kainpeska is attracting the attention of the towns and cities along the proposed route. A gentleman by the name of Fleming from the East had an interview with Mayor Baskerville on the proposed road.

An Eastern syndicate has the project in embryo, and Mr. Fleming is out making a preliminary investigation. He left with the impression that the line through the state and up the Sioux valley will be a paying investment from the start, and it is believed that the first steps toward organizing the company will be taken immediately.

Huron—Horse thieves are getting busy in this locality. A night or two since a valuable driving team was taken from the J. P. Cooper barn in Wessington, and other persons have evidence that a gang of thieves is rendezvousing in that part of the county.

Funeral services of William Neistadt, killed in a wreck on the Chicago & North-Western railway near Iroquois, took place from the family residence here, and was largely attended.

Another accident occurred Monday morning on the North-Western at Brookings, resulting in the serious injury of Roy Cooley, a brakeman, of this city, and son of Conductor Cooley, of Hawarden. Besides the loss of a foot, young Cooley sustained injuries that may prove fatal.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Devils Lake—Already men are coming from all parts of the states for the Fort Totten Indian reservation opening next week. They are mostly homeseekers, but the grafters and sharpers have also shown up and will be on the ground floor. However, the authorities fear no repetition of the Bonesteel affair and will have three companies of state militia at their command in case of riot, and the bona fide land or homeseeker will be given the utmost protection.

Vermillion.—Professor Keeler, formerly of Cornell college, New York, has been appointed by the South Dakota board of regents to look after work in the engineering department of the state university. He gives up a lucrative position to come West. Professor A. N. Cook, of Morningside college, Sioux City, has been called to the chair of chemistry in the university.

Mayor Ferry has appointed Arthur Townsley to take charge of the city engineering. He is but 19, yet his knowledge of this line of work is so great that he had no difficulty in passing the required state examination.

For some time Tridentia members have been endeavoring to secure a Phi Delta Theta charter for their sorority. By a unanimous vote of the province of St. Louis it was recommended that the "U" organization be made a member of the fraternity. An invitation was extended to the province to hold its next annual meeting here, and it was accepted.



That Our Big Removal Sale of Furniture, Carpets, Rugs, Lace Curtains, Portiers, Crockery, Stoves and Ranges is now going on. Big discounts upon our entire line—nothing reserved—EITHER CASH OR CREDIT.

BAYHA & CO NEWS TRIBUNE BUILDING.

Our new store will be corner Second Ave. West and First St.

A. B. SIEWERT & CO. | A. B. SIEWERT & CO.

Four Days of Exceptional Values Before Inventory.

IT IS INDEED AN OPPORTUNITY.

Half Price

ALL STRAW HATS (Dunlaps Excepted), $1.00 to $5.00—LESS ONE-HALF.

LADIES' SILK UMBRELLAS—$2 to $25—LESS ONE-HALF.

BROKEN LINES OF SUMMER UNDERWEAR—50c to $5 garments—LESS ONE-HALF.

FANCY HALF HOSE—odd lots, 35c to $1.00—LESS ONE-HALF.

FANCY SILK AND LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS—25c to $1.50—LESS ONE-HALF.

ALL FANCY VESTS—$3 to $10—LESS ONE-HALF.

COTTON FLANNEL NIGHT SHIRTS AND PAJAMAS—75c to $3.50—LESS ONE-HALF.

FALL GOODS ARE ARRIVING—NEED THE ROOM.

A. B. Siewert & Co.

Hatters and Furnishers, 304 West Superior St.

MADE GOOD FIGHT

Superior's Battered Team Shows Up Well Against White Sox.

Crookston Makes Merry With Scrub Bunch at Grand Forks.

NORTHERN LEAGUE.

STANDING.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Duluth	59	42	17	.712
Crookston	58	30	28	.517
Grand Forks	60	30	30	.500
Superior	60	27	33	.450
Winnipeg	59	26	33	.441
Fargo	60	23	37	.383

GAMES YESTERDAY.
Duluth, 1; Superior, 0.
Winnipeg, 3; Fargo, 2.
Crookston, 16; Grand Forks, 0.

GAMES TODAY.
Duluth at Superior.
Fargo at Winnipeg.
Crookston at Grand Forks.

The battered collection of amateurs and semi-professionals which represents Bugville made a game fight against the Duluth team yesterday, in Superior, and held the visitors down to one run.

Pitcher Kilroy and Infielder Baxter jumped the team yesterday and O'Dea and Rogers are now the only original members of the team left. The changes in the nine are coming so fast that the fans can't keep track of them, and the line-up presents a weird appearance.

"Bobby" Gelselman is holding down the center garden beside "Si" Bennett, who is at left. Two Superior amateurs, Mullaney and Riches played second and third base yesterday, while Freeman, the only pitcher left on the team, was in the box. He pitched good ball and had he been up against anybody but Hank Gehring, might have won. Gehring was a complete mystery to everybody, but Bennett, who cracked out two safe singles.

Duluth was dangerously near the plate on several occasions, notably the second inning, when Shaw led off with a two-bagger. But Freeman struck out the next three men up, Shepard, Corrigan and Randall.

In the eighth inning Benson allowed a hot one from O'Leary's bat to go through him and Freeman fumbled Zink's drive. Cox did the martyr act and both men advanced a base. A long fly by Joe Wilkes to the right field allowed O'Leary to score.

At no time during the game was Superior in any danger of scoring.

The score:

DULUTH.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Shepard, 2b	5	0	0	2	2	0
Corrigan, rf	4	0	2	1	0	0
Randall, lf	5	0	1	1	0	0
O'Leary, c	5	1	1	6	1	1
Zink, 1b	4	0	1	14	0	0
Cox, 3b	3	0	0	0	6	0
Wilkes, ss	4	0	1	2	3	0
Gehring, p	4	0	2	1	4	0
Shaw, cf	3	0	1	0	0	0
Totals	37	1	9	27	10	1

SUPERIOR.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Geiselman, cf	4	0	0	3	0	0
Bennett, lf	4	0	2	4	0	0
O'Dea, 1b	3	0	0	7	0	0
Leach, rf	3	0	0	5	0	0
Benson, ss	3	0	1	1	1	1
Mullaney, 2b	3	0	0	0	1	0
Rogers, c	3	0	0	6	0	0
Riches, 3b	3	0	0	1	0	1
Freeman, p	3	0	0	0	3	0
Totals	28	0	3	27	5	2

Summary: Two-base hit—Shaw. First base on balls—Off Gehring, 1. Struck out—By Gehring, 6; by Freeman, 6. Left on bases—Duluth, 12; Superior, 3. Double play—Gehring to Zink. Sacrifice hit—Cox. Stolen bases—Wilkes, Bennett. Hit by pitcher—Corrigan, Shaw. Time of game—1:40. Umpire—Criss. Attendance, 71.

PLAYS NEW BUNCH.

Probably Last Game For Grand Forks.

Grand Forks, July 27.—(Special to The Herald)—Aside from the fact that the players wore Grand Forks uniforms, no one would have recognized the nine that met Crookston here yesterday afternoon as being the Tigers. The team was composed entirely of local amateurs, the members of the former team having been released. Some of them have left for parts unknown, and others were present at the game yesterday to root for Crookston.

Crookston had no difficulty in winning what will probably be the last game to be played on a local diamond this season.

Martin was on the slab for the visitors. He pitched a lazy game throughout as it was a cinch for Crookston. Shannon was on the plate for the Tigers for the first four innings, and then Conmy went in to finish the game. Conmy pitched good ball for three innings, shutting out the visitors. In the eighth inning the locals went up in the air and gave poor support to Conmy. The visitors secured two hits and sent five men across the plate. In the ninth, two two-baggers and a single netted the visitors two more scores, making a final score of 16.

The only hits secured by the locals were made by Miller and Shannon. Miller took two and Shannon got the other. The locals never had any intention of scoring. The amateurs treated the fans to a double in the sixth inning. Hoffmeister sent a rather speedy one to Conmy which was stopped, and glanced to Miller. Miller doubled it down to second and from there it went to Baptie retiring the side.

Nearly all of the ex-Tigers have been re-signed by other teams. Cole goes to Waterloo, Iowa. Hutchison goes to Sioux City. The latter hal also an offer to go to Springfield, Ill.

The score:

GRAND FORKS.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
McIlrath, c	4	0	0	6	1	2
Swanson, lf	4	0	0	1	0	0
Coar, ss	3	0	0	2	5	1
Miller, 3b	3	0	2	2	3	0
Aldrick, 2b	2	0	0	2	0	1
Baptie, 1b	3	0	0	11	0	2
McLaughlin, rf	3	0	0	0	0	1
Lyons, cf	3	0	0	3	0	0
Shannon, p	1	0	1	0	4	0
Conmy, p	2	0	0	0	1	0
Total	28	0	3	27	14	7

CROOKSTON.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Carlisle, lf	6	1	1	0	0	0
Hoffmeister, 2b	6	2	2	4	2	0
Patterson, 1b	6	3	2	15	0	1
Hoffman, 3b	4	1	1	1	6	0
Henry, ss	4	1	1	0	2	0
Thomas, cf	5	2	3	0	0	0
Haggerty, rf	4	2	0	0	0	0
McNeil, c	5	1	1	7	2	0
Martin, p	5	3	4	0	5	0
Total	46	16	15	27	17	1

Score by innings:
Grand Forks ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Crookston ..... 1 2 4 2 0 0 0 5 2—16

Total 28 0 3 27 14 7

Summary—Struck out, by Martin, 5; by Shannon, 2; by Conmy, 4. Base on balls, off Martin 0, off Shannon 1, off Conmy 1; hit by pitched ball, Haggerty; two base hits, hoffman, Patterson and Martin; left on bases, Crookston 5, Grand Forks 1. Umpire, Knudson. Time of game, 1 hour, 35 minutes.

Maroons Win.

Winnipeg, Man., July 27.—(Special to The Herald).—The Maroons took another game from Fargo here yesterday by the score of 3 to 2. Fargo secured their only run in the fourth on two errors and two singles. The fielding of Sullivan and a one-handed catch by Nehr were the features of the game. About 300 fans witnessed the contest.

The score:

Fargo ..... 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—2
Winnipeg ..... 0 0 0 2 1 0 0 0 0—3

Batteries—Saunders and Buckwalter; Bartos and Clarke. Umpire, Smith.

THE OTHER LEAGUES.

National League.

STANDING.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
New York	82	59	23	.720
Chicago	82	50	32	.610
Cincinnati	85	51	34	.600
Pittsburg	80	46	34	.575
St. Louis	82	45	37	.549
Brooklyn	86	31	55	.360
Boston	83	26	57	.313
Philadelphia	81	22	59	.271

ST. LOUIS, 6; PITTSBURG, 1.

Pittsburg, July 27.—St. Louis won the game in the first inning by hitting Leever hard and with the assistance of two errors. Taylor was a puzzle. Attendance, 2760. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	0	0	1
St. Louis	4	0	2

Batteries—Leever, Miller and Smith; Taylor and Grady. Umpire—Emslie.

CHICAGO, 3; CINCINNATI, 1.

Chicago, July 27.—Yesterday's game was a pitcher's battle, which the locals won in the fifth inning on two singles, Seymour's errors and a long fly. Capt. Chanee was put out of the game in the second inning for questioning a decision by Umpire Moran calling Tinker out at first base. The decision provoked a wild demonstration on the part of the spectators and after the game Moran was escorted from the ground by policemen. Attendance, 2660. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	1	0	0
Cincinnati	0	1	0

Batteries—Wicker and Kling; Ewing and Schelei. Umpires—Johnstone and Moran.

PHILADELPHIA, 8; BOSTON, 7.

Boston, July 27.—A small crowd saw an old-fashioned free hitting game yesterday, Philadelphia winning 8 to 7. Dugleby was retired in the fourth inning. Stops by Raymer and Wolverton and Thomas' stick work were the main features. An injury to O'Day, necessitating using players as umpires, with fair success. Attendance, 150. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	4	0	0
Boston	3	0	1

Batteries—Dugleby, Sutthoff and Roth; Willis and Moran. Umpire—O'Day, Dooin and Walheim.

American League.

STANDING.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Boston	81	51	31	.622
Chicago	85	51	34	.600
New York	80	47	33	.588
Cleveland	77	45	32	.584
Philadelphia	80	43	37	.537
St. Louis	76	35	41	.461
Detroit	79	34	45	.430
Washington	76	16	60	.210

CHICAGO, 4; BOSTON, 3.

Boston, July 27.—The champions had yesterday's game well in hand until the ninth inning, when with two men out Ferris kicked Dunshon's grounder into left field and Donahue scored from first. Attendance, 6467. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	4	11	1
Boston	3	8	1

Batteries—Altrock and McFarland; Tannehill and Criger. Umpire—Connolly.

DETROIT, 2; PHILADELPHIA, 1.

Philadelphia, July 27.—Detroit won yesterday's game principally through the fine pitching of Killian. Attendance, 2007. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Detroit	2	7	0
Philadelphia	1	7	1

Batteries—Killian and Wood; Plank, Bender and Powers. Umpires—King and O'Laughlin.

American Association.

STANDING.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
St. Paul	91	58	33	.637
Columbus	87	52	36	.591
Milwaukee	89	52	37	.584
Louisville	92	52	40	.565
Minneapolis	89	45	44	.506
Indianapolis	91	44	47	.483
Kansas City	87	31	56	.356
Toledo	91	27	64	.297

LOUISVILLE, 7; COLUMBUS, 5.

Louisville, Ky., July 27.—Louisville defeated Columbus in a well played six-inning game. The game was called to allow Louisville to catch a train for Toledo. Attendance, 2000. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Louisville	7	6	2
Columbus	5	6	1

Batteries—Swormstedt and Schriver; Hickey, Olmstedt and Yeager. Umpire—Killen.

MILWAUKEE, 3; ST. PAUL, 2.

Milwaukee, July 27.—Milwaukee won a hard fought ten-inning game from St. Paul yesterday, making good batting rallies in the eighth and tenth innings. Attendance, 860. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Milwaukee	3	9	1
St. Paul	2	9	2

Batteries—McKay and Clattery; Ferguson and Sullivan. Umpire—Hart.

INDIANAPOLIS, 7; TOLEDO, 3.

Toledo, July 27.—Toledo was unable to hit Philipps yesterday. Attendance, 650. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Toledo	3	8	1
Indianapolis	7	14	2

Batteries—Weing and Brown; Philipps and Heydon. Umpires—Connolly and Lundbloom.

NO GAME AT KANSAS CITY.

Kansas City, July 27.—Kansas City-Minneapolis game postponed; Minneapolis arrived too late.

Yes ma'am, yes sir! the July Clearance Sale is still on. The most important doings in Duluth.

New lots are being daily marked down for clearance. Where former reduced prices fail to move the goods fast enough the knife is put in again and the prices cut down further; for, regardless of values and willing to take losses, we are mindful only of one thing —**that summer goods must go now.** Thursday's values are the greatest yet. The money savings are simply great.

10c for 25c laces. We are clearing out black chantilly, cream silk laces, cotton galloons and point de Paris odd lots and broken sets. It's a good time to buy your fall laces. For 10c you get 25c values.

10c for 25c turnovers—These are all white embroidered nainsooks, handsome patterns; just the thing to wear with sheer white shirt waists. Were 25c each—now you can have 3 for 25c.

49c Men's straw hats—Your choice of any man's straw hat in the house, formerly $1.00, $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50. Mostly the popular sailor shapes in split and sennit straws. They're going fast.

75c Boys' wash suits—Bound to close out all the boys' wash suits. The values are $1.50 each and the sizes are 3 to 8 years. Come and take your pick now of any suit in the lot at 75c.

50c for belts and bags—All the odds and ends of silk and leather belts, worth up to $1.50. Also all the odds and ends of red, black and grey leather bags, worth up to $1.50. Pick of them all at 50c.

5c 10c, 15c and 23c ribbon remnants. Thousands of pretty ribbons, all sorts of lengths and all sorts of widths, in all colors and fancy patterns, now being closed out at about half value.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

PANTON & WHITE CO

Fine wash goods remnants.

The remnant sale of wash goods is drawing big and enthusiastic crowds. Plenty of room and thousands of fine remnants. The entire accumulation in two lots—at 3c, worth 7c and 10c—at 9c, worth up to 40c a yard. Come tomorrow and see the fine dress patterns you can pick up for a song.

3c **9c**

PANTON & WHITE CO.

At last EVERY summer hat—$25 patterns for $5.00.

$5.00 WILL BUY THE FINEST PATTERN HATS. The $15.00, $18.00, $20.00, $22.50 and $25.00 pattern hats in the glass cases in the French pattern room now have to go. Tomorrow they go on sale, without reserve and without regard to former price or real value, at $5.00 each. There are only 15 of these hats, all that's left of the finest high-class millinery Duluth has ever seen. Blacks, whites and colors. Don't blame us if you fail to get one of these inimitable bargains.

$3.49 FOR $10.00 TO $15.00 PATTERNS. There are still a dozen or so of the fine pattern hats, outside the show cases, formerly sold for $10.00 to $15.00. Your pick of this lot, tomorrow and until sold, at $3.49.

$1.98 for trimmed dress hats worth up to $8.50.
$1.39 for trimmed dress hats worth up to $5.00.
89c for ladies' $2.25 linen and duck hats.
59c for ladies' and misses' $2.50 street hats.

PANTON & WHITE CO. — PANTON & WHITE CO. — PANTON & WHITE CO.

Ladies' tailor suits, wash suits, waists and skirts going

Lower and lower go the prices, as we reach the ends of these lines of women's splendid garments.

$2.98 $3.98 or $4.98 takes away all the washable shirt waist suits in duck, linen, gingham and sateen, worth double and more than double.

$7.50 $12.50 and $16.50 takes away any of the ladies' and misses' tailored suits on the 3 big racks—suits that formerly sold at $15.00 to $50.00—are included at these prices.

98c $1.49, $1.98 and $2.98 takes away all the white shirt waists in lawn and linen, light and heavy, lace trimmed and all-over lace; worth double these prices.

$2.98 $3.98, $4.98, $7.50 and $9.98 takes away any of the walking skirts, in black and colors, of finest and best summer materials, and actually worth from $6.00 up to $19.50 each.

PANTON & WHITE CO. — PANTON & WHITE CO. — PANTON & WHITE CO.

$1.95 Knives and forks — These are solid silver metal dinner knives and forks. The regular price is $2.50 a set. Got too many on hand. Will close them out at $1.95 a set. Basement.

49c Men's $1.50 caps—Any of the men's summer caps in the house—white yachting caps, golf caps and other summer styles. Regular prices up to $1.50. Your pick of the lot for only 49c.

1/4 off baby buggies—You can come and take away any baby buggy in the house (third floor) for just 25 per cent less than the regular marked prices. Less than half furniture store prices.

10c for ladies' 20c vests. These are imported Swiss ribbed lisle, in white only. Low neck and no sleeves. They are a regular 20c value. Into the clearance sale tomorrow at 10c each.

Odd dinnerware 2c, 5c, 10c, 15c, 25c

One big table is filled up with the accumulated odds and ends of discontinued dinnerware patterns, white and decorated—soup plates, sugar bowls, vegetable dishes, platters, celery trays, etc.—come and take your pick. The prices are way below cost.

59c FOR $1.00 SCREEN DOORS—They are stain finished, good wire, size 2.10x6.10 only—overstocked on this size—so come and take all you want of the $1 doors for 59c each. Basement.

1 2 PRICE—GRANITE WARES—all the nicked and slightly damaged granite wares in the big basement are placed on one table and will be sold at ½ price to clean them out. Big bargains in the lot.

Porch furniture, mattings, scrims and pillow clearance.

PORCH CHAIRS AND ROCKERS—all we have left—about 100. Slat seats and backs, comfortable and strongly made; regular $2.75 values reduced to **$1.49**

JAP AND CHINA MATTINGS—Prices are bound to advance because of the war, yet, having bought ours on a favorable market, we are ready to close out all our 25c and 30c mattings at, per yard..... **19c**

BED PILLOWS—These are all feather filled, no cotton or jute, but all feathers. They weigh 7 pounds to the pair, covered with fancy art ticking, extra large size and worth $2.50 a pair—clearance price, per pair **79c**

CURTAIN MUSLINS AND SCRIMS—Pretty scrims for summer and winter curtains. Stripes and dots on white and light grounds; a collection worth up to 15c a yard —to close, per yard **9c**

PANTON & WHITE CO. — PANTON & WHITE CO.

NORTHERN LEAGUE

Its Future Is Now a Question Shrouded In Much Uncertainty.

Salaries Paid Men Have Been on Too High Scale.

Just what will become of the Northern league is a very difficult question to answer. That the Grand Forks team is out of the game appears to be practically certain.

"When I was in Grand Forks a few days ago," said Edward Hazen, of the Duluth baseball club, "the managers and backers of the team told me they would be responsible for it up to last Monday, but no later. They have evidently paid up all the bills of the club until Monday and then withdrawn their backing from the team."

Yesterday an amateur team was put in the field and was swamped by the Crookston nine. A special to The Herald from Grand Forks states that no more games will be played on the home grounds. The new schedule calls for a trip to Winnipeg for three games and then a series of six games in Duluth. Whether or not the amateur team will take the trip is very doubtful, and Grand Forks may forfeit the remainder of its games.

What effect this would have on the other clubs is doubtful. The Superior team is badly disorganized, only two of the original members of the nine being left.

Crookston presents a greatly altered appearance, and Fargo has scarcely any of the original players left. Duluth is the only team that remains in any way intact, and the White Stockings are playing just as good ball at the present time as they have at any time during the season.

Winnipeg is the only city in the league that is drawing crowds large enough to pay the guaranty money. Sixty-eight persons paid admission at Superior on Monday and seventy-one yesterday, while the "crowds" in Grand Forks have been scarcely large enough to pay for the balls used. In Winnipeg the team has been drawing from 300 to 1000 people for every game and the club has lost little if any money. Had the team been a winning one, or even a first division nine, there is little doubt but that the club would have more than cleared expenses. The unfortunate start discouraged the fans in the Canadian city, and they have just started going again since the team has taken its brace.

The Duluth team is badly in the hole at present, in spite of good crowds on Saturday and Sunday, but several of the players will probably be drafted at the end of the season by the major leagues, and this may assist in pulling the club out of debt. One of the managers of the Three-I league was in the city yesterday negotiating for the purchase of Randall, but he was not willing to pay the Duluth clubs' price, and was amazed at the salaries the Duluth players are drawing. He stated that few if any of the men in the Three-I league draw over $125 per month, while many were getting as low as $75. The Duluth team as constituted two weeks ago had three men on the pay roll for $200 a month apiece.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

G. S. Gilbertson, who is wanted in Minneapolis, for the alleged embezzlement of $11,000 from the firm of A. Booth & Co., was arrested at Chicago Tuesday, and is being held awaiting orders from the Minnesota authorities. Gilbertson, who was employed as a cashier by the fish company, has confessed to the embezzlement, according to the police.

The interlocutory decree of divorce obtained by Lillian Nordica Doehme, the prima donna from Zoitan Doehme was made final Tuesday by Justice Scott in the supreme court. Counsel for Doehme announced that he would take an appeal from this ruling.

A conference between a committee representing the National Millers' federation and the grain committee of the Trunk Line association, together with several Southern railroad officials was held at New York Tuesday. The millers asked that the rates on grain be raised to a parity with those on flour.

The Democratic congressional convention organized at Oklahoma City, Tuesday, adopted resolutions endorsing Parker, Davis and Bryan and appointed a committee to confer with the Populists with a view to fusion.

A receiver was asked for the Kansas City & Topeka Electric company by the Kansas City Trust company. The Bracey-Howard company also has a claim against the company. The charge is made that the company's affairs are in bad condition.

The Lincoln-Manhattan (Kas.) division of the Union Pacific road was tied up for many hours Tuesday by two mishaps. The first was a collapsed bridge caused by a freshet at Yutan and later a passenger train was derailed south of Beatrice, Neb., blocking traffic six hours. None of the passengers or trainmen were injured.

FATAL ACCIDENT

To a Sawmill Worker at Virginia Mill.

Virginia, Minn., July 27.—Carl Lindberg, employed at the Ash sawmill for the past year in the capacity of loader at the log pier near the mill, was almost instantly killed yesterday while at work. The Matheson ambulance was called and he had hardly reached Lenon's hospital when he expired. He was a member of the Modern Woodmen for only a month, and this order will have charge of the funeral.

A MINER KILLED.

Blown to Pieces By Dynamite at Clark Mine.

Hibbing, Minn., July 27.—Peter Magheritz, an Austrian, thirty-six years of age, was blown to fragments with giant powder at the Clark mine. He and a companion were working in an underground drift, and Maghoritz was making ready to fire a hole when there came a terrific explosion and fragments of the man's body were scattered along the ground a distance of one hundred feet. John Wales, Maghoritz's partner, was in the closed end of the drift at the time of the explosion, and though receiving a violent shock, realized that to remain in the drift would be certain death from gas. He started for the entrance and succeeded in making good his escape.

Maghoritz has a wife and child in Austria. The cause of the explosion is unknown.

THE STAGE.

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Elliott-Courtenay company in "Dr. Jeykll and Mr. Hyde."

DR. JEKYLL AND MR. HYDE.

Elliott & Courtenay's production of Richard Mansfield's great success "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde" at the Lyceum theater is a fine presentation. Mr. Cotton's characterization of the duel role of Jekyll and Hyde is decidedly the ablest work he has done. The other characters are played with skill and conscientiously. "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde" runs until Friday night with a Wednesday matinee. The biograph with new pictures remains. Saturday the Elliott-Courtenay company will go to Superior and to Hibbing Sunday.

FREIGHT COLLISION.

Engines Crippled and Twelve Cars a Total Loss.

Park Rapids, Minn., July 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Two freights collided at Eagle bend on the Great Northern Monday. Both engines are seriously crippled and twelve cars are a total loss.

The Sioux Indians and the Park Rapids nine met at the fair grounds Monday. The score was 7 to 14 in favor of the Sioux.

WILL STOP ALL RACE GAMBLING NEAR CHICAGO.

Chicago, July 27.—After indicting twenty-four bookmakers yesterday afternoon, the grand jury ordered Sheriff Barrett to take immediate steps to stop all gambling at the race tracks in Cook county. Before leaving the jury room Sheriff Barrett promised the jurors that he would comply with their request in every detail. If the orders of the grand jury are carried out it means the aboslute suppression of any bookmaking or gambling whatever at Harlem, Hawthorne and Worth race tracks. With the ban against betting, it is believed the tracks will be compelled to close their gates as was the case in Washington park when Mayor Carter Harrison prohibited all forms of betting at the South Side track in June. The notification to Sheriff Barrett to put a stop to all forms of betting on the race tracks under his jurisdiction came too late for him to take any action yesterday afternoon, but the sheriff said that the crusade against the bookmakers would begin at once at Hawthorne. Among the bookmakers who were indicted yesterday are: Fred Cook, owner of English Lad, Steve L'Hommodieu; Marcus Cartright, B. J. Weler, Barney Schrieber and William Applegate.

STANLEY DILLON WINS GREAT RACE AT DETROIT.

Detroit, July 27.—Before 12,000 people at the Grosse Pointe track, yesterday afternoon, Stanley Dillon, owned by J. P. Brown, of Deroit, and driven by Ed. Geers, won in three straight heats the classic Merchants and Manufactures' stake for 2:24 class trotters. Stanley Dillon was not driven out in any heat. It was a popular victory both because of the local ownership of the race horse and because Driver Geers was behind the horse and both horse and driver were given an ovation as Dillon finished more than a length ahead in the third and final heat. Driver Geers was presented with a floral sulky when he returned to the judges' stand after the third heat.

Stanley Dillon was the favorite for the big stake, being $20C in the morning pools with Miss Gay at $105 and the rest of the field being held at $15. In the later pools Dillon sold for $100 with the field at $130.

Black Hal was the favorite for the 2:13 pace, but after winning the first heat lost the race to Bub Oreil. Black Hal tired in the stretch in the second heat and the race in the stretch between Bub Oreil and Hazel Patch in this heat, made the finest finish of the day's racing.

FIVE MEN RESPONSIBLE.

Chicago, July 27.—Five men were declared by the coroner's jury to be criminally responsible for the railway disaster at Glenwood, Ill., July 13, in which eighteen persons were killed and many injured. This verdict holds to the grand jury the train dispatcher and the entire train crew that blocked the track and caused the wreck. Four of the accused have already been arrested, while the fifth, the engineer, is a fugitive. The finding also censors the Chicago Eastern Illinois for using antiquated coaches and for working its employes beyond their endurance.

Announcement.

On and after July 18th, Edison standard size, gold moulded records will be sold at 35c each. Edison phonographs and supplies for all talking machines.
B. F. HATHAWAY, Agent.
202 Alworth Building.

WHY LEAVE TOWN IN SUMMER?

Park Point is an ideal summer resort. Cars now run to

Oatka Grove

Tables, pure cold water from fountain furnished free to picnic parties. Lake and Bay beaches.

ATTRACTIONS
OATKA BEACH:

Best Sunday Afternoon Band Concerts.
Dancing in Auditorium Every Evening.
Free String Orchestra Every Afternoon.
Bring your children—let them play in the sand and make them strong.

THE GARBAGE QUESTION SOLVED

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ROOSEVELT'S ACCEPTANCE.

When one has been in a position to observe the inside workings of practical politics and has had opportunity to learn that the real object of the average politician is to secure office for the salary, the honor, the power or the opportunities for graft ing thereto attached, it creates a feeling of exasperation at times when he reads the high-flown language of some political orator as he gives the reasons why this man or that man should be voted into office, this party or that party should be retained in power.

There are few men who seek office out of any regard for the rights and welfare of the public, and if anything is gained for the people as a result of their holding office it is because of a desire to retain office and the fear to oppose the people's interests too far. Granted that the majority of office-seekers and office holders are honest men, their chief consideration is themselves, not others.

Of course, there are a few high-minded, patriotic and incorruptible men in every age who devote their efforts toward the promotion of just and righteous government. President Roosevelt has been generally looked upon as belonging to this class. His errors, and he has made several, are supposed to be errors of the head, due to his impetuous nature, and not of the heart. He may deserve this classification. He certainly has many admirable qualities that have endeared him to members of all parties.

But it must be confessed that a reading of his speech of acceptance gives one an impression that after all he is only a crafty politician seeking election to the office of president and that he stands ready not only to commend and defend everything that has ever been done either by himself or his party or that ever will be done, and to condemn as freely any and everything accomplished or proposed by the Democrats. It sounds foolish and it is hypocritical.

Such a document may have been expected of him by his party, but how much more honest it would have sounded if he had said something like this, after thanking the committee in suitable words for their notification: "Gentlemen, I wish to say to you and to the people of the United States, that I shall be pleased to serve you as your president during the next four years if you so desire. Neither the record of the Republican party nor my own as chief executive may have been perfect, and were probably far from it, but it is my belief that the party principles are better for the public welfare than those of our opponents and if the people think likewise we shall be pleased to receive a vote of confidence and to continue in the public service."

Instead of that he goes on with a long rigmarole in which he endeavors to show that everything the Democratic party ever did or proposed was wrong and everything the Republican party ever did was right, and in so doing only exposes both himself and his party to the ridicule and contempt of thinking men and intelligent citizens.

Dealing with his address of acceptance specifically, it is found that President Roosevelt charges the Democratic party with seeking the confidence of the people on the ground, which some express and some seek to have confidently understood, that if triumphant "they may be trusted to prove false to every principle which in the last eight years they have laid down as vital."

This charge may be true as to some Democrats as to certain principles. Another way to say it would be that the Democratic party has acknowledged that it was partly in error as to some things thought vital eight years ago. But if the Democratic party can be properly charged with changing its creed to meet changed conditions and times, surely the Republican party is at least equally open to that charge, if not more so.

Remembering that in the campaign of 1896 the Republican leaders, including President McKinley, acknowledged that bimetallism was right, but could only be restored by international agreement and that previous Republican platforms always declared in favor of bimetallism, it come with ill grace from President Roosevelt at this time to say: "We know our own minds. * * * Our policy is continuous and is the same for all sections and localities."

Speaking of the trusts, the president claims that the laws have been enforced. Where? As to the merger? What good came of it? Would the law in this case have been enforced if the president had not been forced into it? Hundreds of trust magnates have violated the Sherman anti-trust law. Have any of them been sent to jail? Have any of them even been brought to trial?

Wages are higher than ever before, he says. So are provisions. "And wages are not comparatively as high as living. Thousands of men engaged in piling up millions for the meat trust have reached the conclusion that their wages are not high enough to meet the increased cost of living. There are millions others in the same fix. Why does not the president tell the whole truth? Why does he not say that the trusts are taking more than their share?

It is the old story about the tariff—leave the adjustment to its friends. He knows the tariff is too high in hundreds of cases. Why does he not say that it should be and will be reduced?

His talk in regard to capital and labor and their rights is all right. But he does not perform as he talks. Why does he not protect the miners of Colorado in their rights?

Speaking of the Philippines the usual claim is made that to withdraw our government at this time would "mean to the average native the loss of his barely-won civil freedom." The same claim was made as to the Cubans before they were granted their independence. And yet they have proved the prediction untrue. The Filipinos would no doubt do likewise. What is it our business, anyway? Who made this nation responsible for the Filipino? The truth is that the Republican party made a mistake in taking the Philippines in the first place. They are a source of big expense and no profit. The party leaders are preparing to get rid of them. They know they have made an error, but they have not the manhood to acknowledge it. They are already shifting their policy. In time the party may be expected to declare for Filipino independence. And if President Roosevelt happens to be spokesman of the party at that time he may be expected to say that it was always the purpose of the party to grant the Filipinos independence.

BE EASY, GENTLEMEN.

Duluth's financial affairs are now in good condition. Although the city has a large debt it is able to take care of it. The city itself is growing rapidly and will continue to grow. But while all these things are true, it is well not to be too fast about making public improvements. Time should be taken to consider thoroughly before improvements are undertaken.

The expenditure of $100,000 on a bridge across the canal is about to be made. While this matter was voted upon and authorized by the people, there is still a doubt in the minds of many conservative men whether the expenditure of this big sum for this purpose is warranted by present conditions. The people have just voted bonds to the amount of $125,000 for the building of new school houses. While this expenditure is necessary and unavoidable it adds to the sum total of the public indebtedness, and as there are many other expensive improvements under way it would seem to be about time for the city authorities to take a look around them and note whither they are drifting.

It is now proposed to assist in purchasing and pay for the maintenance of an expensive fire tug. The recent disastrous dock fire has resulted in a demand for this tug from certain quarters, but it is doubtful if the city would be justified at this time in making such an expenditure. The council might better devote some time to the creation of an ordinance which would prevent the erection of fire traps on the docks. The warehouse recently burned was a regular tinder box. If the railroads and other dock owners desire to build cheap and inflammable buildings they ought not to ask the city to go to extraordinary expense to protect them. It is doubtful if a fire tug would have saved a single dollar's worth of property at the recent fire. Practically the entire building was in flames before the fire was discovered.

While considering these matters, The Herald again desires to warn the city authorities against making too great haste in the matter of street improvements. On account of Duluth's location the improvement of streets is always an expensive matter and under the old system many thousands of dollars were expended in street improvements that were entirely unnecessary. There was a willful waste of money. What is there to prevent a recurrence of such conditions if the council is again given unlimited authority? The proposal for a unanimous vote is no guarantee against injustice, for experience has demonstrated that not sixteen men would decide on the merits of the case, but one man would be the dictator in practically every instance.

Under the present system street improvements will generally be made as rapidly as conditions warrant the expense. It is not fair to give the council authority to confiscate property.

The people and their servants should not forget the lesson furnished by Duluth's past experience.

THE COMING OF TAGGART.

Individual merit and worth has won for Thomas Taggart of Indiana the chairmanship of the Democratic national committee and he will direct the campaign for the nominees on the national ticket. This is not only an acknowledgement of ability, but it is a compliment to the West.

Thomas Taggart has made his own way in the busines world and has made that way successful. In politics, too, he has been a winner. He was twice county auditor of Marion county, twice mayor of Indianapolis, chairman of the Democratic state committee and a member of the national committee. It was largely owing to his efforts that Indiana was carried strongly in favor of Judge Parker. The ability he displayed in that contest no doubt had much to do with his final selection as national chairman.

Thomas Taggart is a splendid type of the hustling, energetic Western business man. He is a worker and a fighter, and his capacity for work grows with his advancing years. He does not stand in the background and motion for things to come to him. He goes after them.

The Herald has believed from the start, in agreement with a majority of the national committee, that he would make the most efficient chairman of any whose names had been mentioned and there is reason to believe that if the Democratic nominees for president and vice president are defeated this year it will not be on account of any lack of executive ability or business qualifications in the chairman of the national committee.

THE FIELD SURVEY

If it should turn out to be a fact that trusts were actually fighting Roosevelt a number of Republican organs would suddenly discover that there are few good trusts.

* * *

The recent trouble at Bonesteel, S. D., was a result of the game of graft. The village authorities sold privileges to gamblers, thugs and criminals and then when the latter became too persistent tried to run them out of town. The result was that they turned upon the officers.

* * *

Senator Davis is indignant over the report that he is about to wed and denies it with emphasis. He should not get excited. The probabilities are that worse lies than that will be circulated about him before the campaign is over.

* * *

The president's letter of acceptance is a political stump speech, and as usual in stump speeches but very little attention is paid to actual facts.

* * *

Rider Haggard must be getting ready to publish a new book. He has discovered some new mysteries of the human mind, claiming that his was able to receive impressions from the mind of an absent dog.

TALKS WITH THE STATE PRESS.

John A. Hoffbauer, an enterprising citizen of Brainerd, after freeing his mind through the local press as to the apparent indifference of citizens of his town as to many good things that are being passed around, concludes as follows:

> I would not have written as much as this had it not been for the statement that Ringling Bros.' representative was here looking for ground on which to pitch his circus tents and couldn't find any. Think of it! Citizens and citizenesses, the poor man went away because he couldn't find any ground in Brainerd. The advance agent left town and Wadena got the show, the advertising, the cheap railroad rates and, mark you, the inevitable crowd from Brainerd.

Did anybody say that Duluth ought to raise its circus license to $1000?

* * *

"John Saari, of Sparta, who is a candidate for the legislature in opposition to Editor P. E. Dowling of the Eveleth Star, has announced that he will file. Dowling is said to be working like a beaver for support though he is said to freely assert that he is uncertain whether he will make the race." Words taken from The Duluth Evening Herald of Saturday. We wonder how many candidates The Herald expects to place in the field for the defeat of Dowling. Every candidate whose name has in any way been mentioned for legislative honors from this Forty-ninth legislative district, is mentioned by The Herald as out to oppose the candidacy of P. E. Dowling. Two from West Duluth and three from the ranges have been mentioned by The Herald and in every case each candidate was out to beat Dowling. Surely it will not take as many candidates to defeat our election as The Herald suggests from time to time, or is it the field against Dowling? We were under the impression that there were two members to be elected from this district and if that be true why is it that every one who signifies his intention should be quoted by The Herald as out to oppose the writer? Then again The Herald asserts that we are working "like a beaver for support." The fact is, that we have not entered the campaign at all as yet, nor do we intend to until the proper time comes. But we believe it is rather unfair for The Herald to continuously harp upon our candidacy as it has done for the past several months. When the proper time comes we will be in the field and if the voters of this district want us to go back to the legislature for the coming session, we will be pleased to serve them. If they determine that others can better serve them, we will accept their choice with good grace.

Anything that The Herald has said regarding this legislative district has come to its political writer as a matter of news. There was no intention to boom any candidacy or detract from Mr. Dowling's, should he decide to enter the field. In fact The Herald's interest in the matter is only that of an impartial journal which desires to give the news as it hears it. Having been a member of the legislature from this district, it is perhaps but natural that Mr. Dowling should be most frequently mentioned in connection with new candidates. Judged by his record in the last legislature there is not, as far as this paper is able to learn, any reason why he should not be re-elected should he again desire the office.

* * *

Editor Eddy doesn't like the word "labor," but prefers the word "work." That is where his political predilictions crop out.

* * *

After endorsing an article on municipal ownership recently appearing in these columns, the Anoka Herald says:

> Municipal ownership as a weapon to defeat the capacity of the deadly trust is good and efficient. But it should never be used to defraud the private enterprises of the individual who is dealing fairly and carrying his full share of the taxes and other public expenses.

* * *

The Virginian advises Editor Field, of Ashawa, to sharpen up his pencil and get busy sounding the praises of the Little Fork valley. Among other complimentary things the Virginian says:

> It is said to be the garden spot of the state. Farmers are settling there very rapidly, and the country is being developed in a painstaking manner. Many Virginians own land near Ashawa, and feel satisfied that in the near future the whole Little Fork country will be one of the most prosperous farming districts in the state.

The Herald has long believed that all the country papers of Northern Minnesota should devote more attention to publishing the facts and sounding the praises of the agricultural lands of this section. It would pay them much better in the end than constant discussion of political matters.

* * *

Confirming The Herald's opinion that Crookston would gain some valuable although expensive knowledge as a result of entertaining a summer carnival circus, is the following from Thirteen Towns, of Fosston:

> From accounts given out by those from here who have been attending the carnival at Crookston this week, there is considerable of the "fake" order in the widely advertised Mundy shows. Visitors cannot make a turn without it costing them a special fee and to see the whole affair costs upward of two "plunks"—and then there is nothing in the entire aggregation to bring about hysterical joy, nor anything approaching it. There is a strong suspicion that Crookston has been buncoed by the Mundys.

IF YOU DO NOT KNOW, YOU OUGHT TO KNOW:

That the hop vine is being ruined by a peculiar insect called the aphis, a self-propagating plant louse. There are males and females, but the insects of either sex can be isolated and yet continue propagating alone, the product of a single aphis reaching a decillion—34 figures—in less than a year, or ten generations! Six generations of the little pest would outweigh an elephant. The ants make use of them as their milch cows. They take care of them, protect them, herd them, and milk them with the greatest care, and apparently to the profit of both parties.

HOTEL GOSSIP

Annual passes are usually hard to get. They are usually about as elusive as a man's intentions when he wishes to do something wicked and his conscience forbids. It is generally as hard for the man without a drag, or a pull or some other kind of undue influence, to get hold of an annual pass as it is for a child to catch Santa Claus by sleeping at the foot of the chimney all night. The getting of it is as difficult as it frequently is for the hotel landlord to convince the guest that he has the best room is the house for the least money.

The nearest some people ever get to having an annual pass is to sit in the next seat in the car and see the neighboring passenger hold out the card which the conductor looks at and then does not reach his punch out after. Many people are of the opinion that outside of railroad men the only people who possess annual passes are the political pushers, who never pay for anything except the drinks, and seldom these.

But with the coming to town yesterday of Willis Ames the order of things shows a tendency to change, for Mr. Ames gives away annual passes like some people do advice, with a lavish hand. Mr. Ames does not claim any great deeds for himself, although he is one of the most prodigal of benefactors.

In fact so far as Mr. Ames is personally concerned, he is a short, rather slender man, wearing a light mustache and glasses, and of modest mein. But he most certainly is liberal with the annual passes and during a few hours' pause inn the Zenith City it is safe to assume that he gave away several dozen annual passes. They were good on the "S. H. of the W. R. R." which is located in Seattle.

The initials mean "Scenic Hotel of the World Railroad," which is operated by the Washington hotel at Seattle, which Mr. Ames represents. He also travels in the interest of the Kenyon hotel at Salt Lake City, Utah, and as a traveling passenger agent is well known through both the east and west.

The annual passes which Mr. Ames carries are not only good on the ordinary trains of the line he represents, but as well on the Washington limited, so that it would be a hard matter for any one with a tendency to look a gift horse in the bicuspids to criticise the annual which Mr. Ames gives as there is no string whatever to the gift. All one has to do to avail themselves of the privilege offered is to go to Seattle and get on the line and stay on all day if one pleases.

The line is an electric line one block long and is a connecting link between the hotel and the main line of the street railway system. It is controlled and operated by the hotel people and the rolling stock is said to consist of the finest palace trolley cars to be found in any regular daily service.

There was just one man that Mr. Ames found to whom he gave a pass who is inclined to be farreaching and desirous of getting all he can without money and without price. He is a railroad man on superior street. Mr. Ames on meeting and shaking hands with him announced that he would like to give him an annual pass and the railroad man replied that he would be delighted.

Mr. Ames reached into a large sack, bushel size, which he carries, and drew forth a fistful of annuals. He picked out the smoothest looking one of the bunch and extracting a fountain pen from a niche over his heart proceeded to fill in a blank space on the annual with the name of the railroad man. Then he handed it to him.

The recipient scanned it carefully and then crocheted the hair which protected his eyes.

"I suppose, Mr. Ames," he asked slowly and in frigid tones, "your company issues transfers on these passes?"

Mr. Ames was suddenly overtaken with a giddiness and fell against the counter, where he rested for a moment. He then started for the open air and could be heard murmuring, as he tottered forward.

"And loin steaks at 32 cents a pound wholesale."

• • •

Among the passengers who came to Duluth on the steamer North West last night were Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Perry, of Chicago, and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Perry, of Denver. Mr. Perry, who is in the cigar business in Chicago, says the trip up was one of the most delightful he has ever experienced.

"We had fine weather and everything in our favor on the way from Chicago," said he. "There was a large passenger list on the North Land, on which we left home, about 250 people, the majority of whom were bound for Buffalo and points East. We changed boats at Mackinac. This is my first visit to Duluth, which I have no doubt will prove very enjoyable."

Mr. and Mrs. Perry and Mr. and Mrs. Ruter are at the Spalding.

• • •

Mrs. Robert Waldron, of Minneapolis, is at the McKay.

• • •

Mrs. W. B. Holman, of Grand Rapids, and Miss W. Y. Falls, of Park River, S. D., are registered at the McKay.

• • •

Charles J. Johnson and C. H. Carhart, well known Grand Marais citizens, are guests at the St. Louis.

• • •

Mrs. William Wearne, of Hibbing, and Miss Amy Wearne, of Calumet, are Spalding arrivals.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Thomas, of St. Cloud, are McKay guests.

• • •

Mrs. M. C. Palmer, of Virginia, is registered at the St. Louis.

• • •

Mrs. G. C. Stillwell, of Faribault, is a guest at the McKay.

• • •

At the McKay Mr. and Mrs. E. Hickley, of Minneapolis, are arrivals.

• • •

At the Spalding: Mr. and Mrs. W. Williams and child, Miss D. Schafer, Saginaw; C. H. Sims, Mrs. Charles H. Hood, Miss Leslie, Miss S. E. Holmes, P. H. Stock, Max P. Smith, Sam Johnston, James N. Markin, Byron K. Cowles, Jr., Robert L. Bruen, W. H. Sherman, Mr. and Mrs. P. D. McMillan, Margaret McMillan, C. J. Rockwood, J. F. Lahart, Minneapolis; J. K. Ogden, George W. Freeman, C. W. Taylor, B. F. Bjornsted, Mrs. Scott, C. B. Mayberg, H. S. Joslyn, Terry Naughton, St. Paul; E. F. Braxt, Hibbing; B. F. Ashelman, Fargo; R. E. Fayelle, Red Lake; C. E. Jackson, St. Cloud; W. D. Calverly, Houghton; Percy Grace, Lebourne; Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Ruhl, Houghton.

• • •

At the St. Louis: S. C. Scott, Sandstone; C. F. Moulton, Ashland; F. A. Hart, Sanborn; John M. Kay, Grand Marais; Miss E. J. Barke, Solon Springs; O. T. Batchellor, Brainerd; W. M. Campbell, Jr., D. J. Henry, M. F. Boehning, A. H. Painode, J. L. Hart, Minneapolis; G. W. Barnard, Solon Springs; E. C. Nelly, H. C. Sachiser, Thomas Sullivan, A. H. Anderson, St. Paul; J. Jerome, Battle River; John Finn, Two Harbors; A. J. Kresean, Crystall Falls; John Bentner, Proctor; W. J. Cowan, Hibbing; Frank Benoit, Crookston; C. F. Moulton, Ashland.

• • •

At the McKay: R. N. Beard, Omaha; D. H. Kimball, the Misses Mackay, E. L. Crinham, E. M. Parish, Sam Spindler, E. H. Payte, St. Paul; G. W. Cleveland, Omaha; V. C. Wass, F. M. Storer, Ole Wek, S. R. Peltier, Centerville, S. D.; John S. Fowlds, Solway; Mrs. Thomas Beggs, Miss Catherine Beggs, Mrs. J. McNulty, Miss Annie McNulty, Chicago; Peter S. Walter, Lester McMillan, Minneapolis; A. O., E. J. and E. H. Hendland, Fargo, N. D.; M. J. Corcoran, Stillwater; Frank B. Stevens, Henry A. Stenger, Parker, S. D.; Joseph J. Wittner, Jr., Parker, Turner county, S. D.; Philip Beckmisen, Naperville, Ill.; E. D. Thompson, Parker; A. M. McIntosh, Grand Rapids.

Glimpses Into Mythology.

Milwaukee Sentinel: The sailors of Ulysses had opened the reat bags of wind and started the tempest.

"What a bully breeze!" exclaimed the famous wanderer. "One would think we had Bill Bryan aboard!"

Pluto was eloping with Proserpina.

"After all," she reflected, "it won't be so bad if I get my photo in all the Hearst papers."

TWENTY YEARS AGO IN DULUTH

Taken From the Columns of The Herald of This Date, 1884.

***Ed. Mundy, of Greenwood & Co., has gone to New York to be absent ten days.

***Mr. Winterfield, of the firm of Winterfield & Silberstein, leaves today for a visit in Wisconsin.

***Mrs. Dean, from Nebraska, daughter of A. H. Foster, and Miss Ella E. Dean, teacher from Hancock, Mich., are again visiting and enjoying the benefits of Lake Superior at Duluth with Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Foster.

***Col. Waite, of Lena, Ill., is here visiting D. G. Cash.

***Malcolm Chisholm and Peter Collins have been appointed to the police force.

***H. Clay Pierce, F. J. Bowman and Oliver Hart, of St. Louis, and Robert E. Carr, have purchased the lands a mile wide along the Brule river for a distance of fifteen miles.

***Miss Bele Hamilton left for an extended visit among friends in the copper country.

***John Caverly, who ran the first train into Duluth and who has been absent for some time in Canada, has returned and is receiving a cordial welcome from his old friends.

***Matt Haug, the genial billiard hall man, has returned home from St. Paul.

***A. L. McGregor left on the United Empire for a two months' visit in Canada.

***Will Hicken, E. Beckman, H. B. Hill and daughter and Thomas Vigers and wife, left to visit their claims on the north shore.

***D. McLean, son of John McLean, left on the United Empire for Canada, where he will stay all winter.

***Capt. Brower, of the Barker, was in the city from Bayfield.

***The firm of Campbell & Sheridan, of the Wakelin house, was dissolved, Campbell retiring.

***Thirty-four head of cattle arrived today from the Marquis de Mores' ranch, and the work of slaughtering will commence tomorrow.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), July 27.—Showers fell over the Mississippi valley, western lake region and New England states. It is warmer in the extreme Northwest, but moderate temperatures are the rule. The weather in the lake region is partly cloudy, with fresh southerly and westerly winds. The barometer is low over Lake Superior and high from the Dakotas westward.

Following were the maximum temperatures recorded during the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	90	Miles City	86
Atlanta	82	Milwaukee	78
Battleford	70	Minnedosa	90
Bismarck	76	Modena	92
Boston	84	Montgomery	88
Buffalo	74	Moorhead	74
Calgary	78	New Orleans	90
Charleston	82	New York	80
Chicago	78	Norfolk	80
Cincinnati	86	Northfield	80
Davenport	82	North Platte	86
Denver	86	Oklahoma	92
Detroit	80	Omaha	82
Dodge City	88	Phoenix	96
Duluth	76	Pittsburg	80
Edmonton	76	Port Arthur	76
El Paso	74	Portland	74
Escanaba	72	Prince Albert	64
Galveston	82	Qu'Appelle	70
Green Bay	78	Rapid City	80
Havre	84	San Francisco	68
Helena	78	Santa Fe	90
Houghton	76	Shreveport	90
Huron	82	Spokane	96
Jacksonville	90	St. Louis	76
Kamloops	96	St. Paul	76
Kansas City	80	St. Ste. Marie	72
Knoxville	82	Swift Current	76
La Crosse	84	Washington	80
Lander	84	Williston	84
Los Angeles	86	Winnemucca	92
Marquette	80	Winnipeg	68
Memphis	84		

Forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Thursday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Partly cloudy tonight and Thursday; fresh northerly to easterly winds.

H. W. RICHTRDSON,
Local forecaster.

Chicago, July 27.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Thursday: Wisconsin and Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Thursday.

The Dakotas—Partly cloudy tonight and Thursday; rising temperature.

Upper Lakes—Fresh southwest to west winds; partly cloudy tonight and Thursday.

LINES TO A LAUGH.

New Orleans Times-Democrat: "You know Jones, who was reputed so rich? Well, he died the other day, and the only thing he left was an old Dutch clock."

"Well, there's one good thing about it: it won't be much trouble to wind up his estate."

New Yorker: Mac—Fancy meeting you out in all this rain.

Ducksie—Oh, I like it.

Mac—Then you must be a raindear.

Ducksie—If I am you must be a rainbeau.

Altantic Constitution: "Brown lives on the royalties of his books, doesn't he?"

"Yes; soup three times a week and a toothpick on Sunday."

Cincinnati Enquirer: "I want a loaf of bread," said the lady as she entered the bakery, "and I want it nice and light."

"Yes'm," replied the new boy, who was anxious to please, "we have some nice pound loaves that weigh only seven ounces."

Yonkers Statesman: Dearborn—When did you marry your last wife?

Wabash—Oh, I hope I haven't married my last wife yet!

Town Topics: Young Nick—Say, pop, what is "the palladium of our liberties?"

Old Nick—The statute of limitations, my boy.

Detroit Free Press: "Is Jenks one of the early settlers?"

"No. He has owed me $10 for as many years."

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Fergus Globe: The butchers and meat packers who were working for the meat trust went on a strike. The labor trust defied the meat trust so vigorously that the meat trust agreed to arbitrate the matter with the labor trust, and the members of the labor trust went to work again for the members of the meat trust. The cost of the fun between those trusts is charged up to the stock raisers and the meat eaters. And as that is the way the stock raisers and the meat eaters want it, why should not the packing trust and the labor trust be allowed to do as they like?

Hinckley Enterprise: Minnesota scores again at the St. Louis fair. The honors for berries belong to Minnesota. A. McComber, of Duluth, had forty-eight plates on exhibition that scored 98 points out of a possible 100. They were Crescents and Seedlings and were judged on size, color and flavor. Some of the largest were six and one-quarter inches in circumference and contour. In addition to the above points the Minnesota berries surpass all other berries in keeping qualities. This state made the finest, largest and most complete display of small fruits of any state in the Horticultural Hall. Minnesota small fruits possess the best keeping qualities of any grown in the country. In fact, no state, not even Missouri, could compete with Minnesota because they were not able to keep their berries in good condition. We are in the berry belt and don't you forget it. Berry raisers who let their heads work along with their hands will get to the front.

Wykoff Messenger: Previous to the convention the Dunn papers accused Gov. Van Sant of neglect for not going after the "merger" of the Rockefeller iron railroads. We suppose now that Governor Dunn will proceed against the iron roads merger as one of his first official acts.

Norman County Herald: The Minnesota woods are chuck full of good timber for the Democratic ticket this year. Up here in the Red River Valley there are two men who are deserving of recognition. They are P. M. Ringdal, Crookston, and J. L. Townly, of Fergus Falls. Ringdal is receiving favorable mention for railroad and warehouse commissioner and Townly for congress. Both are good men and would add strength to the ticket.

Virginia Enterprise: James W. Falk, of Eveleth, formerly of this city, illes for the Republican nomination for sheriff. And while Jim has never been known as a political race horse it is predicted that he can go some.

Winona Republican and Herald: Judge Parker has received a telegram from Muscogee, announcing that "the Indian Territory is on fire with an unconquerable Democratic zeal." What's Tams Bixby doing that such a conflagration should break out in his domain? But then Indian Territory has no electoral votes.

PEACE OR WAR.

Advocate of Peace, Boston: In his speech at Chicago nominating Theodore Roosevelt as Republican candidate for the presidency, ex-Governor Black of New York, indulged in the following glorification of war:

"The fate of nations is still decided by their wars. You may talk of orderly tribunals and learned referees; you may sing in your schools the gentle praises of the quiet life; you may strike from your books the last note of every martial anthem, and yet out in the smoke and thunder will always be the tramp of horses and the silent, rigid, upturned face. Men may prophesy and women pray, but peace will come here to abide forever on this earth only when the dreams of childhood are the accepted charts to guide the destinies of men. Events are numberless and mighty, and no man can tell which wire runs around the world. The nation basking today in the quiet of contentment and repose may still be on the deadly circuit and tomorrow writhing in the toils of war."

That is as astonishing an utterance as has been heard in this country in recent years. The flash and roar of the rhetoric of the passage are so overwhelmingly that it is difficult to retain one's senses enough to perceive the meaning. But stripped of its rhetorical embellishments, the naked significance of it is: Nothing but war is supremely great. It is the final arbiter of the fate of nations. It is eternal. The horrible scenes of the battle field, ghastly upturned faces and the mad charging of war horses, "will always be." Orderly tribunals of arbitration, like that at The Hague, with their learned judges, are poor sticks for a nation to lean upon. Education of school children for peace is nonsense. The prophecies of men of heart and the prayers for peace of saintly women whose lives have been blasted by war are stupid and powerless. Dreams of universal peace are as baseless and unrealizable as the silly fancies which come and go in a child's brain. The most fruitful and glorious thing a nation ever does is to wriggle and writhe on the deadly wire of war. And such amazing stuff as this is uttered on the eve of the great campaign for the election of the president of this great nation of 80,000,000 of intelligent people whom peace has made prosperous and mighty! If the president is to be his own issue, his own platform, as is said, he may well pray to be delivered from the necessity of carrying this plank about with him.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: A woman is awful smart to be so hot in summer and look so cool.

A man is color blind not to see that a rich girl's hair is not red but blonde.

The devil was awful smart to prefer weeds that will grow without any hoeing and watering.

There is hardly anything more foolish than to talk of putting all your dimes in a home savings bank when your family never leaves you any to put in.

Both Good Christians.

President Roosevelt has been before the public since he attained his majority. Judge Parker reached the bench of the court of appeals early in life. Both have manifested superior ability in every public station to which they have been called. Both are men of pure character. They are Christian gentlemen and active adherents of a Christian church. The weight of their character, reputation and mental qualities has always been on the side promotive of the best good of their fellow men. Mr. Roosevelt is, both by heredity and confession of faith, a member of the Reformed Dutch church. From his youth Mr. Parker, too, has had his training in the same denomination; and in its communion he found the excellent lady who now shares his exalted honors as she has for many years the joys and the cares of his home. Family considerations compelled a change of church relations in recent years.

A Hard Job.

Chicago Record-Herald: "You seem to be perplexed," said the poet's friend.

"I am. I've just been reading a very sober criticism of my poetry and am trying to master the deep meaning which the obliging critic says he finds in my lines."

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM
TONIGHT AND TWO NIGHTS MORE —ELLIOTT-COURTENAY CO., IN
"Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde"
Next week, "The Man From Mexico."
Prices 10c, 25c, 35c and 50c.
SATURDAY matinee and evening, July 30, GORTON'S MINSTRELS (all white). Matinee, all seats 25c; night, 25c, 35c and 50c. Few choice seats at 75c.



GENTRY BROS.' Famous Shows
will exhibit in
Duluth, at 3rd Ave. E. and 1st St.,
2 Wed. Days, Thur. JULY 27-28
Now the largest, grandest and best Animal Circus in the world. More new, unique, novel features and surprises than ever before. Don't fail to see the all new free street parade at 10 a. m., July 27. Will also exhibit in
SUPERIOR, TUESDAY, JULY 26.

The BIG DULUTH
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

The BIG DULUTH
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

SEASON ENDING SUIT WONDER

Choice of 1000 Men's Suits that sold at

$10, $12.50 and $15

FOR

$5.85



It's the final wind-up of all special clothing sales for this season and a remarkable sale owing to the goodness of the qualities and the quantity of fine garments offered. It's a clean-up before opening Fall goods and a proposition which all intelligent clothing buyers should give considerable consideration. Sale begins Thursday.

Men's and Boys' Straw Hats at Exactly Half Price!

$3.00 Hats for $1.50 — $2.00 Hats for $1.00 — $1.00 Hats for 50c
$2.50 Hats for $1.25 — $1.50 Hats for 75c — 50c Hats for 25c

Children's Wash Suits at Exactly Half Price!
Wilson Bros.' $1.50 Negligee Shirts at 75c!
$1, 75c and 50c White Unlaundered Shirts 23c

It is the time to buy for now and future use.

OUTLOOK IS GOOD

Present Conditions Justify Hope For Large Northwestern Crop.

Bumper Crop Predictions Make Little Impression on Grain Men.

With the approach of the harvest season in the Northwestern states there are the usual number of predictions of a bumper crop. These possibly make considerable impression upon the general public, but grain men always receive these opinions with considerable skepticism. A crop that in the middle or latter part of July has every appearance of being a record-breaker will often prove to be very deceptive. Then, too, there are so many conditions that can suddenly develop that affect the yield and quality of grain, that the experienced grain man never lets his hopes rise very high until the grain begins to move to market.

Another thing the grain man knows is that while a number of communities may report brilliant prospects, others not heard from and in less advantageous locations may be quite the reverse, and the average may be only fair.

At the present time, however, the outlook seems to be for a liberal crop in the three Northwestern spring wheat states. There has been an increase in the acreage, and in some sections it is far greater in extent than has been suspected. The crop looks well and is heading out rapidly, the heads generally being reported as large and full. The crop, however, is from ten days to two weeks late, owing to lateness in sowing last spring because of the cold and wet weather, and the character of the weather during the early part of the summer, which was not conducive to rapid growth. Some fear is now entertained that in the northern portions of Minnesota and North Dakota frost may come before the harvest is completed.

The crop reports for North and South Dakota for the week ending Monday are favorable. Taey are as follows:

North Dakota: The past week has been quite favorable for crops of all kinds. Medium showers fell at scattered places in the eastern and southern portions of the state, and also at a few places in the central and western sections, but as a rule, so little fell in the latter that rain is now needed to fill grain. Hailstorms are reported from Grand Forks and Nelson counties, doing only slight damage. The day temperatures have been nearly up to the normal, but the nights have been very cool, and not favorable for rapidly advancing crops.

Wheat is quite uneven in heading; in the eastern and northern sections it is just beginning to head, as a general thing, but in other sections most of it is headed, with good straw, and long heads, and promises a good return. The present cool weather is favorable for filling.

Oats are mostly headed, and prospects are for an excellent crop. Early barley is ripening fast, and some has been cut in the southern part of the state, and is all cut and in the shock in the western part. Millet and other forage crops are doing well.

Flax has made considerable advancement the past week, but the crop is not a satisfactory one in any place. It is in bloom in most sections, but is thin and not up to the average.

Corn is doing well, but has been retarded somewhat by the cool nights lately. In the eastern part of the state it is being cultivated the second time.

Haying is still in progress in nearly all sections. It has been greatly delayed in many parts by the heavy rains of the previous month so filling low lands that it has not been possible to get on them to put up hay.

Rust is appearing in some sections, but no serious reports have been received. Most grain fields are very weedy, and some have already been cut for feed, not being worth harvesting.

Minnesota: Except for a few scattered light showers in southern portions, the week was dry and sunny. The nights were cool after the 18th, but the days were moderately warm. The week was very favorable for securing large clover and timothy hay crops in splendid condition, and haying is well advanced. Rye harvest is well advanced, and some of the crop is stacked. Much of the barley is ripening, and some of the earliest is being cut. Early oats are also being cut in southern portions, and the very small acreage of winter wheat is nearly all in shock. Spring wheat on the northern lowlands has not recovered from the effects of the very heavy rains early in the season, and it is thin, weedy, and generally late; farther south wheat and oats are filling well, and the crops are doing finely. Wheat is heading in the Red River valley region, and it is approaching maturity in southern portions, the grain being in the dough condition. Flax is generally good, but it is somewhat late. Corn has improved very much during the week, and in southern portions it is tasseling, but much of the crop is still late, and will need continued warm weather to ripen before frost.

MELLIN'S FOOD
FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS
TRADE MARK

Fretful babies become calm and peaceful babies when fed on Mellin's Food. Mellin's Food nourishes.

A sample of Mellin's Food costs you nothing but the asking. Will you not then ask for it for your baby's sake?

MELLIN'S FOOD CO., BOSTON, MASS.

UNUSUAL EXPERIENCE.

An Indiana Man Decorates His Own Grave.

Kokomo, Ind., July 26.—A Kokomo man had the unusual experience of decorating has own grave yesterday. Twenty years ago William Philips, part owner of the Kokomo Tribune, disappeared, and was never heard from. Four years ago a man named Philips was killed by the cars in the West and the body brought here and buried.

The corpse was badly mangled, rendering identification difficult, but relatives came hundreds of miles to attend the funeral, among them A. F. Philips, editor of a Salt Lake paper, and Mary Philips, a government clerk at Washington, brother and sister of the Kokomo Philips, who, they supposed, was being buried.

The reappearance of the supposed dead man with a good and sufficient allbi is as pleasing as it is astonishing to the family and friends. Who the strange man is reposing peacefully in the Kokomo man's grave and receiving tearful attention all these years is a mystery. There never has been a claimant for the body.

Mr. Philips was in California at the time the funeral service was being conducted for him here, and knew nothing of the proceedings, nor did he know until his return home this week that he was supposed to be dead.

EXCURSION TONIGHT

Schooley's Young Men's Band will give excursions every Wednesday and Saturday night. Steamer Mabel Bradshaw leaves Singer's dock, foot Lake avenue, 8:30 p. m. Tickets 25 cents.

For "Figger" Fiends.

To the Editor of the Herald:

About a year ago I read an article on the "magic" number 142,857, showing how when it was multiplied by other numbers the same figures occurred in the same order in the results but beginning at different points, except when the result turned out all 9's, etc., etc. The article went on at considerable length.

Note the result of multiplying by numbers 1 to 14 inclusive:

1. 142,857.
2. 285,714.
3. 428,571.
4. 571,428.
5. 714,285.
6. 857,142.
7. 999,999.
8. 1,142,856.
9. 1,285,713.
10. 1,428,570.
11. 1,571,427.
12. 1,714,284.
13. 1,857,141.
14. 1,999,998.

You will note that in the first six the same figures follow in same order beginning at different points and in the seventh the result is all 9s. In the next seven if you add the first figure to the last you have the same thing again. All of this was old to F. F's. when Ceasar paused on the Rubicon to "figger" whether he had better cross it or not.

However, it occurred to me that possibly there are other "magic" numbers and I suggest that you will find the number 2,352,941,176,470,588 to be quite interesting and to resemble number first mentioned in more ways than one. When you are through with it, try 210,526,315,789,473,684, which is also interesting.

All of this may be stale to old members of our noble order of F. F's., but I have never seen anything like it in print.

H. R. SEARING.

Duluth, July 26.

Painkiller
(PERRY DAVIS')
Cures Colic, Cramps, Stomach Complaints. 25c. & 50c. bottles.

TEACHERS TO TRY

Examinations For First and Second Grade Early In August.

Demand For Teachers Steadily Increasing—Schools on Increase.

The next regular examination of teachers for first and second grade certificates will be held in St. Louis county Aug. 1, 2 and 3, next. The examinations will be conducted in the high schools at Duluth, Hibbing, Virginia, Biwabik and Tower.

The school year will very soon open in the country districts and the indications are that there will be a good supply of teachers the coming fall and winter. It is expected that the results of the August examinations, which are usually largely attended will increase the number of teachers available for those districts where higher wages are being offered for the higher certificate teachers. The demand for first and second grade teachers, Superintendent of Schools A. T. Park says, has been steadily increasing in the past few years among the larger districts in St. Louis county and with this demand there has been a tendency toward better wages.

Many applications have been received for schools from teachers residing in other counties and not a few from other states.

Last fall St. Louis county had a larger supply of teachers than it needed while in a number of the other counties in the state there was a shortage. Superintendent Park, at the request of county superintendents elsewhere, was able to place a number of the St. Louis county teachers in schools in other parts of the state.

The field for teachers in the country districts is also steadily widening in this county, there being few meetings of the board of county commissioners when there is not at least one petition either for the division of a district into two, or for the formation of a new district in localities where the county is fast settling up. Several new school districts have been established since the country school year closed in the spring and early summer.

WILL BE DEPORTED.

Insane Finlander Woman Will Be Sent Home.

Hilma Praski, the young Finlander woman who was examined for insanity in probate court yesterday, will be deported by the state board of control as soon as the proper arrangements can be made. The examining physicians claim that she is a degenerate and her condition is incurable. The young woman fears that somebody is pursuing her all the time and on one occasion she attempted suicide. While undergoing examination she attempted to tear her clothing off.

Under the state law a foreigner who has not been in the state a year, long enough to gain a residence, must be sent back to the country from whence he or she came, in case of insanity. The Praski woman was brought over by one of the Cunard line of steamers and the steamship company will have to return her to Finland.

Score Is Disputed.

The Duluth "Fat Men" and the West Duluth "Lean Men" played ball yesterday afternoon at Athletic park and the result was very much in doubt. The "Leans" claimed a victory by the score of 3 to 2, but this score was disputed and the game will probably be played over again.

The feature of the game was Lannigan's two-base hit which brought in two runs in the ninth inning.

Tennis Games.

Play was commenced yesterday afternoon in the class tournament of the Endion Tennis club. Davis met Agatin in class A and had no difficulty in winning out by the score of 6-1 and 6-2. Graff also won out from Eakin in rather easy fashion. Some of the matches in B class will probably be pulled off this afternoon.

The semi-finals in the doubles of the club tournament will be played this week. Davis and Hopkins will meet Finch and Kennedy while Graff and Grady will play Kingston and Bissonnette. Both matches should be productive of some good tennis.

SAID TO BE DULUTH MAN.

Switchman McNulty Killed at Port Arthur.

Port Arthur, Ont., July 27.—A switchman named McNulty in the employ of the Canadian Northern railway and whose home is said to be in Duluth, was instantly killed here yesterday, while uncoupling a train. He had just succeeded in removing the coupling pin when his foot slipped and he fell, the trucks of one car passing over him and almost cutting him in two. Deceased came here a year ago and formerly worked at Superior and was well known among railway men at the head of the lakes.

KILLED BY HORSES.

Young Farmer Run Over and Trampled Upon.

Fergus Falls, July 27.—A message from Rothsay announces the accidental death of Ole Skugrud, whose home was three miles north of that village. He was coming from Pelican Rapids with a load of brick, when his horses took fright and refused to pass some object in the road. He went to their heads to try to lead them, whereupon they knocked him down and ran over him, trampling him to death. He was a young man and unmarried.

MILITARY RULE CALLED OFF AT CRIPPLE CREEK.

Denver, July 27.—Gov. Peabody yesterday issued a proclamation calling off military rule in Teller county and placing the Cripple Creek district in charge of the civil authorities. This action was taken by the governor in the face of opposition from many influential citizens of Cripple Creek who desire to prevent deported union miners from returning to the district. Before issuing his order, however, the governor received assurances from Sheriff Edward Bell that his forces were able to control the situation. Military rule was proclaimed in Teller county on June 8, in consequence of the disorderly acts following the explosion at Independence on June 6, by which many non-union men were killed and injured. Previous to that there had been a large force of soldiers on duty for many months in the Cripple Creek district, but before the explosion occurred these had all been withdrawn. No troops are now under arms anywhere in Colorado and good order prevails in all the mining camps.

The military expenses of the state during the past eighteen months due to strikes are said to aggregate about $1,000,000.

Gray-Tallant Co — Gray-Tallant Co

This store is on the shady side of the street and is cool and comfortable in the heat of the day. Clearing sales in every department offer the best chance of the season to save money, Thursday.

An Opportunity to Get Shirt Waist Suits at extremely low prices tomor'w

Every shirt waist suit in the house in wash materials has been marked down from a third to a half—so low that a full suit goes now at the mere price of a skirt. In fact, a good wrapper would cost you fully as much as some of these suits. This is the way they're reduced now:

Suits sold at $2.00 and $2.50—now 98c.
Suits sold at $3.50 and $4.00—now $2.00.
Suits sold at $5.00 and $6.50—now $3.50.
Suits sold at $8.50 and $10 — now $4.50.

While there may be but one or two suits of a style or of the same materials, you will find every size from 32 to 40, in some of the lots.

A Last Clearance of all Silk and Sicillian Suits.

Cut prices have reduced our silk and Sicilian suits to a mere handful, and those left on hand today receive a still larger cut. The styles and qualities are the best of the season, as we guarded jealously against any inferior materials. If you want a stylish summer suit you cannot afford to pass values like these:

Suits reduced from $30.00 to $15.00.
Suits reduced from $25.00 to $17.50.
Suits reduced from $18.00 to $12.50.
Suits reduced from $15.00 to $10.00.
Suits reduced from $13.50 to $ 9.00.
Two $15.00 Silk Suits (not this season's) at $7.50.

Quick Selling of the Season's Best Silks.

Small wonder that many pieces of fashionable summer silks are shrinking fast to single suit patterns, when the handsomest silks of the season are selling now for very much less than staple prices. Foresighted women are taking advantage of this opportunity to gather in silks for waists, suits and gowns.

75c FOULARD SILKS—called a $1.00 value by stores which protest that they never fake—our early price was but 75c and now only **49c**

$1.25 SHIRT WAIST SUIT SILKS—the neatest effects brought out this season in the Armure and Louisienne weaves—colors mostly gun-metal shades **98c**

48c CORDED WASH SILKS—all the best colors and corded effects of this year—colors strictly fast—an ideal waist silk—price **29c**

$1.25 PONGEE SILK—30-inches wide, natural shade only; for coats, waists and shirt waist suits—guaranteed to launder perfectly **98c**

75c PONGEE SILK—27-inches wide—an all silk cloth in natural color only—a very excellent Pongee at 75c a yard—now **59c**

$1.25 HABUTAI SILK—as strong and durable as the best sheer linen—very popular this season—36 inches wide, cream only, at **98c**

More Wash Goods Go Into the Clearance.

The shrewd, clever shopper is getting the worth of her money in the sweeping clean-up of wash goods at this store. If she does not it is the fault of the shopper. The way to prove it is to come here tomorrow and see the many other rich bargains in wash fabrics that are offered in addition to these values.

15c COTTON VOILES—mixed suitings in brown, grey and red—thousands of yards have been sold this season at 15c—to close we price them now at **7½c**

19c KNICKER VOILES—suitings in white grounds with small jacquard dots, in green, red, blue and black—the early price 19c—reduced now to **12½c**

10c PERCALES—32-inches wide—new desirable patterns—a chance to secure a good wrapper very much under price—special price **8½c**

ALL REMNANTS of wash goods left from our great sales this season on sale tomorrow—some as low as 2½c a yard, at **Half Price**

Only Three Days More of the Linen Sale.

It's the most successful July linen sale in our experience—and it ought to be, for never in our business career have we made such reductions on linens. The vast quantities of linens have melted to nearly the normal size of our stock, and after this week all cut prices will be called off. There are three more chances of picking up the grandest values in table linens that have ever been offered in Duluth—let us show you these linens tomorrow. We want you to make the most rigid comparison with linens from other stores, for this sale would not half fulfill its mission if it did not make permanent customers.

The Last Call on Millinery for the Season.

If your hat purchased early in the season is beginning to show hard wear or is becoming soiled or faded, here is a chance to tide over the season with a fresh, new hat in the prettiest styles of this summer at a trifling cost. Trimmed hats have been reduced for a final clearance to prices that are below the cost of the materials in the make up.

All hats formerly selling up to $8.50 are now marked at one price—tomorrow the choice of the best hat is yours at **$3.48**

All trimmed hats which sold up to $3.50 go at a sharply reduced price, which ought to close them out quickly **98c**

Parasols Half Price.

We have cut the price of a large number of fancy parasols for women exactly in two. You have practically the full summer's use of a parasol, yet it costs but half the summer price.

Silk Yokings Half Price

We place on sale tomorrow a lot of fancy tucked and embroidered black silk yokings, selling regularly at from $2.00 to $5.50 each. They are at the dress trimming counter, where you may choose at half price.

TERRORIZED BY A NEGRO

Ran Amuck With Banana Knife Through Des Moines Streets.

Des Moines, Iowa, July 27.—Daniel Shears, a negro, ran amuck at the street car waiting room in this city yesterday afternoon. Seizing a banana knife, the crazed man made a dive for Cecil Hogan, a soldier, slashing him in the face. Another soldier struck Shears upon the head with a brick, but the unfortunate negro was not phased.

Shears galloped madly through Walnut street, the retail shopping center, slashing at men and women. Albert Cotter, a draper, had his coat cut from the neck to the waist.

A mob of 500 was held at bay by the negro, who ran into the Harris-Emery department store and held his ground upon the balcony. Women ran from the store in terror at the bloody knife. Several fainted.

Three policemen made for Shears, but he escaped and ran down Walnut street to Fifth, where he made a lunge at a horse. The horse jumped and the negro struck the street, his knife breaking upon the pavement. Before the maddened man had finished his course, 1000 persons were in panic. Policeman Frace had his hand badly cut by grabbing for the knife.

Shears occupies a cell at the police station. He insists that someone made a disparaging remark concerning his colored sweetheart, causing his mind to waver.

THESPIANS STRIKE.

St. Paul Company Goes Bump at Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, Man., July 26.—For several weeks past the Lennox Stock company has entertained large crowds at River park. On Saturday members of the company demanded their pay before the curtain went up. Harry Hunt, the manager, said he had no money, despite the large houses, and gave the players nothing more than the "horse laugh," as one of the company expressed it. Consequently there was no performance.

Hunt failed to pay the board of the company at the Duke of York hotel, there being two weeks in arrears. The trunks of the company were seized for the board and incidentally the sheriff took all the properties at the theater for the same bill. At present the company is without money and is looking for Hunt, who came from Yankton. The company was organized in St. Paul in April.

SAT DOWN AND DIED.

Long Prairie, Minn., July 27.—Henry H. Greer dropped dead at his home four miles west of this place Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock. He had beeen in the yard, and went into the house and sat down, and in fifteen minutes he was dead. Death is attributed to heart trouble, as he had been feeling as well as usual. He leaves a wife and three sons.

NIGHT WAS HER TERROR.

"I would cough nearly all night long," writes Mrs. Chas. Applegate, of Alexandria, Ind., "and could hardly get any sleep. I had consumption so bad that if I walked a block I would cough frightfully and spit blood, but, when all other medicines failed, three $1.00 bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery wholly cured me and I gained 58 pounds." It's absolutely guaranteed to cure Coughs, Colds, La Grippe, Bronchitis and all Throat and Lung Troubles. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free at all drug stores.

DEFAULTER ENDS LIFE.

Finds Way of the Transgressor Too Hard.

Muskegon, Mich., July 27.—Henry Mohr, absconding confidential man of the J. George Dratz company, who fled four weeks ago, leaving a shortage of nearly $5,000 in his accounts, committed suicide in a Grand Rapids hotel by taking morphine. Mohr had been in Chicago, where the police were searching for him. He became despondent and started homeward to commit the deed. He left a diary in which he set down the emotions of a hunted man and also warning to young men.

Mohr left a letter addressed to his mother, beginning: "The wages of sin is death."

He was a Spanish-American war veteran, and in the letter asked to be buried in his uniform.

The whereabouts of the woman who fled with Mohr from this city are unknown.

Nervous? Easily discouraged? Things look dark? Can't sleep? Restless and worn out? "Nervous exhaustion," your doctor says. Ask him to tell you all about Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Sold for 60 years. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Great Sale of Men's Negligee SHIRTS!



Choice of all $1.00 and $1.25 shirts, all new goods, this season's patterns. Also the famous Emery shirt—the best-fitting shirt in America **89c**

$1.29 Takes your pick of all of our $1.75, $2.00 and $2.50 shirts. This line includes the finest qualities in the Wilson Bros. and Emery lines

$3.65 For your pick of men's fine all wool pants that sold at $5.00 and $5.50.

You get your choice of our finest men's pants that sold at $6.50, $7.00, $8.00, $9.00 and $10.00—for..... **$4.85**

Straw Hats at Half Price!

331-333 West Superior Street. **Oak Hall Clothing Co.** 331-333 West Superior Street.

THE PRESIDENT IS NOTIFIED

(Continued from page 1.)

they were welcomed by the president and each was presented to Mrs. Roosevelt.

SPEAKER CANNON TALKS.

At the conclusion of the informal reception, the ceremony of notification began. While the members of the family, the house guests and some of the distinguished visitors were assembled on the veranda, a majority of those in attendance gathered on the lawn facing the veranda. When Speaker Cannon rose to deliver his speech of notification, he was greeted with applause. His speech is as follows:

Mr. President: The people of the United States, by blood, heredity, education and practice, are a self-governing people. We have sometimes been subject to prejudice and embarrassment from harmful conditions, but we have outgrown prejudice and overcome conditions as rapidly as possible, having due regard to law and the rights of individuals. We have sometimes made mistakes, from a false sense of security or from a desire to change policies, instead of letting well enough alone, merely to see what would happen, but we have always paid the penalty of unwise action at the ballot box and endured the suffering until, under the law, through the ballot box, we have returned to correct policies. Tested by experience, no nation has so successfully solved all problems and chosen proper policies as our nation. Under the lead of the Republican party for over forty years, the United States, from being a third-class power among the nations, has become in every respect first. The people rule. The people ruling, it is necessary that they should be competent to rule. Competency requires not only patriotism, but material well being, education, statecraft.

The people, under the lead of the Republican party, wrote upon the statute books revenue laws, levying taxes upon the products of foreign countries seeking our markets, which replenished our treasury, but were so adjusted as to encourage our people in developing, diversifying and maintaining our industries, at the same time protecting our citizens laboring in production against the competition of foreign labor. Under this policy our manufactured product today is one-third of the product of the civilized world, and our people receive almost double the pay for their labor that similar labor receives elsewhere in the world, thereby enabling us to bear the burdens of citizenship.

> Liberal compensation for labor makes liberal customers for our products. Under this policy of protection our home market affords all our people a better market than has any other people on earth, and this, too, even if we did not sell any of our products abroad.

In addition to this, we have come to be the greatest exporting nation in the world. For the year ending June 30, 1904, our exports to foreign countries were valued at $1,460,000,000, of which $450,000,000 were products of the factory. The world fell in our debt last year $450,000,000, an increase of $75,000,000 over the preceding year.

This policy of protection has always been opposed by the opponents of the Republican party and is opposed by them today. In their last national platform, adopted at St. Louis, they denounce protection as robbery. They never have been given power but they proceeded by word and act to destroy the policy of protection. Their platform is as silent as the grave touching the gold standard and our currency system. Their chosen leader, after his nomination, having been as silent as the sphynx up to that time, sent his telegram, saying in substance that the gold standard is established, and that he will govern himself accordingly if he should be elected.

I congratulate him. It is better to be right late than never. It is better to be right in one thing than wrong in all things. I wonder if it ever occurred to him that if his vote and support for his party's candidate in 1896 and 1900 had been decisive we would now have the silver standard. I wonder what made him send that telegram after he was nominated, and why he did not send it before? When did he have a change of heart and judgment? And does he at heart believe in the gold standard and our currency system, or does he try now to reap where he has not sown? If, perchance, he should be elected by forcing together discordant elements, I submit that, with a Democratic house of representatives or house and senate, there would be no harmonious action in legislation or administration that would benefit the people, but that doubt and discontent would everywhere distress production and labor. Consumption would be curtailed. In short, we would have an experience similar to that from 1893 to 1897. If this chosen leader and his friends are converts to Republican policies, should not they "bring forth fruits meet for repentence" before they ask to be placed in the highest positions to affect the well being of all; or, if they profess all things to all men, then they are not worthy the confidence of any man. If clothed with power, will they follow in the paths of legislation according to their loves and votes as manifested by their action always heretofore, or will they stand by, protect and defend the gold standard and our currency system that have been erected under the lead of the Republican party?

> Correct revenue laws, protection or free trade, the gold standard and our currency system, all depend upon the sentiment of the majority of our people as voiced at the ballot box.

A majority may change our revenue laws; a majority may change our currency laws; a majority may destroy the gold standard and establish the silver standard, or, in lieu of either or both, make the treasury note, non-interest-bearing and irredeemable, the sole standard of value.

Sir, let us turn from the region of doubt and double dealing, the debatable land, to the region of assured certainty. The Republican party stands for protection. It stands for the gold standard and our currency system. All these dwell in legislation enacted under the lead of the Republican party against the most determined opposition of the Democratic party, including its leader and candidate. Those being our policies, and having been most useful to the country, we have confidence in and love them. If is be necessary from time to time that they should be strengthened here and controlled there, the Republican party stands ready, with loving, competent hands, to apply the proper remedy. I say "remedy." Being our policies, we will not willingly subject them to their enemies for slow starvation on the one hand or to sudden destruction on the other.

Since the Republican party was restored to power, in 1897, under the lead of McKinley, our country has prospered in production and in commerce as it has never prospered before. In wealth, we stand first among all the nations. Under the lead of William McKinley, the war with Spain was speedily brought to a successful conclusion. Under the treaty of peace and our action, Cuba is free, and, under guarantees written in her constitution and our legislation, it is assured that she will ever remain free. We also acquired Porto Rico, Guam and the Philippines, by a treaty, the ratification of which was only possible by the votes of Democratic senators. Civil government has been established in Porto Rico, and we are journeying towards civil government in the Philippines as rapidly as the people of the archipelago are able to receive it; and this, too, notwithstanding the false cry of "imperialism" raised by the Democratic party and still insisted upon, which led to insurrection in the Philippines and tends to lead to further insurrection there. The record of the Republican party under the lead of William McKinley has passed into history. Who dares assail it?

> In the history of the republic, in time of peace, no executive has had greater questions to deal with than yourself, and none have brought greater courage, wisdom and patriotism to their solution.

You have enforced the law against the mighty and lowly without fear, favor or partiality. Under the constitution, you have recommended legislation to congress from time to time, as it was your duty to do, and when it was passed by congress, have approved it. You have, under the constitution, led in making a treaty which was ratified by the senate and is approved by the people, which not only assures, but, under the law and appropriations made by congress, proceeds with the construction of the Panama canal.

The Republican party, under your leadership, keeps its record from the beginning under Lincoln of doing things, the right thing at the right time and in the right way, notwithstanding the opposition of those who oppose the right policies from the selfish or partisan standpoint. They dare not tell the truth about your official action or the record of the party and then condemn it. They can, for selfish or partisan reasons, abuse you personally and misrepresent the party which you lead. It is true, however, that, so far, their abuse of your action and their alleged fear of your personality is insignificant as compared with the personal and partisan carpings against Lincoln, Grant and McKinley when they were clothed with power by the people. Those whose only grievance is that you have enforced the law and those who carp for mere partisan capital will not, in my judgment, reap the harvest of success. The Republican party, for you and under your leadership, appeals to the great body of the people who live in the sweat of their faces, make the civilization, control the republic, fight its battles and determine its policies, for approval and continuance in power.

The office of president of the United States is the greatest on earth and many competent men in the Republican party are ambitious to hold it, yet the Republican convention met at Chicago June last and unanimously, with one accord, nominated you as the candidate of the party for president. I am sure all Republicans and a multitude of good citizens who do not call themselves Republicans said "Amen."

In pursuance of the usual custom, the convention appointed a committee, of which it honored me with the chairmanship, to wait upon you and inform you of its action, which duty, speaking for the committee, I now cheerfully perform, with the hope and the confident expectation that a majority of the people of the republic will in November next approve the action of the convention by choosing electors who will assure your election to the presidency as your own successor.

THE PRESIDENT'S REPLY.

At the close of Mr. Cannon's address, the president advanced to the veranda railing and, standing under a great festoon of American flags, delivered his address in response to the notification. As he faced the assemblage he was warmly applauded. His address follows:

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Notification Committee: I am deeply sensible of the high honor conferred upon me by the representatives of the Republican party assembled in convention, and I accept the nomination for the presidency with solemn realization of the obligations I assume. I heartily approve the declaration of principles which the Republican national convention has adopted, and at some future day I shall communicate to you, Mr. Chairman, more at length and in detail a formal written acceptance of the nomination.

Three years ago I became president because of the death of my lamented predecessor. I then stated that it was my purpose to carry out his principles and policies for the honor and the interest of the country. To the best of my ability I have kept the promise thus made. If next November my countrymen confirm at the polls the action of the convention you represent, I shall, under Providence, continue to work with an eye single to the welfare of all our people.

> A party is of worth only in so far as it promotes the national interest, and every official, high or low, can serve his party best by rendering to the people the best service of which he is capable.

Effective government comes only as the result of the loyal co-operation of many different persons. The members of a legislative majority, the officers in the various departments of the administration, and the legislative and executive branches as towards each other, must work together with subordination of self to the common end of successful government. We who have been entrusted with power as public servants during the past seven years of administration and legislation now come before the people content to be judged by our record of achievement. In the years that have gone by we have made the deed square with the word; and if we are continued in power we shall unswervingly follow out the great lines of public policy which the Republican party has already laid down; a public policy to which we are giving, and shall give, a united, and therefore an efficient, support.

In all of this we are more fortunate than our opponents, who now appeal for confidence on the ground, which some express and some seek to have confidentially understood, that if triumphant they may be trusted to prove false to every principle which in the last eight years they have laid down as vital, and to leave undisturbed those very acts of the administration because of which they ask that the administration itself be driven from power. Seemingly their present attitude as to their past record is that some of them were mistaken and others insincere. We make our appeal in a wholly different spirit. We are not constrained to keep silent on any vital question; we are divided on no vital question; or policy is continuous, and is the same for all sections and localities. There is nothing experimental about the government we ask the people to continue in power, for our performance in the past, our proved governmental efficiency, is a guarantee as to our promises for the future. Our opponents, either openly or secretly, according to their several temperaments, now ask the people to trust their promises in consideration of the fact that they intend to treat their past promises as null and void. We know our own minds and we have kept of the same mind for a sufficient length of time to give to our policy coherence and sanity.

> In such a fundamental matter as the enforcement of the law we do not have to depend upon promises, but merely to ask that our record be taken as an earnest of what we shall continue to do.

In dealing with the great organizations known as trusts, we do not have to explain why the laws were not enforced, but to point out that they actually have been enforced and that legislation has been enacted to increase the effectiveness of their enforcement. We do not have to propose to "turn the rascals out," for we have shown in very deed that whenever by diligent investigation a public official can be found who has betrayed his trust he will be punished to the full extent of the law without regard to whether he was appointed under a Republican or a Democratic administration. This is the efficient way to turn the rascals out and to keep them out, and it has the merit of sincerity. Moreaver the betrayels of trust in the last seven years have been insignificant in number when compared with the extent of the public service. Never has the administration of the government been on a cleaner and higher level; never has the public work of the nation been done more honestly and efficiently.

> Assuredly it is unwise to change the policies which have worked so well and which are now working so well.

Prosperity has come at home. The national honor and interest have been upheld abroad. We have placed the finances of the nation upon a sound gold basis. We have done this with the aid of many who were formerly our opponents, but who would neither openly support nor silently acquiesce in the heresy of unsound finance; and we have done it against the convinced and violent opposition of the mass of our present opponents which for the moment they think it inexpedient to assert. We know what we mean when we speak of an honest and stable currency. We mean the same thing from year to year. We do not have to avoid a definite and conclusive commital on the most important issue which has recently been before the people, and which may at any time in the near future be before them again. Upon the principles which underlie this issue the convictions of half of our number do not clash with those of the other half. So long as the Republican party is in power the gold standard is settled, not as a matter of temporary political expediency, not because of shifting conditions in the production of gold in certain mining centers, but in accordance with what we regard as the fundamental principles of national morality and wisdom.

Under the financial legislation which we have enacted there is now ample circulation for every business need; and every dollar of this circulation is worth a dollar in gold. We have reduced the interest-bearing debt and in still larger measure the interest on that debt. All of the war taxes imposed during the Spanish war have been removed with a view to relieve the people and to prevent the accumulation of an unnecessary surplus. The result is that hardly ever before have the expenditures and income of the government so closely corresponded. In the fiscal year that has just closed the excess of income over the ordinary expenditures was nine millions expended out of the accumulated surplus for the purchase of the Isthmian canal. It is an extraordinary proof of the sound financial condition of the nation that instead of following the usual course in such matters and throwing the burden upon posterity by an issue of bonds, we were able to make the payment outright and yet after it to have in the treasury a surplus of one hundred and sixty-one millions. Moreover, we were able to pay this fifty millions of dollars out of hand without causing the slightest disturbance to business conditions.

We have enacted a tariff law under which during the past few years the country has attained a height of material well-being never before reached. Wages are higher than ever before.

> That whenever the need arises, there should be a readjustment of the tariff schedules is unbounded; but such changes can with safety be made only by those whose devotion to the principle of a protective tariff is beyond question; for otherwise the changes would amount not to readjustment but to repeal.

The readjustment when made must maintain and not destroy the protective principle. To the farmer, the merchant, the manufacturer this is vital; but perhaps no other man is so much interested as the wage-worker in the maintenance of our present economic system, both as regards the finances and the tariff. The standard of living of our wage-workers is higher than that of any other country, and it can not so remain unless we have a protective tariff which shall always keep as a minimum a rate of duty sufficient to cover the difference between the labor cost here and abroad. Those who, like our opponents, "denounce protection as a robbery" thereby explicitly commit themselves to the proposition that if they were to revise the tariff no heed would be paid to the necessity of meeting this difference between the standards of living for wage-workers here and in other countries; and therefore on this point their antagonism to our position is fundamental. Here again we ask that their promises and ours be judged by what has been done in the immediate past. We ask that sober and sensible men compare the workings of the present tariff law, and the conditions which obtain under it, with the workings of the preceding tariff law of 1894 and the conditions which that tariff of 1894 helped to bring about.

> We believe in reciprocity with foreign nations on the terms outlined in President McKinley's last speech, which urged the extension of our foreign markets by reciprocal agreements whenever they could be made without injury to American industry and labor.

It is a singular fact that the only great reciprocity treaty recently adopted—that with Cuba—was finally opposed almost by the representatives of the very party which now states that it favors reciprocity. And here again we ask that the worth of our words be judged by comparing their deeds with ours. On this Cuban reciprocity treaty there were at the outset grave differences of opinion among ourselves; and the notable thing in the negotiation and ratification of the treaty, and in the legislation which carried it into effect, was the highly practical manner in which without sacrifice of principle these differences of opinion were reconciled. There was no rupture of a great party, but an excellent practical outcome, the result of the harmonious cooperation of two successive presidents and two successive congresses. This is an illustration of the governing capacity which entitles us to the confidence of the people not only in our purposes but in our practical ability to achieve those purposes. Judging by the history of the last twelve years, down to this very month, is there justification for believeing that under similar circumstances and with similar initial differences of opinion, our opponents would have achieved any practical result?

> We have already shown in actual fact that our policy is to do fair and equal justice to all men, paying no heed to whether a man is rich or poor; paying no heed to his race, his creed, or his birthplace.

We recognize the organization of capital and the organization of labor as natural outcomes of our industrial system. Each kind of organization is to be favored so long as it acts in a spirit of justice and of regards for the rights of others. Each is to be granted the full protection of the law, and each in turn is to be held to a strict obedience to the law; for no man is above it and no man below it. The humblest individual is to have his rights safeguarded as scrupulously as those of the strongest organization, for each is to receive justice, no more and no less. The problems with which we have to deal in our modern industrial and social life are manifold; but the spirit in which it is necessary to approach their solution is simply the spirit of honesty, of courage, and of common sense.

In inaugurating the great work of irrigation in the West, the administration has been enabled by congress to take one of the longest strides ever taken under our government toward utilizing our vast national domain for the settler, the actual home-maker.

Ever since this continent was discovered the need of an isthmian canal to connect the Pacific and the Atlantic has been recognized; and ever since the birth of our nation such a canal has been planned. At last the dream has become a reality. The isthmian canal is now being built by the government of the United States. We conducted the negotiations for its construction with the nicest and most scrupulous honor, and in a spirit of the largest generosity toward those through whose territory it was to run. Every sinister effort which could be devised by the spirit of faction on the spirit of self-interest was made in order to defeat the treaty with Panama and thereby prevent the consummation of this work. The construction of the canal is now an assured fact; but most certainly it is unwise to entrust the carrying out of so momentous a policy to those who have endeavored to defeat the whole undertaking.

> Our foreign policy has been so conducted that, while not one of our just claims has been sacrificed, our relations with all foreign nations are now of the most peaceful kind; there is not a cloud on the horizon

The last cause of irritation between us and any other nation was removed by the settlement of the Alaskan boundary.

In the Caribbean sea we have made good our promises of independence to Cuba, and have proved our assertion that our mission in the island was one of justice and not of self-aggrandizement; and thereby no les than by our action in Venezuela and Panama, we have shown that the Monroe doctrine is a living reality, designed for the hurt of no nation, but for the protection of civilization on the Western continent, and for the peace of the world. Our steady growth in power has gone hand in hand with a strengthening disposition to use this power with strict regard for the rights of others, and for the cause of international justice and good will.

We earnestly desire friendship with all the nations of the New and Old Worlds; and we endeavor to place our relations with them upon a basis of reciprocal advantage instead of hostility. We hold that the prosperity of each nation is an aid and not a hindrance to the prosperity of other nations. We seek international amity for the same reasons that make us believe in peace within our own borders; and we seek this peace not because we are afraid or unready, but because we think that peace is right as well as advantageous.

American interests in the Pacific have rapidly grown. American enterprise has laid a cable across this, the greatest of oceans. We have proved in effective fashion that we wish the Chinese empire well and desire its integrity and independence.

Our foothold in the Philippines greatly strengthens our position in the competition for the trade of the East; but we are governing the Philippines in the interest of the Philippine people themselves. We have already given them a large share in their government, and our purpose is to increase this share as rapidly as they give evidence of increasing fitness for the task. The great majority of the officials of the island, whether elective or appointive, are already native Filipinos.

> We are now providing for a legislative assembly. This is the first step to be taken in the future; and it would be eminently unwise to declare what our next step will be until this first step has been taken and the results are manifest.

To have gone faster than we have already gone in giving the islanders a constantly increasing measure of self-government would have been disastrous. At the present moment to give political independence to the islands would result in the immediate loss of all rights, personal liberty and public order, as regards the mass of the Filipinos, for the majority of the islanders have been given these great boons by us, and only keep them because we vigilantly safeguard and guarantee them. To withdraw our government from the islands at this time would mean to the average native the loss of his barely-won civil freedom. We have established in the islands a government largely assisted by Filipinos. We are steadily striving to transform this into self-government by the Filipinos assisted by Americans.

The principles which we uphold should appeal to all our countrymen, in all portions of our country. Above all they should give us strength with the men and women who are the spiritual heirs of those who upheld the hands of Abraham Lincoln, for we are striving to do our work in the spirit with which Lincoln approached his. During the seven years that has passed there is no duty, domestic or foreign, which we have shirked; no great task which we have feared to undertake, or which we have not performed with reasonable efficiency. We have never pleaded impotence. We have never sought refuge in criticism and complaint instead of action. We face the future with our past and our present as guarantors of our promises; and we are content to stand or to fail by the record which we have made and are making.

At the conclusion of the address, President Roosevelt held an informal reception and received the congratulations of the committemen on his speech.

Among the invited guests were Chairman George B. Cortelyou, Governor B. B. Odell, Senator T. C. Platt, Senator John Kean, of New Jersey, Former Secretary Elihu Root, Cornelius N. Bliss and Former Governor Frank S. Black.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine **Carter's Little Liver Pills.**

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price 25 Cents | GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. Purely Vegetable. *Brent Good*

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

NEW YORK CLUB

All native born New Yorkers are requested to call at once at the office of J. T. Pulford, 310 Exchange building for registration, and receive instructions regarding the picnic which will be held August 9, 1904. By order of COMMITTEE.

CHARGE OF BIGAMY

Was Followed By One of Embezzlement.

Iowa Falls, Iowa, July 27.—Edwin Hoover, a traveling salesman, had no sooner secured bonds and gained his liberty, after being under arrest on the charge of bigamy, than he was arrested on the charge of embezzlement, preferred by his employer, the Sinclair Tea and Coffee company. It is asserted he is short in his accounts $250 and has failed to make a complete account of his collections since the first of the year. He was able to secure bonds a second time.

Rev. Charles Mayne, who was shot in the groin by a burglar, the bullet perforating the intestines eight times, has sufficiently recovered to be able to walk across the room and with no back set will pull through, although the chances for his recovery seemed but one in a thousand.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COLIC, CHOLERA AND DIARRHOEA REMEDY.

This remedy is certain to be needed in almost every home before the summer is over. It can always be depended upon even in the most severe and dangerous cases. It is especially valuable for summer disorders in children. It is pleasant to take and never fails to give prompt relief. Why not buy it now? It may save life. For sale by all druggists.

PANAMA HATS

Cleaned, bleached, reblocked and retrimmed by our Expert Bleacher, equal to new. We guarantee absolute satisfactory work.

C. VOLLAND, Hat Factory, 14 First Ave. E.

CLOSED OUT 50 DOZEN STRAW HATS

From Blake & Waite, will go on sale today.

Straw Hats, worth $2.50 and $3 on sale for $1.00
Straw Hats, worth $1.00, $1.50 and $2 for 50c

Your choice of any light-colored Fedora or Pantourist soft hat in the house; regular price $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50—on sale for only **$1.75**

OUR CLEARING SUIT SALE.

Your choice of **Hart, Schaffner & Marx** fine hand-tailored clothing, regular price from $20.00 to $35.00—sale price—

$14.75

This price includes **Ely Meyer fine suits.**

Second choice of any suit, values from $12 to $20—

$9.75

All Boys' Summer-weight Suits at Half Price at—

Kenney & Anker
Duluth, Minn.

ROCK FOR ROADS

Could Be Used on County Highways With Excellent Results.

Great Increase In the Number of Stone Crushing Plants.

The advocates of good roads in the country districts of Northern Minnesota and Wisconsin are taking notice of some of the highways the have been very much improved during the summer in Douglas county in the vicinity of a stone crushing plant near the South Shore road, about 20 miles east of Superior. While the plant was established as an industry for commercial gain, and is now shipping large quantities of crushed rock to Superior to form the foundation of the tar Macadam pavements that are being laid in that city, the people operating the plant have built up some splendid roads in their neighborhood by a liberal top dressing of crushed stone on the ordinary clay road. When the stone has become packed down by usage it makes a road that is firm, little affected by the heavy rains, and it is claimed, will wear well.

There has been a marked increase in the past two years in the establishment of stone crushing industries in this part of the country and, up to the present time the demand of the cities for their product to be used in street paving has taken about all the stone that the plants could crush.

After the existing contracts have been filled, however, it is said that some of the plants will be available to provide rocks for the improvement of roads outside the cities, and that quantities could be used which would likely bring the price of the material within the reach of those who desire it.

Northern Minnesota, particularly in the Duluth district, has an almost inexhaustible supply of the kind of rock that will make good roads and it is claimed the rock crushing plants can be operated, where the rock is near the crusher, at a cost which should bring the price to a figure where the material can be used on the country roads as well as in the city.

The problem of good roads is one always in season, thousands of dollars being expended by the various counties every year for new roads, or for the repair and improvement of the old roads.

The suggestion has been made that were crushed rock to be used on some of the roads where the nature of the soil necessitates an almost yearly repair, the expense while a little heavier at first, would in the long run be less than the drain of yearly appropriations for improvement.

It is claimed that the greatest harm done the country roads is in the spring of the year when the clay softens and is cut into deeply by heavy loads. The advocates of crushed rock for roads claim the broken stone mixed with clay will make a firm roadway, one that the heaviest loads will not affect, and that better facilities will be given the farmers and the new settlers for getting their products to the city or town markets.

ROCK POINT SHOOTING

Not So Deadly as at First Reported.

Helena, Mont., July 27.—More authentic reports from Rock Point have reached here in regard to the wholesale shooting there. From the latest advices received it seems that Billy Brown, the halfbreed Indian, who was reported dead, is still alive, and that a cowboy, whose name could not be learned, was shot and his chances for recovery are doubtful.

Brown and several other cowboys were playing poker when the cowpuncher became angry and shot at him. Brown returned the shot, which struck the cowboy in the abdomen. Bystanders interfered and Brown was placed under arrest.

The highly colored reports sent out yesterday were brought to the Fort Belknap agency by Indians. Enough has since been learned officially to show that the first report in regard to the killing of a cowboy and three Indians was incorrect.

Louisville, Ky., & Return $23.80.

Aug. 12 to Aug. 15, "The Northwestern Line" will sell excursion tickets to Louisville, Ky., at $23.80 for the round trip. Final limit for return, Sept. 15. City ticket office, 302 West Superior street.

Chickering and Fischer PIANOS.
HOWARD, FARWELL & CO., Hunter Block, 29 West Superior St.
W. J. Allen, Local Manager.

Have your head massaged
HAVE YOUR FACE MASSAGED
With Mardorf's Massage Machine —newest thing in town.
Geo. J. Mardorf, St. Louis Hotel Barber Shop.

The great, good advantage about **COMMANDER FLOUR**

Is that it always makes excellent bread. Order a bag of COMMANDER from your grocer.

Manufactured by—
GREGORY, COOK & CO., DULUTH.



SLEEP SAVES LIFE

It is just as necessary as food.
If you can not sleep, you can not rest your brain.
And when your brain does not rest, there is a terrible draft on the nerves; you become weak, tired and irritable.
You become unfit for business and are approaching the brink of insanity.

PALMO TABLETS

by resting and soothing the nerves, induce sweet, refreshing slumber, make the weak rugged, and the despondent hopeful and happy.

50 cents a box, 12 for $5.00. New, interesting book, free.
The S. R. Feil Co., Cleveland, O.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, 18 West Superior street.



CURES GONORRHOEA AND GLEET WITHOUT OTHER TREATMENT.

Sold by all Druggists.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

THE ANSWER IS "NO"

It is not colored or doctored in any form whatever.

"SALADA"

CEYLON AND INDIA NATURAL GREEN TEA shows an amazing superiority over all Japans on a tea pot infusion. Sold in the same form as "Salada" Black tea, in sealed lead packets only. 60c and 70c per lb. By all grocers.

TRY A 10 CENT SAMPLE PACKET.

Trade Supplied By GOWAN-PEYTON-TWOHY CO.

FEELING IS EXCITED

Case of Lord Dundonald May Affect Canadian Elections.

Some Uneasiness Caused In the Mother Country.

Ottawa, Ont., July 27.—Lord Dundonald's speeches prior to his departure for England are exciting a great deal of feeling in Canada, and some uneasiness in the mother country. The ministerialists declare he has laid himself open to be disciplined by the imperial authorities for his attacks on the Canadian government in his Toronto address, and seem resolved to carry the whole case relating to his break with the federal ministry to the attention of the British war office and to have his military future ruined.

The opposition, on the other hand, profess to have evidence, in the attitude of the ministers and other developments, of a secret anti-imperial movement for the gradual detachment of Canada from imperial ties and eventual independance under a protectorate of the United States, "similiar to that tacitly accorded to Mexico under the Monroe doctrine."

British opinion as viewed by the London Times, regards Dundonald's stand as an appeal to the people of Canada which will have to be decided at the next dominion general election. The decision, it is stated, will be awaited in Britain with keen interest, as well as in Canada, for the issue is nothing less than the efficiency of the national defenses of our greatest colony, and the fitness or unfitness of her present ministers to provide them."

It is a fact that must not be lost sight of in this political crisis that Great Britain has an undoubted voice in the defense of Canada, as a part of the British empire. The Times regards Lord Dundonald's Toronto speech as "a grave indictment against the Canadian ministery." "The charge of 'indifference' is almost as grave a charge," it says, "as it is possible for a soldier who has been responsible for the defense of a country to bring against a constitutional government." Sir Wilfred and his colleagues as a body are absolved from "any lack of zeal for the safety of the dominion."

The point is whether the militia has or has not been administered with a single eye to its efficiency, but behind this, although the London paper and its contemporaries wisely abstain from saying so, is the right of the mother country to satisfy itself that the obligations of Canada to make proper provision for its own defense are being faithfully observed.

Mr. Lemieux, solicitor general in the Laurier cabinet, who is over in England on legal business for the government, has been talking to a London suburban audience about the loyalty of French Canada. Quebec, he assured his hearers, is loyal and happy, and well satisfied to live under the British flag, but he warned them fairly and squarely to "let well enough alone." Attempts to tighten the tie might break it. The relations of Canada and the motherland, hesaid, are friendly, but if an attempt is made to embalm such relations in statute books "they might be found in the statute books but not in the heart." Could any Britisher desire a simpler or more straight forward statement of the precise situation than is conveyed in these warning words?

It is a curious coincidence that Sir Frederick Borden is the thirteenth minister of militia since confederation, that the trouble with Lord Dundonald arose over the organization of the Thirteenth Scottish Light Horse, and that the cabinet at a meeeting on June 13 decided to dismiss the general. An opposition editor remarks that it is now up to Sir Wilfred to fix the coming elections for Nov. 13, "and the people will do the rest."

Usually before a federal election in Canada provision is made for the future of private secretaries of cabinet ministers. It is therefore not so surprising as some want to make out that several ministers have lately been appointing their private secreterles to permanent positions in the civil service.

Mr. Boudreault, chief private secretary to the prime minister, was some time back made assistant clerk to the privy council, and the assistant private secretary was made French translator to the senate. The private secretary of the minister of customes was made assistant commissioner of customs, The private secretary of the minister of militia has been promoted to the secretaryship of the militia department. The private secretary of the minister of trade and commerce was made superintendent of commercial agents, and now the private secretary of the postmaster general has been created a chief and assistant secretary of the postoffice department. No matter which way the election may go these officials have been provided for in a manner to which no reasonable objection can be offered. It is the custom, and the appointees are without exception good men.

A proposal to tax bachelors is to be brought before the civic finance committee with a view to provincial legislation being asked. Ald. Desjardins, who is back of the scheme, says there are some bachelors in Ottawa who own property and pay taxes, but there are a great many who do nothing of the sort. They use our streets and have the benefit of the whole corporation service without paying a cent for the maintenance of the city. These, too, nearly all belong to a class who are well able to pay by reason of their holding positions which have good salaries. They should pay taxes as well as the rest. The special tax, moreover, may have the tendency of increasing the number of marriages. Old bachelors are far too numerous in Ottawa.

THE SHOOTING OF AMERICANS

At Aguas Caliente Is Explained In Detail By Consul.

Washington, July 26.—The American consul at Matalan has reported to the state department on the recent shooting of two Americans at Aguas Caliente. He says that the alcalde went to the office of the recorder and asked him to arrest Clarence Way, which he refused to do, claiming there was no reason therefore. The alcalde then made out the warrant himself. The commissioners met Mr. Way in front of his house and showed him the order of arrest and he replied that he would accompany them as soon as he had eaten his breakfast and changed his clothes. They objected to this and undertook to carry him when Way called the cook, Lattimer, who came out unarmed and tried to prevent the arrest. After Way had been forcibly taken Lattimer started into the house and one Castro thinking he had gone for arms, shot and killed him. Way seeing this, attempted to enter the house, whereupon Castro fired twice, killing Way. The alcalde and the two commissioners are now in jail.

WIDOW OF YAP'S KING

Wins Half His Estate In Caroline Islands.

Savannah, Ga., July 26.—The widow of "King O'Keefe of Yap, who resides here, will get one-half of that portion of his estate which is held under the rule of Germany. The German courts have acted favorably upon the petition of the Savannah widow, as has been cabled from Hongkong by Walter C. Hartridge, her attorney.

Hartridge is on his second trip to Yap, in the Caroline group. He as been working on the case for two years. The estate involved is worth $1,000,000, and the share falling to the Savannah widow, Mrs. Margaret O'Keefe, and her daughter, Mrs. Lulu Butler, is about $250,000.

O'Keefe sailed from here years ago, deserting his Savannah wife and baby girl, whom he never returned to see. He married a native woman on the island, and became king of the island. He levied tribute and became wealthy, trading with other islands and selling in Hongkong and other ports.

He made a will in Hongkong, disinheriting his Savannah wife. This will would not stand the test of the German court, however, as a testator, under the German law, cannot disinherit his wife. The Savannah heirs cannot share in the estate in Hongkong, but can in the islands under German rule.

ARE HUGE IN SIZE

Four Enormous Steel Girders Brought Here For Masonic Temple.

Are Largest Pieces of Steel Ever Brought Into Duluth.

What are said to be the largest pieces of steel ever received in Duluth for building purposes arrived in the city yesterday, from Minneapolis, consigned to George H. Lounsberry, who has the contract for erecting the new Masonic temple, in the course of constructio at the corner of Lake avenue and Second street. The steel will be used in the building.

It is claimed that even the largest single piece of structural steel in the interstate bridge does not equal in size or weight the pieces in yesterday's consignment. They measure 52 feet in length, are four feet high and two feet across, each one weighing in the neighborhood of six tons. There are four of them in all. They are to be used as girders over the great banquet hall, and to support the roof trusses. The steel was shipped by the Crown Iron company, of Minneapolis.

The task of hauling the huge pieces from the railroad yards at the foot of First avenue west to the site of he temple, a distance of over four blocks most of the way up hill, is a big one, and is attracting a good deal of attention. Yesterday it took an hour to load the first piece on a wagon and about five hours longer to get it to the corner of Second and Lake. Six horses were hitched to the wagon, and then there were times when they could scarcely move the load. The pieces, because of their length and bulk, are difficult to handle, especially when it comes to turning a corner on a hill.

It is expected that the Masonic temple will be completed about January 1.

REMAINS OF DAHL FOUND

Body Was Buried About Thirty Rods From His Cabin.

Bemidji, Minn., July 27.—The body of N. O. Dahl, who together with his daughter, Miss Aagot, disappeared from their claim on section 33-151-32, two miles from Quiring postoffice, this county, about April 9, was found yesterday by James Cadwell, a neighbor, about thirty rods from the cabin buried under the roots of a tree.

It is expected that the body of Miss Aago is buried there also, the finder making no further search but immediately notifying the coroner who together with the sheriff and county attorney left for the scene of the probable murder to make further investigation.

The search for the missing man and woman has long been in progress and the state has offered a reward.

NO PITY SHOWN.

"For years fate was after me continuously," writes F. A. Gulledge, Verbena, Ala. "I had a terrible case of Piles causing 24 tumors. When all failed Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured me. Equally good for Burns and all aches and pains. Oly 25c at all drug stores.

HORSE OWNER IS INDICTED

Ryan Had a Get-Rich-Quick System of His Own.

New York, July 27.—John J. Ryan, a race horse owner, whose horses, Reliable and Moneter, won the first and third races at Brighton Beach yesterday, was arrested at the Brighton track yesterday afternoon on a warrant charging him with larceny by means of an alleged get-rich-quick scheme, of which it is said he was the head. The amount involved is said to be $800,000. The warrant for Ryan's arrest was issued in St. Louis and the arrest was made by a New York Central office detective, who was accompanied by a St. Louis detective and George Fickesson, assistant to Circuit Attorney Folk of St. Louis.

Ryan took his arrest coolly and induced the detectives to remain with him at the track until the end of the hird race, on which he told them he had "a few hundreds placed."

"Why didn't these people in St. Louis let me know they wanted me? I'd have gone on," he said.

At police headquarters he gave his age as 39 years and his occupation as horse racing. He was taken at once before Supreme Court Justice Amend, in chambers, and bail was fixed at $5000. Congressman Timothy D. Sullivan of this city, signed the bond.

A representative of the circuit attorney's office in St. Louis was indignant when he learned that bail had been fixed at $5000.

"We are framing a strong case against Ryan," he said, "and it is tough to have any judge let the man out on such small bail. But we'll get Ryan. We have five St. Louis detectives watching him and he can't get out of the state. We were going to take him to St. Louis tonight but were frustrated."

As accounting for the amount of the bail, it was said the warrant contained two specific complaints mentioning several hundred dollars only.

Detective Killian, of St. Louis, said last night that Ryan was indicted by the grand jury after several hundred witnesses had appeared. He declared that there probably would be over one thousand complaints against Ryan when he comes to trial.

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Compare Our Methods



You will realize then why Schlitz beer is pure.

You wash a cooking utensil once. We wash a bottle *four* times, by machinery, before we fill it.

You use city water. We bore down 1400 feet to rock for ours.

You prepare food in the air of the room. We cool Schlitz beer in plate-glass rooms and filter all the air that touches it.

Then we filter the beer by machinery—filter it through white wood pulp.

Yet your methods are cleanly. Ours are cleanliness carried to extremes.

Then—for fear of a touch of impurity—we sterilize every bottle after it is sealed. We double the necessary cost of our brewing to give you a healthful beverage pure.

Do you wonder that we sell over a million barrels annually? Ask for the brewery bottling.



Phone Zenith 358,
Duluth Branch, 35 E. Railroad St., Duluth

5

The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous.

AS TO NEXT CABINET

Numerous Changes If Roosevelt Should Be Elected.

Not More Than Two or Three Members to Remain.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, July 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—With the great policital quadrennial campaign about to open there is, of course, a great deal of talk in political circles as to the personnel of the next cabinet. Should Col. Roosevelt be elected to succeed himself there will be numerous changes in the list of his advisors. In fact it is doubtful if more than two or three of those now holding portfolios will retain their places in the precident's official family. It is certain, in any event, that Secretary Morton will return to his old position with the Santa Fe railroad. Attorney General Moody will resume the practice of law early next March and Postmaster General Payne will not remain at the head of the post office department after the close of the present presidential term, even if he does not resign before next March.

The post office is the one cabinet portfollo which is already assigned "by unanimous consent." It is understood, upon all sides, that in the event of Republican success at the polls in November, George B. Cortelyou will become postmaster general. Mr. Cortelyou began his official career as a clerk in the office of Assistant Postmaster General Robert Maxwell. He has an extensive knowledge of the details of the work in that great branch of the federal service and since he left his position in the department to assume a clerkship in the White House, later becoming secretary to the president and later a member of the cabinet as secretary of commerce and labor. Mr. Cortelyou has developed great executive ability and he is, in consequence, eminently fitted to conduct the affairs of the executive departments.

It is a strange coincidence that Robert Maxwell, Mr. Cortelyou's former superior officer, should be most generally mentioned as the probable postmaster general in the event of the election of Judge Parker to the presidency. Mr. Maxwell was an efficient assistant to Mr. Bissell when that gentleman was postmaster general. He was altogether too efficient to cuit the Republican post masters of the country. So active was he in substituting Democrats for Republicans in the small postoffices that it was not long before he was accorded the title of "official headsman" up to that time held by Adall Stevenson who had occupied the identical official position in the first Cleveland cabinet.

But it was not only as the axeman of administration that Mr. Maxwell excelled. He was an efficient and untiring worker. He mastered the details of the work of the department and he conducted his office to the entire satisfaction of all who had business relations with the postoffice, and that includes practically the entire population of the United States and every country having business dealings with this republic. Mr. Maxwell is a Democrat and a warm personal friend of former Senator Hill, as well as Judge Parker. It is understood that Mr. Hill has suggested the advisability of Maxwell's appointment to Judge Parker in the event of the latter's election and that the suggestion has met with great favor. It would seem therefore that the cabinet makers have part of their work already cut out and that the post office portfolio after the fourth of next March will be carried either by the former clerk in the office of the assistant postmaster general in Cleveland's last cabinet, or by that assistant postmaster general himself. In either event it would appear that a good man is destined to look after the postal affairs of the United States during the next four years.

* * *

Advices received from Colorado are to the effect that Thomas F. Walsh has consented to become a candidate for the United States senate to succeed Senator Patterson. Mr. Walsh has no political ambition. He might have been chosen United States senator two years ago, when Mr. Teller was elected to succeed himself, if he had desired. But Mr. Walsh positively refused to enter the race, at that time and now if he has really consented to permit his name to be used it is in response to the urgent request of the president. Thomas F. Walsh is one of those wonderfully successful men which the west has produced since the trans-continental lines joined the Atlantic and the Pacific with bards of steel. He is a millionaire and has made his millions by his own hard work. He has spent some of them, too, in a manner which has certainly endered him to the people of Washington where he has done more than any one man towards beautifying the National capital. He has erected by himself the handsomest office building here and his residence on Massachusetts avenue is the model of magnificent good taste. In addition he has purchased a large tract of land covered with dilapidated old buildings upon which he will within a few years erect a beautiful hotel building which will be operated for people of moderate means while supplied with all the modern hotel attractions now enjoyed only by the very rich.

But while he has become greatly interested in real estate in the Capital City, Mr. Walsh has by no means severd his connection with the state of Colorado. It is said of him that he has a personal acquaintance with more working miners than any other man in the state and that his personal following includes nine-tenths of the population. He has not heretofore taken an active part in politics, but he is and always has been a Republican. His popularity throughout Colorado is so great that if senators were elected by a direct vote, it is conceded that two-thirds of the ballots would be cast in his favor. As it is the knowledge that Thomas F. Walsh is a candidate for the senate practically assures a Republican majority in the legislature and incidentally for the electoral ticket. President Roosevelt knows this well and it is this knowledge which has impelled him to make an appeal, which appears to have been successful, to Mr. Walsh, to consent to abandon his private life and to enter the race for a seat in the senate.

Should he be successful, there will be no happier people in the world than the inhabitants of a little town in Ireland, the birthplace of this same Thomas F. Walsh, where absolute poverty has been abolished because four times a year enough of the funds of the successful Colorado miner find their way to that hamlet from which the Irish boy set out to make his fortune, to assure food, fuel and raiment for every one of his former townsmen, who is unable to make a living for himself.

* * *

At the last session of congress it was provided that the compensation of rural free delivery carriers should be $720 per annum, instead of $600, which has been the rate of pay since the establishment of the system. But Mr. Bristow, the fourth assistant postmaster general, has come to the conclusion that the act gives him discretionary power in fixing salaries and he has prepared a schedule of salaries, which went into effect on the first of the current month, wnich has caused a great deal of complaint.

According to this schedule the carrier, to obtain the maximum compensation, $720 per annum, must traverse a route of full twenty-five miles each day. For each fraction of a mile less than twenty-five deductions are made so that some of the carriers will receive only the old rate of $600. At first glance this would seem to be only fair, but the work of a rural carrier cannot be judged entirely by the distance he is compelled to travel. In the prairie states of the West, and even in some sections of the East, where the country is flat or only rolling, a drive of twenty-five miles each day is easily accomplished. But in the hill regions of the East and the South a drive of twenty miles is much harder upon the animal as well as the man than twice the distance would be where there are no hills. It is argued, for instance, that a rural carrier in Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska or Kansas can cover a route of twenty-five miles in less time and with less wear upon his horse than his brother in the lake regions of New York or the hills of Maine and New Hampshire will require to serve patrons on a route of only twenty miles. Then, too, it is held that distance traveled is only one of the considerations, for a route upon which are located only 400 inhabitants, even if fully twenty-five miles long, is much easier to serve than one upon which 600 people reside twenty miles long. Mr. Bristow's rule for fixing compensation is held to be contrary to the spirit of the law and it has created a great uproar among the men affected by it. There is no question that congress intended that each and every rural free delivery carrier should have a salary of $720. At no time during the discussion of the clause of the postoffice appropriation bill, bearing on the subject, was there any intimation made that the salaries should be graded according to distance traveled. Naturally, therefore, the carriers feel that their rights have been violated by the department. They are sending in hundreds of letters to the president, to the department and to members in which they vigorously protest against the new rule. The postmaster general himself will take the matter up for consideration, but if he falls to afford the relief demanded congress will surely enact remedial legislation next winter, which will deprive the department of all discretion in the matter.

CURED OF CHRONIC DIARRHOEA AFTER TEN YEARS OF SUFFERING.

"I wish to say a few words in praise of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," says Mrs. Mattie Burge, of Martinsville, VVa. "I suffered from chronic diarrhoe for ten years and during that time tried various medicines without obtaining any permanent relief. Last summer one of my children was taken with cholera morbus, and I procured a bottle of this remedy. Only two doses were required to give her entire relief. I then decided to try the medicine myself, and did not use all of one bottle before I was well and I have never since been troubled with that complaint. One cannot say too much in favor of that wonderful medicine." This remedy is for sale by all druggists.

DRINK { "The best costs no more than" the inferior kinds.

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER Sold in Duluth at the

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Through the Skin TO THE BLOOD.



Some of the most stubborn diseases enter into the system through the pores of the skin. The juices of **Poison Oak and Ivy** and other noxious wild plants, when taken into the circulation, break out afresh each season, and linger on for years unless antidoted and driven out of the system.

Dye Poisoning from wearing colored under-clothing and hosiery is of frequent occurrence.

Workers in Lead, Brass, and other metals are often poisoned by the chemicals and acids used in polishing, and the dust and filings settling upon the skin. The diseases that enter the system by absorption or through the pores are as deep-seated and dangerous as any, and cannot be reached by washes, salves, soaps or other external remedies. The blood must be purified before getting permanently rid of the disease. S. S. S. acts upon the blood, ridding it of the original poison and restoring it to a healthy, normal condition.

SSS

S. S. S. is guaranteed entirely vegetable, and an unrivaled blood purifier. With all impurities removed from the blood, the sores and eruptions disappear from the skin. Write us should you desire medical advice or any information about your case; this will cost you nothing.

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POISON OAK FOR EIGHT YEARS.

When eight years old I was poisoned by handling poison oak, and it would break out on me every spring for eighteen years. Some one recommended S. S. S., which cured me completely, and I have seen no signs of the eruptions for several seasons. MRS. A. N. BENNETT.

Toccoa, Georgia.

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No taste. No odor. Any woman can give it in a glass of water, tea, coffee or food, without patient's knowledge.

White Ribbon Remedy will cure or destroy the diseased appetite for all alcoholic drinks, whether the patient is a confirmed inebriate, a "tippler," social drinker or drunkard. Impossible for any one to have an appetite for alcoholic liquors after using White Ribbon Remedy. It has made many thousands of permanent cures, and in addition restores the victim to normal health, steadying the nerves, increasing the will power and determination to resist temptation.

Indorsed By Members of a Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

Mrs. Anna Moore, Press Superintendent of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, Los Angeles, Cal., states: "I have tested White Ribbon Remedy on very obstinate drunkards, and the cures have been many. I cheerfully recommend and endorse White Ribbon Remedy, and advise any woman to give it to any relative suffering from drunkenness."

Sold by druggists, 50c and $1.00, and by

Max Wirth, 13 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

Call or write, White Ribbon Remedy sent by mail.

DULUTH SEPTEMBER ABOVE 90 CENTS

New Crop Option Reaches Highest Point It Has Attained.

Foreign Markets Strong and Damage Talk Comes From Northwest.

Duluth Board of Trade, July 27.—The wheat market was very strong this morning and from almost all sides came news that strengthened the confidence in the price. The Duluth September passed the 90c mark. English markets were very strong, Liverpool being up ¾@1d and London 1⅛@1½d. The political situation is again alarming to the British and induced strong bidding for wheat, local exporters getting bids that were only about 2c out of line for working new crop wheat. Bullish news was again coming from France, the reports of a reduced crop being confirmed, and the opinion expressed that France might be after American wheat this year. The crop is reported worse as the harvest progresses.

From the Northwest, which has hitherto been the one spot where damage reports have been a minus quantity, complaints are now coming of rust, South Dakota being the state from which they are emanating. With a Northwestern scare following the bullish news that has been coming from nearly everywhere, predictions are that the price might see some sensational advances.

The eastern millers continue to buy a little wheat in this market but are not especially greedy for it. On the other hand they could hardly get any more if they were so, for the wheat is difficult to get.

The Paris market closed ¼c lower to ½c higher, Berlin 1c higher on July wheat, and ½c higher on September, Buda Pesth ⅝c lower and Antwerp unchanged.

In the Duluth market July advanced 1¾c and September 1¼c, in Chicago, July was up 2¾c and September 1¼c, in Minneapolis July was 1¾c higher and September the same and in New York, July was unchanged and September 1c higher.

Car receipts at Duluth were 64, against 18 last year, and at Minneapolis, 76, against 148 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 140 against 166 last year. Chicago received 79 against 67 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 769,000 bus, last year 571,000 bus. Shipments 324,000 bus, last year, 292,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 33,100 bus.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed 3d higher. September corn in the Chicago market closed ¼c higher. September oats closed unchanged. Primary receipts of corn were 502,000 bus, last year 360,000 bus. Shipments 232,000 bus, last year 320,000 bus. Clearances were 47,300 bus.

In the Duluth market the trading in wheat was fairly active. September opened ½c higher at 89¾c, sold at 89⅝c, at 9:25, fell to 89¼c at 10:25 and then bulged steadily until 90⅛@⅜c was reached at 12:45. It settled back from there, closing at 90¼c, an advance for the day of 1¼c. July and cash wheat were very strong, the former advancing 1¾c, to $1.02½.

Cash offerings are light. Receipts are fairly large, but most of the grain has already been sold. No. 1 northern sold at the July price for on track and ½c under for to arrive. No. 2 sold at 4c under No. 1.

Flax was quiet and firmer. July closed ¾c higher at $1.24½. September had the same advance and closed at the same price and October was up 1c, closing at the same price as the others.

Oats on track advanced 1½c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 northern $1.02; No. 2 northern, 98c; on track, No. 1 northern, $1.02½; No. 2 northern, 98¾c. Macaroni—No. 1, No. 2 and July, $1.02⅛; September, 90¼c; December, 86½c. Flax—To arrive, $1.24; on track, $1.24; July, $1.24½; September, $1.24½; October, $1.24½; November, $1.24½; December, $1.24⅛. Oats—On track, 37½c; to arrive, 35c. Rye—On track, 60c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 64, last year, 18; oats, 3; barley, 2; flax, 23, last year, 19.

Receipts—Wheat, 83,693; oats, 5412; barley, 418; rye, 167; flax, 14,717.

Shipments—Wheat, 3541; oats, 3194; barley, 6333; flax, 19,750.

CASH SALES WEDNESDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 5000 bus	$1.01½
No. 1 northern, 1500 bus	1.01¾
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	1.02¼
No. 1 northern, 1 car	1.01¾
No. 1 northern, 5000 bus	1.02
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	1.02
No. 1 northern, 2000, bus to arrive first half of August	1.01¼
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	98½
No. 2 northern, 1 car	97¼
No. 3 spring, 1 car	97½
No. 3 spring, 1 car	96
Macaroni wheat, part car No. 2	83½
Rejected, 1 car	96¾
Oats, 1 car No. 3 white	37
Oats, 1 car no grade	35
Flax, part car	1.24½
Flax, part car	1.24
Flax, 1 car no grade	1.20¾

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Sentiment In the Wheat Pit Decidedly Bullish.

Chicago, July 27.—Sentiment in wheat today was decidedly bullish. The market was active with a good general demand. Higher prices at Liverpool and a decline in consols were the influences that brought on the buying fever. At the start September was up 1⅛@⅜c to ⅝@⅞c at 85⅞@86¼c. After touching 89⅜@⅝c, the price reacted to 88c. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 219 cars against 211 cars last week and 230 a year ago.

A sharp advance occurred during the latter part of the session on a rush of shorts to cover, the cause of the anxiety among these traders being the possibilities of foreign complications and a big rise in cash wheat values. On the upturn September sold up to 86¾c. Realizing sales caused some reaction, but the market closed strong with September up 1¼c at 86⅝@⅞c.

In spite of favorable crop reports, the strength of wheat and higher cables caused a firm tone in the corn market. Trading was moderate and mostly for local account. September opened ⅛c to ¼c up at 49¾c to 49⅝c, sold up to 49⅝@50c, and reacted to 49⅜@⅝c. Local receipts were 173 cars with 12 of contract grade.

The market held steady the balance of the day. After selling at 50c, September closed at 49¾c, a net gain of ¼c.

Influenced by the action of other grains the oats market held steady. Complaints of rust are coming in and this helped to stimulate buying. Offerings were very light. September opened a shade higher at 33⅜c, sold at 33⅜@½c and declined to 33¼@⅜c. Local receipts were 61 cars.

A small demand for pork and ribs with little offering caused a firm undertone in provisions, but prices were practically unchanged from last night's closing figures. September pork and lard were each up 2½c at $12.85 and $6.92½. Ribs were a shade higher at $7.50.

Close: Wheat—July, 97¼c; old, 98¾c; September, 89⅝@⅞c; old, 91¼c; December, 88⅜c; May, 90⅝@½c. Corn—July, 49⅜c; September, 49⅝c; December, 40¼@½c; May, 45½@⅝c. Oats—July, 33¼c; September, 33¼@⅜c; December, 33⅝@⅞c; May, 35⅝@½c. Pork—July, $12.826; September, $12.85; October, $12.85. Lard—July, $6.80; September, $6.90; October, $6.97½. Ribs—July, $7.32½; September, $7.56@7.53½; October, $7.57½. Rye—July, 72@75c; September, 60¼@65c. Flax—Cash Northwestern, $1.24; Southwestern, $1.18½; July and September, $1.18½. Timothy—July, $3.05; September, $3.20. Clover—July, $11.25. Barley—Cash, 30@33c. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 96½@98c; No. 3 red, 91@96½c; No. 2 hard, 92@94½c; No. 3 hard, 89@92c; No. 1 northern, $1.02; No. 2 northern, 98c; No. 3 spring, 94c. Corn—No. 2, 50½c; No. 3, 49¾@50c. Oats—No. 2, 36½c; No. 3, 35½@36c.

LICERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, July 27.—Wheat—Spot, nominal; futures, July, 6s 9¼d. Corn—Spot, quiet; American mixed, new, 4s 4½d; American mixed, old, 4s 5½d; futures, firm; September, 4s 3⅜d.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
July—				
Open	$1.01	90⅛	86¾	.....
High	1.00	90⅞	87⅞	.....
Low	99	95⅞	86¾	.....
Close	$1.02½B	90⅞	97⅛	$1.02½A
Close 26th	$1.00⅜	88½	95¾	1.02½
September—				
Open	89¼	89¼	89¼@90	93⅛
High	90¼@⅝	90⅛	90¼	94⅜@½
Low	89¼	88⅝	88⅛@⅝	93
Close	90¼B	89⅞	89¾@⅞	94½A
Close 26th	89	88½	88½@⅝	93⅛

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	33¾	49¾@49⅞	$12.80
High	34⅛	49⅞	12.85
Low	33⅛-¼	49⅝	12.77
Close	33¼-⅜	49⅞	12.85

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, July 27.—Close: Wheat—July, $1.02½; September, 94½c; December, 92⅞c. Corn—July, 55¼c; September, 54⅞c; December, 52¼c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, July 27.—Close: Wheat—July, 90⅝c; September, 86⅞c; December, 87¼c; No. 1 hard, $1.02⅝; No. 1 northern, $1.01⅝; No. 2 northern, 99⅞c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Edwards, Wood & Co.: Wheat — On borrowed strength our market opened fractionally higher, then sold off to near the close. At this point a new lot of buying orders, principally for outside account, came in and prices advanced to a new high mark. Northwest and southwest had favorable weather and the government, in its last week's report, says harvesting and threshing of winter wheat is about completed. A very scattered report of rust came from low lands in South Dakota. Aside from this all small grains are believed to be making satisfactory progress. Cash wheat was in some better demand on claims of light country deliveries, the truth of which could not be confirmed. We think that, in view of the instability of news upon wheat them arket advancer today, with the unsatisfactory character of the support, wise holders took profits. The decline of half a cent at the close would seem to bear us out in this contention, and should we get any further bulge at the opening tomorrow, would favor sales for a quick turn.

Flax was very strong but somewhat duller than for the past few days. Little attention is paid to anything but the good cash demands and the advances in that market.

* * *

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The market was extremely active. The strength was due to the cables, the decline in consols and general apprehension about the political situation. Primary receipts were again large and in excess of last year. Threshing reports from the winter crop comes as heretofore, rather disappointing and reports from spring wheat generally favorable except as to a few scattered complaints of rust. The substance of the cash situation is that there is a fairly good domestic milling demand for good wheat and the elevator interests are competing with this demand for contract wheat to fill July shorts. So long as the political news is so much of a factor any confident opinion on the immediate course of prices seems unwarranted. With the advance in our own market we are still as far as ever from an export basis. The short interest must have been pretty well eliminated by the conditions of the last two or three days. Corn—It was again a dull market with a very limited volume of business. The little show of strength was in sympathy with the strength in wheat. There is nothing new in the general conditions. The cash situation is so easily balanced that it does not give a trend to prices either way.

Oats—There was some little covering of shorts through the day on the strength in wheat, but generally favorable weather there was not much demand from that source. Receipts continue moderate.

Provisions—There is nothing in the strike situation that has helped prices so far and nobody seems disposed to operate except a few scattered scalping transactions.

* * *

Charles E. Lewis, Minneapolis: I am reliably informed that the South Dakota wheat crop is being seriously damaged by rust. It looks to me as though wheat would have a sensational advance inside of 30 days and I advise any man who is short to get away from it at once.

* * *

McQuiston, Chicago: It is just as well to bear in mind that these fancy prices they are paying for cash wheat is being bought by shorts to cover their July contracts. I think buying wheat on these swells is getting a bit dangerous; in fact, I am afraid it would not be very safe to go far from shore, as the ice does not look any too strong and full of air-holes.

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328 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, July 27, 1904:

STATIONS—	State of weather.	*Minimum.	*Maximum.	Rainfall, Inches and hundredths.
Alexandria	Clear	74	48	.0
Campbell	Clear	74	44	.0
Crookston	Pt cldy	72	50	.0
Detroit City	Clear	72	42	.0
Grand Meadows	Clear	82	50	T
Minneapolis	Clear	76	58	.0
Montevideo	Clear	78	44	.0
New Ulm	Clear	82	52	.0
Park Rapids	Clear	72	46	.0
Winnebago City	Clear	82	52	.0
Worthington	Clear	82	46	.0
Devils Lake	Clear	72	44	.0
Langdon	Cloudy	68	42	.0
Larimore	Clear	82	44	.0
Lisbon	Clear	78	44	.0
Pembina	Pt cldy	76	46	.0
Aberdeen	Clear	82	46	.0
Millbank	Clear	82	42	.0
Mitchell	Clear	82	46	.0
Redfield	Clear	82	46	.0
Bismarck	Clear	76	46	.0
Duluth	Clear	76	51	.0
Huron	Clear	82	48	.0
La Crosse	Clear	84	56	.0
Moorhead	Clear	74	48	.0
Pierre	Clear	84	56	.0
St. Paul	Clear	76	58	.0
Winnipeg	Clear	68	42	.0

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall.
**For twenty-four hours ending 8 a. m.
*For yesterday.
NOTE.—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

REMARKS.

Moderate temperature prevailed. Showers fell over portions of all districts except from the Dakotas northward; heavy at Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster, Weather Bureau.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.		
Creamery, prints	19	
Dairies, fancy	14 @	16
Packing stock	10½@	11
EGGS.		
Fresh	20	
CHEESE.		
Twins, full cream	10 @	11
Twins, full cream, old	8	
Full cream, young America	11 @	11½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½	
Limberger, full cream, cheese	12½	
Primost	7	
HONEY.		
New fancy, white clover	15	
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½@	13
Goldenrod	14	
Dark honey	14	
Buckwheat, dark	14	
MAPLE SUGAR.		
Vermont, per lb	12½	
Ohio, per lb	10	
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10	
PEAS AND BEANS.		
Fancy navy, per bus	2 15	@ 2 25
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 20	
Brown beans, fancy, bus	2 25	
NUTS.		
Filberts, per lb	12	
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16	
Cocoanuts	50	
Brazils, per lb	12	
Pecans, per lb	12	
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8	
Almonds	16	
Mixed nuts	12	
FRUITS.		
Strawberries	2 00	@ 3 00
California peaches, per box	1 00	
California plums, per box	1 50	@ 1 60
California apricots, per box	1 75	
Pineapples	4 50	@ 4 75
Cantcloupes, per crate	2 25	@ 2 50
Smyrna figs	1 00	@ 1 35
Bananas	2 00	@ 2 50
Lemons, per box	4 00	@ 4 00
Dates, Fard, per box	1 25	
Sugar walnut dates	1 10	
California oranges	4 00	@ 4 50
VEGETABLES.		
Lettuce, bushel	35	
Green Onions	15	
Pie plant, cwt	1 25	
Spinach, bushel	45	
Green beets, doz	25	
Minn. wax beans, box	90	@ 1 00
Tomatoes, crate	75	@ 85
Potatoes, bushel	60	@ 65
Green peas, bushel	90	@ 1 00
Mushrooms	60	
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	2 50	
Turnips	1 25	
Cabbage, crate	1 75	@ 2 00
Best cucumbers, doz	35	
POP CORN.		
Choice, per lb	3½	
Rice corn, shelled	6	
LIVE POULTRY.		
Spring chickens	25	
Hens	14	
Ducks	16	
Turkeys	12½@	13
Geese	12	
MEATS.		
Beef	9½	
Mutton	8½	
Lard	7½	
Pork loins	11	
Veal	8	
CIDER.		
Common juice, half bbl	3 75	
Fruit juice	6 50	
Duffy cider	3 25	

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Jul 27.—Butter, steady; creameries, 13@17c; dairies, 12@15c. Eggs, steady, at mark, cases included, 14½@15½c. Cheese, steady; daisies, 8@9½c; twins, 7¾@8c; young Americas, 8@9¼c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, July 27.—Butter irregular; prices unchanged; receipts 8562. Cheese irregular; receipts, 3800; state, full cream, small white fancy, 7½@7¾c; do fair to good, 7@8¼c; do poor, 6¼@7c. Eggs irregular; prices unchanged; receipts, 16,111.

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DECLINE IN STOCKS

Further Progress Downward Made By the General Market.

Closing Was Weak at About the Lowest Prices.

New York, July 27.—Fractional declines measure the effect of the London depression on the opening stock market here today. The losses were limited to ½ except for Southern Pacific, which fell ⅞, and Louisville & Nashville and Tennessee Coal, which fell ¾. A sale of 500 shares of United States Steel preferred at an advance of ⅛ over last night, but the price immediately ran off ½ on offerings of a 1000-share block and upwards.

Further progress downward by the general market followed the persistent selling of United States Steel preferred, the Pacific and some of the Western stocks. Losses approximated a point in a few cases and reached ⅝ in Hocking Valley. The decline ceased before 11 o'clock, but there were no decided rallies.

United States Steel preferred sold down ⅞ in the second hour, and losses ran to about a point in some of the other leaders, including Missouri Pacific, Canadian Pacific and Norfolk & Western. There were no engagements of gold for export, as was feared, and the market rallied. Union Pacific, Reading and Amalgamated Copper got a fraction over last night, and Tennessee Coal a point. Intense dullness followed the rally. Bonds were irregular at noon.

The market held up pretty well until large offerings of United States Steel preferred were again thrown on the market. These were supplemented by free selling of the grangrs and Pacifics, especially Union Pacific and the entire market declined again about the low point. United States Steel preferred sold down to 59⅜ and Union Pacific fell off to about 95.

United States Steel preferred touched 59¾, making the maximum decline 1⅞. Otherwise the losses of active stocks were quite uniform in the neighborhood of a point, and none of importance escaped. After a temporary pause the decline was resumed, Union Pacific breaking 2 to 94.½.

Active selling was renewed towards the close and prices went lower than before. United States Steel pfd lost 2¼; Atchison, 1⅞, and the entire list generally 1 to 2½. There was some light covering by some shorts but the closing was weak and quite active.

Quotations furnished by H. E. Gooch & Co., 103-105 Palladio Bldg.

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison	77¼	75⅝	75⅞
do pfd	96	95⅜	95⅝
B. R. T.	50⅝	49	49⅜
Baltimore & Ohio	88⅝	82½	82⅝
Canadian Pacific	122⅜	122¼	122¾
Chicago & Alton	40⅞	39¼	39½
Chicago Great Western	14¼	13⅜	13⅜
Delaware & Hudson	159½	159¼	159⅜
Erie	24⅜	23⅞	24
do first pfd	69⅜	68⅝	69¼
do second pfd	35½	35¼	35½
Illinois Central	113¼	112⅜	112⅝
Louisville & Nashville	113¼	112⅜	112⅜
Manhattan	150¼	150	150
Soo	74⅜	73½	73½
Met. Traction	115	114⅜	114⅜
Mexican Central	9½	9⅝	9½
M., K. & T.	17⅞	17½	17½
do pfd	38	38¼	38½
Missouri Pacific	92½	91¾	91¾
Northern Securities	102	101¾	101¾
New York Central	118	117¾	117¾
Norfolk & Western	60¼	59¾	59¾
Northwestern	178	177¾	177¾
Ontario & Western	31¼	30⅝	30⅝
Pennsylvania Railway	119⅝	118¼	118⅜
Rock Island	22¼	21⅝	21⅞
do pfd	65	63½	63½
Reading	52¼	50¾	51¼
do 1st pfd	83¾	82	82
Southern Railway	23⅞	23¾	23¾
do pfd	88	88	88
Southern Pacific	51⅜	50¾	50⅜
St. Paul	146⅜	145¾	145⅝
Texas Pacific	24¾	24⅛	24¼
T. C. R. T.	95⅝	95⅛	95¼
Union Pacific	93	84¼	94⅜
do pfd	93⅜	93⅛	93⅛
Wabash	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜
do pfd	35	34½	34¼
Wisconsin Central	17	16¾	17
do pfd	38	38	38
Anaconda Min.	73	72	72
Amalgamated Copper	52	50¼	50½
American Ice pfd	28¼	27¾	27¾
Am. Car com	18⅜	18	18
Am. Locomotive	21⅜	20½	20⅝
Am. Sugar Ref.	128¼	127⅛	127¼
Am. Smelt	57⅜	55½	55½
Pacific Mail	26⅛	25¾	25¾
Colorado Fuel and Iron	35¾	34	34½
General Electric	160	159⅞	159⅞
N. Y. Con. Gas	192¾	192	192
People's Gas	99⅞	98¾	98¾
Rep. I. & S.	7½	7⅝	7⅝
do pfd	44	42¾	42½
Tenn. Coal and Iron	42¼	41½	41¾
U. S. Leather	7⅛	7	7
U. S. Steel	11¼	11⅛	11⅛
d pfd	61¼	59⅝	59⅝
Western Union	88⅛	88	88

Total sales, 618,900 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

L. A. McIntyre & Co. to Paine, Webber & Co.: Indications this morning point to a further unsettled stock market, owing to the continued weakness of foreign markets on the Anglo-Russian situation, further adversely affecting general sentiment, and the spread of the strikes at both Chicago and Fall River, both of which are assuming very serious aspect. We do not expect to see any extensive selling movement or any important break, but rather believe the old bull interests are now likely to come forward and support the market and the short interest that is now being created will be made to form the basis of a renewed advance as soon as the high tension over the Russian situation and the good outlook for crops, and revival of general business this fall comes in far more attention in connection with the continued superabundance of cheap money.

* * *

Edwards, Wood & Co.: Securities almost without exception ruled heavy and lower, the decrease amounting to a good natural reaction. Professionals have been working for a soft spot to buy back on and absorbing of offerings for that account was in evidence near the close. Besides this, there are many other good signs that go toward making a better market. While easier prices seem to run through the list, industrials and tractions were offered in large blocks and show a wide range from Monday's close. The distinguishing feature to the market is that it moves as a whole. Advances or declines are temperate, equal and logical. The immediate outlook possibly is for some further weakness, but in the end will come healthful strength. Technical conditions are extremely sound. Investment buying by banks and insurance companies will increase rapidly at these prices and individual capitalists will compete with them for securities of good character. Think it safe to watch for opportunities now to pick up stocks that possess worth and are known to be active and buy them on any further recession.

* * *

Evans to Paine, Webber & Co.: The advance which this market has had was very much overdone. The market had been bulled to death. It was full of stop orders and long stock yesterday was freely thrown overboard. There may be a rally this afternoon but there is still a good deal of weakly held long stock and I believe that more liquidation must come and that prices are on the down grade. Would favor selling on all rallies. The showing by the United States Steel corporation of the smallest amount of unfilled orders ever seen in one of its reports proves that the stories we have so lately been hearing about the great improvement in the iron and steel trade are fairy stories.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street.

Stocks—	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	50⅜	50⅝
Adventure	87½	$1.00
Atlantic	9	9½
Allouez	8	8¼
Arcadian	.....	1
Elm River	2⅛	2⅜
Bingham	24¼	24½
Copper Range	51⅜	52
Centennial	23	23¼
Calumet and Hecla	473	475
Calumet and Arizona	.....	91
Calumet and Pittsburg	28½	29
Lake Sup. and Pittsburg.	30½	31
Isle Royale	10¼	11
Mass	4	4¼
Michigan	4	4½
Mohawk	41	42
Mayflower	50c	75c
Mercur Con	23	24
National	.....	1
Old Colony	50c	$1.00
Osceola	61	62
Phoenix	1	1½
Parrtt	.....	24
Quincy	85	87
Rhide Island	75c	80c
Santa Fe	1½	1⅞
Franklin	7	7½
Shannon	5⅝	5⅞
Tamarack	88	90
Trinity	7⅝	7⅞
Tennessee Copper	28	31
Utah	36¾	37
United States Mining	21⅛	21¼
United States Oil	10⅜	10⅝
Victoria	.....	3⅛
Wolverine	75	76
Wyandot	65c	75c
Winona	7¼	7¾
Daly West	14½	15
Greene Cons	14½	15
Calumet and Bisbee	.....	4
Calumet and Cochise	.....	6
Pittsburg and Duluth	.....	30
Higgins	.....	1

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co: Speculative sentiment has suddenly undergone a change. The number of bulls have been greatly diminished and most of the traders are talking bearish. Commission houses liquidated a lot of stock today and now that the selling movement is on it is not improbable that prices will go off again tomorrow. The statement of the steel corporation was taken by the street as a bearish factor. It showed about a million surplus for the quarter, however, compared with a deficit of nearly two millions the quarter previous. This does not look bad to us. Coppers were offered down. There was a marked scarcity of offerings. After a little further reaction we think copper will do to buy.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, July 27.—The cotton market opened quiet and steady, though somewhat irregular with July 5 points higher on light covering by belated shorts, while August was 4 points lower and the late months from unchanged to 4 points lower under disappointing cables, favorable crop reports and the poor trade situation. But offerings were again very light and following the call the same brokers who have been supporting the market for the past two or three weeks were moderate buyers, rallying the market about 7@12 points over the closing figures of the previous day. Business was quiet on the advance.

Cotton spot closed quiet, middling uplands, $10.70; middling gulf, $10.95; sales, 67 bales. Futures closed steady; July, $10.25; August, $10.15; September, $9.96; October, $9.97; November, $9.62; December, $9.64; January, $9.65.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, July 27.—Close: Money on call very easy, 1 per cent closing bid, ¾ offered at 1. Time loans steady, 60 and 90 days, 2½@2¾ per cent; six months, 3½@3¾ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3¾@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87.95@4.88 for demand and at $4.85.10@20 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.85¼@4.86 and $4.88½@; commercial bills, $4.85¾. Bar silver, 53c. Mexican dollars, 49⅜c. Government bonds weak; railroad bonds easy.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, July 27.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $144,388,458; gold, $44,676,901; silver, $31,649,899; United States notes, $15,069,681; treasury notes of 1890, $98,017; national bank notes, $16,912,221; total receipts this day, $1,568,862; total receipts this month, $38,079,271; total receipts this year, $38,079,271; total expenditures this day, $1,900,000; total expenditures this month, $59,340,000; total expenditures this year, $59,340,000; deposits in national banks, $120,188,050.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul—Barrett & Zimmerman report receipts light, owing to the impossibility in procuring horses in the country. The fast approaching of the heavy harvest throughout the country makes the farmers retain their horses. Values:

Drafters, extra	$180 to 225
Drafters, good to choice	150 to 180
Drafters, common to good	125 to 150
Farm mares, extra	135 to 155
Farm mares, choice	115 to 135
Farm mares, common to good	80 to 115

FARMS FOR EMPLOYES

Pennsylvania Railroad May Allot Gardens to Its Employes.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 27.—Waste places are to be converted into fruitful farms and railroad employes of various grades are to become farmers if the scheme now being investigated by the Pennsylvania railroad is found to be feasible. The plan was suggested by Dr. W. H. Tolman of this city, director of the American Institute of Social Service.

"It came about in this way," explained Dr. Tolman. "When I was in France last year I was extremely interested in the workingmen's gardens and made an investigation.

"These gardens," said Dr. Tolman, "are an excellent substitute for the saloon. They are one of the best counteracting agencies against tuberculosis, and they tend to make workers more contented, since a man will take pride and satisfaction in raising his own vegetables.

"A similar movement began in this country in 1894 when the so-called Pingree potato patches were laid out in Detroit. We followed with the vacant lot farms in New York but the land became too expensive for us to continue the work here. Philadelphia, however, has kept up the work, and this is its eighth successful year. Mr. Cassatt therefore has an opportunity to see at first hand how well the scheme works.

"I was present at the midsummer inspection of vacant lot gardens and school gardens in Philadelphia on Wednesday. Near Logan station in that city there are about 250 gardens of that kind, which support almost entirely that many families. Not one of the applicants this year has abandoned his plot, and there are seventy-five families on the waiting list. The gardens contain about one-fourth of an acre each, and in addition to supplying the family with the greater part of the food supply many of them yield a profit of from $100 to $150 worth of produce."

The terms of apportionment will not be decided upon until the superintendent's report has been made to Mr. Cassatt.

Dr. Tolman believes that if this great railroad finds the idea practicable it will be the starting point for a system of workmen's gardens in connection with many industrial and commercial enterprises equaling that which is so successful in France.

Herald "want ads" beat a kingdom—they get a horse.

MARINE NEWS

FORCED TO PAY.

On her departure from the local harbor the pleasure yacht Pathfinder, belonging to Frank W. Morgan, was held up a short time until the claim of a deck hand, Bert Olson, for $29, was paid. The boat was held under a summons from United States Commissioner Pressnell.

REPAIRS TO AMERICA.

Repairs to the America, which are being made while the boat is on her trips, will probably be completed in time for her trip out Friday. This will add seven staterooms which were torn out in the collision with the Hawgood liner Holmes.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, July 27.—(Special to The Herald).—Up: Vance, 10 Tuesday night; M. T. Green and consort, 9:40; Curry, 10; Andaste, 10:30; Admiral, 12; Ward, Harlow, 12:15 Wednesday morning; Isabella Boyce and consort, 1; Stephenson and whaleback, 1:20; Plankinton, 1:40; James Hoyt, 3:30; Wolvin (old), 3:40; Pease, 4:20; Kirby, Hartnell, 8:30; Hurlbut, Smith, 9; Lily, Niagara, 10:30. Down: Gayley, 1 Wednesday morning; Fayette, Langham, 4; Cort, Castle, Rhodes, 7:30; Neilson and whaleback, McDougall, 6:30; Republic, 8; Luzon, 8:10; Budgaria, 8:40; Algeiria, Ogdeay, 9:30; Pratt, 10.

Up yesterday: Tionesta, 11:20; Bethlehem, 12:30 p. m.; McVittie, French, 1:20; Thomsan and whaleback, 2:15; Gates, 4; Northern Light, 4:20; Paris, Midland Queen, Glasgow, 6:40; Cowle, 7. Down: Colonel, 11:30; Frick, Anna Minch, noon; Chicago, 4:40 p. m.; Wilbert Smith, Stewart, Mahoning, 5:20; North Star, Cherokee and consort, Nottingham, 6; Persque Isle, 7:40; Parent, 8:15.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, July 27.—(Special to The Herald).—Up: Hanna, 11 Tuesday night; Sevona, 1; Wednesday morning; Pickands, 4; Buffalo, 6; Ellwood, Charles Neff, Japan, 7:40. Down: China, 9:30 Tuesday night; Boby, Ketcham, 11; Colgate, Hoyt, 1:30 Wednesday morning; America, Cadillac, 2; Adams, 8.

Later—Up: Christie, 8:30; Newmount, Saturn, Heffelfinger, 9; Murphy, Russia, 9:30; Osceola, 10, Sowan; Maunaloa, Nasaba, Manitoba, 8:30; Kerr, Gilchrist, Carnegie, Uganda, 11.

TO REGAIN LAND TAKEN FROM COUNTY

County Authorities Will Make Attempt to Recover Territory.

Given to Lake County By Legislative Act of 1895.

St. Louis county is to make an attempt, through the courts, to recover the strip of territory from Lake Superior northward, which the legislature of 1895 took away from it by moving the boundary line between St. Louis and Lake counties about three-fourths of a mile to the west.

The eastern boundary line of St. Louis county has been a matter of dispute ever since the legislature moved it and there are many who believe the legislature exceeded its powers under the state constitution and St. Louis county still owns the seventy-five square miles which has, since 1895, been considered by Lake county as part of its domain.

County Attorney McClintock has been taking the matter up with County Auditor Halden with a view of taking the preliminary steps to get the matter into court, and Mr. Halden has indicated his intention of spreading on the county tax rolls enough of the realty and personal property in the disputed territory to make a test case.

The county attorney's office has been looking into the matter and confidence is expressed that St. Louis county has an excellent show for regaining a strip of valuable territory of which it is claimed that the legislature of 1895 wrongfully deprived it.

To many people in the county the eastern boundary line dispute is not a new subject. That there are a great many people cognizant of the conditions and who themselves have doubt as to whether Lake county really is entitled to the territory taken, is evidenced by the fact that most of the deeds of transfer in the disputed territory are recorded in both St. Louis county and Lake county, the buyer preferring to be on the safe side.

Briefly put, the situation is this: When the organic act was passed making Minnesota a state, and establishing the boundaries of its counties, the state constitution stated definitely that the boundary line between St. Louis and Lake counties should start from a point at the mouth of Knife river on the north shore and run due north. This imaginary line was accepted as the boundary line until the legislature of 1895 arbitrarily, it is claimed, fixed the eastern boundary line of St. Louis county on the range 12 line, or moved it to the westward about three-fourths of a mile. This cut off a strip from St. Louis county three-fourths of a mile wide and about eighty-four miles long, or, approximately, took seventy-five miles from this county and added it to Lake county.

It will be contended by St. Louis county that the action of the state constitution which fixed the county boundary lines explicitly stated that no county should be diminished in size without the voted consent of the people residing within its borders. That the people of St. Louis county never gave their consent to the annexation of 75 square miles of their territory to Lake county is simply a matter of history.

The confusion that has arisen over the boundary line dispute is considerable, and there are a great many people owning property affected who will be relieved to have the matter settled once for all time, whether the court holds that they shall be taxed in St. Louis county or in Lake county.

To St. Louis county the recovery of the strip of territory now being taxed in Lake county means several thousand dollars of revenue added to the county treasury every year, in taxes and liquor licenses.

If the courts hold that the boundary line should remain where the constitution fixed it, then St. Louis county will regain territory including the townsite at Knife river with two saloons paying licenses, and the Swallow & Hopkins sawmill at Winton, which is a large institution and which will be in operation for the next 10 or 12 years. It will also regain the famous section 30, and other lands in which there is supposed to be iron ore.

The regaining of this land will not only be an important matter in the way of taxes which will come this way instead of going to Two Harbors, but in case of county division in the future, a thing which many believe will be accomplished, the additional strip of taxpaying property will preve a valuable asset to the new county that may be formed.

There are several methods by which the county boundary fight can be brought to an issue, but that most likely to be pursued will be for the county auditor to select a few localities and put the real and personal property taxes on the tax rolls of St. Louis county. When the taxpayers refuse or neglect to pay their taxes the regular procedure of a tax sale will be undertaken and the delinquents will be brought into court. This will raise the question of which county is entitled to the territory and Lake county will come into the suit as an intervenor. In fact any of the people living in the disputed strip may become intervenors.

Another way that the action might commence directly would be for Lake county, when County Auditor Halden puts the assessed valuations on the rolls of this county, to ask the courts for an injunctional order preventing the collecting of taxes.

Still another possible way of getting the matter into court would be for the people in the disputed territory to pay their taxes into the St. Louis county treasury. This would mean that Lake county would have to begin the action.

When the act of the legislature was passed giving Lake county the strip of territory, it spent something like $300 to have transcribed all the deeds covering the land in dispute, and of record in this county.

It is proposed, now, that in case St. Louis county can win back the territory it believes itself justly entitled to, that no effort be made to work a hardship on the taxpayers by compelling them to pay over taxes which the court may hold rightfully belong to this county and which have been paid in Lake county since 1895, but that hereafter St. Louis county shall have all that is coming to it. The back taxes, it is said, could go toward compensating Lake county for the expense put to it in transcribing the records of the deeds.

The action of St. Louis county in forcing the matter into court gives promise of a big legal fight for Lake county is not to be expected to relinquish without a struggle the territory she has for nearly ten years regarded as belonging within her borders.

County Attorney McClintock and Assistant County Attorney W. G. Grosby, who have been making a record for the office in tax matters in the past term, express their willingness and readiness to take up the fight in behalf of the county just as soon as the auditor can start the preliminary skirmish by putting real and personal property in the disputed territory on the tax rolls of this county.

The law gives the county auditor power to put on the rolls land or personal property that the assessors may have neglected or failed to discover, and Auditor Halden will exercise this power by putting some of the disputed real and personal property on the rolls for tax collection.

WILL IMPROVE THE SERVICE

Mail Transfer Clerk Appointed For Union Depot at Duluth.

Lars Ouse, of Fergus Falls, a railway mail clerk on the Great Northern run between Duluth and Grand Forks, has been appointed mail transfer clerk at the Union depot, on an order issued by officials at the head of the postoffice department. This will be the first time that Duluth has had such a clerk. St. Paul and Minneapolis are the only other cities in the state having them.

The duties of Mr. Ouse will be to check pouches in and out of the local office and to see that they are properly transferred; also to look after registered mail. Heretofore it has been the custom of railway mail clerks to call for registered mail at the local office an hour before the time set for the departure of their trains, the registered packages being transferred directly from the office to the clerks. Mr. Ouse will now deliver registered mail on the trains, allowing a half hour longer for it to be made up at the office. He also has authority to transfer it from train to train, without its being in the local office at all, where before all such mail transferred in Duluth had to visit the office. Through registered packages will thus make quicker time, by not losing any time in Duluth other than a brief interval between the arriving and outgoing train.

BETTER ORDER EARLY.

Grocers and Butchers to Close Early Thursday.

Housewives finding their supply of groceries and meats running short will do well to make their purchases before 11 o'clock tomorrow morning, for at that hour all grocery stores and butcher shops in the city will close, and remain closed during the remainder of the day, on account of the grocers' picnic at Lincoln park. Bosses, clerks and all will take a half holiday in honor of the event. A program of athletic events will be pulled off at the park. A ball game will be played between the Duluth and West Duluth retail grocery clerks, among other things.

STEAMER WARNED

Of Presence of Vladivostok Fleet In Pacific.

San Francisco, July 27.—The Occidental & Oriental steamship company's steamer Gaelic, Captain Brown, now enroute from this port to Japan and China, has been warned of the presence of the Vladivostok fleet in the Pacific. The Gaelic is carrying a cargo of merchandise valued at $322,90 and her treasure box contains silver bullion valued at $27,80. Her largest consignment of flour is destined for neutral ports in the Orient. For Japan she is carrying sixty-six rolls of leather, 60 cases of alcohol and a miscellaneous assortment of merchandise.

AN INCH OF HAIL FALLS AT ESCANABA.

Milwaukee, July 27.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Escanaba, Mich., says: One of the heaviest hail storms that has occurred in many years in Delta county swept over Escanaba today, covering the ground to the depth of fully an inch. Windows were broken and crops damaged.

The rarest combination of good things ever put together is Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It cures pimples, indigestion, constipation, rheumatism, sick headache. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

A Few Great Northern Rates.

July 22, 23, 25, 26 and 27. St. Paul or Minneapolis and return. $5.75. Return limit August 2.

July 27th, Winnipeg, Man., and return. $16.70, return limit August 8th.

August 5th, 7th, 9th and 11th, Devils Lake, N. D., and return. $16.00, return limit August 31st.

Aug. 11th, 12th and 13th, G. A. R. meeting, Boston, Mass., and reutrn. $31.30, via direct routes; $34.25 via New York and steamer; $35.00, via New York and rail. Rturn limit Aug. 20th. Limit extended to Sept. 30, on payment of fifty cents.

St. Louis World's Fair rates: July 25, seven day tickets, $16.25; daily, sixteen day tickets, $24.40; sixty day tickets, $27.10; season tickets, $32.50.

The ticket office is at 432 West Superior street, Spalding hotel corner.

Northern Pacific Ry. Reduced Rates.

Daily to Sept. 30th, Denver, Colorado Springs; good returning Oct. 31, $30.65.

Daily to Sept. 30, Salt Lake City, Ogden; good returning Oct. 31, $42.

Daily to Sept. 30, Deadwood and Lead, S. D.; good returning Oct. 31, $30.15. For tickets and full information, call at City office, 332 West Superior street.

Milwaukee Wis., and Return, $11.80.

On July 27 and 28, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to Milwaukee and return at $11.90. Tickets good for return August 1. City Ticket Office, 302 West Superior street, Lonsdale building.

Louisiana Purchase Exposition, St. Louis, Mo.

The Northern Pacific railway (Duluth Short-Line) have on sale tickets to St. Louis and return, as follows:

Good returning 16 days, $24.40.
Good returning sixty days, $27.10
Good returning Dec. 15th, $32.50.

Four trains daily, including Lake Superior limited. Tickets good either via Chicago or St. Paul. For full information and tickets, call at City Ticket office, 332 West Superior street.

PLANS ARE MAKING

Omaha Officials to Build Fine Freight Shed on Dock.

Duluth & Iron Range Is Already Planning New Car Shops.

It is said that the new freight house to be built on the Omaha dock will be of different construction from the old, both for the purpose of avoiding as much damage by fire in future, if the structure should get ablaze, as well as to have a building that will withstand the jarring that is caused by boats, which sometimes strike against the piers with bumps that are by no means gentle.

Nothing official could be learned on the plant today, but it is certain that plans are being drawn now for a new building, and that bids will be in the hands of the authorities in charge of the reconstruction in a short time.

When the officials were here a few days ago it is understood that they contemplated a brick building. The filling of the dock which makes a foundation ground between the slips is of sand and the whole is considered strong and substantial, not having been damaged to any material extent by the flames. But it is said now that from the experience of other companies with brick pier houses that brick is undesirable for the reason that it is so easy for the jarring of boats against the sides of the dock to disintegrate the plaster between the bricks and thus make the walls constantly weaker and liable to crumble.

The kind of building being considered at this time, is said to be one of steel frame with iron sheeting walls and a cement floor and some kind of roof as near fire proof as is possible to obtain. The old building had a plank floor, walls of frame, covered with corrugated iron, and a gravel roof. While the company is not crowded for dock accommodations here at this time, owing to the use its Superior and Itasca docks, the desire of the people in control is to get the work done as fast as possible, and get a start within the next 30 days, if possible. It is understood the new building will cost $30,000 or more.

PLANS BEING PREPARED.

Steps for Rebuilding Iron Range Car Shops.

Thte Duluth & Iron Range railroad is losing no time in reconstructing its burned car shops at Two Harbors, which were destroyed at an early hour yesterday morning. Plans are already being drawn for a new shop building under the direction of Chief Engineer R. Angst, and F. H. White, purchasing agent of the company, is understood to be in Chicago arranging for the purchase of new machinery.

President F. E. House, Mr. Angst and Mr. White were on the ground yesterday almost immediately after learning of the blaze and took quick steps toward re-establishing the repairing plant, returning to Duluth on a special train in the afternoon. The fact that the loss occurred in the midst of the ore shipping season makes it more imperative to have the shops replaced rapidly than it would have been at any other time.

There were three flat cars being rebuilt in the shop at the time of the fire and these were the only stock destroyed.

Officials of the road today stated that they did not believe the loss would be as great as at first reported, and that it would probably not be over $24,000. The loss is entirely covered by insurance, the United States Steel corporation carrying its own insurance on all its property of whatever kind.

Ready for Wheat.

From present indications all the local railways will be in good condition to combat the wheat movement this season, as they have more cars available than last year at this time. The roads never have enough cars to move the wheat crop, in a literal sense, for if they bought enough cars with which to move the wheat crop as fast as it was offered, they would probably be bankrupt. At any rate, they would have a lot of idle cars on their hands most of the balance of the year.

Harvesters' Tickets.

Harvesters' tickets that go on sale during the month of August to parties of five or more going on one ticket enable the holders to return in parties of the same number on payment of the nominal additional price of one dollar per capita. The tickets are to certain portions of this state and the Dakotas and are $6 per capita going which added to the dollar to return, makes a $7 round trip rate. To secure the cheap return ticket the buyers have to have a certificate obtained from the agent on buying the ticket.

Announce the Rate.

Both the Northern Pacific and the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic today announced a rate of $25.75 to Boston and return for the Grand Army meeting. It is said to look now as though the rate would settle there, and that the South Shore people are inclined to "be good." Some of that line's competitors say it should be satisfied with offering through sleeper service or optional lake and rail routes.

West Not Active.

W. G. Ulrich, assistant city ticket agent of the Omaha, returned today from Dalles, Ore., where he went to prove on a timber claim on which he filed last fall. He has 160 acres with about 2,000,000 feet of timber on it, and says he is very well satisfied with what he has secured. Speaking of conditions in the far west, he reported Portland as rather dull at this time, and not apparently as busy as Duluth, which, he said, was a pretty good place to be.

Discards Blankets.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway company owns and operates the sleeping cars in service on its various lines, and has just inaugurated an innovation. On its "Southwest Limited" trains between Chicago and Kansas Cit, white counterpanes or bedspreads have replaced the heavy woolen blankets which have heretofore been in evidence twelve months in each year, much to the discomfort in hot weather of sleeping car patrons.

Blankets will be held in reserve and within reach for cool nights. This innovation is calculated to not only add to the comfort of passengers, but it will appeal to all who like a bed that is inviting in appearance.

CITY BRIEFS.

Have your hair shampood by Margaret Kelly, specialist over Suffel's.

The last quarterly meeting or love feast to be held during the pastorate of Dr. S. P. Long, of the First Methodist church, will take place tomorrow evening at the church.

Big time at Lester Park tomorrow afternoon and evening.

The Silberstein & Bondy Co., announces for tomerrow a half-price sale on shirt waists and all wash suits and summer garments.

Helga J. Dahlback has begun an action in district court for a divorce from John E. Dahlback, on the grounds of desertion.

The agency of the North British and Mercantile Insurance company has been transferred to Manley-McLennan agency. This insurance company is one of the largest fire companies in the world and will be a valuable acquisition to this agency.

Launches for rent. Patterson, Sixth avenue west.

PERSONAL.

Miss Swenson has returned from Ox Lake, Wis.

P. D. Lyon, traveling passenger agent of the Chicago, ock Island & Pacific, is in the city today.

Miss Houch left today for Milwaukee.

Mrs. H. J. Irwin will leave tonight for Lindsay, Ont.

Miss E. Colby goes to Portland, Me., this evening.

E. A. Moore has gont to Chicago.

ENGINEER BARRY DEAD.

Hinckley Fire Hero Dies at St. Paul.

Edward E. Barry, a Great Northern engineer who distinguished himself during the Hinckley fire in September, 1894, died yesterday morning at St. Joseph's hospital, St. Paul, from heart disease, with which he had been suffering during the past year.

Barry received a gold medal for his bravery in saving the lives of hundreds of people by running his train into the doomed town in the fact of a devouring holocaust. He was one of several men who risked their lives to save the people of the burning district.

About a year ago Barry began to suffer from heart disease, but the malady did not become critical until four days ago. He was stopping in St. Paul, at 472 Jackson street, when he became ill and was removed from there to the hospital.

Barry's home was at Superior. He was with the Great Northern twenty years and was one of the most trusted engineers on the system. He was 46 years old. He is survived by his wife. He was a member of A. O. H., division No. 2, and of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

ATTENTION GROCERYMEN!
Why not take your families and spend the day at Fond du Lac?
STEAMER NEWSBOY
Leave foot Fifth avenue west, 9 a. m., returning 6:30 p. m. Refreshing boat ride. Picnic grounds free to patrons of boat. Round trip—Adults, 50c; children, 25c; children under 6 years, free.

JAPANESE CASUALTIES

Before Ta Tche Kiao Were Eight Hundred Men.

Tokio, July 27.—The Japanese casualties before Ta Tche Kiao were eight hundred.

The Russian Vladivostok squadron was seen sixty miles off Tokio bay at dawn this morning. It then moved to the south.

The army of General Oku, combined with what is known as the Takushan forces, attacked Ta Tche Kiao Sunday night and on Monday captured all the important topographical keys. The Russian forces consisted of five divisions. The losses are unknown.

London, July 27.—A lengthy meeting of the defense committee took place today under the presidency of Premier Balfour, at which the attorney general does not usually attend these meetings, but it was stated that the questions at issue between Russia and Great Britain were under discussion and that Sir Robert was called in to advise as to the questions of international law involved.

Perim, Red Sea, July 27.—Two Russian vessels, supposed to be the volunteer fleet steamers St. Petersburg and Smolensk, passed here this morning bound for Jibutil, French Somaliland. They showed no colors.

VERITY AND PUTNAM

Secretary and Treasurer of Republican State Committee.

St. Paul, July 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—The organization of the new Republican state central committee was completed today at the Windsor hotel by naming W. E. Verity, of Wadena, secretary, and W. R. Putnam, of Red Wing, treasurer.

Chairman Conde Hamlin was authorized to name an executive committee, consisting of one committeeman from each congressional district, with himself as chairman ex-officio.

WISCONSIN MAN KILLED.

Chicago, July 27.—Hiram Schnebly, owner of flouring mill interests in Wisconsin, and also a prominent politician, was killed today at Greenlake station by being struck by a train of cars. Death was instantaneous. Mr. Schnebly was 72 years old.

HANCOCK MAN DEAD.

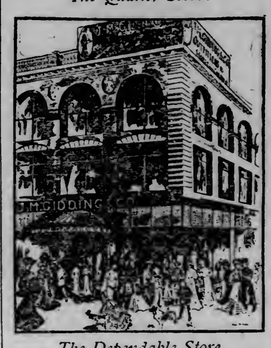
Houghton, Mich., July 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Edward L. Wright, prominent in insurance circles and well-known Sunday school and Y. M. C. A. worker, died at Hancock yesterday of cancer. He was 57 years old and leaves a widow and family of five.


Those in the Country
Desiring to have their Sewing Machine repaired should pack the head of the machine carefully, with their names on the box, and it will be repaired reasonably and all necessary supplies filled at catalogue prices by
DULUTH SEWING MACHINE REPAIR SHOP,
No. 1 Lake Ave., (Basement)

J. M. GIDDING & CO. | Superior Street and First Avenue West. | J. M. GIDDING & CO.

Women's Suits at Just HALF PRICE!

The Quality Store.



The Dependable Store.

We have just eighty-three fine suits left which we must close out at once to make room for new fall goods. These consist of blouse and Eton effects—in broadcloths, cheviots, fancy mixtures, mohairs and voiles—in blue, black, brown, grey and champagne—some silk lined. These are the very best styles and values we have shown this season—all go at just exactly half price—none reserved—former prices were from $29.50 to $97.50—No approvals, no exchanges. Alterations charged for

"The Style Store." J M Gidding & Co SUPERIOR ST. & FIRST AVE. WEST WOMENS OUTFITTERS "The Style Store."

CONVENTION OF NORTH DAKOTA DEMOCRATS

Grand Forks, N. D., July 27.—The Democratic state convention is in session here today with A. C. Burr, of Bottineau, as temporary chairman. Very early in the proceedings a fight developed against B. S. Brynjolfson, who was selected at the Fargo county convention for chairman of the state central committee, for the purpose of deposing him. The first test vote resulted in Brynjolfson developing enough strength so that a motion objectionable to him was withdrawn.

M. F. Hegge, of Traill county, is the only man mentioned as candidate for governor. James Campbell, of Morton, and S. Serumgard, of Ramsey, will probably be the congressional nominee. The convention promises to be a lively one.

JUDGE PARKER CANNOT ATTEND CHICAGO MEET

Chicago, July 27.—Judge Parker, the Democratic presidential candidate, will not come to Chicago to attend the Democratic demonstration planned for August 20. This information is contained in a letter received today by Mayor Harrison from Judge Parker. The judge, after expressing regrets, added inability to visit Chicago on the date mentioned, and urged the mayor to visit him at Esopus. Mayor Harrison says he will accept the invitation.

MINNESOTA YACHTSMEN TRYING OUT THEIR BOATS

Montreal, July 27.—The White Bear yachtsmen of St. Paul took their boats Delta and Sigma up lake St. Louis today for the first of a series of private trials which will last all afternoon. The boat making the best showing in the series will be selected to race against the Norna, of the Royal St. Lawrence yacht club, for the Seawanhaka cup. The cup races begin on Aug. 4. There is no telegraphic communication with the point on lake St. Louis where today's try out is taking place.

WHITNEY'S ESTATE $21,334,101.

New York, July 27.—According to the schedules of the estate of the late William C. Whitney, which were filed today the estate is estimated at $21,334,101.

RYAN WILL GO TO ST. LOUIS.

New York, July 27.—Council for J. J. Ryan, the turfman, announced that their petition for a writ of habeas corpus which was filed today had been withdrawn and that Ryan would go to St. Louis at once as a prisoner.

St. Louis, Mo. and Return $16.25.

On July 11th and 25th "The North-Western Line" will sell "Coach" excursion tickets to St. Louis, Mo., at $16.25 for the round trip. Tickets bearing return limit of 7 days from date of sale. City Ticket Office, 302 West Superior street.

Iron River and Brule and Return.

Saturdays and Sundays the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to Brule and Iron River, Wis., and return at one fare for the round trip; good returning the following Monday. For full information and tickets, call at City office, 332 West Superior street.

St. Paul, Minneapolis and Return $5.75.

July 22, 23, 25, 26 and 27, the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to St. Paul and Minneapolis and return at $5.75, for round trip. Tickets good returning up to and including August 2nd. Three trains each way. For full information and tickets call at City Office, 332 West Superior street.

Brule and Return $1.05.

On Sundays, the Northern Pacific will sell tickets to Brule and return at $1.05. Train leaves 8 a. m., returning arrives 7:10 p. m. Don't miss this opportunity to land the big trout. For full particulars and tickets, call at City Ticket office, No. 332 West Superior street.

The Herald has the circulation. Of this fact there is no doubt. Not only has it the circulation, but it has the circulation that counts. Try The Herald's want columns and get the best and quickest results.

BEARS IN DROVES.

Alaskan Coast Island That Swarms with the Beasts.

It is distinctly up to some bold woodsman or sportsman, or both, to take his life in his hands and solve the mystery that overhangs Montague island, writes an Alaskan correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger. It would be pleasant, from some points of view, to leave this grim, forbidding land alone, surrounded by its furrowed waters and overclouded in fancy with the mists of terror with which the tongues of tradition have surrounded its rocky heights. But the interests of science will not let things rest there. The truth must come out.

But until it has been searched high and low with a fine-tooth comb, Montague island will remain the bogey of the natives and old hunters of Southwestern Alaska. No such number of tales of hair-raising adventure cluster about any other section of the land of cold and gold and hardship.

All these stories, be they fiction or feat, deal with bears—bears big and little, old and young—but bears by the drove. The natives firmly believe that there are more bears to the square mile on Montague island than there are cattle in Wyoming. Grim and awful tales are circulated about narrow escapes of those few hardy adventurers who have dared to set foot upon the island. Almost without exception, these persons saw bears in flocks. How many they could not tell. About every old timer one meets has tales of prospectors or trampers who have fled in terror from the bears of Montague island.

The island can be plainly seen from the deck of the steamer bound for Valdez. It lies on the seaward side of the entrance to Prince William Sound, and is about sixty miles long and twenty miles across—so far as can be estimated by the eye. Nobody has ever cared to stay there long enough to survey it. Its hill rise steeply from the sea and are heavily wooded to their very summits.

An old hunter named Bonham gave an account of the reported doings on Montague island which fairly represents the general view of the place. "No," he said, "I ain't ever been to Montague island myself—never seemed exactly to git the time. But I knew a party of three that went there at one time prospectin'. They went over in a sloop and took a good outfit, with a grub stake big enough to last 'em several months, if they had a mind to stay that long and found anything to make it worth their while. They stayed just one night, and it was the longest night any of them ever spent. I want to state.

"They got ashore one afternoon, set up their tent, and got a lot of their stuff ashore, cooked supper and, after a smoke, turned into their blankets and dropped off to sleep. They made a mighty short nap of it, though, being routed out by a noise in the woods near by. It sounded as though a drove of elephants was rollin' in the underbrush. They piled a lot of brush on the fire, same as they'd do if 'twas wolves, but it didn't go. The row in the woods grew bigger all the time.

"Well, these fellers concluded that the boat was a better place to spend the rest of the night, and they didn't sleep so very sound at that. Next day they got up the nerve to go ashore again, and the camp looked as if a hostile army had been lootin' it. Everything eatable was eat, and everything else was turned inside out and upside down. Bear tracks was plenty as blackflies in August. They made up their minds there wa'n't any gold on Montague island and sailed for the mainland that very day.

"I knew another prospector that went to Montague island alone, which was a fool thing to do if a man's after brown bear. A feller's first barrel might not do the trick, and a wounded brown bear's a bad customer. Well, this lad didn't even make a one-night stand of it. He said he'd seen bears in herds—bears as big as cows."

Valdez has a tale of two hunters who pooh-poohed what they called the Montague bear pipe-dream, and started out to prove there was nothing in it but a lot of old-wive's yarns. When they got back to the continent they admitted in response to diligent questioning that they had stayed on the island just one consecutive half hour. "We got about half a mile from shore," said one of them, "when I got sight of a brown bear. About the time I drew a bead on him another one showed up. That was all right one showed up. Me and my podner could handle two of them O. K. But you can put me down for a tenderfoot if a third and a fourth one didn't loom up before we could fire at the first two.

"And say—they were the most enormous brown bears you ever saw. I didn't wait to measure 'em, but they looked 12 or 14 feet high. Maybe they wa'n't that high. Things have a way of looking bigger when you see 'em over your shoulder—especially bears. The next time I go to Montague island it'll be with a Gatling gun."

The most tragic of the Montague island bear tales is told at Eyak.

"About five years ago," said Mr. Story, manager of the big Eyak cannery, "a party of eight natives from Natcheek, on Hinchinbrook island, set out in three bidarkas (the native canoe) to go to Montague island to hunt and trap game. The owner of a passing sailboat reported seeing them land, but nothing was ever heard of them again. Their relatives went in search of them, but no trace of the party was ever found. It is generally believed that the Montague bears got them. Of course, they may have been wrecked, but there was no storm at the time, and even had there been it is more than likely that at least one of the bidarkas would have weathered it, as these frail craft are capable, in the skillful hands of the natives, of riding out some heavy blows."

Capt. Zemro S. Moore, of the steamer Nome City, has been sailing in Alaskan waters for fourteen years. His view of the reputation of Montague island is as follows:

"I never landed on Montague island, but I've heard scores of yarns about the size and number of bears there. I can't help thinking that there must be some truth in them."

But there is one man who scoffs at the stories of gruesome doings on Montague island. He is Olaf Carlson, first officer of the Nome City.

"I've heard any number of yarns spun about the bears on Montague island being so numerous and fierce," he said, "but I don't take much stock in them. You always get them from somebody else who heard them from another man who, in his turn, had them handed to him from some person who got it second hand.

"There are some bears there, I know. I bought three skins from a native who said he got them on Montague, and one of them was certainly a whopper. The hide itself measured twelve feet from the nose to the tip of the tail."

Despite this view, the general impression prevails among Alaskans, natives and whites alike, that Montague island is a good place to stay away from, even with bearskins at $5 each. The brown bear up there is declared to be as fierce as the grizzly of the mountains. A black bear will generally run if he sees a man, but the brown bear is a somewhat insolent fellow and when wounded a truly terrible antagonist.

For a want in your home or in your business, try a Herald want ad.

TEA DRINKING.

Donald N. Reid's protest against tea-drinking in Iceland and elsewhere is of more importance than might appear to the uninitiated, says the London Review. Tea, like any other nerve-stimulant, is good for men and women if taken in moderation and when properly made. As drunk in Ireland and in some of our colonies—notably Australia—it is harmful as undiluted alcohol. I have heard of many cases of tea intoxication in the back blocks of Australia. The colonist does not make fresh tea every time he wants a cup, and he wants many per diem, but puts new leaves on the old, and in the course of a few days the concoction is one of tannin. He ruins both his digestion and his nerves.

'Phone your wants, small advertisements of all kinds sent by telephone to The Herald receive prompt and careful attention. Ask central for 324, either 'phone.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Harry E. Gelineau and Esther Stresow.

BIRTHS.

ANDERSON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Axel Anderson, of 528 First avenue east, July 24.

SALOM—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. A. Salom, of 905 West Michigan street, July 25.

WILCOX—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. James Wilcox, of 1809 South street, July 26.

O'BRIEN—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Michael O'Brien, of 505 North Fifty-seventh avenue west, July 25.

SEARS—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Harry A. Sears, of 212 South Sixty-third avenue west, July 25.

BUILDING PERMITS.

John Jenswold, brick flats, on West First street, between Park and Seventeenth avenues, to cost.....$7,000

T. A. Thompson, stone foundation on Fifth street, between Lake and First avenues east, to cost..... 700

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

A subtle charm, alluring attractiveness is given by Satin Skin Powder—both protects and beautifies; 4 tints.

SITUATION WANTED — CORNELL graduate desires position as office assistant or clerk. Address, Herald D 69.

FOR PAINTING, PAPERING AND hardwood finishing, etc., call on Andrew Ringsred. Store 103 West Fourth street. Old 'phone 513 M.

Yesterday, Today, Tomorrow, Always

The Herald for Want Advertising. Quick, Unfailing Results Have Made The Herald the Want Medium of Duluth.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.

$2200 Buys 200 foot corner on Fourth street—street and avenue improved—central—a snap either for improvement or speculation.

$1000 Buys 80 acres best farming land in the county on fine road close to city, and very easy to put under cultivation—this offering is worthy of investigation.

$225 Buys lot in Portland division—Eleventh avenue east and Seventh street.

$650 Six-room house — one-quarter cash, balance easy terms, 6 per cent. Duluth Heights.

$750 Five-room cottage, graded street; lot and half of ground; ¼ cash, balance easy terms.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.
Mortgage Loans—Fire Insurance.
220 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

PARK POINT LOTS.

25 beautiful lots on Minnesota and Lake avenues for sale from $200 to $350. Good title guaranteed. They are on 7th, 8th, 9th, 27th and 32nd streets. Great many in the finest portion of the point and some have pine shade trees on them.

Lots for sale in all parts of Park Point at away down prices. Be sure and see us before you buy.

GEO. H. CROSBY
105-6-7-8 Providence Bldg.

HOMES FOR SALE.

7-room house on East Sixth street $1500
Near Ninth avenue—electric light—good well. Rents for $16.00 per month.

5-room cottage on Fifth avenue west $1300
Good well—electric light—easy terms.

6-room house, new, on Minnesota avenue $1500
Hardwood floors—well, sewers, etc. Easy terms, monthly payments.

6-room house—East Eighth street $800
Also house on rear of lot.

8-room house, city water and bath, hardwood floors in most rooms, furnace, newly papered, cement floor in cellar, barn, monthly payments $2400
In good location at Lakeside.

6-room house on Dingwall street $2100
50-foot lot, sewer, etc., easy payments.

7-room house on West Fifth street $1800
City water—monthly payments.

Above only samples—big list at West Duluth.

FOR SALE—Good saloon and lodging house—excellent location. Some good houses for rent, also small store on Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN—any amount, large or small.

Stryker, Manley & Buck.

BARGAINS IN HOMES.

Two good homes for sale at very low prices

$2100 Buys an eight room house arranged for one or two families. Has furnace heat, hardwood floors in some of the rooms, hardwood banister and stairway, city water, sewer, and closet, laundry room, nickel plumbing, enamel bath tub, barn for two horses, and carriage room. Lot on upper side of street and 50x50 in size. $500 cash, balance easy terms. Must be sold, as owner is leaving city. Only fifteen minutes ride on car line.

$6500 Buys a beautiful home on West Fourth street, near First avenue. Lot 50x140 on upper side of street. House is in good condition and has twelve rooms. Modern bath room and plumbing, wash basins, hot water heat, gas, electric lights, two fire places and mantels, hardwood floors and finish. Good stone foundation and basement. Good barn. Apply to

GEO. H. CROSBY,
105-6-7-8 PROVIDENCE BLDG.

LITTLE & NOLTE — UNDER AM. EX. BANK — ESTABLISHED 1886

A SNAP

One acre of land on car line between two streets, water, sewer, gas, two blocks from school and church. 204-1.

$1300

$3000 Thoroughly modern home, stone basement, hot water heat, full lot. 77-3.

$2000 Fine investment netting more than 11 per cent, permanent. 1-10.

SANTA FE

I have secured the last block of Santa Fe LIEU SCRIP.

H. W. COFFIN,
Manhattan Building.

$950 7-room house in Endion, $150 cash; $10 monthly.
$600 6-room house, West Duluth, $100 cash, $10 monthly.
$700 5-room cottage, Duluth Heights, $75 cash, $10 monthly.
$2650 6-room modern house, 50 feet. London road.
$3500 New 7-room modern house. East End.

ECKSTEIN & EBY,
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
300 Exchange building. Zenith 'phone 335.

$4000 Takes 7-room, modern house, fifty-foot lot, on East Second
$4500 Takes 50 feet and 7-room house on Third street in center of city. A bargain!
$3000 Takes 7-room modern house on East Third street.

A. C. VOLK & CO. 202-203 Palladio Bldg.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

LAND! LAND!

For sale in section 13-51-14, sections 15-21 and 22, township 51, range 13. This soil is of the very best—comparatively free from stones and on some of it the timber will pay for the land—sold in 10-20-40 and 80 acre tracts to suit on reasonable payments. Handy to street car and on good county roads. Price from $15 to $25 per acre. Cheaper land farther away.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
105-6-7-8 Providence Building.

Houses and Lots on Easy Terms.

South 308 58th avenue west, 7 rooms and barn $1000
South 318 58th avenue west, 7 rooms $1000
South 322 58th avenue west, 10 rooms, well, barn $1325
North 309 64th avenue west, 7 rooms, water $900
North 508 58th avenue west, 12 rooms, water $1350
South 602 68th avenue west, 7 rooms, cistern, barn $800
South 910 63rd avenue west, 6 rooms, well $900
South 605 63rd avenue west, 8 rooms, well $1250
North 10 63rd avenue west, store down, 4 rooms up $625
6401 Polk street, 9 rooms, barn $1000
North 524 59th avenue west 6 rooms, water $1200
North 603 57th avenue west, 6 rooms, water $975
Only $300 cash for first payment, balance on easy terms.

CHAN. SMITH, Sec'y,
400 Torrey Bldg.

FOR RENT.

11 West Second street, 9-room house, bath, furnace, location pleasant and very convenient to business part of city.

Mendenhall & Hoopes,
208 First Nat. Bank Bldg.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER DESIRES position as substitute for the months of August and September. Address Twenty-fourth street, Park Point, care of L. Merritt.

WANTED—SITUATION, CHEMIST AND assayist; Cornell graduate. One year practical experience. Address D 64, Herald.

EXPERIENCED LICENSED ELEVATOR boy wants position. D 60, Herald.

WANTED—A POSITION BY YOUNG man; two years' experience in grocery and confectionery business; best of references. Address C 22, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION, CHEMIST AND assayist; graduate. One year practical experience. Address D 64, Herald.

A YOUNG MARRIED MAN OF 23 wishes work of any kind, at once. Is experienced delivery man. Address 204 West First street; downstairs.

YOUNG MAN, UNIVERSITY GRADUate, wants position as assistant bookkeeper; wages no object. Address D 85, Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED — POSITION BY EXPERIenced stenographer of sixteen months' experience. Can furnish best of references. Address, B 86, Herald.

YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE DRESSmaking by the day out in family. Address E 24, Herald.

WANTED—BY WOMAN, HOUSEWORK of any kind in hotel or restaurant. D 74, Herald.

LADY WANTS SEWING BY DAY OR week. Address D 65, Herald.

MEDICAL.

FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. R. G. RAYmond's Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; relief in three to five days. We have never known of a single failure. Mail orders promptly filled. Price $2. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy Co., room 69, 84 Adams St., Chicago, Ill.

FURNITURE PACKED.
FURNITURE PACKED.

Also fine china, cut glass, bric-a-brac, mirrors, etc. We furnish only first-class men and guarantee their work. Material of all kinds furnished. Call us up "either 'phone" 492, and we will send man to talk it over with you.

DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.,
210 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—HOUSES.

FOR SALE — CHICAGO BOARDING house, 120 Fifty-second avenue west, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—NICE HOME IN WEST Duluth. City water in house. Ask J. B. Flack, justice of peace.

FOR SALE—SIX ROOM HOUSE, CORner lot, and stable, on street car line, price $725; part cash and balance in monthly payments. Address 2382 Highland avenue, Duluth Heights.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED — TWO FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping, within four blocks of Boyce's drug store. Price not more than $16. Address O 53, Herald.

WANTED — TO RENT — CENTRALLY located 6-room flat, steam-heated and modern. Address B. F., care of Lundberg & Stone.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

LAUNCHES FOR RENT.
LAUNCHES FOR RENT.
Open and covered. Duluth Gas Engine works, two blocks below ferry landing. Minnesota Point. Bell phone 370-R.

FOR SALE—CHILD'S SLEEPING COT, at a bargain. 202 East Third street.

FOR SALE—BABY'S GO-CART FOR $8; cost $25; baby's carriage for $4. Call 230 Mesaba avenue.

FOR SALE — COOK STOVE, BASE burner, chairs, stands, waffle irons, oak bedstead, springs, dresser and commode, spring cot, etc; in a lump or singly. Call 322 First avenue East.

FOR SALE—CHICAGO TICKETS, $10.00, daily. Hauslaib's ticket office, 502½ West Superior street.

FOR SALE — RESTAURANT, CHEAP; well located, with good patronage. Address C 51, Herald.

FOR SALE— FOUR-BURNER GAS range, nearly new; cheap. Address D 66, Herald.

GET THAT PICTURE FRAMED AT once. Temple Art Store is closing out all frames and pictures at cost. 211 East Superior street.

MUSIC AND MUSICAL MERCHANDISE—Edison's phonograph, band and orchestra instruments, pianos, organs. Haakonsen & Westgaard, Duluth's leading music store.

PATENTS OBTAINED FOR INVENTors. J. T. Watson, specialist, Palladio building.

FOR SALE—COWS.

FOR SALE—TWO FRESH JERSEY milch cows. Call Gottlieb Kaus, 1116 East Sixth street.

S. M. KANER WILL ARRIVE WITH A carload of fresh milch cows Tuesday, July 26. Some Jerseys among them. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith 'phone 1387.

L. POLINSKY HAS JUST ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows. Stock yards, No. 1124 East Sixth street.

FOR SALE — CARLOAD OF FRESH milk cows, will arrive July 22 at Evan Johnsen's, 2708 West Helm street.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

WANTED—A PARTY TO RENT PART of modern brick house, five rooms, 523 West Fourth street. R. B. Knox & Co.

FOR RENT AUG. 1—FINE SEVEN room house, strictly modern, central location, $37.50 per month. Inquire Mass. Real Estate Co., 18 Phoenix block.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM HOUSE, NO. 321 East Fifth street. Call at Bloom & Co.

FIRST-CLASS BOARDING HOUSE, 720 West Second street. Miss Monaghan.

HOUSE OF SEVEN ROOMS; CITY water; perfect condition; Twenty-fifth avenue West; fronting Lincoln park. T. G. Vaughn, 400 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE, 326 West Third street; modern conveniences. R. T. Lewis, 202 Lonsdale building.

PARK POINT — SEVEN-ROOM COTtage; perfect condition. 710 Torrey building. Zenith phone 403.

FOR RENT—HOUSES AND COTTAGES, Park Point, for season or year. W. F. Leggett, 506 Burrows building. Zenith 'phone 862.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE city. G. H Crosby, 106 Providence building. 'Phone 24.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room, every modern convenience; central location. Inquire store 428, Spalding Hotel block.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms. Modern. Private family. 412 West Fourth street.

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS single or ensuite. 14 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—ONE LARGE UNFURnished room; water and sewer in basement. 230 West Second street.

TWO ROOMS IN BASEMENT FOR rent, 224 East Second street.

FOR RENT — FOUR ROOMS. FOURTH avenue west and Fourth street. Inquire 20 East Fourth street.

FOUR ROOMS FOR RENT. DOWNstairs, 115 West Fifth street. Inquire A. Borgen, 29 West First street.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms with board. 324 West Third St. Mrs. Saxsin.

FURNISHED ROOM 14 E. Second St.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms. 123 West Second street

FOR RENT — THREE UNFURNISHED rooms, $7 per month. 418 South Eighteenth avenue East.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping. 310 West Fourth street

FOR RENT — MODERN FURNISHED rooms; single or en suite; central; on car line. 11 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT — ELEVEN FURNISHED rooms; steam heat, gas, electric light. Suitable for keeping boarders. Apply 1502 London road.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, 117 West Frst street.

ROOMS FOR RENT AT 217 SECOND avenue East

ROOMS FOR RENT—524 LAKE AVEnue north.

FOR RENT — OFFICES. MESABA building. Julius D. Howard & Co.

PIANO TUNING.

F. G BINGHAM, 17 EAST THIRD ST. Leave orders with Haakenson & Westgaard, music dealers. Both 'phones.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—SECOND-HAND rubber-tire buggy in good condition, if cheap. Old 'phone 1275 M.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 403-404 TORREY BLDG.

E. AUGERMEIER, 219 FIRST AVE E.

MILLINERY.

MILINERY — Over Suffel's. HUMES.

HATS—106 W. Superior St. Miss Swenson.

ELECTRICIANS.

Birthmarks, hair, moles, warts removed by electricity. Mis Jonr, room 25, Columbus block. Pupil, Mrs. Pierce.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; small family. Mrs. John Crosby, 2608 East Superior street.

GIRLS CAN FIND GOOD PLACES AND good wages at Mrs. Somer's Employment office, 17 Second avenue east.

LADIES EARN $20 PER HUNDRED writing short letters. Send stamped envelope for particulars. Ideal Mfg. Co., Cassopils, Mich.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES and for general hose work can always find places at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 215 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Siebold.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 316 East Second sreet.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; wages, $20. Apply Mrs. J. D. Adams, 1528 Ogden avenue, Superior, Wis.

WANTED—A HOUSEKEEPER WITH or without child. 502 East Michigan street.

WANTE—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1132 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1815 East Superior street.

WANTED COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 205 West Third St.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY — COMPETent girl for general housework; small family. 1424 East Second street.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE. (Continued.)

WANTED — GOOD GIRL, SMALL family; no washing; highest wages. 405 East Third street.

WANTED — YOUNG LADY ASSISTant cashier; must write a good hand and quick at figures. Address B 67, Herald.

EXPERIENCED GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must be good cook. Mrs. D. H. Costello, 5 Adams Flats, 715 East First street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 714 East First.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral house work. Apply Thursday afternoon at 1817 East First street.

WANTED—GOOD LAUNDRESS, MONdays; also competent girl for housework. 1914 East First street.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE. PARTIES leaving city; must be sold this week. Rugs, draperies, high grade piano, etc. 11 West Fourth street.

$85 TAKES GOOD UPRIGHT PIANO. 13 East Superior street, room 4.

FOR SALE — FURNITURE. 102 EAST Second street.

DRESSMAKING.

NEW DRESSMAKING PARLORS IN rooms formerly occupied by Miss Sticka, room 6, Metropolitan block.

DRUNKENNESS CURED.

A GUARANAEED CURE AT DR. REIland's, 707 Palladio.

MUSIC CONSERVATORY.

FLAATEN'S, McDONNELL BLOCK, 124 West Superior street.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

PLANTING AND PRUNING BY EXpert nurseryman. Northern grown Stock guaranteed. Henry Cleveland, 211 East Superior street.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith phone, 660, residence, 1213.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED — PARTNER TO TAKE AN interest in a new article of merit. Big thing at fairs the coming fall. D 68, Herald.

GOING AWAY—WILL SELL GOOD paying business on Superior street; $1500 cash. Primus, Herald office.

CASH FOR YOUR REAL ESTATE OR business no matter where located. If you desire a quick sale send us description and price. Northwestern Business Agency, 312 Bank of Commerce building, Minneapolis. Minn.

BERRY'S MERCANTILE AGENCY wants your collecting business. Main office 325 Manhattan building. Duluth, Minn.

Part of the News

Carlyle said: "The all of things is an infinite conjugation of the verb, TO DO." The Herald want ad. page furnishes the widest daily conjugations of that vital verb.

An unused bicycle is a cumbersome thing in cellar or garret. If you no longer ride, make a bargain offer of your wheel through The Herald For Sale ads.

"The mould of a man's fortune is in his own hands," but the metal for the mould must often be heated by the little want ads.

Herald want ads. introduce people who should know each other—whose interests are mutual. If you have too few acquaintances of this kind, get better acquainted with the want ads.

The landlady of a modern boarding house must be a good advertiser, as well as a good cook and a pleasing hostess. Thus do the accomplishments of women multiply.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MONEY TO LOAN.

DO YOU NEED MONEY?
DO YOU NEED MONEY?

We make loans on horses, wagons, furniture and pianos, etc. Any amount required. Also to salaried people without security. Lowest rates. Confidential treatment. Call and investigate our methods.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Bldg.
Bell 'phone 759-R. Zenith 'phone 936.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.
We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, endorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, furs, etc., and all goods of value from $1 to $1000. We hold all goods one year, even if interest is not paid. The only recognized reputable pawnbroker. Established 1887. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

SALARY AND CHATTEL LOANS. Cosmopolitan Co. 301 Palladio bldg. Zenith 761.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill. 207 Exchange bldg.

BOARD OFFERED.

BOARD OFERED AT BAY LAKE, near Deerwood. Beautiful lake; fishing, boats, bathing; good board; room for a party of six or eight. Write L. H. Scofield, Bay Lake, Minn.

ROOM AND BOARD FOR TWO IN PRIvate family. 319 West Fourth street.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD, PLEASANT surroundings, at 329 W. Second street.

FURNISHED ROOMS, AND BOARD. Also table board. 218 West Third street.

WANTED — DAY BOARDERS, AT 521 West Second street.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED rooms, 122 East First street.

FOR SALE—HORSES.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, MIDway Horse Market, St. Paul, have the largest assortment of horses in the entire Northwest. Auction every Wednesday, 2 o'clock, private sales daily, part time given, if desired.

HORSES FOR SALE—DRAFT, DRIVing horses and general purpose. L. Hammel company.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—ONE NEW LADY'S SHOE, ONE baby's dress along Superior street, on Monday night. Please leave same at Herald office.

FOUND—RED AND WHITE SPOTTED cow, right horn broken. Owner call 4617 Magellan street.

FOUND — SMALL HORSE, DARK brown. D 59, Herald.

LOST — ONE BLACK AND WHITE belted cow, and one red spotted cow, with short tail. Return to 2608 West Helm street for reward. Evan Johnsen.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

ASHES REMOVED.

J. J. MAHER. BOTH 'PHONES, 48.

DI MARCO'S ORCHESTRA.

Music furnished for all occasions. Old 'phone 1319-R. Res. 476 Mesaba avenue.

MOULDINGS.

Picture and Plate Rails—DECKER'S.

ARCHITECT.

Young & Nystrom, 504-9 Manhattan Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER.

STELLA M. PEACHEY, 307 FIRST NAtional Bank building.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—INDUSTRIOUS MAN GOOD character to travel, placing sample goods for reliable house in portion Minnesota; salary; experience unnecessary; staple goods; permanent; references. Address, Manager Wimmer, 356 Dearborn, Chicago.

WANTED—500 BOYS, CALL AT BOYS' department, the Burrows clothing store for lists and start to work.

WANTED—, FOR U. S. ARMY—ABLEbodied, unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—Parties to burn Lackawanna Koal. 210 W. Superior St. Tel. 1291.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—SMALL FLAT, 702 WEST Second; all conveniences. N. J. Upham Co., 400 Burrows Building.

FOR RENT—MODERN 5-ROOM FLAT. Apply at 15 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—SMALL FLAT—702 WEST Second street. All conveniences. N. J. Upham Co.

FOR RENT—TWO FLATS, FOUR rooms each. 10 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — 7-ROOM FLAT; MODern conveniences, centrally located. Charles P. Craig & Co., No. 220 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—SMALL, STEAM-HEATED flat, furnished or unfurnished. 315 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FLAT, $13 per month. Myers Bros., 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FLAT, CENtral, bath, gas and electricity; water free; no children; $25. Sherwood, Torrey building.

FOR RENT — MODERN SIX-ROOM flat, No. 2 Lafayette flats. A. E. Gilbert.

FOR RENT—SMALL FLAT IN WEST End; all conveniences. N. J. Upham, 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—STORES.

FOR RENT—LARGE STORE, 116 WEST First street. Apply N. J. Upham Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—ONE LARGE IRON-ROOF building, suitable for storage purposes, between Sixth and Seventh avenues west, on Railroad street. Inquire 214 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM, 25x70, NO. 3612 West Superior street. Apply Eckstein & Eby, 300 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—STORE, 109 WEST SUPERior street. For particulars call at the office of George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT—THE FINE BRICK STORE, room 118 and 120 West Fourth street, with well-lighted basements, formerly occupied by Crescent bakery. W. C. Sherwood & Co., Torrey building.

FOR RENT—BOATS.

ALL KINDS OF BOATS FOR SALE OR rent. Special rates of rental to camping parties by the week or month. Two first-class launches for rent. Zenith Boat House, 620 South Sixty-third avenue west, West Duluth.

WEST DULUTH BOAT HOUSE. ALL kinds of row and sail boats for rent. 618 Wasesa street, Sixty-first avenue west.

PERSONAL.

NOTICE—TO ALL WHOM IT MAY concern: All persons dealing with the California restaurant, No. 620 West Superior street, Duluth, will take notice that my connection therewith having ceased, I will not be liable for any bills. Ah Wong.

SPIRITUALIST MEETING SUNDAY, July 21, 8 p. m., at Victor hall, corner of Grand and Fifty-sixth avenue West. Test given from the platform by Mrs. Gurtie Gummerson, lecturer and magnetic healer. Can be seen at home, 214 Fourth avenue West, from 2 to 4 p. m.

FOR MEN ONLY — DON'T DOCTOR without consulting our book, "Three Great Evils." Mailed absolutely free. Address the Sorensen company, Oshkosh, Wis.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills ARE THE BEST. Safe, Reliable, Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by RETURN MAIL. Ask your druggist. Chichester Chemical Co., Philada., Pa.

COAST SHIPMENTS.

REDUCED FREIGHT RATES TO PAcific coast points, on household goods or emigrant movables. For particulars address the Boyd Transfer and Storage Co., Minneapolis, or call on our local agents, the Duluth Van and Storage Co.

FARM LANDS.

FOR SALE—40 ACRES LAND, 10 ACRES cleared, good house on, with all garden vegetables near fine corner. Call 2401 West Fourth street.

FARM LANDS NEAR DULUTH in tracts of 10 acres or more, for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum bldg., Duluth, Minn.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 31 West Superior St.

OPTICIANS.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LIcensed optometrist; 12 years' experience. 5 West Superior street, Duluth.

DYE WORKS.

THE PANTORIUM — LADIES' AND gents' garments cleaned, dyed and repaired at moderate prices. 118 First avenue west, Duluth. Phone 738-K.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—PRACtical dyers and French dye cleaners; first-class work guaranteed. 6 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

CANCERS AND TUMORS.

ALL STOMACH AND BLOOD DISeases cured by the Herbaqueen remedies and Dr. Pinsen's Ray. The Herbaqueen Manufacturing company, 319 First avenue east, Duluth, Minn.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

UMBRELLAS MADE TO ORDER.

A. Gingold sells umbrellas for $1 and up and repairs them for one year free. Repairing and recovering on short notice. Work guaranteed, 209 W. Sup. St., 2nd floor.

PAINTING LESSONS.

MRS. MARY INMAN, 231 West Second St

MASSAGE.

MISS BACON, Phoenix blk., 4th Ave. W.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, GRADUATE MIDwife; female complaints. 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone, 1225.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory, 220 W. Superior St.

HAIRDRESSING.

Shampooing, Hair Dressing, Manicuring, hair work. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.
PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting Aug. 1, 1904. Work, 3rd degree. Stanley R. Holden, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting July 25, 1904. Hugh R. Burgo, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary. Visiting brethren are welcome.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, July 27, 1904, at 8 p. m. Work, M. M. P. M. M. E. M. Royal Arch. William McGonagle, acting H. P.; W. T. Ten Brook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave August 2. Work—General business. John T. Black, commander; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.
DULUTH TENT NO. 1 MEETS EVERY Wednesdy evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Edward Thompson, Com., 12 E. Fifth St. J. B. Gelineau, R. K., third floor, Hunter block. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. Next meeting July 28, Samaritan degree. Thos. J. McKeon, G. S.; W. P. Wellbanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.
FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, meets in Hunter hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. C. H. Johnson, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder. O. J. Murvold, financier, 8 East Seventh street.

A. O. U. W.
DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. John Newman, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier, A. E. Blake, recorder. Special business. Members requested to be present.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 55, meets every Tuesday evening 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street. J. H. Davis, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

GRANT LODGE, K. OF P. No. 3 (colored) meets first and third Thursday every month at Kalamazoo hall. J. Taylor, C. C.; D. H. Saunders, K. of R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Sunday beginning July 24, at 8 o'clock at Elgin hall, Foltz building, 116 West Superior street. Steve F. Parker, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, room 19, Hayes block. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street for rental of hall.

M. W. A.
IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2786, meets at Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Wiberg, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

I. O. F.
COURT COMMERCE, NO. 3283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evenings, at 8 o'clock at Kalamazoo hall. Next meeting Aug. 5, 1904. Business of importance. R. J. Pickard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C.—meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m., in Foltz hall, West Superior street. George F. McKenzie, chief; Malcolm Macdonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, 10 Mason Flats. Next meeting Aug. 3. Remember Clan picnic, Friday, July 29.

ROYAL LEAGUE.
ZENITH COUNCIL.—NO. 161, Royal League, meets in Elks' hall, first and third Monday evenings at 8 o'clock. G. L. Hargraves, archon; L. P. Murray, scribe, 1524 East Fourth street.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR. LAST EDITION. THURSDAY, JULY 28, 1904. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

RUSSIAN MINISTER OF THE INTERIOR, M. VON PLEHVE, BRUTALLY ASSASSINATED WHILE RIDING IN STREETS OF ST. PETERSBURG

His Carriage Completely Shattered By Explosion of a Bomb.

The Minister and His Coachman Were Shockingly Mangled.

Several Other Persons Were Seriously Hurt By Flying Missiles.

St. Petersburg, July 28.—Minister of the Interior Von Plehve was assassinated this morning while driving to the Baltic station to visit the Peterhof.

A bomb was thrown under the minister's carriage, completely shattering it. M. Plehve was terribly mangled. The crime was committed at 10 o'clock.

The coachman was killed and the wounded and maddened horses dashed wildly away with the front wheels of the carriage, the only portion of the vehicle remaining intact. Immediately there ensued a scene of the wildest confusion. Police and gendarmes hurried up from every direction and vast crowds gathered about the spot where the mangled body of the minister lay weltering in his own blood.

The Associated Press correspondent was at the scene of the tragedy within five minutes after it occurred. M. Von Plehve's shockingly mangled body was lying in the middle of the road. It had been partially covered with a police officer's overcoat, with the left arm, the bone of which was broken off, projecting. A policeman came up and raised the overcoat in order to rearrange it, revealing for an instant the strong features of the dead minister, whose head was battered almost beyond recognition. The roadway was strewn for a hundred yards with the wreckage of the carriage and pieces of the red lining of the minister's official overcoat. A few yards from Von Plehve's body lay a shapeless heap of the coachman's remains.

M. Von Plehve was on his way to visit the emperor when the tragedy occurred.

The tragedy occurred on the Zalalkonski prospect, a broad thoroughfare leading up to the Warsaw depot, whence the road turns sharply to the left toward the Baltic railroad station. The exact spot at which the outrage occurred is just before the bridge spanning the circular canal, on the other side of which both stations are situated. The bomb thrower must have known perfectly well that Minister Von Plehve would pass the spot this morning for the minister makes his report to the emperor every Thursday.

The infernal machine was thrown with deadly accuracy, and the assassin was favored by the fact that traffic here is always of the heaviest, owing to the crossing of the lines of surface cars and the continuous stream of heavy trucks. M. Von Plehve was always apprehensive of attempts upon his life and used to drive rapidly. The coachman, however, was compelled to go slow at this point.

The assassin in laying his plans evidently foresaw this circumstance and, while the minister's coachman slowed down, threw the bomb. The explosion was terrific and practically annihilated the woodwork of the carriage. The horses tore off, dragging the axle and the front wheels. The animals, though infuriated by the wounds they had sustained, had not galloped far before they fell, with pools of blood under them.

The minister's servant, who was also on the carriage box, was badly wounded, and two officers who were driving by in a cab were injured by flying splinters. The assassin himself was wounded in one eye. He took to flight, but according to the latest reports, was overtaken and is now under arrest.

Passengers by the Peterhof train began to arrive upon the scene. Among them were the Duke and Duchess of Oldenburg, who stopped their motor car within a couple of paces of M. Von Plehve's remains and were told by a policeman the terrible tidings. They were much affected.

The news of the tragedy spread like widfire throughout the city, causing consternation everywhere. Police reserves were hurried to the scene from all parts of the city and the various departments were instantly notified.

When the Associated Press correspondent arrived at the telegraph office fifteen minutes after the tragedy occurred, the director of telegraphs had already been informed of the assassination and instructions had been given. The utmost confusion prevailed and the reports of the occurrence were conflicting.

Regarding the identity of the assassin and the cause of the crime, by some it is said that the act was that of a Finn and by others that the murderer was a partisan of the Zemstvos, the curtailment of whose powers is attributed to the dead minister. Nothing, however, has been definitely established as yet.

The prefect of police notified the emperor of the tragedy immediately upon its occurrence.

The emperor, who was at the villa Alexandria at Peterhof, was greatly affected by the news, coming, as it did, atop of the bad tidings from the seat of war, fears of international complications and the strain incident upon the hourly expectation of an event so close to the father's heart. The emperor

(Continued on page 2, first column.)



MINISTER OF THE INTERIOR VON PLEHVE.

One of the Assailants Arrested and Placed In Hospital.

Injured By Explosion and Suffering From Dose of Poison.

Von Plehve the Real Head of the Russian Bureaucracy.

TENSION IN THE RUSSO-BRITISH RELATIONS GREATLY RELAXED; NO RUPTURE IS NOW PROBABLE

Russia Agrees to Make Full Reparation For Any Wrong Done.

United States Will Look to Great Britain For Loss on Cargo.

Gen. Kuropatkin Reports on Eighteen-Hour Battle With Japs.

London July 28.—The tension in the Russo-British relations has been relaxed and no rupture is now probable. Count Benckendorff, the Russian ambassador to Great Britain, informed Lord Lansdowne this morning that if Russia had committed a wrong, she was ready and willing to make full reparation, but before any action could be taken in the Knight Commander case, the Russian government must have the opportunity of receiving the report of the commander of the Vladivostok squadron. Lord Lansdowne was not disposed to unduly press the matter and promised to wait a reasonable time.

It developed today that the United States is depending on Great Britain to obtain compensation for the loss of the Knight Commander's cargo. It is the custom for ship owners to be responsible for cargoes and therefore the American claim is to be made to the owners of the Knight Commander, who, of course, are British, and who in turn will make a claim to the British government.

In the house of commons this afternoon Premier Balfour, confirming the announcement made in these dispatches, said the acute stage of the Red sea incidents had passed and that the Russian volunteer fleet vessels would be withdrawn. He laid down the British view that no belligerent's warship could issue from the Black sea and that the volunteer fleet vessels in issuing therefrom, if they took belligerent action, either had no right to issue or no right to take such action.

RUSSIA JUSTIFIED

In Sinking Knight Commander According to Russ.

St. Petersburg, July 28.—The Russ today prints an important editorial on the case of the Knight Commander, which is believed to reflect the attitude of the foreign office. It quotes extensively from "The perils of the working of international law," which is a German work on maritime law, to show there is justification for sinking a prize in case the vessel is too old or slow, when there is difficulty in getting her to the nearest home port and where there is danger of recapture. The Russ also quotes from an English draft of the maritime statutes signed at Turin in 1892, citing circumstances in which a captor has the right to sink or burn a captured vessel.

The Russ concludes: "Consequently, from the standpoint of international law the British have no right to protest as the nearest port, Vladivostok, was about 1,000 miles away. The question of the validity of the capture of the vessel is quite apart and will be settled by a prize court. Any discussion of the merits of the case before its decision is out of place."

It is understood that the Don and Ural, commissioned yesterday by Russia as second class cruisers, are already on their way to the Red sea to take the place of the St. Petersburg and Smolensk of the volunteer fleet. The Don and the Ural were formerly trans-Atlantic liners and were purchased from a German company.

EIGHTEEN HOURS BATTLE

Between Russians and Japs Described By General.

St. Petersburg, July 28.—Emperor Nicholas has received the following dispatch from Gen. Kuropatkin, bearing yesterday's date:

At 11 o'clock this evening I received the following dispatch from Lieut.-Gen. Zaroubaieff (commander of the Fourth Siberian army corps), dated at 5 o'clock on the morning of July 24:

On July 23, after concentrating, the Japanese took the offensive. Our troops occupied a position at Nandaline on the heights south of Tsianchiatsia, the right wing covering Tiantsiatous, Ysunatoun and Sanszlatsia. The Japanese opened a cennonade against the three last named points, their fire scarcely ceasing for fifteen hours.

At about 6 o'clock an artillery attack was begun against the troops posted at Tsianschiatsia and Nandaline. The enemy's fire increased at 7 o'clock in the morning, being concentrated on our position south of Tsianchiatsia.

Towards Dafanshen a Japanese battery was observed firing on us and from the village itself.

According to reports received from our cavalry stationed south of Tsiliachoun, opposite our position at Nandaline, nothing was seen of the enemy in the direction of Tantachu.

At about 7 o'clock Japanese infantry was observed massing in the district of Mantsiatoun, Yantsuckara and Daffanshen.

The fire now became centered on our troops occupying the heights south of Tsianchiatsia. At the same time two battalions of Japanese infantry attempted to occupy a mountain to the northwest of Dafanshan, but being dislodged by our artillery, the Japanese took flight. Our shells burst full in the enemy's ranks.

At about 11 o'clock, between three and four Japanese batallions were firing on our troops occupying the heights of Tsianchiatsia. A battery of Russian field artillery and another horse artillery then began to fire from Nandaline, their fire converging upon Dafanshen. As a result the Japanese fire slackened.

Immediately after 11 o'clock the troops posted at Tsianchiatsia were reinforced by a reserve battery, our fire again causing a considerable slackening of the enemy's cannonade.

At 2 o'clock in the afternoon all of our artillery, beginning from the Nandaline position, changed front and opened fire upon Dafunshen with such marked success that the troops in that section of the field attempted to take the offensive against the Japanese right flank.

A batallion sent in advance reported the presence of large reserves of the enemy on the line from Mensiatoum to Fanchankau. The batallion sustained heavy casualties and was obliged to retire.

At the same time the Japanese occupying the heights of Fanchankau threw forward at least three more batteries.

At 4 o'clock in the afternoon the massing of the Japanese infantry suggested that they intended to force our position at the village of Tsianchiatsia, which was held by the Barnaoulsk regiment. About five or six Japanese batteries were engaged at this time and their fire incerased towards evening.

About 7:30 o'clock the Japanese fire was at its height and in the last rays of the setting sun the enemy delivered his attack on the Barnaoulsk regiment. The latter, reinforced by three batallions, under the command of Col. Debrotin, valiantly swept back the enemy, making four bayonet charges and capturing a number (not yet ascertained) of rifles, together with ammunition.

At 9 o'clock in the evening the cannonade ceased, but the rifle fire continued until late in the night. We retained all our positions.

After the fight it was ascertained that our eighteen batallions had been engaged with at least two Japanese divisions supported by an overwhelming number of batteries. The general extent of the position measured nine miles.

In these circumstances I did not think it advisable to resume the action on the following day and resolved to retreat toward the north. The withdrawal was effected in perfect order.

Our losses have not been ascertained but they are estimated at about twenty officers and 600 men killed or wounded. Among the wounded is Col. Auspensky, commanding the Tomsk regiment.

I must testify to the remarkable firmness displayed by all the troops in my command during this difficult action which lasted eighteen hours. The Siberian regiments who had met the main Japanese attack, in particular distinguished themselves by their unwavering endurance. Not an inch of ground was yielded despite the enormous numerical superiority and the repeated attacks on our center, where the fighting on four occasions was conducted at close quarters, with the bayonet, which the Japanese could not withstand.

The list of men meriting rewards for their share in this glorious fight will follow. In the meantime I beg to mention the great valor of the Tebolsk and Tomsk regiments, of two battalions of the Semipalatinsk regiment and in particular of the Barnaoulsk regiment, which covered itself with glory. The conduct of all our batteries which remained in action for fifteen and a half hours under heavy fire was beyond all praise.

I am unable to give the exact number of losses sustained by the Japanese, but I venture to say that these losses were greater than ours.

NORTH DAKOTA ELEVATOR MEN ARE TO ORGANIZE.

Fargo, N. D., July 28.—Representatives of seventeen independent farmers' elevators and grain buyers met here yesterdaw and made preliminary arrangements for a state organization for the purpose of maintaining prices, terminal elevators and better railroad rates so they can compete with the old line elevators. Secretary McDonald, of the Minnesota Farmers' exchange, was present and through his efforts the North Dakotans will temporarily affiliate with the Minnesota organization. Three directors were chosen to represent the state on a joint board from the Dakotas and Minnesota. O. G. Major and C. S. Shippy, of Hope, were eletced president and secretary of the state organiaztion.

DISMISSAL STANDS

Fimple Sees No Reason to Reverse Decision on Warren.

Case of Forest Reserve Custodian Was Carefully Considered.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, July 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—The interior department today received E. L. Warren's formal application for reconsideration of its decision dismissing him from the position of custodian of the Minnesota forest reserves. The papers filed in the case are voluminous and seek to show the department erred in its judgment, and all have been referred to Acting Commissioner of the Land Office Fimple for review. Mr. Fimple made the original report, which resulted in the decapitation of Mr. Warren, and, apparently, he is not inclined to reverse his original opinion.

Assistant Commissioner Fimple would not discuss the Warren case, merely contenting himself with the statement that accounts of Warren's actions had been called to his attention through the press of Cass Lake and these were, according to official information, inaccurate. Fimple intimates that he will stick to his original decision recommending Warren's dismissal. "The case was carefully considered in this office," said Mr. Fimple, "and also by the legal officers of this department, and at present I see no reason for a reversal of the original decision."

EN ROUTE FOR WASHINGTON

President Roosevelt and Family Leaves Oyster Bay.

Oyster Bay, L. I., July 28.—President Roosevelt, accompanied by Mrs. Roosevelt, Secretary Loeb and the executive staff, left here today for Washington. The party went on a special train from here to Long Island City. At Jersey City two private cars will be attached to one section of the regular train which is scheduled to arrive in Washington at 3:15 p. m. The president and Mrs. Roosevelt were accompanied by their sons Theodore, Jr., Kermit and Archie, George Roosevelt, a son of Emlen Roosevelt, and Alec Russell, as far as Jersey City, where the boys will take a train for St. Louis for a week's visit to the exposition. Mrs. Roosevelt will remain at the White House in Washington while the boys are at the fair. She then will return to Sagamore Hill. It is quite likely that the president will not remain in Washington so long as expected. It is his present intention not to return to Sagamore Hill until the 20th of August, but he may return here as early as the 15th of August or possibly a day or two sooner.

MODERATE INCREASE

Shown In Pig Iron Buying During the Past Week.

Cleveland, July 28.—The Iron Trade Review, in reviewing the iron situation this week, says:

A moderate increase in pig iron buying has been noticed in the past week, but finished material markets have settled farther into midsummer dullness and have so far refused to make good the repeated declarations of Wall street authorities. Now that the Steel corportion meeting has been held and the expected action taken in declaring the usual dividend on the preferred stock, it may be that the iron market will be allowed for a time to work out its own destiny in the regular way.

The quotation of $9.50 by Southern furnaces is now quite general, but, as with previous advances, business lessens when quotations move up. At present $9.25 for No. 2 seems to be the minimum for Southern iron, but there is considerable variation in prices on Northern foundry iron, particularly in the East. In the central West $11.75 at furnace for No. 2 is still named. Foundries find no increased demand for castings. From 40 to 50 per cent of the output of a year ago is the average with jobbing foundries, and some are running with about one-third force. Under these conditions stocks of pig iron will not decline without a further blowing out of furnaces.

STRIKERS ARE NO LONGER EMPLOYES

Swift & Co. Notify Men to Come and Get the Money Now Due Them.

Chicago, July 28.—Following the refusal to enter into more agreements with the striking workmen at the stockyards, one of the big packing concerns today tossed a bomb into the camp of the sympathetic strikers belonging to the allied trades by posting a public notice that they are no longer regarded in the light of employes. The action was taken by Swift & Co., when the following placard was conspicuously exposed to view near the entrances to packing town:

"All help leaving our employ July 25 and July 26, will be paid in full at our Forty-first street market paymaster's window, beginning July 28, at 9 a. m.

"SWIFT & CO."

The appearance of the notice was greeted with angry exclamations from the crowds that soon gathered to read and discuss the movement. The place named for the men to apply for their money is outside the stockyards proper, at Halstead street and Exchange avenue. It was selected as affording the least possibilities of disorder.

Shortage in the soap supply, particularly laundry, hotel and the cheaper grades of toilet soaps, is one of the possibilities of the strike. In anticipation of such an event the packers operating soap plants have been busy for days moving stocks of soap to warehouses, jobbing houses and to retail stores. The packers were equipped with large stocks, but were afraid a teamsters' strike would prevent its removal. The preparedness that characterized the packers in meeting the situation is illustrated by the fact that heavy sales were made under practically a guarantee that a tieup would follow, the trade buying at the advice of representatives of the packers. In some instances the purchases were conditioned upon such an event.

RETAIL MARKET DRIVERS

May Be Called Out to Aid Butchers' Strike.

Chicago, Ill., July 28.—Complications growing out of the method of handling meat by rail, adopted by the packers in supplying the local trade were today reported to President George F. Golden of the packing house teamsters union as likely to be responsible for trouble with the teamsters employed by retail dealers and supply houses throughout the whole of Chicago. Acting on a report that hotel and restaurant meat suppliers had moved in a quantity of meat by wagon from Sixteenth and State streets where the packers' supply cars lay miles away from the stockyards, the strikers established a watch and found that the report was true. As a result the strike leaders took under consideratiomn a move to induce the Retail Market Drivers union to refuse to handle meat from the packing houses affected by the strike, even if a general strike should be necessary.

Reports that freight handlers in the employ of the Chicago Junction Railway company, went on strike yesterday, were denied by officials of the company. The following statement was issued from the office of President John A. Spoor:

"Ninety five per cent of all the business done at our freight house in the union stockyards is for the accommodation of the big packing companies whose teamsters went on strike yesterday morning. When the teamsters struck there was no further work for the men at the yards freight house. Twenty-two freight handlers were laid off. That was all there was to it. There was no strike."

WILL SEE NO CASH.

Strikers Will Be Assisted By Commissary Department.

Chicago, July 28.—Convinced that it would be unwise to give the strikers cash benefits, yet knowing that they must have assistance, President Donnelly, of the butchers organization, decided today to open a commissary department where food of all kinds will be given to the men now out of work. If any one is unable to pay his rent and is in good standing with the union, the commissary department will satisfy the landlord, but the striker will not see the money. Three storerooms will be rented and stocked with all kinds of supplies, all the meat being purchased from the independent packers and butchers.

"We will buy our meat from the independent companies and in large quantities," said President Donnelly, "and will get our flour by the car load. There will be no cash payments of strike benefits. This commissary system is in use elsewhere with great succes and will win here. I shall waste no more time seeking useless conferences with the packers. The time has come for us to get right down to business."

The teamsters who have gone on strike will, it is declared, find their occupations absolutely taken away from them when the strike shall have ended. Hereafter the packers will, they say, do no teaming but will force their retail butchers to come with wagons to take away purchases.

RURAL CARRIERS.

Washington, July 28.—(Special to the Herald.)—The following rural carriers have been appointed: Braham—Regular, C. J. Dahlen; substitute, Emma Dahlen. Burtrum—Regular, O. W. Clark; substitute, J. A. Mills. Eden Valley—Regular, O. K. Kinkade; substitute, John McIntee.

HUNDREDS OF UNION MEN RETURN TO WORK

Packers Overwhelmed With Applications From Non-Union Men.

Chicago, July 28.—According to President Skinner, of the Union Stock Yards and Transit company, six hundred stock handlers became dissatisfied with the prospects of the strike today and returned to work in the yards caring for the livestock.

So much non-union help has been taken into the stock yards up-to-date that the packers in some instances are said to be finding difficulty in putting the men to work. Nelson Morris & Co. were reported today to have shipped fifty non-union men to St. Joseph, Mo., and a hundred or so others were sent by other packers to Omaha. Sixteen alleged union butchers from Detroit arrived at the yard stoday to take the places of strikers.

The hanging of effigies was the principal diversion among the strikers and strike sympathizers about the stock yards today. Many of the non-union workmen found effigies swinging from telegraph poles in front of their homes? Not to be outdone by the heads of departments at the packing houses, Miss Anna Rheinhart, an Armour & Co. telephone operator, took up the reins and drove a bus about the yards. She did so, she said, because her service would be more valuable to her employers at the present time as a bus driver than as a telephone operator.

"Police rule" was maintained in increasing rigidity in the neighborhood of the stockyards entrances today. As far as possible crowds were not allowed to gather. Persons suspected of being pickets or strike sympathizers were made to "move on." According to the employers, there were 13,479 men at work in the big packing plants here today, taking the places of more than 25,420 strikers.

PACKERS' POSITION.

Do Not Care to Make Further Agreements.

Chicago, July 28.—Arthur Meeker, of the Armour company, today declared that the answer given by the packers at the conference with the state board of arbitration last night, reflected in its entirety the position of the packers and that the statement attributed to him that they were willing to go back to the agreement entered into with Mr. Donnelly's organization, was entirely unfounded.

"Our position is," he said, "that we had an agreement with the butchers' organization and the allied trades, which they have failed to live up to and under the circumstances we do not care to make further agreements with them. We are now and propose to continue managers of our business on this basis for the future. Our plants are rapidly assuming normal conditions."

RE-ESTABLISH PICKET LINES

South St. Paul Strikers Act Without Authority of Officers.

St. Paul, July 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Acting on their own initiative and against the instructions of President Willis, of the Butchers union, the strikers at South St. Paul today again attempted to establish a strong picket line at the entrance of the Swift packing plant. George Heuer, a non-union workman attempted to enter the plant and got into a fight with John Seymour, one of the strikers. Seymour was arrested by the sheriff and taken to Hastings, Minn., for trial. The picket line was then withdrawn.

The Swift & Co. officials claim today that they employed ten new men, all skilled workmen and members of the union. This is pointed out as a further desertion from the strikers. The new men take the places of about the same number who quit work last night and did not return.

FORGERY AND DROWNING

Boy Arrested For Passing Forged Checks—Lumberjack Drowned.

Brainerd, Minn., July 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Clarence Fogelstrom, a minor, was arrested this morning by Officer Hurley, charged with forging checks. He forged one on E. C. Griffith for $4.50 and one on D. M. Clark & Co. for $7. The lad has been arrested for several crimes before and has been at the reform school twice.

The body of an unknown lumberjack was picked up at the railroad bridge in the Mississippi river this morning. Nothing whatever was on his person to identify him.

IN WOMAN'S SPHERE

Social, Musical and Art Circles.

Miss Glen Murray entertained at a pretty at home this afternoon at her home, 2028 East Superior street. The rooms were prettily decorated in sweet peas and carnations and the dining room was beautiful with festoons of dainty smilax. Receiving with the hostess were Miss Helen Morrison, of Portland, Ore., Miss Alice Bunnell, of New York, and Miss Clara Murray. Presiding in the dining room were Mrs. Millie Bunnell and Mrs. C. H. Hare, and assisting about the rooms were Misses Lillian Brown, Nellie Brown, Calla Blanchard, May Wylie, Harriet Shannon and Addie Smith. A large number called during the receiving hours.

Black-Bradley Wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. John T. Black, of 128 West Third street, have issued invitations for the wedding of their daughter, Miss Emma Black, and Thomas Pringle Bradley, to take place Wednesday evening, Aug. 10. The wedding will be a quiet one, only the relatives being present and an informal reception will follow the ceremony.

Informal Musical.

The Misses St. Clair entertained last evening at an informal musicale at their home, 1125 East Superior street. The guest of honor was J. Arndt Morris, of New York, and the evening was a delightful one.

Trolley Ride.

Last evening Mrs. Cornfield entertained at a delightful trolley ride about the city. The affair was in honor of Mrs. Cornfield's sister, Miss Leo, of Ithica, N. Y. The party left the St. Louis hotel and each guest was presenteld with a small program and partners were secured for the numbers indicated on the program and at certain points the changes were made. Instead of dancing, however, the guests talked. The ride over almost the whole of the company's lines was taken and the evening was a thoroughly enjoyable one. About fifty guests enjoyed the affair.

Fredin-Johnson.

Miss Huldah Fredin and John Johnson were married last evening at the bride's home, 104 West Fifth street. The rooms were prettily decorated in palms and pretty garden flowers and at half past eight Mrs. Turnbull played the wedding march from "Lohengrin," and the bridal party entered. The bride's attendants were Miss Alma Dahlman, of St. Paul, and Miss Ella Eklund, of Brainerd, and Godfrey Fredin, of Minneapolis, and Alfred J. Johnson attended the groom. The service was read by Rev. A. F. Elmquist. The bride was gowned in white mull and lace and carried bride's roses. The maids also wore white and carried pink flowers. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson will leave for a visit at the Fair.

Personal Mention.

Mrs. John C. Swan will entertain tomorrow afternoon at a musicale at her home, 2016 East Superior street.

* * *

Mrs. A. T. Knox and daughter, Georgia, have returned to their home in this city after a month's visit with Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Adams at Virginia.

* * *

Mrs. A. J. Cass, of Ashland, Wis., is visiting with friends at Lakeside.

* * *

Dr. E. E. Collins and Miss Collins left yesterday for a trip down the lakes.

* * *

Miss Eva Worden, of Winona, has arrived in the city to make her home with her sister, Mrs. Frank McIntyre, of Lakeside.

* * *

Mrs. Robert O. Sweeney and daughter, May, of Lester Park, have returned from a visit with Mrs. Sweeney's father, Col. James B. Quinn, of Savannah, Ga., and a visit at the World's Fair.

* * *

Miss Clara Murray returned yesterday from school at Montreal. Since the close of school she has been visiting in the East.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. Schuler, of West Duluth, are entertaining a house party at their summer home, "The Pines" on the St. Louis river. Their guests are Mr. and Mrs. John Forbes, of Tama, Iowa, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Bailey, of this city and Miss Maude Simpson, of Portland, Ore.

* * *

The wedding of Miss Olga Metter and Lionel T. Antrobus took place yesterday afternoon at the parsonage of St. Paul's German Lutheran church. The service was read by Rev. Emil Sans. Mr. and Mrs. Antrobus will be at home at 123 East Fourth street.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Hirsch. of 516 East Fifth street, entertained last evening in honor of their guests, Miss Hattie Reil and Miss Helborn, of Milwaukee.

* * *

Miss Lilliam Abrahamson entertained yesterday at a pretty luncheon in honor of her guest Miss Samuels, of Wichita, Kas. In the afternoon whist was played.

THE MEANING OF FANS.

Innocent Articles Have Much Significance to Japanese.

Columbus Dispatch: The man who has just returned from eight months in China and Japan and who stopped in Columbus long enough to get a breath of home air, said:

"You are all very queer about fans—you only use them to make you cool: you do not understand them; to you the fan is nothing, the Japanese fan I mean, highly colored if you will, gaudy, loud, to your refined taste. You think the pictures are pretty in a way perhaps, but that is all. You do not understand that the color, shape, decoration hold meaning to the makers of the fan.

"You think the landscapes are funny. Over there I learned that they are pictures of real places, and I can name you the shrines, temples, mountains and rivers, so thoroughly have I become imbued with the spirit of China and Japan.

The men and women look alike to you but they represent historical characters, or characters in the national romance and poetry. Fujiama is just a mountain to Americans. It is sacred to the dainty Japanese.

"Just look at this fan of mine" and he took from an inside pocket a tiny little fan faintly perfumed—having on its delicate surface a flock of white storks.

"They wish me a long life, and you do not know, that this cobweb design on the reverse side means mourning (for my absence perhaps). I can't look at a Japanese fan, now that I know much about them without having a whole swarm of associations and sentiments springing up and buzzing in my head, and I wonder why more people don't study the meaning. I should think it would be an interesting fad, and you women love fads, nicht wahr!

"There are so many kinds of fans in Japan and each kind has its own use. There's a tea fan used only on the most solemn feasts; the little cakes are handed with it, but one never uses it to fan with.

Then the geishas have their own type of fan, and the jugglers have theirs. There is a kitchen fan to be used as a bellows, and a bamboo fan, which after being dipped in water makes the air cooler.

The Japanese are fond of picturing political events and very often rulers have forbidden the carrying of certain fans because they spread trouble and rebellion. The war fan is of iron covered with lacquer and the generals have silk fans with iron sticks.

"In China everyone carries a fan, in fact it is more general than in Japan and there is so much fan etiquette in China that I don't see how they find time to learn anything else.

"You know of course what the fan stands for in Japan don't you? What, no! It is the emblem of life and the rivet is the sword of the god Kashima; you know he had orders to subdue the world, so he ran his sword straight through the earth and left it there. The world would fall to pieces if the sword rivet were pulled out.

That story suggested the making of folding fans.

I'm going back to China and Japan, and when I get back to America again you'll be surprised at my erudition along lines unfamiliar to this rushing country. But one thing—don't buy fans and more fans without asking what they say and what they tell. The Americans say "why" so constantly about many things, that they might do the same concerning Japanese fans.

TARTAR IS A TARTAR

Soft, spongy, sensitive gums result from tartar accumulation. It should be removed at once by your dentist and thereafter prevented by the use of

SOZODONT TOOTH POWDER

and its complement, SOZODONT Liquid. The Powder is slightly abrasive, is absolutely free from grit and acid, and is just the thing for those who have an inclination for the niceties of every-day life.

3 FORMS: LIQUID, POWDER, PASTE.

GENTRY SHOW GETS THEM

Packed Tent at All Performances—Many Attractive Features.

Two great audiences yesterday and another this afternoon testify to the growing popularity of the Gentry Brothers shows in this city. Every available seat in the great tents was occupied. Many new and attractive features were seen this year, amongst which are the famous Kitamura family of Japs, five in number. The members of this little brown family are marvels in their line, and executed many perilous feats on the high ladder, and the inclined rope. "Cinco," the youngest of the troupe caught the hearts of those present all once, as he went through his hundreds of mid-air somersaults and other revolutions with astonishing velocity. Through it all he wore "the smile that won't come off," and left the ring amidst thousands of cheers.

"Ring," the bag-punching dog, "Mr. Dooley," the high-diver; "Barney," the chief clown dog and "Button," who rides the bareback pony, all came in for their share of admiration and applause.

Probably one of the most side-splitting incidents of the day comes in the concert, an after-show, where Gallettes' famous monkey comedians are the entertainers. These little fun-furnishers, dressed in human apparel present, as a close to their program, a one-act sketch entitled "Fun in a Barber Shop," and tonsorial artists in Duluth should not fail to witness this act. Possibly some valuable suggestions might be derived therefrom. It is here that the little Darwinians actually shave, shampoo and cut hair. The finale comes when barber and customer fall to agree, and the event ends in a free-for-all row.

The orphans are enjoying the afternoon performance, comfortably located on reserved seats and well supplied with circus goodies.

Little "Clo," the midget pony born last Monday and which now weighs but fifteen pounds, was the nucleus for large and admiring crowds, and there were hundreds who wanted to "carry it home."

The engagement concludes with tonigh's performance.

WELL KNOWN GRAIN MAN

James A. Patten, of Grain and Oats Fame, Here.

James A. Patten, of Chicago, one of the most widely known gain men of the Chicago board of trade, is in Duluth today, and is the guest of B. E. Baker, of the Duluth board of trade. Mr. Patten is a silent partner in the firm of Bartlett, Frazier & Carrington, Chicago representatives of Mr. Baker.

Mr. Patten's specialties in the grain market are oats and corn. Speaking of the situation in oats, which interests the Duluth market much more than oorn, from the fact that this may become an important market for oats, and is, in fact, growing steadily in the volume handled here. Mr. Patten said this morning that had it not been for the large quantity of oats shipped from the Northwest during the fall and winter of the present crop year, the price of oats would have gone to 50 cents a bushel. He thinks also that the crop of the Northwestern states and Iowa and Nebraska of this year, promises to be heavy enough to weigh down the price.

Mr. Patten is taking a pleasure trip and will go from here to Winnipeg.

Brains Grow Dull

from steady work.

Ever notice the fag?

That's because you forget to use the

RIGHT FOOD

to rebuild the daily waste of the soft gray matter.

That's the Mission of

Grape-Nuts

made of selected elements which surely and perfectly feed and rebuild the soft gray filling of the Brain.

WHY?

There's a Reason

you may be sure. You can prove the facts by a 10 days trial and can learn the reasons in detail and plainly told in the little book in each pkg. You can have

Keen, Sharp, Money-making Brains

if you want.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Two-Year-Old Girl Drowns By Falling Into Tub of Water.

Rapid River—Mildred, 2-year-old daughter of William Callahan, of Rapid River, Delta county, was drowned recently by falling into a tub of rain water. The child was playing at the edge of the tub and reached for a pasteboard box it had dropped in the water, falling in head firs. Three or four minutes elapsed before the accident was discovered.

Sault Ste. Marie—Failing to return from the woods near his home, to which he had gone in search of cows, friends instituted a search for William Park, living on Sugar Island, St. Mary's river, and found him dead, presumably from heart disease. Mr. Park was one of the oldest residents of the settlement and had, it is said, never been sick a day.

Menominee—The Menominee river log drive is down as far as Chalk Hill, the big log jam at Grand Rapids having been broken, and the indications are that the drive will be completed in three weeks. Superintendent W. H. Stephenson, of the Boom company, says that the drive is progressing remarkably well when existing conditions are considered. The log jam at Grand Rapids was one of the worst in years. There were upwards of 10,000,000 feet of logs piled up and it required the hard work of a large crew of men several days to break it up.

Escanaba—Contracts for street improvements aggregating $50,000 have been awarded by the common council to a local man, the lowest bidder. Portions of nine streets are to be rebuilt. Stone macadam, with concrete curbing, will be the material used.

Norway—The Pittsburg and Lake Superior Iron company is arranging to conduct logging operations upon an extensive scale in the vicinity of Metropolitan, Dickinson county. It will operate three camps and give employment to more than 200 men.

Gladstone—The home of Stephen Keller was struck by lightning and Keller was killed instantly. The lightning went down the chimney and out the window, Keller being alone in the house at the time.

St. Ignace—The common council has decided to submit to a vote on Aug. 8 a proposition to bond the city for $15,000 for the purpose of securing funds with which to build an electric light plant.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Murder and Suicide May Be Sequel to Yankton Quarrel.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Yankton—Norman Bucher, a resident of this city, was stabbed in the back Tuesday by Henry Williams, his cousin. The injured man is at the hospital and may die. Some trouble over Bucher's wife is said to have been the motive for the deed. Bucher has disappeared and it is thought he may have committed suicide.

Pierre—The decision of Judge Smith of the Fourth circuit against the old line insurance companies in their fight against the valued policy provisions of the insurance laws of the state has been appealed to the supreme court and will be argued at an early date. The insurance companies are fighting to the last ditch, and will carry their suit to the United States supreme court before they give up.

Elijah B. Carpenter, of Alexandria, has been appointed fish and game warden for Hanson county.

The wool shipping season has closed at this place and the buyers have all left. The price generally ranged a little over 20 cents a pound, and as in round numbers 1,000,000 pounds were shipped from Hughes county stations, this means that practically $200,000 was distributed among woolgrowers of the central part of this state for this years' wool crop.

The party which went to the Sheyenne river to attend the great meeting of Catholic Indians returned last evening and report an immense assemblage of the reds. Over 3000 delegates were present, and the addresses of Bishop Stariha were translated to them. Missionary priests were present from all reservations in the state and from Standing Rock, N. D.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Devils Lake—Oscar Olson, aged 22, whose home is in Benson county, was found on the race grounds in a dying condition and unattended. He was taken to the hospital, where it developed he had typhoid-pneumonia and had been three days on the ground in a helpless condition.

W. A. Evans, a well-known colored character about the city, commonly known as "Nigger" Bill, is under arrest on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses. About a year ago he went to Mrs. W. Hurst's residence, her husband being absent, and demanded the payment of a bill. Mrs. Hurst refused to pay, whereupon Evans brought an action, secured a judgment and collected the money. Hurst returned recently and caused Evans' arrest.

Tuesday night's passenger, No. 1, westbound train had on board a dozen or more gamblers and toughs, who came directly from Bonesteel, S. D., and carried their gambling devices with them. Conductor McGraw attempted to collect fare from those who held tickets after leaving Grand Forks, but the men became bold and resisted. The train was brought to a stop and the conductor was about to take measures to eject the gang, when they agreed to pay upon reaching here. Several of the toughs followed McGraw into the station and threatened violence, but Sheriff Rutten, who happened to be on the train and had seen the men, promptly stepped in and arrested several leaders and locked them up. They were fined and ordered out of town, and took the advice.

A VICIOUS FIGHT

Between Bantams Frankie Neil and Hughey McGovern.

Philadelphia, July 28.—Frankie Neil, of San Francisco, bantam champion of the world, clearly outfought Hughey McGovern, of Brooklyn, at the National Athletic club, here last night. The fight was the most vicious ever witnessed in this city between little men. There was scarcely a second during the six rounds that the boys were not in action. At the close of the sixth round McGovern was almost out and was hanging on to Neil to avoid punishment. McGovern drew blood from the Californian's nose in the second round and opened a gash in the left cheek in the succeeding round. Neil cut a gash in McGovern's left cheek in the fifth round and towards the close of the round McGovern was very shaky on his feet. Neil's seconds were Bob Daly, Johnny Loftus, Kid Howard and Tim Callahan, while Sam Harris, Danny Dougherty, Whitley Lester and Joe Humphrey looked after McGovern. Both boys were under the required weight of 118 pounds.

PE-RU-NA A GODSEND TO THOUSANDS OF WOMEN



WOMAN'S BURDENS ARE NUMEROUS, RESULTING IN MANY CATARRHAL ILLS.

Woman is burdened with hundreds of duties, some very weighty, some apparently insignificant; all, in the aggregate, an overwhelming load.

Is it to be wondered when they get nervous, run down, weary and weak?

Is it to be wondered when there is a general running down of all the organs, creating a chance for the great national ailment, catarrh, to make inroads upon the constitution?

Debility of any kind leads to catarrh, and catarrh will attack that organ which is the weakest.

If it is the stomach, it will become catarrh of the stomach.

If it is the kidneys, it will become catarrh of the kidneys.

If it is the female organs, it will become female catarrh, or result in catarrhal nervousness, otherwise termed nervous prostration.

There are tens of thousands of suffering women who could be relieved of their ills if they were fully conversant with the power of Peruna in relieving catarrhal ailments of every character.

We have thousands of testimonials like that of Mrs. Frye, touching the merits of Peruna as a remedy for all catarrhal diseases.

Do not delay. Buy Peruna today. Procrastination is the ally of catarrh.

Don't let anyone persuade you that there is any remedy that can be substituted for Peruna. Pay no attention to imitations.

The success of Peruna has tempted a great many people to invent something to take the place of it. There is no such remedy. Insist upon having Peruna. Take no other.

No Not Fail to Read Mrs. Frye's Notable Experience.

Mrs. Sarah Frye, 204 Sylvan avenue, West Asbury Park, N. J., writes:

"I have no words to express my gratitude for the wonderful cure Peruna has done for me. It is a God-send to all suffering women. Peruna has done wonderful work for me. I was sick over half my life with systemic catarrh. I want this letter published far and wide as I was a great sufferer, but today I feel as well as anybody can feel. Nearly all my life I have spent nearly all I could make and scrape for doctors, but none of them did me any good, but since I started on your Peruna one year ago I have at last found relief in your wonderful Peruna. I had begun to think that I was not going to get well, but thank God I am well today. I hope and pray you may live long to help others as you have helped me. Instead of being a walking drug store I am growing fat and doing well. I will never be without Peruna."

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

RUSSIAN MINISTER IS ASSASSINATED

(Continued from page 1.)

almost broke down when he was informed of the minister's murder.

Whatever may have been the motive for the crime, nothing but the utmost indignation and condemnation of the assassin's act is voiced anywhere.

Guarded by police the body remained in the street until the arrival of the official corresponding with an American coroner, even in the case of the most powerful minister of the empire, the law requiring this formality had to be observed before the remains could be removed. After this official had viewed the body it was placed in a carriage, covered by a robe and was driven slowly to a little chapel adjoining the railroad station and then to the deceased's magnificent town residence adjoining the ministry of the interior. The carriage, surrounded by mounted gendarmes, passed through the crowded streets, the sidewalks being a solid mass of people. Even the cross streets were black with spectators for blocks. As if by magic everybody in the city seemed to have suddenly become aware that a frightful catastrophe had occurred and to have hurried to the scene. As the carriage passed all heads were uncovered.

The first hurried investigation of the police seems to connect the crime with the plot which was frustrated by the explosion at the hotel Du Nord, April 13, in which Kazanoff, one of the conspirators was killed by the accidental explosion of an infernal machine which at the time it was said, was intended for Von Plehve. On that occasion a companion of the conspirator, who was killed, escaped.

It was reported that six men are implicated and that five of them fled into a little hotel adjoining the scene of the assassination, the only one who was wounded having been captured. The hotel was surrounded by the police and all its inmates were arrested. The wounded man, who is said to be a Jew, was taken to the Alexander hospital so dazed as to be unable to speak. His condition was accounted for by the fact that he took poison immediately after throwing the bomb.

The deceased minister's carriage was being followed by secret service men on bicycles, but by a miracle not one of them was injured. The force of the explosion was so tremendous that all the windows of a hotel facing the street were blown in and even some of the large panes of the Warsaw station, a hundred steps away, were shattered. Some of the drowsky drivers at the cab stand in front of the station were injured. According to a later account, the bomb was thrown from a window of the Warsaw hotel. Von Plehve's head was torn off, the lower portion was completely shattered, but the upper part was unouched.

There were only two conspirators, acording to this version, one of whom threw the bomb from the window and then bolted. When captured, another bomb is said to have been found in his pocket.

A heap of debris from a carriage, a portion of the coachman's uniform, mute and pitiable relics of the tragedy were still lying in Zabalansky street, where the crime was committed, when the correspondent of the Associated Press again returned to the spot this afternoon. For a block, either side of the street, were guarded by police and no one was allowed to approach.

Even in the midst of the consternation produced by the tragedy, everybody is talking of Von Plehve's probable successor.

Von Plehve's assassination was officially announced about 1 o'clock and was followed by the issuance of extra editions of the papers. Although they contained only four lines referring to the tragedy, the newsboys were fairly mobbed by the crowds in the streets, so eager were all for details of the crime. Intense excitement reigned everywhere. Only the assasination of the emperor could have created more of a sensation, as next to his majesty himself Von Plehve was regarded as the most powerful personality in the Russian government.

It transpires that Von Plehve was on his way to Krsnoye Selo, sixteen miles southwest of St. Petersburg, where the Grand Duke Vladimir's birthday was to be celebrated. The emperor is still at the Peterhof palace. When the news was received all the festivities of the day were, of course, immediately countermanded and instead a requiem service was held. When the remains of Von Plehve reached his residence, a requiem mass was celebrated in the private chapel. Another one will be celebrated tonight and two masses will be celebrated daily until the funeral service occurs.

WASHINGTON NOTIFIED

Of Assassination of Minister of Interior Von Plehve.

Washington, July 28.—The first official information received here of the tragedy at St. Petersburg, came in a short cablegram to the state department from Spencer Eddy, the charge of the American embassy in the absence from that capital of Ambassador McCormick. The message read:

"Secretary of Interior Plehve and several others killed and some wounded by explosion of a bomb."

The cablegram was promptly forwarded by Acting Secretary Adee to Secretary Hay at Newbury, N. H., and a proper expression of condolence will be directed through Mr. Eddy.

Although the assassination is deeply deplored here, it cannot be said that it has caused much surprise in the circles here best informed as to the conditions in St. Petersburg. M. Plehve was regarded as a reactionist and was particularly sever in his treatment of the radical element in Russian politics. He was able to enforce his policies through his absolute control of the secret service and police.

His life, in consequence, had often been threatened. But recently, it is pointed out here, he had shown a disposition to ameliorate the condition of the Jews in Russia, who had been specially the complainants against the government policy of repression, and it was believed that the minister had regained his popularity with the radical classes.

The following cablegram has reached the state department from Consul General Watts at St. Petersburg:

"Plehve assassinated this morning. Others also killed and wounded. Bomb explosion. No disturbances.

"WATTS,
"Consul general."

EMBASSY IN SORROW.

Bar Harbor, Me., July 28.—News of the assassination of Minister of the Interior Von Plehve, first made known here through the dispatches of the Associated Press, was received at the summer headquarters of the Russian embassy here today with deep feeling. Count Cassini, the ambassador, through his secretary and M. Bobroff, charge d'affelrs, acknowledged the receipt of the information with expressions of deepest regret in which all the members of the legation also joined. The members of the embassy displayed great esteem for the dead minister.

PRESIDENT INFORMED.

Oyster Bay, July 28.—President Roosevelt was officially informed today by the state department at Washington of the assassination of the Russian minister at St. Petersburg. No details were given in the dispatch except that in addition the minister several other people were injured by the explosion of the bomb.

SKETCH OF VON PLEHVE.

Position Second of Importance Only to Emperor.

St. Petersburg, July 28.—Senator Von Plehve was appointed minister of the interior April 18, 1902, succeeding M. Siphiagunio, who was assassinated April 16, 1902, by a student named Balmaschoff. He had formerly been director of the department of police, which position he practically assumed of his own accord, when in charge of the department of political prosecutions, owing to the incompetency of the official who was in charge of the police. When Emperor Alexander II was killed March 13, 1881, M. Von Plehve conducted the prosecution of the regicides and afterwards reorganized the police. From that time on the power of M. Plehve increased until it became only second in importance to that of the emperor. Several plots to assassinate the minister have, according to reports, been discovered during the last two years, which period has been marked by strong political rivalry between the interior minister and the former minister of finance, M. Witte, now president of the committee of ministers.

M. Von Plehve was not a scholar, but from his youth he had been brought up in official circles and he slowly but surely pushed himself ahead. Before the emperor called M. Plehve to take the portfolio of minister of the interior, he had already spent about forty years in official work and at the time of his death he was about 66 years old. The educated youths of Russia are said to have been bitterly opposed to M. Plehve owing, it has been claimed, to his turning on his own people and to the drastic changes which he inaugurated or advocated. He is said to have regarded the common people as either dangerous criminals to be repressed or as innocents to be ignored. Von Plehve was largely of Polish blood. He was regarded as in many ways being the power behind the throne and was dreaded on account of his control of the Third (secret) section of police and also owing to the fact that he controlled the press of Russia through the censors, who, it has been understood, did M. Plehve's bidding without question.

The deceased minister was laborious in the extreme, but was an indifferent conversationalist. He was, however, fond of music and was accustomed to read many French novels during his leisure nours.

Calumet Baking Powder

A wonderful powder of rare merit and unrivaled strength.

TONIGHT

Grand Excursion and Dance on Str. NEWSBOY and Barge OUTING.

Music by Prof. Paul's Band and Orchestra. Leaves foot Fifth avenue west 8:30 p. m. Tickets, 25 cents, including boat ride and dance. Both phones.

WALL OF MILWAUKEE

Is a Candidate For United States Senator.

Milwaukee, July 28.—Edward Wall is now out for the senate. When a report came from Fond du Lac yesterday that he was after the Democratic gubernatorial nomination, he declared that it was incorrect, but practically admitted that he was waiting until winter, when his claim for consideration will be placed before the legislature.

Buys Milwaukee Franchise.

Colorado Springs, Col., July 28.—The Milwaukee baseball franchise in the Western league has been purchased by D. J. Finklestein, of this city, for $50,000. The franchise is held in Pueblo, which next season will have a regularly organized team in the Western league circuit. Finklestein is organizing the Pueblo Athletic association of which he will be president.

Dancing every evening, except Sunday, at Oatka beach auaditorium.

UNCLE SAM'S LOTTERY BEGINS

Pennsylvania Man's Name Was First Out of the Box.

Chamberlain, S. D., July 28.—The eagerly awaited drawing day in the distribution of lands in the Rosebud reservation opened bright and sultry. The great wheel from which the numbers were drawn was placed in position about 8 o'clock and by half past eight the stand was comfortably filled with the officials connected with the drawing, newspaper men and distinguished guests, among whom were Congressman Burke, National Committeeman Joseph Greene and Internal Revenue Collector Ellerman, all of South Dakota. United States Land Commissioner Richards with his assistants, Judge Wakely of Omaha and F. F. Sherman, of Sioux Falls, were early on the ground. Shortly after 8 o'clock, the envelopes containing the names of registered aspirants were placed in the wheel and everything was in readiness.

Wm. McCormick of Lancaster county, Pa., was the first name drawn in the Rosebud land drawing.



Slipper Sale..

Fancy Party and House Slippers — $2.50 to $5.00 values..... **$1.48**

Three hundred and fifty pairs of Ladies' fancy House and Party Slippers—patent colt, vici kid, velvet and satin—not a pair in the lot that sold for less than $2.50; most of them are $3.00 to $5.00 values.

Phillips & Co.

218 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

All Our Nobby Straw Hats at Exactly Half Price

Burrows' Sacrifice Sale!

Positive Savings of 30, 40, 50 and 60 Per Cent.

Men's, Young Men's and Big Boys' Suits in medium and light weight Business Suits, Dress Suits, Outing Suits—Broken sizes of our best sellers—

Regular $20 Summer Suits
Regular $18 Summer Suits
Regular $15 Summer Suits
Regular $12 Summer Suits

$8.88

$10 free to a boy who can hustle. **BOYS' CLOTHING HALF PRICE.** $10 free to a boy who can hustle.

Russian Suits— Eton Suits— Norfolk Suits— Sailor Suits—

Tan Shoes for Men and Women—Negligee Shirts—
Summer Underwear—All go at Great Reductions!

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Special Selling of **Wash Goods Remnants Tomorrow.**

NOTICE.
All goods bought after the 25th of each month will be charged on the next month's account.
S. & B. Co.

All short lengths of desirable Wash Fabrics resulting from the past 3 months' selling—every yard this season's styles—lengths from 1 to 12 yards. These prices will rapidly clean them up:

Three Big Lots.

LOT 1—9c YARD. All short lengths of summer goods that have sold up to 35c yard.

LOT 2—17c YARD. All short lengths that have sold as high as 75c the yard.

LOT 3—25c YARD. All short lengths that have sold up to $1.50 the yard. On bargain tables, west aisle.

$5.00 In Gold Free

We will pay this prize for the best short article on the appearance and effectiveness of our new type. Winning article will be published in tomorrow evening's Herald. No restrictions, any person can answer.
Address Advertising Department, Silberstein & Bondy Co.

Special Selling of **White Goods Remnants Tomorrow**

Hundreds upon hundreds of short lengths in English and French Madras, Piques, Reps, Oxfords, Linen Waistings in white and natural color, Swisses, Nainsooks, Vestings, Voiles, French Bourettes, etc. Also all remnants of Table Linens, Damasks, Towelings, etc., at clean-up prices.

Two Big Lots.

LOT 1—17c YARD. All short length values up to 50c yard.
LOT 2—29c YARD. All short lengths values up to 65c and 75c yard.
Bargain tables, east aisle.

Silberstein & Bondy Company. Silberstein & Bondy Company.

DIFFERENT PLAN

Free Natatorium, Open Twelve Months of Year, Now Proposed.

Lower Floor of Armory Building Could Be Utilized.

If the plans of the sub-committee in charge of the scheme to establish free public baths are carried out, Duluth citizens may have opportunities for a plunge bath twelve months in the year.

The sub-committee consists of H. H. Phelps, George C. Stone and Ward Ames. Mayor Cullum appointed a committee to take up the proposition and the committee delegated the sub-committee of three men to look over the proposed site on Park Point and report as to its feasibility.

The three gentlemen visited the proposed site and found that while it answered the requirements of a bathing beach, it had many drawbacks. One of the drawbacks was that the beach would be available for three months in the year only. The water in the harbor is seldom warm enough for bathing before June 1, and by the end of August the air is too chilly for comfort.

The second drawback was that the beach was too far removed from the central portion of the city. It would cost 20 cents to get to Park Point and return, and if an extra charge of 5 cents were made for towels, each bath taken would cost 25 cents, whereas the plans of Mayor Cullum and Health Commissioner Murray were that the baths should be as nearly free as possible.

The committee then looked for a way of removing those difficulties, and decided upon the Armory as the most available place. It is the plan of the sub-committee to excavate a tank in the basement of the Armory building for use as a plunge bath. The completion of the addition to the Armory will leave plenty of room in the first floor for the militia companies and the naval reserve, and allow of the use of the basement for a natatorium. The members of the sub-committee believe that the tank could be constructed at a small cost and maintained by a nominal rental for towels. It could be reached easily from all parts of the city, and only those people living in the outlying districts would have to make use of a car. It would, moreover, be available for twelve months in the year, as the basement of the Armory is already supplied with heating apparatus, and the cost of raising the water to a temperate heat would be small.

A meeting of the committee will be held tomorrow afternoon and the report of the sub-committee will be presented at that time. What action will be taken in the matter depends upon the opinion of the other members of the committee. All of them appear to be strongly in favor of establishing a free bathing place, if the cost is not excessive, and they desire to make it available for as many months in the year as possible, and also have it located in a spot which will be accessible to as many people as possible without the expenditure of money for car fare.

BANK AT MAUSTON, WIS. CLOSES DOORS.

Milwaukee, July 28.—A Daily News special from Madison, Wis., says: State Bank Examiner M. C. Bergh today took charge of the State bank at Mauston, Wis., and closed its doors. The liabilities of the bank are stated to be $137,901, of which amount $79,704 is due depositors. No application will be made for a receiver, until a movement to interest new capital is made. The making of too many large loans to single institutions is said to be the cause of the bank's embarrassment. J. L. Heath is the principal stockholder.

Constipation

Headache, biliousness, heartburn, indigestion, and all liver ills are cured by

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

OBJECT TO BASEMENTS

West End People Protest Against Use of One For School.

Vigorous protests against the use of basement rooms in the Lincoln school was made at a meeting of a committee of West End citizens, the board of health and H. H. Phelps, D. E. Stevens and F. B. Smith of the school board, held last evening in the mayor's office.

The following petition, signed by a number of the residents of the Lincoln school district, was submitted to the meeting:

Our attention has been called to the fact that the school board lately has allowed some of the basement rooms in different parts of the city to be used as regular class-rooms in order to help out the over-crowded condition of the schools. The Lincoln school is one, where this congestion of school children steadily has increased and to relieve this condition, we understand, the school board intends to fit up the whole basement for regular recitation rooms. We can see the economy in this policy and we appreciate the honesty and good intentions, but, for sanitary reasons, we must object to the use of these subterraman rooms for such purposes. As we believe that the school board is crossing the danger line of sanitary rules, we think it is proper to call the attention of the health board to these matters as it is your duty to give the warning signal or step in with the law if necessary. All these basement rooms in the Lincoln school will be low under the ceiling so there will be few square feet of air for each child; the walls will be more than half below the ground and consequently there will be a great deal of moisture in the rooms and in the winter a regular sheet of ice will form between the inside plastering and the stone wall. The cement floor will be more or less water-soaked underneath the wooden floor and develop dampness.

"It is also a general experience the world over that moisture combined with heat and stagnant air is the breeding place for all kinds of infectious diseases. The ventilation will help to some extent to bring in a steady stream of fresh air and carry the foul components away from these steaming walls, but, as the diver's life when he rescends below the level of the water depends on the regular and constant work of the air pump—so will also the health of the children, locked up in such cellar rooms depend on the ventilation fans. It is impossible to make the walls and the floor perfectly dry as long as there is dirt around; compare, for instance, the white color of the cement above the ground and the water-soaked gray color of the floor. When the rooms are more or less closed up in the winter and heated, the contrast in the temperature inside and outside will increase the formation of humidity and steam, and it will be a regular hotbed for the development of all kinds of germs. Another thing not yet mentioned is the poor light. The windows are small and will be located high up under the ceiling and through the dark winter months this dim light will be destructive to the children's eyes.

"Experience further shows that people who live in basements become anaemic and are easy victims of the most dangerous diseases. It has also been the practice to send the youngest children down in these subterranean dungeons and it is just in this age that it is easiest to damage them physically. No gardener would think of locating his greenhouse down in a basement and even big plants cannot live there very long.

"We ask you, the health commissioner and your honorable board to put a stop to the use of these class-cellar rooms. We demand of the school board that they keep our children above the ground."

Mr. Phelps stated that in remodeling the building the board was removing the boilers and lavatories from the basement and providing a system of ventilation. He stated that on account of the rapidly increasing needs of the school district the board had been compelled to use the basement rooms to accommodate the pupils. "Compared with the rooms many of us attended when we were boys," he said, "those basement rooms are palaces.

"If we abolish the use of the basement rooms in the Lincoln school, other school districts will demand it and there will be a howl from the tax-payers about the extravagance of the school board."

Health Commissioner Murray announced that the matter would be taken up at the meeting of the board of health on Tuesday and the school board will also discuss it at the meeting next month.

POLITICAL GOSSIP

On Esopus Conference Distasteful to Judge Parker.

Esopus, July 28.—The visit to Esopus yesterday of striking figures in Democratic politics, including members of the national committee, officials of Tammany hall, and leaders known throughout the entire country, was a source of gratification to Judge Parker and at the same time somewhat distasteful because of political gossip resulting from the conference. A close friend of Judge Parker said today that the judge thinks it undignified for a candidate for the presidency to engage in deals for the control of petty offices and that he has not entered nor will he enter upon such discussions. That Judge Parker is interested in everything which might effect the elections in New York state is not denied, but he has exhibited the same interest regarding internal affairs of other states.

DON'T FORGET THE

Scottish Picnic

And Caledonian games TOMORROW at Lester Park. Good prizes for all events. Dance afternoon and evening.

SAD PLIGHT OF A FAMILY

Two Members Injured and One Lost on the Plains.

Glendive, Mont., July 28.—News was brought to Glendive yesterday of a harrowing experience that befell Mrs. Nick Greibledinger at a ranch at Box Elder, twenty-five miles below Glendive.

Her husband was at work in a field stacking hay. Her little boy strayed from the house and she mounted a pony to go in search of him. After going about a mile from the house the pony became unruly and threw her off, injuring her so severely that she lay for several hours unconscious upon the prairie.

Although severely injured, she managed to make her way back to the house, only to find that in her absence her husband's team had run away and left him lying unconscious in the field. In a few hours he regained consciousness, but was not rational and attempted to leave the house.

The nearest neighbor resided six or seven miles distant, and the woman dare not leave to summon aid, for fear that in her absence her husband would wander off. On Monday the little boy was found by some of the neighbors and taken home, his rescuers then learning of the terrible straits Mr. and Mrs. Greibledinger were in. Word was brought to Glendive and a doctor and nurse were sent to the ranch.

Mr. Greibledinger's injuries are reported very serious, and his wife is also suffering from her accident and the hours of terrible anxiety spent alone at his bedside.

ATTENTION!

SONS OF VETERANS

Meeting tonight at Masonic hall at 8 p. m.
R. BUDDEN, Scribe.

D. S. S. & A. Ry. Bargains.

Boston and return, $25.75.

Tickets on sale Aug. 11, 12 and 13. Final return limit, Sept. 30. Through sleepers, Aug. 11. Albany, N. Y., and return, $38.20; Boston, Mass., and return, $49.50; New York, N. Y., and return, $41.90; Montreal, Quebec, and return, $33; Quebec, Que., and return, $38.55; St. John, N. B., and return, $50; Toronto, Ont., and return, $25.90.

Tickets on sale daily until Sept. 30, valid for return passage until Oct. 31. Proportionate rates to intermediate points. Sault Ste. Marie, St. Ignace and Mackinac Island and return, $12.50.

Tickets on sale every Friday. Good for return passage until the following Wednesday.

Detroit, Mich., and return, $16; Toledo, Ohio, and return, $17; Cleveland, Ohio, and return, $18; Buffalo, N. Y., and return, $20.70.

Tickets on sale every Friday, until Aug. 26, valid for return pasage until Sept. 15.

CITY TICKET OFFICE,
430 Spalding Hotel Block.

$100 REWARD, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Goes to Eastern Markets.

Mr. Tallant of the Gray-Tallant company, left on the Duluth South Shore & Atlantic last night for Eastern markets. By being in the market early, Mr. Tallant will have an opportunity to make a careful study and comparison of the best imported models and the copies and adaptations for an American clientete. Mr. Tallant will remain longer than usual this season to thoroughly confirm the styles before completing all the orders of the firm for fall and winter garments though the advance showings will be placed in work at once.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

Don't Be Penny-Wise and Pound Poor—Follow the Advice of a Prominent Physician.

George M. Moore, M. D., in the American Health Journal says: "The one laxative which has merit is Rea Bros.' Cascarin, made from roots, herbs, barks, plants and berries, nature's true remedies, and has given universal satisfaction. It would be an excellent investment for any one to keep this remedy near at hand. The digestive organs, often need a laxative tonic to aid them in their work, which every one makes doubly hard through carelessness. Rea Bros.' Cascarin cleanses the bowels thoroughly, strengthens the stomach, stimulates the liver and increases the flow of bile. This results in more of the food being digested and purer blood being produced. Pure blood will overcome any disease. It tones up the nerves, makes the complexion clear and healthy. No one can afford to be without a bottle of Cascarin, for it only ccosts 50 cents a bottle. Your money will be refunded if it is not entirely satisfactory. At all leading druggists.

STUDENT IS BEATEN

By Chicago Strikers For Attempting to Remove Effigy.

Maniac Tries to Kill Commission Man In Exchange Building.

Chicago, July 28.—An attempt of a student from the University of Chicago to remove an effigy from an electric light wire at Forty-seventh and Justine streets today caused a small riot in which the student was severely beaten by strike sympathizers. The student was accompanied by Miss Mary McDowell, head resident of the University of Chicago settlement, near the stock yards. After the student had been beaten Miss McDowell addressed the strikers and apparently persuaded them that she and the student were working in the interest of the strikers and that the hanging of effigies would do more harm than good to the strikers. The strikers cheered and professed themselves as readily agreeing to hang no more effigies. Miss McDowell and the student refused to reveal the name of the effigy removed. The student after he had his wounds dressed returned to the university.

A riot call was turned in from Nelson Morris & Co. branch in South Chicago. A number of meat dealers had appeared at the branch to secure meat and were received threateningly by strike sympathizers. When the police arrived the crowd dispersed.

Intense excitement was aroused in the crowded Exchange building, in the stockyards today, by an attempt to kill George T. Ward, a member of the commission firm of Alexander, Ward & Conover. Ward's appearance, running through the building, pursued by a man flourishing a big knife, caused a general exodus. Before the belligerent could accomplish any harm, however, he was overpowered by a policeman. The would-be slayer had made his way unnoticed into Ward's office in the Exchange. Without a word, the stranger produced a huge knife from under his coat and made a lunge at Ward. With a cry of alarm the commission man leaped from his desk and ran to the end of the office, where the furnishings formed somewhat of a barricade. Jumping behind it he faced his assailant. The sight that met Ward's gaze prevented any further delay. White faced and with set teeth, the intruder was obviously a madman. The fellow whetted the knife on his coat sleeve and stealthily advanced upon Ward, who jumped over the desks between himself and the door and rushed into the hall. The assailant followed, yelling and flourishing his knife. He was almost upon the broker when a well-directed blow from a policeman sent the maniac sprawling. The assailant tried to regain his feet and slashed right and left with his knife. It was knocked from his hand by a blow from a policeman's club and, still struggling, he was taken to an office close at hand, where he was thoroughly overpowered and searched.

Rumors spread quickly that an anarchist had been caught in an attempt to destroy the Exchange building and an immense crowd gathered. No other weapon was found in the possession of the prisoner. He proved to be a Lithuanian and unable to speak or understand English. He gave the name of Anton Doreskiotz.

Today all the freight handlers reported for work as usual and all were sent to other departments of the companies services, where they will be retained until the freight handlers return to usual duties.

Although representatives of the packing companies declare that no further agreements with their striking employes are desired and that no negotiations with them are contemplated, rumors are persistent that two of the big companies, Schwarzschild & Sulzberger and the Cudahy Packing company are ready to make terms with the men.

Word reached the union headquarters this afternoon that two trainloads of white and colored strike breakers, gathered in Buffalo, Cleveland and Cincinnati were stopped by strike sympathizers, who flagged the trains between Whiting and Hammond, Ind., and that the strike breakers were driven off and scattered. The trains belonged to the Erie & Lake Shore roads. Their coming and the character of their passengers had been foretold by railroad men in sympathy with the strike and the attack followed. Two hundred non-union men were diverted from their destination at the stock yards in consequence.

STRIKE BREAKERS DRUGGED.

East St. Louis, Ill., July 28.—One hundred men employed at the Armour plant in place of the striking butchers and meat cutters, have been made violently ill, the result of some unidentified person drugging the soup served for supper. In several cases the condition of the men is regarded as serious.

APPLY FOR OLD PLACES.

Kansas City, July 28.—Many additional strikers, practically all of them unskilled labor, applied for their old places at the plants of Swift & Co., Armour & Co. and the Fowler Packing company today and were re-employed.

HARD FIGHT IN INDIANA.

Taggart's Election as Chairman Arouses Republicans.

Washington, July 28.—Taggart's appointment as the head of the Democratic national committee means that Indiana will become the storm center of the campaign.

Taggart is especially strong with the labor vote, including the railway men. The colored vote was always with him in Indianapolis, and that vote is large enough to decide the state in a close campaign. The Republican national committee will put up the biggest fight Indiana ever saw. They will send tons of literature and speakers into every city and village.



MILLIONAIRE MARRIES

The Daughter of a Poor Indiana Widow.

Jeffersonville, Ind., July 28.—Willard R. Cheney, son of the late Judge James Cheney, who died recently at Fort Wayne, Ind., leaving millions which have been divided among his three children, and Miss Nannie McMahon, both of this city, were secretly married in New Albany, June 26, by the Rev. Father John O'Connell, pastor of St. Augustine's Catholic church of this city. The ceremony was performed in the rectory of St. Mary's Catholic church, New Albany.

A history of the bridegroom's life reads like a romance. Reared in luxury, being the only son of a man of millions, W. R. Cheney ran away from home when a boy of 16 and enlisted in the United tSates navy. This caused a breach between father and son, which was ever healed until a short time before the father's death. Young Cheney enlisted as a common sailor, and served in that capacity until the term of his enlistment expired.

Being of a naturally proud disposition, he did not return to his father's home, but became a rover. He went west and herded cattle. He was successful and managed to save money. About 10 years ago he came to this city and invested his money in a laundry. He possessed push and energy, and built up a good business. He possesses a genial good nature that has won him many friends.

A remarkable thing in connection with his life is the fact that never, until after the death of his father, did he benefit in the slightest degree by his father's great wealth from the time he ran away from home and enlisted in the navy. He was virtually a self-made man, and independent of his kinspeople. Judge Cheney appreciated this fact, and it is believed that this had something to do with his relenting in favor of his son, and making him an euqal heir with the two daughters.

Mr. Cheney is now 60 years old. His hair is snow white, but his carriage is erect and soldierly. He has a piercing eye, and makes a striking figure. His bride is a young woman of many accomplishments. She is beautiful and the only daughter of a widowed mother, who, for years, conducted a little grocery store in this city.

The number of times in a year that a man uses The Herald's Want Columns is an idex to his interests and activities.

ANOTHER DAY

Close of Summer School at Duluth Normal at Hand.

Successful Despite Unsatisfactory Conditions as to Boarding Pupils.

Tomorrow is the last day of the teachers' summer school which has been in session for the past five weeks at the Duluth state normal school. The session opened June 20 and one hundred and fifty pupils have been enrolled.

The need of a dormitory for the students attending this school from out of town has been apparent and it is thought that the atendance would have been double if accommodations for the out-of-town pupils might have been secured at reasonable cost.

The school was particularly for the teachers of the five counties, St. Louis, Carleton, Cook, Lake and Itasca, but as many students have come from other places as from these five counties.

The examinations for those students who were working for normal credits were held today and will be continued tomorrow.

The work that has been accomplished is most satisfactory and next year a larger attendance is hoped for.

A special feature of the work this year has been that done in the music department. Papers on the composers have been read in connection with the study of musical works and in the chapel exercises special musical numbers have been given.

Yesterday H. W. Richardson, of the weather bureau spoke to the students of the working of this department of the government. Tomorrow at ten o'clock a special musical program will be given. Monday school was adjourned and the students and teachers enjoyed an outing at Fond du Lac.

The regular term of the normal school begins the first Tuesday in September.

The rarest combination of good things ever put together is Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It cures pimples, indigestion, constipation, rheumatism, sick headache. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

AMUSEMENTS.

SUPERIOR BAND

CARNIVAL

ONE SOLID WEEK,

Commencing Monday Night **AUG. 8**

Up and Down Tower Avenue, SUPERIOR, WIS.

AUSPICES SUPERIOR BAND—
A POSITIVE NOVELTY.
Neat, High-class, Moral and Great.

12 Mammoth Attractions 12
7 Free Outdoor Shows 7

DIAVOLO—Loops the loop.
MARVELO—World's Geatest Diver.
CHEFALO—Looping the Gap.

Mundy's Great Trained Animal Show.

The marvelous Millmans. The famous Magraw acrobats. The Royal Hippodrome. Creation—Lotta—Cave of the Winds and many other good things in big tents.

ONE GLORIOUS WEEK OF FUN AND FROLIC.

Excursion rates on all railroads.

Phillips & Co. | Phillips & Co.

OXFORD SALE

Ladies' Oxfords, Gents' Oxfords, Misses' and Children's Oxfords, Boys' and Youths' Oxfords, At Greatly Reduced Prices.



Phillips & Co. | Phillips & Co.

LET THEM FOREVER HOLD THEIR PEACE

Duluth Police Batter Their Superior Brethern Without Mercy.

Ten Men Cross Plate In One Inning, Nine In Another.

Knowing the game between the Duluth "Bloodhounds" and the Superior "Cops" was to be a tragedy, the dramatic critic sauntered out to Athletic park yesterday with the following result:

"A Game of Baseball" between the Duluth and Superior policemen was presented yesterday afternoon at the baseball grounds before a large and appreciative audience. The play was a tragedy, slightly on the melodramatic order. It was a simple story of heart interest, showing the terrible end that befalls young men who think they can play baseball and can't. Nemisis in the form of the Duluth team fell upon the Superior team in the third and eighth acts, and the play ended with the carrying of the Superior actors off the stage in a tally-ho.

The costumes were very appropriate, the Duluth men being attired in red knickers and shirts, with white stars on their breasts to signify that they were guardians of the peace. The Superior men wore very dainty white trousers with black shirts, to signify mourning. The scenery was perfect, the sky being clouded in the third and fourth acts, but being changed to a clear sky again toward the close of the play.

The work of the caste was erratic, there being moments when they played like stage-struck maidens, and again they rose to sublime heights in the interpretation of their parts. Bailey who assumed the role of a pitcher for the Duluth men early in the game was not in the proper mood for the part, and he was replaced by his understudy Kennell after the third act.

Toewe gave a very finished interpretation of the part of catcher scoring a distinct triumph with the audience.

Nothing but the highest praise can be given the Duluth actors for their batting. Two-base hits were the rule rather than the exception, and the team average would be about .750.

The work of the Superior actors was very raw. They had no conception of the parts they were supposed to play and their interpretation of their roles was crude and unfinished. Three different actors attempted the stellar role of pitcher, and bungled it fearfully. Summers commenced the part, but was replaced in the middle of the seventh act by Halberg who was little better. His work was so bad that even the supporting members of the caste protested against it and Hudson was allowed to finish the play in the slur part.

The play itself was a threatbare drama filled with glaring errors of construction. All the unities were violated and the continuity was not maintained. The opening scene showed the two teams in mortal conflict, with the Duluth team in the ascendency. Superior gained some advantage in the second act and for a time it looked as if it would conquer, but the grim bloodhounds scored nine runs in the third and once more appeared on top.

The fierce battle progressed until the last scene in the seventh act where occurred the massacre and total annihilation of Superior. The scene presented great possibilities for the master hand, but in the bungling hands of the Superior actors the tradegy was turned into a comedy. F. Schulte opened the scene with a hit and Bailey who next appeared from the wings, reached first on an error by the star of the Superior caste. E. Schulte secured a hit and Toewe gave an excellent imitation of O'Leary lamming out a two-bagger. Altenberg's misplay on Steele's hit allowed Toewe to score and Blackwood hit another two-bagger. A Schulte scored a triumph, and incidentally Blackwood and Steelt, when he lined out a two-bagger. Kennell was allowed to walk to first and Lahti was hit by the ball. F. Schulte made his second hit in the one inning, scoring Kennell and Lahti and came home himself on Bailey's hit. Just at this point the Superior actors rose to the occasio nand retired the side on a fast double play from Cohen to Hudson.

The last two acts showed the funeral ceremonies over the bodies of the dead actors, and they were marked by a peculiar phenomenon. The dead actors attempted to come to life in the ninth act, but their grim captors knocked them on the heads and prevented the resuscitation.

While the play in itself was very crude at times and showed glaring errors, both in the construction and the interpretation, it taught a strong moral, and those who witnessed it could not help but be impressed by the idea that Superior coppers should go pitch hay for a time to strengthen their arms before trying to preesnt the drama once more.

The following is the caste of characters and synopsis of the play:

DULUTH.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Bailey, p & 2b	5	3	1	5	0	2
E. Schulte, ss	7	4	5	3	3	2
Toewe, c	5	4	2	9	6	1
Steele, lf & rf	6	2	2	1	1	0
Blackwood, 3b	7	5	4	1	1	3
R. Schulte, cf	7	3	5	0	0	0
Kennell, 2b & p	6	3	2	3	1	0
Lahti, rf & lf	5	2	2	2	0	0
F. Schulte, 1b	5	3	2	5	0	1
Totals	53	30	25	27	12	9

SUPERIOR.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Hudson, ss, 2b & 1b	4	2	2	2	2	0
Cohen, 2b & 1b	4	3	1	8	3	2
Williams, c	6	3	3	8	2	0
Dill, rf	6	1	0	0	0	0
Halberg, 3b & p	5	1	3	1	2	1
Flynn, cf & 2b	5	1	1	1	1	2
Summers, p & ss	4	0	1	0	1	4
Allenberg, 1b & cf	6	2	3	3	0	2
McGowan, lf, ss, 2b & 3b	6	2	4	1	0	1
Totals	48	19	20	24	11	12

Score by innings:

Duluth	4	0	9	4	3	1	0	0	x	—30
Superior	3	6	3	0	0	6	0	0	1	—19

Two-base hits—E. Schulte. Toewe, Blackwood (2), A. Schulte (2), Kennell, Lahti, Cohen. Three-base hits—E. Schulte, Lahti, Hudson, Halberg (2). Bases on balls—Off Bailey, 4; off Kennel, 8; off Summers, 4; off Halberg, 2. Strike outs—By Bailey, 2; by Kennell, 8; by Summers, 6; Halberg, 1; Hudson, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Bailey, 1. Wild pitches—By Bailey, 1. Stolen bases—Bailey, 2; E. Schulte, Toewe 3, A. Schulte, Kennell, Hudson, Williams, McGowan. Passed balls—Williams, 4. Double plays—R. Schulte to Frank Schulte; Cohen to Hudson. Home runs—Steele. Umpires—Troyer and McKinnon.

LANDLADY'S PRIVILEGE.

She May Enter Room With a Man.

St. Paul, July 28.—The landlady of a boarding house has more rights than other women.

Judge Dickinson so decided yesterday in the case of Mrs. Lizzie Haskins, whose husband, C. A. Haskins, accused her of infidelity.

A detective testified that he saw her go into a room with Robert Watson, a star boarder, and emerge fifteen minutes thereafter.

In ordinary cases, under the law, this would have partially justified the charges. With the landlady of a boarding house, however, it was a different case, and Mrs. Haskins was discharged.

She and her husband are separated.

WHAT ARE THEY?

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. A new remedy for stomach troubles, billousness, and constipation, and a good one. Price 25 cents. For sale by all druggists.

We Want Men



To come to us to learn the latest discoveries for the cure of diseases peculiar to men. Science is never at a standstill. If you have been treated unsuccessfully in the past, we want to show you the enormous advancement which has been made even within a recent period, and convince you that such maladies as **Varicocele, Stricture, Nervo-Sexual Debility, Contagious Blood Poison, Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases, Small, Weak Organs, Discharges, Seminal Emissions,** are now easily and successfully cured by us because we are up to the times, and no discovery escapes our attention. We spare no expense in the acquisition of such appliances as are necessary to cure Men thoroughly and quickly.

Make no Experiments, consult specialists who have demonstrated by thousands of successful cures and long residence that they do CURE.

Consultation Free and Confidential.

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Sundays—10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men, as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

Progressive Medical Association,

No. 1 West Superior Street, Cor. of Lake Avenue, Duluth, Minn.

TAKES THE TEAM

Northern League Management Will Continue Grand Forks Bunch.

Duluth Takes Easy Game From Superior—Winnipeg Wins.

NORTHERN LEAGUE.

STANDING.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Duluth	69	43	17	.717
Crookston	58	30	28	.517
Grand Forks	69	30	30	.500
Winnipeg	69	27	33	.450
Superior	61	27	34	.442
Fargo	61	23	38	.377

GAMES YESTERDAY.

Duluth, 12; Superior, 4.
Winnipeg, 7; Fargo, 2.

GAMES TODAY.

Superior at Duluth.
Grand Forks at Winnipeg.
Crookston at Fargo.

Grand Forks, N. D., July 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—It has been rumored that Grand Forks is out of the league for the rest of the season but, a statement given out today by D. J. Laxdai, president of the league, contradicts this. The team will hereafter be under the management of the Northern league. Grand Forks will forfeit $500 for failing to keep a team in the field until the finish of the season.

A. B. Wood, secretary of the Northern league, will assume the management of the reorganized Tigers.

The men who will appear in Tiger uniform at Winnipeg are: Cheek, who will be field captain; Nagel, O'Brien, Morton and Hanrahan from the old team. Possibly the names of Dunn and Hulbert will be added. Three men have been secured from the Lisbon team. They are: Moore, Shannon and Kaelin. Betts, who has been managing the Bottineau team during the season, has been signed. Betts is a strong man on the rubber and the three pitchers will no doubt make things interesting.

The Tigers have four games to play at Winnipeg, six at the head of the lakes and three at home.

AN EASY VICTORY.

Duluth Captures Third Game of Superior Series.

Leach and Benson of the Superior team offered themselves as victims of the Duluth sluggers in the game yesterday afternoon. The Bugville team was minus a pitcher and the two fielders went in to try their curves. Every man on the team hit safely but Gehring, while Zink and O'Leary each got three.

Noldin was throwing for the Duluth team and while the Superior batters hit him freely, he kept the Longshoremen safe at all stages of the game and the result was never in doubt.

Duluth broke into the game in the first inning, when Shepard hit safely, was sacrificed to second and scored on O'Leary's three-bagger. The Duluth captain scored on Zink's single. Four more came in the fourth on singles by O'Leary, Zink and Cox, a smashing two-bagger by Wilkes and an error by Bennett.

The coming champions keep slugging the ball in every inning and added runs whenever they felt in the mood. One came in the fifth, one in the sixth and four in the seventh. After that they let up and did not attempt to add to their score.

Superior made a batting rally in the fourth. Leach led off with a hit, and scored on Benson's two-bagger. Mullaney's outfield fly let in Benson. Rogers lammed out a three-bager and scored a moment later on a hit by Riches.

One more came in the next inning on Zink's error and O'Dea's three-bagger, but during the remaining four innings Noldin was a complete mystery. The score:

DULUTH.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Shepard, 2b	5	1	1	1	1	1
Corrigan, rf	4	1	2	5	1	0
Randall, lf	5	1	2	1	0	0
O'Leary, c	5	3	3	7	0	0
Zink, 1b	4	2	3	8	0	1
Cox, 3b	5	1	1	1	0	0
Wilkes, ss	5	2	2	1	3	0
Gehring, cf	4	0	0	2	1	0
Nolden, p	4	1	1	0	3	0
Totals	41	12	15	27	9	3

SUPERIOR.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Geiselman, cf	3	0	0	4	0	0
Bennett, lf	4	1	1	3	0	1
O'Dea, 2b	3	0	1	2	4	1
Leach, c.,p	4	1	1	2	3	0
Benson, p., rff	4	1	1	0	1	0
Mullaney, ss	4	0	0	0	1	0
Rogers, rf., c	4	1	1	2	0	0
Riches, 3b	4	0	1	4	3	0
Freeman, 1b	4	0	1	9	0	1
Totals	34	4	7	26	11	3

Score by innings:

Duluth	2	0	0	1	1	4	0	0	4	—12
Superior	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	—4

Summary—Two-base hits, Wilkes (2), Corrigan, Randall, Zink, Benson; three-base hits, Rogers, O'Dea, O'Leary; base on balls, off Nolden 1; bases on errors, Duluth 3, Superior 3; double plays, Corrigan to O'Leary; struck out, by Nolden 5, by Benson 2, by Leach 1; sacrifice hits, Corrigan, O'Dea; left on bases, Duluth 4; Superior 5; stolen bases, Randall (2), O'Leary, Zink (3), Riches. Time of game, 1:45. Name of umpire, Quillin.

Winnipeg Wins Again.

Winnipeg, July 27.—Special to The Herald).—Winnipeg took another game from Fargo yesterday and moved up above Superior in the percentage table. Bemis was in good form and Fargo could do nothing with his curves, while the Maroons batted Lempke hard at all stages of the game. Attendance, 800. Score:

Fargo	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	—3
Winnipeg	1	0	3	0	0	1	0	2	x	—7

Batteries—Lempke and Buckwalter; Bemis and Clarke. Umpires, Green and Hanson.

THE OTHER LEAGUES.

National League.

STANDING.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
New York	83	60	23	.725
Chicago	82	50	32	.610
Cincinnati	85	51	34	.600
Pittsburg	81	42	35	.518
St. Louis	83	46	37	.554
Brooklyn	87	31	56	.356
Boston	84	27	57	.321
Philadelphia	82	22	60	.268

NEW YORK, 11; BROOKLYN, 2.

New York, July 28.—In the first of a series of games between the New York and Brooklyn Nationals at the Polo grounds yesterday, the home teams won handily by a score of 11 to 2. Attendance, 8852. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0—2	8	5
New York	3 0 0 3 2 1 0 5 x—11	12	1

Batteries—Poole, Jones and Bergen; Wiltz and Warner. Umpire—Zimmer.

BOSTON, 8; PHILADELPHIA, 5.

Boston, July 28.—Hard and timely batting, coupled with Philadelphia's errors gave Boston a victory yesterday. Good plays were numerous. Attendance, 250. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Boston	2 0 0 0 0 2 3 1 x—8	13	1
Philadelphia	1 0 0 0 2 0 2 0 1—5	9	3

Batteries — Wilhelm and Needham; Sparks, Frazer and Roth. Umpire—Carpenter.

ST. LOUIS, 5; PITTSBURG, 4.

Pittsburg, July 28.—Pittsburg made but one hit up to the eighth, when three hits and an error gave them the only chance they had during the game to win. Attendance, 2610. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0—4	6	1
St. Louis	1 0 0 0 1 0 2 1 0—5	10	1

Batteries—Lynch and Carisch; O'Neill and Grady. Umpire—Emslie.

American League.

STANDING.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Boston	82	52	31	.672
Chicago	86	51	35	.593
New York	89	47	33	.568
Cleveland	79	46	33	.582
Philadelphia	81	44	37	.555
St. Louis	76	35	41	.461
Detroit	80	34	46	.425
Washington	78	17	61	.218

BOSTON, 2; CHICAGO, 1.

Boston, July 28.—Boston defeated Chicago by a score of 2 to 1 in an excellent ten inning game yesterday. Attendance, 7310. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Boston	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1—2	9	1
Chicago	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1	7	2

Batteries—Young and Criger; Smith and McFarland. Umpire—Connolly.

EVEN BREAK AT WASHINGTON.

Washington, July 28.—Honors were even yesterday in the double header between Washington and Cleveland, the locals winning the first while the second went to the visitors. Attendance, 4500. Score:

First game—

	R.	H.	E.
Washington	1 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 x—3	7	2
Cleveland	0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—2	4	1

Batteries—Patten and Clark; Donohue and Bemis. Umpire—Dwyer.

Second game—

	R.	H.	E.
Washington	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	9	1
Cleveland	0 0 0 0 1 0 1 5 0—7	13	0

Batteries—Townsend and Kittredge; Bernhard and Abbott. Umpire—Dwyer.

PHILADELPHIA, 5; DETROIT, 0.

Philadelphia, July 28.—Waddell shut out Detroit with ease yesterday. In the fifth inning while fielding a bunt, Catcher Wood and Pitcher Stovall collided and Wood fell, dislocating his left elbow. The accident caused Stovall to lose his steadiness, and four runs were scored by the home team. Attendance, 4025. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Detroit	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	3	0
Philadelphia	1 0 0 0 4 0 0 0 x—5	12	1

Batteries—Stovall, Woods, Drill; Waddell and Screick. Umpires—O'Loughlin and King.

American Association.

STANDING.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
St. Paul	93	59	34	.634
Columbus	88	52	36	.591
Milwaukee	91	53	38	.582
Louisville	93	52	41	.559
Minneapolis	89	45	44	.506
Indianapolis	91	44	47	.483
Kansas City	87	31	56	.356
Toledo	92	28	64	.304

TOLEDO, 7; LOUISVILLE, 6.

Toledo, July 28.—Toledo had Louisville defeated until the ninth, when the visitors tied the score by a fierce batting rally. Burns double and Clingman's single finally won for the locals. Attendance, 700. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Toledo	0 0 2 0 0 0 1 3 1—7	15	2
Louisville	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 5—6	14	1

Batteries—Lundbloom and Browne, Bohannon and Schriver. Umpire—Killen.

EVEN BREAK AT MILWAUKEE.

Milwaukee, July 28.—Milwaukee and St. Paul broke even in a double header yesterday, the home team winning the first game, by a score of 4 to 3 and losing the later, 7 to 1. Curtis was knocked out of the box in the first inning and was replaced by Maaske, a local pitcher. Attendance, 2,000. Score:

First game—

	R.	H.	E.
Milwaukee	1 2 0 1 0 0 0 0 x—4	6	1
St. Paul	0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1	8	3

Batteries—Dougherty and Slattery; Sessions and Sullivan. Umpire—Hart.

Second game—

	R.	H.	E.
Milwaukee	0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1	8	3
St. Paul	3 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 3—7	10	1

Batteries—Curtis, Maske and Speer; Slagle and Pelree. Umpire—Hart.

TIE AT INDIANAPOLIS.

Indianapolis, July 28.—Fisher and Olmsted divided honors in a game that was called at the end of the twelfth inning, with the score a tie. Both teams played excellent ball. Attendance, 1150. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Indianapolis	0 2 0 1 0 0 0 2 0 0 0—5	10	3
Columbus	0 0 0 0 2 1 0 0 0 0 0—5	10	2

Batteries—Fisher and Heydon; Olmsted and Yeager.

RAIN AT KANSAS CITY.

Kansas City, July 28.—Kansas City-Minneapolis game postponed; rain.

BASEBALL

Tomorrow—4 p. m.

DULUTH VS. SUPERIOR

Athletic Park, Duluth.

TELEGRAPHERS' CONVENTION

Joseph McCann, Duluth Delegate, Says It Was Most Interesting.

Joseph McCann, who attended the national convention of the Commercial Telegraphers' union of America at St. Paul, as representative of the local organization, says the meeting was a very successful one, there being 68 delegates presnt and from widly scattered parts of this country as well as from Canada. The convention itself was a most enthusiastic one and resembled at times, so Mr. McCann says, the state Democratic convention that was held in Duluth some weeks ago.

The union is still in its infancy, but is showing a remarkable growth, and its originators expect that within the next two years the commercial telegraph operators all over this country and Canada will be well organized.

One of the important steps taken which is of interest to the Western members of the union was the establishment of the headquarters of the organization at Chicago instead of in the East. The union is still the strongest in the East, but the Western delegates to the convention put up a hard fight and finally won out. They expect that this move will be the means of strengthening the union greatly throughout the Western states.

Mr. McCann believes that the election of Samuel J. Small, of Seattle, as president of the international organization will also be the means of stimulating greater interest in the union among the operators in the West. Mr. Small is an Associated Press operator and is a very popular man, having, it is claimed, been largely instrumental in securing for the Associated Press operators a two weeks' vacation under pay, each year.

The local union of commercial telegraph operators has now about forty members and is steadily increasing its membership.

EPIDEMIC AMONG CATTLE.

Newport, R. I., July 28.—A strange epidemic has appeared among the cattle here. Dr. William T. Bull has lost five animals. Dogs also are affected and several have died. The disease acts upon the spinal cord and paralysis of the hind limbs is the principal symptom. It was at first thought that Dr. Bull's cattle has been afected by lightning.

Extra Special Friday Bargains in the Daylight Basement.

Every Wringer in the House at Special Prices.



$4.00 Royal Wringers—each ... $3.19

$4.25 Universal Wringers, each $3.48
$3.50 Novelty Wringers, each $2.98
$4.00 Guarantee Wringers, each $3.10
$3.50 Bicycle Wringers, each $2.98
$2.00 Rival Wringers, each $1.48
$4.00 Domestic Bench Wringers, each... $3.10



SAD IRONS—best on earth. Sad Irons, regular price $1.50—special, per set 98c

TRUNKS, GRIPS AND SUIT CASES—the largest line in the city, priced very low.

IRONING BOARDS—Extra good Ironing Boards, regular price 90c—at, each..... 69c



BROOMS—25c House Brooms—each 19c



WASH BOILERS—Best quality all copper Wash Boilers, worth $3.50—special.....$2.48

CLOTHES BASKETS—Extra large size, best willow Clothes Baskets; regular price 98c—special, each..... 75c



SINK STRAINERS—Mrs. Vrooman, regular 25c—at, each 15c

Extra—25c Specials—Extra!

25 sticks of Ironing Wax.....25c
25 doz Clothes Pins.....25c
14 bars full-size Laundry Soap 25c
8 rolls 5-cent Toilet Paper 25c
All sizes Chair Seats—worth up to 12c.....6 for 25c
35c Wash Boards.....25c
25c Clothes Lines, 2 for 25c
4 packages 10c Bird Seed..25c
2 bottles 25c Furniture Polish for.....25c

Freimuth's Silk Headquarters.

For MASON FRUIT JARS, JELLY TUMBLERS AND WIER'S STONE JARS we are headquarters.

HITS THEM HARD

High Prices Bringing Consternation to Boarding House Proprietors.

Several Have Already Quit Business and More Threaten To.

The present summer is proving to be a hard one on Duluth boarding house keepers. High rent and high prices asked for meats and groceries are making great holes in the profits usually derived from operating a well patronized boarding house, and as a result several of those at the head of such institutions in Duluth have quit the business, or declared it as being their intention to quit. The butchers' strike has made matters worse and since its inauguration local boarding house keepers have looked blue indeed. At least three or four have closed their houses within the last two weeks.

The claim is made that there are too many boarding houses in the city anyway. There probably will not be too many long unless living expenses take a drop, for some of the keepers claim to be operating at a loss since the meat strike started, and unless an adjustment of the difficulty is soon brought about more of them will quit the business in disgust. They say the high rents alone are almost sufficient to drive them to the wall. Hopes are entertained that rents will be reduced before long. It is a noticeable fact now that where last year at this time every building suitable to be used as a boarding house was occupied, a number of them are at present vacant, with signs advertising the fact that they are to let displayed in the windows. If the landlords wish to keep the places occupied a reduction in the rents may be found necessary.

THE STAGE.

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

LYECUM—Eliott-Courtenay company in "Dr. Jeykill and Mr. Hyde."

COMMING ATTRACTIONS.

LYECUM—Saturday matinee and night. Gorton's Minstrels.

"DR. JEKYLL AND MR. HYDE."

Tonight and tomorrow night, Elliott and Courtenay's production of "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde" at the Lyceum theater will be given for the last two times. Large houses have greeted each performance and the engagement has been most successful. The biograph is still holding the attraction of the patrons to a marked degree. Saturday the company will go to Superior for one performance and to Hibbing Sunday, returning to the Lyceum Monday in the new play "A Man from Mexico."

WHITECAPPERS KILL NEGRO.

Lockport, Tex., July 28.—A mob of masked whitecappers have killed one negro and severely beaten another, both victims being residents of this vicinity. The mob first visited Tom Coperton, who was taken from his home and mercilessly beaten. From Coperton's cabin the mob went to the home of John Larremore and endeavored to enter the house. Larremore's wife opened fire on the mob, which the whitecappers returned. After the fusilade Larremore was found dead in the hallway of his house.

TASTELESS CASTOR OIL!

By a process of our own, we render Castor Oil as palatable as honey, without in the slightest degree affecting its medicinal properties. Children take it readily.

25c Per Bottle.

Prepared by

MAX WIRTH,

RED CROSS PHARMACY,
13 West Superior Street.

Sole Agent for

SUN CHOLERA CURE.

ENCOURAGES WALKING HABIT

Street Railway Company Again Does Something Along That Line.

That marvelously unexplainable manner in which the Duluth street railway system does business, or rather fails to do business, was illustrated last evening. Gentry's animal show is exhibiting at the corner of First street and Third avenue east and at last evening's performance 2000 people were in attendance. A large number of these were children and from the East End and their parents were anxious to get them home quickly.

About 9:45 the show was out and the people surged down to Superior street to take cars to their homes. They waited a few moments and started to walk. Soon the walks from down town to the East End were thronged with people walking along until cars should overtake them. They continued to walk, and they walked until they got home.

Hundreds of nickels that might have found their way into the coffers of the company are today reposing in the pockets of the individuals who walked themselves and their children home. So much the better for them, possibly, but there is a suspicion that a street railway company is organized for the purpose of getting the nickels out of the pockets instead of keeping them in, and incidentally to give some service to people on such occasions.

It was a beautiful night, the moon shining clearly and casting its shimmering rays on the gently stirring waters of Lake Superior in a manner most charming. To the energetic individual, it was a pleasure to walk, though tired little folks longing for their beds, hardly looked at it in that light.

Possibly the street railway management thought the people would rather walk, really ought to walk, on such a delightful night, and was afraid to send out the cars for fear that they might not happen to pay expenses.

PROHIBITIONISTS

Of Wisconsin Nominate Candidates For Congress.

Madison, Wis., July 28.—Prohibitionists of Wisconsin convened in state convention in library hall yesterday for the purpose of nominating a state ticket. Only about 300 out of 528 delegates were present when the convention met. C. E. Clayton, chairman of the state central committee, called the convention to order and announced the selection of Rev. W. D. Cox, of Milwaukee, as temporary chairman.

The convention then took a recess until evening.

Six of the eleven congressional caucuses nominated condidates for congress and their selections were confirmed by the convention. The six nominees are:

Second district, the Rev. W. J. McKay, of Madison.

Third district, Prof. I. J. Noyes, of Muscoda.

Sixth district, Rev. W. J. Perry, of Oakfield.

Seventh district, Thomas Shimmin, of La Crosse.

Ninth district, C. W. Loomas, of Green Bay.

Eleventh district, J. S. White, of Prescott.

Special interest attaches to the nomination of Prof. Noyes because of the open hostility of Governor La Follette toward Congressman Babcock and a threat of Babcock's opponents to bring out an independent candidate against the Juneau county man.

When the convention reassembled, temporary officers were made permanent.

National Chairman O. W. Stewart, of Chicago, who was expected to address the convention, sent word that he would not be present on account of his wife's illness. A telegram of greeting and condolence was sent to Mr. Stewart.

BOY'S HORRIBLE WOUND.

Mankato, Minn., July 28.—Mark Ackerman, aged 17, son of George N. Ackerman of Medo, received fatal injuries while crossing a small lake in a boat. He saw a blue crane and stooped down to pick up his gun, when it was discharged, the contents of one barrel entering his body just under his heart, and passing through the stomach and bowels and into the lungs. Notwithstanding these injuries, he succeeded in pushing his boat to the shore, wading through mud and weeds to dry land, and then after a rest, crawled upon his hands and knees to his home, reaching there two hours after the accident. He died a few hours later.

GIRL CURED OF PARALYSIS

Bedridden For Two Years, She Rises and Walks.

Chicago, July 28.—"Sister, I feel I am cured, that I can walk. Assist me, please, to my feet," were the first words spoken yesterday afternoon by pretty Matilda Cunnea, after venerating a relic of St. Anne in the little church bearing the saint's name in the village of St. Anne.

The sister of St. Joseph of the Hotel Dieu hospital, Englewood, who stood beside the reclining chair on which the young girl had been taken into the church looked surprised, offered her hand and Matilda Cunnea arose, put one foot forward and then began to walk.

The strong man who had wheeled the chair in which the invalid had reclined for two years gasped with astonishment when he saw the girl stand erect. When she started to walk he rushed into the vestry of the church, caught Father Bareard by the arm, and blurted out, "She can walk," and then bust out crying.

Miss Cunnea's father, Joe Cunnea, who resides at 7129 Harvard avenue, and is the president of the Calumet National bank, had just bid his daughter good bye and departed for the train while his two younger daughters, when he was hurriedly recalled, and when he saw his invalid daughter walking with the sister to the Notre Dame convent, adjoining the church, he was completely overcome. As the long bedridden girl clasped him about the neck, weeping for very joy, the scene was indescribably affecting.

When Mr. Cunnea assured himself that his daughter's cure was real, by the advice of the sisters, he decided to allow her to remain over night at the convent, as originally arranged.

Miss Cunnea is 22 years old. She was stricken with paralysis two years ago and all that medical skill and science could do was unavailing in causing a cure. Two weeks ago she expressed a desire to make the annual pilgrimage to St. Anne's, and arrangements were made so that she could make the nine days Novena previous to the feast, by going to the village as the guest of the sisters of Notre Dame. She was accompanied by one of the hospital sisters of Hotel Dieu, of Englewood. She attended all the services yesterday, even taking part in the procession, being wheeled to each service in an invalid chair.

Dr. D. W. RIESLAND

CHIROPRACTIC PHYSICIAN,

Cures Female Trouble.

Offices—707-8-9 Palladio Building.

Write for Booklet.

Thousands of housewives in Duluth tried a first order of

COMMANDER FLOUR and continued to use it. Because with less trouble than usual Commander Flour produces extra good bread. An order to your grocer for Commander Flour will give you the same tangible results. Manufactured by

GREGORY, COOK & CO., Duluth, Minn.

Chickering and Fischer PIANOS.

HOWARD, FARWELL & CO.,
Hunter Block, 29 West Superior St.
W. J. Allen, Local Manager.

Have your head massaged

HAVE YOUR FACE MASSAGED

With Mardorf's Massage Machine —newest thing in town.

Geo. J. Mardorf, St. Louis Hotel Barber Shop.



THE CRACKER BARREL CLUB

announces that, owing to the growing scarcity of cracker barrels due to the increasing use of

Uneeda Biscuit

the name of the club is hereby changed to The **Uneeda Biscuit** Club, and all members are directed to buy, instead of common crackers in paper bags, **Uneeda Biscuit** in air tight packages.

5¢

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

APPEALING FOR AID

Finnish National College In Need of Funds to Meet Mortgage.

Is Foundation of What Will Become Great Institution.

The Finnish National College and Theological Seminery at Spirit Lake finds itself facing the necessity for raising considerable money just now. A mortgage on the property falls due on August 25, and funds must be raised to meet the obligation. It will be necessary to raise the sum required by popular subscription, and Attorney John R. Heino and Charles Kauppi, the West Duluth merchant and county commissioner, have been appointed a committee to solicit the needed amount. Much of this will come from outside points, but it is also hoped that liberal contributions from local sources will be made.

The educational institution at Spirit Lake is a worthy one, and one which might well be called an honor to any city. As implied by the name it is a national college, and draws its patronage from all parts of the United States. Last winter there were in attendance pupils from Massachusetts, New Jersey and several other of the eastern states, as well as from the west and intermediate points.

The coming term which opens September 5, even a greater number of states and territories will be represented, and where at the opening of the school in January there were only about thirty pupils in attendance, there will be sixty or more next September. There will be all the institution can possibly accomodate, in fact, and the building will probably be found to be inadequate to answer the demands made upon it.

The college is in capable hands, and under the direction of the "Kansan Opisto," the society having it in charge, it will grow in influence each year, until it becomes one of the leading educational institutions of its kind in the world. With the next year or so it is planned to erect modern college buildings at the site at present occupied by the frame structure used as a school, and to make corresponding improvements about the grounds.

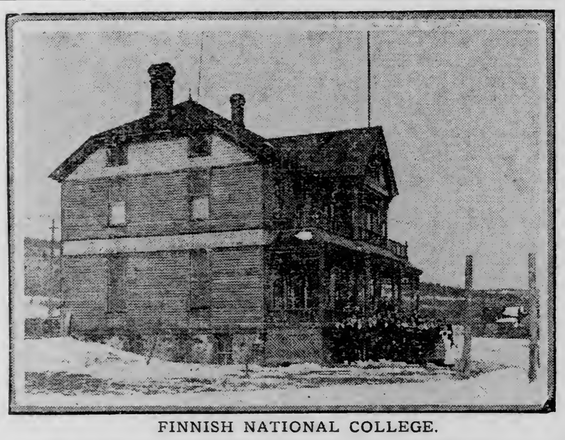
It was largely through the efforts of Charles Kauppi that the college was established in Duluth. The people of Duluth in general were also interested in getting it to come here from Minnespolis, where it was first started. It is now up to the people again to make manifest their interest in a substantial manner. Duluth cannot afford to lose the educational institution, now that it has been once established here and it is well urged that every possible means should be adopted to assure its retention at Spirit ake, and that Mr. Kauppi and Mr. Heino should be assisted by the citizens of Duluth where ever opportunity offers in their efforts to tide the college over its present difficulty, and establish it on a firm and lasting foundation.

The college opened early last January. The first term fell rather heavily on it, owing to the fact that on the ranges, where most of the Finnish people of this section of the country are employed at the mines, work was slack and wages small. Many were out of employment for weeks at a time. The result is that Northwestern Finns are unable to lend much financial assistance to the college, although they would like very much to help the good cause along.

There are plenty of large cities throughout the country which, appreciating the value the Finnish college is to any town in which it is located, stand ready to make a strong bid for it.

The first aim at the Finnish National College and Theological seminary is to educate in Finnish those not understanding English, and then to teach English to the higher grades. The second aim is to enlarge the college to supply higher education when those attending become fit for it. The school owns, besides the two-story building at Spirit Lake, sixteen choice lots. Anyone desiring further knowledge relative to the school or its workings may get it by corresponding with Rev. Peter Wuori, its president, at Ironwood, Mich.; with the secretary, Rev. Earl Wirkki, of Rock Springs, Wyo., or with the treasurer, Charles Kauppi, of West Duluth.

The college is of necessity beginning on a small scale. The Finnish people are the newest of the nationalities of Europe to come to America and they have not as yet made the progress that others have, but that they will achieve it in time is as certain as that the others have. In Finland education is advancing and progressiveness is shown on every side, to which facts are due largely the growing troubles with Russia. Rather than submit to the burdens imposed by that government, the Finns are coming to the land of liberty in great numbers. That they will one day have their fine colleges, hospitals and public institutions, supported as liberally as are those of the other European nationalities that have come here, is the firm belief of every Finn, and those interested in Duluth rejoice that the pioneer institution is located here.



FINNISH NATIONAL COLLEGE.

ACCIDENT BULLETIN OF RAILROAD CASUALTIES.

Washington, July 28.—According to the accident bulletin issued by the interstate commerce commission, there were seventy-nine passengers and 840 employes of railroads killed and 1589 passengers, and 10,584 employes injured in accidents on railroads in the United States during the quarter ended March 31, 1904. This is a decrease of eight killed over the corresponding quarter last year. The amount of damage to railway property caused by accident during the quarter was $2,256,447. The bulletin says that the increased use of the air brake diminishing the necessity for employes on top of trains, has made a reduction of 32 per cent in the number of persons falling off cars.

AT CLOQUET.

Cloquet, Minn., July 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. William Dawson, of Scanlon, was a Cloquet caller Monday.

Mrs. William Close and daughter, of Hibbing, spent a few days with her parents in Cloquet.

Mrs. William McKinnon, of Carlton, was calling on Cloquet friends Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Edwards, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. I. McNair for the past two weeks, departed for their home in Danville, New York, Tuesday morning.

Sturgeon Dolan, of Duluth, is here visiting his brother, Dr. W. G. Dolan.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Dixon and daughter Ruth and Mr. and Mrs. Schussler, of Floodwood, left Monday for a trip to Port Arthur.

Mrs. Cookson visited with friends in Duluth this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Armstrong entertained a number of their friends on Thursday evening.

Ed Murphy has returned from a short visit with relatives at Taylor's Falls, Wis.

Mrs. E. M. Rogers, of Scanlon, was shopping in Cloquet Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Danielson have returned from Fergus Falls after a short visit with Mr. Danielson's parents.

Miss Maymie Peterson, who has been the guest of her brother, A. R. Peterson, has left for her home at Bell Plaine, Wis.

Mrs. Andrew Norman is visiting with friends at Moose Lake.

Gilbert Norton, of Providence, R. I., who has been the guest of his cousin, Mrs. A. H. Rich, has returned home.

A very interesting game took place on Sunday afternoon on the Cloquet grounds between the Aitkin and Cloquet baseball teams, when ten innings were played, with a score of 3 to 4 in favor of the locals.

DIED IN MEXICO.

Ashland, Wis., July 28.—F. J. Pool, one of Ashland's most prominent business men, died yesterday afternoon of Bright's disease at Aguas Calentes, Mexico, where he has been for his health. He owned the largest dry goods establishment in Ashland.

KILLED BY ORE TRAIN.

Buhl, Minn., July 28.—Jack McCarthy was killed here by a Great Northern ore train. He is supposed to have been stealing a ride and in some manner not accounted for fell, and a number of heavily loaded ore cars passed over his body. He was about 25 years old and unmarried.



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IS KNOWN HERE

Joseph Gardner, Accused of Murder, Once Lived at Superior.

Now In Itasca County Jail —Has Been Regarded as Peacable.

Joseph H. Gardner, who is now in jail at Grand Rapids, Minn., to be tried for killing William Garrison, another homesteader in Itasca county, 58 miles north of Hibbing, is known to many people in Duluth and in Superior. Gardner is said to have been the leader in the riots when a big strike was on at the barge works in Superior, several years ago and, after the strike was over he left that city, going up in the northern part of Itasca county, where he has since resided on a homestead.

J. B. Middlecoff, judge of probate court in this county, has often stopped at Gardner's place while on a trip to points farther north, and says that the homesteader, since he knew him, he has had the reputation of being peaceable. Judge Middlecoff once gave Gardner a 30-30 calibre rifle, and he says he would not be surprised to learn that this gun was used in the killing of Garrison.

Gardner is postmaster at the locality where he lives and it was while on one of his weekly trips to Hibbing that the trouble is said to have started. It is a matter of common talk in the neighborhood where the men lived that they were not on good terms and their trouble is said to have largely arisen over the cutting of hay on some state lands.

Judge Middlecoff says that the growth of grass in that locality is something remarkable and he has walked from the road to Gardner's house through grass that was breast high and so thick that it was difficult to push through it.

The published details of the shooting affray are as yet rather meager and the stories are conflicting, but those who know Gardner are inclined to criticise him if it is true that after he shot Garrisan he did not go to see whether he was wounded or killed, but left him lying where he fell and went to telegraph the officers from Hibbing. One of the reports states that no rifle was found in the vicinity of Garrison's place and Gardner's act in going there carrying his own rifle is taken by some to indicate that he was looking for trouble.

HEGGE FOR GOVERNOR

North Dakota Democrats Nominate State Ticket at Grand Forks.

Grand Forks, N. D., July 28.—The following ticket was nominated yesterday by the Democratic state convention:

Governor—M. F. Hegge, of Traill county.

Congressmen—A. G. Burr, of Bottineau; N. P. Rasmusen, of Barnes.

Lieutenant governor—G. S. Cyrne, of Stark.

Secretary of state—H. O'Keefe, of Walsh.

Auditor—Charles Bade, of Dickey.

Treasurer—R. B. Ross, of Ward.

Attorney general—S. Scrumgard, of Ramsey.

Commissioner of insurance—D. M. Holmes, of Grand Forks.

Superintendent of public instruction—C. C. Schmidt, of Stutsman.

Commissioner of agriculture—R. Schultz, of Wells.

Railroad commissioners—F. Martineau, of Rolette; Joseph Blavin, of Sargent; Axel Johnson, of Eddy.

The Republican nominees for the supreme bench were endorsed. State Chairman Brynjolfson won out in the fight which was made to have declared illegal the action of the Fargo convention, which chose state committeemen and chairman. The resolutions endorse the St. Louis platform; declare for the initiative and referendum; favor a direct primary law and national grain inspection and the development of irrigation.

THREE TO BE ARRESTED

For the Murder of N. O. Dahl In Beltrami County.

Ten Strike, Minn., July 28.—Three men are suspected of killing N. O. Dahl, whose body was found buried under a balsam tree near his house at Quiring. One is Eugene Colwell, who discovered the body. One of the other men is a Frenchman and is said to be a former convict who served a term at Stillwater, and is an all-around bad man. It is thought by some that Dahl's daughter, Miss Aagot, is still alive and has been kept in custody by the Frenchman. An Indian who lives near Quiring says that a short time after the disappaarance of the pair he met two men, driving a team of grays and accompanied by a young woman, who is supposed to have been Miss Dahl. It is claimed that one of these men was Colwell and the other was the Frenchman. The Indian recognized the team as belonging to Colwell. From this it is drawn that Colwell and the Frenchman kidnaped the girl and the Frenchman has forced Miss Dahl to live with him ever since that date. Immediately after the disappearance of the Dahls, a man by the name of Westby, more familiarly known in the neighborhood as "Shorty," disappeared, and indications point to his being implicated in the killing.

Sheriff Bailey and a posse have gone to Quiring to arrest the three suspects.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Former Attorney General P. C. Knox, of Pennsylvania, and Mrs. Knox; Marshall Field, of Chicago, and Oscar G. Murray, president of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, were among the passengers who sailed Wednesday on the White Star line steamer Oceanic.

William Coleman, who is said by the police to have an extensive prison record, has been arrested in New York on suspicion of being the man who stole $60,000 worth of jewelry from Mrs. Clark, daughter-in-law of Mrs. Henry Codman Potter, at Cooperstown, N. Y., about four weeks ago. None of the jewels has been recovered.

Ex-Governor J. T. Lewis of Wisconsin suffered another stroke of paralysis Wednesday. The already enfeebled condition of Mr. Lewis makes his recovery doubtful. He has been spending the summer at Columbus, Wis., at his old home, under the care of his daughter, Mrs. F. Dudley, of Evanston, Ill. Governor Lewis suffered from a stroke of paralysis several months ago.

REYNOLDS IS HELD.

Coroner's Jury on Nashwauk Fire Charges Murder.

Nashwauk, Minn., July 28.—The verdict of the coroner's jury called to investigate and inquire into the cause of the deaths of M. D. Kerr, Charles Chessler and Rose Kelly, who lost their lives here early Monday morning by the burning of a house of ill-repute at the outskirts of the village, was that the parties met death from suffocation and burns caused by a fire set with criminal intent by one William Reynolds and other persons now unknown.

Reynolds and his woman, known as "Chicago Mag," were taken to Grand Rapids for trial. Theodore Neff, the bartender, is also held for examination.

LOU DILLON BREAKS THE TRACK RECORD.

Detroit, July 28.—Rain threatened to seriously interfere with the third day's grand circuit racing at the Grosse Point track yesterday. The first event was delayed half an hour and the program was started with a fine drizzling rain falling. The weather cleared, however, and the 8000 people in attendance saw three favorites finish first and Lou Dillon break the track record of 2:05 by one second. Lou Dillon made the first quarter in :35¼, the half in 1:01 and the three-quarters in 1:32½. Announcement had been made that the mare's owner did not expect to see a phenomenal mile made under the unfavorable track and weather conditions.

Millard Saunders drove in place of Lou Dillon's owner, C. G. K. Billings.

John M and Gallagher were equal favorites for the 2:09 pace at $100 with the field at $40. John M. took the first heat by a fine drive in the scrtech after trailing behind Al Bock and Gallagher to the L. sionk ei-Last fianc mefwy vbgkq xzfi three-quarters and was in front all the way to the second.

BOOKMAKERS UNDISTURBED.

Chicago, July 28.—The expected raid by Sheriff Barrett on the bookmakers at Hawthorne yesterday did not materialize and the bookmakers continued to transact business without interruption. Sheriff Barrett said that he would wait for advice from his attorneys before taking any action against the bookmakers.

The twenty bookmakers indicted by the grand jury appeared in a body yesterday morning at the criminal court and gave bonds for their appearance when wanted for trial.

JEWISH FARM COLONY.

New York, July 28.—A farm settlement for immigrant Jews from Roumania and Russia is contemplated by the Jewish Agricultural and Industrial Aid society. The plan originated with A. W. Rich, of Milwaukee, who proposed to purchase a tract of land in Wisconsin or Michigan of from 1000 to 1500 acres. This will be divided into farms of forty acres each, and sufficient money will be loaned to settlers to buy implements and stock. The land may be bought by installments after the loan is repaid.

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CONTRACT WORK—

Bids will be received at this office up to August the 8th, at 8 o'clock p. m. of that day, for the laying of 1950 feet 6-inch pipe, including hydrant connections, as follows: Four 6-inch T's, 3 6-inch valves, 4 hydrants, 3 6-inch crosses; also 42 feet of 4-inch pipe 1 T, and 1 4-inch hydrant. All of the above pipe must be of standard strength, and must be laid an average depth of 7 feet and 8 inches. Bids must include furnishing of all material for contract, and same must be completed by September the 15th, 1904.

J. S. GOLE,
Village Recorder.
Grand Rapids, Minnesota.

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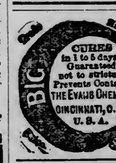
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ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, July 12th, 1904.

In the Matter of the Estate of John L. Buettell, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of A. C. Buettell, administrator of the estate of John L. Buettell, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Monday, the 8th day of August, A. D. 1904, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 13th day of July, A. D. 1904.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minn.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for Administrator.
Duluth Evening Herald. July-14-21-28-1904.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN the payment of the sum of one thousand and twelve dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a mortgage made by Peter Gulbranson and Hilma Gulbranson, his wife, mortgagors, to The Laurel Glen Cemetery Association of 1894, mortgagee, bearing date, May 26th, 1896, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on May 31st, 1895, at 12 o'clock m., in Book 121 of Mortgages, on page 313. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: The south half of the northeast quarter and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section number thirty-two, in township number fifty north of range fifteen west of the 4th Principal Meridian, subject to the right-of-way of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railroad, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said county, at the front door of the county court house, in Duluth, Minnesota, on Saturday, the 27th day of August, 1904, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as provided in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption as by law provided.

Dated July 13th, 1904.

LAUREL GLEN CEMETERY ASSOCIATION OF 1894,
Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.
407-8-9-10 Exchange Building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, July-14-21-28-Aug 4-11-18—1904.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage made by Northern Security Company, mortgagor, to Sarah A. Gooch, mortgagee, dated April 1st, 1903, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis county, Minnesota, on April 20th, 1903, at 3:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 162 of mortgages, on page 506. Said default consists in the failure to pay $500 due by the terms of said mortgage on April 1st, 1904, whereby, under the terms of said mortgage, the whole amount secured thereby has been and is hereby declared and claimed to be due, amounting at the date of this notice to the sum of ten hundred and seventy-four and 50-100 dollars.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis county, Minnesota, to-wit: Lot number four (4) in block number eleven (11), in West Duluth, First division, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold by the sheriff of said county, at the front door of the county court house in Duluth, Minnesota, on Saturday, the 13th day of August, 1904, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and fifty dollars attorneys' fees, as provided in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption as by law provided.

Dated June 29th, 1904.

SARAH A. GOOCH,
Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.
408-9-10 Exchange building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald—June 30, July 7-14-21-28, August 4.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF WILL.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, July 20th, 1904.

In the matter of the estate of Hazael Mayhew, deceased.

Whereas, an instrument in writing, purporting to the last will and testament of Hazael Mayhew, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court;

And whereas, Frank B. Smith has filed therewith his petition, representing, among other things, that said Hazael Mayhew died in said county on the fourth day of July, 1904, testate, and that said petitioner is the executor named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to Frank B. Smith.

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the Probate office in the city of Duluth, in said county, on Monday the 15th day of August, A. D. 1904, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when all person interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 20th day of July, A. D. 1904.

By the court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

Seal Probate court, St. Louis Co., Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, July 21-28, Aug. 4.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR JUDGE'S DEED.—

Application having been made to the judge of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district of the state of Minnesota, under the provisions of Chapter 42 of the general statutes of 1878, and acts amendatory thereof, by William Meinhardt, for a deed to that portion of lot 18, Clark St., in the plat of Portland, St. Louis County, Minnesota, as the same appears of record in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, that lies within lots 1 and 2, in block 23, Portland Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, said William Meinhardt claiming to be the owner of said premises, and a proper petition for said deed having been presented to the said judge of the said district court;

Now, therefore, it is hereby ordered, That said application and petition be heard before the court at a special term thereof to be held at the county court house in the city of Duluth on Saturday, the 13th day of August, 1904, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, or as soon thereafter as said application and petition can be heard, and

It is further ordered, That all persons and parties claiming any right, title or interest in said premises be, and they are hereby summoned to be and appear before said court at said time and place and present such claims as they may have and such objections to said petition and application as they may have.

It is further ordered, That notice of said hearing and of this order be given by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the time of said hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at the city of Duluth.

Dated, July 13th, 1904.

J. D. ENSIGN,
Judge of the District Court for the Eleventh Judicial District.
Duluth Evening Herald—July 14-21-28, 1904.

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A PURE MILK SUPPLY.

There ought to be laws on the statute books of Minnesota and ordinances in the city of Duluth that would give the board of health the widest authority to deal with the city's milk supply in a way to secure for the people something that they do not get now—a clean and honest supply of milk fit to use. In no article of public consumption is there more filth and fraud.

It is not alone necessary that the producers of milk both inside and outside the city should be compelled to keep their places in a sanitary condition, and to draw milk only from healthy cows, but the law should give inspectors power to deal with every man who handles milk, until it reaches the actual consumer, that the person guilty of adulteration or fraud may be detected and punished.

Laws to protect the people from such frauds ought not to be necesary, but they are. A sense of honesty and decency ought to impel milk dealers and all other dealers in food supplies to do what they ought to do and deal honestly. But, unfortunately, this is not always the case. Some of the greatest business successes of the present day are built upon he greatest frauds. There is hardly an article of food or drink but is adulterated or poisoned in some way.

It is not the men from whom the milk dealers buy their goods who use separators and take all the cream out of the milk they dare before putting it on the market. That is a trick the milk dealers perform themselves. The milk from the average cow will run much higher in butter fat than the ordinances and laws require, and yet it is seldom that consumers procure any milk that is up to the standard.

It is not necessarily the producer of milk who loads it with preservatives. That detestable trick must also be laid at the door of the dealer. "Sterilizing" milk is often only another name for "doping" it. The milk dealer would not be caught purchasing that kind of milk. He knows the trick himself, and the producers could not work it on him. The laws should be such that it would be impossible for him to work it on his customers.

The pure food laws of Minnesota are woefully inadequate. Whoever goes to the legislature this year should see that they are made efficient and especially efficient as to the milk supply of the cities.

There should also be provision made for protecting the people from milk from tuberculous cows. There is an infallible test which is easily and cheaply applied—the Koch test—and the city council should provide the health commissioner with authority and the means to apply this test to all cows within the city limits, as is done in St. Paul and Minneapolis. No animal is as susceptible to tuberculosis as is the cow, and as it has been clearly proven that animal and human tuberculosis are identical, every precaution should be taken to prevent milk from tuberculous cows being supplied to the public.

THE MANLY VIEW.

In an address delivered at College Point, Long Island, last Saturday, Secretary Shaw of the treasury department said:

"No one has a right to claim for the Republican party that all of its adherents have intuitively and primarily been right on every proposition. Neither has it a right to claim that each and all of its political opponents have been intuitively and primarily wrong on all propositions. But the Republican party has the right to claim, and does claim, that the consensus of mature Republican judgment has been reasonably sound and measurably consistent."

There is a marked difference in the tone of this and that of the address of acceptance of President Roosevelt. It is much more fair and dignified and reasonable. The president would have placed himself in a much better light in the minds of intelligent thinking Americans had he made use of language equally modest and sensible.

Secretary Shaw overstepped the mark when he tried to convince millions of American workingmen that they were better off as a result of paying higher prices for necessaries of life although their wages and incomes had not been increased accordingly, but in the utterance above quoted he has done much to redeem himself.

No political party is infallible. All are liable to make mistakes. All do make mistakes. The Republican party is no exception. It has made many. Furthermore, what one man may consider right another may think wrong, and both be honest in their belief. Not all the things endorsed by the people have proved to be right. And when a party finds itself in the wrong, it is a more manly part to acknowledge it and endeavor to set itself right than to attempt to prove that it has always been consistent and always right.

TOO FAR FETCHED.

The Russian government may have exceeded its rights in seizing or sinking English merchantmen in the Red Sea, but it would seem that the concerted effort of English newspapers to work up a frenzy of excitement and antipathy to Russia on that account is rather far-fetched.

If Russia has done wrong an international prize court can determine the amount of damages and she can be made to pay. But it is evident that this is not what is bothering England most. She wants the Russian navy kept out of the Red sea, claiming that under the treaty with Turkey and the other powers Russian armed vessels have no right there.

It will be recalled that this treaty was made especially with a view of protecting Turkey against Russian aggression and that Russia was forbidden to use the Dardanelles in case Turkey objected. In this instance Turkey has given her permission, hence it is difficult to see wherein England has any just cause of complaint on that score.

Russia has reason to suspect England's good faith, notwithstanding its announced neutrality regarding Russia's war with Japan. There is no doubt that in England as in this country both public sentiment and the sympathy of the governing powers are with Japan. The reasons are well known. With Japan in control of Korea and Manchuria there would be much better opportunity for English and American commerce than if Russia controls. Japanese success is especially desired by England. Therefore it is but natural that the Russian government should be suspicious of England, notwithstanding her protestations of strict neutrality. And she has reason to be. The English government is but little short of the Russian in cunning duplicity. Hence it would follow as a matter of course that the Russian navy would watch very closely vesels carrying goods to the far East and no doubt was justified in searching some of them.

As before stated, if it has made a mistake it will be compelled to pay for it in addition to making an apology, but England will fail in its efforts to use these cases as an argument why Russia should be forbidden use of the Red sea for passage of her armed vessels.

BEGINNING TO EXPLAIN.

Governor Peabody of Colorado has declared military rule at an end in Teller county and the Cripple Creek district has been turned over to the civil authorities. The military expenses have cost the state about $1,000,000, while the chances are that it will be put to still greater expense in settling big damage suits. It would seem that men imprisoned in bull pens, citizens deported from their homes and the owners of the Portland mine, which was forcibly closed by the governor, all have ample grounds for collecting big damages from the state.

As might have been expected, some of the authorities who have been carrying things with such a high hand in Colorado are beginning to "explain." They will probably do more explaining as time passes and as the federal courts begin to ask questions.

The "military court," or board of inquiry, which was established at Victor on June 8, has made a report. This military court was no doubt made up of members of the Mine Owners' association and its tool, the Citizens' alliance. The report says:

"The commission assembled at once and proceeded to examine all parties appearing. The number of those appearing was 1569; the number of those recommended for deportation was 238; the number recommended for trial in the criminal courts was 42; the number recommended for release was 1289.

"Of those recommended for deportation, the list was composed of agitators, ore thieves, keepers of fences for stolen ore, habitues of bawdy houses, saloon bums and vagrants."

Then it is a crime in Colorado to be an agitator? If so, why are the agitators not tried and sent to jail? There ought to be laws in Colorado for the punishment of ore thieves, keepers of fences for stolen ore, habitues of bawdy houses and vagrants. Why were not these men tried for their offenses and sentenced to jail?

This is an explanation that does not explain. It is plainly evident that nothing in the way of a criminal charge could be brought against these men, and that their deportation was an outrage with not a shadow of justification.

THE FIELD SURVEY.

The cigarette may be a great solace, but it is a poor recommend as to ability or character.

* * *

It is claimed that Mrs. Maybrick was not pardoned when she was released from prison, but simply given a "ticket of leave" in accordance with the usual English custom in case of life prisoners who behave well. This puts the British government in a better light.

* * *

According to Thomas W. Lawson, the following are business mottoes adopted by the Standard Oil company:

Keep your mouth closed, as silence is golden and gold is what we exist for.

Never put "Standard Oil" trades in writing, as your memory and the other fellow's forgetfulness will always be reinforced with our organization.

Never forget our legal department is paid by the year, and our land is full of courts and judges.

Never enter into a "butting" contest with the government. Our government is by the people, and with the people, and those people who are not with us can be hired by us.

Always do right; right makes might; might makes dollars; dollars make right and we have the dollars.

* * *

The Kansas City Journal expresses the belief that Joseph W. Folk has entered into no deal with the corrupt Democratic machine, although two of its pets appear on the ticket with him. It advises against support of the ticket on that account, but joins in the general belief that Folk's skirts are clear. It asserts, however, that Folk will not be able to accomplish any reforms while tangled up with that kind of a crowd. That remains to be demonstrated. He accomplished something as district attorney under similar conditions.

* * *

W. J. Bryan, who recently declared in favor of government ownership of railroads, telegraphs and other monopolies, and also in favor of an income tax, is now dubbed a socialist in some quarters. If so he is the same kind of a socialist as many of the voters in both the Republican and Democratic parties.

* * *

It is only a small step from keeping a house of ill-fame to burning up the house of a competitor. Evidently the Nashwauk coroner's jury so thought. It would seem as though the male portion of humanity might find some other business to engage in and municipalities should see that they do find some other business.

* * *

Care should always be taken in changing the laws regarding the sentencing of criminals. Recently the legislature of Michigan passed a law providing for the indeterminate sentence. The supreme court has just decided that 200 jail birds who committed their crimes before the law was passed, but were sentenced afterward must be released as soon as they finish serving the minimum terms fixed by the court. The legislature, of course, overlooked this loophole, although, like all others, about one-half of its membership is probably composed of very smart lawyers.

* * *

"I have called off the militia; now let the unions do the proper thing and call off the strike," is the latest from Governor Peabody of Colorado. Sure! Why not? But this shows that Peabody's real purpose was to break up the strike and destroy the miners' union, not to enforce the law, when he sent the militia into the district.

* * *

It is announced that the Manufacturers' club of Pennsylvania in co-operation with the Union League club, hopes, by a vigorous campaign, to carry Pennsylvania for Roosevelt. It is also confidently expected by the Democratic managers that Texas will go Democratic if the proper efforts are made.

HOTEL GOSSIP

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Hulett, of Cleveland, were registered at the Spalding yesterday. Mr. Hulett is third vice president of the Wellman-Seaver-Morgan company, one of the largest engineering concerns in the country and is an inventor and practical engineer as well.

It was with machines of Mr. Hulett's invention that the docks of the Lackawanna Steel company near Buffalo were put in operation when the A. B. Wolvin was relieved of her first big cargo of iron ore. The docks of the company are at West Seneca, a suburb of Buffalo, and it was there that the Wolvin, with a cargo of 11,000 gross tons of iron ore taken from Two Harbors.

The monster vessel was unloaded in the record time of eleven hours by the device invented by Mr. Hulett, known as the Hulett automatic ore unloaders, and each one of these takes out ten tons at a single trip.

Operation of the device is similar to that of a large scoop or steam shovel, and the operator has right within reach all the levers with which the machinery is started or stopped. He rides along with the scoop on each of its trips, occupying a protected cage which surmounts the scoop, and thus the man in control accomplanies the ore from the time it is lifted from the hold until it is dumped on the storage pile.

At West Seneca the machines are operated by electricity, while those installed at Conneaut, Ohio, by the Steel corporation are governed by hydraulic power.

At the unloading of the Wolvin only three unloaders were used, and it is believed that as soon as two others to be put in operation there are in shape, the Wolvin could be emptied in about six hours instead of eleven.

* * *

Fred Steinle, formerly clerk at the McKay, is a guest at that house. He left the McKay service earlier in the summer to become clerk on the White line steamer Easton, and is now taking a rest owing to illness.

* * *

Mrs. William Fowlds, of Chippewa Falls, and Mrs. John S. Fowlds, of Solway, are registered at the Hotel McKay.

* * *

K. Evans, of Minneapolis, has joined Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Evans, of the Flour City, who have been guests of the St. Louis for the past week.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Hasty, of St. Paul, is among the Spalding's late registrations.

* * *

C. R. Houston, of Grand Marais, is stopping at the St. Louis. Mrs. Houston is with him.

* * *

Mrs. F. McCreary, of Minneapolis, is at the Spalding.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Wurster are registered at the Spalding from Two Harbors.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Shea and son and Mrs. E. D. McNeil are well-known Virginia people at the St. Louis.

* * *

S. J. Cusson, the Ashland lumberman, is among those registered at the Spalding.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. L. F. Leach, of Cloquet, are at the McKay.

* * *

Mrs. G. E. Mills, of Two Harbors, is a guest at the St. Louis.

* * *

A Duluth man who was in New Orleans not long since recounts a very interesting conversation that he had with a native. The native aforesaid was a typical southern gentleman past middle age with the regulation mustache and goatee of liberal proportions. It was on a hotel veranda and when the talk reached the weather the conversation grew interesting.

"It certainly is warm down here today, isn't it?" asked the Duluth man, expecting to meet a sympathetic affirmative.

"We would hardly call this warm, sir," answered the southern man. "Where are you from, anyway?"

"I am from Duluth, Minnesota."

"How far north is that?"

"Just about as far as white folks live, I guess—at least most of 'em."

"Does it get cold there in the winter?"

"Oh, fairly so. Sometimes it lasts pretty steadily. Once during the past winter we had a stretch of about six weeks where it ranged from zero to 37 below."

"What do people do in that kind of weather? How do they live?

"Just as they do any other time or place. They dress a little warmer for the cold weather, but they go to and from business as usual. The houses are built to withstand strong cold.

"And you mean to tell me that people live and do business in such temperatures?"

"Certainly."

"Well, sir, I must say I think you are a pretty square looking sort of men, but you surely can't expect me to believe that."

"It's true. They are working on buildings there all winter long. Sometimes they may stop on a particularly severe day on account of the cold. I don't know that they were working outside in 37 below but I do know a house was being built near mine when the coldest weather was on and they had men out shingling it nearly all the time."

"Now look here. I'm pretty good natured and I hope you are, for I want to tell you that I think you are a d—liar."

And the southerner waited to hear no more. The Duluth man says that one day as warm as yesterday the motorman on the trolley car had his coat turned up and a big cap around his ears, his hands being protected by big gloves. The Duluth man, to keep comfortable, stood outside with the motorman and opened his vest. He asked the motorman why it was that they did not run summer cars in New Orleans. The motorman said they did but only in warm weather.

* * *

At the Spalding: Edward H. C. Kemper, T. J. Connolly, T. M. Warren, H. D. Smith, D. R. Elliott, R. R. Briggs, F. W. Bagley, St. Paul; Mrs. James Davidson, Bay City; C. E. Jackson, St. Cloud; W. Hoyt Yale, St. Paul; F. G. Schroeder, Perham; Walter Huot, John F. Stafford, Henry Webster, F. D. McAnulty, F. C. Gifford, E. J. Moles, Minneapolis; D. S. Clark, Eau Claire; William Kaiser, Stillwater; Gad Smith, Marquette; C. H. Smith, Wausau; Winnifred M. Burns, Washburn.

* * *

At the St. Louis: F. E. Papst, James H. Ralph, Fred W. Woodward, F. Newcomb, E. M. Gray, H. B. Merrick, Charles Brown, Minneapolis; James Ripley, J. W. Foster, Iron River; L. W. Hoffman, Green Bay; John A. McDonald, G. A. Walker, Bemidji; M. B. Morris, Iron River; O. W. Erickson, Cloquet; Martin Hughes, Hibbing; J. H. Nichols, Flora H. Nichols, Des Moines; Miss Mae Murphy, Hibbing; F. B. Rossom, Virginia; E. S. Hoyt, Red Wing; Sam S. Luffman, C. F. Caldwell, Kosle, B. C.; M. J. Conron, Hibbing; C. L. Judd, Saginaw; N. G. Nilsen, Moose Lake; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Draper, Bayfield; E. D. McNeil, Virginia; John Kliffman, Hibbing; R. Frederick, Marshfield; John Monaghan, Spena; S. W. Campbell, Ashland; R. S. Ceward, Cresco, Iowa; N. B. Shank, Biwabik; G. L. Pettingill, Iron River; C. B. McMillan, Hammond, N. D.; P. A. Walsh, Cass Lake.

* * *

At the McKay: A. E. Driscoll, E. H. Ensmith, C. P. Gibson, John Watson, J. Gilfert, P. R. McDonell, E. M. McDonell, F. R. Savage, John H. Savage, Mrs. L. Hale, Miss Patti Hale, Peter Schonarth St. Paul; C. H. Gay, Marshfield; George Anderson, Brainerd; F. B. Drummond, Eau Claire; E. E. Hall, Minneapolis; N. Ederstrom, Mt. Iron.

Divorced on Going to War.

Chicago Chronicle: The rabbis of Lodz, in southern Russia, have revived an old talmudic law which requires every married man, before going on the battlefield, to grant a conditional divorce to his wife, so that she may remarry after the end of the war. All the married Jewish soldiers of Lodz have had to grant such divorces before leaving for the front, each one registering with a rabbi his name, address, age, height and birthmarks, and the rabbi will keep a faithful record of the same until the soldier returns. If within the reasonable time he does not return he is reckoned among the lost and unidentified dead, and his wife is free to remarry, for in Russia Jews and Jewesses do not need to call in the aid of the civil courts.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), July 28.—Storm conditions are developing in the Alberta region. It is somewhat warmer over the eastern slopes of the Rockies, rather high maximum temperatures occurring Wednesday in the extreme northwest. Showery weather prevailed from the Mississippi Valley eastward, and at scattered places in the far northwest. In the Lake Region the winds are generally northerly and light to fresh with showers in southern portions.

Following were the maximum temperatures recorded during the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	92	Memphis	78
Atlanta	78	Miles City	92
Battleford	76	Milwaukee	82
Bismarck	78	Minnedosa	70
Boston	82	Modena	86
Buffalo	78	Montgomery	86
Calgary	90	Moorhead	70
Charleston	84	New Orleans	82
Chicago	80	New York	80
Cincinnati	76	Norfolk	86
Davenport	84	Northfield	80
Denver	84	North Platte	84
Detroit	80	Oklahoma	90
Dodge City	90	Omaha	84
Duluth	70	Phoenix	104
Edmonton	84	Pittsburg	84
El Paso	92	Port Arthur	66
Escanaba	72	Portland	64
Galveston	86	Prince Albert	68
Green Bay	78	Qu'Appelle	74
Havre	94	Rapid City	86
Helena	88	San Francisco	68
Houghton	66	Santa Fe	80
Huron	64	Shreveport	90
Jacksonville	86	Spokane	88
Kamloops	84	St. Louis	82
Kansas City	82	St. Paul	74
Knoxville	82	Sault Ste. Marie	70
LaCrosse	70	Swift Current	86
Lander	80	Washington	84
Los Angeles	86	Williston	84
Marquette	70	Winnemucca	90
Medicine Hat	96	Winnipeg	64

Forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Friday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Partly cloudy tonight and Friday. Fresh northeasterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local forecaster.

Chicago, July 28.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Friday: Wisconsin—Fair tonight with warmer in west portion. Friday partly cloudy and warmer.

Minnesota—Partly cloudy with warmer in west portion tonight. Friday partly cloudy and warmer with showers in west portion.

The Dakotas—Light local showers tonight and probably Friday. Warmer tonight.

Upper Lakes: Light northerly winds becoming variable. Partly cloudy tonight and Friday with probably some fog.

WHERE THE SHOE PINCHES.

Chicago Inter-Ocean: From the Rocky mountains to the Atlantic people are finding a prime necessary of life harder to get than usual. This is not because a pestilence has swept away food cattle, it is because a few man and their few thousand employes have quarreled over the division of the profits.

Whether the so-called beef trust be an unlawful agreement or merely a common policy is immaterial. The result is to put into the hands of a few men such power over a necessary of life that when they and their employes quarrel tens of millions find food harder to get.

The existence of such power—the acquirement by a few of such dominion over the lives of millions—is the cause of the popular resentment of trusts and of the popular demand for their control.

It is idle to argue that by co-operation great industries can make things cheaper and life easier for the average man. As long as the price of such benefits is the mastery of the few over the many in any particular the existence of such power will be resented in the United States.

The failure of the late George M. Pullman's benevolent dream illustrates the point. His model town probably secured to its people easier lives for the same effort than they could have found elsewhere. But they had to live there, not in their own way, but in his way. And against this American nature rose in rebellion.

Where the shoe pinches most in regards the trusts is in the power it gives a few over the many. While few may have the most benevolent intentions. The co-operation they organize may actually make life easier to millions most of the time, but still they have the power to make life harder, and the average American citizen will not have it so.

This is a very practical country, but it has a few ideals that are larger and stronger and sacreder in its eyes than all else in the world. Its people are willing to sacrifice food and drink to keep these ideals and to realize them. And the ideal that no American citizen has a master; that the American people are beholden to no body of men except themselves, is the largest and strongest and secredest of all.

THE WONDER WORKER.

San Francisco Argonaut: The poet, who is after all only a normal man with his callouses of custom, is fond of speaking of the virgin forest and the maiden stream. He has the devotion of pure blood in the unexploited. He nourishes a passion for the bud, and flames at the sight of the untouched. In a lesser degree he gropes for romance in the unfamiliar, and each month brings us volumes innumerable telling of lands and peoples yet unhistoried. But the day of no lesser degree is passing. The uttermost parts of the earth are being put down on railway maps, and we can get quotations of sleeping-car rates anywhere outside with the mines of Ophir to the land of Uz of the Chaldees. And now there are "tourist rates" to the heart of Africa—to Victoria Falls!

"From the Cape to Cairo" is the way the ney railroad has it, and the infinitely dim names of Bulawayo, of Omdurman, of Kariba Gorge, are suddenly become distinct in plain letters on sign boards across the ends of the stations. The brakeman yells "twenty minutes for breakfast" in Fashoda, and the superb porter sets his stool under the step of the Pullman that the dustered globe-trotter may disembark at Khartoum. The Cape to Cairo is two-thirds complete.

Possibly very few people ever connect in their minds Egypt of the Ptolemies and the Africa of Livingstone and Stanley. We all know that the sources of the Nile lie in the center of the dark continent. We are aware that the Boers live in the same portion of the earth as the Egyptians. But after all, the Sphynx and the fetish don't seem to be akin, and the columns of Thebes don't remind us of the kraal of the Matabele. Between Cape Bon and the Cape of Good Hope there lies the margin of thousands of years, and Lorenzo Marquez and Tunis hardly can be made to meet in one sentence. Yet the miracle has been accomplished on a ticket, and the ticket stands for a feat of diplomacy and engineering that even the tremendous Rhodes seemed unequal to.

Dreams have a queer facility in shifting into a ribbon of fact, and the timetable is the arbiter of fancy in the end. Chicago is firmly established in our minds as being three-days' journey away, and now Ujiji and Tabora and Bechuana Land fall by the hand of the engineer into our little table of commonplaces. The railway is built, and the Zambesi at Victoria Falls is to be spanned soon by a steel bridge. Cairo and Cape Town are on the same line. Trunks are checked through on first-class tickets. And Livingstone and Stanley are with the Ptolemies.

Dorothy's Finesse.

Kansas City Star: At the Republican state convention in Springfield, Ill., Senator Cullom and Speaker Cannon tried to get a popular ruling as to which is the handsomer man. "If I had a face like yours, Joe," said the senator, "I'd wear a veil or build a fence around it." "And if I looked like you, Shelby," replied Uncle Joe, "I'd walk backwards all the time. Your rear elevation isn't so bad but the front facade is a bad botch." "I'll tell you, Joe, we'll leave it to this little girl. She doesn't want any political job, and I guess she'll be honest," suggested Senator Cullom. The little girl's mother was with her. "Which do you think is the best looking, Dorothy?" asked the proud mother. The child looked at both out of big, frank eyes and said: "I don't like to say, mamma, which I like best. I might 'fend Mr. Cannon."

TWENTY YEARS AGO IN DULUTH

Taken From the Columns of The Herald of This Date, 1884.

***Mrs. O. F. Brigham is visiting friends in Brainerd.

***Little Nellie Fuller, Jessie Hoyt and Bertie Bliss went to Agate Bay today on the Dove.

***S. F. Boyce is entertaining John C. Smith, of Welsville, Ohio, and Mr. McFadden, of Wheeling, W. Va. The former is his brother-in-law.

***Ed. Stripe, with John H. LaVaque & Co., has returned after three weeks' visit in Ontanagon.

**Nils Anderson, a plasterer, went in bathing at Rice's Point and was drowned in six feet of water. He was an old settler.

***Grover Cleveland's morals are receiving the almost evclusive attention of the village gossip.

***President McKinley, of the Blaine and Logan club, announced the appointment of the following standing committees: Executive—R. F. Marvin, S. D. Allen, M. A. Hays, Frank Burke, Jr., and A. C. Arveson. Membership—W. B. Patton, F. W. Smith, T. H. Hawkes, Jr., J. W. Pritchard and C. B. Woodruff. Finance—F. W. Collins, E. H. Fuller, James H. Sharpe, Otto C. Hartman and C. M. Gray.

Music—Frank Burke, J. B. Stone, E. A. Barnes, W. H. Johnson and W. W. McMillan.

is practicing under the direction of Professor Schilling, is composed of the following members: Miss Vrooman, Annie Hartman, James C. Hunter, Otto Hartman, Royal Ring, Will Johnson, M. H. Bywater, J. B. Stone, Mrs. Ledell, Miss Hill, Miss Newman. They will present the opera "Mascot" in the near future.

***The local opera company, which ***Frank Green has been engaged to do the photographic work at the old gallery formerly ocupied by O. B. Thayer.

***The Hotel St. Louis received thirty quarts of strawberries today that were grown in Duluth.

***C. A. Cavender, conductor on the St. P., M. & M. road, is in town after five years' absence.

***Messrs. Brown and Bagley will soon commence the erection of another sawmill in Cloquet.

***Postmaster Knowlton has received a letter from Marquette asking for information as to Baron Wilhelm Von Wieland, who was here recently.

THE FUNNY FELLOWS.

Puck: The Fair Visitor—I suppose selecting pictures is largely a matter of taste.

The Artistic Host—Not necessarily. I have seen it done without any.

Glasgow Evening Times: "I'll have you know, stranger, that I belong to Chicago," said the Yankee.

"Deed, an' what'd have thocht it?" quoth the skeptic Scot. "Frae the wey ye've been speaking I thocht Chicago belonged to you."

Harper's Weekly: Florid Old Lady (taking train at station)—Conductor, which is the most dangerous car on the train?

Conductor—The last car is supposed to be, madam.

F. O. L.—Then why don't they leave it off?

Philadelphia Record: "Name your weapons!" hissed the insulted Frenchman.

"Toy pistols," replied the inperturbable American. The bystanders shuddered. Evidently this was to be a duel to the death, for it was the Fourth of July.

Puck: "There will be a serum for every disease.,,

"Just what do you mean by that, doctor?"

"I mean that the time will come when every ill which flesh is heir to may, by simple inoculation, be exchanged for some other ill."

Puck: "Mrs. Waterstock (just back from Europe)—So Blanche Roxton got married at last? I understand it was a very swell wedding.

Mrs. Richie—You've been misinformed; why, even the precinct reserves weren't called out!

Cincinnati Enquirer: "Nellie," said a mother to her 5-year-old daughter, "what is the reason you and your little brother can't get along without quarreling?"

"I don't know, mamma," replied the small miss, "unless it's 'cause I take after you and he takes after papa."

REAL INDEPENDENCE.

Nashville Banner: Many people have an idea that a newspaper to be independent must be neutral, or at least refrain from positive advocacy in behalf of principles and candidate put forth by a political party. This is a mistaken idea, which ignores the essential qualities of independence in the newspaper field. As a rule, the most outspoken and positive of newspapers on public questions are the independent papers. This for the reason that they are not obligated to obey the behests of any party convention and are not handicapped by the force of the disfavor of any party organization. The party paper or organ may take much latitude in the discussion of questions and may controvert proposed policies within the party and oppose the nomination of certain candidates, but when the party convention acts the paper is expected to fall docilely into line or lose prestige with the party. Like the party politician, the party paper must be "regular" whether it approve of the party's course or not. It must be for the party, right or wrong. The independent paper is free to choose its own course, to consistently contest what it believes to be right principles, to criticize the wrong action of any party, and to support any ticket the success of which it deems best for the community or country.

Independent journalism is steadily growing in popular favor. Many of the most notably influential newspapers in the country are of the independent class. Indeed, many of the strictly party journals are becoming much more independent in expression than formerly. The people themselves of whatever party are more disposed than ever before to be tolerant of free and frank discussion unconstrained by the expediency necessity of an enforced party "regularity." When a party organ is compelled by a convention dictum to support a ticket and policy that go counter to its previous honestly expressed convictions, its campaign advocacy is subjected to an inevitable discount.

WHITE ON FOLK.

New Yrko World: William Allen White, editor of the Emporia (Kas.) Gazette, whose editorial entitled "What's the Matter With Kansas?" was one of the classics of the 1896 campaign, has written an editorial in support of Joseph W. Folk's candidacy for gavernor of Missouri which is a contribution of real merit to the ethics of politics.

Mr. White is a Republican and a warm personal friend of President Roosevelt's. The Gazette is a Republican newspaper; but Mr. White declares without hesitation that every citizen of Missouri who votes against Mr. Folk is voting for a boodle victory, and that if, under similar conditions, Mr. Folk were the Democratic candidate for governor of Kansas, the Gazette would support him. "No possible Republican," he says, "could by his election advertise to the world that Missouri has determined to stand for clean government as Folk will advertise it by his election."

Of the plea of party regularity Mr. White makes short shift. "It is better to be a boiter to a party than a traitor to a state," is his answer to all such "clotted nonsense." And the issue between Republican regularity and Folk is precisely as Mr. White has defined it.

In William Allen White Mr. Folk has found a champion who, it seems to us, represents about as high a type of civic and journalistic resposibility as the country affords. Each is worthy of the other.

St. Joseph Gazette: Bill White doesn't know anything for sure about political affairs in Missouri. He has heard somebody say that things are not just what they might be here and hearing that Joe was a professed reformer, he has concluded that Joe was born to set things right, therefore he urges all good men, regardless of party, to come to the support of Joe at the polls.

He doesn't realize, as those who are better acquainted with men and conditions in this state do, that Joe is grandstanding, that he has made terms with the machine he has been fighting and that he has been fighting and that he has hooked up with the crowd that wouldn't let him reform anything, no matter how much he might want or try to.

The trouble with White is that he is butting into a situation concerning which his advice can add not one iota of sane suggestion.

Indian Shows Sympathy.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: That the Indian is not void of sympathy was demonstrated at the Indian school this morning. Accompanied by teachers, several pupils of the deaf and blind school visited the Indian school. At the north entrance they met a Sioux squaw with her pappoose on her back, and leading an older child. The sign language used by the teacher in describing the mother and children to her charges was amazing to the Indians. By signs, the teacher made clear the sad affliction of her charges, and their eagerness to know more and see, in the only way possible for them, a real Indian. Immediately the Indian kneeled, and taking the hand of each pupil, she placed it in the hand of her two children.

Her own eyes filled with tears as she fondly patted each little visitor on the head, expressing, in the only manner she knew how, the sorrow she felt for them. The eyes of many of the spectators who witnessed the scene were filled with tears at this exhibition of kindness and expression of sorrow and desire to grant the request of her sorely afflicted little visitors.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: When a girl is not afraid to have her hair knocked down it is a sign she has plenty of it.

Half the fun of being rich must be in not having to spend money you can't afford to make people think you are.

Some girls are so crazy to have a man propose to them that you can get them to agree to let you off if you do.

The nice thing about being married is that when a man has worked fourteen hours in his office he can go home and decide, after a long debate, whether the cook was insulting when she refused to make rice pudding after the family recipe.

Send For an Elephant.

Boston Herald: Has the nursemaid given notice? Does Toddlekins suffer for want of oversight? Why, then, send to Siam for an elephant to take charge of the infant! For it seems Siamese elephants make splendid nurses. They take babies under their protection, and allow nothing to harm the innocents. When any danger menaces, the nurse elephant's trunk seizes the baby and puts it out of reach, and so confident are these Siamese infants they play and crawl over the huge feet of their guardians as if they were so many pillows. It might be inconvenient to keep elephants in a flat, but otherwise the idea seems to obviate some of the difficulties experienced in domestic establishments where servants never cease from troubling.

Man's Hard Lot.

Washington Post: Dr. Schurman, of Cornell, says that no man has "a right to lead a single life." Still the man who tries to lead a double life usually gets into trouble.

SCHOOLS.

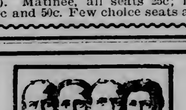
The University School

The object of the work in experimental science is not primarily the acquisition of knowledge. The first purpose is to interest children in nature. The second is to train them to observe carefully and to develop in them a taste for original observation. The last object is the accumulation of a fund of information.

ALBERT HEPPERT,
1429 East Second street.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM
TONIGHT AND TOMORROW NIGHT —ELLIOTT-COURTENAY CO., IN
"Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde"
Biograph—All new views.
Next week, "The Man From Mexico."
SATURDAY matinee and evening, July 30, GORTON'S MINSTRELS (all white). Matinee, all seats 25c; night, 25c, 35c and 50c. Few choice seats at 75c.



Gentry Bros.' Famous Shows
Will exhibit in Duluth, at
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Last Time TONIGHT
Now the largest, grandest and best animal circus in the world. More new up-to-date features, unique novelties and surprises than ever before.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both old and new addresses.

A PURE MILK SUPPLY.

There ought to be laws on the statute books of Minnesota and ordinances in the city of Duluth that would give the board of health the widest authority to deal with the city's milk supply in a way to secure for the people something that they do not get now—a clean and honest supply of milk fit to use. In no article of public consumption is there more filth and fraud.

It is not alone necessary that the producers of milk both inside and outside the city should be compelled to keep their places in a sanitary condition, and to draw milk only from healthy cows, but the law should give inspectors power to deal with every man who handles milk, until it reaches the actual consumer, that the person guilty of adulteration or fraud may be detected and punished.

Laws to protect the people from such frauds ought not to be necesary, but they are. A sense of honesty and decency ought to impel milk dealers and all other dealers in food supplies to do what they ought to do and deal honestly. But, unfortunately, this is not always the case. Some of the greatest business successes of the present day are built upon he greatest frauds. There is hardly an article of food or drink but is adulterated or poisoned in some way.

It is not the men from whom the milk dealers buy their goods who use separators and take all the cream out of the milk they dare before putting it on the market. That is a trick the milk dealers perform themselves. The milk from the average cow will run much higher in butter fat than the ordinances and laws require, and yet it is seldom that consumers procure any milk that is up to the standard.

It is not necessarily the producer of milk who loads it with preservatives. That detestable trick must also be laid at the door of the dealer. "Sterilizing" milk is often only another name for "doping" it. The milk dealer would not be caught purchasing that kind of milk. He knows the trick himself, and the producers could not work it on him. The laws should be such that it would be impossible for him to work it on his customers.

The pure food laws of Minnesota are woefully inadequate. Whoever goes to the legislature this year should see that they are made efficient and especially efficient as to the milk supply of the cities.

There should also be provision made for protecting the people from milk from tuberculous cows. There is an infallible test which is easily and cheaply applied—the Koch test—and the city council should provide the health commissioner with authority and the means to apply this test to all cows within the city limits, as is done in St. Paul and Minneapolis. No animal is as susceptible to tuberculosis as is the cow, and as it has been clearly proven that animal and human tuberculosis are identical, every precaution should be taken to prevent milk from tuberculous cows being supplied to the public.

THE MANLY VIEW.

In an address delivered at College Point, Long Island, last Saturday, Secretary Shaw of the treasury department said:

"No one has a right to claim for the Republican party that all of its adherents have intuitively and primarily been right on every proposition. Neither has it a right to claim that each and all of its political opponents have been intuitively and primarily wrong on all propositions. But the Republican party has the right to claim, and does claim, that the consensus of mature Republican judgment has been reasonably sound and measurably consistent."

There is a marked difference in the tone of this and that of the address of acceptance of President Roosevelt. It is much more fair and dignified and reasonable. The president would have placed himself in a much better light in the minds of intelligent thinking Americans had he made use of language equally modest and sensible.

Secretary Shaw overstepped the mark when he tried to convince millions of American workingmen that they were better off as a result of paying higher prices for necessaries of life although their wages and incomes had not been increased accordingly, but in the utterance above quoted he has done much to redeem himself.

No political party is infallible. All are liable to make mistakes. All do make mistakes. The Republican party is no exception. It has made many. Furthermore, what one man may consider right another may think wrong, and both be honest in their belief. Not all the things endorsed by the people have proved to be right. And when a party finds itself in the wrong, it is a more manly part to acknowledge it and endeavor to set itself right than to attempt to prove that it has always been consistent and always right.

TOO FAR FETCHED.

The Russian government may have exceeded its rights in seizing or sinking English merchantmen in the Red Sea, but it would seem that the concerted effort of English newspapers to work up a frenzy of excitement and antipathy to Russia on that account is rather far-fetched.

If Russia has done wrong an international prize court can determine the amount of damages and she can be made to pay. But it is evident that this is not what is bothering England most. She wants the Russian navy kept out of the Red sea, claiming that under the treaty with Turkey and the other powers Russian armed vessels have no right there.

It will be recalled that this treaty was made especially with a view of protecting Turkey against Russian aggression and that Russia was forbidden to use the Dardanelles in case Turkey objected. In this instance Turkey has given her permission, hence it is difficult to see wherein England has any just cause of complaint on that score.

Russia has reason to suspect England's good faith, notwithstanding its announced neutrality regarding Russia's war with Japan. There is no doubt that in England as in this country both public sentiment and the sympathy of the governing powers are with Japan. The reasons are well known. With Japan in control of Korea and Manchuria there would be much better opportunity for English and American commerce than if Russia controls. Japanese success is especially desired by England. Therefore it is but natural that the Russian government should be suspicious of England, notwithstanding her protestations of strict neutrality. And she has reason to be. The English government is but little short of the Russian in cunning duplicity. Hence it would follow as a matter of course that the Russian navy would watch very closely vesels carrying goods to the far East and no doubt was justified in searching some of them.

As before stated, if it has made a mistake it will be compelled to pay for it in addition to making an apology, but England will fail in its efforts to use these cases as an argument why Russia should be forbidden use of the Red sea for passage of her armed vessels.

BEGINNING TO EXPLAIN.

Governor Peabody of Colorado has declared military rule at an end in Teller county and the Cripple Creek district has been turned over to the civil authorities. The military expenses have cost the state about $1,000,000, while the chances are that it will be put to still greater expense in settling big damage suits. It would seem that men imprisoned in bull pens, citizens deported from their homes and the owners of the Portland mine, which was forcibly closed by the governor, all have ample grounds for collecting big damages from the state.

As might have been expected, some of the authorities who have been carrying things with such a high hand in Colorado are beginning to "explain." They will probably do more explaining as time passes and as the federal courts begin to ask questions.

The "military court," or board of inquiry, which was established at Victor on June 8, has made a report. This military court was no doubt made up of members of the Mine Owners' association and its tool, the Citizens' alliance. The report says:

"The commission assembled at once and proceeded to examine all parties appearing. The number of those appearing was 1569; the number of those recommended for deportation was 238; the number recommended for trial in the criminal courts was 42; the number recommended for release was 1289.

"Of those recommended for deportation, the list was composed of agitators, ore thieves, keepers of fences for stolen ore, habitues of bawdy houses, saloon bums and vagrants."

Then it is a crime in Colorado to be an agitator? If so, why are the agitators not tried and sent to jail? There ought to be laws in Colorado for the punishment of ore thieves, keepers of fences for stolen ore, habitues of bawdy houses and vagrants. Why were not these men tried for their offenses and sentenced to jail?

This is an explanation that does not explain. It is plainly evident that nothing in the way of a criminal charge could be brought against these men, and that their deportation was an outrage with not a shadow of justification.

THE FIELD SURVEY.

The cigarette may be a great solace, but it is a poor recommend as to ability or character.

* * *

It is claimed that Mrs. Maybrick was not pardoned when she was released from prison, but simply given a "ticket of leave" in accordance with the usual English custom in case of life prisoners who behave well. This puts the British government in a better light.

* * *

According to Thomas W. Lawson, the following are business mottoes adopted by the Standard Oil company:

Keep your mouth closed, as silence is golden and gold is what we exist for.

Never put "Standard Oil" trades in writing, as your memory and the other fellow's forgetfulness will always be reinforced with our organization.

Never forget our legal department is paid by the year, and our land is full of courts and judges.

Never enter into a "butting" contest with the government. Our government is by the people, and with the people, and those people who are not with us can be hired by us.

Always do right; right makes might; might makes dollars; dollars make right and we have the dollars.

* * *

The Kansas City Journal expresses the belief that Joseph W. Folk has entered into no deal with the corrupt Democratic machine, although two of its pets appear on the ticket with him. It advises against support of the ticket on that account, but joins in the general belief that Folk's skirts are clear. It asserts, however, that Folk will not be able to accomplish any reforms while tangled up with that kind of a crowd. That remains to be demonstrated. He accomplished something as district attorney under similar conditions.

* * *

W. J. Bryan, who recently declared in favor of government ownership of railroads, telegraphs and other monopolies, and also in favor of an income tax, is now dubbed a socialist in some quarters. If so he is the same kind of a socialist as many of the voters in both the Republican and Democratic parties.

* * *

It is only a small step from keeping a house of illfame to burning up the house of a competitor. Evidently the Nashwauk coroner's jury so thought. It would seem as though the male portion of humanity might find some other business to engage in and municipalities should see that they do find some other business.

* * *

Care should always be taken in changing the laws regarding the sentencing of criminals. Recently the legislature of Michigan passed a law providing for the indeterminate sentence. The supreme court has just decided that 200 jail birds who committed their crimes before the law was passed, but were sentenced afterward must be released as soon as they finish serving the minimum terms fixed by the court. The legislature, of course, overlooked this loophole, although, like all others, about one half of its membership is probably composed of very smart lawyers.

* * *

"I have called off the militia: now let the unions do the proper thing and call off the strike," is the latest from Governor Peabody of Colorado. Sure! Why not? But this shows that Peabody's real purpose was to break up the strike and destroy the miners' union, not to enforce the law, when he sent the militia into the district.

* * *

It is announced that the Manufacturers' club of Pennsylvania in co-operation with the Union League club, hopes, by a vigorous campaign, to carry Pennsylvania for Roosevelt. It is also confidently expected by the Democratic managers that Texas will go Democratic if the proper efforts are made.

HOTEL GOSSIP

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Hulett, of Cleveland, were registered at the Spalding yesterday. Mr. Hulett is third vice president of the Wellman-Seaver-Morgan company, one of the largest engineering concerns in the country and is an inventor and practical engineer as well.

It was with machines of Mr. Hulett's invention that the docks of the Lackawanna Steel company near Buffalo were put in operation when the A. B. Wolvin was relieved of her first big cargo of iron ore. The docks of the company are at West Seneca, a suburb of Buffalo, and it was there that the Wolvin, with a cargo of 11,000 gross tons of iron ore taken from Two Harbors.

The monster vessel was unloaded in the record time of eleven hours by the device invented by Mr. Hulett, known as the Hulett automatic ore unloaders, and each one of these takes out ten tons at a single trip.

Operation of the device is similar to that of a large scoop or steam shovel, and the operator has right within reach all the levers with which the machinery is started or stopped. He rides along with the scoop on each of its trips, occupying a protected cage which surmounts the scoop, and thus the man in control accompanies the ore from the time it is lifted from the hold until it is dumped on the storage pile.

At West Seneca the machines are operated by electricity, while those installed at Conneaut, Ohio, by the Steel corporation are governed by hydraulic power.

At the unloading of the Wolvin only three unloaders were used, and it is believed that as soon as two others to be put in operation there are in shape, the Wolvin could be emptied in about six hours instead of eleven.

* * *

Fred Steinle, formerly clerk at the McKay, is a guest at that house. He left the McKay service earlier in the summer to become clerk on the White line steamer Easton, and is now taking a rest owing to illness.

* * *

Mrs. William Fowlds, of Chippewa Falls, and Mrs. John S. Fowlds, of Solway, are registered at the Hotel McKay.

* * *

K. Evans, of Minneapolis, has joined Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Evans, of the Flour City, who have been guests of the St. Louis for the past week.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Hasty, of St. Paul, is among the Spalding's late registrations.

* * *

C. R. Houston, of Grand Marais, is stopping at the St. Louis. Mrs. Houston is with him.

* * *

Mrs. F. McCreary, of Minneapolis, is at the Spalding.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Wurster are registered at the Spalding from Two Harbors.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Shea and son and Mrs. E. D. McNeil are well-known Virginia people at the St. Louis.

* * *

S. J. Cusson, the Ashland lumberman, is among those registered at the Spalding.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. L. F. Leach, of Cloquet, are at the McKay.

* * *

Mrs. G. E. Mills, of Two Harbors, is a guest at the St. Louis.

* * *

A Duluth man who was in New Orleans not long since recounts a very interesting conversation that he had with a native. The native aforesaid was a typical southern gentleman past middle age with the regulation mustache and goatee of liberal proportions. It was on a hotel veranda and when the talk reached the weather the conversation grew interesting.

"It certainly is warm down here today, isn't it?" asked the Duluth man, expecting to meet a sympathetic affirmative.

"We would hardly call this warm, sir," answered the southern man. "Where are you from, anyway?"

"I am from Duluth, Minnesota."

"How far north is that?"

"Just about as far as white folks live, I guess—at least most of 'em."

"Does it get cold there in the winter?"

"Oh, fairly so. Sometimes it lasts pretty steadily. Once during the past winter we had a stretch of about six weeks where it ranged from zero to 37 below."

"What do people do in that kind of weather? How do they live?"

"Just as they do any other time or place. They dress a little warmer for the cold weather, but they go to and from business as usual. The houses are built to withstand strong cold.

"And you mean to tell me that people live and do business in such temperatures?"

"Certainly."

"Well, sir, I must say I think you are a pretty square looking sort of men, but you surely can't expect me to believe that."

"It's true. They are working on buildings there all winter long. Sometimes they may stop on a particularly severe day on account of the cold. I don't know that they were working outside in 37 below but I do know a house was being built near mine when the coldest weather was on and they had men out shingling it nearly all the time."

"Now look here. I'm pretty good natured and I hope you are, for I want to tell you that I think you are a d— liar."

And the southerner waited to hear no more. The Duluth man says that one day as warm as yesterday the motorman on the trolley car had his coat turned up and a big cap around his ears, his hands being protected by big gloves. The Duluth man, to keep comfortable, stood outside with the motorman and opened his vest. He asked the motorman why it was that they did not run summer cars in New Orleans. The motorman said they did but only in warm weather.

* * *

At the Spalding: Edward H. C. Kemper, T. J. Connolly, T. M. Warren, H. D. Smith, D. R. Elliott, R. R. Briggs, P. W. Bagley, St. Paul; Mrs. James Davidson, Bay City; C. E. Jackson, St. Cloud; W. Hoyt Yale, St. Paul; F. G. Schroeder, Perham; Walter Huot, John F. Stafford, Henry Webster, E. D. McAnulty, F. C. Gifford, E. J. Moles, Minneapolis; D. S. Clark, Eau Claire; William Kaiser, Stillwater; Gad Smith, Marquette; C. H. Smith, Wausau; Winnifred M. Burns, Washburn.

* * *

At the St. Louis: F. E. Papst, James H. Ralph, Fred W. Woodward, F. Newcomb, Merrick, Charles E. M. Gray, H. B. Brown, Minneapolis; James Ripley, J. W. Foster, Iron River; L. W. Hoffman, Green Bay; John A. McDonald, G. A. Walker, Bemidji; M. B. Morris, Iron River; O. W. Erickson, Cloquet; Martin Hughes, Hibbing; J. H. Nichols, Flora H. Nichols, Des Moines; Miss Mae Murphy, Hibbing; F. B. Rossom, Virginia; E. S. Hoyt, Red Wing; Sam S. Laffman, C. F. Caldwell, Rosle, B. C.; M. J. Conron, Hibbing; C. L. Judd, Saginaw; N. G. Nilsen, Moose Lake; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Draper, Bayfield; E. D. McNeil, Virginia; John Kliffman, Hibbing; R. Frederick, Marshfield; John Monaghan, Spena; S. W. Campbell, Ashland; R. S. Ceward, Cresco, Iowa; N. B. Shank, Birwabik; G. L. Pettingill, Iron River; C. B. McMillan, Hammond, N. D.; P. A. Walsh, Cass Lake.

* * *

At the McKay: A. E. Driscoll, E. H. Ensmith, C. P. Gibson, John Watson, J. Gilbert, P. R. McDonell, E. M. McDonell, F. R. Savage, John H. Savage, Mrs. L. Hale, Miss Patti Hale, Peter Schonarth St. Paul; C. H. Gay, Marshfield; George Anderson, Brainerd; F. B. Drummond, Eau Claire; E. E. Hall, Minneapolis; N. Ederstrom, Mt. Iron.

Divorced on Going to War.

Chicago Chronicle: The rabbis of Lodz, in southern Russia, have revived an old talmudic law which requires every married man, before going on the battlefield, to grant a conditional divorce to his wife, so that she may remarry after the end of the war. All the married Jewish soldiers of Lodz have had to grant such divorces before leaving for the front, each one registering with a rabbi his name, address, age, height and birthmarks, and the rabbi will keep a faithful record of the same until the soldier returns. If within the reasonable time he does not return he is reckoned among the lost and unidentified dead, and his wife is free to remarry, for in Russia Jews and Jewesses do not need to call in the aid of the civil courts.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), July 28.—Storm conditions are developing in the Alberta region. It is somewhat warmer over the eastern slopes of the Rockies, rather high maximum temperatures occurring Wednesday in the extreme northwest. Showery weather prevailed from the Mississippi Valley eastward, and at scattered places in the far northwest. In the Lake Region the winds are generally northerly and light to fresh with showers in southern portions.

Following were the maximum temperatures recorded during the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	92	Memphis	78
Atlanta	78	Miles City	92
Battleford	76	Milwaukee	82
Bismarck	78	Minnedosa	70
Boston	82	Medena	86
Buffalo	78	Montgomery	86
Calgary	90	Moorhead	70
Charleston	84	New Orleans	82
Chicago	80	New York	80
Cincinnati	76	Norfolk	86
Davenport	84	Northfield	80
Denver	84	North Platte	84
Detroit	80	Oklahoma	90
Dodge City	90	Omaha	84
Duluth	70	Phoenix	104
Edmonton	64	Pittsburg	84
El Paso	92	Port Arthur	66
Escanaba	72	Portland	64
Galveston	86	Prince Albert	68
Green Bay	78	Qu'Appelle	74
Havre	94	Rapid City	86
Helena	88	San Francisco	68
Houghton	66	Santa Fe	80
Huron	94	Shreveport	80
Jacksonville	86	Spokane	88
Kamloops	84	St. Louis	82
Kansas City	82	St. Paul	74
Knoxville	82	Sault Ste. Marie	70
LaCrosse	76	Swift Current	86
Lander	80	Washington	84
Los Angeles	86	Williston	84
Marquette	70	Winnemucca	90
Medicine Hat	96	Winnipeg	64

Forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Friday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Partly cloudy tonight and Friday. Fresh northeasterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local forecaster.

Chicago, July 28.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Friday: Wisconsin—Fair tonight with warmer in west portion. Friday partly cloudy and warmer.

Minnesota—Partly cloudy with warmer in west portion tonight. Friday partly cloudy and warmer with showers in west portion.

The Dakotas—Light local showers tonight and probably Friday. Warmer tonight.

Upper Lakes: Light northerly winds becoming variable. Partly cloudy tonight and Friday with probably some fog.

WHERE THE SHOE PINCHES.

Chicago Inter-Ocean: From the Rocky mountains to the Atlantic people are finding a prime necessary of life harder to get than usual. This is not because a pestilence has swept away food cattle. It is because a few man and their few thousand employes have quarreled over the division of the profits.

Whether the so-called beef trust be an unlawful agreement or merely a common policy is immaterial. The result is to put into the hands of a few men such power over a necessary of life that when they and their employes quarrel tens of millions find food harder to get.

The existence of such power—the acquirement by a few of such dominion over the lives of millions—is the cause of the popular resentment of trusts and of the popular demand for their control.

It is idle to argue that by co-operation great industries can make things cheaper and life easier for the average man. As long as the price of such benefits is the mastery of the few over the many in any particular the existence of such power will be resented in the United States.

The failure of the late George M. Pullman's benevolent dream illustrates the point. His model town probably secured to its people easier lives for the same effort than they could have found elsewhere. But they had to live there, not in their own way, but in his way. And against this American nature rose in rebellion.

Where the shoe pinches most in regards the trusts is in the power it gives a few over the many. The few may have the most benevolent intentions. The co-operation they organize may actually make life easier to millions most of the time. But still they have the power to make life harder, and the average American citizen will not have it so.

This is a very practical country, but it has a few ideals that are larger and stronger and sacreder in its eyes than all else in the world. Its people are willing to sacrifice food and drink to keep these ideals and to realize them. And the ideal that no American citizen has a master, that the American people are beholden to no body of men except themselves, is the largest and strongest and secredest of all.

THE WONDER WORKER.

San Francisco Argonaut: The poet, who is after all only a normal man with no callouses of custom, is fond of speaking of the virgin forest and the maiden stream. He has the devotion of pure blood in the unexploited. He nourishes a passion for the bud, and flames at the sight of the untouched. In a lesser degree he gropes for romance in the unfamiliar, and each month brings us volumes innumerable telling of lands and peoples yet unhistoried. But the day of this lesser degree is passing. The uttermost parts of the earth are being put down on railway maps, and we can get quotations of sleeping-car rates anywhere from the mines of Ophir to the land of Uz of the Chaldees. And now there are "tourist rates" to the heart of Africa—to Victoria Falls!

"From the Cape to Cairo" is the way the new railroad has it, and the infinitely dim names of Bulawayo, of Omdurman, of Karliba Gorge, are suddenly become distinct in plain letters on sign boards across the ends of the stations. The brakeman yells "twenty minutes for breakfast" in Fashoda, and the superb porter sets his stool under the step of the Pullman that the clustered globe-trotter may disembark at Khartoum. The Cape to Cairo is two-thirds complete.

Possibly very few people ever connect in their minds Egypt of the Ptolemies and the Africa of Livingstone and Stanley. We all know that the sources of the Nile lie in the center of the dark continent. We are aware that the Boers live in the same portion of the earth as the Egyptians. But after all, the Sphynx and the fetish don't seem to be akin, and the columns of Thebes don't remind us of the kraal of the Matabele. Between Cape Bon and the Cape of Good Hope there lies the margin of thousands of years, and Lorenzo Marquez and Tunis hardly can be made to meet in one sentence. Yet the miracle has been accomplished on a ticket, and the ticket stands for a feat of diplomacy and engineering that even the tremendous Rhodes seemed unequal to.

Dreams have a queer facility in shifting into a ribbon of fact, and the timetable is the arbiter of fancy in the end. Chicago is firmly established in our minds as being three-days' journey away, and now Ujiji and Tabora and Bechuana Land fall by the hand of the engineer into our little table of commonplaces. The railway is built, and the Zambesi at Victoria Falls is to be spanned soon by a steel bridge. Cairo and Cape Town are on the same line. Trunks are checked through on first-class tickets. And Livingstone and Stanley are with the Ptolemies.

Dorothy's Finesse.

Kansas City Star: At the Republican state convention in Springfield, Ill., Senator Cullom and Speaker Cannon tried to get a popular ruling as to which is the handsomer man. "If I had a face like yours, Joe," said the senator, "I'd wear a veil or build a fence around it."

"And if I looked like you, Shelby," replied Uncle Joe, "I'd walk backwards all the time. Your rear elevation isn't so bad but the front facade is a bad botch."

"I'll tell you, Joe, we'll leave it to this little girl. She doesn't want any political job, and I guess she'll be honest," suggested Senator Cullom. The little girl's mother was with her. "Which do you think is the best looking, Dorothy?" asked the proud mother. The child looked at both out of big, frank eyes and said: "I don't like to say, mamma, which I like best. I might 'fend Mr. Cannon."

TWENTY YEARS AGO IN DULUTH

Taken From the Columns of The Herald of This Date, 1884.

***Mrs. O. F. Brigham is visiting friends in Brainerd.

***Little Nellie Fuller, Jessie Hoyt and Bertie Bliss went to Agate Bay today on the Dove.

***S. F. Boyce is entertaining John C. Smith, of Welsville, Ohio, and Mr. McFadden, of Wheeling, W. Va. The former is his brother-in-law.

***Ed. Stripe, with John H. LaVaque & Co., has returned after three weeks' visit in Ontanagon.

**Nils Anderson, a plasterer, went in bathing at Rice's Point and was drowned in six feet of water. He was an old settler.

***Grover Cleveland's morals are receiving the almost evclusive attention of the village gossip.

***President McKinley, of the Blaine and Logan club, announced the appointment of the following standing committees: Executive—R. F. Marvin, S. D. Allen, M. A. Hays, Frank Burke, Jr., and A. C. Arveson. Membership—W. B. Patton, F. W. Smith, T. H. Hawkes, Jr., J. W. Pritchard and C. B. Woodruff. Finance—F. W. Collins, E. H. Fuller, James H. Sharpe, Otto C. Hartman and C. M. Gray.

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***President McKinley, of the Blaine and Logan club, announced the appointment of the following standing committees: Executive—R. F. Marvin, S. D. Allen, M. A. Hays, Frank Burke, Jr., and A. C. Arveson. Membership—W. B. Patton, F. W. Smith, T. H. Hawkes, Jr., J. W. Pritchard and C. B. Woodruff. Finance—F. W. Collins, E. H. Fuller, James H. Sharpe, Otto C. Hartman and C. M. Gray.

***Mrs. O. F. Brigham is visiting friends in Brainerd.

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***The local opera company, which is practicing under the direction of Professor Schilling, is composed of the following members: Miss Vrooman, Annie Hartman, James C. Hunter, Otto Hartman, Royal Ring, Will Johnson, M. H. Bywater, J. B. Stone, Mrs. Ledell, Miss Hill, Miss Newman. They will present the opera "Mascot" in the near future.

***The local opera company, which ***Frank Green has been engaged to do the photographic work at the old gallery formerly occupied by O. B. Thayer.

***The Hotel St. Louis received thirty quarts of strawberries today that were grown in Duluth.

***C. A. Cavender, conductor on the St. P., M. & M. road, is in town after five years' absence.

***Messrs. Brown and Bagley will soon commence the erection of another sawmill in Cloquet.

***Postmaster Knowlton has received a letter from Marquette asking for information as to Baron Wilhelm Von Wieland, who was here recently.

THE FUNNY FELLOWS.

Puck: The Fair Visitor—I suppose selecting pictures is largely a matter of taste.

The Artistic Host—Not necessarily. I have seen it done without any.

* * *

Glasgow Evening Times: "I'll have you know, stranger, that I belong to Chicago," said the Yankee.

"Deed, an' wha'd hae thocht it?" quoth the skeptic Scot. "Frae the wey ye've been speaking I thocht Chicago belonged to you."

* * *

Harper's Weekly: Florid Old Lady (taking train at station)—Conductor, which is the most dangerous car on the train?

Conductor—The last car is supposed to be, madam.

F. O. L.—Then why don't they leave it off?

* * *

Philadelphia Record: "Name your weapons!" hissed the insulted Frenchman.

"Toy pistols," replied the inperturbable American. The bystanders shuddered. Evidently this was to be a duel to the death, for it was the Fourth of July.

* * *

Puck: "There will be a serum for every disease..."

"Just what do you mean by that, doctor?"

"I mean that the time will come when every ill which flesh is heir to may, by simple inoculation, be exchanged for some other ill."

* * *

Puck: "Mrs. Waterstock (just back from Europe)—So Blanche Roxton got married at last? I understand it was a very swell wedding.

Mrs. Ritie—You've been misinformed; why, even the precinct reserves weren't called out!

* * *

Cincinnati Enquirer: "Nellie," said a mother to her 5-year-old daughter, "what is the reason you and your little brother can't get along without quarreling?"

"I don't know, mamma," replied the small miss, "unless it's 'cause I take after you and he takes after papa."

REAL INDEPENDENCE.

Nashville Banner: Many people have an idea that a newspaper to be independent must be neutral, or at least refrain from positive advocacy in behalf of principles and candidate put forth by a political party. This is a mistaken idea, which ignores the essential qualities of independence in the newspaper field. As a rule, the most outspoken and positive of newspapers on public questions are the independent papers. This for the reason that they are not obligated to obey the behests of any party convention and are not handicapped by the fear of the disfavor of any party organization. The party paper or organ may take much latitude in the discussion of questions and may controvert proposed policies within the party and oppose the nomination of certain candidates, but when the party convention acts the paper is expected to fall docilely into line or lose prestige with the party. Like the party politician, the party paper must be "regular" whether it approve of the party's course or not. It must be for the party, right or wrong. The independent paper is free to choose its own course, to consistently contend for what it believes to be right principles, to criticize the wrong action of any party, and to support any ticket the success of which it deems best for the community or country.

Independent journalism is steadily growing in popular favor. Many of the most notably influential newspapers in the country are of the independent class. Indeed, many of the strictly party journals are becoming much more independent in expression than formerly. The people themselves of whatever party are more disposed than ever before to be tolerant of free and frank discussion unconstrained by the expediency necessity of an enforced party "regularity." When a party organ is compelled by a convention dictum to support a ticket and policy that go counter to its previous honestly expressed convictions, its campaign advocacy is subjected to an inevitable discount.

WHITE ON FOLK.

New Yrko World: William Allen White, editor of the Emporia (Kas.) Gazette, whose editorial entitled "What's the Matter With Kansas?" was one of the classics of the 1896 campaign, has written an editorial in support of Joseph W. Folk's candidacy for gavernor of Missouri which is a contribution of real merit to the ethics of politics.

Mr. White is a Republican and a warm personal friend of President Roosevelt's. The Gazette is a Republican newspaper; but Mr. White declares without hesitation that every citizen of Missouri who votes against Mr. Folk is voting for a boodle victory, and that if, under similar conditions, Mr. Folk were the Democratic candidate for governor of Kansas, the Gazette would support him. "No possible Republican," he says, "could by his election advertise to the world that Missouri has determined to stand for clean government as Folk will advertise it by his election."

Of the plea of party regularity Mr. White makes short shift. "It is letter to be a bolter to a party than a traitor to a state," is his answer to all such "clotted nonsense." And the issue between Republican regularity and Folk is precisely as Mr. White has defined it.

In William Allen White Mr. Folk has found a champion who, it seems to us, represents about as high a type of civic and journalistic responsibility as the country affords. Each is worthy of the other.

St. Joseph Gazette: Bill White doesn't know anything for sure about political affairs in Missouri. He has heard somebody say that things are not just what they might be here and hearing that Joe was a professed reformer, he has concluded that Joe was born to set things right, therefore he urges all good men, regardless of party, to come to the support of Joe at the polls.

He doesn't realize, as those who are better acquainted with men and conditions in this state do, that Joe is grandstanding, that he has made terms with the machine he has been fighting and that he has been fighting and that he has hooked up with the crowd that wouldn't let him reform anything, no matter how much he might want or try to.

The trouble with White is that he is butting into a situation concerning which his advice can add not one iota of sane suggestion.

Indian Shows Sympathy.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: That the Indian is not void of sympathy was demonstrated at the Indian school this morning. Accompanied by teachers, several pupils of the deaf and blind school visited the Indian school. At the north entrance they met a Sioux squaw with her pappoose on her back, and leading an older child. The sign language used by the teacher in describing the mother and children to her charges was amazing to the Indians. By signs, the teacher made clear the sad affliction of her charges, and their eagerness to know more and see, in the only way possible for them, a real Indian. Immediately the Indian kneeled, and taking the hand of each pupil, she placed it in the hand of her two children.

Her own eyes filled with tears as she fondly patted each little visitor on the head, expressing, in the only manner she knew how, the sorrow she felt for them. The eyes of many of the spectators who witnessed the scene were filled with tears at this exhibition of kindness and expression of sorrow and desire to grant the request of her sorely afflicted little visitors.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: When a girl is not afraid to have her hair knocked down it is a sign she has plenty of it.

Half the fun of being rich must be in not having to spend money you can't afford to make people think you are.

Some girls are so crazy to have a man propose to them that you can get them to agree to let you off if you do.

The nice thing about being married is that when a man has worked fourteen hours in his office he can go home and bicker, after a long debate, whether the cook was insulting when she refused to make rice pudding after the family recipe.

Send For an Elephant.

Boston Herald: Has the nursemaid given notice? Does Toddlekins suffer for want of oversight? Why, then, send to Siam for an elephant to take charge of the infant! For it seems Siamese elephants make splendid nurses. They take babies under their protection, and allow nothing to harm the innocents. When any danger menaces, the nurse elephant's trunk seizes the baby and puts it out of reach, and so confident are these Siamese infants they play and crawl over the huge feet of their guardians as if they were so many pillows. It might be inconvenient to keep elephants in a flat, but otherwise the idea seems to obviate some of the difficulties experienced in domestic establishments where servants never cease from troubling.

Man's Hard Lot.

Washington Post: Dr. Schurman, of Cornell, says that no man has "a right to lead a single life." Still the man who tries to lead a double life usually gets into trouble.

SCHOOLS.

The University School

The object of the work in experimental science is not primarily the acquisition of knowledge. The first purpose is to interest children in nature. The second is to train them to observe carefully and to develop in them a taste for original observation. The last object is the accumulation of a fund of information.

ALBERT HEPPERT,
1429 East Second street.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM
TONIGHT AND TOMORROW NIGHT —ELLIOTT-COURTENAY CO., IN
"Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde"
Biograph—All new views.
Next week, "The Man From Mexico."
SATURDAY matinee and evening, July 30, GORTON'S MINSTRELS (all white). Matinee, all seats 25c; night, 25c, 35c and 50c. Few choice seats at 75c.



Gentry Bros.' Famous Shows
Will exhibit in Duluth, at
Third Ave. E. and First St.,
Last Time TONIGHT
Now the largest, grandest and best animal circus in the world. More new up-to-date features, unique novelties and surprises than ever before.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DULUTH JOBBERS AND MANUFACTURERS!

43 REASONS FOR DULUTH'S COMMERCIAL SUPREMACY ARE FOUND IN THE DIRECTORY OF ITS LEADING AND UP-TO-DATE FIRMS BELOW.

ART GLASS AND MIRRORS.

St. Germain Bros.
ESTABLISHED 1891
Manufacturers of art, leaded and metal glass for churches, residences and public buildings. All kinds of plain and beveled French mirrors. Designs and estimates on application

CIGAR BOX FACTORY.

Minnesota Cigar Box Co.
Manufacturers and Dealers in
CIGAR BOXES.
Cigar Box Labels and Cigar Manufacturers' Tools and Supplies.
Zenith Phone 1195. No. 30 First Avenue W.
PETER J. VANVICK, Prop.

FRUITS AND PRODUCE.

Gamble-Robinson - Sheldon COMPANY.
Wholesale Fruits and Produce.
Car Lot Dealers, Butter, Eggs and Poultry. Foreign and Domestic Green and Dried Fruits
210-212 West Michigan Street.

FLOUR AND FEED.

C. S. PROSSER & CO.
Members Duluth Board of Trade.
WHITE ROSE FLOUR
FLOUR, FEED, HAY, GRAIN AND SEEDS.
Both Telephones 461.
114-116 EAST MICHIGAN ST.

GROCERS.

Gowan-Peyton-Twohy Co.
WHOLESALE GROCERS.
"THE YOUNG GIANT."

HATS AND CAPS.

BLAKE & WAITE COMPANY
WHOLESALE
HATS, CAPS, GLOVES AND FURS.
LUMBERMEN'S SPECIALTIES!

PLUMBING & HEATING GOODS

Northern Supply Co.
Plumbers, Steam, Gas and Water Works Supplies.
General Offices and Salesroom:
107 WEST MICHIGAN STREET.

ASBESTOS TEXTILE PRODUCTS

The Keasbey & Mattison Co
Largest Manufacturers of Magnesia and Asbestos Pipe and Boiler Covers in the World.
Boiler Covers and Packings of Every Description. Asbestos Roofing and Theater Curtains
H. W. Taylor, Mngr. 325 West Mich. St.

DRY GOODS.

F. A. Patrick & Co.,
WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.
"Best Located."

Knudsen-Ferguson Fruit Co
General Commission Merchants.
Wholesale Dealers and Jobbers in Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Vegetables, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Etc.
218-220 WEST MICHIGAN ST.

GREGORY, COOK & CO
MILLERS.
COMMANDER FLOUR.
701 to 703 Board of Trade.

Stone-Ordean-Wells COMPANY.
Importers and Wholesale Grocers.

HARDWARE.

MARSHALL-WELLS HARDWARE CO.
HARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL MERCHANTS.

PAPER.

Zenith Paper Co
Manufacturers Wholesale
Paper and Stationery.
Building and Roofing Paper.
222-224 West Michigan Street.

BRASS WORKS.

DULUTH BRASS WORKS
Manufacturers of . . . BRASS GOODS, BRASS CASTINGS, BABBITTS.

DRUGS.

DeVelda Drug Co
Wholesale Druggists and Manufacturing Chemists.
Laboratories 613 to 621 West Michigan St.



Duluth Jobbing Houses—F. A. Patrick & Co.

KELLEY-HOW-THOMSON CO HARDWARE.
LUMBERMEN'S AND MILL SUPPLIES.

PRODUCE.

THOMPSON PRODUCE CO.
Wholesale Dealers in
BUTTER, EGGS, CHEESE, POULTRY, VEAL, ETC.
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
116 W. Michigan Street.

BUILDERS' MATERIALS.

Thomson & Dunlop,
JOBBERS OF
Builders' and Painters' Supplies.
Samuel Cabot's, Shingle Stains. Mantels, Fireplace Fixtures.
226-226 WEST MICHIGAN ST.

LEITHHEAD DRUG CO.
Drugs and Druggist Sundries
223-227 South 5th Ave. W.

KNITTED GOODS.

NELSON BROS.' KNITTING MILLS
Manufacturers of Knitted Goods.
2101-2103 W. Superior St.

SANDERS & CO
BUTTER, EGGS, CHEESE AND POULTRY.
W. Michigan and 2nd Avenue

CABINET MAKERS.

POOLE & WILLIAMS,
214 East Superior Street.
Manufacturers of all Kinds of Show Cases, Counters, Shelves, Bars and Bar Fixtures.
Fine Cabinet Work a Specialty
Estimates Furnished.
Furniture Made to Order.

ENG'RS, F'NDERS, MACHINISTS.

National Iron Co.,
Manufacturers
HOISTING ENGINES, STRUCTURAL AND ORNAMENTAL IRON WORK.

LUMBER and INTERIOR FINISH.

Scott-Graff Lumber Co
Manufacturers of Lumber, Sash, Doors, Mouldings.
OFFICE AND STAIR WORK.

PROVISIONS.

THE BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL CO.
COLD STORAGE
Butter, Eggs, Milk, Cheese, Cream.
16 WEST FIRST STREET

CANDIES.

DULUTH CANDY CO.
Candy Manufacturers.
No. 20 East First Street.

ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES.

BURGESS ELECTRIC CO.,
312 West First Street.
Electrical Supplies of all Kinds
Manufacturers of Gas, Electric and Combination Chandeliers.

LEATHER.

SCHULZE BROS. CO.,
Wholesale Saddlery and Shoe Findings.
302-304 West Michigan Street.

RUBBER AND STEEL STAMPS.

Consolidated Stamp & Printing Co
Badges, Banners, Buttons | Stencils, Notary and Corporate Seals
Steel Die Embossing and Card Engraving.
323 West First St. Both Phones.

FRUITS AND PRODUCE.

John Wahl Factory.
National Candy Co.
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
CONFECTIONERY
John Wahl, Mngr. 7-13 19th Avenue W.

The Thos. Thompson Co.
Wholesale Fruits and Produce.
126-128 West Michigan Street.

MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

Christensen, Mendenhall & Graham.
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
Men's Furnishing Goods.
Lumbermen's and Miners' Wear a Specialty.
514-516 West First Street.

SHOW CASE FACTORY.

Duluth Show Case Factory,
Show Cases, Bar, Barber, Office and Store Fixtures.
1010 WEST MICHIGAN STREET.
Zenith Phone 1260. Peter M. Carlson, Prop.

CIGARS.

RON-FERNANDEZ CIGAR CO.
"LaLINDA" a domestic cigar.
"LaVERDAD" clear Havana.
102-104 W. Mich. St.

Fitzsimmons-Derrig Co.
Commission Merchants.
Importers and Wholesale Dealers. Foreign and Domestic Fruits.
122-124 West Michigan Street.

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS.

CLYDE IRON WORKS
Manufacturers of Logging Tools and Steam Log Loaders.

FLOUR AND FEED.

H. F. DAVIS & CO
WHOLESALE
FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN AND HAY.
24-26-28-30-32 E. Michigan St.

GROCERS.

Wright-Clarkson Mercantile Company
IMPORTERS—
Wholesale Grocers, Manufacturers.

PLUMBING & HEATING GOODS.

Crane-Ordway Co.,
12 West Michigan Street.
Manufacturers of Pipe, Fittings, Valves and Steam Goods.
Jobbers of Plumbers', Steam and Gas-fitters' Supplies.

STATIONERY AND NOTIONS.

DULUTH PAPER AND STATIONERY CO.
—WHOLESALE—
Stationery, Notions and Paper.
18-20 W. Michigan Street.

STEEL CEILINGS.

DULUTH CORRUGATING & ROOFING CO.
Manufacturers of
Metal Ceilings, Corrugated and Iron Cornices, Skylights, Etc.
126-130-132 East Michigan Street.

WALL PAPER.

H. A. HALL & CO
WALL PAPER.
16 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

WEST DULUTH

BURNED TO DEATH

Mary Kormann, West Duluth Woman, Meets Death at Hibbing.

Explosion of Gasoline Stove the Cause—Dies Within an Hour.

Miss Mary Kormann, 26 years of age, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Kormann, who reside in West Duluth on Grand avenue, near the intersection of Fifty-fifth avenue west, was burned to death at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon at Hibbing by the explosion of a gasoline stove. She died an hour after the accident.

Particulars of the sad affair are very meager. Miss Kormann was employed as cook in a hotel in the range town. As she lit the gasoline stove yesterday afternoon there was an explosion and in an instant she was enveloped in flames. When the fire was finally extinguished she was past all medical aid, and about 6 o'clock the young woman died. Her parents in West Duluth were at once notified of the accident. Mr. Kormann left for Hibbing today. It has not yet been decided whether the body will be brought to Duluth for interment. The deceased had three younger sisters.

OPPOSED TO AMENDMENT.

J. J. Frey, the West Duluth real estate man, wishes to be put on record as being most emphatically against the proposed amendment to the city charter, relative to street improvements.

"I am very strongly against the charter amendment," said Mr. Frey this morning. "I believe those who pay for the improvements should have a voice as to whether they should be made. The matter should be decided by them by petition, as is the present custom. The method proposed is unreasonable in the extreme. The council should carry the matter no farther. It gives the aldermen altogether too much power. I am not saying that the present council would exercise this power to an undue extent, but there will be a good many more elections held in the city of Duluth, and there is no telling what might be future developments if the amendment is adopted."

IN DESTITUTE CONDITION.

Mrs. Bert Peterson, residing with her four children at 3613 Coates avenue, was yesterday obliged to apepal to the superintendent of poor for aid. Ill and grieving over the death of her husband, who died at the Red Cross hospital last week, after being sick for several months, Mrs. Peterson presented a pitiful appearance. Peterson was buried at the county's expense, and his wife and children were left destitute. The children range from one to nine years of age. The family is in debt for house rent and groceries. Temporary relief has been afforded and the county will probably assist the family permanently.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Charles Peterson, an old resident of West Duluth, slipped on the sidewalk in front of the Split Rock saloon, on Cetral avenue, last night, late in the evening, and sustained a severe fracture of the leg. He was taken to the Red Cross hospital, where it is reported that he is resting easily today.

Miss Georgia Kull, of Motley, Minn., is visiting with relatives and friends in West Duluth.

Mrs. Lillian Hanson returned to her home at Sauk Rapids, Minn., last night after having been a guest at the Merrill home in Oneota for several days.

At the regular meeting of the West Duluth Republican club Saturday evening, William E. Culkin, register at the Duluth United States land office, will deliver an address on state and national issues in the fall campaign. Mr. Culkin is quite popular with members of the club, before whom he has appeared several itmes in the past. The local club will be quite active in campaign matters this year.

A two-story frame dwelling at the corner of Fifty-eighth avenue west and St. Anthony street, occupied by the families of Harry Tredow and John Burr, was damaged by fire about 9 o'clock last night to the extent of $200. The blaze originated from a defective flue.

M. J. Filiatrault is today exhibiting a freak of nature in the shape of a one-eyed wall-eyed pike, which was caught at Fond du Lac yesterday by Postmaster Hollenbeck. The fish weighed nearly two pounds. Where the righteye should be there is a solid wall of flesh.

Misses Annie and Agnes Enright of Biwabik are visiting with friends and relatives in West Duluth.

Charles Wright, Sixty-third avenue west, left for St. Paul today. At St. Paul he will board a river boat and go down the Mississippi to St. Louis, where he will attend the World's Fair.

Members of the Epworth league of the Oneota M. E. church held a well attended ice cream social in the church parlors Tuesday evening. A musical and literary program was rendered.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Rudolph Seagers, 304 South Sixty-first avenue west.

Because of the grocers' picnic at Lincoln park this afternoon all the West Duluth grocery stores and butcher shops closed at 11 o'clock this morning, to remain closed through the rest of the day.

Instead of holding their regular meeting last evening members of the Dozen club made up a launch party on the river, as guests of Mrs. T. H. Smoyer of Oneota. On their return lunch was served at the Smoyer home.

F. H. Hanrahan left for Portland, Oregon, last night. He has accepted the position of assistant manager for a lumber concern in the western city.

Pearson's liniment for rheumatism. Nygren's.

Steamer Mary Mann to Zenith Park, Sunday. Round trip 10c.

Patterson, undertaker. 'Phone 3070.

Never Before the Court.

The statement in the morning paper that the proprietors of the slot machines which were ordered destroyed by Judge Windom would be allowed to go with a reprimand, was erroneous.

The owners of the slot machines have never been arraigned before the court. The machines were simply confiscated in a raid made by the three detectives, and the case in court was brought by the assistant city attorney to gain permission to destroy the machines. The proprietors have not been brought before Judge Windom and were therefore never reprimanded or released by him.

Dr. Bailey Replies.

To the Editor of The Herald:

I am very sorry that my answer to your query of last week did not prove of a satisfoctory nature to you. But I will endeavor in this to more fully explain said query, but before doing so I wish to state that while I read up the decisions of recognized authorities, I do not allow some other man's dictum to be my sole guide, etc. I do my own thinking and my thought takes form in action, hence my written statements. The whole secret of successful treatment of disease lies in knowing the primary causation of such disease.

There is but one standard of health—good health. The health of the adult depends upon his or her habits of living and thinking, and after carefully studying the perfectly healthy adult we shall understand the standard to which all who are afflicted with disease in any form must flock to if they desire good health. Disease in any part of the body is the result of defective circulation, at least in the part that is affected. The body is made up of millions of cells, which draw their nourishment from the general blood supply. When this supply falls below the normal quantity and if the quality is impure, ill health or disease of these cells follows, and not until the circulation again becomes normal does health return.

Perfect nutrition means perfect health. This is true pertaining to every human being on this globe of ours. To the same degree in which any living being is deprived of this nutrition does poor health ensue.

Three things are required by every living thing (infants included)—air, water and food. These three are termed life esentials. As soon as we are deprived of these three essentials, deterioration, or ill health is the result, and as long as we are thus deprived so our ill health will continue. So much for the brief description of the physical causation of disease. Now, what has thought (or thinking) to do with this? We have seen that certain chemical changes takes place as the result of such physical actions. All actions—right or wrong—are preceded with more or less thought (I think of writing this letter; my thoughts take form in action, and the result is the letter). The thoughts are primarily psychical. Scientific investigations have proven that excessive indulgence in various emotions results in chemical changes in the body. Ralph Waldo Trine says: "Science is also finding . . . experience that each particular kind of thought . . . has its own particular effects or influences and these it is classifying with scientific accuracy." Oh, yes, the most thorough and impartial investigations prove that thoughts are the veritable organizers of all physical conditions. Yea, all movements of the physical organism, all changes in our physical conditions are manifestations of mind.

It can be stated as a truth that all disease has its true physical origin in perverted function. Take any disease you wish, trace it back stage after stage and you must admit that perverted function leads into loss of nutrition through the accumulation of impurities in the system, especially the blood, through imperfect and deficient oxidation. It all goes to prove that disease has a psychical origin previous to the physical. As before stated, if the mother thinks right thoughts she will herself have right habits of living, that is, she will let her thoughts take form in action, and will observe the "life essentials," consequently will measure to the standard of perfect health and if nursing her infant child will impart life and health to it, by supplying it with the proper nourishment it requires, and if unable to nurse it herself she will look after its interests so as to insure its receiving the proper amount and quality of the next best. As long as she observes the "life essentials" (pure air, pure water and pure food) and gives it to her offspring, she will be healthy and her child will also, but as soon as she neglects these life essentials and neglects to give the same to her child they are both open to the inroads of disease. The only sure way to obtain convincing evidence is to follow the results of treatment along these lines. Trusting this will prove more explanatory and satisfactory, I am, dear sir, yours for the health of the people.

N. J. B. BAILEY, Ps. D.
Eveleth, Minn., July 28.

Speaking of Quality



Just Open a Bottle of
BLATZ
WIENER
BEER
MILWAUKEE.
There's where the quality argument comes in—it's in every bottle or keg that bears the Wiener label. Order Wiener for the sake of your health—and the health of your family. Every bottle sterilized.
Blatz Malt-Vivine
(Non-Intox.) Tonic
Val Blatz Brew. Co.
Milwaukee.
Duluth Branch, Lake Ave. S. and Railroad St. Phone 62.

BABY'S VOICE

Is the joy of the household, for without it no happiness can be complete. How sweet the picture of mother and babe, angels smile at and commend the thoughts and aspirations of the mother bending over the cradle. The ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so full of danger and suffering that she looks forward to the hour when she shall feel the exquisite thrill of motherhood with indescribable dread and fear. Every woman should know that the danger, pain and horror of child-birth can be entirely avoided by the use of Mother's Friend, a scientific liniment for external use only, which toughens and renders pliable all the parts, and assists nature in its sublime work. By its aid thousands of women have passed this great crisis in perfect safety and without pain. Sold at $1.00 per bottle by druggists. Our book of priceless value to all women sent free. Address BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

ROMANCE OF BONNIE LAMAR

And George Dunsmore, a Scion of an English Nobleman.

Dillon, Mont., July 28.—Bonnie Lamar, known as one of the most beautiful members of the demimonde of the west, has arrived here accompanied by her 12-year-old son Francis, whom she has been seeking for eight years. The boy was kidnaped from her, the woman declares, while her husband, George Dunsmore, a scion of England's nobility, was compelled by his aristocratic parents to wage war against his beautiful wife in the divorce courts of Colorado.

Eight years ago Mrs. Bonnie Lamar was one of the best known women in Colorado. The attention of the public was drawn to her by her arrest in Denver on a charge of mistreating her 4-year-old son. Later steps were taken to take the boy from her by the Colorado humane society. After a long-drawn-out trial the court decreed that the boy be sent to the Colorado state home for dependent children. The mother became frantic with grief and did everything in her power to regain possession of her child, but without avail.

Shortly after the father of the boy died in Cripple Creek. About a year ago the grandfather of the boy, who was a peer of England, died and left a vast estate to his heirs. New York attorneys began a quest for young Francis Lamar, the son of Bonnie.

Upon investigation it was discovered that the boy was never delivered to the superintendent of the Colorado institution to which he was sent, but instead was turned over to a mysterious young woman and her mother, who took the child with them to an eastern city.

After a diligent search by some of the best detectives of the country, which lasted a year, the boy was located some three weeks ago in the vicinity of Joplin, Mo., on a farm. Mrs. Lamar then secured the services of E. A. Wagner, a Denver lawyer, and habeas corpus proceedings were begun in the Missouri courts and after a short legal battle the mother was given the custody of her long-lost boy.

Positive proof of the identity of the boy has been furnished the New York representatives of the English estate, and they have notified the mother and child to appear in England, when the lad will have a proper guardian appointed to look after his interests.

Mrs. Lamar will remain in Montana the next two months with her son, after which they will go to New York and sail for England in October.

SAFEGUARD THE CHILDREN.

Notwithstanding all that is done by boards of health and charitably inclined persons, the death rate among small children is very high during the hot weather of the summer months in the large cities. There is not probably one case of bowel complaint in a hundred, however, that could not be cured by the timely use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Mr. Frank Riggs, of Franklinville, N. Y., in speaking of this remedy, said: "I have found it expedient to have a supply of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy on hand. It has been a family safeguard, and while especially beneficial to children, it is equally good in adult cases. I recommend it cheerfully and without reservation." For sale by all druggists.

CHOPPED UP HIS ARM.

Insane Woodsman Turns His Ax on Himself.

Ladysmith, Wis., July 28.—A man working for Peter Flora, two miles south of Ladysmith, became insane while chopping in the woods and proceeded to hack his left arm and hand. He cut off several fingers and then slashed his forearm about the wrist, cutting all but the tendons and arteries. He then went to the house, took his rifle to the chamber and denied admittance to the Flora family. The marshal went out and brought him to town. The man is a heavy drinker and was under the influence of alcohol when he committed the act.

Dandruff What is it? The beginning of gray hair, falling hair, baldness. Extremely untidy, and annoying, too. The remedy? Ayer's Hair Vigor. It keeps the scalp healthy, stops falling of the hair. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

VALUATIONS OF MINES ARE FIXED

Total of All Mines In County Fixed at $42,079,189.

Increase of About Twelve Millions Over Two Years Ago.

The valuation of the mines in St. Louis county was equalized and fixed this morning, by the county board of equalization at $42,079,189, an increase of about $12,000,000 over the valuation returned two years ago and $22,000,000 increase over the valuation submitted by the mine representatives.

The increased valuation fixed by the board includes a raise on the valuation of the old properties, and the valuations of the new mines.

The increase was made horizontally on the relative valuations of the mines as adjusted by the independent operators and the corporation mining interests after a several days' conference at which it is claimed all were represented. A committee representing the mining interests and meeting with the board of equalization this morning was comprised of T. F. Cole, chairman; D. M. Philbin, Joseph Sellwood, Amos Shepard and C. H. Munger.

Before the resolution was passed equalizing and fixing the valuations, several of the members addressed the board briefly. Mr. Cole said:

"We believe you all realize the conditions of the iron mining business in St. Louis county this year. There is little money in the iron ore mining business this season. We are sending out from the Mesaba and Vermilion ranges only the choicest grades of ore, some at the smallest profit and some at no profit at all.

"Two years ago the mines were more prosperous. Prices were good and we agreed to a raise even when the board raised the valuations to $31,000,000, which we thought was too much.

"The value of iron ore this season has decreased about 33 1-3 per cent, so the mines have been assessed close to $20,000,000, the relative valuations agreeing nearly to the assessor's returns. Of course there are some new mines, but not all are going to be productive right away.

"The increase we felt should bring the valuation up to what it was a year ago."

Captain Sellwood said that in his opinion the ore production on the Mesaba range would not be over 8,000,000 tons this year, probably less and Mr. Cole thought an estimated production of 2,000,000 for the Vermilion range is a little too high.

The mining men said that some of the mines might be worked out in another year and they wished it understood that in such case the board would be asked to reduce valuations next year.

The relative valuations as returned by the mine owners and the increased valuation as fixed by the board of equalization, including the real and personal property are as follows:

Name of Mine.	Owner's Valuation.	Board's Valuation.
MESABA RANGE.		
Adams	$1,440,000	$2,894,400
Aetna	200,000	993,000
Agnew	257,250	258,875
Albany	150,000	301,500
Bessemer	75,000	150,750
Biwabik	750,000	1,507,500
Burt	1,350,000	2,713,500
Chisholm	216,750	429,837
Clark	225,000	452,250
Corsica	75,000	150,750
Cyprus	150,000	301,500
Daly	150,000	301,500
Duluth	225,000	452,250
Elba	225,000	452,250
Fayal	1,500,000	3,015,000
Franklin	50,000	100,500
Frantz	60,000	120,600
Genoa	375,000	753,750
Glen	330,000	663,300
Grant	60,000	120,600
Hull	150,000	301,500
Higgins No. 2	150,000	301,500
Iroquois	75,000	150,750
Jordan	112,500	226,125
Kinney (Republic)	90,000	180,900
La Belle	60,000	120,600
Laura	50,000	100,500
Leetonia	150,000	301,500
Leonard	75,000	150,750
Lincoln	450,000	904,500
Long Jack	45,000	90,450
McEwen	150,000	301,500
Mahoning	1,050,000	2,110,500
Malta	75,000	150,750
Minerva	150,000	301,500
Morris	300,000	602,000
Morrow	45,000	90,450
Mt. Iron and Rathbun	1,350,000	2,713,500
Ohio	75,000	150,750
Oliver	75,000	150,750
Pettit	75,000	150,750
Pillsbury	112,500	226,125
Pool	150,000	301,500
Rust	188,000	377,880
St. Clair	55,000	110,550
Shenango	75,000	150,750
Sparta	50,000	100,500
Stevens	150,000	301,500
Stevenson	1,350,000	2,713,500
Union	45,000	90,450
Utica	187,500	376,875
Vega and Spruce	900,000	1,809,000
Yates	37,500	75,375
Sellers	270,000	542,700
NON-SHIPPING PROPERTIES.		
D. T. Adams	6,600	13,266
J. B. Adams	27,500	55,275
Agnew, No. 2	15,000	30,150
Agnew, No. 3	5,065	10,057
Alpena	50,000	100,500
Alworth	45,000	90,450
Alworth Land	1,000	2,216
Auburn	50,000	100,500
Bender	7,500	15,075
Burt Land 1	25,000	50,250
Burt Land 2	40,000	80,400
Burt Land 3	5,000	10,050
Canton	50,000	100,500
Carson Lake (state)	6,600	13,266
Cass	6,600	13,266
Chemung Iron Co., Howard mine	50,000	100,500
Chisholm 2	3,000	6,030
Chisholm 3	1,000	2,010
A. B. Coates	3,000	6,020
Columbia	40,000	80,400
Commodore	75,000	15,750
Crescent	5,000	10,050
Crexton	30,000	60,300
Culver	40,000	80,400
d'Autremont	38,000	76,380
Donora (Little Mesaba)	50,000	100,500
D. & I. R. Land	5,000	10,050
Elba Iron Co.	6,600	13,266
Enterprise	15,000	31,150
Flinn and Pearce	6,600	13,266
Forster	40,000	80,400
Gilbert	7,500	15,075
Great Western	35,000	70,250
Gross property	15,000	30,150
G. G. Hartley	6,600	13,266
Hederly	1,000	2,010
Hibbing Townsite	15,000	30,150
Higgins No. 1	25,000	50,250
L. W. Hill (state)	6,600	13,266
Holland	20,000	40,200
Humphrey	45,000	90,450
Humphrey 2	2,000	4,020
Iron Chief	56,000	112,560
Jeffrey	12,000	24,120
Kinney et al	6,600	13,266
Kosmerl-Mueller	25,000	50,250
Lamberton et al	10,000	20,100
Leonidas	25,000	50,250
Longyear	40,000	80,400
Longyear and Bennett	25,000	50,250
Longyear et al, No. 1	5,000	10,050
Longyear, et al, No. 2	10,000	20,100
Longyear and Hartley	3,000	6,030
Longyear, Mes. Land I. Co., No. 1	7,000	14,070
Longyear, Mes. Land I. Co., No. 2	10,000	20,100
McKinley	65,000	130,650
Mahoning, No. 4	25,000	50,250
Mahoning, No. 5	25,000	50,250
Maitland (state)	10,000	20,100
Mallman	3,300	6,633
Mesabi Cent. L. & Exp. Co.	1,000	2,010
A. M. Miller	6,600	13,266
Miller mine	10,000	20,100
Minnesota Iron Co.	6,600	13,266
Minnewas	25,000	50,250
Monroe	65,000	130,650
Moose	75,000	150,750
Nassau	9,900	19,899
Niles	45,000	90,450
Norman	50,000	100,500
North Cincinnati	6,600	13,266
N. W. Improv. Co.	40,000	80,400
N. W. Imp. Co. 2	40,000	80,400
N. W. Imp. Co. 3	20,000	40,200
Oliver Iron Mining Co. 1	5,000	10,050
Oliver Iron Mining Co. 2	10,000	20,100
Onondago Min. Co.	6,600	13,266
Pearce	10,000	20,100
Penobscot	80,000	160,800
Pilsbury Land	1,000	2,100
Ronchleau	150,000	301,500
St. Anthony	5,000	10,050
G. A. St. Clair	10,000	20,100
Sauntry	70,000	140,700
Sauntry-Clark	3,000	6,030
Schupp	3,000	6,030
Scranton (Elizabeth)	40,000	80,400
Sharon	80,000	160,800
Shaw	50,000	100,500
Sheridan	70,000	140,700
C. A. Smith (state)	6,600	13,265
Snively	25,000	50,250
South Agnew	25,000	50,250
Susquehanna	40,000	80,400
Sweeney	50,000	100,500
Tenner	17,000	34,170
Tesora	10,000	20,100
Trey	25,000	50,250
Victoria	20,000	40,200
Wabigon	3,300	6,633
Wacootah	12,000	24,120
Wallace-Moon	6,600	13,265
Wanless, Jas. (state)	6,600	13,266
Webb	40,000	80,400
Weed	1,500	3,015
West Mesaba Land Co. No. 1	8,000	16,080
Western Mesaba Land Co. No. 2	3,000	6,030
Whiteside	15,000	30,150
Whiteside & Pattison.	5,000	10,050
Wills	10,000	20,100
Winnifred	10,000	20,100
Palmer	5,000	10,050
Rust Land 1	10,000	20,100
Rust Land 2	6,600	13,266
Chemung Land	6,600	13,266
Congdon	8,600	16,080
D. & I. R. Lands	6,600	13,265
Vivian	4,000	8,040
VERMILION RANGE.		
Chandler	600,000	1,206,000
Pioneer	840,000	1,688,400
Savoy	99,000	198,990
Sibley	198,000	397,980
Soudan	150,000	301,500
Zenith	141,000	283,410
Totals	$20,904,150	$42,079,189

UNION MEN BACK TO WORK

Chicago, July 28. — This afternoon 133 men, all members of the union, deserted the meat strikers and returned to work at Armour's plant. Twenty-eight of this number are canvassers. The others are skilled butchers who were formerly employed in the cattle, hog and sheep departments. Every man was put at work at once. "We have got the strike won right now," declared Superintendent Conway of Armour & Co., this afternoon.

Promise of further spread of the strike was forthcoming this afternoon when a delegation of switchmen employed at the stockyards waited upon President Donnelly and appealed to him to request their officers to call a sympathetic strike. The delegation explained that their officers urged them to keep out of the strike, but that they would walk out at any time rather than switheh cars loaded by "strike breakers." Donnelly indicated that he would decide later upon what action he would take.

HIS FINAL SERMON.

Dr. Long to Speak For Last Time Sunday.

Rev. S. P. Long will make his farewell address to the congregation of the First Methodist Episcopal church next Sunday night. There will be special services, and after the address Mrs. Long and the doctor will meet any of the congregation who may wish to speak to them. They leave on the Omaha train Monday evening for the family farm in Erie county, Pennsylvania, where the doctor will make an extended stay for building up his health. He does not expect to resume his pastoral duties in Duluth, but will probably take up work again in the East, when he feels able, although his plans are not definite on this point.

WEARS NIGHTIE ALL DAY.

New Jersey Reformer Shocks Gentle Country Folk.

Paterson, N. J., July 28.—Joseph Solomonson, former Belgian consul to the island of Java, an expert linguist and a fine musician, is again startling the people of Butler by his wearing apparel. He appears on the streets day and night with no covering but a nightshirt of coarse duck. Persons with nerves, having an eye to what a gust of wind might do, objected strenuously to Solomonson appearing at the postoffice and in other public places attired in dreamland apparel and had him haled before Justice John Roberts.

Solomonson refused point blank to change his style of dress. He made one concession, however. The shirt of duck has been open in front. Justice Roberts said that it would have to be secured by buttons, but finally compromised with Solomonson on hooks and eyes. But at Yungbern, his home he wears his open shirt regardless.

Solomonson is 55 years old, but he looks not more than 30. He has not eaten salt or flesh in four years and he has not drunk water or other beverage in that time. He styles himself "Meva" and tasted his first bit of experience as a naturopath in the mountains of Switzerland, where he lived before coming to this country. Solomonson sleeps out of doors except when it rains. Half an hour before rising he lies on his stomach for the purpose of letting the magnetism of the earth pass through his vitals. For breakfast he eats a cucumber. At luncheon a carrot, turnip, raw potato or nuts suffice, and at supper fruits are his fare.

FOR FIFTY YEARS

For fifty years doctors have prescribed Father John's Medicine because it is not a patent medicine and because it is pure and wholesome. Cures colds, prevents pneumonia, and consumption. Builds up the body and restores those who are run down to health and strength. Free from nerve deadening drugs or weakening stimulants. It is guaranteed. Father John's Medicine is for sale by all druggists; the L. W. Leithhead Drug Co., wholesale distributors.

THE G. A. R. RATE

Chance For Further Cut In the Fare to Boston.

Harvesters Ticket Will Be Sold Only From City Offices.

Maybe the Grand Army rate to Boston has not lowered itself to the last notch after all, for the condition of things at Chicago has a decided bearing on the rates out of this section, as well as the independent position of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, and the eastbound rate out of Chicago seems to have received another jolt. At first the rate was supposed to be a cent a mile from that city to The Hub and return, until the Michigan Central, one of the three short lines, announced that it would make as low a fare as any of the longer lines, which are usually granted lower tariffs by rules of the Central Passenger association. It was thought by all the short lines adopting this policy that the strife would end, but it is now said that one of the long lines will insist on a differential by agreement, and if it cannot get one by agreement, will make one arbitrarily.

The Great Northern here has announced its rates as $25.75 to $29.75, according to any one of four routes, which are as follows: Direct via Chicago and Montreal, New York and rail, New York and boat, and Portland and boat.

There is a veiled impression among some of the local passenger men that the South Shore people will make a better price before the next ten days have elapsed. Local rates have been delayed in making by the condition of affairs prevailing from Chicago east.

It appears now that there will be rival trains out of the Twin Cities. Harrison White, department commander of Minnesota, some time since gave notice that the official train would go from the Twin Cities at 9 a. m., August 13, over the Northwestern route, running to Boston without change, and that Orton S. Clark, assistant adjutant general, was in charge of space. Since that the Minneapolis & St. Louis has announced that it will start a special train August 12, at 6:30 p. m., and says that "all who desire to travel with the department commander's escort should apply to Past Department Commander E. W. Mortimer, or Commander I. E. Carpenter" in the bank of Minneapolis.

There may be no intention to mislead in the above statement, but the fact that Mr. Carpenter is referred to as "commander" tends to indicate that a number of people might get the impression that he is the head of the Minnesota G. A. R., while as a matter of fact Mr. White and Mr. Carpenter cannot well both hold the position. The M. & St. L. people, too, refer to the department commander's escort, which, it might be judged, will be too big to go with the official train over the Northwestern.

It is very noticeable that the M. & St. L. train is timed to start the day before the Northwestern train, and judging from the apparent rivalry, a large business from Minnesota is being looked for. With two trains run as specials from the Twin Cities and the South Shore running special sleepers out of Duluth to go through to Boston on one of the selling dates, considerable revenue must come in to justify these arrangements.

Railroad men take a great deal of interest in the Grand Army railroad rate every year, as nearly every season it has been productive of what is equivalent to a rate war. It is very seldom that this rate, when first established, holds through the intended time, as the Grand Army is accustomed to a rate of a cent a mile or better, and it usually gets "better" as the date of the encampment approaches, as it has done this year.

Railroad men say that in the long run, year in and year out, the Grand Army get the lowest trans-continental rates ever made. This is but natural considering the honors that the old heroes bear, and the strong influence at command in their behalf.

Strong bids are being made by the Vanderbilt lines this season to take business from this part of the country east from Chicago. The Lake Shore & Michigan Southern was the first of these lines to ask for business through the advertising columns of The Herald, and has been so aggressive the present season as to establish offices in the Twin Cities and Milwaukee, making a chain of six western offices to reach out from for passenger business. This is the only one of the big trunk lines that has been able to maintain a 20 hour service between Chicago and New York.

FROM CITY OFFICES.

Harvesters' Tickets Must Be Purchased There.

Harvesters' tickets are not to be sold from the union station in this city, but must be obtained from the city ticket offices. The reason for this cannot be learned further than the statement by some of the railroad men that the detail work involved makes sales difficult to handle by the depot force, which is constantly engaged in selling to all points over all roads, and in all directions. The class of men who apply for harvesters' tickets are generally difficult to handle owing to the details which have to be impressed on them, and they take up considerable time of the ticket sellers.

Will Keep Them Away.

One reason the local lines will do very little with the cheap excursion business to the head of the lakes during the coming month is that they fear the low rates will bring here many men who would be good material for farm hands. Landing them in the cities slackens their tendency for farm work and also cuts down the revenue of the railroads, who get more out of a harvest hand's railroad fare than on a $2 or $3 excursion to this city.

GO AFTER WOOL.

Railroad Agents Go After Business In Montana.

L. E. Ayer, assistant contracting agent of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, returned this morning from Montana, where he went to get into the wool of that state, literally, as he was after freight business and incidentally secured some wool for transportation.

Every year the eastbound freight lines send their representatives into the Western sheep raising states to get a share of the enormous tonnage of wool that is sent to the Eastern mills after shearing. This year has been no exception to the rule, and the railroad agents by the dozens gathered in Montana to buttonhole the wool buyers, who had a rendezvous there at the same time, in the endeavor to secure the traffic for their lines.

Mr. Ayer would not give any information of business done on his trip, but said that the 30,000,000 pounds of wool sheared this season was unusually low for the state. The severe winter was too much for many of the sheep, who were not hardy enough to withstand the rigors of the cold season and died in numbers. As a rule they are herded in flocks of many thousands, with only one man and a dog or two to attend a flock, save in a case of a storm, when a larger guard is required to round them up. Mr. Ayer brought back with him a sample of the finest wool cut in the state this season.

Railroad Notes.

At the purchasing agent's office of the Duluth & Iron Range there was received this morning a picture of a unique table exhibited at the Louisiana Purchase exposition in St. Louis. The surface of the table consists of 3500 pieces of tubing manufactured by the Shelby Steel Co., of Chicago.

E. H. Anthony, agent of the Wisconsin Central, is on a trip to Winnipeg and other western points.

G. E. Heustis, general western agent of the New York, New Haven & Hartford, is here today from Chicago.

F. C. Gifford, commercial agent of the Omaha at Minneapolis, is here today.

August 17, is the date set by the builders of the Great Northern steamship company's new vessel, the Minnesota, which was launched in April of last year, to turn the vessel over to the owners. The boat, which was built near New London, Conn., will be taken around the Horn for the Oriental business from Seattle.

Thomas E. Blanche, general agent of the Northern Pacific, returned today from a stay of nearly two weeks with his family at his old home in Buffalo. Mr. Blanche has been made joint agent of all lines for validation of any excursion tickets needing validation at this point.

GROCERS ARE HAVING FUN

Annual Picnic at Lincoln Park With Games and Amusements.

This is the day of the grocers' annual picnic. It is being held at Lincoln park, and large crowds are in attendance. The weather is of the special made-to-order variety, and the grocers, the grocers' families and the grocers' friends are all having a good time. The full measure of enjoyment is being derived by everybody taking advantage of the half holiday.

Most of the grocery stores, likewise the butcher shops, closed their doors to the public at 11 o'clock this morning, though a few, it is understood, remained open until noon. The butchers and their friends are also at the picnic, getting their share of the fun.

No trouble nor expense has been spared to make today's event a complete success in every way. It is said the affair surpasses any like event ever attempted in the past by either Duluth or Superior. An elaborate program of sporting events is this afternoon being gone through with at the park, and besides there is dancing, to continue through the evening, at the pavilion. A fine musical program is also being rendered.

In all there are fourteen athletic events on the program. The first is a base ball game between the wholesalers and retailers, with 100 cigars as a prize to the winners and 100 stogies to the losers. Suitable prizes are offered to winners in all the events. After the game came foot races, young ladies' and girls' races, ball throwing and jumping contests, a tug-of-war, etc.

DRUNKEN BRIDEGROOM.

Judge Middlecoff Refuses to Perform Ceremony.

With the bridegroom too intoxicated to intelligently answer the questions that were asked, a colored couple appeared before Probate Judge Middlecoff, yesterday afternoon to be married.

The bride carried the marriage license and between spells, when her jaws were not working overtime on a piece of gum, she informed the court what was desired.

Judge Middlecoff sized up the groom and decided that it was an instance when the court should exercise its discretion and refused to perform the ceremony until the groom should have sobered up enough to give an intelligent answer to the usual questions asked by the person officiating.

The couple expressed no regret and left the courthouse, the bride promising that they would be back in a few days, when "her man," should be in the proper condition to realize the solemnity of the vows he is about to take. She paid for the license.

Gets Hard Roasting.

"You are one of those boys who would like to be tough, but haven't enough strength of character to develop into a real first-class rowdy," said Judge Windom in the municipal court this afternoon, to Edward Dunning, a young man of about 20 years of age, who was arrested for disorderly conduct.

Dunning was accused of acting in a disorderly manner in Cook's restaurant, using vile language and threatening to shoot Mr. Haley, the cashier, because he wouldn't allow him to go to the kitchen for a piece of raw beefsteak to treat a swollen eye.

Dunning was given $30 or thirty days in jail.

To relieve half the woes
Of women.
To cure half the diseases
Of men;

To sustain
The system.

Resist the inroads
Of disease.
And quickly strengthen
The digestive organs;

To make
Mankind

Clear of Head,
Light of Heart,
And able to grasp
The butterfly Success,

Take the world renowned tonic-laxative—Beecham's Pills.

STARTLING NEWS

Expected at Any Moment From Forces at the Front.

United States Likely to Make Protest Against Ship Seizure.

St. Petersburg, July 28.—A telegram received from Gen. Kuropatkin today announced that the position at the front had not changed. It is generally believed here that startling developments are imminent. All the war correspondents have been ordered to Harbin.

The United States is preparing to take a strong position for the protection of neutral ships carrying American cargoes. This is indicated by the fact that the United States yesterday made an official inquiry of Russia regarding the British steamer Ardova, seized by the volunteer fleet vessel Smolensk in the Red sea, which had American government stores on board. The Ardova had already been released when the inquiry was made. Today the foreign office received a communication from the United States asking whether the Arabia, a German ship chartered by an American company, had been released, and adding that according to information in the possession of the United States government, the Arabia's cargo of flour, etc., was bound for Hong Kong.

While the communication did not take the form of a protest, it is believed that unless the Arabia is released a formal protest will be lodged. The government could only reply that if completely without information, the Arabia not yet having arrived at Vladivostok where it was reported she had been sent in charge of a prize crew. Nothing has been done in the matter of the Knight Commander. American interests on this steamer have been confided to Great Britain whose flag she flew.

Russia has not yet replied to the United States' offer to join Great Britain in the protection of the seals at the Kommander islands.

THE LUCKY ONES

Short List of Those Who Have Drawn Rosebud Lands.

Majority of Them Hail From West and Northwest.

Chamberlain, S. D., July 28.—In the Rosebud land drawing today the following names were drawn:

No. 1, William McCormick, Lancaster county, Pa.; 2, Talus Rugge, Lea, S. D.; 3, H. Wesley Brown, Dakota City, Neb.; 4, Miltness Dotson, Sprague, Neb.; 5, Louis Joubart, Forest, Ill.; 6, Thomas Parkinson, Knoxville, Ia.; 7, Lee Brewer, Grofton, Neb.; 8, Frank J. Beebe, Platte, D. S.; 9, Henry J. Richert, Parker, S. D.; 10, George E. Flitcher, St. Louis, Mo.; 11, Edward J. Walker, Willow Lake, S. D.; 12, Jesse C. Morgan, Gravity, Ia.; 13, Lucius C. Noakes, Lake City, Ia.; 14, Huber B. Smith, Omaha, Neb.; 15, Grant Hicks, Sioux Falls, S. D.; 16, George W. Dye, Macedonia, Ia.; 17, Andrew J. Holmberg, Rockford, Ill.; 18, Martin Clemenson, Valley Springs, S. D.; 19, Joseph T. Whitman, Council Bluffs, Ia.; 20, George W. Wainwright, Lawton, Okla.; 21, August Blanke, Britton, S. D.; 22, Alexander Chapman, Harrison county, Ia.; 23, Bryan Adker, Lynn, Minn.; 24, Anna M. Adden, Denisville, Kan.; 25, Milton R. Bash, Sioux City, Ia.; 26, Anna Botsford, Tilden, Neb.; 27, Frank Dyke, Tyndall, S. D.; 28, Albert R. Kacke, Hilger, Neb.; 29, Ole M. Olson, Cumberland, Ia.; 30, James Galvin, Leavenworth, Kan.; 31, Martin T. Buck, Unionville, Mo.; 32, James Farley, Crestion, Ia.; 33, Julia Crutler, Patterson, Ia.; 34, Andrew J. Mefford, Woodbine, Iowa; 35, Anna Wurtz, Yankton, S. D.; 36; William A. Braden, Tralnor, Iowa; 37, Irwin W. Pape, Berlin, Neb.; 38, Sanford Bolls, St. James, Neb.; 39, Joseph H. Ford, Lookout, Wyo.; 40, Arthur M. Hough, Wetmore, Kas.; 41, Theo. G. Johnson, Kansas City, Mo.; 42, Charles Werner, Bowles, Iowa; 43, John Jackson, Vermilion, S. D.; 44, John Peterson, Spencer, Neb.; 45, J. B. Perrine, Wisner, Neb.; 46, Allen E. Blowitt, Flandreau, S. D.; 47, Lester A. Callan, Omaha, Neb.; 48, James C. Jenkins, Council Bluffs, Iowa; 49, Edward A. Miller, Ansley, Neb.; 50, George W. Swaller, Rome, Iowa; 51, Benjamin F. Johnson, St. Joseph, Mo.; 52, Nelson J. Pinnell, Shakely, Neb.; 53, Orris J. Caffee, Tabor, S. D.; 54, Edmond Hughes, Springfield, S. D.; 55, John G. Turrock, Lesterville, S. D.; 56, George L. Longhenri, Boone, Iowa; 57, Harry Dow Gibson, Galt, Mo.; 58, Charles W. Brady, Omaha; 59, Clarence Guldbeill, Lawrence, S. D.; 60, Francis T. Roberts, St. James, Neb.; 61, Edward Wondershek, Atkinson, Neb.; 62, John S. Wooster, Mariondale, S. D.; 63, John R. Powell, Emporia, Kas.; 64, James A. Pierson, Ponca, Neb.; 65, Julius J. Pilsener, Sioux City, Iowa; 66, William P. Burch, Belleville, Ill.; 67, John Butler, Omaha; 68, Charles S. Bingham, Sioux City; 69, Fred L. Bayless, Ida Grovex, Iowa; 70, Waldo Seidell, Hilger, Neb.; 71, Oscar Miller, Hart City, Ill.; 72, Lewis J. Horning, Winfield, Kas.; 73, William L. Pease, Lynch, Neb.; 74, Casslus E. Grole, Sioux City, Iowa; 75, Charles E. Kiplinger, Omaha.

The Herald has the circulation. Of this fact there is no doubt. Not only has it the circulation, but it has the circulation that counts. Try The Herald's want columns and get the best and quickest results.

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RAILROAD AND STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

WHITE LINE TRANSPORTATION CO.
Isle Royale Route.

Fast freight and passenger service. Steamers leave Duluth Sundays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4:00 p. m., for Two Harbors, Grand Marias, Isle Royale and Port Arthur, direct. Mondays and Thursdays at 9:30 a. m. for Port Arthur and all intermediate north shore and Isle Royale ports, Sundays and Wednesdays at 9:00 a. m. for Port Wing, Bayfield, Ashland, Ontonagon, Hancock-Houghton and all intermediate south shore ports. Sundays at 4:00 p. m. for Hancock and Houghton via Washington Harbor (Isle Royale). Freight and Ticket office, Singer's Dock, Lake avenue south.

THE GREAT NORTHERN.

Leave		Arrive
† 6:20 a.m	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	† 9:25 p.m
* 3:45 p.m		* 2:00 p.m
*11:15 p.m		* 6:10 a.m
* 8:45 a.m	Crookston, Grand Forks,	* 6:30 p.m
* 8:15 p.m	Montana and Coast,	* 7:10 a.m
† 2:20 p.m	Swan River, Hibbing, Virginia	†12:20 p.m
† 6:20 a.m	St. Cloud, Wilmar and Soo City	† 9:25 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday
Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. †Ex. Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:40 a.m	St. Paul. Minneapolis	†3:20 p.m
*4:00 p.m	Twilight Limited	*8:45 p.m
*5:30 p.m	Chicago, Milwaukee	*10:45 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Appleton	*10:45 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:45 a.m
*5:30 p.m	FAST MAIL	*10:45 a.m

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Leave		Arrive
* 4:00 p.m	Ashland and East	*11:15 a.m
† 8:00 a.m	Ashland and East	† 7:10 p.m
* 7:30 p.m	Minn. and Dakota Express	* 7:55 a.m
* 2:40 a.m	North Coast Limited	* 4:55 p.m
Leave	'Duluth Short Line."	Arrive
† 9:00 a.m	ST. PAUL	* 6:30 a.m
† 1:55 p.m	MINNEAPOLIS	† 2:10 p.m
*11:10 p.m		* 7:00 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.
City Ticket Office, 432 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 41
All trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

*6:20p.m. Lv.	North Country Mail. All Points East.	Ar. *8:55a.m
†7:45a.m. Lv.	LOCAL. Marquette and Copper Country.	Ar. †9:35 p.m

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY

P. M.	A. M.	STATIONS	A. M.	P. M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar	10:30	3:40
4:05	7:55	Lv. 57th Av. W. Lv	10:15	3:25
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Ar. Ir'n J'nct'n Lv	8:01	1:13
----	10:40	Ar. M't'n. Iron. Lv	----	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar. Virginia Lv	6:55	12:50
6:38	10:29	Ar. Eveleth Lv	7:42	12:57
----	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv	----	12:34
----	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv	----	12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar. Hibbing Lv	7:15	12:27

Daily except Sunday.
Morning train from Duluth makes direct connection at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry. for Ashawa and points north of Virginia.

Duluth & Iron Range RR

A. M.	P. M.	STATIONS	M.	P. M
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar	12:00	7:25
11:25	7:05	Ar. Virginia Lv	8:10	3:30
11:30	7:10	Ar. Eveleth Lv	8:00	3:30
11:55	7:45	Ar. Ely Lv	7:33	3:00
A. M.	P. M.	Daily, except Sundays.	A. M.	P. M

EVERETT HOUSE, Union Square, New York.

Thoroughly equipped and in complete order; location most central and convenient to all places of interest.
EUROPEAN PLAN—POPULAR PRICES
YOUR PATRONAGE IS SOLICITED.
B. L. M. BATES, Proprietor.

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Duluth's Leading Hotel.
FINEST CAFE IN THE NORTHWEST
Telephone in every room. One block from Depots and Docks. Capacity 400.
Am. Plan $2.50 up. European Plan $1 up.

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RATES—$2.00 AND $2.50.
Hotel McKay
Cor. First St. and Fifth Ave. W., Duluth.

COOK'S HOTEL
New building.
Modern in every particular.
Julius Cook, Magr. 210-212 W. Sup. St.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Aaron A. Washington and Alice Marie Webb, both of Douglas county, Wis.
Frank Tillman and Sylviea DeBrock, Ilouez Bay, Wis.

DEATHS.

LARGEST STOCK OF MONUMENTS IN the city. P. N. Peterson Granite Co., Masonic Temple bldg., 203 E. Superior St.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

As it contains no animal fats or oils, Satin Skin Cream does not cause nor promote hair growth. 25c.

FOR RENT—THREE UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping; all modern conveniences; electric light, bath and gas. Apply, Zenith Fur company.

FOR RENT—MODERN 10-ROOM HOUSE hot water heat; central on car line. 11 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE—TEAM OF ROADSTERS good travelers. Address, M. G., Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, 210 East Third street.

Louisville, Ky., & Return $23.80.

Aug. 12 to Aug. 15, "The Northwestern Line" will sell excursion tickets to Louisville, Ky., at $23.80 for the round trip. Final limit for return, Sept. 15. City ticket office, 302 West Superior street.

Articles of Incorporation —of— BRADDOCK IRON MINING COMPANY.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, That we, the undersigned, to hereby associate ourselves together and agree upon the following articles of incorporation for the purpose of forming a corporation under and by virtue of an act of the legislature of the state of Minnesota, entitled "An act to authorize the formation of corporations for mining and smelting ores, and for manufacturing iron, copper and other metals," Approved February 24th, 1876, and the several acts amendatory thereof:

FIRST.

The name of said corporation shall be Braddock Iron Mining Company.

SECOND.

The general nature of the business to be carried on by said corporation shall be the mining, smelting, reducing, refining and working of iron ores, copper and other minerals, and the manufacture of iron, steel, copper and other metals.

The place of the principal office or headquarters of said corporation shall be the city of Duluth, in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota.

THIRD.

The names and places of residence of the persons so associating to form said corporation are as follows, to-wit:

Nelson P. Hulst, Duluth, Minnesota.
Louis W. Powell, Duluth, Minnesota.
George D. Swift, Duluth, Minnesota.

FOURTH.

The amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be fifty thousand (50,000) dollars, divided into five hundred (500) shares of one hundred (100) dollars each.

In Testimony Whereof, We have hereunto set our hands and seals, in duplicate, at Duluth, Minnesota, this 18th day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and four.

NELSON P. HULST. (Seal.)
LOUIS W. POWELL. (Seal.)
GEORGE D. SWIFT. (Seal.)

Signed, sealed and delivered in presence of:
W. W. WATSON, JR.,
JOSEPH B. COTTON.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis—ss.

On this 18th day of July, A. D. 1904, at Dulu

VALUATIONS OF MINES ARE FIXED

Total of All Mines In County Fixed at $42,079,189.

Increase of About Twelve Millions Over Two Years Ago.

The valuation of the mines in St. Louis county was equalized and fixed this morning, by the county board of equalization at $42,079,189, an increase of about $12,000,000 over the valuation returned two years ago and $22,000,000 increase over the valuation submitted by the mine representatives.

The increased valuation fixed by the board includes a raise on the valuation of the old properties, and the valuations of the new mines.

The increase was made horizontally on the relative valuations of the mines as adjusted by the independent operators and the corporation mining interests after a several days' conference at which it is claimed all were represented. A committee representing the mining interests and meeting with the board of equalization this morning was comprised of T. F. Cole, chairman; D. M. Philbin, Joseph Sellwood, Amos Shepard and C. H. Munger.

Before the resolution was passed equalizing and fixing the valuations, several of the members addressed the board briefly. Mr. Cole said:

"We believe you all realize the conditions of the iron mining business in St. Louis county this year. There is little money in the iron ore mining business this season. We are sending out from the Mesaba and Vermilion ranges only the choicest grades of ore, some at the smallest profit and some at no profit at all.

"Two years ago the mines were more prosperous. Prices were good and we agreed to a raise even when the board raised the valuations to $31,000,000, which we theught was too much.

"The value of iron ore this season has decreased about 33 1-3 per cent, so the mines have been assessed close to $20,000,000, the relative valuations agreeing nearly to the assessor's returns. Of course there are some new mines, but not all are going to be productive right away.

"The increase we felt should bring the valuation up to what it was a year ago."

Captain Sellwood said that in his opinion the ore production on the Mesaba range would not be over 8,000,000 tons this year, probably less and Mr. Cole thought an estimated production of 2,000,000 for the Vermilion range is a little too high.

The mining men said that some of the mines might be worked out in another year and they wished it understood that in such case the board would be asked to reduce valuations next year.

The relative valuations as returned by the mine owners and the increased valuation as fixed by the board of equalization, including the real and personal property are as follows:

MESABA RANGE.

Name of Mine.	Owner's Valuation.	Board's Valuation.
Adams	$1,440,000	$2,894,400
Aetna	240,000	262,000
Agnew	187,500	276,875
Albany	150,000	301,500
Bessemer	75,000	150,750
Biwabik	750,000	1,507,500
Burt	1,350,000	2,713,500
Chisholm	213,750	429,637
Clark	225,000	452,250
Corsica	75,000	150,750
Cyprus	150,000	301,500
Day	150,000	301,500
Duluth	225,000	452,250
Elba	225,000	452,250
Fayal	1,500,000	3,015,000
Franklin	50,000	100,500
Frontz	60,000	120,600
Genoa	375,000	753,750
Glen	330,000	663,300
Grant	60,000	120,600
Hull	201,500	201,500
Higgins No. 2	150,000	201,500
Iroquois	75,000	150,750
Jordan	112,500	226,125
Kinney (Republic)	90,000	180,900
La Belle	120,000	120,000
Laura	50,000	100,500
Leetonia	150,000	301,500
Leonard	75,000	150,750
Lincoln	450,000	904,500
Lone Jack	45,000	90,450
McEwen	150,000	301,500
Mahoning	1,050,000	2,110,500
Malta	75,000	150,750
Minnesota	150,000	301,500
Morris	300,000	603,000
Morrow	45,000	90,450
Mt. Iron and Rathbun.	1,350,000	2,713,500
Ohio	75,000	150,750
Oliver	75,000	150,750
Pettit	75,000	150,750
Pillsbury	112,500	226,125
Pool	150,000	301,500
Rust	188,000	377,880
St. Clair	75,000	150,750
Shenango	75,000	150,750
Sparta	50,000	100,500
Stevens	150,000	301,500
Sussex	1,350,000	2,713,500
Union	45,000	90,450
Utica	187,500	376,875
Vega and Spruce	900,000	1,809,000
Yates	37,500	75,375
Sellers	270,000	542,700

NON-SHIPPING PROPERTIES.

D. T. Adams	6,600	13,266
J. B. Adams	27,500	55,275
Agnew, No. 2	15,000	30,150
Agnew, No. 3	5,000	10,050
Alpena	50,000	100,500
Alworth	45,000	90,450
Alworth Land	1,600	3,216
Auburn	50,000	100,500
Bender	7,500	15,075
Burt Land 1	25,000	50,250
Burt Land 2	40,000	80,400
Burt Land 3	5,000	10,050
Calnan	50,000	100,500
Carson Lake (state)	6,600	13,266
Cass	6,600	13,266
Chemung Iron Co., Howard mine	50,000	100,500
Chisholm 2	3,000	6,030
Chisholm 3	1,000	2,010
A. B. Coates	3,000	6,030
Columbia	40,000	80,400
Commodore	75,000	15,750
Crescent	5,000	10,050
Croxton	30,000	60,300
Culver	40,000	80,400
d'Autremont	28,000	76,380
Donora (Little Mesaba)	50,000	100,500
D. & I. R. Land	5,000	10,050
Elba Iron Co.	6,600	13,266
Enterprise	15,500	31,150
Elinn and Pearce	6,600	13,266
Forster	40,000	80,400
Gilbert	7,500	15,075
Great Western	35,000	70,350
Gross property	15,000	30,150
G. G. Hartley	6,600	13,266
Hederly	1,000	2,010
Hibbing Townsite	15,000	30,150
Higgins No. 1	25,000	50,250
L. W. Hill (state)	6,600	13,266
Holland	20,000	40,200
Humphrey	45,000	90,450
Humphrey 2	2,000	4,020
Iron Chief	56,000	112,560
Jeffrey	12,000	24,120
Kinney et al	6,600	13,266
Kosmerl-Mueller	25,000	50,250
Lamberton et al	10,000	20,100
Leonidas	25,000	50,250
Longyear	40,000	80,400
Longyear and Bennett	25,000	50,250
Longyear et al, No. 1	5,000	10,050
Longyear, et al, No. 2	10,000	20,100
Longyear and Hartley	3,000	6,030
Longyear, Mes. Land I. Co., No. 1	7,000	14,070
Longyear, Mes. Land I. Co., No. 2	10,000	20,100
McKinley	65,000	130,650
Mahoning, No. 4	25,000	50,250
Mahoning, No. 5	25,000	50,250
Maitland (state)	10,000	20,100
Mallman	3,300	6,633
Mesabi Cent. L. & Exp. Co.	1,000	2,010
A. M. Miller	6,600	13,266
Miller mine	10,000	20,100
Minnesota Iron Co.	6,600	13,263
Minnewas	25,000	50,250
Monroe	65,000	130,650
Moose	75,000	150,750
Nassau	9,000	19,800
Niles	45,000	90,450
Norman	50,000	100,500
North Cincinnati	6,600	13,266
N. W. Improv. Co.	40,000	80,400
N. W. Imp. Co. 2	40,000	80,400
N. W. Imp. Co. 3	20,000	40,200
Oliver Iron Mining Co. 1	5,000	10,050
Oliver Iron Mining Co. 2	10,000	20,100
Onondago Min. Co.	6,600	13,266
Pearce	10,000	20,100
Penobscot	80,000	160,800
Pillsbury Land	1,000	2,100
Rouchleau	150,000	301,500
St. Anthony	5,000	10,050
G. A. St. Clair	10,000	20,100
Saintry	70,000	140,700
Saintry-Clark	3,000	6,030
Schupp	3,000	6,030
Scranton (Elizabeth)	40,000	80,400
Sharon	80,000	160,800
Shaw	50,000	100,500
Shenango	10,000	20,100
Sheridan	70,000	140,700
C. A. Smith (state)	6,600	12,263
Snively	25,000	50,250
South Agnew	25,000	50,250
Susquehanna	40,000	80,400
Sweeney	50,000	100,500
Tenner	17,000	34,170
Tesora	10,000	20,100
Troy	25,000	50,250
Victoria	20,000	40,200
Wahigon	3,300	6,633
Wacouah	12,000	24,120
Wallace-Moon	6,600	13,266
Wanless, Jas. (state)	6,600	13,266
Webb	40,000	80,400
Weed	1,500	3,015
West Mesaba Land Co. No. 1	8,000	16,080
Western Mesaba Land Co. No. 2	3,000	6,030
Whiteside	15,000	30,150
Whiteside & Pattison	5,000	10,050
Wills	10,000	20,100
Winnifred	10,000	20,100
Palmer	5,000	10,050
Rust Land 1	10,000	20,100
Rust Land 2	6,000	13,266
Chemung Land	6,600	13,266
Congdon	8,000	16,080
D. & I. R. Lands	6,600	13,266
Vivian	4,000	8,040

VERMILION RANGE.

Chandler	600,000	1,206,000
Pioneer	840,000	1,688,400
Savoy	99,000	198,990
Sibley	198,000	397,980
Soudan	150,000	301,500
Zenith	141,000	283,410
Totals	$20,904,150	$42,079,189

UNION MEN BACK TO WORK

Chicago, July 28.—This afternoon 133 men, all members of the union, deserted the meat strikers and returned to work at Armour's plant. Twenty-eight of this number are carriers. The others are skilled butchers who were formerly employed in the cattle, hog and sheep departments. Every man was put at work at once. "We have got the strike won right now," declared Superintendent Conway of Armour & Co., this afternoon.

Promise of further spread of the strike was forthcoming this afternoon when a delegation of switchmen employed at the stockyards waited upon President Donnelly and appealed to him to request their officers to call a sympathetic strike. The delegation explained that their officers urged them to keep out of the strike, but that they would walk out at any time rather than switch cars loaded by "strike breakers." Donnelly indicated that he would decide later upon what action he would take.

HIS FINAL SERMON.

Dr. Long to Speak For Last Time Sunday.

Rev. S. P. Long will make his farewell address to the congregation of the First Methodist Episcopal church next Sunday night. There will be special services, and after the address Mrs. Long and the doctor will meet any of the congregation who may wish to speak to them. They leave on the Omaha train Monday evening for the family farm in Erie county, Pennsylvania, where the doctor will make an extended stay for building up his health. He does not expect to resume his pastoral duties in Duluth, but will probably take up work again in the East, when he feels able, although his plans are not definite on this point.

WEARS NIGHTIE ALL DAY.

New Jersey Reformer Shocks Gentle Country Folk.

Paterson, N. J., July 28.—Joseph Solomonson, former Belgian consul to the island of Java, an expert linguist and a fine musician, is again startling the people of Butler by his wearing apparel. He appears on the streets day and night with no covering but a nightshirt of coarse duck. Persons with nerves, having an eye to what a gust of wind might do, objected strenuously to Solomonson appearing at the postoffice and in other public places attired in dreamland apparel and had him haled before Justice John Roberts.

Solomonson refused point blank to change his style of dress. He made one concession, however. The shirt of duck has been open in front. Justice Roberts said that it would have to be secured by buttons, but finally compromised with Solomonson on hooks and eyes. But at Yungborn, his home he wears his open shirt regardless.

Solomonson is 55 years old, but he looks not more than 30. He has not eaten salt or flesh in four years and he has not drunk water or other beverage in that time. He styles himself "Meva" and tasted his first bit of experience as a naturopath in the mountains of Switzerland, where he lived before coming to this country. Solomonson sleeps out of doors except when it rains. Half an hour before rising he lies on his stomach for the purpose of letting the magnetism of the earth pass through his vitals. For breakfast he eats a cucumber. At luncheon a carrot, turnip, raw potato or nuts suffice, and at supper fruits are his fare.

FOR FIFTY YEARS

For fifty years doctors have prescribed Father John's Medicine because it is not a patent medicine and because it is pure and wholesome. Cures colds, prevents pneumonia, and consumption. Builds up the body and restores those who are run down to health and strength. Free from nerve deadening drugs or weakening stimulants. It is guaranteed. Father John's Medicine is for sale by all druggists; the L. W. Leithhead Drug Co., wholesale distributors.

THE G. A. R. RATE

Chance For Further Cut In the Fare to Boston.

Harvesters Ticket Will Be Sold Only From City Offices.

Maybe the Grand Army rate to Boston has not lowered itself to the last notch after all, for the condition of things at Chicago has a decided bearing on the rates out of this section, as well as the independent position of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, and the eastbound rate out of Chicago seems to have received another jolt. At first the rate was supposed to be a cent a mile from that city to The Hub and return, until the Michigan Central, one of the three short lines, announced that it would make as low a fare as any of the longer lines, which are usually granted lower tariffs by rules of the Central Passenger association. It was thought by all the short lines adopting this policy that the strife would end, but it is now said that one of the long lines will insist on a differential by agreement, and if it cannot get one by agreement, will make one arbitrarily.

The Great Northern here has announced its rates as $25.75 to $29.75, according to any one of four routes, which are as follows: Direct via Chicago and Montreal, New York and rail, New York and boat, and Portland and boat.

There is a veiled impression among some of the local passenger men that the South Shore people will make a better price before the next ten days have elapsed. Local rates have been delayed in making by the condition of affairs prevailing from Chicago east.

It appears now that there will be rival trains out of the Twin Cities. Harrison White, department commander of Minnesota, some time since gave notice that the official train would go from the Twin Cities at 9 a. m., August 13, over the Northwestern route, running to Boston without change, and that Orton S. Clark, assistant adjutant general, was in charge of space. Since that the Minneapolis & St. Louis has announced that it will start a special train August 12, at 6:30 p. m., and says that "all who desire to travel with the department commander's escort should apply to Past Department Commander E. W. Mortimer, or Commander I. E. Carpenter" in the bank of Minneapolis.

There may be no intention to mislead in the above statement, but the fact that Mr. Carpenter is referred to as "commander" tends to indicate that a number of people might get the impression that he is the head of the Minnesota G. A. R., while as a matter of fact Mr. White and Mr. Carpenter cannot well both hold the position. The M. & St. L. people, too, refer to the department commander's escort, which, it might be judged, will be too big to go with the official train over the Northwestern.

It is very noticeable that the M. & St. L. train is timed to start the day before the Northwestern train, and judging from the apparent rivalry, a large business from Minnesota is being looked for. With two trains run as specials from the Twin Cities and the South Shore running special sleepers out of Duluth to go through to Boston on one of the selling dates, considerable revenue must come in to justify these movements.

Railroad men take a great deal of interest in the Grand Army railroad rate every year, as nearly every season it has been productive of what is equivalent to a rate war. It is very seldom that this rate, when first established, holds through the intended time, as the Grand Army is accustomed to a rate of a cent a mile or better, and it usually gets "better" as the date of the encampment approaches, as it has done this year.

Railroad men say that in the long run, year in and year out, the Grand Army get the lowest trans-continental rates ever made. This is but natural considering the honors that the old heroes bear, and the strong influence at command in their behalf.

Strong bids are being made by the Vanderbilt lines this season to take business from this part of the country east from Chicago. The Lake Shore & Michigan Southern was the first of these lines to ask for business through the advertising columns of The Herald, and has been so aggressive the present season as to establish offices in the Twin Cities and Milwaukee, making a chain of six western offices to reach out from for passenger business. This is the only one of the big trunk lines that has been able to maintain a 20 hour service between Chicago and New York.

FROM CITY OFFICES.

Harvesters' Tickets Must Be Purchased There.

Harvesters' tickets are not to be sold from the union station in this city, but must be obtained from the city ticket offices. The reason for this cannot be learned further than the statement by some of the railroad men that the detail work involved makes sales difficult to handle by the depot force, which is constantly engaged in selling to all points over all roads, and in all directions. The class of men who apply for harvesters' tickets are generally difficult to handle owing to the details which have to be impressed on them, and they take up considerable time of the ticket sellers.

Will Keep Them Away.

One reason the local lines will do very little with the cheap excursion business to the head of the lakes during the coming month is that they fear the low rates will bring here many men who would be good material for farm hands. Landing them in the cities slackens their tendency for farm work and also cuts down the revenue of the railroads, who get more out of a harvest hand's railroad fare than on a $2 or $3 excursion to this city.

GO AFTER WOOL.

Railroad Agents Go After Business In Montana.

L. E. Ayer, assistant contracting agent of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, returned this morning from Montana, where he went to get into the wool of that state, literally, as he was after freight business and incidentally secured some wool for transportaton.

Every year the eastbound freight lines send their representatives into the Western sheep raising states to get a share of the enormous tonnage of wool that is sent to the Eastern mills after shearing. This year has been no exception to the rule, and the railroad agents by the dozens gathered in Montana to buttonhole the wool buyers, who had a rendezvous there at the same time, in the endeavor to secure the traffic for their lines.

Mr. Ayer would not give any information of business done on his trip, but said that the 30,000,000 pounds of wool sheared this season was unusually low for the state. The severe winter was too much for many of the sheep, who were not hardy enough to withstand the rigors of the cold season and died in numbers. As a rule they are herded in flocks of many thousands, with only one man and a dog or two to attend a flock, save in a case of a storm, when a larger guard is required to round them up. Mr. Ayer brought back with him a sample of the finest wool cut in the state this season.

Railroad Notes.

At the purchasing agent's office of the Duluth & Iron Range there was received this morning a picture of a unique table exhibited at the Louisiana Purchase exposition in St. Louis. The surface of the table consists of 3500 pieces of tubing manufactured by the Shelby Steel Co., of Chicago.

E. H. Anthony, agent of the Wisconsin Central, is on a trip to Winnipeg and other western points.

G. E. Heustis, general western agent of the New York, New Haven & Hartford, is here today from Chicago.

F. C. Gifford, commercial agent of the Omaha at Minneapolis, is here today.

August 17, is the date set by the builders of the Great Northern steamship company's new vessel, the Minnesota, which was launched in April of last year, to turn the vessel over to the owners. The boat, which was built near New London, Conn., will be taken around the Horn for the Oriental business from Seattle.

Thomas E. Blanche, general agent of the Northern Pacific, returned today from a stay of nearly two weeks with his family at his old home in Buffalo. Mr. Blanche has been made joint agent of all lines for validation of any excursion tickets needing validation at this point.

GROCERS ARE HAVING FUN

Annual Picnic at Lincoln Park With Games and Amusements.

This is the day of the grocers' annual picnic. It is being held at Lincoln park, and large crowds are in attendance. The weather is of the special made-to-order variety, and the grocers, the grocers' families and the grocers' friends are all having a good time. The full measure of enjoyment is being derived by everybody taking advantage of the half holiday.

Most of the grocery stores, likewise the butcher shops, closed their doors to the public at 11 o'clock this morning, though a few, it is understood, remained open until noon. The butchers and their friends are also at the picnic, getting their share of the fun.

No trouble nor expense has been spared to make today's event a complete success in every way. It is said the affair surpasses any like event ever attempted in the past by either Duluth or Superior. An elaborate program of sporting events is this afternoon being gone through with at the park, and besides there is dancing, to continue through the evening, at the pavilion. A fine musical program is also being rendered.

In all there are fourteen athletic events on the program. The first is a base ball game between the wholesalers and retailers, with 100 cigars as a prize to the winners and 100 stogies to the losers. Suitable prizes are offered to winners in all the events. After the game came foot races, young ladies' and girls' races, ball throwing and jumping contests, a tug-of-war, etc.

DRUNKEN BRIDEGROOM.

Judge Middlecoif Refuses to Perform Ceremony.

With the bridegroom too intoxicated to intelligently answer the questions that were asked, a colored couple appeared before Probate Judge Middlecoff, yesterday afternoon to be married.

The bride carried the marriage license and between spells, when her jaws were not working overtime on a piece of gum, she informed the court what was desired.

Judge Middlecoff sized up the groom and decided that it was an instance when the court should exercise its discretion and refused to perform the ceremony until the groom should have sobered up enough to give an intelligent answer to the usual questions asked by the person officiating.

The couple expressed no regret and left the courthouse, the bride promising that they would be back in a few days, when "her man," should be in the proper condition to realize the solemnity of the vows he is about to take. She paid for the license.

Gets Hard Roasting.

"You are one of those boys who would like to be tough, but haven't enough strength of character to develop into a real first-class rowdy," said Judge Windom in the municipal court this afternoon, to Edward Dunning, a young man of about 20 years of age, who was arrested for disorderly conduct.

Dunning was accused of acting in a disorderly manner in Cook's restaurant, using vile language and threatening to shoot Mr. Haley, the cashier, because he wouldn't allow him to go to the kitchen for a piece of raw beefsteak to treat a swollen eye.

Dunning was given $30 or thirty days in jail.

To relieve half the woes
Of women.
To cure half the diseases
Of men;

To sustain
The system.

Resist the inroads
Of disease.
And quickly strengthen
The digestive organs;

To make
Mankind

Clear of Head,
Light of Heart,
And able to grasp
The butterfly Success,

Take the world renowned tonic-laxative—Beecham's Pills.

STARTLING NEWS

Expected at Any Moment From Forces at the Front.

United States Likely to Make Protest Against Ship Seizure.

St. Petersburg, July 28.—A telegram received from Gen. Kuropatkin today announced that the position at the front had not changed. It is generally believed here that startling developments are imminent. All the war correspondents have been ordered to Harbin.

The United States is preparing to take a strong position for the protection of neutral ships carrying American cargoes. This is indicated by the fact that the United States yesterday made an official inquiry of Russia regarding the British steamer Ardova, seized by the volunteer fleet vessel Smolensk in the Red sea, which had American government stores on board. The Ardova had already been released when the inquiry was made. Today the foreign office received a communication from the United States asking whether the Arabia, a German ship chartered by an American company, had been released, and adding that according to information in the possession of the United States government, the Arabia's cargo of flour, etc., was bound for Hong Kong.

While the communication did not take the form of a protest, it is believed that unless the Arabia is released a formal protest will be lodged. The government could only reply that if completely without information, the Arabia not yet having arrived at Vladivostok where it was reported she had been sent in charge of a prize crew. Nothing has been done in the matter of the Knight Commander. American interests in this case have been confided to Great Britain whose flag she sails under.

Russia has not yet replied to the United States' offer to join Great Britain in the protection of the seals at the Kommander islands.

THE LUCKY ONES

Short List of Those Who Have Drawn Rosebud Lands.

Majority of Them Hail From West and Northwest.

Chamberlain, S. D., July 28.—In the Rosebud land drawing today the following names were drawn:

No. 1, William McCormick, Lancaster county, Pa.; 2, Talus Rugge, Lea, S. D.; 3, H. Wesley Brown, Dakota City, Neb.; 4, Miltness Dotson, Sprague, Neb.; 5, Louis Joubart, Forest, Ill.; 6, Thomas Parkinson, Knoxville, Ia.; 7, Lee Brewer, Grofton, Neb.; 8, Frank J. Beebe, Platte, D. S.; 9, Henry J. Richert, Parker, S. D.; 10, George E. Flitcher, St. Louis, Mo.; 11, Edward J. Walker, Willow Lake, S. D.; 12, Jesse C. Morgan, Gravity, Ia.; 13, Lucius C. Noakes, Lake City, Ia.; 14, Huber B. Smith, Omaha, Neb.; 15, Grant Hicks, Sioux Falls, S. D.; 16, George W. Dye, Macedonia, Ia.; 17, Andrew J. Holmberg, Rockford, Ill.; 18, Martin Clemenson, Valley Springs, S. D.; 19, Joseph T. Whitman, Council Bluffs, Ia.; 20, George W. Wainwright, Lawton, Okla.; 21, August Blanke, Britton, S. D.; 22, Alexander Chapman, Harrison county, Ia.; 23, Bryan Adker, Lynn, Minn.; 24, Anna M. Adden, Denville, Kan.; 25, Milton R. Bash, Sioux City, Ia.; 26, Anna Botsford, Tilden, Neb.; 27, Frank Dyke, Tyndall, S. D.; 28, Albert R. Knecke, Hilger, Neb.; 29, Ole M. Olson, Cumberland, Ia.; 30, James Galvin, Leavenworth, Kan.; 31, Martin T. Buck, Unionville, Mo.; 32, James Farley, Creston, Ia.; 33, Juan Crutier, Patterson, Ia.; 34, Andrew J. Medford, Woodbine, Iowa; 35, Anna Wurtz, Yankton, S. D.; 36, William A. Braden, Trainor, Iowa; 37, Irwin W. Pape, Berlin, Neb.; 38, Sanford Bolls, St. James, Neb.; 39, Joseph H. Lookout, Wyo.; 40, Arthur M. Hough, Wetmore, Kas.; 41, Theo. G. Johnson, Kansas City, Mo.; 42, Charles Werner, Bowles, Iowa; 43, John Jackson, Vermillion, S. D.; 44, John Peterson, Spencer, Neb.; 45, J. B. Perrine, Wisner, Neb.; 46, Allen E. Blowitt, Flandreau, S. D.; 47, Lester A. Callan, Omaha, Neb.; 48, James C. Jenkins, Council Bluffs, Iowa; 49, Edward A. Miller, Quiley, Neb.; 50, George W. Swaller, Rome, Iowa; 51, Benjamin F. Johnson, St. Joseph, Mo.; 52, Nelson J. Pinnell, Shakely, Neb.; 53, Orris J. Caffee, Tabor, S. D.; 54, Edmond Hughes, Springfield, S. D.; 55, John G. Thrrock, Lesterville, S. D.; 56, George L. Longhenri, Boone, Iowa; 57, Harry Dow Gibson, Galt, Mo.; 58, Charles W. Brady, Omaha; 59, Clarence Guldhell, Lawrence, S. D.; 60, Francis T. Roberts, St. James, Neb.; 61, Edward Wondershek, Atkinson, Neb.; 62, John S. Wooster, Mariondale, S. D.; 63, John R. Powell, Emporia, Kas.; 64, James A. Pierson, Ponca, Neb.; 65, Julius J. Pilsener, Sioux City, Iowa; 66, William P. Burch, Belleville, Ill.; 67, John Butler, Omaha; 68, Charles S. Bingham, Sioux City; 69, Fred L. Bayless, Ida Grovex, Iowa; 70, Waldo Seidell, Hilger, Neb.; 71, Oscar Miller, Hart City, Ill.; 72, Lewis J. Horning, Winfield, Kas.; 73, William L. Pease, Lynch, Neb.; 74, Cassius E. Grove, Sioux City, Iowa; 75, Charles E. Kiplinger, Omaha.

The Herald has the circulation. Of this fact there is no doubt. Not only has it the circulation, but it has the circulation that counts. Try The Herald's want columns and get the best and quickest results.

$500 WILL BUY INTEREST IN

money-making, incorporated industrial, comprising FOUR products in wide and constant demand, and market ready made. Special bargain to investors. Write today for printed matter, giving particulars. Address

E. W. R., CHARLESTON, Kanawha Co., West Virginia.

RAILROAD AND STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

WHITE LINE TRANSPORTATION CO.

Isle Royale Route.

Fast freight and passenger service. Steamers leave Duluth Sundays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4:00 p. m., for Two Harbors, Grand Marias, Isle Royale and Port Arthur, direct. Mondays and Thursdays at 9:30 a. m. for Port Arthur and all intermediate north shore and Isle Royale ports, Sundays and Wednesdays at 9:00 a. m. for Port Wing, Bayfield, Ashland, Ontonagon, Hancock-Houghton and all intermediate south shore ports. Sundays at 4:00 p. m. for Hancock and Houghton via Washington Harbor (Isle Royale). Freight and Picket office, Singer's Dock, Lake avenue south.

THE GREAT NORTHERN.

Leave		Arrive
† 6:20 a.m † 3:45 p.m *11:15 p.m	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	† 9:25 p.m * 2:00 p.m * 6:10 a.m
* 8:45 a.m * 8:15 p.m	Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast,	* 6:30 p.m * 7:10 a.m
† 2:20 p.m	Swan River, Hibbing, Virginia	†12:20 p.m
† 6:20 a.m	St. Cloud, Wilmar and Soo City	† 9:25 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday
Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. †Ex. Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:40 a.m	St. Paul, Minneapolis	*5:20 p.m
*4:00 p.m	Twilight Limited	*9:45 p.m
*5:30 p.m	Chicago, Milwaukee	*10:45 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Appleton	*10:45 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:45 a.m
*5:30 p.m	FAST MAIL	*10:45 a.m

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Leave		Arrive
* 4:00 p.m	Ashland and East	*11:15 a.m
† 8:00 a.m	Ashland and East	† 7:10 p.m
* 7:30 p.m	Minn. and Dakota Express	* 7:55 a.m
* 2:40 a.m	North Coast Limited	* 4:55 p.m
Leave	"Duluth Short Line."	Arrive
† 9:00 a.m	ST. PAUL	* 6:30 a.m
* 1:55 p.m		† 2:10 p.m
*11:10 p.m	MINNEAPOLIS	* 7:00 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket office, 432 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 41
All trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

*6:20 p.m. Lv. North Country Mail. Ar. *8:55 a.m
All Points East.
†7:45 a.m. Lv. LOCAL Ar. †9:35 p.m
Marquette and Copper Country.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY

P. M.	A. M.	STATIONS	A. M.	P. M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar	10:30	3:40
4:05	7:55	Lv. 57th Av. W. Lv	10:15	3:25
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Ar. Ir'n J'nct'n Lv	8:01	1:13
----	10:40	Ar. M't'n. Iron. Lv	----	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar. Virginia Lv	6:55	12:50
6:38	10:29	Ar. Eveleth Lv	7:42	12:57
----	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv	----	12:34
----	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv	----	12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar. Hibbing Lv	7:15	12:27

Daily except Sunday.
Morning train from Duluth makes direct connection at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry. for Asbawa and points north of Virginia.

Duluth & Iron Range RR

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS	P.M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar	12:00	7:25
11:25	7:05	Ar. Virginia Lv	8:10	3:10
11:30	7:10	Ar. Eveleth Lv	8:00	3:30
11:55	7:45	Ar. Ely Lv	7:30	3:00
A.M.	P.M.	Daily, except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M

EVERETT HOUSE, Union Square, New York.

Thoroughly equipped and in complete order; location most central and convenient to all places of interest.
EUROPEAN PLAN—POPULAR PRICES
YOUR PATRONAGE IS SOLICITED.
B. L. M. BATES, Proprietor.

THE SPALDING
Duluth's Leading Hotel.
FINEST CAFE IN THE NORTHWEST
Telephone in every room. One block from Depots and Docks. Capacity 400.
Am. Plan $2.50 up. European Plan $1 up.

New Building. New Equipment.
RATES—$2.00 AND $2.50.
Hotel McKay
Cor. First St. and Fifth Ave. W., Duluth.

COOK'S HOTEL
New building
Modern in every particular.
Julius Cook, Mngr. 210-212 W. Sup. St.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Aaron A. Washington and Alice Marie Webb, both of Douglas county, Wis.

Frank Tillman and Sylvica DeBrock, Illouez Bay, Wis.

DEATHS.

LARGEST STOCK OF MONUMENTS IN the city. P. N. Peterson Granite Co., Masonic Temple bldg., 203 E. Superior St.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

As it contains no animal fats or oils, Satin Skin Cream does not cause nor promote hair growth. 25c.

FOR RENT—THREE UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping; all modern conveniences; electric light, bath and gas. Apply, Zenith Fur company.

FOR RENT—MODERN 10-ROOM HOUSE hot water heat; central on car line. 11 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE—TEAM OF ROADSTERS good travelers. Address, M. G., Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, 210 East Third street.

Louisville, Ky., & Return $23.80.

Aug. 12 to Aug. 15, "The Northwestern Line" will sell excursion tickets to Louisville, Ky., at $23.80 for the round trip. Final limit for return, Sept. 15. City ticket office, 302 West Superior street.

Articles of Incorporation —of— BRADDOCK IRON MINING COMPANY.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, That we, the undersigned, to hereby associate ourselves together and ag ee upon the following articles of incorporation for the purpose of forming a corporation under and by virtue of an act of the legislature of the state of Minnesota, entitled "An act to authorize the formation of corporations for mining and smelting ores, and for manufacturing iron, copper and other metals," Approved February 24th, 1876, and the several acts amendatory thereof:

FIRST.

The name of said corporation shall be Braddock Iron Mining Company.

SECOND.

The general nature of the business to be carried on by said corporation shall be the mining, smelting, reducing, refining and working of iron ores, copper and other minerals, and the manufacture of iron, steel, copper and other metals.

The place of the principal office or headquarters of said corporation shall be the city of Duluth, in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota.

THIRD.

The names and places of residence of the persons so associating to form said corporation are as follows, to-wit:

Nelson P. Hulst, Duluth, Minnesota.
Louis W. Powell, Duluth, Minnesota.
George D. Swift, Duluth, Minnesota.

FOURTH.

The amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be fifty thousand (50,000) dollars, divided into five hundred (500) shares of one hundred (100) dollars each.

In Testimony Whereof, We have hereunto set our hands and seals, in duplicate, at Duluth, Minnesota, this 18th day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and four.

NELSON P. HULST. (Seal.)
LOUIS W. POWELL. (Seal.)
GEORGE D. SWIFT. (Seal.)

Signed, sealed and delivered in presence of:
W. W. WATSON, JR.,
JOSEPH B. COTTON.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis—ss.

On this 18th day of July, A. D. 1904, at Duluth,

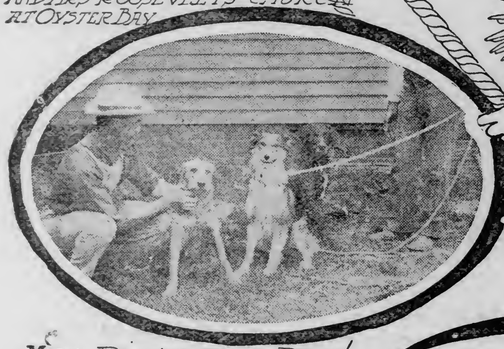
The Summer Life of Mrs. Roosevelt And Her Children



EXTERIOR OF PRESIDENT AND MRS ROOSEVELTS' CHURCH AT OYSTER BAY



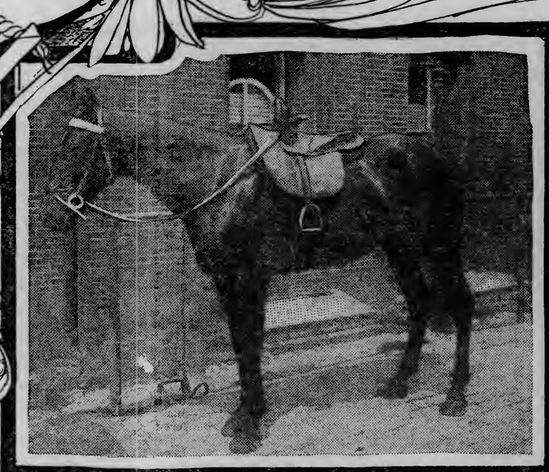
SIDE VIEW OF ROOSEVELT HOUSE AT OYSTER BAY



MRS ROOSEVELTS DOGS



THE FAMILY PET



MRS ROOSEVELTS RIDING-MARE



OLD DAVIS' VETERAN COLORED GARDINER



MRS. ROOSEVELTS LIVERIED COACHMAN

BY WALDON FAWCETT.

The annual vacation of the First Lady of the Land begins about July 1 of each year and continues well into October, or perhaps as late as November 1. There have been mistresses of the White House who discontinued their hospitalities with the close of the so-called "official season" at the advent of Lent, and were, consequently, ready to leave the capital ere the spring had well advanced; but Mrs. Roosevelt is very conscientious in the discharge of her social duties and prefers to remain at the capital, in order to lend her aid and influence to the social activities and the many entertainments for charitable purposes which are held in the morning of the year. Indeed, it is not too much to say that Mrs. Roosevelt has been largely responsible for the brilliant "spring season" which has become during the past year or two a distinctive characteristic of Washington life.

All the members of the Roosevelt family are particularly fond of country life, and especially that form of it which finds exemplification at their own "farm" on Long Island, and thus young people are more eager for the time when they can hurry away to their favorite playground on Long Island Sound. In order to gratify this impatience the junior members of the household, in charge of trusted servants and accompanied by their ponies and pets, are sent to the Oyster Bay estate as soon as the school year closes, but Mrs. Roosevelt, who is nothing if not a devoted wife, prefers to brave the heat of Washington until her husband can accompany her to their vacation retreat, and it is usually about the first of July ere the President can leave his office at the White House.

The Roosevelts usually journey from Washington to their summer home in one of Uncle Sam's private yachts, the Dolphin or the Mayflower, and thus enjoy the double boon of a pleasant sea voyage and the convenience of being landed at their own dock. Mrs. Roosevelt is, of course, spared the rather disagreeable experience of "getting settled," which is the bane of many a housekeeper's life. The Roosevelts have a very capable superintendent, Mr. Noah Seaman, who has been in their service for 17 years, and he, with his helpers, make it a point to always keep the Roosevelt estate is known, ready for occupancy at short notice. In addition to this, a number of servants from the White House are each year sent to Oyster Bay in advance of the family, in order to complete the preparations and even the family carriage, which waits to convey the Roosevelts to their "home" upon their arrival, is drawn by horses from the White House, and on the box are the coachman and footmen who serve the presidential household in the same capacity in Washington.

There has been an element of anticipation in the home-coming of the Roosevelts this year, for their beloved abode by the seaside has undergone quite a number of changes since last they said good-by to it. To be sure, the improvements which have been made are by no means pretentious from an architectural standpoint, but they are designed to extend the capacity of the accommodations for guests and servants, and this is what is sought by the lord and lady of the manor. The President and Mrs. Roosevelt are instinctively hospitable, as has been eloquently proven in Washington, where the White House cook says in desperation that he never knows half an hour before how many will sit down to dinner, and they are now in a position to gratify for the first time their most ambitious plans for the adoption of this same bounteous policy of hospitality at their vacation home.

The Roosevelt home, at Sagamore Hill, on the "north shore," would not, in the eyes of the superficial observer, be called impressive by any means, and yet no person could look at the great rambling frame house, with its broad verandas, and not appreciate that it was built for comfort and rest and relaxation, and that all of these may be found within its shelter. The Roosevelt home will especially appeal to persons who find a certain degree of solitude and isolation conducive to rest. President Roosevelt says that he abhors the idea of living "in my neighbor's pocket," and so he has set down his charming country home where there is no other house in sight and where his privacy is insured by the protective expanse of an estate that covers nearly a hundred acres. Of this holding perhaps forty acres are in woodland, affording the President an opportunity for the wood chopping which he finds so pleasurable a diversion. About fifteen acres are in lawn, with numerous flower beds, which have the personal care of Mrs. Roosevelt. Then, too, there is a garden which covers nearly three acres—and well might any housewife envy Mrs. Roosevelt's its possession. Here are raised vegetables that would be likely to prove prize winners at any county fair, and indeed, bunches of asparagus and other appetizing vegetable offerings sent from Oyster Bay to the White House early each spring serve to add very materially to the impatience of the Roosevelts to reach their "farm home."

Mrs. Roosevelt's round of duties and pleasures form a long day when she is at Sagamore Hill. Breakfast is usually served at 7 or 7:30 o'clock, and often it is set for an even earlier hour if there is an excursion of any kind on hand for the day. This meal concluded, Mrs. Roosevelt devotes the morning to the same close inspection and supervision of household affairs which characterizes her management of the domestic side of the White House. She has a conference with her housekeeper and sometimes she drives to the village to do some bit of shopping in person. Mrs. Roosevelt's mail also requires considerable time for perusal and the indication of the nature of the replies to be made. Of course, the President's wife does not, when on her vacation, receive as many communications as come to her at the White House during the height of the social season, but there are nevertheless dozens of letters in each day's mail from people who make requests of every imaginable description. Mrs. Roosevelt insists that her social secretary shall have a portion of each summer for rest and recreation, and during the absence of her assistant the First Lady of the land finds it necessary to devote an increased amount of time to her correspondence.

The outdoor life of the Roosevelt family at their Oyster Bay home has become famous, and it is not too much to say that Mrs. Roosevelt is quite as enthusiastic as are any of her children regarding it. With the mother, as with the junior members of the family, horseback riding is pre-eminently the favorite diversion. Mrs. Roosevelt has a splendid little Kentucky bred saddle mare, and she often accompanies her husband on long rides along the excellent roads that are to be found on Long Island. The President always brings his favorite hunter to Oyster Bay from Washington, while Miss Alice, when she rides, uses her mother's mount. Archie has his famous Iceland pony, Algonquin, which was presented to him by Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock, and the other younger children take turns in riding old Diamond, a black polo pony, now thirty-two years of age, upon which every one of the young people, from Miss Alice to Quentin, learned to ride.

Mrs. Roosevelt seldom ventures into the water, but all the children are excellent swimmers. Long-distance walks and aquatic sports of various kinds all receive their full share of attention. One of the attractive features of the summer life of the Roosevelt family at Oyster Bay is found in the oft-repeated exemplifications of a charming "chummyness" between the President and his wife. All the world knows that the engrossing cares of politics and his varied interests have not served to draw the President away from the close companionship with his children, in which he has always found such delight; and a glimpse at life at Sagamore Hill will serve to convince any person that there is yet much of the lover's devotion in Mr. Roosevelt's attention to his helpmate. Time and again during the summer Mrs. Roosevelt packs a basket with the articles for a favorite luncheon menu, and she and her husband go off for a day's outing. Very often the journey is by water, and in such event the President handles the oars while Mrs. Roosevelt sits in the stern with the heavily laden basket. Old-fashioned family picnics in which all the children participate are also a feature of the summer life at Sagamore Hill.

Any observant feminine visitor to the Roosevelt country house should not be long in fathoming the secret of the adoration which Mrs. Roosevelt's sons manifestly feel for their mother. To employ the boy's vernacular, the First Lady of the Land is not "fussy." She has given her sons a room in the attic for a "museum," and she is never perturbed by the fearful and wonderful array of bugs and rocks and other "treasures" which they bring to this stronghold. She is equally unmoved by the "menagerie" which is maintained at the stable, and, furthermore, tradition states that Mrs. Roosevelt did not even manifest any symptoms of hysteria when, on one memorable occasion, Archie fished out of his pocket when at the dinner table a pet rat which he wished to show to a visitor who had made inquiry regarding some of his strange pets. Mrs. Roosevelt has, furthermore, endeared herself to her neighbors in the little village of Oyster Bay by her refreshing democracy. Many of the women were her friends in the old days before her husband attained to high official position, and they continue so today. The boys, too, apparently choose their playfellows, remembering their father's injunction, "There are short boys and tall boys, and good boys and bad boys, and that's all the kinds of boys there are."

Uncle Sam's Fair Helpers.

The aggregate number of women on the payroll of the United States Government is growing continually and rapidly. Much has been said of late regarding Uncle Sam's seeming preference for masculine employes in the government departments at Washington, and it must be admitted that in some lines of work partiality has been shown to members of the sterner sex, but this is by no means universal and new recruits are continually being added to the army of feminine toilers at the capital. Few persons have any conception of how wide is the scope of the service which Uncle Sam's fair helpers—by no means all of them located in Washington—are rendering. The tasks assigned to them include everything from the delivery of mail on lonely rural routes to the detection of the tell-tale flaws in the cleverest counterfeits which are put forth, and it must be admitted that in almost every sphere of governmental activity they have proven themselves worthy to rank with men of equal experience.

The women of the country may be gratified to know, also, that there are women in some of the big workshops at the seat of government whose ability represents the very highest order of skill to be found anywhere, even in this age of specialization; who do work that it has been conclusively proven no man can successfully undertake; and who are as nearly indespensable as it is possible for any employe to be in this age. So well is this realized in certain cases that the government not only pays very high salaries to these women, but ministers to their comfort in every way in order that their health may be preserved and that they may continue at work even when somewhat indisposed.

Moreover, new fields of activity for women in the government service are just opening. Uncle Sam is sending out women teachers to look after the needs of the little folks in Porto Rico, the Philippines and our other new possessions, and ever since the Spanish-American War the War Department has maintained as a permanent organization the Corps of Army Nurses. There are on an average fully 200 women in this service, and they are caring for sick soldiers in the Philippines and at various camps and hospitals scattered throughout the United States. It is some of the women who receive their practical training in army nurse work who are now with the Japanese Army in the Far East.

Hints For The Home Dressmaker.



Here is a decidedly stylish gown of very light pink crepe de Paris, trimmed with inset white thread wheels, edged with pink satin ribbon ruching. The foundation is white India silk. The broad girdle is ornamented by a large steel buckle in front.

Children's Dress Fabrics.

For children's dresses shot taffetas and Louisines are being very much used for expensive costumes. These fabrics seem to gain and hold their favor because while just as cheap as the French cashmere and nun's veiling they hold their shape much better and do not need to be elaborately trimmed with expensive materials. The silks are rich enough in themselves and with a little lace can be made wonderfully attractive. Many of these girl's dresses are made entirely of one color, but from two different materials, one with a bright and the other a dull finish which gives a sharp and stylish contrast. If preferred a broad sash of broad ribbon with a bow and long ends can be worn now, and then with such costumes and will give a welcome variance to the effect.

Sanitary Clothing for Children.

Although much money is spent by even comparatively poor people on the clothes for the little ones by the proud mother and father of the young hopefuls, yet no class of human beings is so frightfully ill treated in the matter of health creating and fostering garments as the children. And no persons require more care in the selection and patterns for their garmetns than the young people. In the child the body surface is larger comparatively than in the grown individual as far as skin area is related to heat-producing ability.

This explains why a child catches cold more easily than a grown person when both are equally healthy. The child's heat-producing qualities are comparatively feeble. For this reason the child requires loose clothing, which, while light in weight, should be of pure wool. By wearing real wool next to the skin children are enabled to do without cumbersome outer wraps and comforters. This very wrapping up makes the tendency shown by the child to catch cold stronger in later years, and frequently is responsible for the chronic invalid, who is a nuisance to others and only a misery to him or herself.

PRICE IS EASIER

Wheat Has a Decline, Though Not a Heavy One.

Foreign Markets Lose Their Bullish Tone—Flax Falls Lower.

Duluth Board of Trade, July 28.—The wheat price had a setback today though not a severe one. The foreign markets were much lower on the easier feeling with reference to possible complications between England and Russia. Liverpool closed ⅝@¾d lower, and London ¼@½d lower. Paris was off 2¾@3½c. Antwerp was ⅜c higher. Showers were quite general in the wheat belt and the weather in the Northwest is not as warm as those interested in the crop would like. Complaints of damage by rust in South Dakota contine to come persistently and are beginning to excite apprehension.

France and Germany both send unfavorable crop reports.

There was no demand worth speaking of for cash wheat in the Duluth market this morning and neither exporters nor shippers worked any.

The decline in Duluth was 1c for July and ½c for September, in Chicago 2¼c for July and ⅝@¾c for September, in Minneapolis ½c for July and ⅝@¾c for September and in New York ½c for September, with July unchanged.

Car receipts at Duluth were 60 against 7 last year, and at Minneapolis 61, against 126 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 121, against 133 last year. Chicago received 85, against 58 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 714,500 bushels last year, 521,000 bushels. Shipments, 328,800 bushels, last year, 347,000 bushels. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 54,555 bushels.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed unchanged. September corn in the Chicago market closed ½c lower. September oats closed ¼c lower. Primary receipts of corn were 392,000 bus, last year 322,900 bus. Shipments 745,700 bus, last year 132,000 bus. Clearances were 92,528 bus.

Trading in the Duluth market was dull and prices easier. The September option opened 5c lower at 89¾c, dropped to 88¾c at 10:15, advanced to 89⅞c at 10:45, and then fell to 89½c at 11:30. It worked back to 89⅝c at 12:20 and then fell to 88⅝-⅞c at 12:35. Shortly after 1 o'clock it sold at 88¾c and closed at that price, a loss from yesterday of 1½c. July wheat dropped 1c to $1.01⅛.

Cash offerings were light and prices continue at the July price for No. 1 northern on track and ½c under for to arrive, while No. 2 sells at 4c under No. 1.

Flax was dull and, though firmer early in the day, reacted. September was up 1½c to $1.25 and fell back to $1.24 and closed there, a loss from yesterday of ½c. The course of October was precisely the same and its closing price the same. July affx lost 1c, closing at $1.23½.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 northern, $1.01; No. 2 northern, 97c; on track, No. 1 northern, $1.01½; No. 2 northern, 97½c. Macaroni—No. 1, 82c; No. 2, 81½c; July, $1.01½; September, 88⅝c; December, 86c. Flax—To arrive, $1.23½; on track, $1.23½; July, $1.23½; September, $1.24; October, $1.24; November, $1.23½; December, $1.23½. Oats—On track, 37½c; to arrive, 35c; September, 30c. Rye—On track, 60c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 60, last year, 7; oats, 1; barley, 1; flax, 8, last year, 6.

Receipts—Wheat, 125,655; oats, 2000; barley, 2926; flax, 26,290.

Shipments—Wheat, 5099; oats, 23,256; barley, 5719; rye, 184.

CASH SALES THURSDAY.

No. 1 northern w. o. track, part car	$1.02½
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	1.02⅝
No. 1 northern, 8000 bushels	1.01⅜
No. 2 northern, 1 car	98⅝
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	98¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car	98⅛
No. 2 northern, part car	98⅜
Rejected, 1 car	96¼
No grade, 1 car	89
Macaroni, 1 car No. 1	82¼
Macaroni, part car, No. 1	82
Macaroni, part car, No. 2	81½
Barley, part car	38
Barley, part car	39
Flax, part car	1.25
Flax, 1 car	1.24½
Flax, part car	1.24⅞
Flax, 2000 bushels	1.24½
Flax, 1 car	1.24
Flax, 1 car rejected	1.22

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

General Liquidation In Deferred Wheat Futures.

Chicago, July 28.—Excellent weather, easier Liverpool cables and an advance in consols caused general liquidation of wheat today, especially in the deferred futures. Buying was mostly by shorts. September ⅞@⅝c to ⅞@1c lower at 88⅞c to 89¼c, and sold off to 88¾@⅞c. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 280 cars, against 225 cars last week and 191 cars a year ago.

Extreme weakness of the local cash wheat market had a depressing influence on speculative trading, the price of September selling off at 88⅞@89c. Part of the loss was regained late in the day on covering but final quotations in September showed a loss of ⅝@¾c, at 89¼c.

Profit taking by local longs resulting from favorable crop advices and the break in wheat caused weakness in corn notwithstanding the heavy shipments of yesterday and the firm tone of cables. September opened ½c to ⅝@¾c lower at 49⅝@⅝c to 49⅝c and sold off to 49⅜c. Local receipts were 216 cars with 21 of contract grade.

The market held steady the remainder of the season, September closing with a net loss of ⅜c at 49⅜c.

The feature of trading in oats was a decline of about ⅞c in the price of the July option. There was a little July on the market and apparently none was wanted. The September delivery was easier with other grains, opening ⅛@¼c to ⅜c lower at 33⅛c to 33½@⅜c. Later the price declined to 33c. Local receipts were 99 cars.

Trading in provisions was barely sufficient to establish quotations. There was a little trade in ribs, but outside of that there was practically nothing doing. Prices were almost unchanged from last night's closing figures.

Close—Wheat: July93¾c, old 55¾c. September 89⅛c, old 90⅝c. December 88⅛c, May 90c.

Corn—July 49¼c. September 49⅜c. December 45⅝@⅞c. May 45¼@½c.

Oats—July 33⅛c. September 33@⅛c. December 33⅜@⅝c. May 35⅛c.

Pork—July $12.90. September $12.92½@12.95. October, $12.92½@12.95.

Lard—July $6.87½. September $6.90½. October $8.02½. January $6.87½.

Ribs—July $7.42½. September $7.55@7.57½. October $7.62½.

Rye—July 73c. September 61c, August 65c.

Flax—Cash northwest $1.24, southwest $1.17½. July $1.17½.

Timothy—July $3.05, September $3.20.

Clover—July $11.25.

Barley—Cash, 28@63c.

Wheat — No. 2 red, 96@98c; No. 3 red, 90@96c; No. 2 hard, 90@95c; No. 3 hard, 88@92c; No. 1 northern, $1.02; No. 2 northern, 98c; No. 3 spring, 94c. Corn—No. 2, 49¾@50c; No. 3, 49½@⅞c. Oats—No. 2, 37@37½; No. 3, 36½@37c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, July 28.—Wheat, spot, nominal. Futures steady; July nominal; September, 6s 8¾d; Dec. 6s 8⅞d. Corn, spot, quiet; American mixed, new, 4s 4½d; American mixed, old, 4s 5½d. Futures quiet; July nominal; September 4s 7⅜d.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago,	New York.
July—				
Open	$1.02A	99½	97½	.....
High	1.02¼	99⅝	97⅝	.....
Low	1.01½	99⅜	96½	.....
Close	1.01½B	99⅜	96¾A	$1.02½A
Close 27th	1.02½	99⅞	97⅜	1.02½
September—				
Open	.89⅝	89¼-⅜	89⅛-¼	93¼
High	.89⅞	89½	89⅜	93⅝-¾
Low	.89⅜-½	88¾	88⅛-⅝	93
Close	.89¾B	89⅛-¼	89⅜A	93¼
Close 27th	.90¼	89⅜	89¾-⅞	94⅛

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. Sept.	Corn. Sept.	Pork, Sept.
Open	33¼-⅛@33⅜	49⅝@49½	$12.85
High	33⅛-¼	49⅝-¾	12.95
Low	32⅞-33	49¼	12.82
Close	33-⅛	49⅜	12.92-95

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, July 28.—Close: Wheat—July, 99¾c; September, 89⅛@¼c; December, 86⅝@¾c; No. 1 hard, $1.01⅞; No. 1 northern, $1.00⅞; No. 2 northern, 98⅝c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—Liverpool and primary receipts were the cause of the decline. The market opened sharply down, but after that showed a good deal of steadiness for the deferred futures. July wheat, however, continued to decline under scattered liquidation. Cash markets all around were generally easier. With the exception of scattered complaints of rust in South Dakota, the wheat reports are generally satisfactory. The situation is still a nervour and unsettled one. So much of the recent buying has been due to the political situation and so much of the recent demand for cash wheat has been to fill July shorts that both the speculative conditions and the cash situation are uncertain and somewhat obscured. While we are doubtful of cash wheat reaching the September price very soon after the July option is out of the way, yet we are inclined to think cash prices may at that time take a slump. An export demand is out of the question. However, for the moment, without the advent of further political influences, we rather think prices are high enough, and that some further reaction may take place.

Corn—The weakness in wheat was an influence, but there seemed to be pretty fair selling through commission houses. There is no change in the movement from first hands or demand, nor nothing in the market to change prices materially. We can see no indication of any tendency to the market, and no trading of important volume of special interest.

Oats—The receipts of new oats do not get very large, but the July option seems liquidating naturally. Fine weather and generally favorable crop advices are exerting their natural effect on the deferred futures.

* * *

Edwards, Wood & Co.: Wheat was an active market, nervous, irregular and sharply lower for all month's. The weather map is about as good as possible to expect. Here and there some sales of cash wheat were reported at strong prices, but the demand was noticeably less rugged for everything and the market's undertone at the close was not strong, so that if prices are to be maintained, it will require constant watching and buying on the part of longs, and with a continuation of favorable weather, such as is now promised, further weakness could easily induce free liquidation of wheat bought just above these prices. The Northwestern Miller compiles with a bearish synopsis of conditions in the spring wheat states. At this time and at these prices traders must realize that there is room for considerable decline from sharp bulges, and we cannot see anything at the moment to warrant a higher level, so sentiment until something definite develops would favor sales on all sharp spots.

Flax was active and quite strong largely early, all months scoring another new high mark. Flax fields look none too encouraging and crop estimates in foreign lands and here at home are for a short yield and dealers conversant with the trade and in possession of all available seed, can handle prices to suit themselves. What the year is likely to do under these circumstances can be easily inferred.

* * *

Cincinnati Price Current: Winter wheat harvest practically closed, threshing returns limited. Indicates some disappointment. Indications for corn unchanged. Favorable week for spring wheat, corn and minor crops generally.

* * *

Chicago Record-Herald: There seems to be a rush of unfavorable threshing reports from the winter wheat country. Returns from three big farms in Michigan owned by a Chicago man gave yields respectively seven, five and two bushels. From Saline county, Mo., came reports of an out turn of five to seven bushels on farm where twenty-five bushels had been expected. There were also reports of yields falling at least one-third below expectations in Southern Illinois. Mordon, Neb., contributed the announcement of the president of the Farmers association saying that the wheat yield was not half what had been expected. There were unfavorable reports also of the progress of spring wheat, advices from the market centers in the Northwest reporting complaints of rust from parts of Iowa, North Dakota and South Dakota. A Winnipeg message says the prospect in Manitoba was not quite so bright as it had been. More than an average expected and some conservative grain men insist there will be impossible for the crop to escape damage by frost.

* * *

Broomhall cables: France—Our correspondents are reporting less favorably regarding the wheat crop in the Northern region. Present indications point to a yield below the maximum which has heretofore been expected.

Hungaria—Without good rains immediately only half a corn crop will be raised.

Australia—Harvest reports are unfavorable.

Roumania—A rain of short duration is reported but it came too late to benefit corn.

Berlin: The German crop report for July 15, indicates a further deterioration since June 15. Winter wheat loses 1 point, summer wheat 2 points. The injury to the crop since the reports was made up has continued increasingly. The effects of the protracted drouth continues to occupy considerable attention in commercial circles.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, July 28, 1904:

STATIONS—	State of weather.	*Minimum.	*Maximum.	Rainfall, inches and hundredths.
Campbell	Clear	76	42	.0
Crookston	Clear	70	40	.0
G. Meadows	Pt. cloudy	80	52	.0
Minneapolis	Clear	74	58	.0
Montevideo	Pt. cloudy	78	52	.0
New Ulm	Clear	78	54	.9
Park Rapids	Clear	70	40	.0
Winnebago City	Cloudy	80	58	.0
Worthington	Pt. cloudy	80	54	.0
Devils Lake	Clear	72	44	.0
Langdon	Clear	66	42	.0
Larimore	Clear	80	35	.0
Lisbon	Clear	78	40	.0
Pembina	Clear	70	42	.0
Aberdeen	Clear	82	46	.0
Millbank	Clear	82	44	.0
Mitchell	Clear	82	54	.0
Redfield	Pt cloudy	84	50	.0
Bismarck	Cloudy	78	50	.0
Duluth	Clear	69	46	.0
Huron	Cloudy	84	52	.0
La Crosse, Wis	Cloudy	76	54	.0
Moorhead	Clear	70	44	.0
Pierre	Clear	90	58	.0
St. Paul	Clear	74	56	.0
Pierre	Clear	90	58	.0
Winnipeg	Clear	64	38	.0

T, indicates inappreciable rainfall.

*For twenty-four hours ending 8 a. m. *For yesterday.

NOTE.—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

REMARKS.

Remarks—Showers fell in all districts except from Iowa and NDebraska northward.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster Weather Bureau.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, July 28.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $148,886,472; gold, $44,027,222; silver, $30,142,982; United States notes, $15,831,663; treasury notes of 1890, $88,756; national bank notes, $17,493,482; total receipts this day, $1,925,899; total receipts this month, $40,009,170; total receipts this year, $40,009,170; total expenditures this day, $1,550,000; total expenditures this month, $60,930,000; total expenditures this year, $60,930,000; deposits in national banks, $120,888,031.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, July 28.—Close: Money on call very easy at 3@61 per cent; closing bid, ¾ per cent; offered at 1 per cent. Time loans, stronger; sixty and ninety days, 2@3½ per cent; six months, 3½@3¾ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3¾@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange, heavy, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87.75 @80 for demand, and at $4.85@4.85.05 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½@86 and $4.88@4½; commercial bills, $4.84½@7⅛. Bar silver, 58⅝c. Mexican dollars, 45¼c. Government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, strong.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul:—Barrett & Zimmerman report an advance in prices of horses, which is due to their scarcity in the country. The value of business done now is 50 per cent less than that of last month. The bulk of horses being taken by local consumers.

Values:—

Drafters, extra	$175@215
Drafters, choice	150@175
Drafters, common to good	120@150
Farm mares, extra	145@150
Farm mares, choice	120@135
Farm mares, common to good	80@115

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, July 28.—Cattle receipts 9000; easier; good to prime steers, $5.50@6.40; poor to medium, $4.25@5.40; stockers and feeders, $2@3.80; cows, $1.50@4.75; heifers, $2.25@6; canners, $1.50@2.60; bulls, $2@4.25; calves, $2.50@7; Texas fed steers, $3@5.35. Hogs receipts today, 13,000; tomorrow, 12,000; slow and strong; mixed and butchers, $5.35@5.80; good to choice heavy, $5.55@5.70; rough heavy, $4.90@5.40; light, $5.30@5.70; bulk of sales, $5.45@5.65. Sheep receipts, 12,000; sheep and lambs steady; good to choice wethers, $4@4.25; fair to choice mixed, $3@4; western sheep, $3@4.25; native lambs, $4@7.50; western lambs, $6@6.75.

DAVIS' VACATION OVER.

Bedford Springs, Pa., July 28.—Senator H. G. Davis' vacation ended today when at 10:43 o'clock this morning, he left with his family for his home at Elkins, W. Va., over the Pennsylvania road, going by way of Cumberland, Md. The senator and his party were conducted to their carriages by the guests of the hotel. As the senator drove away he was heartily cheered.

John H. Davlin, Houston—Was all run down; nothing did me any good until I got hold of Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Now I am strong and well; gained forty pounds. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

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ADVANCE IN STOCKS

Sentiment Over the Eastern Situation Being Less Warlike.

Strength Continued to the Close Which Was Firm.

New York, July 28.—Opening prices in the stock market today rose briskly over last night's level, helped by the more reassuring sentiment in London over the Anglo-Russian outlook. Grains in all the principal railroad and industrial stocks ran from a ½ to ¾. Tennessee Coal rose a point and Metropolitan Securities 1¼.

A slight relapse occurred after the first transactions, traders realizing on the advance. The rise was resumed after these offerings had been absorbed and prices sold well above the level at the outset. With but few exceptions all the active stocks were quoted a point or more above yesterday's close. The gain reached 2⅜ in Metropolitan Street Railway ern Pacific rights sold at 2⅛ to 2⅜, and the stock, ex-rights at 48¼ to 49⅛.

The slight reaction, which did not reach a point, except in Metropolitan Street Railway, diminished offerings and the trading became dull. Prices were restored to the best before noon, St. Paul rising 1⅝. Union Pacific 1¾ and Metropolitan Securities 3⅛. There was a jump of 6½ in Linseed preferred. Enameling lost 2¾ and the preferred 3. Bonds were steady at noon.

After a slight pause in the trading prices began to shade off, but the movement was checked by a large accumulation of Pennsylvania and Union Pacific which sold higher than in the forenoon. Otherwise prices were not appreciably changed and business became dull before 1 o'clock.

The Metropolitan stocks moved independently of the rest of the list, stocks generally easing off while the locals advanced strongly. Metropolitan street railroad extended its rise to 3⅜ and Metropolitan securities to 4⅞. The reaction elsewhere was due more to the semi-stagnation of the demand than to any determination pressure. Allis-Chalmers preferred lost 4.

The rise in the market received a further impulse in the final hour. Union Pacific and Louisville & Nashville were pushed 2½ over last night and St. Paul, Atchison, Pennsylvania, Reading, Sugar and Brooklyn Transit about 2, gains elsewhere ranging from that gure downward. Northwestern rose 2⅞. Toledo, St. Louis & Western fell 2¼. The reaction was slight and the closing was dull and firm.

Quotations furnished by H. E. Gooch & Co., 103-105 Palladio Bldg.

Stocks	High	Low	Close
Atchison	78	76¾	78
do pfd	96¾	95½	96¾
B. R. T	51⅝	49⅜	51
Balt. & Ohio	84⅝	83⅛	84½
Can. Pacific	123¾	123	123¾
Chi. & Alton	40⅝	39¾	40⅝
Chi. Gt. Western	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞
Del. & Hudson	150⅞	150½	150⅞
Erie	24¾	24⅛	24¾
do 1st pfd	61⅜	60	61⅜
Ill. Central	136	135½	136
Louis. & Nash	114½	113⅜	114½
Manhattan	151¼	150	151¼
Soo	75	74¼	74½
Met. Traction	117¾	114¾	117¼
Mexican Central	9⅝	9¼	9½
M., K.& T.	18	17½	18
do pfd	39⅝	38¾	39⅝
Mo. Pacific	92⅞	91⅝	92⅞
Nor. Securities	103	101⅜	103
N. Y. Central	119	118	119
Norf. & West	60⅞	60	60⅞
Northwestern	180⅝	178	180⅝
Ont. & Western	30⅞	30¼	30⅝
Penn. Railway	120¼	118⅜	120
Rock Island	22⅝	21⅜	22⅝
do pfd	65	64⅛	65
Reading	53	51¼	52⅝
do 1st pfd	83½	82½	83½
So. Railway	23⅝	22	23⅝
do pfd	88½	88	88½
So. Pacific	49⅝	48½	49⅝
St. Paul	147¼	145¾	147⅛
Texas Pacific	25⅝	24¼	25¼
Union Pacific	97⅝	95	97
do pfd	94	94	94
Wabash, pfd	35	34¾	34¾
Wis. Central pfd	38	38	38
Amal. Copper	53¾	50½	51¼
Am. Car	18½	18½	18⅝
Am. Locomotive	21	20⅞	20⅞
Am. Sugar Ref	129⅛	127¾	129
Am. Smelt	57	56½	56⅞
Pac. Mail	25¾	25½	25½
Col. Fuel & Iron	35¾	35	35¾
Gen. Electric	161	160	161
N. Y. Con. Gas	193	192¾	193
People's Gas	99¾	99¼	99¾
Rep. I. & S	7½	7¼	7½
do pfd	43½	42¾	43½
Tenn. Coal & I	43¼	42¼	43
U. S. Leather	7¾	7¾	7¾
U. S. Steel	12	11⅞	12
do pfd	60⅞	59⅝	60⅞

Total sales, 545,100 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market is one to three points higher. The only change in the conditions is that sentiment in London over the Eastern situation is less warlike. The bears who sold stocks yesterday and the day before are finding it difficult to cover them. It requires a trained dog to chase rabbits, and we prefer to stand in our tracks and let the rabbits circle. War between European powers is more unlikely. Apart from a contingency for both the immediate conditions and the prospective seem to us healthy and to favor higher prices for stocks. So far as our own domestic conditions are concerned, as we have heretofore repeatedly said, we see nothing to watch but the crop prospects. In another month the corn crop and the cotton crop, as well as the wheat and oat crops will have been made. So far the tendency concerning them all is favorable. Increased business activity will result.

* * *

Dick Bros. to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market showed a complete reversal of form today. A favorable turn in the international situation brought higher London prices and from the first this market was strong. In the afternoon there was some very urgent short covering which continued effective to the close. There was very little buying except of this sort and the all-around recovery represented the rout of the recently created short interest. Metropolitan securities were the strongest features. Steel, St. Paul, Atchison, Union Pacific and others of that class all rallied from 1½ to 2½ points. Apart from foreign developments there was no news. The rally was too rapid to warrant too much confidence. International affairs should have much effect tomorrow.

* * *

Evans to Paine, Webber & Co.: The decline in the stock market has now run for three days and has been very severe. Normally we should have a rally today and active stocks ought to recover a point at least all around from yesterday's low prices. I do not believe that liquidation is over and think that eventually prices will again go lower. I therefore favor selling on any good rallies. There are a lot of people hung up with long stocks which they want to get out of.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, July 28.—Cables were disappointing and the cotton crop news, while hardly as favorable as recently, not bad on the average, but there was little for sale at the opening of the local market and first prices were steady with September 3 points higher and later positions not unchanged. Business was very quiet. Tomorrow is a notice day for August and there was some demand for the position from shorts, which was promptly filled by parties buying the late positions.

Stocks Bonds
INGALSBE & HEALY
PALLADIO BUILDING.
UNITED MEXICAN STOCKS

At the end of the first hour the market was steady, net unchanged to 4 points higher.

Cotton spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 10.70; middling gulf, 10.95; sales, 135 bales. Futures closed steady: July, 10.18; August, 10.17; September, 9.93; October, 9.81; November, 9.72; December, 9.76; January, 9.80; February, 9.81; March, 9.83.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street.

Stocks—	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	51¼	51½
Adventure	8⅞c	$1.00
Atlantic	9	9½
Allouez	8¼	8½
Arcadian	65c	$1.00
Elm River	2⅛	2⅜
Bingham	2⅝	25
Copper Range	55	55¼
Centennial	23¾	24
Calumet and Hecla		475
Calumet and Arizona		97
Calumet and Pittsburg		29
Lake Sup. and Pittsburg	30¾	32
Mass Royale	10½	11
Mass	4	4½
Michigan	4	4½
Mohawk		42¼
Mayflower	50c	$1.00
Mercur Gold	24	26
National		1
Old Colony	50c	$1.00
Old Dominion	12½	13½
Osceola	61½	62½
Parrott	14	15½
Quincy	24	24½
Rhode Island	85½	87
Santa Fe		80
Franklin	1½	1⅝
Shannon	5⅞	6
Tamarack	88	89
Trinity	8	8⅛
Tennessee Copper	28	31
Utah	37	37⅜
United States Mining	21⅝	21¾
United States Oil	10⅞	11
Victoria	3	3¼
Wolverine	76	76
Wyandot	65c	85c
Winona	7¼	7¾
Daly West	14¾	15
Calumet and Bisbee		4
Calumet and Corbin		6
Pittsburg and Duluth		30
Union Land	2	2½
Higgins		1

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston, to Paine, Webber & Co.: The war cloud which hung over the market yesterday lifted this morning and the operations for an advance in prices were resumed. Another favorable factor was a fall in foreign exchange which disposes of the possibility of gold exports for the present. There was a renewal of good buying in the coppers. We do not think the possibilities of continued activity and advancing prices have been lost and we would rather buy good stocks on reactions than sell them on rallies. We would, however, recommend profit-taking whenever the market has a sharp advance.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.

Creamery, prints	19
Dairies, fancy	14 @ 16
Packing stock	10½@ 11

EGGS.

Fresh	20

CHEESE.

Twins, full cream	10 @ 11
Twins, full cream, old	8
Full cream, young America	11 @ 11½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½
Limburger, full cream, cheese	12½
Primost	7

HONEY.

New fancy, white clover	15
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Goldenrod	14
Dark honey	14
Buckwheat, dark	14

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per lb	12½
Ohio, per lb	10
Maple syrup, per gal	1 00

PEAS AND BEANS.

Fancy navy, per bus	2 15 @ 2 25
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 20
Brown beans, fancy, bus	2 25

NUTS.

Filberts, per lb	12
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16
Coconnuts	50
Brazils, per lb	12
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8
Almonds	16
Mixed nuts	12

FRUITS.

Strawberries	2 00 @ 3 00
California peaches, per box	1 00
California plums, per box	1 50 @ 1 00
California apricots, per box	1 75
Pineapples	4 50 @ 4 75
Canteloupes, per crate	2 25 @ 2 50
Smyrna figs	1 00 @ 1 55
Bananas	2 00 @ 2 50
Lemons, per box	4 00 @ 4 50
Lemons, per box	3 25 @ 4 00
Dates, Fard, per box	1 25
Sugar walnut dates	1 10
California oranges	4 00 @ 4 50

VEGETABLES.

Lettuce, bushel	35
Green Onions	15
Pie plant, cwt	1 25
Spinach, bushel	45
Green beets, doz	25
Minn. wax beans, box	90 @ 1 00
Tomatoes, crate	75 @ 85
Potatoes, bushel	60 @ 65
Green peas, bushel	90 @ 1 00
Mushrooms	60
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	2 50
Turnips	1 25
Cabbage, crate	1 75 @ 2 00
Best cucumbers, doz	35

POP CORN.

Choice, per lb	3½
Rice corn, shelled	6

LIVE POULTRY.

Spring chickens	25
Hens	14
Ducks	15
Turkeys	12½@ 13
Geese	12

MEATS.

Beef	9½
Mutton	8½
Lard	7½
Pork loins	11
Veal	8

CIDER.

Common juice, half bbl	3 75
Fruit juice	6 50
Duffy cider	3 25

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, July 28.—Butter steady; creameries, 13@17c; dairies, 12@15c. Eggs firm; at mark, cases included, 12@16¼c. Cheese steady; dalsies, 8¾@9c; twins, 7¾@8c; Young Americas, 8@8¼c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, July 28.—Butter, irregular; prices unchanged; receipts, 8515. Cheese, quiet and steady; prices unchanged; receipts, 5417. Eggs, weak; prices unchanged; receipts, 9706.

VALUABLE HORSES KILLED.

New York, July 28.—While attending the sale of the Ryan horses at Brighton Beach today, E. L. Graves was informed that lightning had struck a stable at Gravesend and that several of his horses, among them Dinah Shad and Great Crossing, had been killed. Mr. Graves at once left for Gravesend to ascertain the extent of his loss.

Examination

For State Teachers' Certificates for First and Second grade will be held in the High schools, Duluth, Hibbing, Tower, Biwabik and Virginia, on August, 1, 2 and 3. 8:30 o'clock a. m.

A. T. PARK.

YOU WANT THE BEST; WE FURNISH IT.
"THE OLD RELIABLE"
MANLEY-McLENNAN AGENCY,
General Insurance and Surety Bonds.
Torrey Building, First Floor, Duluth, Minn.

MARINE NEWS

JULY WILL LEAD

Largest Month on Record For Coal Receipts at Duluth.

About Twice Quantity Received In July a Year Ago.

With four days yet remaining, the present month already holds the record for being the heaviest in point of coal receipts in the history of the port of Duluth. Up to last night fifty-nine boats had unloaded a total of 247,107 tons of coal at the local docks during the month of July, breaking all previous records. Up to this time the largest month in point of coal receipts, as recorded at the local customs office, was November, 1897, when 224,000 tons of the fuel were received at the Duluth docks. The total for last July was only 124,199 tons, brought to the head of the lakes by thirty-eight boats. The heaviest month in 1903 as far as receipts of coal were concerned was May, when 211,114 tons were received. May was the only month passing the 200,000 mark.

It is expected that the 300,000 mark will be nearly reached the present month. Coal is still arriving at the rate of from half a dozen to a dozen cargoes a day, a few cargoes of 5000 or 6000 tons with the smaller cargoes will bring the total for the month up to the 300,000 mark.

FIGURES AS TO WOLVIN.

Some interesting pictures of the Augustus B. Wolvin, with figures on size and capacity have been issued as souvenirs by the Milwaukee-Western Fuel company, to whom were consigned the 10,567 net tons of coal carried by the big boat on her record-breaking trip into Lake Michigan. The pictures refer to the boat as the yellow monster and call attention to the fact that the cargo was equivalent to 423 cars of 25 tons each, or 14 trains of 30 cars each, which would extend over three miles of track.

TO DRY DOCK.

The H. G. Dalton will go into the dry dock tomorrow for some slight repairs.

GRAIN RATES SETTLED.

Chicago, July 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Grain rates have settled at 1 cent for small lots and ¾ cents for full cargoes, in case vesselmen cannot force the price to ⅞ cents according to conditions in each deal. The demand is very limited at these rock bottom prices. A Rutland line steamer has been held here since last Saturday, while the agent has been unable to fill out the cargo.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, July 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Alfred Mitchell, 9:10 Wednesday night; Spencer, 9

THE TIGER GOOD

The Lid Is Reported Still on In New York.

Prophets of Evil Utterly Confounded By Tammany's Record.

New York, July 28.—Six months and two weeks of Tammany administration of the city are past As the entire term is but two years, something over one-fourth of Mayor McClellan's administration is a matter of record. It is, therefore, an apt time and a reasonable interval to examine that record and see how it compares with the former administration of Mayor Low, and how far it fulfills those Jeremiads which were so loudly uttered when Tammany emerged from the campaign last November with victory and a majority of 60,000 votes to its credit, says Mark Sullivan in a special dispatch to the Boston Transcript.

It will add to the interest of the comparison if the atmosphere of that campaign, the vividness of the anticipation as to what Tammany would do with its prize, be reproduced somewhat by quoting one or two of those same Jeremiads. And in quoting them, first place belongs, by virtue of its loudness, by virtue of the dismal prophecy of its wail, to the utterance of Rev. Mr. Parkhurst.

"Last Tuesday," he said, "God took the lid off hell, and let us smell some of the smoke. And now we are only seven weeks from the edge of another pit. With the first of January will commence two more years of hell on earth. We are going to have twenty-four months of open city. People are going to have all the gambling, all the whisky, all the licentiousness they want—and they want a great deal. The new administration comes in with the deliberate intention of promoting drunkenness, gambling and debauchery, as so much material to be turned into dollars."

Even the Evening Post spoke as follows: "What attitude has the press to observe during the coming two years of Tammany rule? That of sleepless vigilance and merciless exposure. We are in for another regime of corruption. It would be silly to cherish any illusions about this. The police force will revert to the old system of barter and sale; blackmail will rear its unblushing face; vice will once more be allowed to buy the privilege of corrupting young and old. It has been in essence, a triumph of evil men; hell was stirred from beneath last night in the worst quarters of this city to welcome the Tammany victory. As to McClellan it would be folly for people with their eyes open to imagine that he can be other than he has been—a pliant and complacent tool of Tammany. Even if he were a Cleveland and a Roosevelt rolled into one, he would be tied, hand and foot, by Tammany's control of all the rest of the city government. The less we expect of him, the slighter will be our disappointment."

Now if this organ of reform has carried out its promise of "sleepless vigilance" it must have discovered that there is in this city a general feeling among all classes that New York is enjoying the most efficient government, from a business point of view, and as clean a one from an honest point of view, as it ever has had. District Attorney Jerome, who, during the campaign, made a bitter attack upon Mr. McClellan for "bringing disgrace upon an honored name," has, with characteristic frankness, paid public tribute to the sincerity and success of the effort made by Tammany and Mayor McClellan to give the city a clean and efficient government.

Now why has the universal expectation been disappointed? Of many reasons, perhaps the first to deserve mention is a change in the very fountain spring of the present government in the person of the head of Tammany Hall. Murphy differs from Croker in many respects, chief of all that he is to a large degree free from that greed for money which led Croker to organize the vice of the city into a tribute-bearing host. Murphy differs further from the old leader in a certain refinement of person, even within his confessed limitations. There is no longer in Tamany Hall that distatorial, autocratic sternness, that sort of dominance by virtue of sheer animal force which made men—not mere minions, but men who stood high in the Hall—literally jump and fawn at the leader's growl.

The writer has been told that when, a few weeks ago, Tammany put into force its remarkably effective ban against the poolrooms, a delegation from one of the districts came to Mr. Murphy and told him that 22 of the best Tammany workers in one district had been earning ten dollars a day each as expert poolroom employes—fully twice as much as they were fitted to earn in any legitimate occupation by their natural capacity and education. Tammany's spasm of virtue had taken the bread and butter from their mouths. In former days the leader of Tammany Hall might well have been alarmed by this demonstration of the discontent that prevails in the rank and file of Tammany. Such a spirit would promptly express itself in the election of new district leaders, a new executive committee and new leader of Tammany Hall. But under the new rules which makes the executive committee practically self-perpetuating Murphy is impregnable.

Murphy has the most autocratic power of any leader of Tammany in its history. Of the 35 members of the executive committee, 31 are said to bear him a personal allegiance which will follow him in the enforcement of any policy, however unreasonable it may seem to the rank and file.

Moreover, Murphy has another reason for being virtuous. It is good policy. It is his only means of gathering all the Democrats in New York into his fold, of making it impossible for Hill and the other leaders of the state Democracy to form an anti-Tammany Democratic organization in New York city.

The next reason for the surprising cleanness of the present administration, perhaps the reason that ought to have been mentioned first, lies in the character of McClellan. As Murphy lacks Croker's greed for money, so does McClellan lack this same characteristic, as well as about every other trait that made notorious the boorish Van Wyck. His ambition is for high esteem. The most practical respect in which he differs from Low is in his greater business efficiency. If you will go to a meeting of the board of estimate and apportionment, you will see the alertness and rapidity with which the mayor dispatches public business. Those meetings begin at 10:30 every Friday morning. Since McClellan began to preside over them they have never failed to wind up the tedious and multitudinous details of their business before lunch. Under the chairmanship of Low, they never failed to have an adjourned session after lunch, nor to drone along until 4 or 5 o'clock in the afternoon. All of this executive capacity Mayor McClellan gives with pride and enthusiasm to the city. All his time and thought are devolved to an ambitious determination to make a noteworthy record as mayor.

The same organ of reform before quoted once said that "the Angel Gabriel could not have succeeded where Mayor Low failed." In the light of recent history, well known to all men, this is really rather exaggerated praise of Tammany, even from this dispassionate source.

To be sure the millennium has not come; and Tammany has not departed from the ancient axiom that the fruits of victory belong to the organization. It is to be noticed that the two appointments of heads of departments which earned universal approbation for McClellan, were in those two departments which come under most public notice—the appointment of McAdoo as head of the police, and the retention of Major Woodbury (Low's own appointee) as head of the street cleaning department. With these departments honestly and effectively administered, it will not be easy to focus public attention on the remaining departments. For these latter offices, the appointees were selected as rewards for party services.

Mayor McClellan's record may well be spoken of as practically spotless. One important test of his intentions came soon after he assumed his office. The legislature was in session and some 60 bills were introduced which related to New York city and which were denounced by the watchful Citizens' union and other reform organizations as iniquitous salary grabs. Under the charter, the mayor has a veto power on such bills after they pass the legislature, and it is the testimony of the reform organizations that he vetoed every bill that the reformers regarded as tainted. In other words, he proved more trustworthy than the legislature.

All in all Tammany rule is pretty good rule. How long it will continue is, of course, another ste-

BAND CARNIVAL AT SUPERIOR

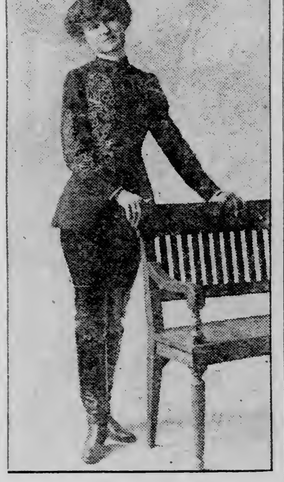
Plenty of Fun and Amusement Without Obnoxious Features.

Just a week from next Monday will witness the ushering in of the greatest amusement week in the history of Superior. Commencing with Monday evening's performance, the Superior band will present the great Mundy shows for the entire week as a free street fair and midsummer carnival. There will be upwards of a dozen high class attractions, replete with life, color, music, mirth and fun enough for all without dangerous adjuncts, such as rubber balls or vulgar exhibitions, No Oriental dancers, no monstrosities, nor anything which might prove a discomfort, or offensive.

The great Mundy shows will furnish enough attractions of the finest possible quality to satisfy, it is believed, every true lover of innocent fun, clean shows and wholesome entertainment.

Aside from Col. Mundy's personal preference in the matter, the maintenance of all shows in a clean and moral manner is a proper move from a business standpoint as well, for in every community the better element of citizens outnumber those of a baser character, and thus the Munday company caters only to the majority. Words from Fond du Lac, taken from the Daily Reporter of July 2, says:

"Several thousand people surged through the carnival streets last night and went in a steady stream down 'the Pike' to the scene of beauty and lavish decoration at First and Macy streets. Unlike many other carnival companies the Mundy aggregation is filled with absolutely free attractions. Merely to gaze on the beautiful fronts of the numerous shows is well worth a trip to the scene, but there stands the high ladder towering over 100 feet, from the apex of which Marvello, and right well he is named, dives into a tiny tank of water twice a day. The costumes of the people, the great animal show, the splendid hippidrome, beautiful Lotta, wonder creation, the fine band concerts, the oratory of George Johnson, the brilliantly lighted arneas, loop the loop, loop the gap and numerous other attractions, together with the surging crowds, make a joyous and delightful free show such as one seldom sees in a lifetime. In passing it might be said that the advance man of the carnival had promised the people of Fond du Lac many great things. The carnival company, by its performance last night, not only equalled all his promises, but really surpassed them in every particular. Every show is clean, high class and absolutely free from even the remotest objections of impropriety. This city has seen numerous carnival companies, but never in its hostory has it looked upon one of the independent class of high order of merit where even more than the apparently extravagant claims of the press agent are verified over and over again."



MADAME VAN GORTER,
Who is a celebrity both in Europe and America as the most daring woman who has ever entered an arena of mixed wild beasts. Her performance in the Mundy Wild Animal show never fails to awaken the enthusiasm of the audience.

SCHLITZ The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous.
Duluth Branch, 35 E. Railroad St.
'Phone—Zenith 358.

CLARK FOR GOVERNOR

Nominated By the Wisconsin State Prohibition Convention.

Madison, Wis., July 28.—The Wisconsin Prohibition convention made these nominations today:

Governor—W. H. Clark, Ripon.

Lieutenant Governor—George H. Trever, Whitewater.

Secretary of State—Charles L. Hill, La Croose.

Treasurer—John Berg, Holman.

Attorney General—Malthew Moot, Neenah.

Railroad Commissioner—Alfred Meling, Milwaukee.

Insurance Commissioner—Jasper Dexter, Cambria.

CITY BRIEFS.

Irving D. Burgh, formerly manager for the Lamb Lumber company at La Crosse, Wis., has accepted the management of the Duluth Lumber company and will move his family to this city. Mr. Burgh was a member of the board of trade at La Crosse and belonged to other business organizations, besides his social and fraternal connections.

Roy Mac Kenzie was fined $1 and costs yesterday afternoon in the municipal court for having assaulted M. P. Shea. Mac Kenzie claimed that he thought Shea had insulted his wife who was walking along the Bowery. Mr. Shea denied that he had even addressed Mrs. Mac Kenzie and his statement was borne out by two companions of Shea's and Mrs. MacKenzie herself.

Romney Kelley, who is under parole from the municipal court, was arrested this morning by Detective Irving for creating a disturbance in Cook's restaurant. He was arraigned in the municipal court before Judge Windom on a charge of disorderly conduct. His hearing will be held tomorrow.

Launches for rent. Patterson, 6th av. W.

The Silberstein & Bondy Co. announce for tomorrow a big sale of remnants and short lengths in their wash goods and white goods section.

Friday and Saturday ends our discount sale. See "Brenton" today or tomorrow sure if you want 20 per cent off your order. Brenton, Phoenix block.

Miss Sylvia De Brock and Frank Tillman, two Belgians residing at Allouez Bay, Superior, were united in marriage yesterday afternoon by Probate Judge J. B. Middlecoff.

Dr. J. A. McCuen, of this city, has filed his affidavit for the Republican nomination of coroner of St. Louis county.

About 125 members of the A. O. U. W. of Duluth took a trip to Superior last night to surprise the brethern of the order in North Star lodge of that city, and the consequence was a festive time in the North Star temple. The local contingent took a lot of good things to eat with them and the fun lasted until midnight.

PERSONAL.

T. G. Vaughn has gone to Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Louis for two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Calvin F. How have returned from an outing at Isle Royale and are entertaining at their home at Lester Park. Miss Winnifred Titus, of Oshkosh, Wis., and Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Crassweiler, of Tacoma, Wash.

C. F. How, Jr., who has been at Tacoma for the past several months, has returned to his home in this city.

Mrs. G. H. Nichols and son, George, have returned home after a two weeks' visit in Fargo, N. D. Mrs. Nichols' mother, who lives in Le Seuer, Minn., returned with her.

Walter Fitch leaves this evening for Champion.

W. G. Taylor has gone to Chicago.

W. F. Yale and F. S. Yale have gone to San Francisco.

J. G. Fellows left today for Boston.

Prof. C. Schoffner has gone to the Pacific coast.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Marshall leave today for the Pacific coast.

Mrs. F. W. Sinsiba has gone to Chicago.

Miss L. Hannagan left today for Cleveland.

Newman Kline, assistant general superintendent of the Northern Pacific, was in the city today, as was also C. W. Mott, immigration agent of the company. Assistant General Passenger Agent A. B. Smith passed through on his way from Brainerd to St. Paul.

Rev. John Callahan leaves today for Hurley, Wis., where he will address the sixth annual session of the Northland summer school and Bible conference.

Misses Levy, 120 East Fourth street, are entertaining their cousin, Miss Hilda Hirschman, of St. Paul.

Mrs. J. D. Coleman and children left this afternoon for a visit at Minneapolis.

Dr. Phillip J. Plenge, professor of economics and banking at Leipsig, is in Duluth today. He is in this country to study American resources and methods of manufacture. The professor leaves tonight for the range, where he will visit the mines and inspect methods of taking out the iron ore.

America Still Leads.

In the book recently published by the British Board of Trade the United States stood pre-eminently supreme in all of the comparative tables. The Britishers willingly concede that the average wage level here is much higher than theirs. It is also willingly conceded by everyone that, for the cure of all stomach and bowel disorders, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters stands pre-eminently supreme. Its wonderful curative properties have made it a favorite in thousands of homes where it is used to the exclusion of all other remedies. It is so safe that every member of the family can take it with the assurance that it positively cures poor appetite, insomnia, nausea, belching, indigestion, dyspepsia, dizziness, cramps, pain in the back or malaria. We urge you to try a bottle.

PACKERS' TRUST

How It Gobbled the Stockyards to Help Control Prices.

Railroads Were In Many Instances With the Packers.

Chicago, July 28.—One phase of the packers' monopoly that is of peculiar interest is the control of the stockyards. The first issue which was raised between the packers and the cattlemen when the trust was first being organized, was over the stockyards. The packers saw the importance of controlling these great clearing houses of the live stock trade. The cattlemen did not appreciate it so quickly.

In the early days of the live stock business the cattlemen looked upon the stockyards as neutral fighting ground. Many of them intrusted their business to commission men, but they knew that when their cattle went into the pens there would be spirited bidding for their product, and that they would receive full value for their animals. In those days they were on good terms with the packers, and were known as Bill, Joe and Jerry. They feasted with the packers and their agents. It was a "high, wide and handsome" business. Fair prices were freely given and money freely spent.

The packers first saw that their interest was in controlling the stockyards and the commission men who acted for the cattlemen. The cattlemen were on the plains except for a few weeks in the year, and no one was in the markets to look after their interests. The packers took the long dry season to perfect their plans. Inch by inch they moved against the stockyards and the cattlemen. They placed the commission men under subjection and by this time his thralldom is so complete that he cannot buy a drink, or in any way entertian the western cattle raisers. He must treat them with cold austerity except at certain seasons of the year, when he may mingle with them upon terms of friendship.

To sum it up the packers have at last secured control of all the great stockyards of the west, excepting that of Kansas City, and it is doubtful if that has more than a mite of independence left. The stock in the Kansas City stockyards is largely held in Boston and vicinity. The president of the board is Charles Francis Adams, who has made a valiant fight for his friends.

Many years ago the packers began their fight against the stockyards. The railroads, which really should have stood by the stockyards, on account of their interest in them as termini, were in many instances with the packers. This is accounted for by the fact that many of the railroad officials had special interest in the packing business. The greatest of these fights was that against the Union stockyards of Chicago. It now has its own independent corporation, but is entirely within the control of the packers. This is so generally recognized that the cattlemen accept it as an agent of the packing grtust.

The assault against the Kansas City stockyards has been strong and long. About two years ago it developed that several hundred acres of land had been purchased by the agents of the packers in the vicinity of the Kansas City stockyards. It was not only located with fair convenience for railroad termini, but it was a known fast that the railways were considering a change.

It was due to the wisdom of the managers of the stockyards that an amicable arrangement was made with the packers. Just what these arrangements were is not known, but they amply protect the stockyards' interests. The Kansas City stockyards is the only one which has really won in the fight against the packers. They have preserved their independence.

The packers really do not care so much about the profits of the stockyards as they do about the control of the supply of live stock. This control is essential to their monopoly. The packers want to make of the stockyards the same agencies that they have in the refrigerator car lines.

In all the new centers of the packing industry the packers see to it that they controlthe stockyards. When there is some doubt they locate the stockyards at a distance from other packing industries and refuse to let competitors have any opportunity to bid. If the seller at the stockyard ships his cattle to another he finds that his animals have been blacklisted and he is given no price worthy of his stock.

The importance of controlling these stockyards is illustrated by the work of Leavitt, the high salaried buyer for Swift & Co. He seems to work for all the other stock buyers as an indicator of prices. He travels from stockyards to stockyards and his movements are made known by a readjustment of prices. He arbitrarily declares that certain stock will not "grade," and that the price should be lowered. He can give fair reason for his decisions and the stock raisers are compelled to submit.

J. M. Gidding & Co. Superior Street and First Avenue West. J. M. Gidding & Co.

SUMMER WAISTS at Less Than Half.

IMPORTED WAISTS, of fine linen, in blue, ecru and white—hand embroidered, button in back; worth from $7.50 to $12.50—at $3.50.

SILK WAISTS in peau de soie, crepe de chine and China silk, in black, blue, cream and white—some handsomely trimmed, others smartly tailored; regular $7.50—to close out, $3.75.

New Autumn Styles in "Tourist" Coats, "Tourist" Suits and Separate Skirts.

TOURIST COATS—three-quarter length, loose fitting; some with belt all around; others across the back only — of English suitings — from $12.50 to $45.00.

TOURIST SUITS—45-inch length coats with butcher back, belt and broad shoulders, in a variety of materials—$22.50, $32.50, $35.00.

"The Style Store." J M Gidding & Co WOMENS OUTFITTERS "The Style Store."

THE EVENING STORY.

THE WIDOW MAYFIELD

By Julia Truitt Bishop.

(Copyright, 1904, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Hon. Derwent Blake had not meant in the least to take the road that led through his old home village, Littleton, but after a swift moment of indecision he had found himself on the tap road that led through Littleton, instead of on the main line, where he should have been. Then, as he approached Littleton he had gone to the platform with no other object than to look out at the once familiar buildings and down the unforgotten streets; and behold, here he was at the station, with the smoke of his train disappearing in the distance. All this because his feet had taken him resolutely back to the scene of an old heartache, when he would have given a great deal to be convinced that the heartache was gone and forgotten, and that he could marry the senators' daughter, as policy had over and over suggested. When he had flung himself out of this town six years ago it was with money and no ambition but to get far away from the girl who was going to marry Tom Mayfield. If circumstances had taken him up and forced him to the front in that faraway country where he had made his home, he had taken no part except to devote himself to business with the hope of forgetting.

And he thought he had forgotten; and it was with a little thrill of pride that he found how the senator's pretty daughter blushed at his coming and lowered her conscious eyes when he spoke to her. So much was opening up before him—there were such possibilities in this new country—never mind about the old life, with all its disappointments. He would go to Washington—yet the senator himself had hinted delicately that this might be within the range of possibilities.

And here he found himself on the Littleton platform, with the train smoke disappearing in the distance, and an old man whom he knew sitting on a box at the door of the warehouse.

"Well, well!" said the old man a little later, peering at him curiously from beneath his shaggy brows. "An' you're little Der'ent Blake, that growed up right aroun' these streets! An' you a member of the legislatur' out thar! I wisht I'd 'a' knowed you was goin' to do that when you was younger—maybe I wouldn't 'a' lammed ye like what I done when I cotched ye up my bes' pear tree!"

"That's all right—I'm sorry you let me off so easy," said Derwent, slipping back to the language of his younger days. "I've been gone a long time and haven't heard anything about—about anybody. Suppose you sit down here and tell me all you can think of."

The old man made room on the pine box and hugged one knee reflectively.

"The' ain't much happened," he said, as a result. "'Pears like things is been kind o' quiet 'roun' here sence you lef'—I reckin you kep' 'em stirred up pretty consid'ble. Ol' Blink Easman—he's dead."

The narrator's manner lapsed into a chastened enjoyment. "Blink's trouble was that he never could remember how old he was, an' he come a hoppin' down the steps an' broke his fool neck. Blink was gittin' mighty old. He was at leas' seven year older'n what I was."

Hon. Derwent Blake's indifference to Blink's tragic fate was painful to see.

"Who lives in the old white house on the hill?" he asked with an effort. He was looking the other way from the house on the hill.

"Widder Mayfield," said the old man, letting one knee down and hugging the other one.

"A widow—a widow?" gasped Derwent, turning to him with a whitened face. "Do you mean—is he dead?"

"Been dead about five year," said the old man. "Oh, yes, he's dead. I'd 'a' thought you'd 'a' heerd. You see, Tom, he went to Africa—"

The old man heard a movement and looked around. His auditor was some distance away, going along the street toward the white house on the hill.

But he did not intend to go there—not in the least. He intended to go near enough to look over the gate, and then come away, and take the next train for his destination, and go home afterwards and marry the senator's daughter. This was what he intended to do all the way up the hill, and until he had unlatched the gate. Then his feet walked straight up the path, and his hand rung the doorbell. He was incapable of thought for some seconds—until the door opened and she stood there, fair as a white flower in her blue dress.

"Annie!" he said, holding out his hand a little way; and what little color had been in her face forsook it utterly.

"Is it you, Derwent?" she asked in a voice that was somewhat shaken from the steady calm she had been at such pains to teach it. "Come in. The servant was so busy—so I opened the door."

He followed her into the parlor—the old, familiar parlor.

"I was just passing through," he explained, haltingly. "I stopped for a day to see if any of my old friends remembered me."

"Some of them do," she murmured. She was looking out of the window.

"I heard—I heard down at the station that you were left a widow," he resumed, staring at the book on the table. She turned slowly toward him, but did not speak.

"I am sorry that you have had trouble—and—bereavement," he went on, stumbling miserably in his usually ready speech. And then all at once he found language coming from the depths of that old heartache, which was not forgotten.

"I thought it was all over—or, at least, that I had gotten over the past," he said, with rapid speech. "But now I know it will never be over. What I was—whatever I might have been—I gave it all to you in those old days—and would have given it to you if you would have let me speak that night. And the next day I heard that you were going to marry Tom—and I went away. I have not come here to make you that offer of love—it is too late now—and even if you could love me—but this is annoying you, I know. One doesn't speak one's heart out with much eloquence—but you won't be angry, Annie, if I shake hands and go away—telling you that I never can forget—and that I never can marry any other woman?"

She stood up. She was very pale, but he did not look at her till she had reached the door and had turned her face toward him.

"Tom's mother lives here—with me," she said—and a little flood of color rushed up into the pale face. "She has been a widow five years. Tom is in South Africa. She lives here because she is alone—and I am alone."

A palpitating rose light was in her face. Her eyes had fallen. He stared at her, too dazed to comprehend.

"Annie!" he whispered, at last; "Annie—say it over again. I am not sure I understand. Tom—your husband—is in Africa—"

"I spoke of Tom Mayfield," she said, shyly, reaching behind her with one hand for the door knob. "My name is Annie Gray—just as it used to be. Would you like to see Mrs. Mayfield?"

She found the door knob just then, but Hon. Derwent Blake found it the same moment, and closed the door softly, but firmly.

"But—but you were going to marry Tom—when I went away—they told me that," he said. "Wait a moment, Annie—let's have it out. And you wouldn't let me speak that night—"

"I was frightened," she murmured, "because I knew what you were going to say—and so I ran away and hid in my room. Oh, Derwent, you might have known!"

It was her one faint note of reproach for six years of sorrow. The newly-elected member of the legislature laid his humbled brow down against the hand he had taken from the door knob. "And they send people like—us—to the legislature—" he cried.

In her far-away home the senator's daughter was filling vases and bowls and urns with fresh flowers.

"He may come tonight," she said.

D. S. S. & A. Ry. Bargains.

Boston and return, $25.75.

Tickets on sale Aug. 11, 12 and 13. Final return limit, Sept. 30. Through sleepers, Aug. 1. Albany, N. Y. and return, $38.20; Boston, Mass., and return, $40.50; New York, N. Y., and return, $41.90; Montreal, Quebec, and return, $33; Quebec, Que., and return, $38.55; St. John, N. H., and return, $50; Toronto, Ont., and return, $25.90.

Tickets on sale daily until Sept. 30, valid for return passage until Oct. 31. Proportionate rates to intermediate points. Sault Ste. Marie, St. Ignace and Mackinac Island and return, $12.50.

Tickets on sale every Friday. Good for return passage until the following Wednesday.

Detroit, Mich., and return, $16; Toledo, Ohio, and return, $17; Cleveland, Ohio, and return, $18; Buffalo, N. Y., and return, $20.70.

Tickets on sale every Friday, until Aug. 26, valid for return pasage until Sept. 15.

CITY TICKET OFFICE,
430 Spalding Hotel Block.

Nearing Conclusion.

It is expected that the case of Herman E. Laffitte against Thomas Bailey, as sheriff of Beltrami county, and M. D. Stoner, will go to the jury late this afternoon. It has been on trial before Judge Page Morris in federal court since last Friday morning.

With the conclusion of the Laffitte trial only one more case, that of L. S. Claggett against the township of Duluth, remains for trial at the present term of court. The Laffitte case is the last of the jury trials. The action brought by Claggett involves the legality of a recent bond issue.

Colorado and Utah Excursions

On sale daily until Sept. 30, excursion tickets via "The North-Western Line" to Denver, Colorado Springs, at $30.65, and to Salt Lake, Utah, at $42.60. Tickets bear return limit October 31. City Ticket Office, 302 West Superior street.

CHILDREN LOVERS

Travel Seven Thousand Miles to Get Married.

Jeffersonville, Ind., July 28.—S. E. Short of Franklin, Tenn., and Miss M. A. Smith, of St. Louis, made application here for a license to marry. He is 19 years old and she is 17. They left the city disappointed.

"We have traveled 700 miles," said Short, "and everywhere we go we are turned down on account of our ages. If I was willing to perjure myself or anybody else it would be an easy matter to secure the necessary papers, but I do not care to run that risk on account of my sweetheart, who belongs to a prominent family in St. Louis, and whose good name I shall protect at all hazard.

"We first made application in New Albany, and, being refused there, we crossed the river to Louisville. We were told over there that it would be an easy matter to secure a license in Jeffersonville, 'Indiana's Gretna Green.'"

Miss Smith is pretty and has the manners of a spoiled school girl. She was attired in a white street dress, and dug the earth impatiently with the toe of her trim little boot when told that Short had again met with failure. "Well, what shall we do next?" she asked of Short.

"Keep on traveling," he replied, as he exhibited a big roll of money. "I have enough left here to take us several thousand miles yet."

Miss Smith explained that they eloped from St. Louis Tuesday night. "Papa objects to Mr. Short because he is a grass widower," and Miss Smith burst forth into a ripple of laughter, "as though that made any difference," she said, biting her lips to keep back her mirth. "I am afraid the joke will be on us, though, if we can't get those hateful papers."

The couple left for Louisville, where they stated they would take a train for Gallatin, Tenn., as a last chance.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE

Is a sure cure for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Poisoned Wounds, all sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Cures also Cuts, Burns, Boils, Felons, Carbuncles, Abscesses. For sale by druggists. 15c, 25c and 50c. J. F. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

IN THE CLOSING HOURS

Of our Discount Sale we won't be too busy to give you proper attention and advice in making a selection for a Suit, an Overcoat, or a pair of Dressy Trousers—

6 O'CLOCK, SATURDAY EVENING,

Ends our generous offer of TWENTY PER CENT OFF ALL ORDERS. There is yet time to take advantage of this liberal discount. Come in and see the splendid line of fabrics to select from—COME IN TOMORROW OR SATURDAY.

HIGH-CLASS TAILORING.

BRENTON,

HIGH-CLASS FABRICS.

Phoenix Block, Fourth Avenue West and Superior Street.

Yesterday, Today, Tomorrow, Always

The Herald for Want Advertising. Quick, Unfailing Results Have Made The Herald the Want Medium of Duluth.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.

$2200 Buys 200 foot corner on Fourth street—street and avenue improved—central—a snap either for improvement or speculation.

$1000 Buys 80 acres best farming land in the county on fine road close to city, and very easy to put under cultivation—this offering is worthy of investigation.

$225 Buys lot in Portland division—Eleventh avenue east and Seventh street.

$650 Six-room house—one-quarter cash, balance easy terms. 6 per cent. Duluth Heights.

$750 Five-room cottage, graded street; lot and half of ground; ¼ cash, balance easy terms.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.
Mortgage Loans—Fire Insurance.
220 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

BARGAINS IN HOMES.
Two good homes for sale at very low prices

$2100 Buys an eight room house arranged for one or two families. Has furnace heat, hardwood floors in some of the rooms, hardwood banister and stairway, city water, sewer, and closet, bath room, nickel plumbing, enamel bath tub, barn for two horses, and carriage room. Lot on upper side of street and 50x140 in size. $500 cash, balance easy terms. Must be sold, as owner is leaving city. Only twenty minutes ride on car line.

$6500 Buys a beautiful home on West Fourth street, near First avenue. Lot 50x140 on upper side of street. House is in good condition and has twelve rooms. Modern bath room and plumbing, wash basins, hot water heat, gas, electric lights, two fire places and mantels, hardwood floors and finish. Good stone foundation and basement. Good barn. Apply to

GEO. H. CROSBY,
105-6-7-8 PROVIDENCE BLDG.

BURRELL & HARMON,
No. 3 So. First Ave. E.,
BOTH 'PHONES.
FURNACE HEATING EXPERTS.
Agents for Strictly First-class Furnaces.
ROOFING WORK—all kinds—Cornice and Skylights, Steel Ceilings.
Tin and Sheet Iron Work of all kinds.

WE MAKE
REAL ESTATE LOANS
THAT MAKE SATISFIED CUSTOMERS.
It will pay you to investigate our methods before borrowing.
R. M. NEWPORT 302 Lonsdale Bdg.
F. I. Salter, Agent

West Duluth Properties

No. 222 south 59th avenue. Ten room house and 25 foot lot. Near street car line, blast furnace and car works—price only **$850**

No. 613 57th avenue. Six room house with city water, price..... **$950**

No. 220 51st avenue. Large house occupied by two families, rents for $144. Can sell on easy terms— price **$1050**

Eight room house and six fifty foot lots in Oneota—near street car line, church and school—price only **$2100**

N. J. UPHAM CO
400 BURROWS BUILDING.

BUY HOMES NOW—
WHILE THEY ARE CHEAP.

$1200 Nice 5-room cottage; city water; street improved; two blocks from street car; West End.

$1400 New 7-room house on graded street; water and sewer in street. One block from street car; West End.

$1400 8-rooms almost new; city water; lot 50x140 feet; easy terms; near 39th avenue west.

$1750 7-rooms; city water; fine condition, fronting Lincoln Park.

T. G. VAUGHAN,
400 LONSDALE BUILDING.
Telephone 789.

LITTLE & HOLTE DULUTH, MINN.
BONDS and LOANS

$950 7-room house in Endion, $150 cash; $10 monthly.

$600 6-room house, West Duluth, $100 cash, $10 monthly.

$700 5-room cottage, Duluth Heights, $75 cash, $10 monthly.

$2650 6-room modern house, 50 feet. London road.

$3500 New 7-room modern house. East End.

ECKSTEIN & EBY,
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
300 Exchange building. Zenith 'phone 338.

$4000 Takes 7-room, modern house, fifty-foot lot, on East Second

$4500 Takes 50 feet and 7-room house on Third street in center of city. A bargain!

$3000 Takes 7-room modern house on East Third street.

A. C. VOLK & CO. 202-203 Palladio Bldg.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

LAND! LAND!

For sale in section 13-51-14, sections 15-21 and 22, township 51, range 13. This soil is of the very best—comparatively free from stones and on some of it the timber will pay for the land—sold in 10-20-40 and 80 acre tracts to suit on reasonable payments. Handy to street car and on good county roads. Price from $15 to $25 per acre. Cheaper land farther away.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
165-6-7-8 Providence Building.

West Duluth.

Now is the time to buy in West Duluth. Prices are low, and the industries on a more solid basis than ever before. The outlook for the future is bright.

I am offering a good double house with two full lots on Sixty-first avenue. Nos. 616 and 618—eight rooms for **$1000** only .....

And will sell at auction at my office at 10 a. m., July 27, about twenty vacant lots. See list on real estate page July 23.

D. W. SCOTT,
Zenith 'phone 685.
10 MESABA BLOCK.

5 Acres with House and Stable near Woodland Park Street Car Line. Price only $850. A good bargain—quick sale.
GEO. R. LAYBOURN, 14 Phoenix Blk.

$5400 for 3 houses and 50x140 foot lot on the upper side of Fourth street, in the heart of the business district. Investment nets 13 per cent; $2000 cash balance in 5 years or more at 6 per cent. Lot alone worth $4500. For sale exclusively by

R. B. Knox & Co
Real Estate, Fire Insurance, Burglary, Accident and Health Insurance, Loans and Rentals.

NEW HOUSES

ON MONTHLY PAYMENT PLAN. A neat well built cottage with five (5) good size rooms, vestibule, closets, pantry and wood shed with lot 40x100, centrally located in West End for $1600. $200 cash and balance $10 per month. Will be completed in six weeks.

$300 Cash and $15 a month will buy a six room house and lot 37½x100 on Tenth avenue west, corner Fourth street. Will be ready for occupancy in four weeks. Why live in an old house and pay high rent when you can buy a new house with the same money you are paying out for rent? Own your own home and be independent.

5% Money to Loan 5%
Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.
216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED — POSITNON BY YOUNG man as stenographer or bookkeeper. Have had some experience. Salary very reasonable. D 72, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED — CORNELL graduate desires position as office assistant or clerk. Address, Herald D 69.

EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER DESIRES position as substitute for the months of August and September. Address Twenty-fourth street, Park Point, care of L. Merritt.

WANTED—SITUATION, CHEMIST AND assayist; Cornell graduate. One year practical experience. Address D 64, Herald.

EXPERIENCED LICENSED ELEVATOR boy wants position. D 60, Herald.

WANTED—A POSITION BY YOUNG man; two years' experience in grocery and confectionery business; best of references. Address C 22, Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED — POSITION BY EXPERIenced stenographer of sixteen months' experience. Can furnish best of references. Address, B 86, Herald.

YOUNG LADY WITH EXPERIENCE wants position as bookkeeper. B 23, Herald.

YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE DRESSmaking by the day out in family. Address E 24, Herald.

WANTED—BY WOMAN, HOUSEWORK of any kind in hotel or restaurant. D 74, Herald.

LADY WANTS SEWING BY DAY OR week. Address D 65, Herald.

MEDICAL.

FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. R. G. RAYmond's Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; relief in three to five days. We have never known of a single failure. Mail orders promptly filled. Price $2. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy Co., room 69, 84 Adams St., Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE—HOUSES.

FOR SALE — 35-ROOM BOARDING house with sixty-five boarders, in center of city; will clear $150 per month. H, Herald.

FOR SALE — 5-ROOM HOUSE, SPLENdid condition, graded street; easy payments. Address Owner, Herald.

FOR SALE—NICE HOME IN WEST Duluth. City water in house. Ask J. B. Flack, justice of peace.

FOR SALE—SIX ROOM HOUSE, CORner lot, and stable, on street car line, price $725; part cash and balance in monthly payments. Address 2382 Highland avenue, Duluth Heights.

ASHES REMOVED.

J. J. MAHER. BOTH 'PHONES, 48.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

LAUNCHES FOR RENT.
LAUNCHES FOR RENT.
Open and covered. Duluth Gas Engine works, two blocks below ferry landing, Minnesota Point. Bell phone 370-R.

SAFES. SAFES. SAFES.
Fire and burglar proof safes. Vaults, doors and vault linings. Deposit boxes, messenger boxes. Latest improved bank safe, square and screw door. Full line of second-hand safes. Safes repaired and combination changed.
J. S. RAY & CO., 410 W. Sup. St.

FOR SALE—TWO FINE ENGLISH AND Llewelyn setters, well broken for chickens or quail; cheap. L. Gillett, Scanlon, Minn.

FOR SALE—CHILD'S SLEEPING COT, at a bargain. 202 East Third street.

FOR SALE — COOK STOVE, BASE burner, chairs, stands, waffle irons, oak bedstead, springs, dresser and commode, spring cot, etc; in a lump or singly. Call 322 First avenue East.

FOR SALE — RESTAURANT, CHEAP; well located, with good patronage. Address C 51, Herald.

GET THAT PICTURE FRAMED AT once. Temple Art Store is closing out all frames and pictures at cost. 211 East Superior street.

No home complete without an up-to-date iron fence. We sell them. Also vases, lawn furniture, such as settees. Iron rabbits and fountains. Let us beautify your home. We have the goods, if you have the money.
J. S. RAY & CO.,
410 West Superior street.
'Phone 162, Zenith.

MUSIC AND MUSICAL MERCHANDISE —Edison's phonograph, band and orchestra instruments, pianos, organs. Haakonsen & Westgaard, Duluth's leading music store.

PATENTS OBTAINED FOR INVENTors. J. T. Watson, specialist, Palladio building.

FOR SALE—COWS.

FOR SALE—TWO FRESH JERSEY milch cows. Call Gottlieb Kaus, 1116 East Sixth street.

S. M. KANER WILL ARRIVE WITH A carload of fresh milch cows Tuesday, July 26. Some Jerseys among them. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith 'phone 1387.

FOR SALE — CARLOAD OF FRESH milk cows, will arrive July 22 at Evan Johnson's, 2698 West Helm street.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

WANTED—A PARTY TO RENT PART of modern brick house, five rooms, 523 West Fourth street. R. B. Knox & Co.

FOR RENT AUG. 1—FINE SEVEN room house, strictly modern, central location. $37.50 per month. Inquire Mass. Real Estate Co., 18 Phoenix block.

FIRST-CLASS BOARDING HOUSE, 720 West Second street. Miss Monaghan.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE, 326 West Third street; modern conveniences. R. T. Lewis, 302 Lonsdale building.

PARK POINT — SEVEN-ROOM COTtage; perfect condition. 710 Torrey building. Zenith phone 403.

FOR RENT—HOUSES AND COTTAGES, Park Point, for season or year. W. F. Leggett, 506 Burrows building. Zenith 'phone 862.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE city. G. H. Crosby, 106 Providence building. 'Phone 24.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping; central; modern. Address, S. H., Herald.

FOR RENT—SUITE OF FRONT FURnished rooms, $10; also two single bed rooms, each $5; modern. 325 East First street.

FOR RENT—FOUR NICE LARGE rooms with conveniences. 407 East First street. Inquire down stairs. M. Winneberg.

FOR RENT — TWO UNFURNISHED rooms. 18½ East Fourth street.

ONE FURNISHED AND ONE UNFURnished room for housekeeping. 117 West First street.

FOR RENT — LARGE FURNISHED room on ground floor, suitable for two. Modern; $7 per month. 24 Fourth avenue east.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room, every modern convenience; central location. Inquire store 428, Spalding Hotel block.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms. Modern. Private family. 412 West Fourth street.

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS single or ensuite. 14 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — FOUR ROOMS, FOURTH avenue west and Fourth street. Inquire 20 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms with board. 324 West Third St. Mrs. Saxsin.

FURNISHED ROOM 14 E. Second St.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms. 123 West Second street

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping. 310 West Fourth street

FOR RENT — MODERN FURNISHED rooms; single or en suite; central; on car line. 11 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT — ELEVEN FURNISHED rooms; steam heat, gas, electric light. Suitable for keeping boarders. Apply 1502 London road.

ROOMS FOR RENT AT 217 SECOND avenue East

ROOMS FOR RENT—524 LAKE AVEnue north.

FOR RENT — OFFICES. MESABA building. Julius D. Howard & Co.

PIANO TUNING.

F. G BINGHAM, 17 EAST THIRD ST. Leave orders with Haakenson & Westgaard, music dealers. Both 'phones.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANT TO BUY—A BICYCLE FOR AN 8-year-old girl. B 25, Herald.

WANTED TO BUY—GOOD SECOND-hand carpets, any kind. West hotel.

WANTED TO BUY—SECOND-HAND rubber-tire buggy in good condition, if cheap. Old 'phone 1275 M.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; small family. Mrs. John Crosby, 2008 East Superior street.

GIRLS CAN FIND GOOD PLACES AND good wages at Mrs. Somer's Employment office, 17 Second avenue east.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES and for general hose work can always find places at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 215 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Siebold.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 316 East Second street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; wages, $20. Apply Mrs. J. D. Adams, 1528 Ogden avenue, Superior, Wis.

WANTED — CHAMBERMAID. SPALding hotel.

WANTED — GOOD GIRL, SMALL family; no washing; highest wages. 405 East Third street.

WANTED — YOUNG LADY ASSISTant cashier; must write a good hand and quick at figures. Address B 67, Herald.

EXPERIENCED GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must be good cook. Mrs. D. H. Costello, 5 Adams Flats, 715 East First street.

COOK WANTED—2215 EAST SUPERIOR street. Mrs. F. A. Brewer.

WANTED COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 205 West Third St.

Part of the News

Carlyle said: "The all of things is an infinite conjugation of the verb, TO DO." The Herald want ad. page furnishes the widest daily conjugations of that vital verb.

An unused bicycle is a cumbersome thing in cellar or garret. If you no longer ride, make a bargain offer of your wheel through The Herald For Sale ads.

"The mould of a man's fortune is in his own hands," but the metal for the mould must often be heated by the little want ads.

Herald want ads. introduce people who should know each other—whose interests are mutual. If you have too few acquaintances of this kind, get better acquainted with the want ads.

The landlady of a modern boarding house must be a good advertiser, as well as a good cook and a pleasing hostess. Thus do the accomplishments of women multiply.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE. (Continued.)

WANTED — BINDERY GIRLS AT O F. Collier's, 18 Lake avenue north. Apply at once.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call 1727 New street.

WANTED—GOOD LAUNDRESS, MONdays; also competent girl for housework. 1914 East First street.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE.

DESKS. CHAIRS. DESKS.
CHAIRS, DESKS, CHAIRS.
Latest improved typewriting desks. Roll and flat top desks. Standing desks. Directors tables. Office chairs of all kinds. Steel filing cabinets. Vertical filing devices.
J. S. RAY & CO.,
410 West Superior street.

FURNITURE FOR SALE AT BARGAIN 626 West First street. House for rent.

FOR SALE — CHICAGO BOARDING house; furniture, 120 Fifty-second avenue west, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE. PARTIES leaving city; must be sold this week. Rugs, draperies, high grade piano, etc. 11 West Fourth street.

$85 TAKES GOOD UPRIGHT PIANO. 13 East Superior street, room 4.

FOR SALE — FURNITURE. 102 EAST Second street.

DRESSMAKING.

NEW DRESSMAKING PARLORS IN rooms formerly occupied by Miss Sticka, room 6, Metropolitan block.

DRUNKENNESS CURED.

A GUARANAEED CURE AT DR. REIland's, 707 Palladio.

MUSIC CONSERVATORY.

FLAATEN'S, McDONNELL BLOCK, 124 West Superior street.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

PLANTING AND PRUNING BY EXpert nurseryman. Northern grown Stock guaranteed. Henry Cleveland, 211 East Superior street.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith phone, 660, residence, 1213.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

GOING AWAY—WILL SELL GOOD paying business on Superior street; $1500 cash. Primus, Herald office.

BERRY'S MERCANTILE AGENCY wants your collecting business. Main office 325 Manhattan building, Duluth, Minn.

MILLINERY.

MILINERY — Over Suffel's. HUMES.

HATS—106 W. Superior St. Miss Swenson.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MONEY TO LOAN.

DO YOU NEED MONEY?
DO YOU NEED MONEY?

We make loans on horses, wagons, furniture and pianos, etc. Any amount required. Also to salaried people without security. Lowest rates. Confidential treatment. Call and investigate our methods.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Bldg.
Bell 'phone 759-R. Zenith 'phone 936.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, endorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, furs, etc., and all goods of value from $1 to $1000. We hold all goods one year, even if interest is not paid. The only recognized reputable pawnbroker. Established 1887. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

SALARY AND CHATTEL LOANS. Cosmopolitan Co. 301 Palladio bldg. Zenith 761.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill. 207 Exchange bldg.

BOARD OFFERED.

BOARD OFERED AT BAY LAKE, near Deerwood. Beautiful lake; fishing, boats, bathing; good board; room for a party of six or eight. Write L. H. Scofield, Bay Lake, Minn.

ROOM AND BOARD FOR TWO IN PRIvate family. 319 West Fourth street.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD. PLEASANT surroundings, at 329 W. Second street.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD. Also table board. 218 West Third street.

WANTED — DAY BOARDERS, AT 521 West Second street.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED rooms, 122 East First street.

FOR SALE—HORSES.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, Midway Horse Market, St. Paul, have the largest assortment of horses in the entire Northwest. Auction every Wednesday, 2 o'clock, private sales daily, part time given, if desired.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, TEAM of horses, weight 2900. A. Fredrick, constable, Superior, Wis. 'Phone 4018.

HORSES FOR SALE—DRAFT, DRIVing horses and general purpose. L. Hammel company.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—LADIES HAND PURSE LAST night about 10 o'clock on Woodland car, containing small sum of money. Finder return to Herald.

FOUND — SMALL HORSE, DARK brown. D 59, Herald.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

DI MARCO'S ORCHESTRA.

Music furnished for all occasions. Old 'phone 1319-R. Res. 476 Mesaba avenue.

MOULDINGS.

Picture and Plate Rails—DECKER'S.

ARCHITECT.

Young & Nystrom, 504-9 Manhattan Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER.

STELLA M. PEACHEY, 307 FIRST NAtional Bank building.

ELECTRICIANS.

Birthmarks, hair, moles, warts removed by electricity. Mis Jonr, room 25, Columbus block. Pupil, Mrs. Pierce.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 403-404 TORREY BLDG.

E. AUGERMEIER, 219 FIRST AVE E.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

BARBER WANTED, 2530 WEST Superior street.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED SOLICItor; fine proposition to right man. Call at once, W. M. Prindle & Co., 3 Lonsdale building.

WANTED—Parties to burn Lackawanna Koal. 210 W. Superior St. Tel. 1291.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—SMALL FLAT, 702 WEST Second; all conveniences. N. J. Upham Co., 400 Burrows Building.

FOR RENT—MODERN 5-ROOM FLAT. Apply at 15 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—TWO FLATS, FOUR rooms each. 10 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — 7-ROOM FLAT; MODern conveniences, centrally located. Charles P. Craig & Co., No. 220 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—SMALL, STEAM-HEATED flat, furnished or unfurnished. 315 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FLAT, $13 per month. Myers Bros., 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FLAT, CENtral, bath, gas and electricity; water free; no children; $25. Sherwood, Torrey building.

FOR RENT — MODERN SIX-ROOM flat, No. 2 Lafayette flats. A. E. Gilbert.

FOR RENT—SMALL FLAT IN WEST End; all conveniences. N. J. Upham, 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—STORES.

FOR RENT—LARGE STORE, 116 WEST First street. Apply N. J. Upham Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—ONE LARGE IRON-ROOF building, suitable for storage purposes, between Sixth and Seventh avenues west, on Railroad street. Inquire 214 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM, 25x70, NO. 1612 West Superior street. Apply Eckstein & Eby, 300 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—STORE, 109 WEST SUPErior street. For particulars call at the office of George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT—THE FINE BRICK STORE, room 118 and 120 West Fourth street, with well-lighted basements, formerly occupied by Crescent bakery. W. C. Sherwood & Co., Torrey building.

FOR RENT—BOATS.

ALL KINDS OF BOATS FOR SALE OR rent. Special rates of rental to camping parties by the week or month. Two first-class launches for rent. Zenith Boat House, 620 Couth Sixty-third avenue west, West Duluth.

WEST DULUTH BOAT HOUSE. ALL kinds of row and sail boats for rent. 6118 Waseca street, Sixty-first avenue west.

PERSONAL.



PURE, SAFE AND SURE!
Dr. Roger's Tansy, Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills. A test of forty years in France has proved them to *positively* cure SUPPRESSION OF THE MENSES. Special—Price reduced to $1.00 per box. Mailed in plain wrapper. Imported direct from Paris, France, by W. A. ABBETT, Druggist, Duluth, Minn., 201 West Superior street.

SPIRITUALIST MEETING SUNDAY, July 31, 8 p. m., at Victor hall, corner of Grand and Fifty-sixth avenue west. Test given from the platform by Gurlie Gummesson, lecturer and magnetic healer. Can be seen at home, 216 Fourth avenue west, from 2 to 5 p. m.

HANDSOME AMERICAN WIDOW, worth $35,000, wants to marry good, honest man. Money no object. Address Mrs. Mason, Girard block, Chicago, Ill.

NOTICE—TO ALL WHOM IT MAY concern: All persons dealing with the California restaurant, No. 620 West Superior street, Duluth, will take notice that my connection therewith having ceased, I will not be liable for any bills. Ah Wong.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED — TWO UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping, within four blocks of Boyce's drug store. Price not more than $10. Address O 53, Herald.

COAST SHIPMENTS.

REDUCED FREIGHT RATES TO PAcific coast points, on household goods or emigrant movables. For particulars address the Boyd Transfer and Storage Co., Minneapolis, or call on our local agents, the Duluth Van and Storage Co.

FARM LANDS.

FARM LANDS NEAR DULUTH in tracts of 10 acres or more, for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum bldg., Duluth, Minn.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 31 West Superior St.

OPTICIANS.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LIcensed optometrist; 12 years' experience. 5 West Superior street, Duluth.

DYE WORKS.

THE PANTORIUM — LADIES' AND gents' garments cleaned, dyed and repaired at moderate prices. 118 First avenue west, Duluth. Phone 733-K.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—PRACtical dyers and French dye cleaners; first-class work guaranteed. 6 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

CANCERS AND TUMORS.

ALL STOMACH AND BLOOD DISeases cured by the Herbaqueen remedies and Dr. Finsen's Ray. The Herbaqueen Manufacturing company, 319 First avenue east, Duluth, Minn.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAM ROSCOE, CLAIRVOYANT. 1314 Ogden avenue, Superior.

PAINTING and PAPERHANGING

FOR PAINTING, PAPERING AND hardwood finishing, etc., call on Andrew Ringgred. Store 103 West Fourth street. Old 'phone 513 M.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

UMBRELLAS MADE TO ORDER.

A. Gingold sells umbrellas for $1 and up and repairs them for one year free. Repairing and recovering on short notice. Work guaranteed, 209 W. Sup. St., 2nd floor.

PAINTING LESSONS.

MRS. MARY INMAN, 231 West Second St

MASSAGE.

MISS BACON, Phoenix blk., 4th Ave. W.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, GRADUATE MIDwife; female complaints. 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone, 1225.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. DUluth Trunk factory, 220 W. Superior St.

HAIRDRESSING.

Shampooing, Hair Dressing, Manicuring, hair work. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting Aug. 1, 1904. Work, 3rd degree. Stanley R. Holden, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting July 25, 1904. Hugh R. Burgo, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary. Visiting brethren are welcome.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, July 27, 1904, at 8 p. m. Work, M. M. P. M. and E. M. Royal Arch. William McGonagle, acting H. P.; W. T. Ten Brook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave August 2. Work—General business. John T. Black, commander; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT NO. 1 MEETS EVERY Wednesdy evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Edward Thompson, Com., 12 E. Fifth St. J. B. Gelineau, R. K., third floor, Hunter block. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. Next meeting July 28. Samaritan degree. Thos. J. McKeon, G. S.; W. P. Wellbanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.

FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, meets in Hunter hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. C. H. Johnson, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder. O. J. Murvold, financier, 8 East Seventh street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. John Newman, M. W. J. W. Shepherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Special business. Members requested to be present.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street. J. H. Davis, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

GRANT LODGE, K. OF P. No. 3 (colored) meets first and third Thursday every month at Kalamazoo hall. J. Taylor, C. C.; D. H. Saunders, K. of R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79. MEETS every Sunday beginning July 24, at 8 o'clock at Eaglo hall, Foltz building, 116 West Superior street. Steve E. Parker, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, room 10, Hayes block. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street for rental of hall.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2266, meets at Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. F. Wiberg, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

I. O. F.

COURT COMMERCE, NO. 3283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evenings, at 8 o'clock at Kalamazoo hall. Next meeting Aug. 5, 1904. Business of importance. R. J. Pickard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C.—meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m., in Folz hall, West Superior street. George F. McKenzie, chief; Malcolm Macdonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, 10 Mason Flats. Next meeting Aug. 3. Remember Clan picnic, Friday, July 29.

ROYAL LEAGUE.

ZENITH COUNCIL.—NO. 161, Royal League, meets in Elks' hall, first and third Monday evenings at 8 o'clock. G. L. Hargraves, archon; L. P. Murray, scribe, 1524 East Fourth street.